

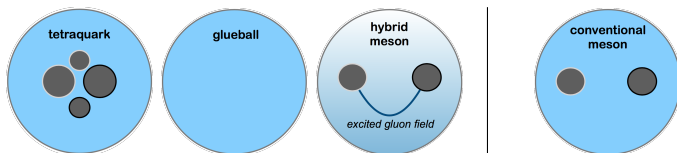
# Computing hybrid static potentials at short quark-antiquark separations from fine lattices in $SU(3)$ Yang-Mills theory

**Carolin Schlosser**  
schlosser@itp.uni-frankfurt.de

in collaboration with Marc Wagner

38th International Symposium on Lattice Field Theory  
July 26-30, 2021

# Non-quark model mesons



- active field of research, both theoretically and experimentally

[ E. Braaten, C. Langmack, D. H. Smith, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 112 (2014), 222001 [arXiv:1401.7351 [hep-ph]]

[ C. A. Meyer, E. S. Swanson, *Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys.* 82 (2015), 21-58 [arXiv:1502.07276 [hep-ph]]

[ E. S. Swanson, *AIP Conf. Proc.* 1735 (2016) no.1, 020013 [arXiv:1512.04853 [hep-ph]]

[ S. L. Olsen, T. Skwarnicki, D. Zieminska, *Rev. Mod. Phys.* 90 (2018) no.1, 015003 [arXiv:1708.04012 [hep-ph]]

[ N. Brambilla, S. Eidelman, C. Hanhart, A. Nefediev, C. P. Shen, C. E. Thomas, A. Vairo, C. Z. Yuan, *Phys. Rept.* 873 (2020), 1-154

[arXiv:1907.07583 [hep-ex]]

...

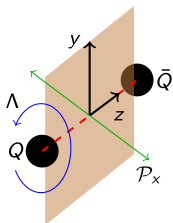
## Heavy hybrid meson

Heavy quark and antiquark surrounded by an excited gluon field

→ *hybrid static potential*

## Hybrid static potentials

= gluonic static energy between quark and antiquark in a distance  $r$



**Quantum numbers**  $\Lambda_\eta^\epsilon$  e.g.  $\Sigma_g^+$ ,  $\Pi_u$ ,  $\Sigma_u^-$

$\Lambda = \Sigma, \Pi, \dots$  orbital angular momentum along quark separation axis  $L_z$

$\eta = u, g$  combination of parity and charge conjugation  $P \circ C$

$\epsilon = +, -$  spatial inversion  $P_x$

- excited gluon field contributes to the quantum numbers of the meson

$\Rightarrow$  exotic meson quantum numbers  $J^{PC}$  possible

$$P = (-1)^{L+1+\Lambda}$$

$$C = \eta \epsilon (-1)^{L+S+\Lambda}$$

$\Lambda_\eta^\epsilon$	$L$	$J^{PC}$	
		$S = 0$	$S = 1$
$\Sigma_u^-$	0	$0^{++}$	$1^{+-}$
	1	$1^{--}$	$\{0, 1, 2\}^{+-}$
	2	$2^{++}$	$\{1, 2, 3\}^{+-}$
$\Pi_u^-$	1	$1^{++}$	$\{0, 1, 2\}^{+-}$
	2	$2^{--}$	$\{1, 2, 3\}^{+-}$
$\Pi_u^+$	1	$1^{--}$	$\{0, 1, 2\}^{+-}$
	2	$2^{++}$	$\{1, 2, 3\}^{+-}$

# Hybrid static potentials

- Computation of spectra of  $\bar{b}b$  and  $\bar{c}c$  hybrid mesons in the Born-Oppenheimer approximation

[S. Perantonis and C. Michael, Nuclear Physics B 347 no. 3, (1990) 854 – 868]

[K. J. Juge, J. Kuti and C. J. Morningstar, Nucl. Phys. Proc. Suppl. 63, 326 (1998) [hep-lat/9709131]]

[E. Braaten, C. Langmack and D. H. Smith, Phys. Rev. D 90, 014044 (2014) [arXiv:1402.0438 [hep-ph]]]

[R. Onocala and J. Soto, Phys. Rev. D96 no. 1, (2017) 014004, arXiv:1702.03900 [hep-ph]]

[S. Capitani, O. Philipsen, C. Reisinger, C. Riehl and M. Wagner, Phys. Rev. D 99, no. 3, 034502 (2019) [arXiv:1811.11046 [hep-lat]]]

- Matching coefficients for potential Non-Relativistic QCD

[M. Berwein, N. Brambilla, J. Tarrus Castella and A. Vairo, Phys. Rev. D 92, 114019 (2015) [arXiv:1510.04299 [hep-ph]]]

# Hybrid static potentials

- Computation of spectra of  $\bar{b}b$  and  $\bar{c}c$  hybrid mesons in the Born-Oppenheimer approximation

[S. Perantonis and C. Michael, Nuclear Physics B 347 no. 3, (1990) 854 – 868]

[K. J. Juge, J. Kuti and C. J. Morningstar, Nucl. Phys. Proc. Suppl. 63, 326 (1998) [hep-lat/9709131]]

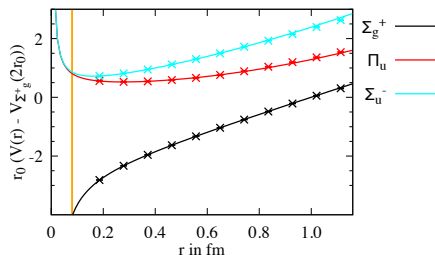
[E. Braaten, C. Langmack and D. H. Smith, Phys. Rev. D 90, 014044 (2014) [arXiv:1402.0438 [hep-ph]]]

[R. Oncala and J. Soto, Phys. Rev. D 96 no. 1, (2017) 014004, arXiv:1702.03900 [hep-ph]]

[S. Capitani, O. Philipsen, C. Reisinger, C. Riehl and M. Wagner, Phys. Rev. D 99, no. 3, 034502 (2019) [arXiv:1811.11046 [hep-lat]]]

- Matching coefficients for potential Non-Relativistic QCD

[M. Berwein, N. Brambilla, J. Tarrus Castella and A. Vairo, Phys. Rev. D 92, 114019 (2015) [arXiv:1510.04299 [hep-ph]]]



→ so far based on lattice data at  
 $r \gtrsim 0.16$  fm

⇒ New  $SU(3)$  lattice results at  $r$  as  
 small as **0.08 fm**

# Simulations at small lattice spacings

$\beta$	6.00	6.284	6.451	6.594
$a$	0.093 fm	0.060 fm	0.048 fm	0.040 fm

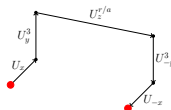
[S. Necco and R. Sommer, Nucl. Phys. B 622 (2002) 328–346, arXiv:hep-lat/0108008.]

- $SU(3)$  gauge field configurations generated with a Monte Carlo heatbath algorithm and standard Wilson plaquette action
- Isotropic lattices with volume  $T \times L^3 \approx (2.4 \text{ fm}) \times (1.2 \text{ fm})^3$
- Multilevel algorithm [M. Lüscher and P. Weisz, JHEP 09 (2001), 010 [arXiv:hep-lat/0108014 [hep-lat]]]
- Optimized hybrid static potential creation operators

[S. Capitani, O. Philipsen, C. Reisinger, C. Riehl and M. Wagner, Phys. Rev. D 99, no. 3, 034502 (2019)

[arXiv:1811.11046 [hep-lat]]]

- $APE$ -smearing of spatial links optimized at each lattice spacing
- Tree-level improved separations  $r \rightarrow r_{\text{improved}}$



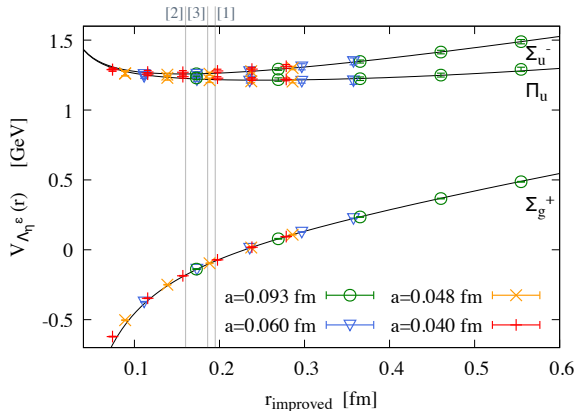
# Lattice results for hybrid static potentials

- new  $SU(3)$  lattice data at separations as small as  $r \cong 0.08$  fm
- previous lattice data at separations  $r \gtrsim 0.16$  fm

[1] [K. J. Juge, J. Kuti and C. J. Morningstar, Nucl. Phys. Proc. Suppl. 63, 326 (1998) [hep-lat/9709131]]

[2] [G. S. Bali and A. Pineda, Phys. Rev., D69, 094001 (2004), arXiv:hep-ph/0310130 [hep-ph]]

[3] [S. Capitani, O. Philipsen, C. Reisinger, C. Riehl and M. Wagner, Phys. Rev. D 99, no. 3, 034502 (2019) [arXiv:1811.11046 [hep-lat]]]



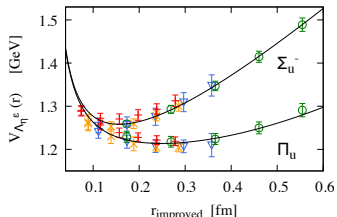
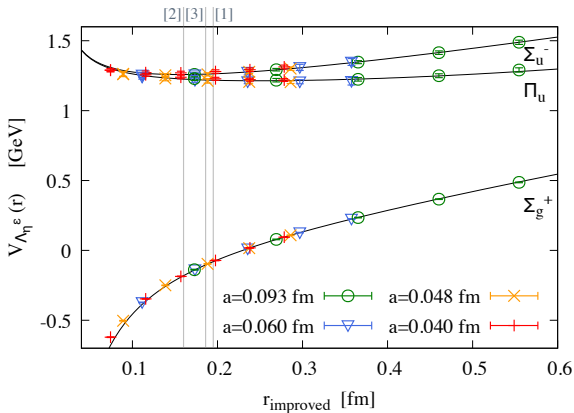
# Lattice results for hybrid static potentials

- new  $SU(3)$  lattice data at separations as small as  $r \approx 0.08$  fm
- previous lattice data at separations  $r \gtrsim 0.16$  fm

[1] [K. J. Juge, J. Kuti and C. J. Morningstar, Nucl. Phys. Proc. Suppl. 63, 326 (1998) [hep-lat/9709131]]

[2] [G. S. Bali and A. Pineda, Phys. Rev., D69, 094001 (2004), arXiv:hep-ph/0310130 [hep-ph]]

[3] [S. Capitani, O. Philipsen, C. Reisinger, C. Riehl and M. Wagner, Phys. Rev. D 99, no. 3, 034502 (2019) [arXiv:1811.11046 [hep-lat]]]



$$V_{\Pi_u/\Sigma_u^-}(r) = \frac{a}{r} + b + \mathcal{O}(r^2)$$

[M. Berwein, N. Brambilla, J. Tarrus Castella

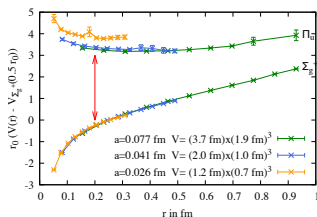
and A. Vairo, Phys. Rev. D 92, 114019 (2015)

[arXiv:1510.04299 [hep-ph]]]

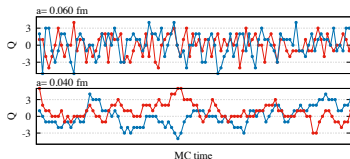


# Excluding possible systematic errors

- Finite volume effects
  - sizable spatial volume dependence of the ordinary static potential and hybrid static potentials, when the volume is smaller than  $\approx (1.0 \text{ fm})^3$
  - for  $L^3 \approx (1.2 \text{ fm})^3$  already negligible compared to statistical errors



- Topological freezing
  - = Rare tunneling between topological sectors when approaching continuum (lattice spacing  $a \rightarrow 0$ )
  - topological charge distribution is still sampled correctly by the algorithm at all lattice spacings



# Possible glueball decay at small separations

- For sufficiently small  $r$ : energy difference  $V_{\Lambda_\eta^\epsilon} - V_{\Sigma_g^+}$  is large enough such that the hybrid flux tube can dissolve into a glueball and the  $\Sigma_g^+$  flux tube

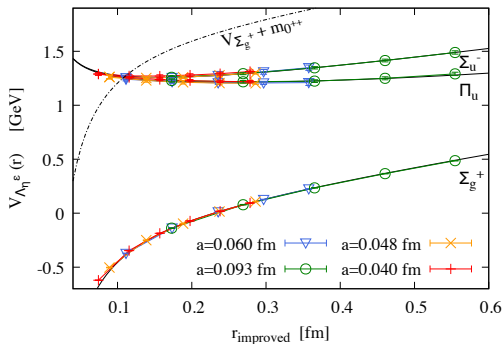


Figure: Minimal energy for a decay into the lightest glueball  $0^{++}$ .

- $\Sigma_u^-$ : decay into lightest  $0^{++}$  - glueball not allowed due to symmetry

# Summary & Outlook

## Summary

- $SU(3)$  lattice results for ordinary and hybrid static potentials  $\Sigma_g^+$ ,  $\Pi_u$  and  $\Sigma_u^-$  at four small lattice spacings  $a = 0.040 \text{ fm} \dots 0.093 \text{ fm}$
- Excluded systematic errors from topological freezing and finite volume effects
- Glueball decay at small separations
  - Decay of  $\Sigma_u^-$  into  $0^{++} + \Sigma_g^+$  not allowed

## Outlook

- Higher hybrid static potentials at small separations
- Computation of heavy hybrid meson spectrum based on new lattice results at small  $r$

Thank you!