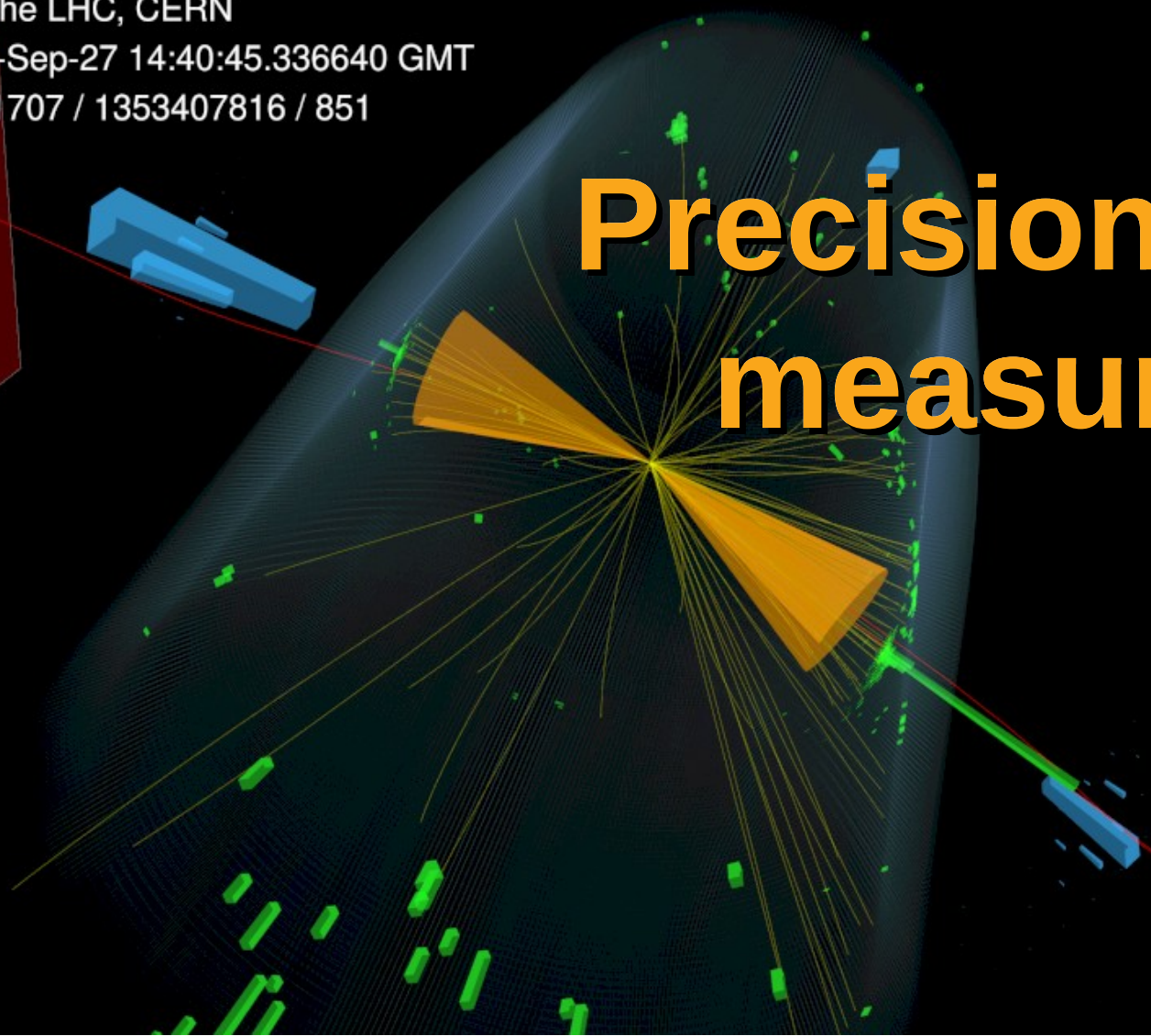


CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN

Data recorded: 2016-Sep-27 14:40:45.336640 GMT

Run / Event / LS: 281707 / 1353407816 / 851

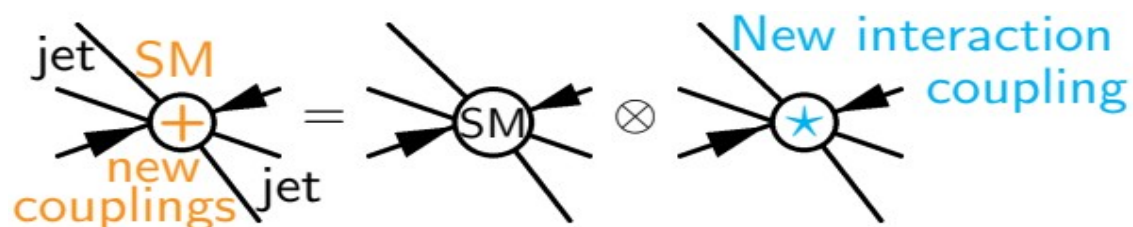
# Precision QCD measurements from CMS



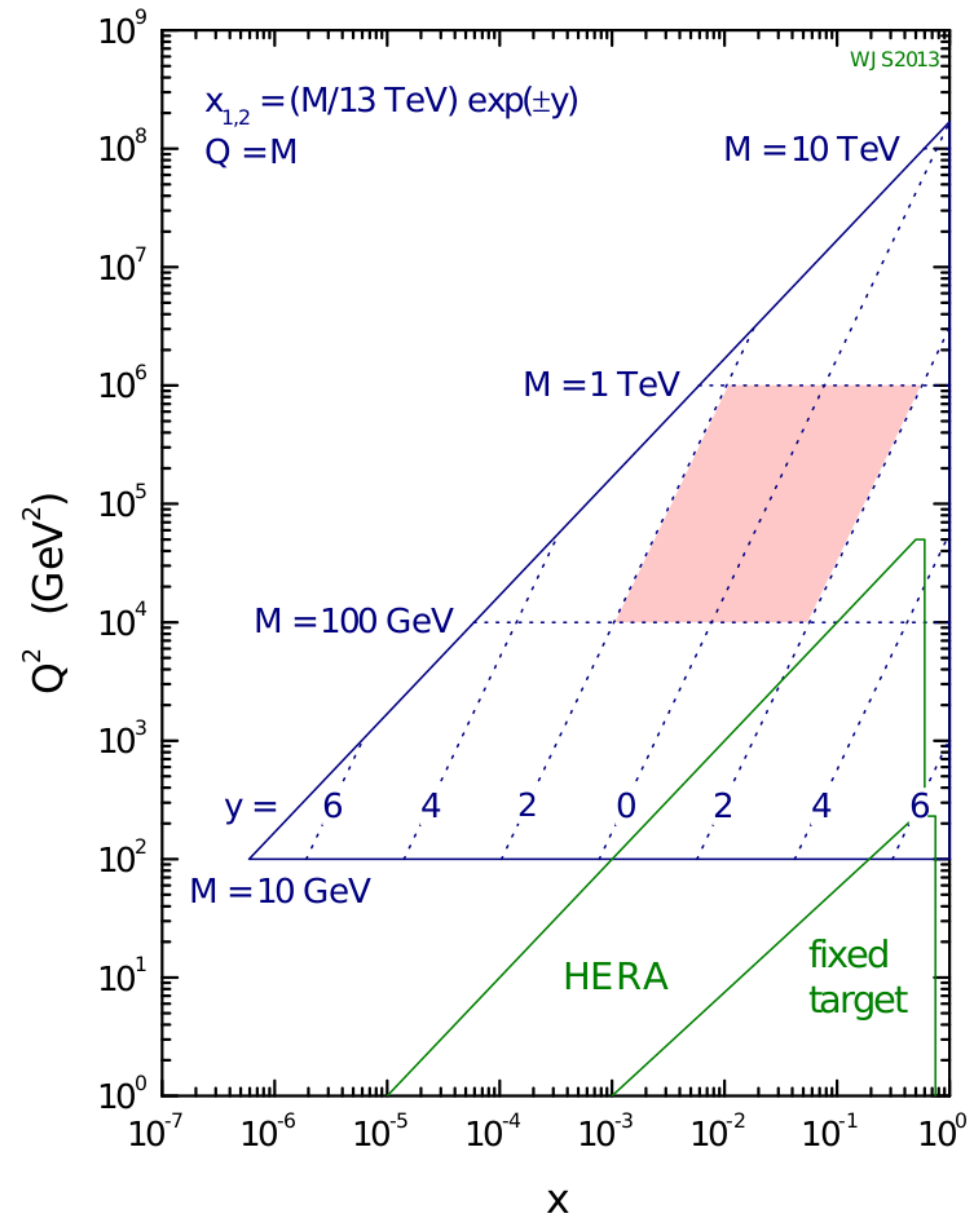
Toni Mäkelä for the CMS collaboration,  
Low-x workshop, Elba, Italy  
27. Sep. 2021

# Jets as a probe of QCD & new physics

- Jet production is the most fundamental process for studying QCD
- Improve the precision of proton structure studies
- Extract QCD parameters, e.g. strong coupling
- Perform indirect searches for physics beyond the standard model: high- $p_T$  jets can probe the scale of new physics



13 TeV LHC parton kinematics



# Motivation: unbiased search for Contact Interactions (CI)

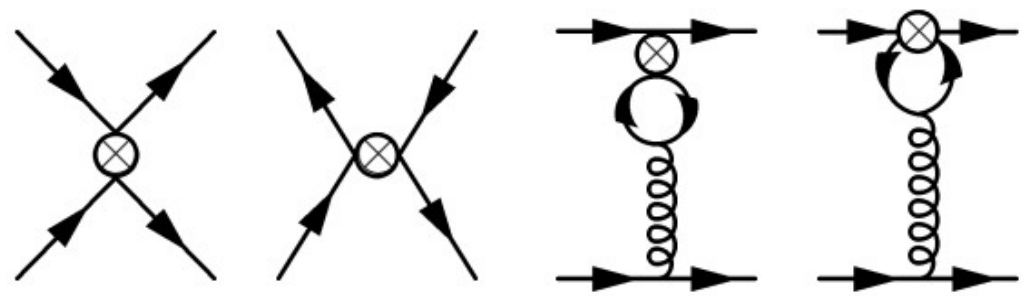
- Expect appearance of CI as deviations from the SM spectrum in jet cross-sections at low- $y$  and high- $p_T$
- **The problem:** The SM prediction is based on PDFs and obtained from the same data

To ensure BSM effects are not absorbed into the PDFs, fit the PDFs simultaneously when using a SMEFT cross-section prediction.

$$\underbrace{\sigma_{pp \rightarrow +X}}_{\text{Experimental data}} = \sum_{ij} \underbrace{\overbrace{f_i(x_1, \mu_F) f_j(x_2, \mu_F)}^{\text{Determined experimentally!}}}_{\text{Proton structure}} \otimes \underbrace{\hat{\sigma}_{ij} \left( x_1, x_2, \alpha_s(\mu), \frac{Q^2}{\mu_R}, \frac{Q^2}{\mu_F} \right)}_{\text{SM or SMEFT}}$$

Operators involve products of quark lines with different handedness:  $LL, LR, RR$   
 $n = 1 \quad 3 \quad 5$

- Possible models: quark compositeness,  $Z'$ , extra dimensions



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \frac{4\pi}{2\Lambda^2} \sum_n c_n O_n$$

Type of CI	$c_1$	$c_3$	$c_5$
Purely left-handed:	free	0	0
Vector-like:	free	$2c_1$	$c_1$
Axial-vector-like:	free	$-2c_1$	$c_1$

# Analyses covered in this presentation

**SMP-18-014** Precision measurement of the Z invisible width

**SMP-21-009** Inclusive jet production at 5 TeV

**SMP-21-006** 13 TeV multijet production

**SMP-20-011** Inclusive jet production at 13 TeV

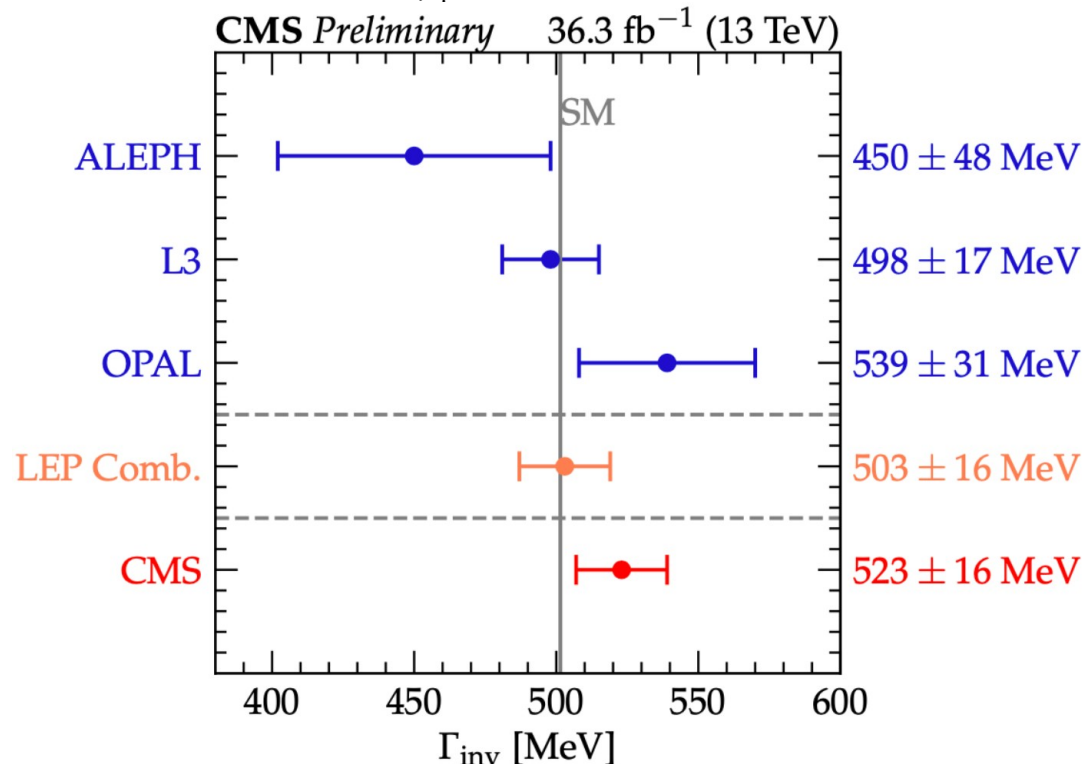
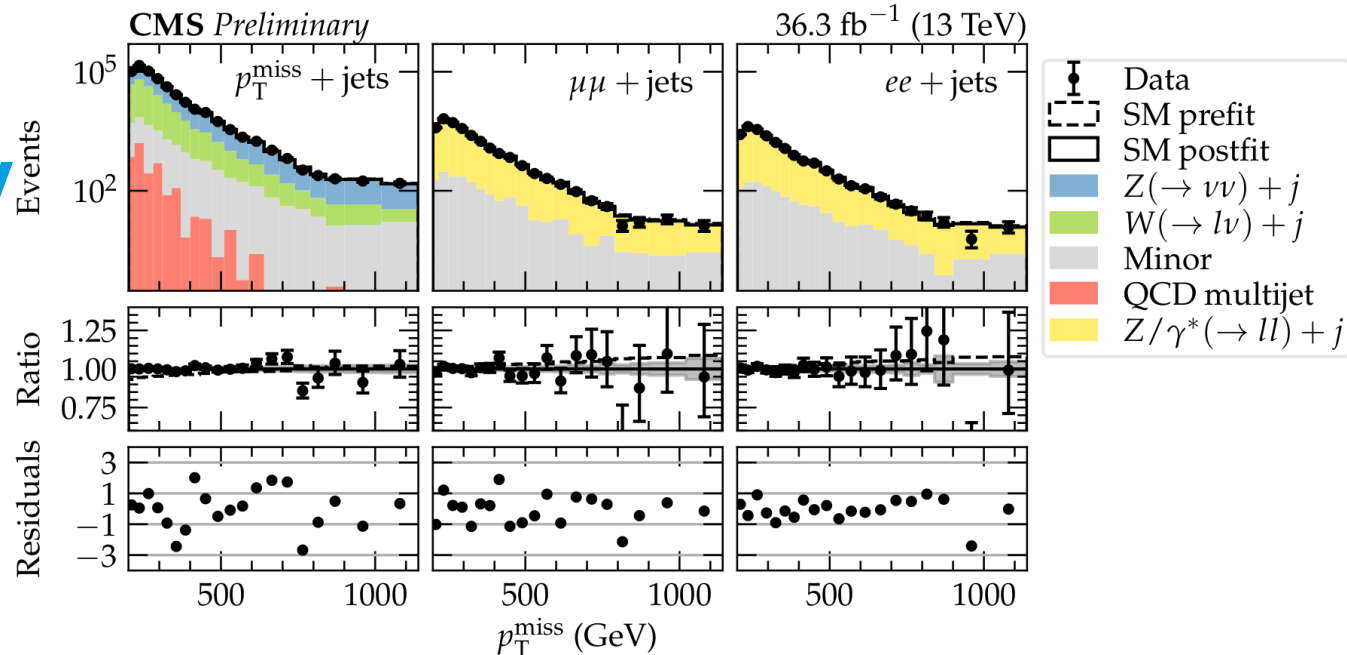
Also featuring 13 TeV triple-differential  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section measurement data

# Precision measurement of the Z Invisible width at 13 TeV

SMP-18-014

$$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}) = \frac{\sigma(Z + \text{jets})\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})}{\sigma(Z + \text{jets})\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow \ell\ell)}\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \ell\ell)$$

- Instead of generic jets+MET dark matter search approaches, measure Z invisible measurement precisely
- First direct measurement of Z invisible width with CMS
- Simultaneous fit to jets+MET,  $\ell\ell$ +jets &  $\ell$ +jets
- Transfer factor estimating W+jets background is an unconstrained parameter in jets+MET and  $\ell$ +jets



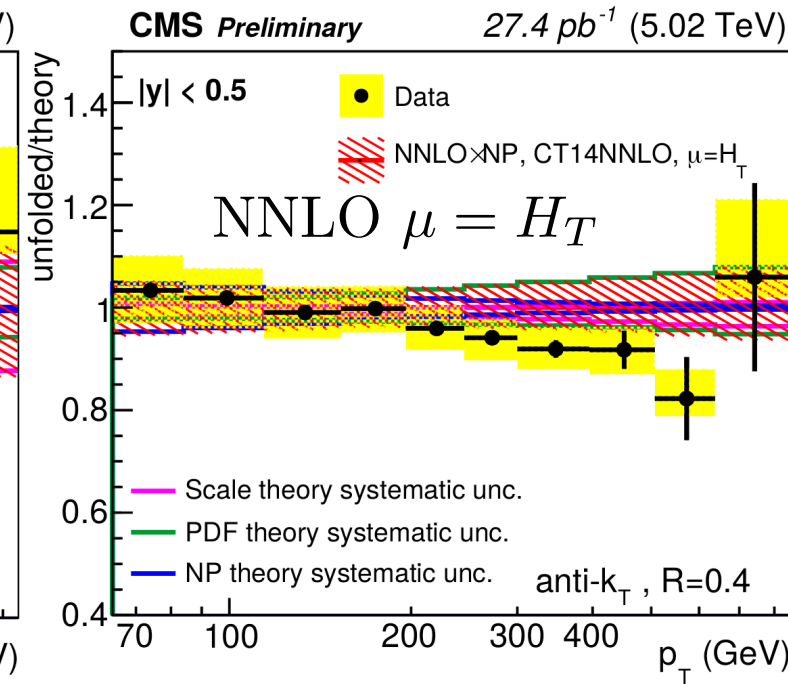
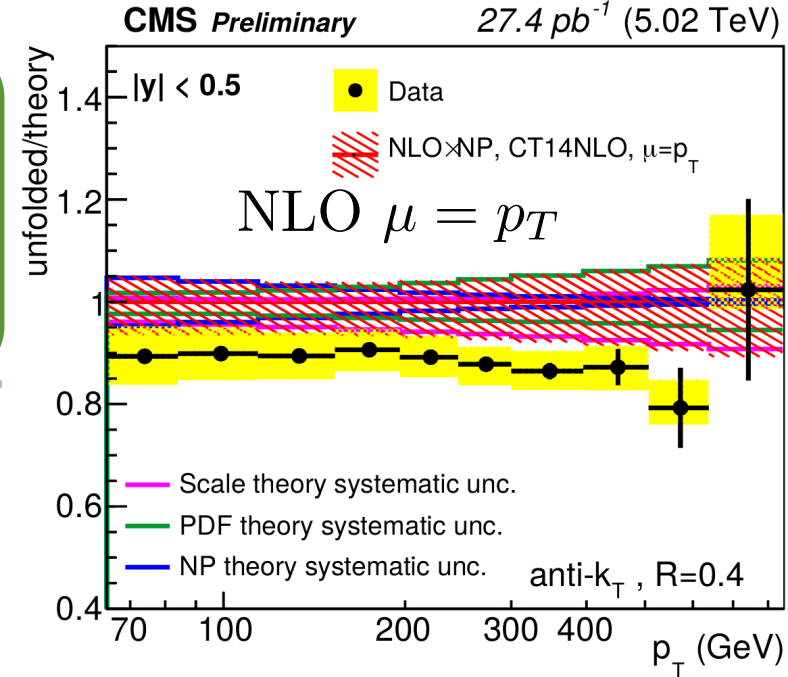
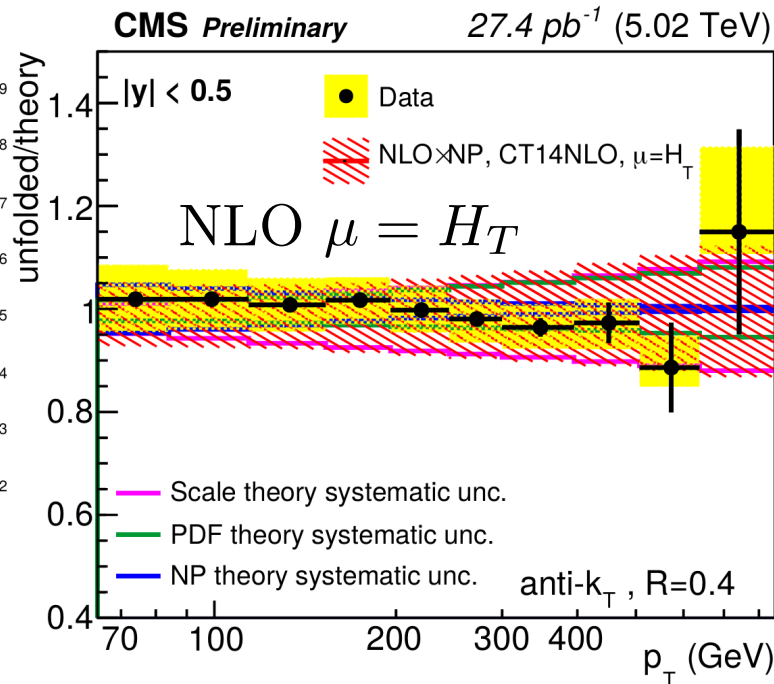
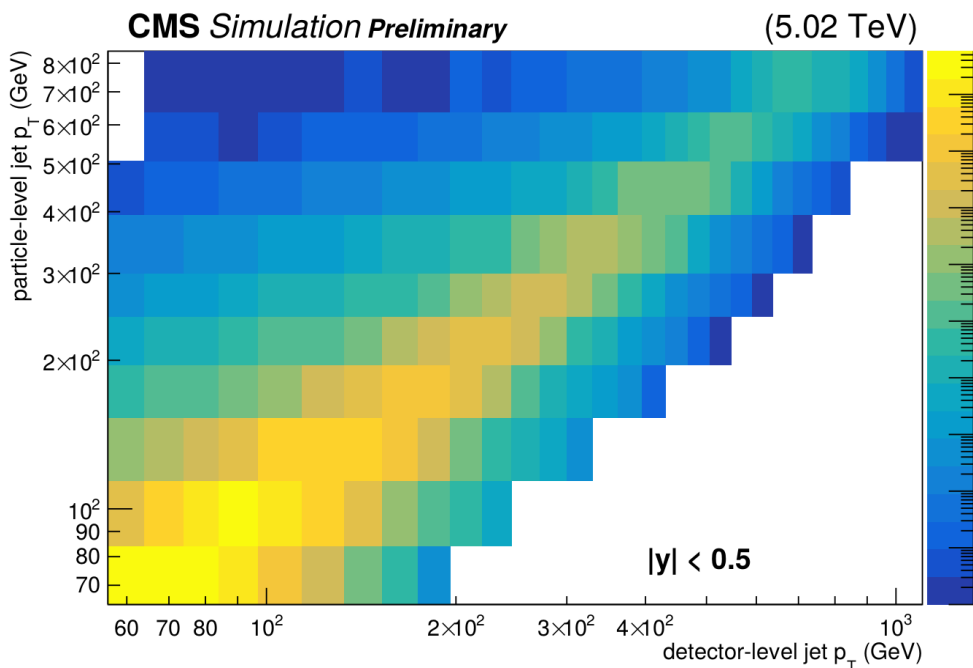


# 5 TeV inclusive jets

SMP-21-009

- Low pile-up data, 1D unfolding
- Phase space  $p_T > 64$  GeV,  $|y| < 2.0$
- Comparison to (N)NLO with NNLOJET [1, 2, 3]
- Comparison of QCD scale choices
- Various PDF set comparisons also available

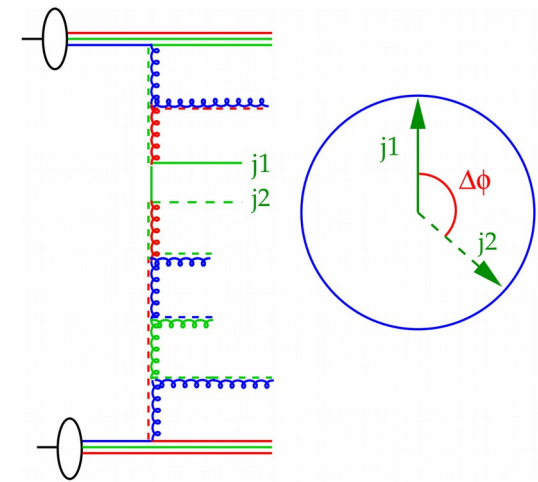
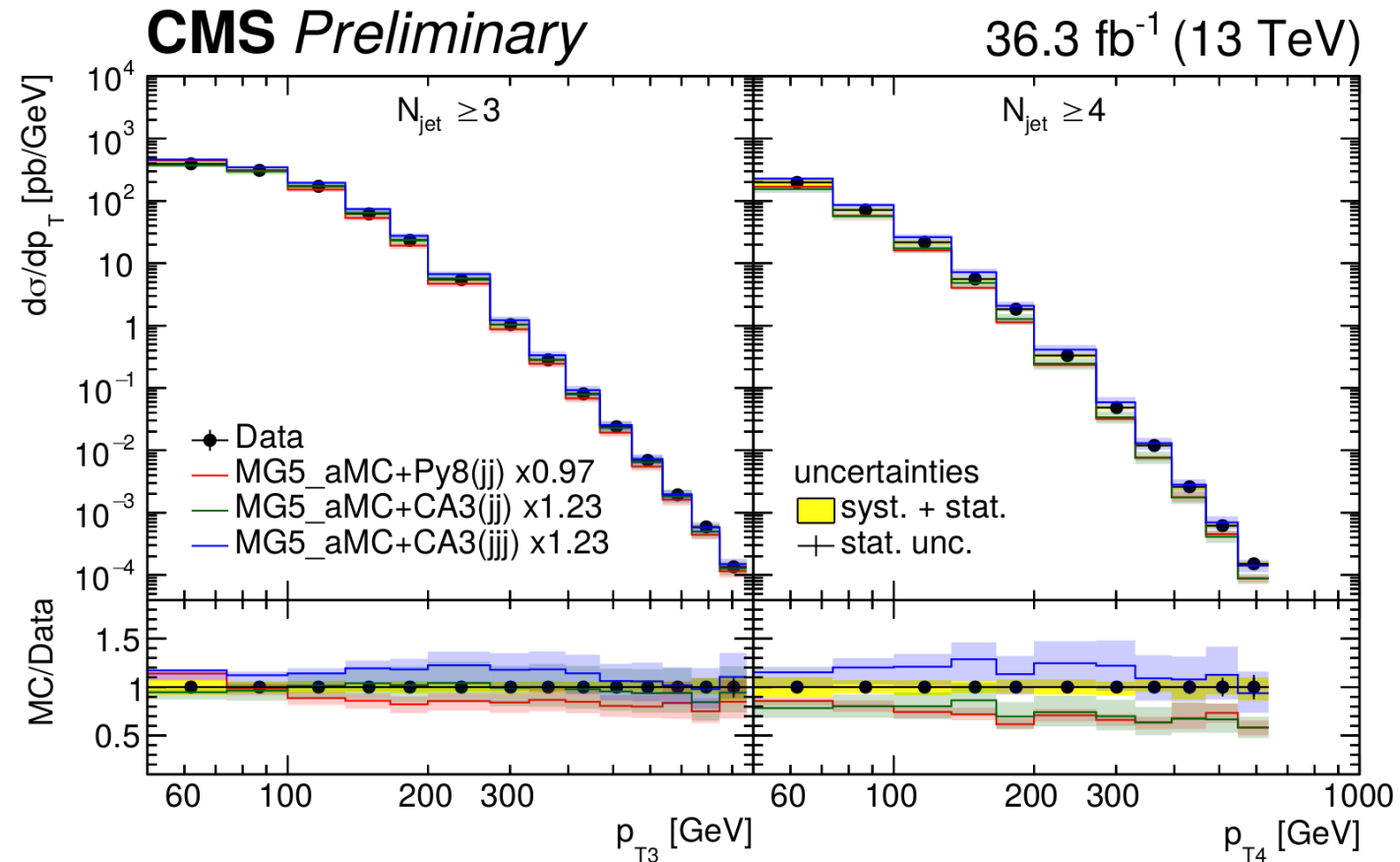
Good description of data by NLO with the scale  $\mu = H_T$  and NNLO



# 13 TeV multijet production

SMP-21-006

- Single-jet  $p_T$  spectra in 2-, 3- and 4-jet configurations
- Test of QCD in high  $p_T$  and high jet multiplicity regions.
- Parton branching transverse momentum dependent parton densities and initial state parton shower are compared to the measurements.
- Good description of data by NLO generators, particularly MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO [4] with transverse momentum dependent PDFs [5, 6].

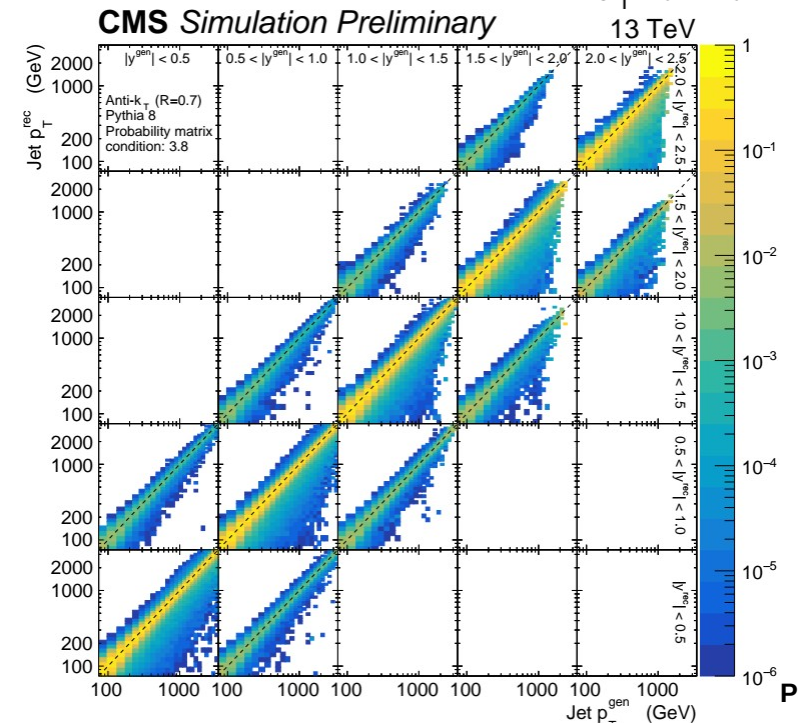
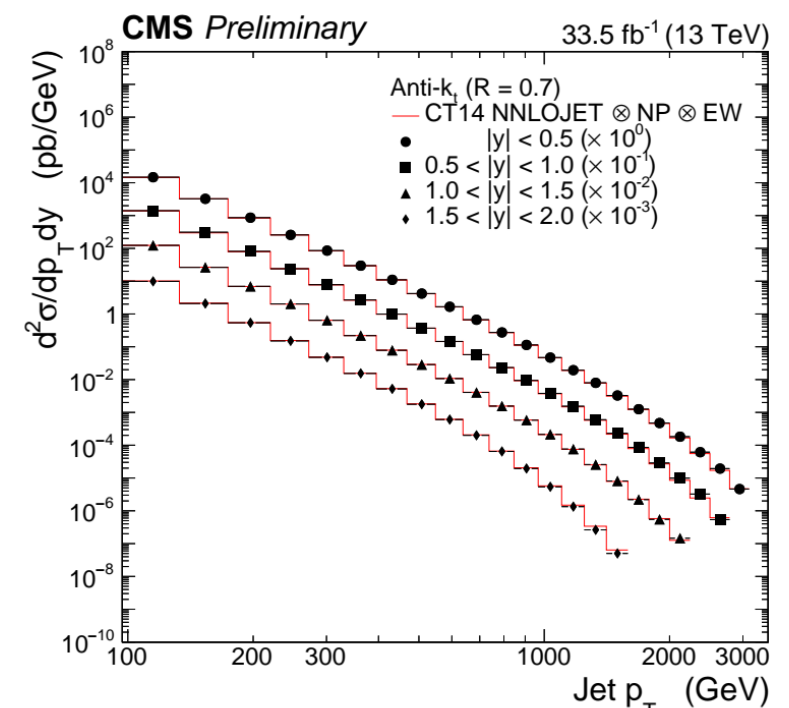


# 13 TeV inclusive jets

SMP-20-011

**Goal:** data interpretation with simultaneous extraction of PDFs,  $\alpha_s$ ,  $m_t$  and contact interaction Wilson coefficient

- 2D unfolding with least-square minimization (previously 1D and D'Agostini heavily used)
- Bin-to-bin uncertainties should be smooth
  - Tests of smoothness with Chebyshev polynomials

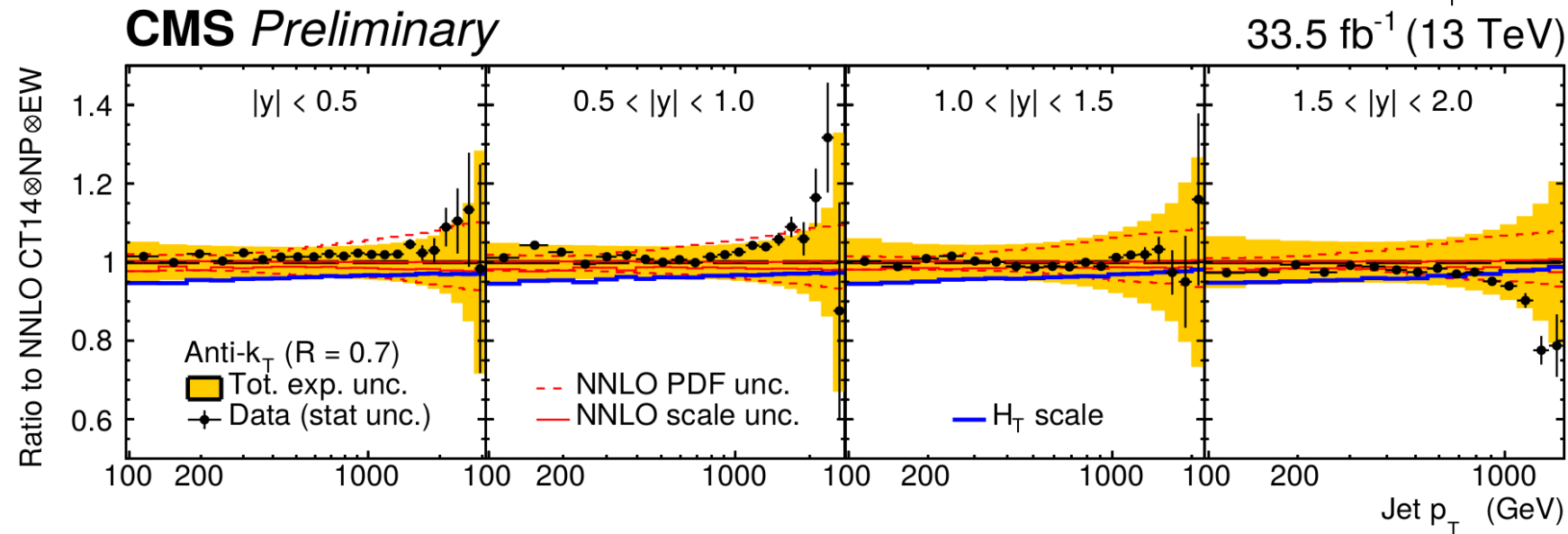
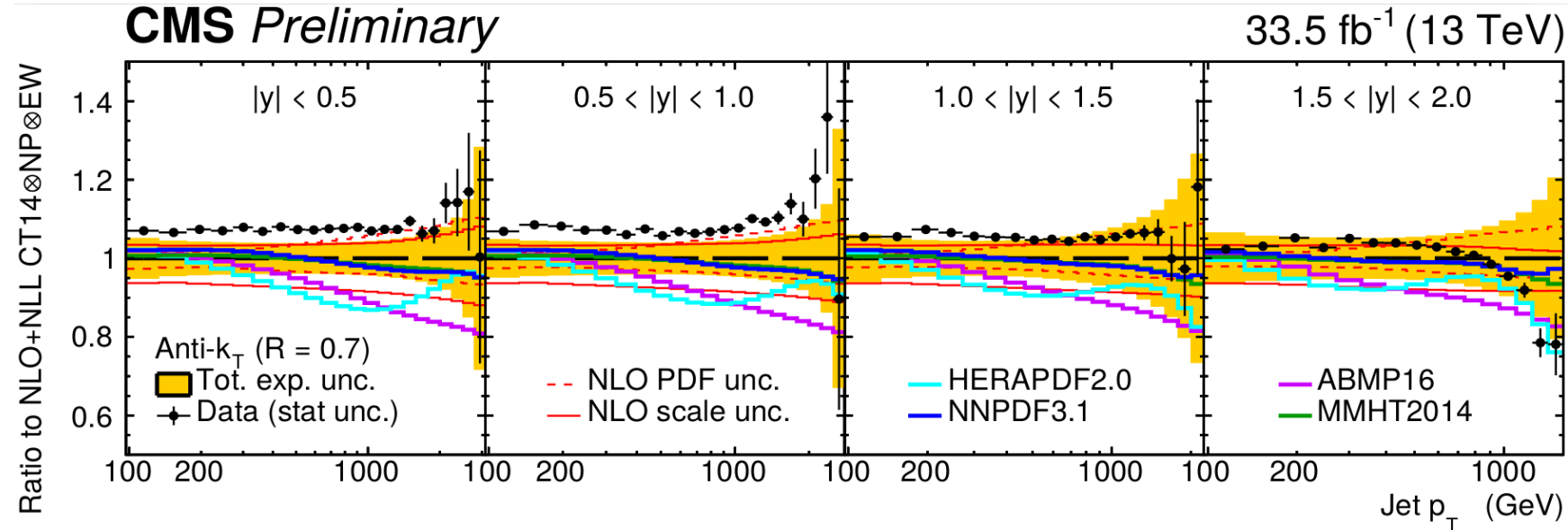




# 13 TeV inclusive jets: results

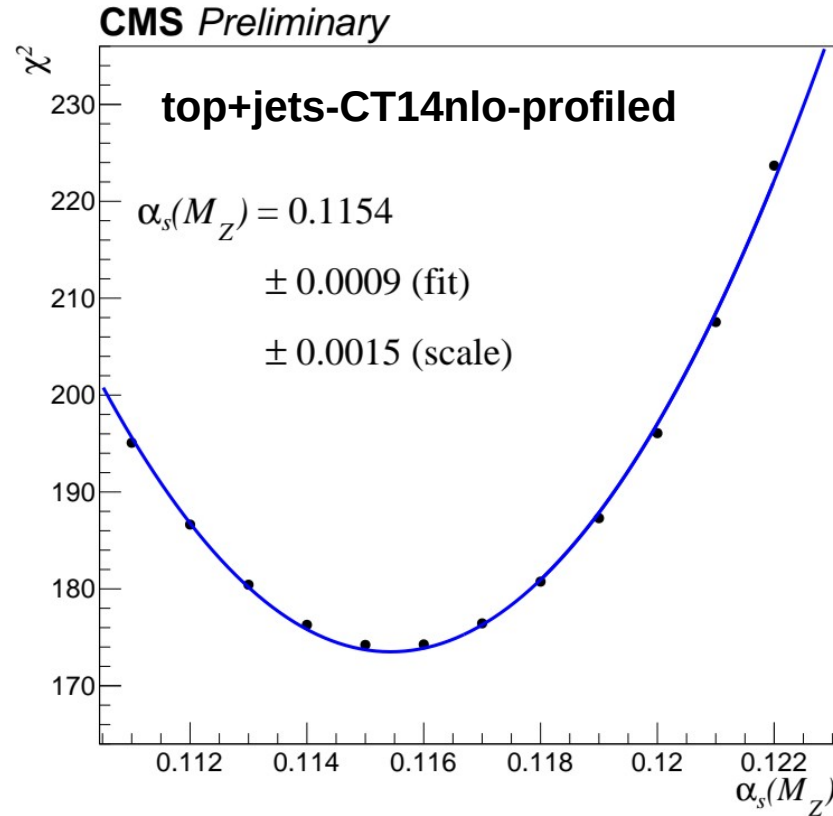
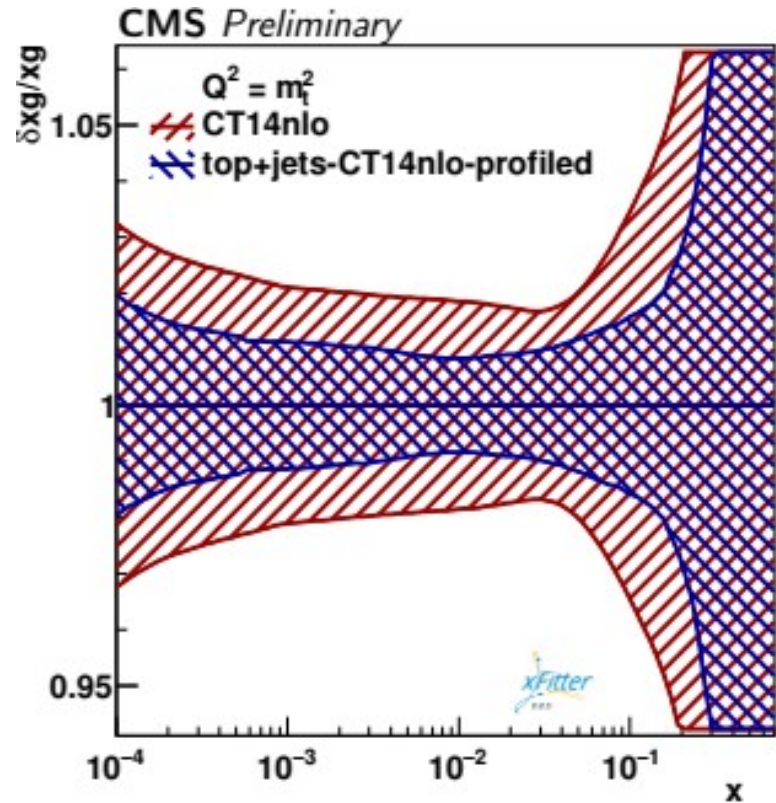
SMP-20-011

- Cross-section comparison with various global PDFs
- NLO+NLL and NNLO, obtained with  $k$ -factor technique
- In particular the scale uncertainty is reduced with NNLO



# PDF profiling: data's impact on global PDFs

SMP-20-011



Datasets utilized for 13 TeV QCD analysis (SMP-20-011)

CMS 13 TeV inclusive jet cross section SMP-20-011

HERA inclusive Deep Inelastic Scattering

Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015), no. 12, 580, doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-015-3710-4

CMS 13 TeV triple-differential  $t\bar{t}$  cross-section

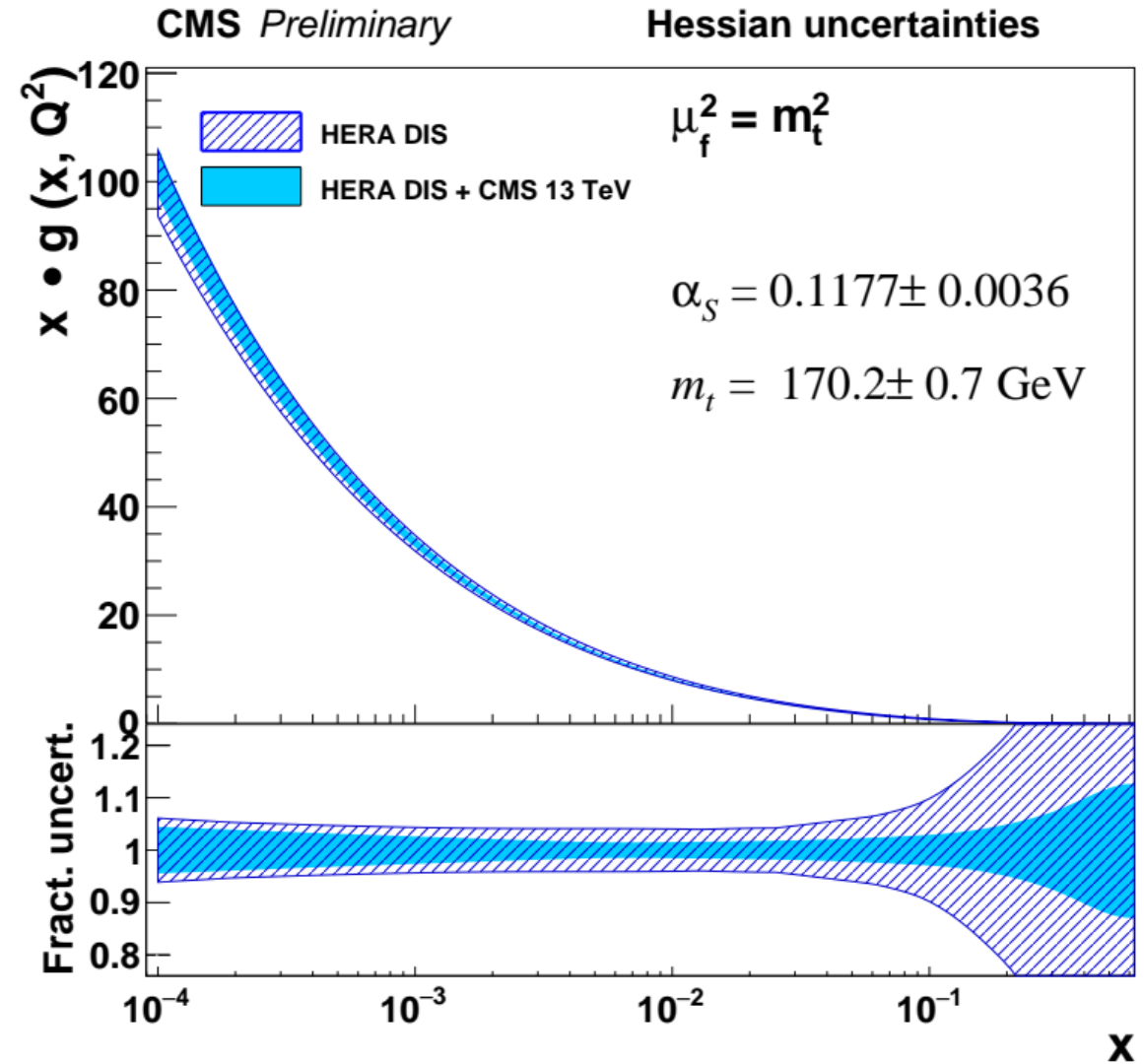
Eur. Phys. J. C 80 (2020), no. 7, 658, doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-020-7917-7

- Significant improvement in gluon PDF precision
- Profiled  $m_t = 170.3 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2$  GeV consistent with previous CMS results [arXiv:1904.05237]

# SM QCD analysis at NLO

SMP-20-011

- Comparison of the resulting PDF parameterisation in fits to HERA+CMS and HERA data only indicates the improvement in gluon PDF precision arising from CMS data
- Fitted strong coupling and top mass values are in agreement with world averages and previous results
- Results are obtained using the xFitter QCD analysis framework: <https://www.xfitter.org/xFitter>



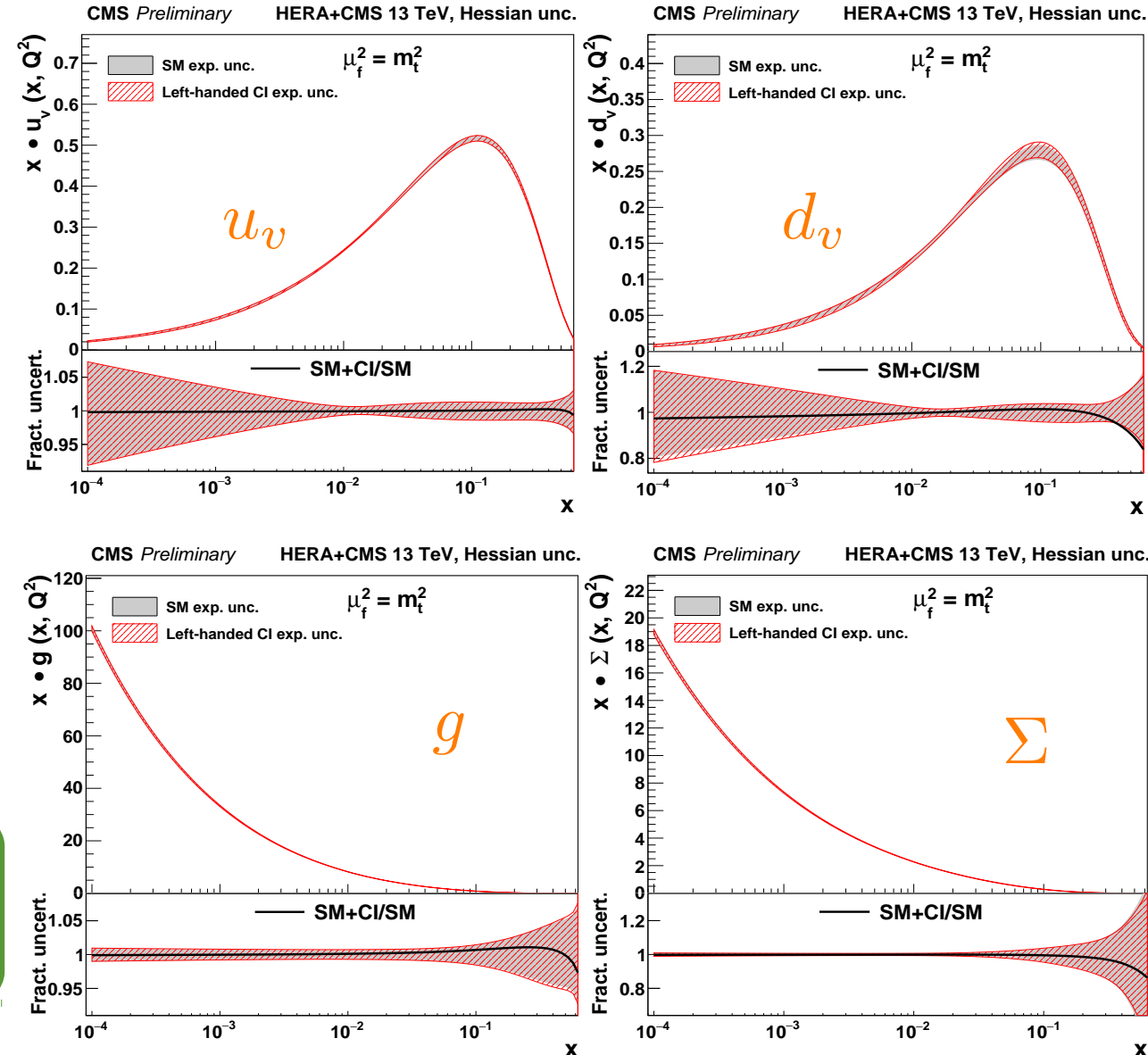
# SMEFT QCD analysis at NLO

SMP-20-011

- The fits are performed using SM, or alternatively, SM+CI theory predictions
- The PDFs from SM and SMEFT fits agree, differences within fit uncertainties
- All CI models result in very similar PDFs, strong coupling and top mass values

No risk of absorbing BSM effects in the SM PDF fit is observed

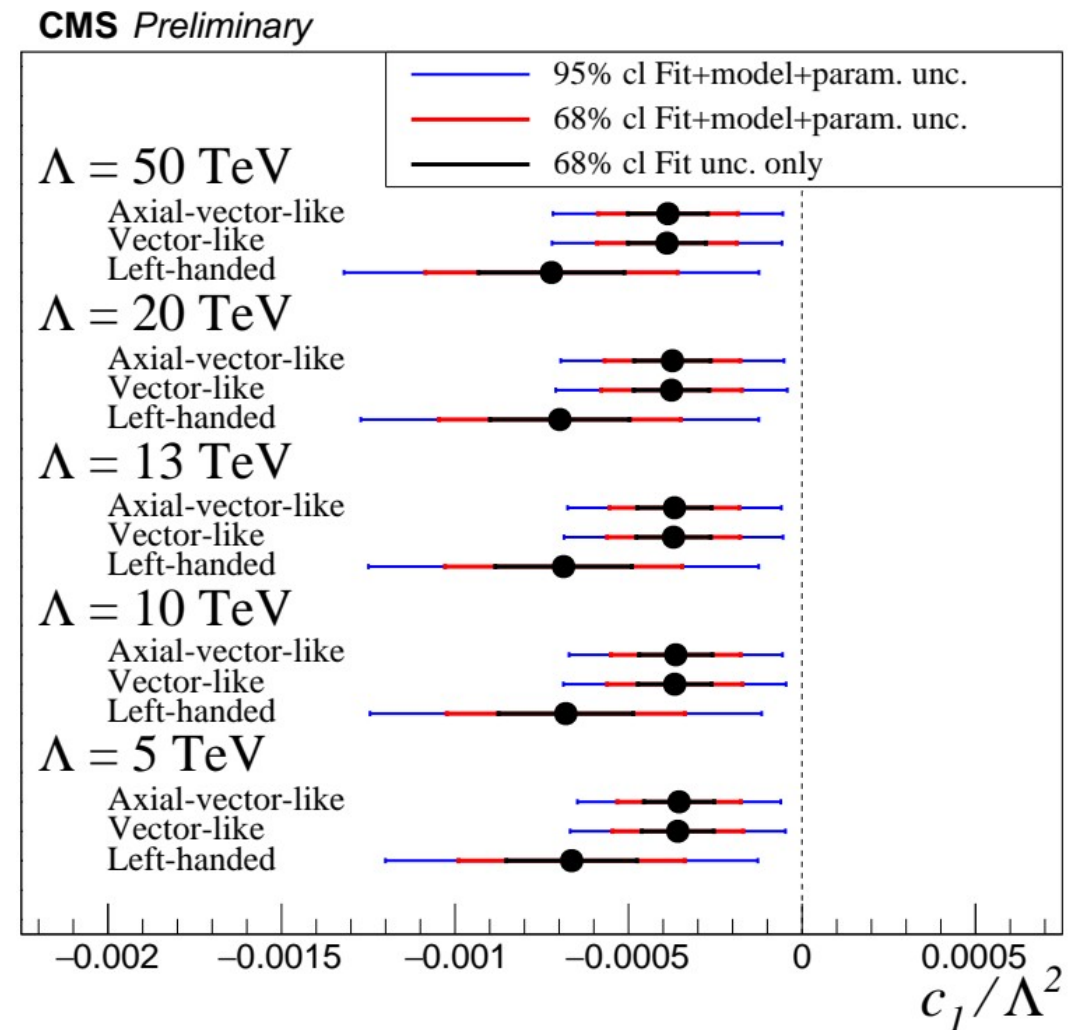
No statistically significant deviation from the SM observed



# Translating the results into exclusion limits

SMP-20-011

- Conventional studies scan for  $\Lambda$  with fixed  $c_1 = \pm 1$  for constructive (-) or destructive (+) interference with SM gluon exchange
- This is the first time the Wilson coefficient for *4-quark CI* is fitted together with the PDFs using LHC data (previously electron-quark CI at HERA [7])
- All CI fits result in negative  $c_1$ . These can be translated into **unbiased** exclusion limits for constructive interference for comparison





# Translating the results into exclusion limits

SMP-20-011

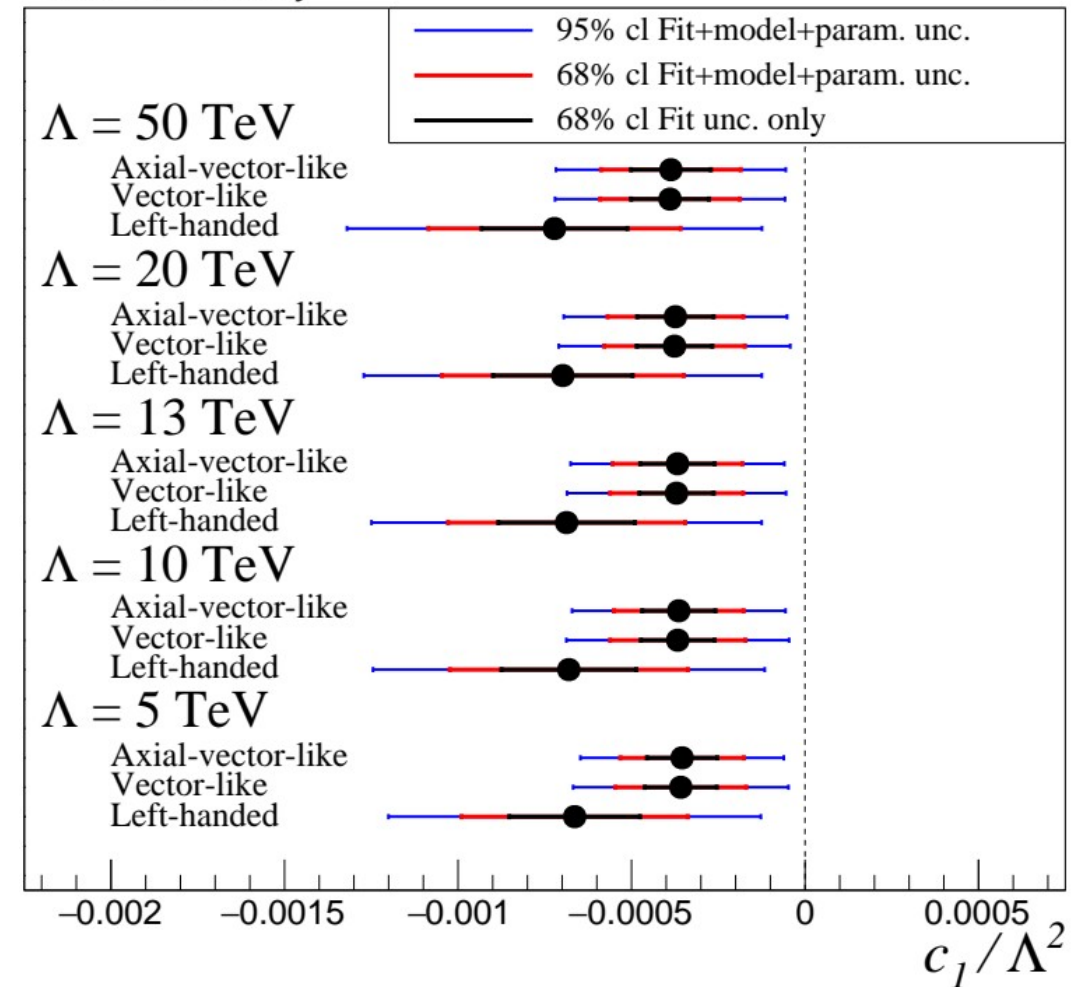
95% CL on  $\Lambda$   
with  $c_1 = -1$

Left-Handed	24 TeV
Vector-like	32 TeV
Axial-vector-like	31 TeV

Most stringent comparable result  
from ATLAS 13 TeV dijet cross-sections:  
22 TeV for left-handed CI [arXiv:1703.09127]

- All CI fits result in negative  $c_1$ . These can be translated into **unbiased** exclusion limits for constructive interference for comparison

CMS Preliminary



# Summary

- Reported recent precision measurements involving jet production at 13 TeV and 5 TeV
- The results are in agreement with previous results and world averages
- Data are well described by the SM, no significant deviation observed
- QCD analysis performed using  $R = 0.7$  jet and  $t\bar{t}$  cross section measurements at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, probing partons at  $10^{-3} < x < 0.5$ 
  - The data's impact on a global PDF set is examined in PDF profiling
  - SMEFT fit performed at NLO with simultaneous extraction of PDFs,  $\alpha_S$ ,  $m_t$  and CI Wilson coefficient  $c_1$ , ensuring non-biased CI search

**Thanks for your attention!**

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- [3] T. Gehrmann et al. “Jet cross sections and transverse momentum distributions with NNLOJET” *PoS RADCOR2017* (2018), p. 074. DOI: 10.22323/1.290.0074
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- [5] A. Bermudez Martinez et al. “Collinear and TMD parton densities from fits to precision DIS measurements in the parton branching method” *Physical Review D* 99.7 (2019), p. 074008
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- [7] ZEUS collaboration “Limits on contact interactions and leptoquarks at HERA” *Phys. Rev. D* 99, 092006 (2019)