

# Semileptonic Form Factors for $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ decays

Ryan Hill

J. Flynn, A. Jüttner, A. Soni, J. T. Tsang, O. Witzel  
RBC-UKQCD

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UNIVERSITY OF  
Southampton



## The RBC & UKQCD collaborations

### [UC Berkeley/LBNL](#)

Aaron Meyer

### [BNL and BNL/RBRC](#)

Yasumichi Aoki (KEK)  
Peter Boyle (Edinburgh)  
Taku Izubuchi  
Yong-Chull Jang  
Chulwoo Jung  
Christopher Kelly  
Meifeng Lin  
Hiroshi Ohki  
Shigemi Ohta (KEK)  
Amarjit Soni

### [CERN](#)

Andreas Jüttner (Southampton)

### [Columbia University](#)

Norman Christ  
Duo Guo  
Yikai Huo  
Yong-Chull Jang  
Joseph Karpie  
Bob Mawhinney  
Ahmed Sheta  
Bigeng Wang  
Tianle Wang  
Yidi Zhao

### [University of Connecticut](#)

Tom Blum  
Luchang Jin (RBRC)  
Michael Riberdy  
Masaaki Tomii

### [Edinburgh University](#)

Matteo Di Carlo  
Luigi Del Debbio  
Felix Erben  
Vera Gülpers  
Tim Harris  
Raoul Hodgson  
Nelson Lachini  
Michael Marshall  
Fionn Ó hÓgáin  
Antonin Portelli  
James Richings  
Azusa Yamaguchi  
Andrew Z.N. Yong

### [KEK](#)

Julien Frison

### [University of Liverpool](#)

Nicolas Garron

### [Michigan State University](#)

Dan Hoying

### [Milano Bicocca](#)

Mattia Bruno

### [Peking University](#)

Xu Feng

### [University of Regensburg](#)

Davide Giusti  
Christoph Lehner (BNL)

### [University of Siegen](#)

Matthew Black  
Oliver Witzel

### [University of Southampton](#)

Nils Asmussen  
Alessandro Barone  
Jonathan Flynn  
Ryan Hill  
Rajnandini Mukherjee  
Chris Sachrajda

### [University of Southern Denmark](#)

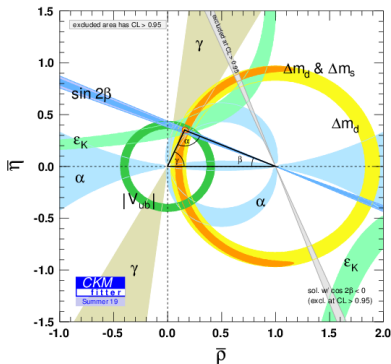
Tobias Tsang

### [Stony Brook University](#)

Jun-Sik Yoo  
Sergey Syritsyn (RBRC)

# Motivation

- Test unitarity of CKM matrix
- 2-3 $\sigma$  discrepancy between exclusive ( $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ ) and inclusive ( $B \rightarrow X_{ul} l \nu$ )
- Lepton universality ratio predictions



CKMfitter Group (J. Charles et al.), Eur. Phys. J. C41,  
1-131 (2005) [hep-ph/0406184], updated results and  
plots available at: <http://ckmfitter.in2p3.fr>

- Differential  $B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$  decay rate:

$$\underbrace{\frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu)}{dq^2}}_{\text{Experiment}} = \underbrace{|V_{ub}|^2}_{\text{CKM}} \times \left( \kappa_1 \underbrace{|f_+(q^2)|^2}_{\text{non-pert.}} + \kappa_2 \underbrace{|f_0(q^2)|^2}_{\text{non-pert.}} \right)$$

$$q^\mu = p_B^\mu - p_\pi^\mu$$

$\kappa$  — Known factors

- Requires a theoretical computation of the form factors:

$$\langle \pi(\vec{p}) | \mathcal{V}^\mu | B \rangle = 2f_+(q^2) \left( p_B^\mu - \frac{p_B \cdot q}{q^2} q^\mu \right) + f_0(q^2) \left( \frac{M_B^2 - M_\pi^2}{q^2} q^\mu \right)$$

$$\mathcal{V}^\mu = \bar{u} \gamma^\mu b$$

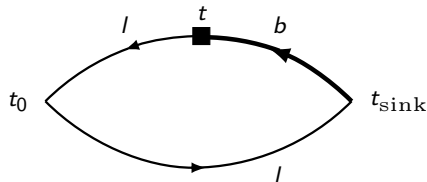
- RHQ Action for  $b$  quarks, Columbia interpretation

[Christ et al. PRD 76 (2007) 074505] [Lin and Christ PRD 76 (2007) 074506]

- Builds on original Fermilab action [El-Khadra et al. PRD 55 (1997) 3933]
- Related to Tsukuba interpretation [S. Aoki et al. PTP 109 (2003) 383]
- Clover action with anisotropic clover term
- Uses 3 parameters ( $m_0 a, c_p, \zeta$ ) that can be non-pertubatively tuned to remove  $\mathcal{O}((m_0 a)^n)$ ,  $\mathcal{O}(\vec{p}a)$ ,  $\mathcal{O}((\vec{p}a)(m_0 a)^n)$  errors [PRD 86 (2012) 116003]
- Shamir DWF for  $l, s$
- Use improvement terms to get one-loop improved **vector current**

	$L^3 \times T / a^4$	$a^{-1} / \text{GeV}$	$m_\pi / \text{MeV}$
C1	$24^3 \times 64$	1.78	340
C2	$24^3 \times 64$	1.78	430
M1	$32^3 \times 64$	2.38	300
M2	$32^3 \times 64$	2.38	360
M3	$32^3 \times 64$	2.38	410
F1S	$48^3 \times 96$	2.77	270
C0*	$48^3 \times 96$	1.73	139

- 2+1f ensembles: Degenerate light quark
- Sea quarks: Shamir domain-wall fermions
- **F1S** ensemble: new for this analysis
- \*Physical pion ensemble C0 planned for future inclusion.



- Quark propagator  $(t_0 \xrightarrow{l} t)$
- Sequential propagator  $(t_0 \xrightarrow{l} t_{\text{sink}} \xrightarrow{b} t)$
- Contract propagators at  $t$
- Smeared point sources
- Project  $B$  meson to rest frame; momentum given to final state

- Start by finding the parallel and perpendicular form factors  $f_{\parallel}$  and  $f_{\perp}$
- Simpler to relate to lattice data in the rest frame of the  $B$ -meson:

$$f_{\parallel} = \frac{\langle \pi | \mathcal{V}^0 | B \rangle}{\sqrt{2M_B}} \quad f_{\perp} p^i = \frac{\langle \pi | \mathcal{V}^i | B \rangle}{\sqrt{2M_B}}$$

- Neatly separates into spatial and temporal components
- Can form linear combinations to find  $f_0$  and  $f_+$ :

$$f_0(q^2) = \frac{\sqrt{2M_B}}{M_B^2 + E_{\pi}^2} \left[ (M_B - E_{\pi}) f_{\parallel}(q^2) + (E_{\pi}^2 - M_{\pi}^2) f_{\perp}(q^2) \right]$$

$$f_+(q^2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2M_B}} \left[ f_{\parallel}(q^2) + (M_B - E_{\pi}) f_{\perp}(q^2) \right]$$



- Make plateau fits to the ratio of 3pt and 2pt functions:

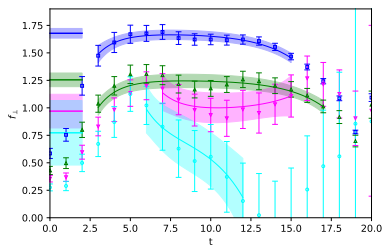
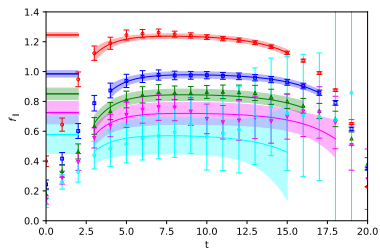
$$\langle \pi^{(0)} | V^\mu | B^{(0)} \rangle = \lim_{0 \ll t \ll t_{\text{sink}}} \frac{C_3^\mu(t)}{\sqrt{C_2^\pi(t) C_2^B(t_{\text{sink}} - t)}} \sqrt{\frac{4E_\pi^{(0)} E_B^{(0)}}{e^{-tE_\pi^{(0)}} e^{-(t_{\text{sink}} - t)E_B^{(0)}}}}$$

- Alternatively, include excited states by including additional terms in the fit

$$\langle \pi^{(1)} | V^\mu | B^{(0)} \rangle \propto \sqrt{e^{-t(E_\pi^{(1)} - E_\pi^{(0)})}}$$

$$\langle \pi^{(0)} | V^\mu | B^{(1)} \rangle \propto \sqrt{e^{-(t_{\text{sink}} - t)(E_B^{(1)} - E_B^{(0)})}}$$

Excited state fits on the C1 ensemble:



# $B \rightarrow \pi$ Chiral Continuum Fits

- Extrapolate to physical pion mass and zero lattice spacing simultaneously
- Use NLO hard-pion SU(2) HM $\chi$ PT [PRD 67 (2003) 054010]

$$f(M_\pi, E_\pi, a) = g(E_\pi, \Delta) \left( c_0 \left( 1 + \frac{\delta f(M_\pi)}{(4\pi f_\pi)^2} \right) + c_1 \frac{M_\pi^2}{\Lambda^2} + c_2 \frac{E_\pi}{\Lambda} + c_3 \left( \frac{E_\pi}{\Lambda} \right)^2 + c_4 \left( a\Lambda \right)^2 \right)$$

where

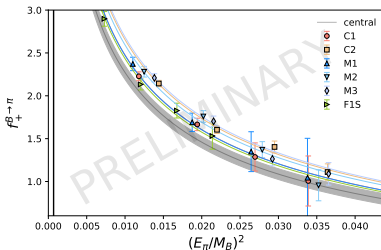
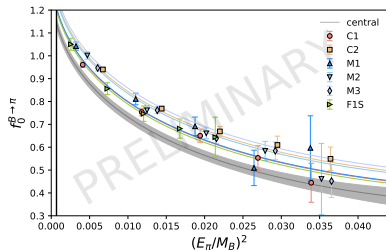
$$\Lambda = 1 \text{ GeV},$$

$$\delta f(M_\pi) = -\frac{3}{4}(3g_b^2 + 1)M_\pi^2 \log \left( \frac{M_\pi^2}{\Lambda^2} \right)$$

$$g_+(E_\pi, \Delta_+) = \frac{\Lambda}{E_\pi + \Delta_+}; \Delta_+ = M_B - M_{B^*} \approx 45.2 \text{ MeV [Pole term]}$$

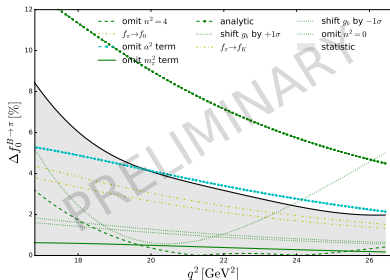
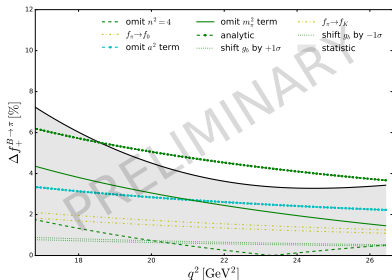
$$g_0(E_\pi, \Delta_0) = 1 \text{ [Pole well above threshold} \rightarrow \text{not included]}$$

# $B \rightarrow \pi$ Chiral Continuum Fits



- Continuum form factor given by  $f(M_\pi^{\text{phys}}, E_\pi, a = 0)$
- Need to assess the systematic error on the continuum results
- Include variations on the continuum fit ansatz as a systematic

# Fit Variation Systematic



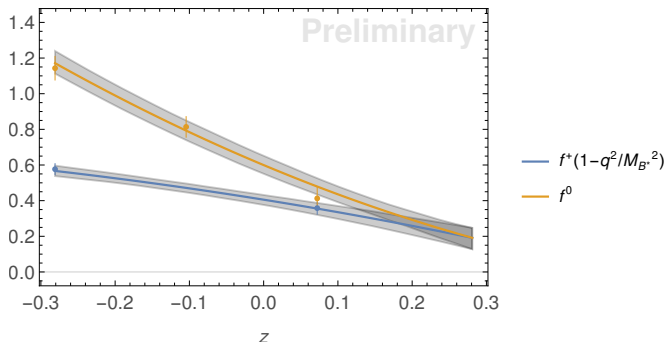
- Substantially reduced statistical errors over prior 2015 analysis
- Combine systematics at reference  $q^2$  values with statistics and pass on to the  $q^2$  extrapolation

# z-expansions

- z-expansions given the kinematic constraint that  $f_0 = f_+$  at  $q^2 = 0$
- Can be compared with experimental data to determine  $|V_{ub}|$ , lepton-universality ratios
- z-expansions shown are BCL fits, also look at BGL

[PRD 79 (2009) 013008]

[PRL 74 (1995) 4603]



- Updates to RBC-UKQCD 2015 results in the pipeline
  - More precisely determined lattice spacing and inclusion of third lattice spacing via F1S ensemble reduces errors
  - More details available in conference proceedings:  
[arXiv:1912.09946](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.09946), [arXiv:2012.04323](https://arxiv.org/abs/2012.04323)
  - Currently **still preliminary**
- 

## Related talks:

- $B_s \rightarrow K\ell\nu, B_s \rightarrow D_s\ell\nu$ : Talk by Jonathan Flynn next
- Also: Michael Marshall,  $D_s \rightarrow K\ell\nu, D \rightarrow \pi\ell\nu$ : 14:30 today  
Felix Erben, BSM  $B - \bar{B}$  mixing: 6:15 Wednesday