Report of Contributions

Contribution ID: 1

Type: not specified

J\psi polarization in high multiplicity hadronic collisions

High multiplicity events in small collision systems (pp and pA collisions) at hadron colliders have received much attention in recent years. In this talk we will present analysis of J/ψ polarization in high multiplicity hadron collisions using the CGC+NRQCD framework. Predictions both for ppand pA at LHC energies will be presented.

Author: STEBEL, Tomasz (Jagiellonian University)

Co-author: Dr WATANABE, Kazuhiro (SUBATECH UMR 6457 (IMT Atlantique, Universit\'e de Nantes, IN2P3/CNRS))

Presenter: STEBEL, Tomasz (Jagiellonian University)

Contribution ID: 2

Type: not specified

The LHCspin project

The goal of LHCspin is to develop, in the next few years, innovative solutions and cutting-edge technologies to access spin physics in high-energy polarized fixed-target collisions, by exploring a unique kinematic regime given by the LHC beam and by exploiting new probes.

This ambitious task poses its basis on the recent installation of SMOG2, the unpolarized gas target in front of the LHCb spectrometer. Specifically, the unpolarized target, already itself a unique project, will allow to carefully study the dynamics of the beam-target system, and clarify the potentiality of the entire system, as the basis for an innovative physics program at the LHC.

The forward geometry of the LHCb spectrometer (2< η <5) is perfectly suited for the reconstruction of particles produced in fixed-target collisions. This configuration, with center-of-mass energies ranging from \sqrt{s} =115 GeV in pp interactions to $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ =72 GeV in collisions with nuclear beams, allows to cover a wide backward rapidity region, including the poorly explored high x-Bjorken and high x-Feynman regimes. With the instrumentation of the proposed target system, LHCb will become the first experiment delivering simultaneously unpolarized beam-beam collisions at \sqrt{s} =14 TeV and polarized and unpolarized beam-target collisions.

The status of the project is presented along with a selection of physics opportunities.

Author: DI NEZZA, Pasquale (INFN e Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati (IT))

Presenter: DI NEZZA, Pasquale (INFN e Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati (IT))

Contribution ID: 3

Type: not specified

Measurement of charged particle multiplicity distributions in DIS at HERA and its implication to entanglement entropy of partons

Charged particle multiplicity distributions in positron-proton deep inelastic scattering at a centreof-mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 319$ GeV are measured. The data are collected with the H1 detector at HERA corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 136 pb⁻¹. Charged particle multiplicities are measured as a function of photon virtuality Q^2 , inelasticity y and pseudorapidity η in the laboratory and the hadronic centre-of-mass frames. Predictions from different Monte Carlo models are compared to the data. The first and second moments of the multiplicity distributions are determined and the KNO scaling behaviour is investigated. The multiplicity distributions as a function of Q^2 and the Bjorken variable x_{Bj} are converted to the hadron entropy S_{hadron} , and predictions from a quantum entanglement model are tested.

Eur.Phys.J.C 81 (2021), 212 [arxiv:2011.01812]

Authors: H1, Collaboration (DESY); SCHMITT, Stefan (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))

Contribution ID: 4

Type: not specified

Measurement of Exclusive pi+pi- and rho0 Meson Photoproduction at HERA

Exclusive photoproduction of $\rho^0(770)$ mesons is studied using the H1 detector at the ep collider HERA. A sample of about 900000 events is used to measure single- and double-differential cross sections for the reaction $\gamma p \to \pi^+ \pi^- Y$. Reactions where the proton stays intact $(m_Y = m_p)$ are statistically separated from those where the proton dissociates to a low-mass hadronic system $(m_p < m_Y < 10$ GeV). The double-differential cross sections are measured as a function of the invariant mass $m_{\pi\pi}$ of the decay pions and the squared 4-momentum transfer t at the proton vertex. The measurements are presented in various bins of the photon-proton collision energy $W_{\gamma p}$. The phase space restrictions are $0.5 < m_{\pi\pi} < 2.2$ GeV, |t| < 1.5 GeV², and $20 < W_{\gamma p} < 80$ GeV. Cross section measurements are presented for both elastic and proton-dissociative scattering. The observed cross section dependencies are described by analytic functions. Parameterising the $m_{\pi\pi}$ dependence with resonant and non-resonant contributions added at the amplitude level leads $151.3^{+2.7}_{-3.6}$ (tot) MeV, respectively. The model is used to extract the $\rho^0(770)$ contribution to the $\pi^+\pi^-$ cross sections and measure it as a function of t and $W_{\gamma p}$. In a Regge asymptotic limit in which one Regge trajectory $\alpha(t)$ dominates, the intercept $\alpha(t = 0) = 1.0654^{+0.0098}_{-0.0067}$ (tot) and the slope $\alpha'(t=0) = 0.233^{+0.067}_{-0.074}$ (tot) GeV⁻² of the t dependence are extracted for the case $m_Y = m_p$.

Eur.Phys.J.C80 (2020), 1189 [arxiv:2005.14471]

Authors: H1, Collaboration (DESY); SCHMITT, Stefan (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))

Contribution ID: 5

Type: not specified

Jet-based TMD measurements with H1 data, unfolded using machine-learning techniques

Recently, jet measurements in DIS events close to Born kinematics have been proposed as a new probe to study transverse-momentum-dependent (TMD) PDFs, TMD fragmentation functions, and TMD evolution. We report measurements of lepton-jet momentum imbalance and hadron-in-jet correlations in high-Q62 DIS events collected with the H1 detector at HERA. The jets are reconstructed with the kT algorithm in the laboratory frame. These are two examples of a new type of TMD studies in DIS, which will serve as pathfinder for the Electron-Ion Collider program.

H1prelim-21-031, https://www-h1.desy.de/psfiles/confpap/DIS2021/H1prelim-21-031.pdf

Authors: H1, Collaboration (DESY); SCHMITT, Stefan (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))

Contribution ID: 6

Type: not specified

Search for collectivity in ep collisions at HERA with the H1 experiment

Measurements of two- and multi-particle angular correlations in DIS and photoproduction ep collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 319$ GeV are presented as a function of charged particle multiplicity. The data were collected using the H1 detector at HERA. Since no long-range ridge structure is observed in the correlation functions over the full multiplicity range, upper limits of ridge yield are provided as functions of particle multiplicity. The second-order ($V_{2\Delta}$) and third-order ($V_{3\Delta}$) azimuthal anisotropy Fourier harmonics of charged particles are extracted from long-range two-particle correlations as functions for the first time in ep collisions, which are positive or consistent with 0. These observations do not indicate the kind of collective behavior observed at the RHIC and LHC in high-multiplicity hadronic collisions.

H1prelim-20-033 https://www-h1.desy.de/psfiles/confpap/IS2021/H1prelim-20-033.pdf

Authors: H1, Collaboration (DESY); SCHMITT, Stefan (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))

Contribution ID: 7

Type: not specified

Measurement of 1-jettiness in deep-inelastic scattering at HERA

A first measurement of the 1-jettiness event shape observable in neutral-current deep-inelastic electron-proton scattering is presented. The 1-jettiness observable τ_{1b} is defined such that it is equivalent to the thrust observable in the Breit frame, following momentum conservation. The data were taken with the H1 detector at the HERA ep collider at a center-of-mass energy of 319 GeV in the years 2003 to 2007 and correspond to an integrated luminosity of about 351pb^{-1} . The triple-differential cross sections are presented as a function of the 1-jettiness τ_1 , the event virtuality Q^2 and the Bjorken-variable x_{Bj} in the kinematic region $Q^2 > 150 \text{ GeV}^2$. The data have high sensitivity to the parton distribution functions of the proton, the strong coupling constant and to resummation and hadronisation effects. The data are compared to selected predictions.

(preliminary result)

Authors: H1, Collaboration (DESY); SCHMITT, Stefan (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))

Contribution ID: 8

Type: not specified

Forward dijets in proton-nucleus collisions at next-to-leading order

Using the CGC effective theory together with the hybrid factorisation, we study forward dijet production in proton-nucleus collisions beyond leading order. In this paper, we compute the "real" next-to-leading order (NLO) corrections, i.e. the radiative corrections associated with a three-parton final state, out of which only two are being measured. To that aim, we start by revisiting our previous results for the three-parton cross-section presented in our previous paper. After some reshuffling of terms, we deduce new expressions for these results, which not only look considerably simpler, but are also physically more transparent. We also correct several errors in this process. The real NLO corrections to inclusive dijet production are then obtained by integrating out the kinematics of any of the three final partons. We explicitly work out the interesting limits where the unmeasured parton is either a soft gluon, or the product of a collinear splitting. We find the expected results in both limits: the B-JIMWLK evolution of the leading-order dijet cross-section in the first case (soft gluon) and, respectively, the DGLAP evolution of the initial and final states in the second case (collinear splitting).

Quick summery: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yBjd2HA51yE&ab_channel=DIS2021

Authors: IANCU, Edmond (Université Paris-Saclay (FR)); MULIAN, Yair

Presenter: MULIAN, Yair

Contribution ID: 9

Type: not specified

Recent ALICE results on vector meson photoproduction

Simone Ragoni¹, on behalf of the ALICE Collaboration

¹ University of Birmingham, Birmingham, B15 2TT, UK simone.ragoni@cern.ch

Ultra-peripheral collisions (UPC) are events characterised by large impact parameters between the two projectiles, larger than the sum of their radii. As a consequence, the protons and ions accelerated by the LHC are beyond the reach of the strong interaction and they can be considered as photon sources.

Vector mesons produced in UPC i.e. \rhozero, \jpsi, and \psip, are of particular interest: vector meson photoproduction in UPC is sensitive to the low-x gluon parton density. As the photons involved in the interactions are \textit{quasireal}, the vector mesons should retain the polarisation of the photon, as postulated by the s-channel helicity conservation hypothesis.

ALICE has provided measurements of the production cross section at forward rapidity for \jpsi and at mid-rapidity for coherent \jpsi, \psip and \rhozero. The collaboration has also measured the *t*-dependence of coherent \jpsi production and compared it with models incorporating nuclear shadowing effects, thus providing a new tool to investigate the gluon structure at low Bjorken-*x*. The measurement of photoproduction accompanied by neutron emission allows us to use a new technique to resolve the ambiguity in Bjorken-*x* which arises in symmetric A–A UPC collisions.

Authors: ALICE COLLABORATION; RAGONI, Simone (University of Birmingham (GB))

Presenter: RAGONI, Simone (University of Birmingham (GB))

/ Report of Contributions

Contribution ID: 10

Type: not specified

Parton distribution functions and intrinsic charm at LHCb

LHCb is a spectrometer that covers the forward region of proton-proton collisions, in the pseudorapidity range from 2 to 5. At LHCb, proton Parton Distribution Functions (PDFs) can be studied in a unique phase space complementary to that accessible by ATLAS and CMS, corresponding to low and high Bjorken-x. In this talk, the measurements of vector boson production in the forward region, with and without an associated jet, will be presented. These measurements can be used to constrain the proton PDFs. In particular, the production of a Z boson in association with a c-jet can be studied to measure the intrinsic charm content of the proton.

Authors: LHCB COLLABORATION; RICCIARDI, Stefania (Science and Technology Facilities Council STFC (GB))

Presenter: LHCB COLLABORATION

Medium induced cascades and tr $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 11

Type: not specified

Medium induced cascades and transverse momentum dependence of gluon distribution

I would like to present recently obtained results for distribution of soft gluons that are produced by hard jet propagating through quark gluon plasma. The results are based on the papers: https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/JHEP04(2021)014

https://journals.aps.org/prc/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevC.102.044910

Author: KUTAK, Krzysztof (Instytut Fizyki Jadrowej Polskiej Akademii Nauk)

Presenter: KUTAK, Krzysztof (Instytut Fizyki Jadrowej Polskiej Akademii Nauk)

Contribution ID: 12

Type: not specified

Charmonia photo-production in ultra-peripheral and peripheral PbPb collisions with LHCb

In 2018, LHCb recorded ~ $210\mu b^{-1}$ integrated luminosity of PbPb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV. With an increase of the luminosity by a factor 20 compared to the previous 2015 PbPb dataset, precise measurements on photo-produced charmonia in ultra-peripheral collisions are foreseen. Moreover, the great momentum resolution of the detector allows to study photo-produced J/psi in collisions with a nuclear overlap. This new type of probe is sensitive to the geometry of the collisions but also to the electromagnetic field of the Pb nuclei. In this talk, we present the latest results on photo-production obtained by LHCb measurements in peripheral and ultra-peripheral PbPb collisions.

Author: NEUBERT, Sebastian (University of Bonn (DE))

Presenter: NEUBERT, Sebastian (University of Bonn (DE))

Contribution ID: 13

Type: not specified

Hard Diffraction at the LHC - Feasibility Studies and Experimental Aspects

Diffractive processes possible to be measured at the LHC will be briefly discussed. This includes soft (elastic scattering, exclusive meson pair production, diffractive bremsstrahlung) and hard (single and double Pomeron exchange jets, γ +jet, W/Z, jet-gap-jet, exclusive jets) processes as well as Beyond Standard Model phenomena (anomalous gauge couplings, magnetic monopoles).

Feasibility studies, on example of the ATLAS detector, will be presented. Finally, a brief discussion about possibility of having proton detectors in the vicinity of the LHCb Interaction Point (IP8) for the LHC Run 4 will be held.

Author: TRZEBINSKI, Maciej (Polish Academy of Sciences (PL))

Presenter: TRZEBINSKI, Maciej (Polish Academy of Sciences (PL))

/ Report of Contributions

Welcome

Contribution ID: 14

Type: not specified

Welcome

Monday 27 September 2021 14:00 (10 minutes)

Presenters: SCRIBANO MEMORIA, Angelo (Universita & INFN Pisa (IT)); ROYON, Christophe (The University of Kansas (US))

Recent results on PDFs and alph $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 15

Type: not specified

Recent results on PDFs and alpha_s from HERA (remote)

Monday 27 September 2021 14:30 (25 minutes)

Presenters: SARKAR, Amanda (University of Oxford (GB)); SARKAR, amanda **Session Classification:** PDFs and QCD session I

/ Report of Contributions

Parton distribution functions and …

Contribution ID: 16

Type: not specified

Parton distribution functions and intrinsic charm at LHCb

Monday 27 September 2021 14:55 (25 minutes)

Presenter: SÁNCHEZ GRAS, Cristina (Nikhef National institute for subatomic physics (NL)) **Session Classification:** PDFs and QCD session I

/ Report of Contributions

From small to large x: toward a u ...

Contribution ID: 17

Type: not specified

From small to large x: toward a unified formalism for particle production in high energy collisions

Monday 27 September 2021 14:10 (20 minutes)

Presenter: JALILIAN-MARIAN, Jamal (Baruch College) **Session Classification:** PDFs and QCD session I

/ Report of Contributions

Precision QCD measurements fro ...

Contribution ID: 18

Type: not specified

Precision QCD measurements from CMS

Monday 27 September 2021 15:20 (25 minutes)

Presenter: MAKELA, Toni (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE)) **Session Classification:** PDFs and QCD session I

The Diffractive Contribution to D $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 19

Type: not specified

The Diffractive Contribution to Deep Inelastic Lepton-Proton Scattering: Implications for QCD Momentum Sum Rules and Parton Distributions

Monday 27 September 2021 17:35 (25 minutes)

Presenter: BRODSKY, Stanley J. (SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford University) **Session Classification:** PDFs and QCD session II

/ Report of Contributions

Determination of proton parton d $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 20

Type: not specified

Determination of proton parton distribution functions using ATLAS data

Monday 27 September 2021 16:50 (25 minutes)

Presenter:ZHANG, Zhiqing Philippe (IJCLab, Orsay (FR))**Session Classification:**PDFs and QCD session II

A model description of spin- …

Contribution ID: 21

Type: not specified

A model description of spin-averaged and spin-dependent structure functions F (remote)

Presenter:BADELEK, Barbara (University of Warsaw (PL))**Session Classification:**PDFs and QCD session II

/ Report of Contributions

Discussion session: PDFs, QCD

Contribution ID: 22

Type: not specified

Discussion session: PDFs, QCD

Monday 27 September 2021 18:00 (35 minutes)

Presenters: MARQUET, Cyrille (CPHT - Ecole Polytechnique); COLFERAI, Dimitri (University of Florence); KUTAK, Krzysztof (Instytut Fizyki Jadrowej Polskiej Akademii Nauk)

Session Classification: PDFs and QCD session II

/ Report of Contributions

Search for BFKL signatures in C ...

Contribution ID: 23

Type: not specified

Search for BFKL signatures in CMS (remote)

Tuesday 28 September 2021 09:00 (25 minutes)

Presenter: CERCI, Salim (Adiyaman University (TR) - Istanbul University (TR)) **Session Classification:** BFKL, low x, saturation session I

/ Report of Contributions

Phenomenology studies of \cdots

Contribution ID: 24

Type: not specified

Phenomenology studies of Mueller-Tang and Mueller-Navelet jets (remote)

Tuesday 28 September 2021 15:55 (20 minutes)

Presenter: BALDENEGRO BARRERA, Cristian (The University of Kansas (US)) **Session Classification:** BFKL, low x, saturation session III

/ Report of Contributions

Two-particle correlations in multi- ···

Contribution ID: 25

Type: not specified

Two-particle correlations in multi-Regge kinematics (remote)

Tuesday 28 September 2021 09:45 (20 minutes)

Presenter: CHACHAMIS, Grigorios (LIP, Lisbon)

/ Report of Contributions

Mueller-Tang jets with Next-to- ···

Contribution ID: 26

Type: not specified

Mueller-Tang jets with Next-to-Leading Order Impact Factors

Tuesday 28 September 2021 10:05 (20 minutes)

Presenter: DEGANUTTI, Federico

Low-x 2021 / Report of Contributions

Is BFKL factorization valid for …

Contribution ID: 27

Type: not specified

Is BFKL factorization valid for Mueller-Tang jets?

Tuesday 28 September 2021 10:25 (20 minutes)

Presenter: COLFERAI, Dimitri (University of Florence)

/ Report of Contributions

Black disk radius constraint from …

Contribution ID: 28

Type: not specified

Black disk radius constraint from a gray disc model description of the pp cross-section

Tuesday 28 September 2021 11:10 (20 minutes)

Presenter: BAUTISTA GUZMAN, Irais (Centro de Investigación y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN (MX))

Phenomenology of the hadronic s \cdots

Contribution ID: 29

Type: not specified

Phenomenology of the hadronic structure at low-x (remote)

Tuesday 28 September 2021 11:30 (20 minutes)

Presenters: CELIBERTO, Francesco Giovanni (Università della Calabria and INFN Cosenza (Italy)); CE-LIBERTO, Francesco Giovanni (ECT*/FBK Trento & INFN-TIFPA)

Low-x 2021 / Repo

/ Report of Contributions

Twist analysis of the Balitsky- \cdots

Contribution ID: 30

Type: not specified

Twist analysis of the Balitsky-Kovchegov equation

Tuesday 28 September 2021 11:50 (20 minutes)

Presenter: MOTYKA, Leszek

LHCf experiment: current status ···

Contribution ID: 31

Type: not specified

LHCf experiment: current status and future prospect (remote)

Tuesday 28 September 2021 12:10 (25 minutes)

Presenter: ITOW, Yoshitaka

/ Report of Contributions

Discussion session: low x, BFKL

Contribution ID: 32

Type: not specified

Discussion session: low x, BFKL

Tuesday 28 September 2021 12:35 (35 minutes)

Presenters: MARQUET, Cyrille (CPHT - Ecole Polytechnique); COLFERAI, Dimitri (University of Florence); KUTAK, Krzysztof (Instytut Fizyki Jadrowej Polskiej Akademii Nauk)

/ Report of Contributions

RFT and Self-duality

Contribution ID: 33

Type: not specified

RFT and Self-duality

Tuesday 28 September 2021 09:25 (20 minutes)

Presenter: LUBLINSKY, Michael (Ben-Gurion University of the Negev (IL)) **Session Classification:** BFKL, low x, saturation session I

/ Report of Contributions

On transverse gluon polarization ···

Contribution ID: 34

Type: not specified

On transverse gluon polarization at small x

Tuesday 28 September 2021 14:30 (20 minutes)

Presenter: MARQUET, Cyrille (CPHT - Ecole Polytechnique) **Session Classification:** BFKL, low x, saturation session III

/ Report of Contributions

Forward dijets in proton-nucleus …

Contribution ID: 35

Type: not specified

Forward dijets in proton-nucleus collisions at next-to-leading order

Tuesday 28 September 2021 14:50 (20 minutes)

Presenter: MULIAN, Yair

Fixed multiplicity studies at the LHC

Contribution ID: 36

Type: not specified

Fixed multiplicity studies at the LHC

Presenters: SABIO VERA, Agustin; SABIO VERA, Agustin **Session Classification:** BFKL, low x, saturation session III

Unitarization of the BFKL Pomer ····

Contribution ID: 37

Type: not specified

Unitarization of the BFKL Pomeron states

Presenter: BARTELS, Jochen

Session Classification: BFKL, low x, saturation session III

/ Report of Contributions

New results on probing limitatio ...

Contribution ID: 38

Type: not specified

New results on probing limitations of collinear QCD in lepton-jet correlations (remote)

Tuesday 28 September 2021 17:55 (25 minutes)

Presenter: NACHMAN, Ben (Lawrence Berkeley National Lab. (US)) **Session Classification:** jets, final state, low x session I

/ Report of Contributions

Medium induced cascades and tr $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 39

Type: not specified

Medium induced cascades and transverse momentum dependence of gluon distribution

Tuesday 28 September 2021 15:35 (20 minutes)

Presenter: KUTAK, Krzysztof (Instytut Fizyki Jadrowej Polskiej Akademii Nauk) **Session Classification:** BFKL, low x, saturation session III

/ Report of Contributions

The LHC Spin project

Contribution ID: 40

Type: not specified

The LHC Spin project

Tuesday 28 September 2021 16:40 (25 minutes)

Presenters: SANTIMARIA, Marco (INFN e Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati (IT)); SANTIMARIA, Marco

Session Classification: jets, final state, low x session I

/ Report of Contributions

Discussion session: low x, BFKL, jets

Contribution ID: 41

Type: not specified

Discussion session: low x, BFKL, jets

Tuesday 28 September 2021 18:20 (40 minutes)

Presenters: MARQUET, Cyrille (CPHT - Ecole Polytechnique); COLFERAI, Dimitri (University of Florence); KUTAK, Krzysztof (Instytut Fizyki Jadrowej Polskiej Akademii Nauk)

Session Classification: jets, final state, low x session I

/ Report of Contributions

TOTEM results

Contribution ID: 42

Type: not specified

TOTEM results

Wednesday 29 September 2021 09:00 (20 minutes)

Presenter: NEMES, Frigyes Janos (CERN (also at Wigner RCP Budapest, Hungary)) **Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session I

The discovery of the odderon by t $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 43

Type: not specified

The discovery of the odderon by the D0 and TOTEM collaborations (remote)

Wednesday 29 September 2021 09:20 (20 minutes)

Presenters: AVILA BERNAL, Carlos Arturo (Universidad de los Andes); AVILA BERNAL, Carlos (Universidad de los Andes (CO))

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session I

/ Report of Contributions

Odderon: Lost or Found? (remote)

Contribution ID: 44

Type: not specified

Odderon: Lost or Found? (remote)

Wednesday 29 September 2021 10:00 (20 minutes)

Presenters: PETROV, Vladimir (Institute for High Energy Physics of NRC Kurchatov Institute (R); PETROV, Vladimir; PETROV, Vladimir (Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR)); PETROV, Vladimir

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session I

/ Report of Contributions

Properties of the Odderon extract ...

Contribution ID: 45

Type: not specified

Properties of the Odderon extracted from a meta-analysis of experimental data

Wednesday 29 September 2021 09:40 (20 minutes)

Presenter: CSORGO, Tamas (Wigner Research Centre for Physics (Wigner RCP) (HU)) **Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session I

/ Report of Contributions

Observation of Odderon Effects at …

Contribution ID: 46

Type: not specified

Observation of Odderon Effects at LHC energies - A Real Extended Bialas-Bzdak Model Study

Wednesday 29 September 2021 10:20 (20 minutes)

Presenters: SZANYI, Istvan (Hungarian Academy of Sciences (HU)); SZANYI, István (Eötvös Loránd University)

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session I

/ Report of Contributions

Single and double phi production ···

Contribution ID: 47

Type: not specified

Single and double phi production at the LHC: the role of odderon exchange (remote)

Friday 1 October 2021 10:35 (20 minutes)

Presenter: LEBIEDOWICZ, Piotr (Institute of Nuclear Physics PAN)

Session Classification: Vector meson session I

Contribution ID: 48

Type: not specified

FACET: a very forward multiparticle spectrometer from CMS

Wednesday 29 September 2021 11:40 (20 minutes)

Presenter: ALBROW, Michael (Fermi National Accelerator Lab. (US)) **Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session II

On holographics derivation of ba \cdots

Contribution ID: 49

Type: not specified

On holographics derivation of basic properties of QCD glueballs (remote)

Wednesday 29 September 2021 12:00 (20 minutes)

Presenter: MELNIKOV, Dmitry (Rutgers University)

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session II

/ Report of Contributions

From soft to hard diffraction in u ...

Contribution ID: 50

Type: not specified

From soft to hard diffraction in ultraperipheral collisions at the LHC

Wednesday 29 September 2021 12:20 (20 minutes)

Presenters: STRIKMAN, Mark; STRIKMAN, Mark (Penn State University); STRIKMAN, Mark (Pennsylvania State University (US))

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session II

/ Report of Contributions

Discussion session: odderon and \cdots

Contribution ID: 51

Type: not specified

Discussion session: odderon and soft physics

Wednesday 29 September 2021 12:40 (30 minutes)

Presenters: ROYON, Christophe (The University of Kansas (US)); OSTERBERG, Kenneth (University of Helsinki); OSTERBERG, Kenneth (Helsinki Institute of Physics (FI))

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session II

/ Report of Contributions

Diffractive results from CMS and …

Contribution ID: 52

Type: not specified

Diffractive results from CMS and TOTEM (remote)

Thursday 30 September 2021 16:00 (25 minutes)

Presenter: BALDENEGRO BARRERA, Cristian (The University of Kansas (US)) **Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session III

The CMS Precision Proton Spectr \cdots

Contribution ID: 53

Type: not specified

The CMS Precision Proton Spectrometer Project for the HL-LHC

Thursday 30 September 2021 14:30 (25 minutes)

Presenters: DEILE, Mario (CERN); DEILE, Mario (CERN) **Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session III

/ Report of Contributions

Overview of ATLAS forward pro ...

Contribution ID: 54

Type: not specified

Overview of ATLAS forward proton detectors for LHC Run 3 and plans for the HL-LHC (remote)

Thursday 30 September 2021 14:55 (25 minutes)

Presenter: LEWICKI, Maciej Piotr (Polish Academy of Sciences (PL)) **Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session III

/ Report of Contributions

Anomalous coupling studies with …

Contribution ID: 55

Type: not specified

Anomalous coupling studies with intact protons

Thursday 30 September 2021 15:20 (20 minutes)

Presenter:ROYON, Christophe (The University of Kansas (US))**Session Classification:**Diffraction and forward physics session III

Contribution ID: 56

Type: not specified

Study of anomalous exclusive t tbar protduction at the LHC

Thursday 30 September 2021 15:40 (20 minutes)

Presenter: BELLORA, Andrea (Universita e INFN Torino (IT))**Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session III

/ Report of Contributions

Inclusive diffractive production of \cdots

Contribution ID: 57

Type: not specified

Inclusive diffractive production of top quark(s)

Thursday 30 September 2021 16:25 (20 minutes)

Presenter: PITT, Michael (CERN)

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session III

/ Report of Contributions

The Precision Proton Spectromet ...

Contribution ID: 58

Type: not specified

The Precision Proton Spectrometer of CMS: performance and prospects

Thursday 30 September 2021 17:10 (25 minutes)

Presenter: SOLANO, Ada (Universita' di Torino e INFN (IT))Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session IV

/ Report of Contributions

Photon induced processes results ···

Contribution ID: 59

Type: not specified

Photon induced processes results from CMS

Thursday 30 September 2021 17:35 (25 minutes)

Presenter: RIBEIRO LOPES, Beatriz (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE)) **Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session IV

/ Report of Contributions

Photon-photon fusion measurem ····

Contribution ID: 60

Type: not specified

Photon-photon fusion measurements at ATLAS

Thursday 30 September 2021 18:00 (25 minutes)

Presenter: CIEŚLA, Krzysztof (Polish Academy of Sciences (PL)) **Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session IV

Hard Diffraction at the LHC - Fea …

Contribution ID: 61

Type: not specified

Hard Diffraction at the LHC - Feasibility Studies and Experimental Aspects

Thursday 30 September 2021 18:25 (20 minutes)

Presenter: TRZEBINSKI, Maciej (Polish Academy of Sciences (PL))**Session Classification:** Diffraction and forward physics session IV

/ Report of Contributions

Discussion session: inclusive and …

Contribution ID: 62

Type: not specified

Discussion session: inclusive and exclusive diffraction

Thursday 30 September 2021 18:45 (45 minutes)

Presenters: MOTYKA, Leszek; DEILE, Mario (CERN); ALBROW, Michael (Fermi National Accelerator Lab. (US)); AVATI, Valentina (AGH University of Science and Technology (PL))

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session IV

/ Report of Contributions

Collectivity in heavy ion interact ...

Contribution ID: 63

Type: not specified

Collectivity in heavy ion interactions at CMS

Thursday 30 September 2021 09:00 (25 minutes)

Presenter: KRINTIRAS, Georgios (The University of Kansas (US)) **Session Classification:** Heavy ion session

/ Report of Contributions

Light hadron and photon product …

Contribution ID: 64

Type: not specified

Light hadron and photon production in pPb collisions at LHCb (remote)

Thursday 30 September 2021 09:25 (25 minutes)

Presenters: BOETTCHER, Thomas (University of Cincinnati (US)); BOETTCHER, Thomas Julian (University of Michigan (US))

Session Classification: Heavy ion session

/ Report of Contributions

Probing initial state with photons ···

Contribution ID: 65

Type: not specified

Probing initial state with photons and neutral mesons in ALICE

Thursday 30 September 2021 09:50 (25 minutes)

Presenter: LUHDER, Jens Robert (Westfaelische Wilhelms-Universitaet Muenster (DE))

Session Classification: Heavy ion session

/ Report of Contributions

Top results in heavy ions in CMS

Contribution ID: 66

Type: not specified

Top results in heavy ions in CMS

Thursday 30 September 2021 10:15 (25 minutes)

Presenter: ALCERRO ALCERRO, Luis (The University of Kansas (US)) **Session Classification:** Heavy ion session

/ Report of Contributions

Measurement of W and Z boson p $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 67

Type: not specified

Measurement of W and Z boson production in association with jets at ATLAS

Thursday 30 September 2021 11:25 (25 minutes)

Presenter: FABBRI, Laura (Universita e INFN, Bologna (IT)) **Session Classification:** Heavy ion - Vector boson session

/ Report of Contributions

V+jets results from CMS

Contribution ID: 68

Type: not specified

V+jets results from CMS

Thursday 30 September 2021 11:50 (25 minutes)

Presenters: CANDELISE, Vieri (Universita di Roma I "La Sapienza"-Universita & INFN, Roma I); CANDELISE, Vieri (Universita e INFN Trieste (IT))

/ Report of Contributions

Vector-boson scattering, diboson ···

Contribution ID: 69

Type: not specified

Vector-boson scattering, diboson and triboson production at ATLAS

Thursday 30 September 2021 12:15 (25 minutes)

Presenter: SAMPSONIDOU, Despoina (Tsung-Dao Lee Institute (CN) & Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ. (CN))

/ Report of Contributions

Charmonia photo-production in ···

Contribution ID: 70

Type: not specified

Charmonia photo-production in ultra-peripheral and peripheral PbPb collisions with LHCb (remote)

Thursday 30 September 2021 11:00 (25 minutes)

Presenters: DUAN, Weisong (South China Normal University (CN)); DUAN, Weisong (South China Normal University)

/ Report of Contributions

Discussion: heavy ions, vector bo ...

Contribution ID: 71

Type: not specified

Discussion: heavy ions, vector bosons

Thursday 30 September 2021 12:40 (30 minutes)

Presenters: KRINTIRAS, Georgios (The University of Kansas (US)); BAUTISTA GUZMAN, Irais (Centro de Investigación y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN (MX))

/ Report of Contributions

Jet cross section measurements in ···

Contribution ID: 72

Type: not specified

Jet cross section measurements in CMS (remote)

Tuesday 28 September 2021 17:05 (25 minutes)

Presenter: SUNAR CERCI, Deniz (Adiyaman University (TR) - Istanbul University (TR)) **Session Classification:** jets, final state, low x session I

/ Report of Contributions

Precision measurements of jet pr ...

Contribution ID: 73

Type: not specified

Precision measurements of jet production at the ATLAS experiment (remote)

Tuesday 28 September 2021 17:30 (25 minutes)

Presenter: GIULI, Francesco (INFN e Universita Roma Tor Vergata (IT)) **Session Classification:** jets, final state, low x session I

/ Report of Contributions

Elastic photon-initiated producti ...

Contribution ID: 74

Type: not specified

Elastic photon-initiated production at the LHC: the role of hadron-hadron interactions (remote)

Wednesday 29 September 2021 11:20 (20 minutes)

Presenter:HARLAND-LANG, Lucian (University of Oxford)Session Classification:Diffraction and forward physics session II

Forward hadronization and the m $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 75

Type: not specified

Forward hadronization and the muon puzzle in air showers

Tuesday 28 September 2021 15:10 (25 minutes)

Presenter: PIEROG, Tanguy (KIT) **Session Classification:** BFKL, low x, saturation session III

J\psi polarization in high multipli \cdots

Contribution ID: 76

Type: not specified

J\psi polarization in high multiplicity hadronic collisions

Monday 27 September 2021 16:30 (20 minutes)

Presenters: STEBEL, Tomasz (Institute of Theoretical Physics Jagiellonian University); STEBEL, Tomasz (CERN)

Session Classification: PDFs and QCD session II

Low-x 2021 / Report of Contributions

ATLAS results on charmonium p $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 77

Type: not specified

ATLAS results on charmonium production

Session Classification: Final state session

/ Report of Contributions

Direct measurement of short-lived …

Contribution ID: 78

Type: not specified

Direct measurement of short-lived particle dipole moments at the LHC

Monday 27 September 2021 16:10 (20 minutes)

Presenter: NERI, Nicola (Università degli Studi e INFN Milano (IT)) **Session Classification:** PDFs and QCD session II

Measurements of prompt photon ···

Contribution ID: 79

Type: not specified

Measurements of prompt photon production with the ATLAS detector

Friday 1 October 2021 09:00 (25 minutes)

Presenter: CAMARERO MUNOZ, Daniel (Universidad Autonoma de Madrid (ES))

Low-x 2021 / Report of Contributions

Discussion session: jets, final stat \cdots

Contribution ID: 80

Type: not specified

Discussion session: jets, final state, quarkonia

Session Classification: Final state session

/ Report of Contributions

Recent results on vector meson p ...

Contribution ID: 81

Type: not specified

Recent results on vector meson production, particle multiplicity spectra and particle correlations at HERA

Friday 1 October 2021 09:25 (25 minutes)

Presenter: RUSPA, Marta (Universita e INFN Torino (IT)) **Session Classification:** Vector meson session I

/ Report of Contributions

Recent ALICE results on vector m ...

Contribution ID: 82

Type: not specified

Recent ALICE results on vector meson photoproduction

Friday 1 October 2021 09:50 (25 minutes)

Presenter: RAGONI, Simone (University of Birmingham (GB))

Gluon-gluon fusion for productio $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 83

Type: not specified

Gluon-gluon fusion for production of light isoscalar mesons (remote)

Friday 1 October 2021 10:15 (20 minutes)

Presenter: SZCZUREK, Antoni (Institute of Nuclear Physics)

/ Report of Contributions

Open slot

Contribution ID: 84

Type: not specified

Open slot

/ Report of Contributions

tba

Contribution ID: 85

Type: not specified

tba

Presenter:MCNULTY, Ronan (University College Dublin (IE))Session Classification:Diffraction and forward physics session II

Semiexclusive dilepton productio \cdots

Contribution ID: 86

Type: not specified

Semiexclusive dilepton production in proton-proton collisions with one forward proton measurement at the LHC (remote)

Friday 1 October 2021 11:20 (20 minutes)

Presenters: LINEK, Barbara; LUSZCZAK, Marta (University of Rzeszow) **Session Classification:** Vector meson session II

Inclusive Higgs-Jet production in …

Contribution ID: 87

Type: not specified

Inclusive Higgs-Jet production in high-energy hadron collisions (remote)

Friday 1 October 2021 11:40 (20 minutes)

Presenter: MOHAMMED, Mohammed Maher Abdelrahim (University of Calabria and INFN - Gruppo collegato di Cosenza)

/ Report of Contributions

Rho photoproduction in ALICE (r \cdots

Contribution ID: 88

Type: not specified

Rho photoproduction in ALICE (remote)

Friday 1 October 2021 12:00 (25 minutes)

Presenter: KLEIN, Spencer Robert (Lawrence Berkeley National Lab. (US)) **Session Classification:** Vector meson session II

/ Report of Contributions

Discussion: Vector mesons

Contribution ID: 89

Type: not specified

Discussion: Vector mesons

Friday 1 October 2021 12:25 (30 minutes)

Presenters: KRINTIRAS, Georgios (The University of Kansas (US)); BAUTISTA GUZMAN, Irais (Centro de Investigación y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN (MX))

/ Report of Contributions

Workshop Conclusion

Contribution ID: 90

Type: not specified

Workshop Conclusion

Friday 1 October 2021 12:55 (10 minutes)

Presenters: SCRIBANO MEMORIA, Angelo (Universita & INFN Pisa (IT)); ROYON, Christophe (The University of Kansas (US))

Contribution ID: 91

Type: not specified

Direct measurement of short-lived particle dipole moments at the LHC

Magnetic and electric dipole moments of fundamental particles provide powerful probes for physics within and beyond the Standard Model. For the case of short-lived particles these have not been experimentally accessible to date due to the difficulties imposed by their short lifetimes. A unique program of direct measurements of electromagnetic dipole moments of strange and charm baryons, and ultimately the tau lepton, at the LHC is proposed. Novel experimental techniques have been developed, along with feasibility studies and projected sensitivities for different luminosity scenarios.

Authors: NERI, Nicola (Università degli Studi e INFN Milano (IT)); MARTINEZ VIDAL, Fernando (IFIC - University of Valencia and CSIC (ES))

Presenter: NERI, Nicola (Università degli Studi e INFN Milano (IT))

Low-x 2021 / Report of Contributions

Twist analysis of the Balitsky- \cdots

Contribution ID: 92

Type: not specified

Twist analysis of the Balitsky-Kovchegov equation

We perform a twist decomposition of the proton structure functions that evolve according to the Balitsky-Kovchegov equation at the LL order. Using the Mellin space technique we isolate the linear (BFKL) effects and the non-linear (BK) corrections for the leading and subleading twist contributions.

Authors: MOTYKA, Leszek; SADZIKOWSKI, Mariusz (Jagiellonian University)

Presenter: MOTYKA, Leszek

Summary of the odderon discove \cdots

Contribution ID: 93

Type: not specified

Summary of the odderon discovery (remote)

Wednesday 29 September 2021 10:40 (20 minutes)

Presenters: OSTERBERG, Kenneth (University of Helsinki); OSTERBERG, Kenneth (Helsinki Institute of Physics (FI))

Session Classification: Diffraction and forward physics session I

Contribution ID: 94

Type: not specified

Black disk radius constraint from a gray disk model description of the pp cross-section

We use a two-function interplay model parametrization to describe data of the pp cross-section by the increase of matter density to the black disk saturation limit and the radial expansion through the growth of the overlap area based on a geometric scaling model. We argue two mechanisms responsible for the growth of high energy cross-sections in pp collisions by using data on different species we found a parametrization of the radial expansion as a function of energy consistent with unitarity.

Author: BAUTISTA GUZMAN, Irais (Centro de Investigación y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN (MX))

Presenter: BAUTISTA GUZMAN, Irais (Centro de Investigación y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN (MX))

Contribution ID: 95

Type: not specified

Elastic photon-initiated production at the LHC: the role of hadron-hadron interactions

We discuss the role of additional hadron-hadron interactions in elastic photon-initiated production at the LHC, both in proton and heavy ion collisions. We in particular assess different sources of uncertainty associated with these cross sections, and compare with other calculations in the literature. A key result of our analysis is that the uncertainty associated with the survival factor is small, and it is only by taking very extreme and rather unphysical variations in the modelling of the survival factor that significant differences in the predicted cross sections. This underlines the basic, rather model independent, point that a significant fraction of elastic photon-initatied scattering occurs for hadron-hadron impact parameters that are simply outside the range of QCD interactions, and hence this sets a lower bound on the survival factor in any physically reasonable approach.

Authors: Dr HARLAND-LANG, Lucian (University of Oxford); RYSKIN, Mikhail (Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute); KHOZE, Valery (University of Durham (GB))

Presenter: Dr HARLAND-LANG, Lucian (University of Oxford)

Contribution ID: 96

Type: not specified

Mueller-Tang jets with Next-toLeading Order Impact Factors

We present, the results of a phenomenology analysis at Next-to-Leading accuracy for the Mueller-Tang jet process, where two jets separated by a large rapidity interval and no other radiation are observed. This process is of high interest, as one might be able to investigate Balitsky-Fadin-Kuraev-Lipatov (BFKL) dynamics which emerges in the high-energy limit of quantum chromodynamics (QCD).

Two are the key ingredients in the BFKL framework. The Gluon-Green 4-point function (GGF) a, process independent, universal object that is exchanged in the collision and the Impact-Factors (IF) which couple the GGF with the external probes.

The novelty in this study consists in including in the analysis also the NLO corrections of the IFs. Aside from the expected complications due to the NLO IF enriched topology, a more puzzling problem emerged during this study. The precise observable definition enforced also at experimental level preclude a construction featuring the high-energy factorization, namely the separation of IF and GGF so that all the BFKL resummed enhancing factors can be cast into the GGF alone.

On the experimental side, fair agreement has been found between BFKL predictions and Tevatron data. The CMS experiment has presented results at collision energies of 7 and 13 TeV. However, no clear-cut evidence of the BFKL dynamics can be claimed yet. To confirm and distinguish the role of the underling BFKL dynamics a complete analysis at NLO is needed. In this talk, we present progress toward such a task. We recall some of the difficulties encountered along the way, with emphasis on the mentioned breaking of the high-energy factorization and compare the predictions to the CMS findings at 13 TeV.

Authors: ROYON, Christophe (University of Kansas); DEGANUTTI, Federico; COFERAI, Dimitri (Universita' degli studi di Firenze)

Presenter: DEGANUTTI, Federico

Contribution ID: 97

Type: not specified

Precision QCD measurements from CMS

Jet production is an important probe of both QCD and new physics. Recent CMS measurements involving jet production are presented. In particular, the CMS 13 TeV inclusive jet data are used in a QCD analysis together with HERA inclusive deep inelastic scattering and CMS 13 TeV tripledifferential top quark-antiquark pair production cross sections. The parton distributions and the strong coupling constant are extracted simultaneously. Further, a standard model effective field theory analysis is performed, in which the standard model is extended with 4-quark contact interactions, resulting in a first-ever simultaneous extraction of the contact interactions' Wilson coefficient together with the standard model parameters using the LHC data.

Authors: CMS, Collaboration; MAKELA, Toni (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))

Presenter: MAKELA, Toni (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))

Contribution ID: 98

Type: not specified

From soft to hard diffraction in ultraperipheral collisions at tLHC

We review a number of coherent phenomena which are studied in the ultraperipheral collisions (UPC) at the LHC. In particular, we demonstrate that much larger shadowing for coherent rhomeson production than in the Glauber model naturally emerges in the color fluctuation picture of high energy hadron –nucleon interaction. We also demonstrate that the theory of the leading twist gluon shadowing correctly predicted large suppression of the γ A->J/ ψ A production as compared to the impulse approximation as well as the increase of the slope of the cross section. We explain that in long run studies of the UPC processes would probe x at least as small as x=10-4. Such studies would allow to test proximity of the scales of the onset of black disk regime for protons and heavy nuclei. Several other UPC processes will be considered as well.

Author: Prof. STRIKMAN, Mark (Penn State University)

Presenter: Prof. STRIKMAN, Mark (Penn State University)

Contribution ID: 99

Type: not specified

Inclusive Higgs-Jet production in high-energy hadron collisions

We present recent BFKL phenomenological results for the inclusive production of a Higgs in association with a jet, as a testfield for the semi-hard regime of QCD. We show how the large energy scales provided by the emission of a Higgs boson stabilize the BFKL series, and discuss the possible extension of this work in the full NLA BFKL analysis, by including the NLO jet impact factor, with a realistic implementation of the jet selection function, and the NLO forward-Higgs impact factor.

Authors: CELIBERTO, Francesco Giovanni (ECT*/FBK Trento & INFN-TIFPA); FUCILLA, Michael (Università della Calabria & INFN-Cosenza); IVANOV, Dmitry Yu (Sobolev Institute of Mathematics); MOHAMMED, Mohammed Maher Abdelrahim (Università della Calabria & INFN-Cosenza); PAPA, Alessandro (Università della Calabria & INFN-Cosenza)

Presenter: MOHAMMED, Mohammed Maher Abdelrahim (Università della Calabria & INFN-Cosenza)

Contribution ID: 100

Type: not specified

Speeding up machine learning-based inference for Hadronic physics via Hadamard matrices

Recent research by CERN has revealed machine learning-driven capabilities for the identification of proton-proton collisions at LHC for reanalysis. While this work and other previous works also work on speeding up inference via the machine learning algorithm, in this work we propose harnessing Hadamard matrices for faster inference at the model level. Machine learning algorithms for classification tasks have a variety of use cases and applications. One model type, the artificial neural network, has become increasingly popularized over the last decades, with fascinating applications in computer vision and elsewhere. Such classifier algorithms have a number of parameters and yield a per-class value. In this work, we discuss the use of a Hadamard matrix to initialize the classifier, which in turn speeds up inference. The aforementioned matrix is positioned at the final classification transform, which yields two primary benefits. Firstly, it is a deterministic, low-memory, and easily generated matrix that can be used to classify. Secondly, it removes the need to perform matrix-matrix multiplication. By speeding up performance, we can enable further state-of-the-art results on many tasks that have immense applicability in Hadron physics at LHC.

Author: CHEN, Thomas (Academy for Mathematics, Science, and Engineering)Presenter: CHEN, Thomas (Academy for Mathematics, Science, and Engineering)

/ Report of Contributions

Speeding up machine learning- ···

Contribution ID: 101

Type: not specified

Speeding up machine learning-based inference for Hadronic physics via Hadamard matrices

Monday 27 September 2021 17:15 (20 minutes)

Presenter: CHEN, Thomas (Academy for Mathematics, Science, and Engineering) **Session Classification:** PDFs and QCD session II