

# Vector-boson scattering, diboson and triboson production at ATLAS

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On Behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

Low-x 2021



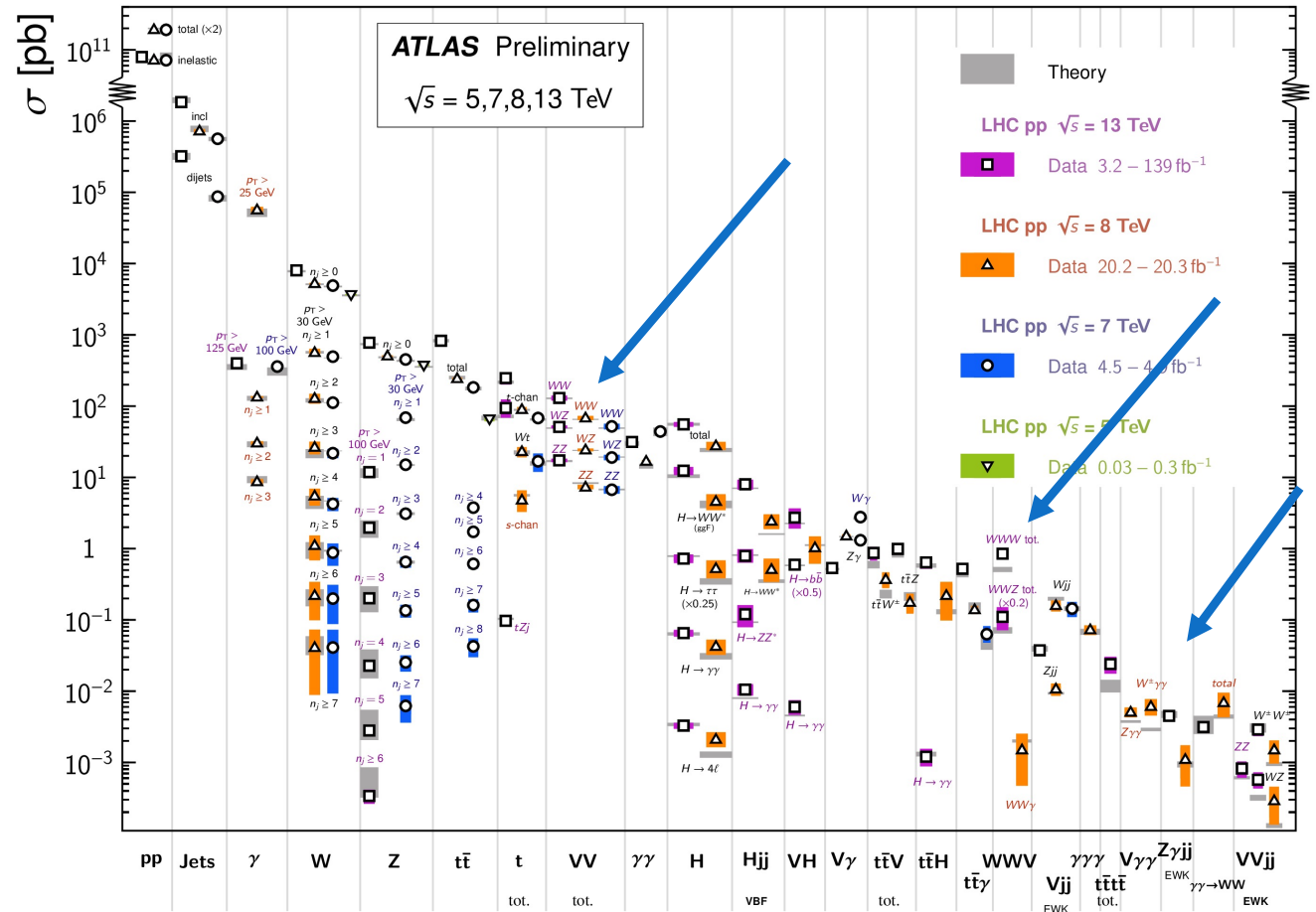
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# Motivation

- Electroweak-boson self-interactions are rare processes that serve as:
  - an excellent probe to the Standard Model predictions
  - a portal to Physics Beyond the standard model, through the Effective Field Theories
- In this talk, covering ATLAS Run-II measurements with integrated luminosity  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of:
  - EW  $Z(\ell\ell/\nu\nu)\gamma jj$
  - $WW+\geq 1\text{jet}$ 
    - Dim-6 EFT interpretations
  - Dim-6 EFT combination of various measurements
  - WWW

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: July 2021

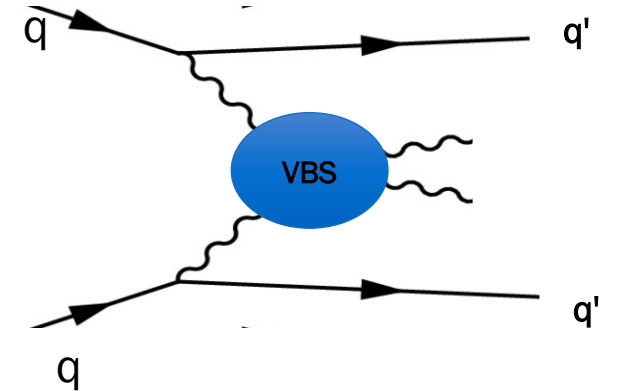
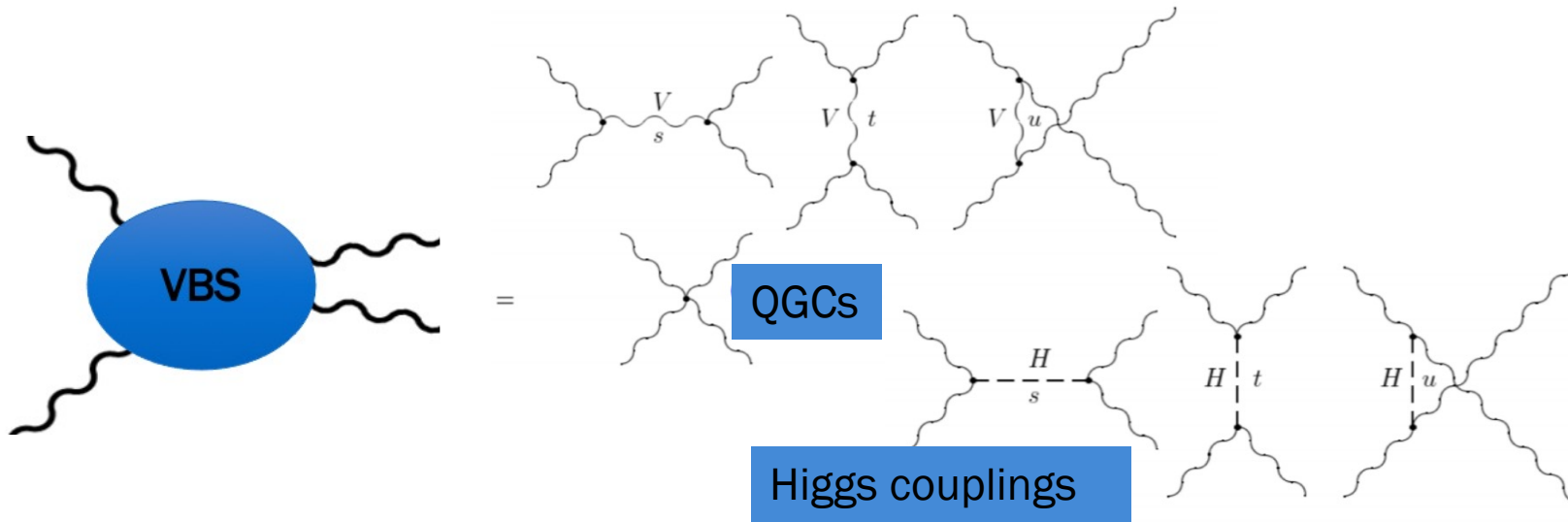


# Vector Boson Scattering

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# Vector Boson Scattering Topology

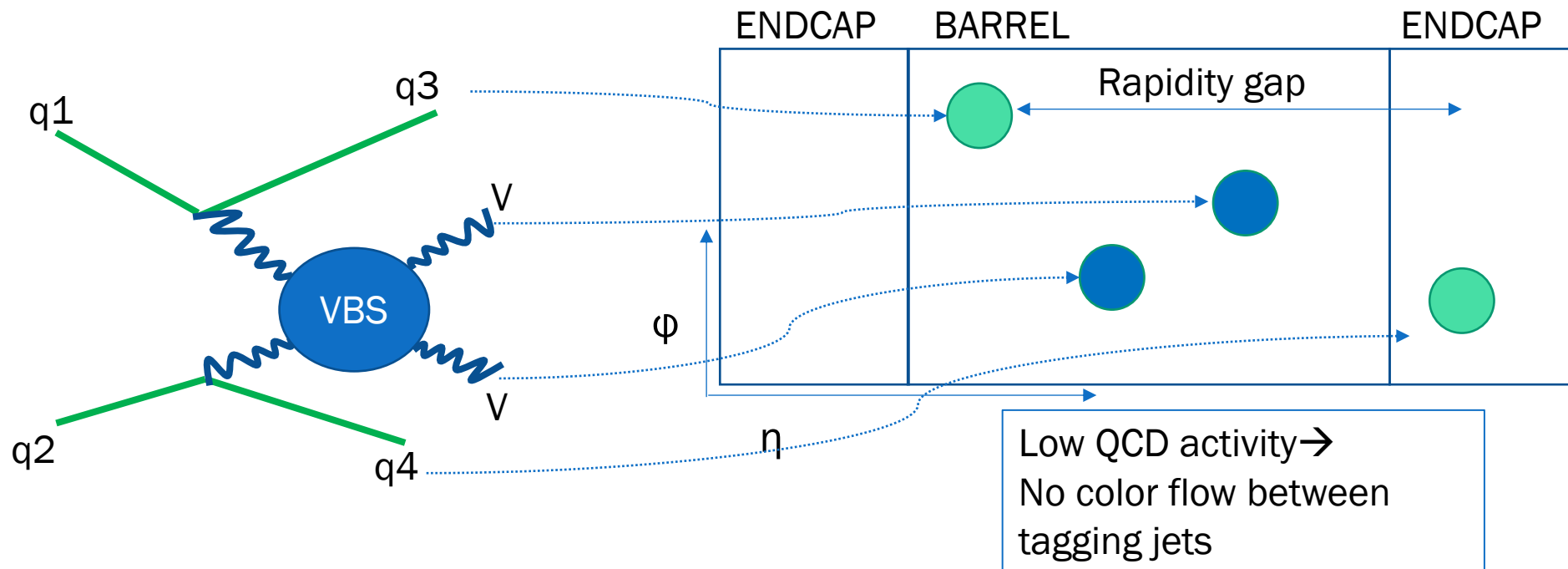
- Unitary process in the SM, very precisely predicted



- Key process to probe the mechanism of electroweak symmetry breaking
- Provides access to quartic gauge couplings that could be modified by New Physics

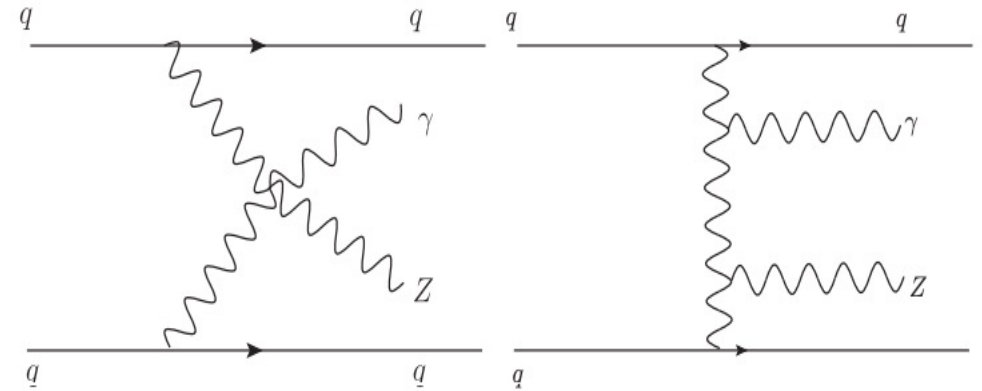
# VBS signature at LHC

- Distinct event topology
  - Two energetic jets with large di-jet mass ( $m_{jj}$ ) and high rapidity separation
  - Diboson system, centrally produced with respect to the two forward jets



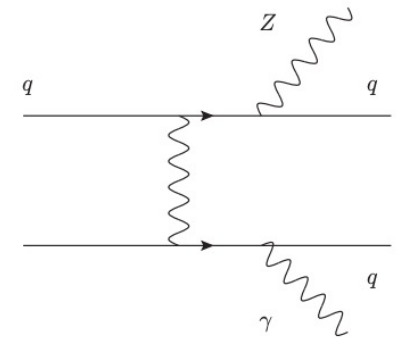
# Electroweak $Z(\rightarrow ll)\gamma jj$ production

- 1st Observation of EW  $Z\gamma jj$  process in lepton channels at ATLAS
- Electroweak production of the  $Z\gamma jj$  final state contains both VBS and non-VBS process
- Initial and final states of the  $Z\gamma jj$  EWK and QCD production same  $\rightarrow$  interference between EWK and QCD
- $ZZ(\rightarrow ll)\gamma jj$  probes TGGs and QGCs, but with a larger expected cross-section than the  $ZZjj$

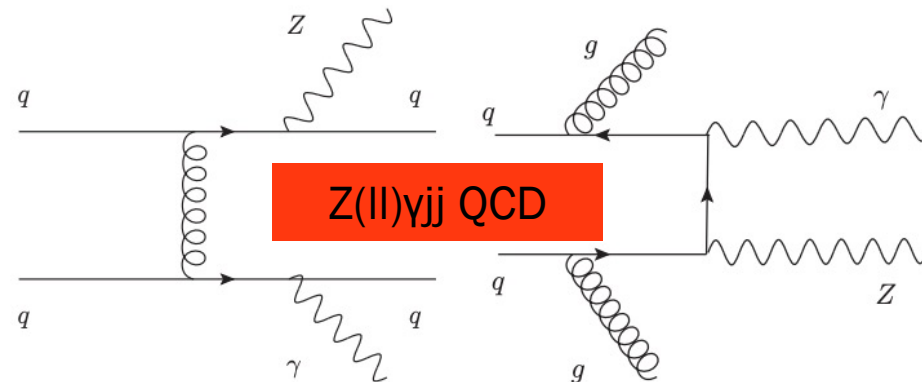


(a)

$Z(ll)\gamma jj$  EWK



$Z(ll)\gamma jj$  QCD



# Z( $\rightarrow$ ll) $\gamma$ jj: Selection and Background

## Selection

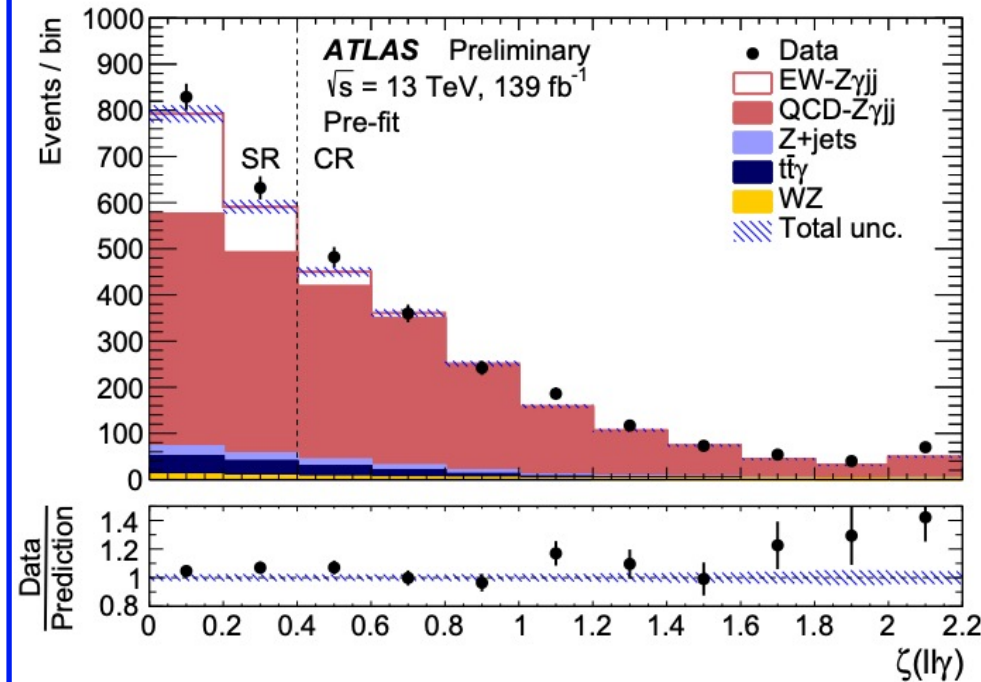
Lepton	$p_T^\ell > 20, 30(\text{leading}) \text{ GeV},  \eta_\ell  < 2.47$ $N_\ell \geq 2$
Photon	$E_T^\gamma > 25 \text{ GeV},  \eta_\gamma  < 2.37$ $E_T^{\text{cone}20} < 0.07 E_T^\gamma$ $\Delta R(\ell, \gamma) > 0.4$
Jet	$p_T^{\text{jet}} > 50 \text{ GeV},  y_{\text{jet}}  < 4.4$ $ \Delta y  > 1.0$ $m_{jj} > 150 \text{ GeV}$ remove jets if $\Delta R(\gamma, j) < 0.4$ or if $\Delta R(\ell, j) < 0.3$

Event	$m_{\ell\ell} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\ell\ell} + m_{\ell\ell\gamma} > 182 \text{ GeV}$ $\zeta(\ell\ell\gamma) < 0.4$ $N_{\text{jets}}^{\text{gap}} = 0$
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Cut to reject FSR

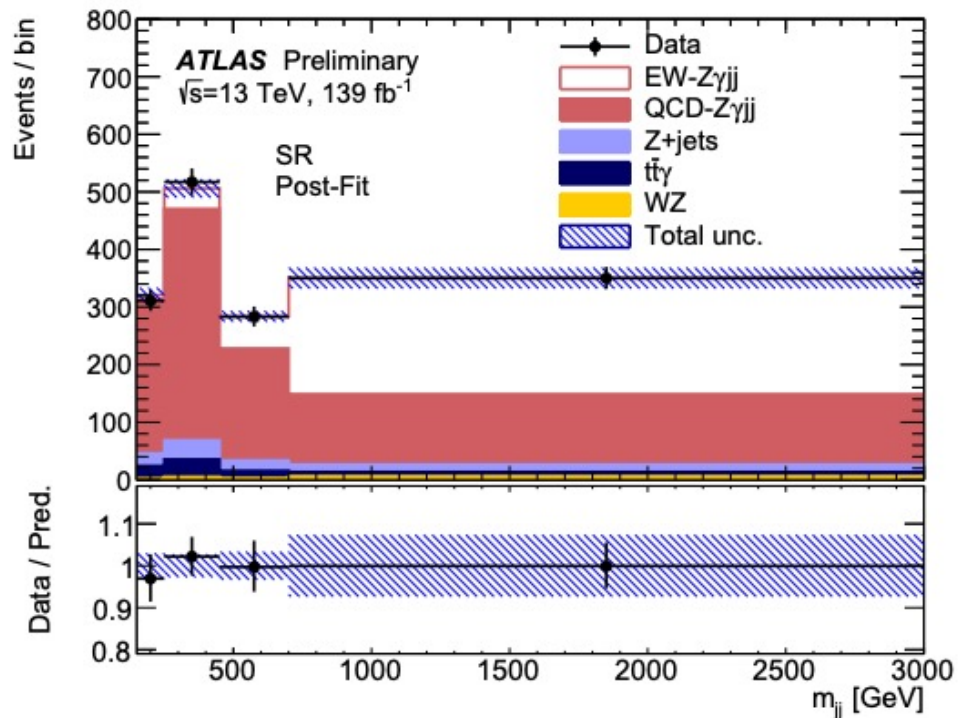
## Background Estimation

- Main source of background is the QCD-originated Z $\gamma$ jj
  - Shape estimated from MC and normalization factor determined from the final fit
  - Cuts on the centrality  $\zeta(\text{ll}\gamma)$  of the ll $\gamma$  system defines the Signal and QCD Control Region
    - SR:  $\zeta < 0.4$  QCD CR:  $\zeta > 0.4$
- Z+jets: Data driven method
- ttbar $\gamma$ : MC estimate applying scale factor: derived from comparing the MC prediction with the data using e $\mu\gamma$  events



# Z( $\rightarrow$ ll) $\gamma$ jj: Results

- Strategy: fit of the  $m_{jj}$  in the Signal and QCD regions



## Results

- Measured signal strength with observed significance  $10\sigma$

- $\mu_{\text{EWK}} = 0.95 \pm 0.08(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.11(\text{syst.})$

- EWK cross section predicted from Madgraph5+PYTHIA

- $\sigma_{\text{EW}}(\text{pred}) = 4.73 \pm 0.01(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.15(\text{PDF}) + 0.23 - 0.22(\text{scale}) \text{ fb}$

- Fiducial cross-section in the signal phase space measured with 13% overall uncertainty

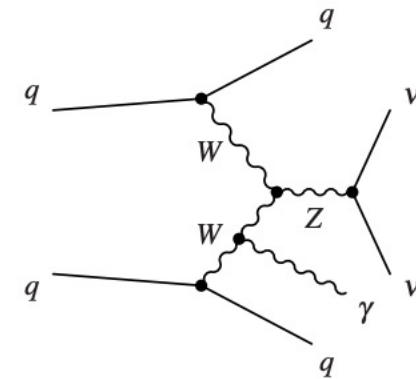
- $\sigma_{\text{EW}}(\text{obs.}) = 4.49 \pm 0.40(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.42(\text{syst.}) \text{ fb}$



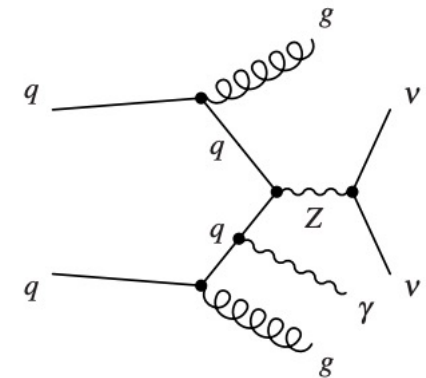
# Electroweak $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu)\gamma jj$ production

- 1st Observation of EW  $Z\gamma jj$  process in neutrino channels at ATLAS with  $5.2\sigma$  significance
- All events containing leptons are vetoed
- Analysis sets limits on the invisible Higgs decay
- Main background: QCD  $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu)\gamma$  + jets and  $W(\rightarrow \ell\nu)\gamma$  + jets events in which the lepton from the  $W$  decay is lost mostly because it falls outside of the  $p_T$  or  $\eta$  acceptance

$Z(\nu\nu)\gamma jj$  EWK



$Z(\nu\nu)\gamma jj$  QCD



# Z( $\rightarrow$ vv) $\gamma$ jj: Results

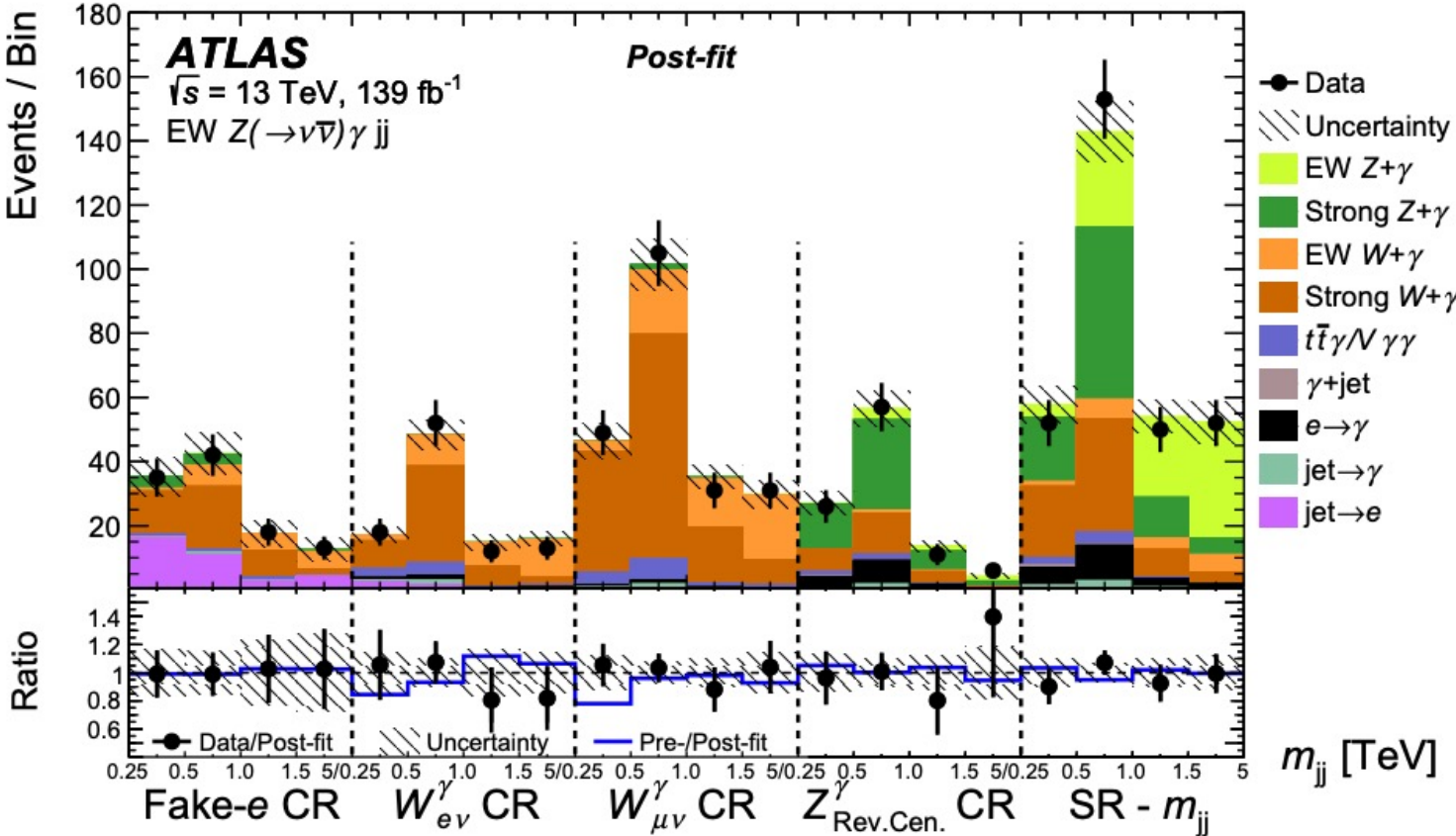
- Backgrounds are constrained in the fit in the signal region and the respective control regions
- Measured signal strength with observed significance  $5.2\sigma$

$$\mu_{EW} = 1.03 \pm 0.25$$

- Theoretical fid. cross section:  $\sigma_{EW}(\text{pred}) = 1.27 \pm 0.01$  (stat.)  $\pm 0.17$  (QCD MadGraph scale)  $\pm 0.03$  (PDF) fb

- Measured fiducial cross-section:  $\sigma_{EW} = 1.31 \pm 0.2$  (stat)  $\pm 0.2$  (syst) fb

$\mu_{Z\gamma_{EW}}$	$\beta_{Z\gamma_{strong}}$	$\beta_{W\gamma}$
$1.03 \pm 0.25$	$1.02 \pm 0.41$	$1.01 \pm 0.20$

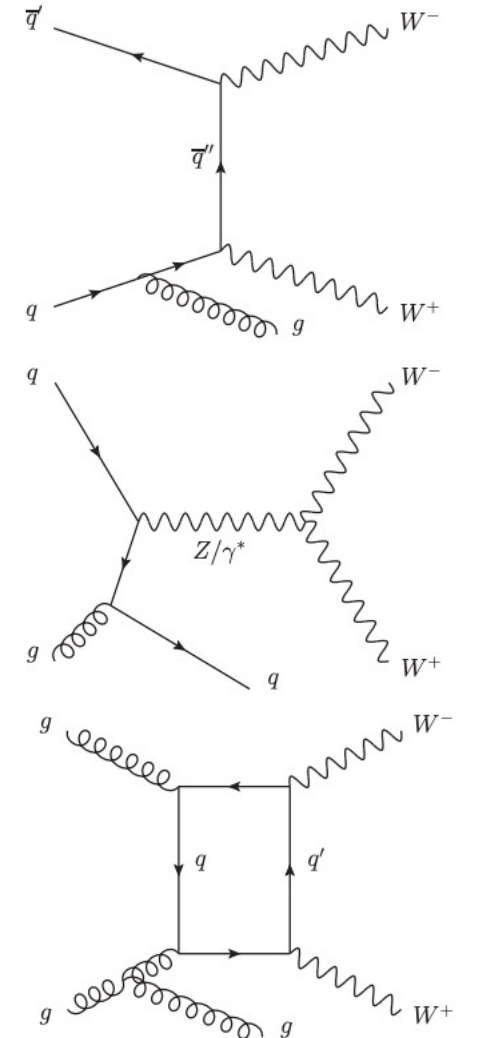


**Diboson**

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# $W+W^- + \geq 1$ Jets Inclusive Measurement

- Measurement of  $WW$  pair production with a jet inclusive phase space
  - First time at LHC, differential measurements performed in jet-inclusive phase space
- The measurement serves as a test of theoretical predictions:
  - Perturbative QCD
  - Higher order EWK corrections
- Sensitive to TGCs



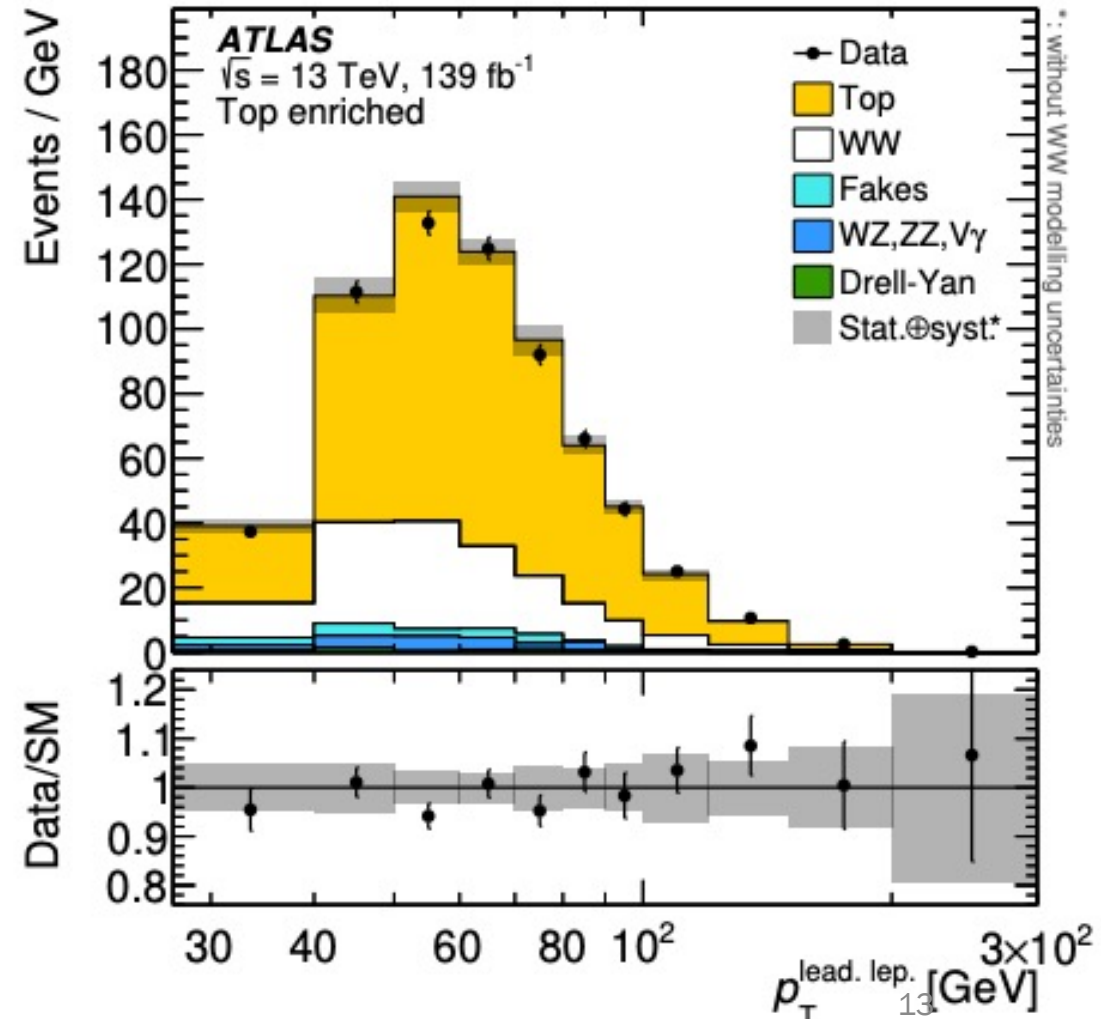
# W+W- + $\geq 1$ Jets: Selection and Background

## Selection

- $e\mu$  channel only
- b-jet veto to reduced large top background
- $m_{e\mu} > 85$  MeV to suppress Drell-Yan background as well as  $H \rightarrow WW$  resonance

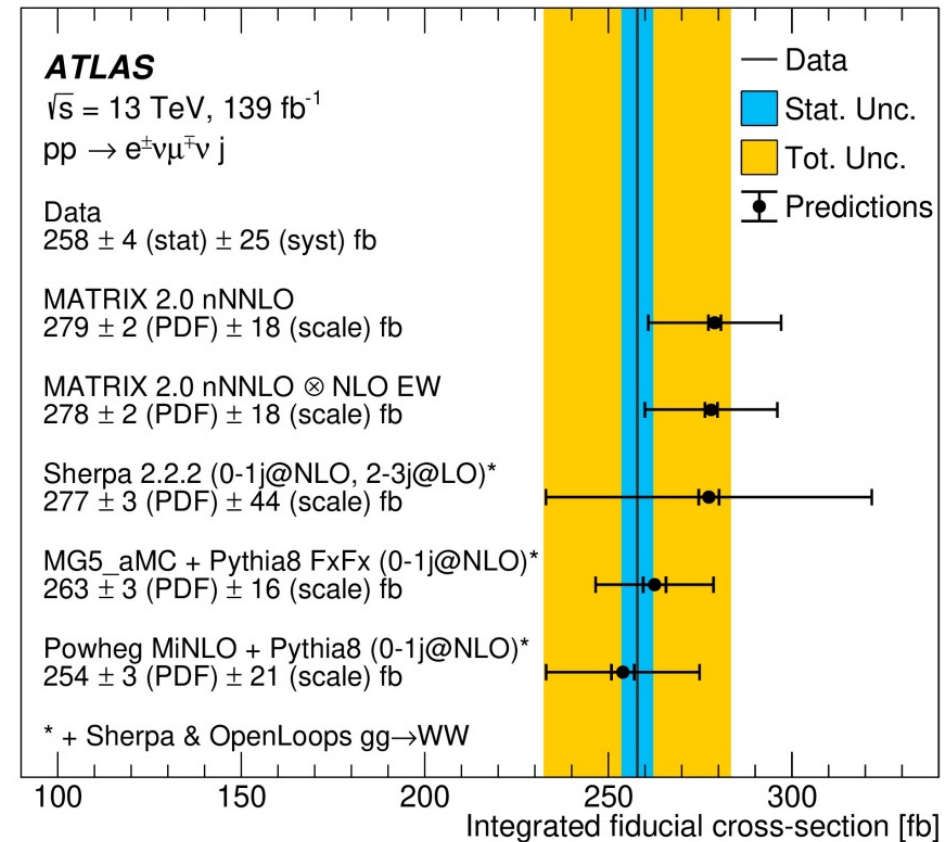
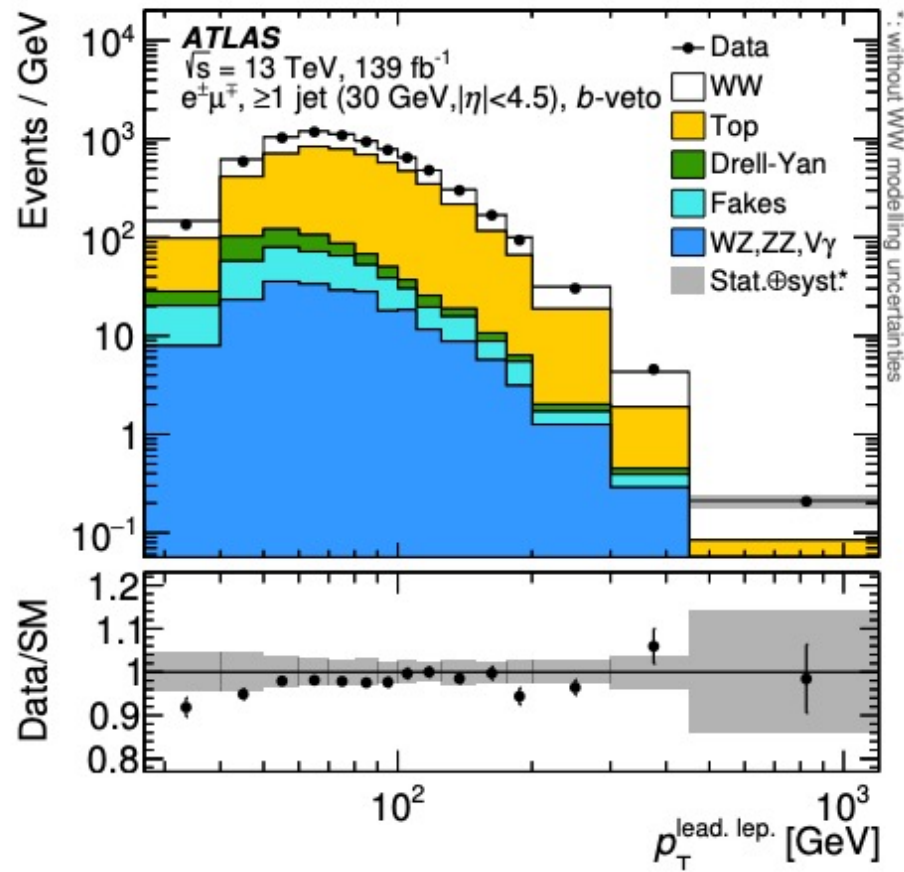
## Background Estimation

- Main source of background is the top contribution
  - $t\bar{t}$  is estimated with data-driven method, considering two control regions with exactly 1 b-tag and exactly 2 b-tags
- Drell-Yan contribution is estimated using the MC
- Fake leptons: data-driven method
- Single top and diboson background estimated using MC



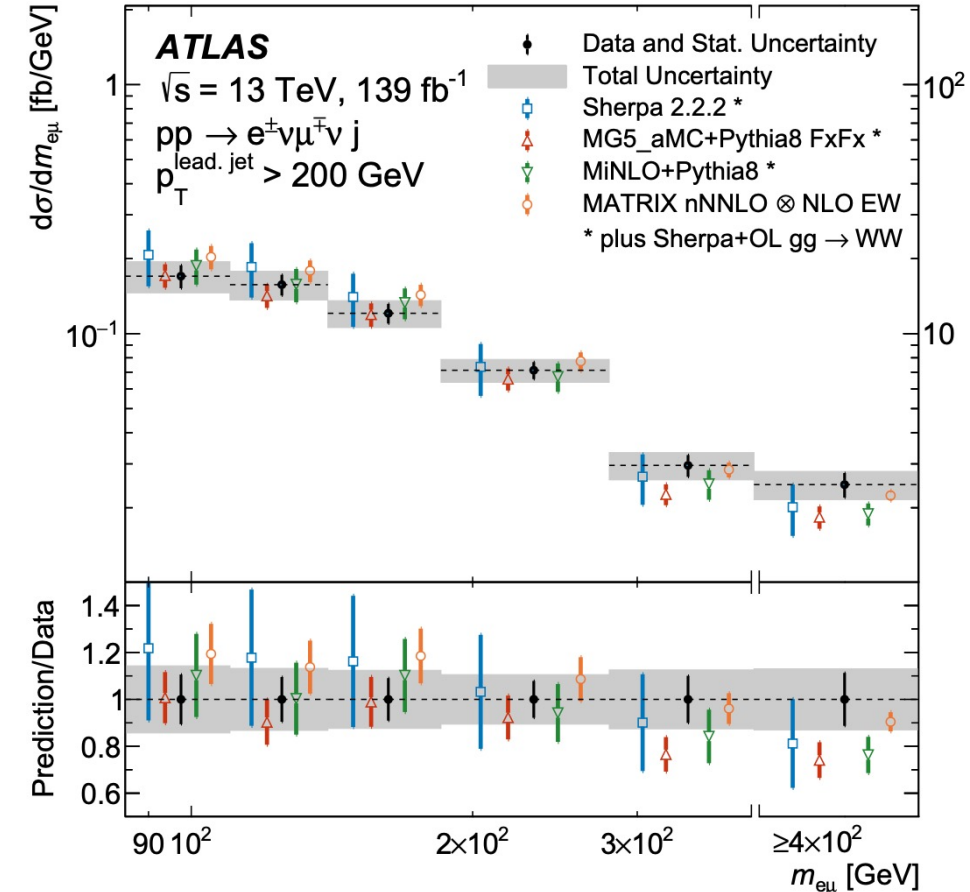
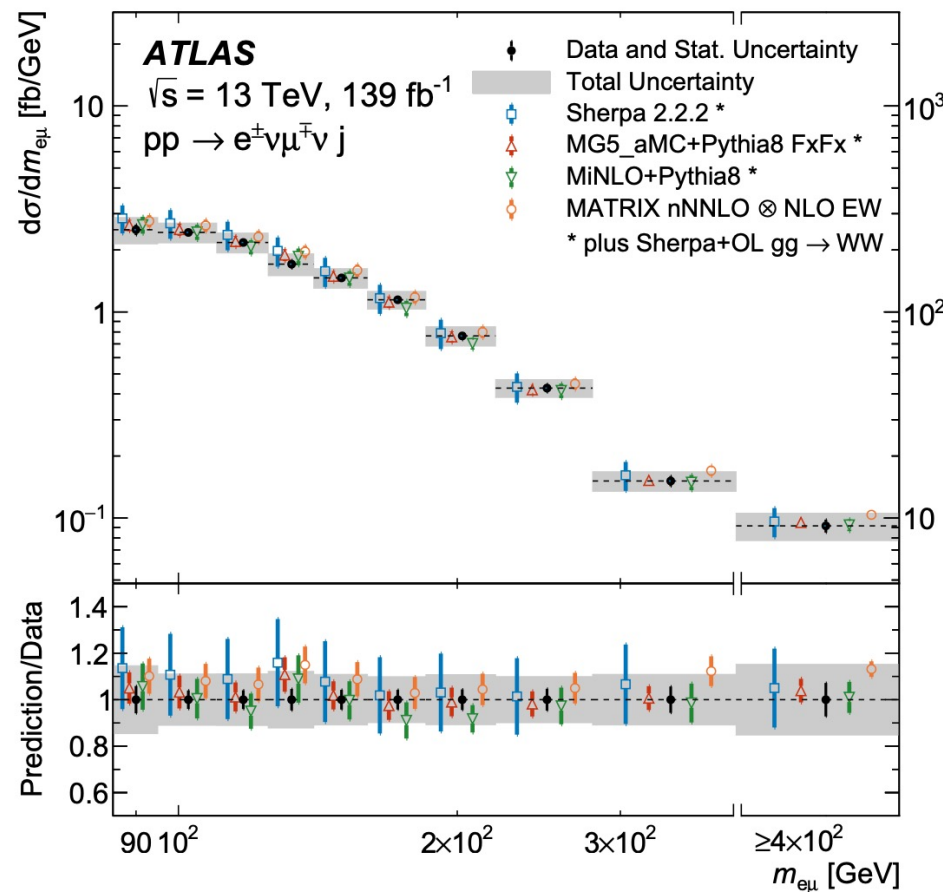
# W+W- + ≥ 1 Jets: Fiducial Cross section

- $\sigma_{\text{fid}} = 258 \pm 4$  (stat.)  $\pm 25$  (syst.) fb with overall uncertainty 10%
- NLO predictions with Sherpa, Madgraph and Powheg generators are consistent with theory prediction



# W+W- + $\geq 1$ Jets: Differential Cross-section

- Differential cross sections obtained using iterative Bayesian unfolding approach
- Various differential distributions
- Good agreement among the MC predictions and data



# EFT Dim-6 operator in $W+W- + \geq 1$ Jets

- EFT:SM expansion to higher order terms

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} O_i + \sum_j \frac{c_j}{\Lambda^4} O_j + O_k$$

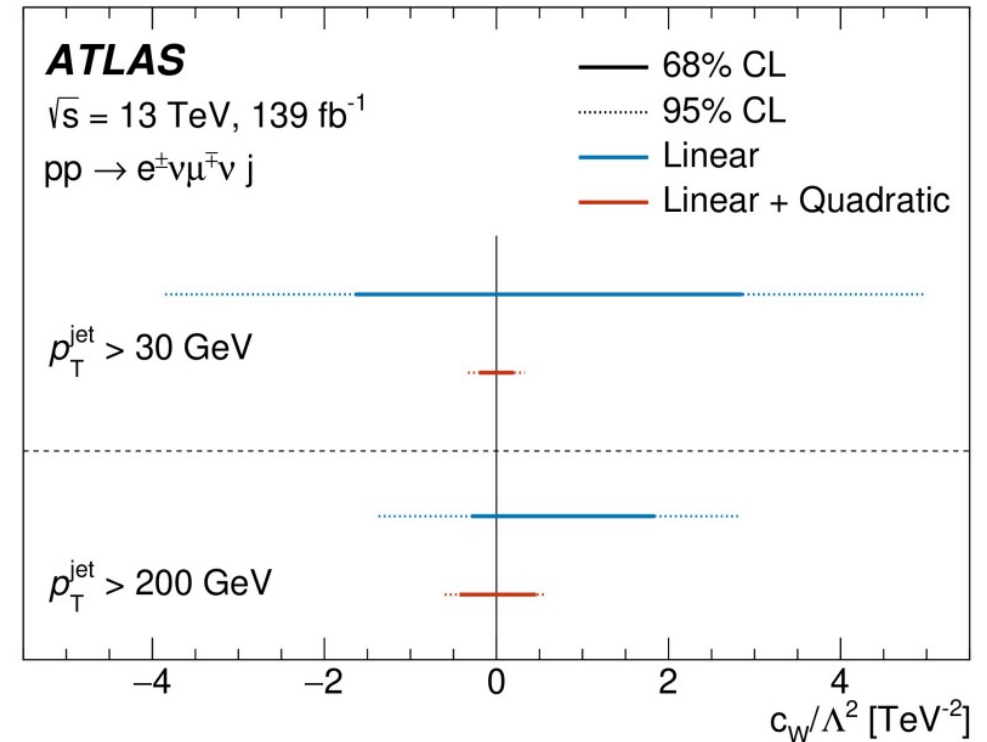
- Experimental Approach to EFTs → associate the operators to couplings between bosons and fermions

- Triple gauge couplings can be parametrized in terms of Dim-6 operators

- Final state sensitive to Dim-6 operator  $Q_W \rightarrow$  constraint on  $C_W$

- $m_{e\mu}$  used as a discriminant in an enhanced phase space with

$$p_T^{\text{lead.jet}} > 200 \text{ GeV}$$



Jet $p_T$	Linear only	68% CI obs.	95% CI obs.	68% CI exp.	95% CI exp.
> 30 GeV	yes	[-1.64, 2.86]	[-3.85, 4.97]	[-2.30, 2.27]	[-4.53, 4.41]
> 30 GeV	no	[-0.20, 0.20]	[-0.33, 0.33]	[-0.28, 0.27]	[-0.39, 0.38]
> 200 GeV	yes	[-0.29, 1.84]	[-1.37, 2.81]	[-1.12, 1.09]	[-2.24, 2.10]
> 200 GeV	no	[-0.43, 0.46]	[-0.60, 0.58]	[-0.38, 0.33]	[-0.53, 0.48]

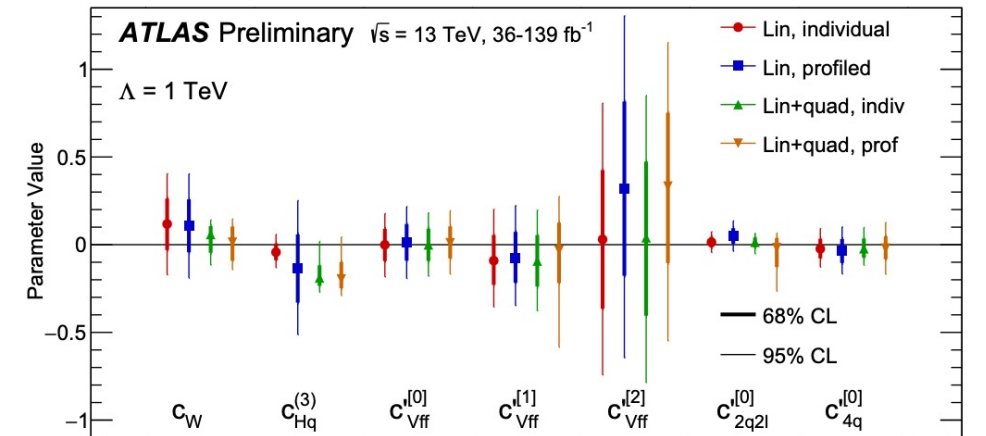


# EFT Dim-6 combination: WW, WZ, 4l, and Zjj

- Combined EFT interpretation of differential measurements of the following leptonic final states:

Final state	Dataset	Diff. input distributions
WW	36 fb-1	pTlead. lepton
WZ	36 fb-1	mTWZ
4leptons	139 fb-1	mZ2
Zjj	139 fb-1	$\Delta\phi_{jj}$

- Linear combinations of the Dim-6 EFT coefficients are constrained
  - Including only linear terms
  - Including both linear and quadratic terms



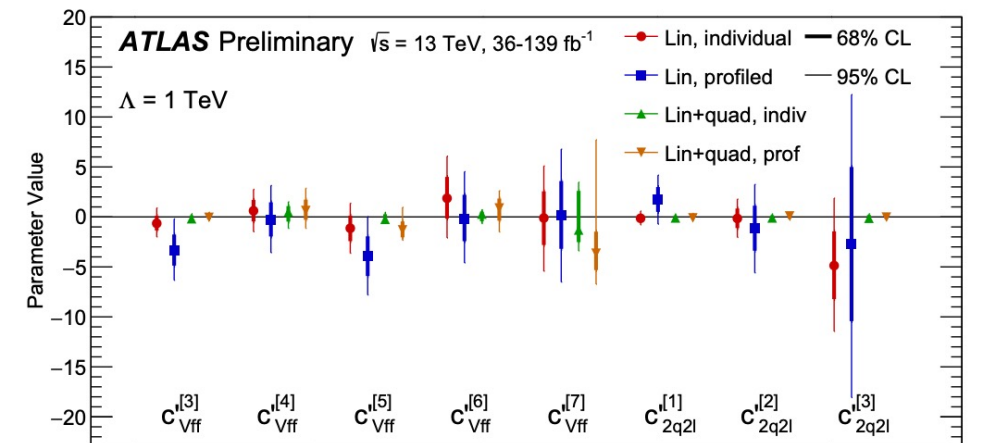
$$c_{Vff}^{[0]} = 0.81c_{HWB} + 0.38c_{HD} + 0.13c_{HI}^{(1)} + 0.37c_{HI}^{(3)} - 0.14c_{II}^{(1)} + 0.12c_{II}^{(3)}$$

$$c_{2q2l}^{[0]} = -0.37c_{II}^{(1)} + 0.89c_{II}^{(3)} - 0.11c_{lu} - 0.21c_{eu} - 0.13c_{qe}$$

$$c_{Vff}^{[1]} = 0.73c_{HI}^{(1)} - 0.28c_{HI}^{(3)} - 0.48c_{He} + 0.38c_{II}^{(1)} + 0.13c_{II}^{(3)}$$

$$c_{4q}^{[0]} = 0.11c_{qq}^{(11)} + 0.22c_{qq}^{(18)} + 0.95c_{qq}^{(31)} - 0.2c_{qq}^{(38)}$$

$$c_{Vff}^{[2]} = 0.37c_{HWB} + 0.17c_{HD} - 0.31c_{HI}^{(1)} - 0.53c_{HI}^{(3)} + 0.25c_{He} + 0.59c_{II}^{(1)} - 0.21c_{II}^{(3)}$$



$$c_{Vff}^{[3]} = -0.19c_{HI}^{(1)} - 0.14c_{HI}^{(3)} + 0.86c_{II}^{(1)} + 0.41c_{II}^{(3)} - 0.17c_{ld}$$

$$c_{Vff}^{[7]} = -0.28c_{HWB} + 0.71c_{HD} - 0.31c_{HI}^{(1)} - 0.21c_{HI}^{(3)} - 0.5c_{He} - 0.14c_{II}^{(1)}$$

$$c_{Vff}^{[4]} = -0.35c_{HWB} + 0.49c_{HD} + 0.26c_{HI}^{(1)} + 0.35c_{HI}^{(3)} + 0.51c_{He} + 0.38c_{II}^{(1)} + 0.18c_{II}^{(3)}$$

$$c_{2q2l}^{[1]} = 0.56c_{II}^{(1)} + 0.44c_{II}^{(3)} + 0.61c_{eu} - 0.1c_{ed} + 0.34c_{qe}$$

$$c_{Vff}^{[5]} = 0.25c_{HD} + 0.33c_{HI}^{(1)} - 0.22c_{HI}^{(3)} + 0.18c_{He} - 0.35c_{II}^{(1)} - 0.3c_{II}^{(3)} + 0.71c_{lu} - 0.16c_{HD}$$

$$c_{2q2l}^{[2]} = 0.68c_{II}^{(1)} + 0.15c_{II}^{(3)} + 0.33c_{lu} - 0.51c_{eu} + 0.13c_{ed} - 0.37c_{qe}$$

$$c_{Vff}^{[6]} = -0.22c_{HI}^{(1)} + 0.52c_{HI}^{(3)} - 0.39c_{He} + 0.44c_{II}^{(1)} - 0.22c_{II}^{(3)} + 0.52c_{II}^{(3)}$$

$$c_{2q2l}^{[3]} = -0.27c_{II}^{(1)} + 0.79c_{II}^{(3)} - 0.39c_{lu} + 0.26c_{eu} - 0.22c_{ed} - 0.16c_{qe}$$

**Triboson**

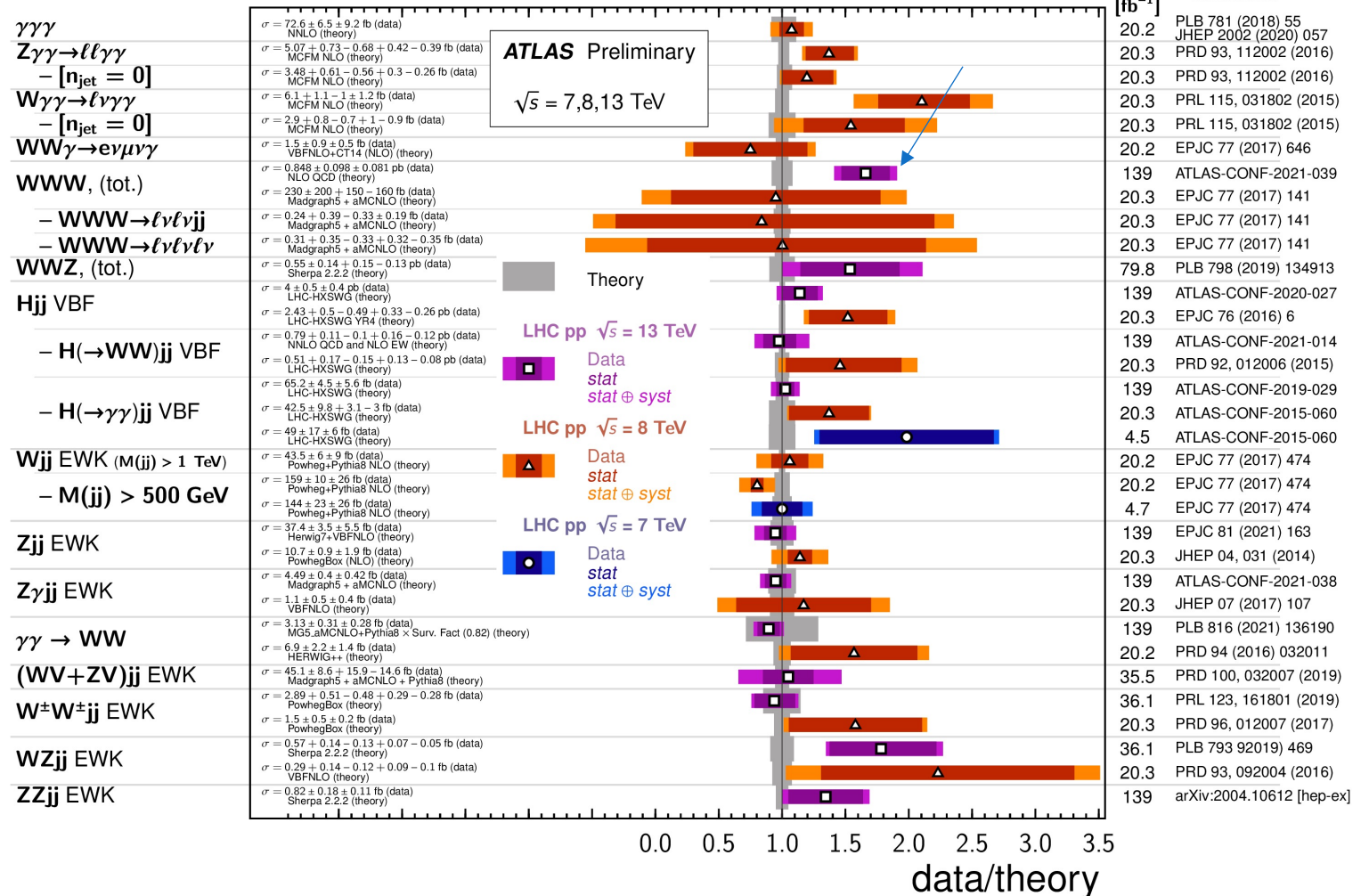
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# Triboson Production

- First evidence for WWW and WWZ at ATLAS in 2019
  - Partial Run 2 dataset 80 fb-1
  - Observed: WWV 4.1  $\sigma$ , WWW 3.2 $\sigma$
  - [Physics Letter B. 2019](#)
- First observation of VVV at CMS in 2020
  - Full Run 2 dataset 137 fb-1
  - Observed: VVV 5.7 $\sigma$ , WWW 3.3 $\sigma$
  - [Physics Review Letters 2020](#)
- ATLAS achieved observation results with 8.2 $\sigma$  in stand alone WWW channel with full Run II 139 fb-1 data experiment!
  - [ATLAS-CONF-2021-39](#)

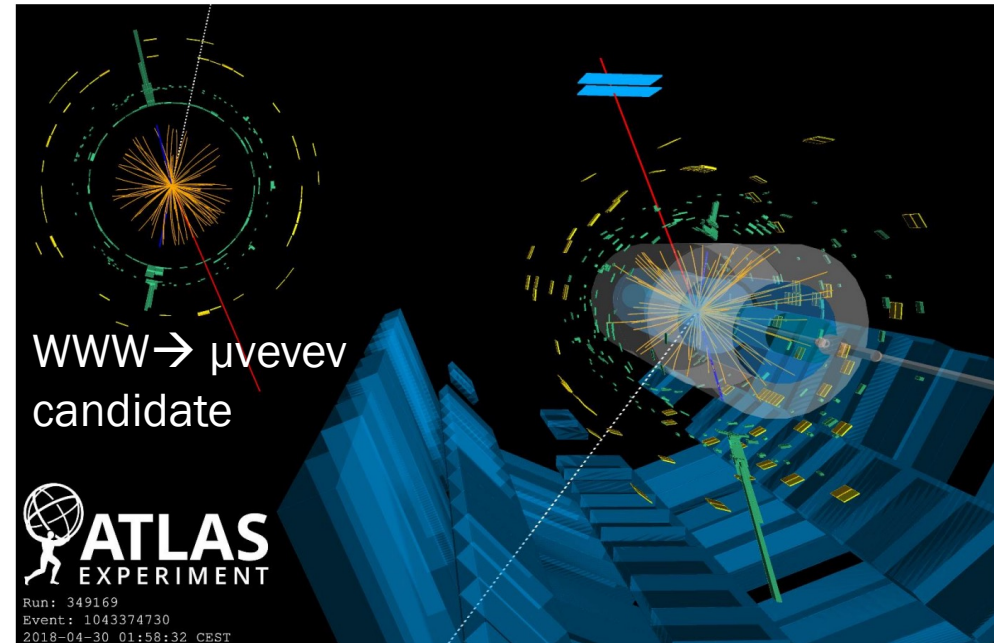
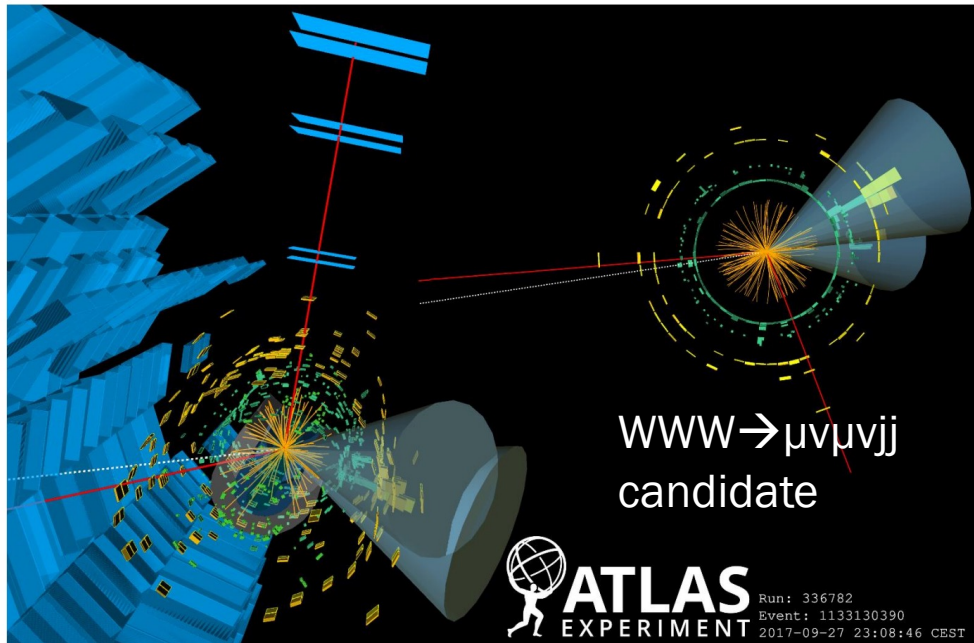
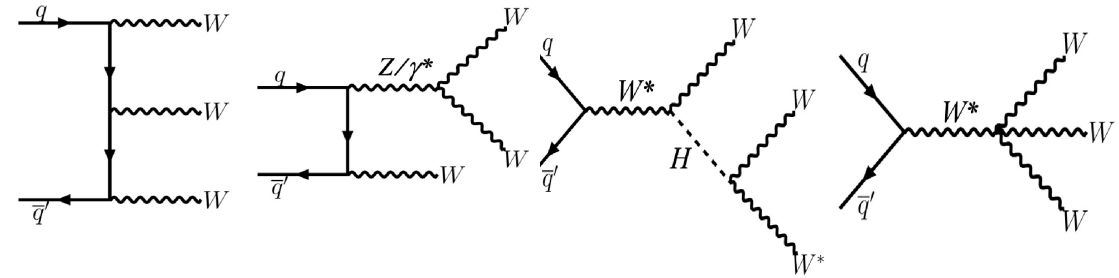
## VBF, VBS, and Triboson Cross Section Measurements

Status: July 2021



# WWW: Final states

- 2 final states:
  - $W_{\pm}W_{\pm}W_{\mp} \rightarrow 2l2\nu 2j$  :
    - Signature:  $e_{\pm} e_{\pm} jj + \text{ET}_{\text{miss}}$   $e_{\pm} \mu_{\pm} jj + \text{ET}_{\text{miss}}$   $\mu_{\pm} \mu_{\pm} jj + \text{ET}_{\text{miss}}$
  - $W_{\pm}W_{\pm}W_{\mp} \rightarrow 3l3\nu$  :
    - Signature:  $e_{\pm} e_{\pm} \mu_{\mp} jj + \text{ET}_{\text{miss}}$   $\mu_{\pm} \mu_{\pm} e_{\mp} jj + \text{ET}_{\text{miss}}$
- Principle: avoiding opposite sign, same flavor pairs of leptons (OSSF) and SM processes that produce oppositely charged leptons pairs



# WWW: Selections and background estimation

## Selections

2l2v2j
No SFOS pairs, 3rd lepton veto
Leading lepton pT > 27 GeV
$40 < m_{ll} < 400$ GeV
$m_{ee} < 80$ GeV OR $100$ GeV < $m_{ee}$ (ee only)
$\geq 2$ jets, $m_{jj} < 160$ GeV, $ \Delta\eta_{jj}  < 1.5$
<i>ET miss</i> significance > 3 (ee only)
no b-quark jet

Non-prompt leptons

Charge flip

3l3v
No OSSF pairs
4th lepton veto
Leading lepton pT > 27 GeV
Sum of lepton charge = 1
b-jet veto

Non-prompt leptons from b-decays

## Background Estimation

- Main background source is WZ → constrained using data from dedicated control regions(WZ+0,1,>2jets) to normalize the MC
- Non-prompt leptons
- $V\gamma$  events where the photon is misidentified as an electron
- Prompt electron mis-identification (charge-flip)

Data-driven estimates

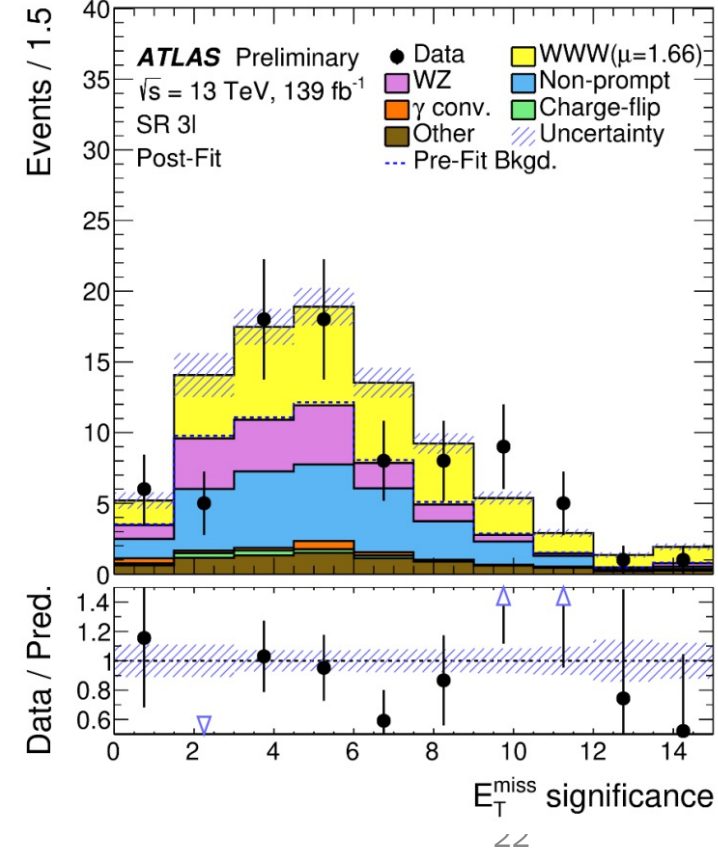
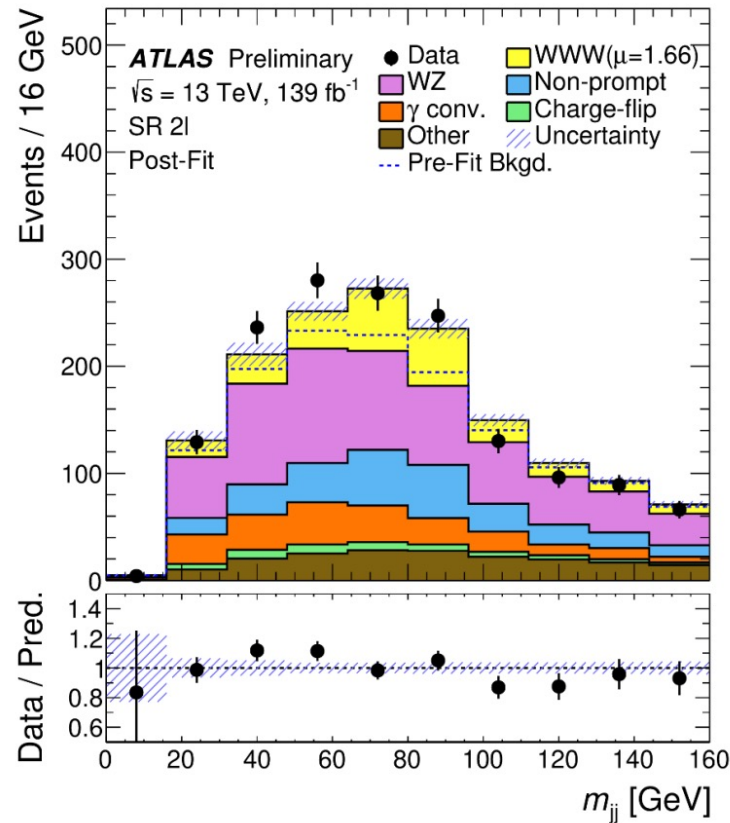
# WWW: Results

- Fit strategy: simultaneous binned log-likelihood fit of BDT distributions in all signal regions and  $m_{ll}$  distribution in WZ control regions

- Observed signal strength with  $8.2\sigma$  observed significance :

$$\mu = 1.66 \pm 0.28$$

- Observed cross-section:  
 $850 \pm 100$  (stat.)  $\pm 80$  (syst.) fb



# Summary

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- LHC Run2 provides a large amount of pp collision data at a higher center-of-mass energy, giving rise to the observation sensitivity of the gauge boson self-couplings
- New ATLAS measurements of VBS and diboson and triboson using the Full Run2 data set with integrated luminosity  $139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  are presented:
  - $Z(\ell\ell)\gamma$  VBS,  $Z(\nu\nu)\gamma$  VBS observations with  $10\sigma$  and  $5.2\sigma$  respectively
  - $WW+\geq 1\text{jet}$  differential cross sections and EFT interpretations
  - $WWW$  observed for the first time with  $8.2 \sigma$