

$N_f = 1$ QCD as an analog computer for SUSY

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$N_f = 1$ QCD

Physics

- study BSM physics and SUSY
- update on hadronic spectrum
see earlier results by Farchioni et al.

History

- Corrigan & Ramond, 1979
Sannino et al. hep-th/0309252
Armoni et al. hep-th/0403071
Veneziano et al. hep-th/0603045
Creutz, hep-th/0609187
Farchioni et al. 0810.0161[hep-lat]

Numerics

- simulate SUSY without need to simulate SUSY
- single flavour of Wilson fermions → sign problem

Studying SUSY inspired by Corrigan and Ramond

(effective) theories of **larks**

≡ fermions in the two-index anti-symmetric representation of
 $SU(N_c)$

Corrigan & Ramond, Phys. Lett. B 87, 1979

Sannino & Shifman, hep-th/0309252, 2003

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2g^2} F_{\mu\nu}^a F_{\mu\nu}^a + \bar{\psi}(m_0 + \gamma_\mu D_\mu)\psi$$

$$\psi^{ij} = \psi^b (t^b)^{ij}, \quad i, j = 1, \dots, N_c,$$

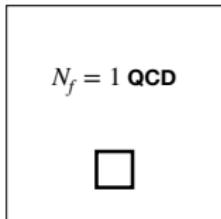
$$a = 1, \dots, N_c^2 - 1, \quad b = 1, \dots, \frac{N_c^2 - N_c}{2}$$

N_c dependence of the lark theory

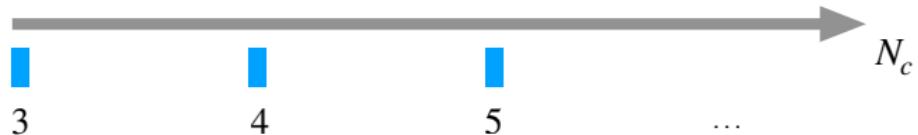
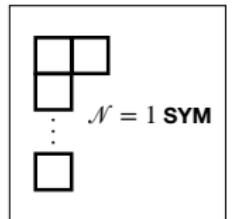
Source: The Guardian, Photograph: Mike Lane/Alamy



theory of a single lark



...



N_c dependence of the lark theory

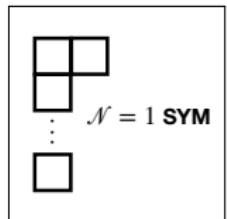
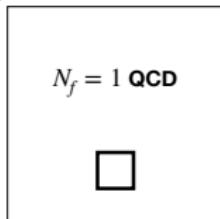
Source: The Guardian, Photograph: Mike Lane/Alamy



theory of a single lark



good proxy
for SUSY?



The One Flavour Plan

Probe lark theory for $N_c \rightarrow \infty$

Lattice

-  compute hadron spectrum
-  study the sign problem by computing $\text{sgn}(\det(D))$



low-energy effective Lagrangians

$$\frac{M_{PS}}{M_S} = 1 - \frac{22}{9N_c} - \frac{4}{9}\beta + O(1/N_c^2)$$

Sannino & Shifman, hep-th/0309252



planar equivalence

$$\frac{M_{PS}}{M_S} = 1 - \frac{2}{N_c} + \dots$$

Armoni & Imeroni, hep-th/0508107

Check deviation from degeneracy of even and odd parity mesons!

Lattice simulation of $N_f = 1$ QCD

Setup

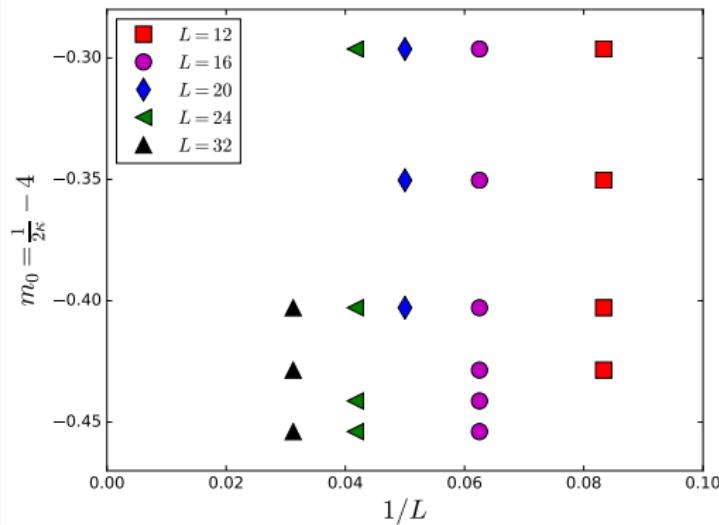
- Symanzik improved gauge action, $O(a)$ improved Wilson fermions, $c_{SW} = 1$
- RHMC algorithm
- single gauge coupling $\beta = 4.5$,
 $\Rightarrow a \approx 0.06\text{fm}$ (gradient flow)

Peculiarities of $N_f = 1$ QCD

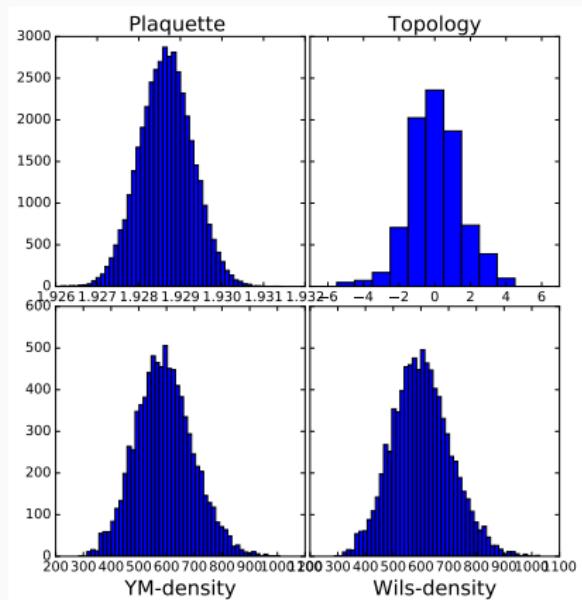
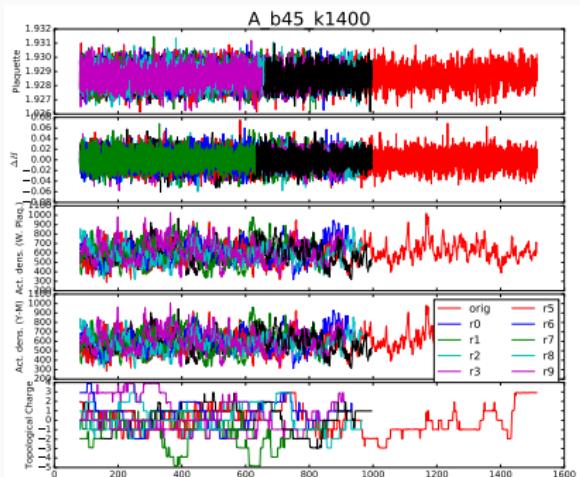
- lack of chiral symmetry
- unknown physical scale

Challenge

choose suitable physical volume
and parameters of the action



Configuration generation



Finite volume spectrum

- Hadron masses + **excited states**
- Constraint fits

$$C_{ij}(t) = \sum_n \langle 0 | \hat{O}_i | n \rangle \langle n | \hat{O}_j^\dagger | 0 \rangle e^{-t m_n}$$

- scalar glueball, $\bar{q} \Gamma q$ - scalar,
vector, pseudo-scalar,
 $i, j \in \{PS, S, V, G\}$

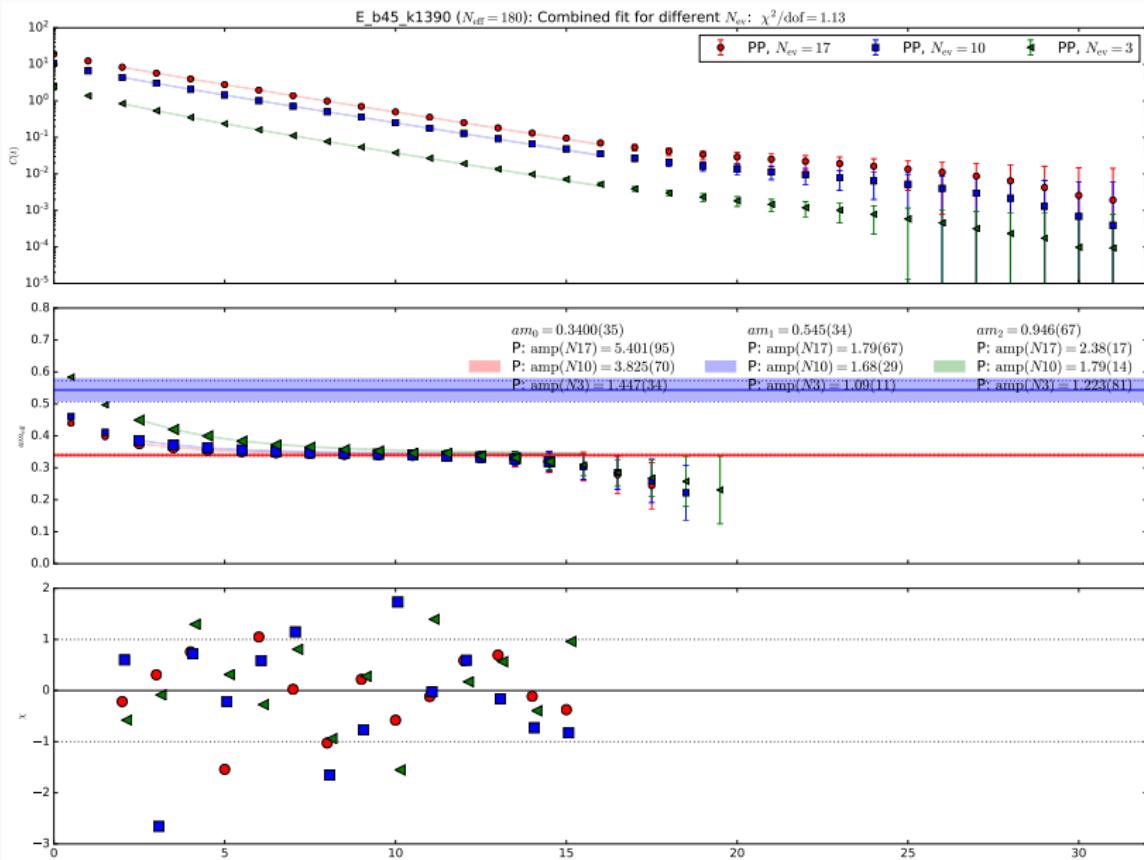
LapH method

- disconnected diagrams
- smearing

state	$\bar{q} \Gamma q$	glue ball
volume dependence	X X	X X
m_0 dependence	✓ (X)	(X)

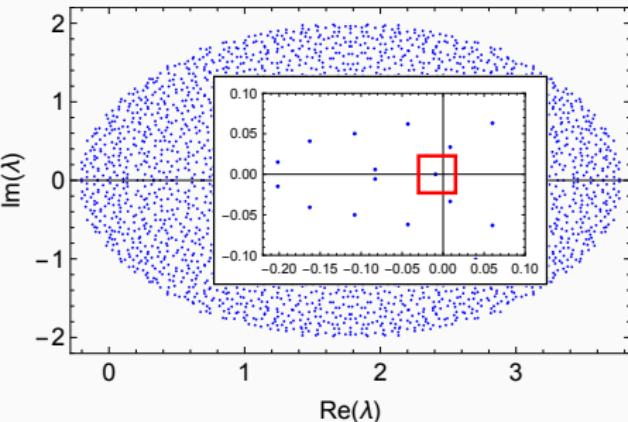
naive expectation

Example for a correlator fit



The sign problem in $N_f = 1$ QCD

- **Wilson fermions**
⇒ $\det(D) < 0$ possible
- **Need to monitor sign of the fermion determinant**
- Look at **real eigenvalues** of D where they change sign.



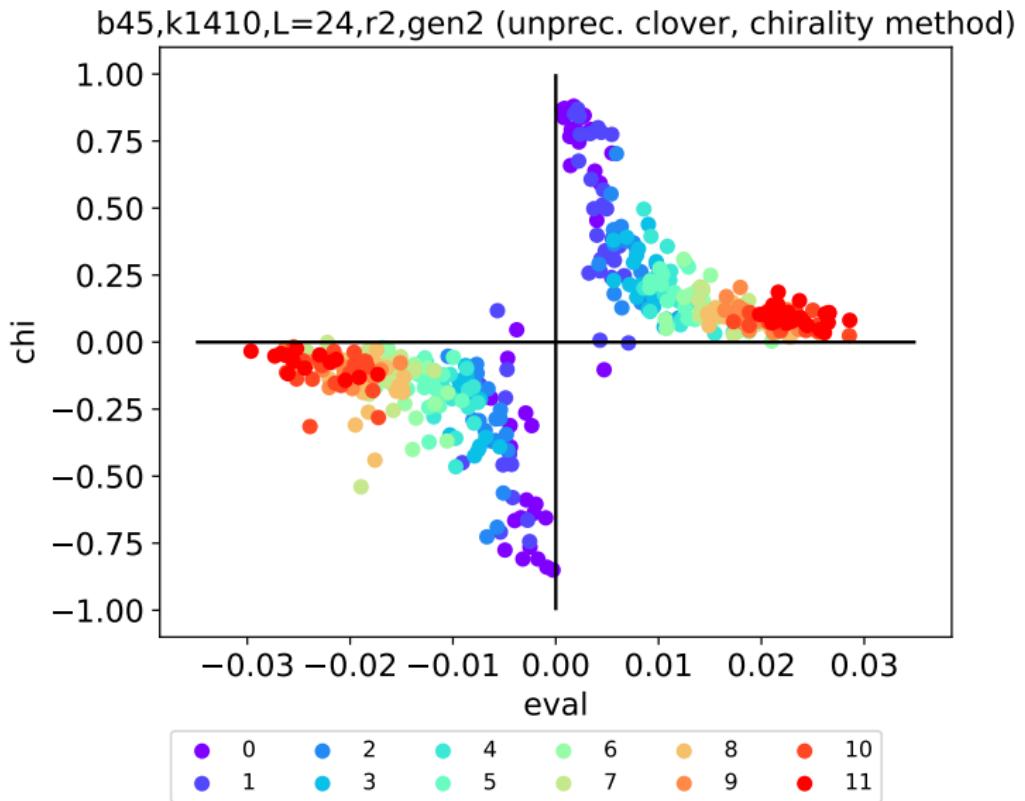
In practice

- analyze zeros of eigenvalues of $Q = \gamma_5 D$

$$Q\psi_i = \lambda_i\psi_i$$

- Quantities: eigenvalue function of $\lambda_i(m_0)$, chirality $\chi_i(m_0) = (\psi_i, \gamma_5 \psi_i)(m_0)$ (slope)

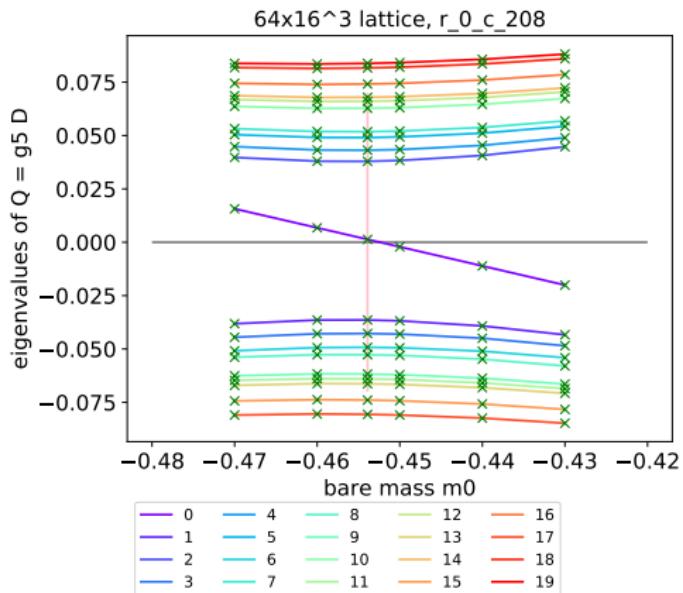
Sign problem analysis - stage 1



Sign problem analysis - stage 2

Tracking method

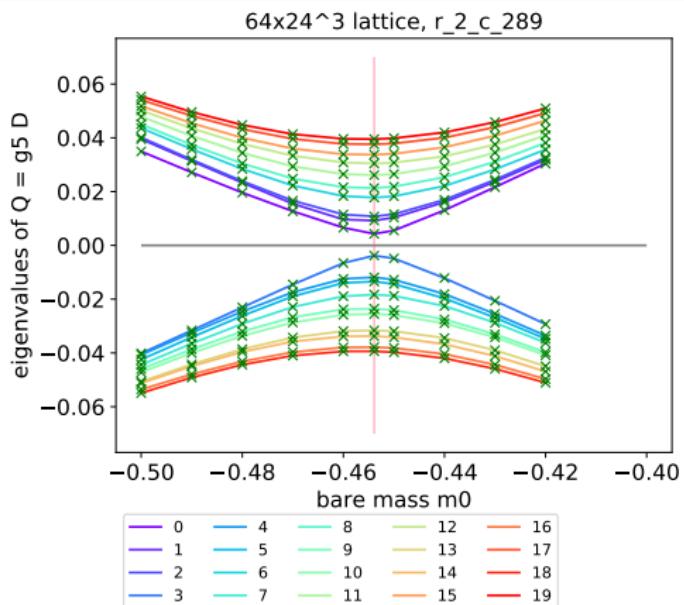
- see Mohler & Schaefer,
2003.13359[hep-lat], 2020
- monitor eigenvalue behaviour as
a function of m_0
 - assume basis $\{\psi_i\}$ varies
slowly and continuously
 - overlap of $\psi_i(m_0)$ and
 $\psi_j(m_0 + \Delta m_0)$



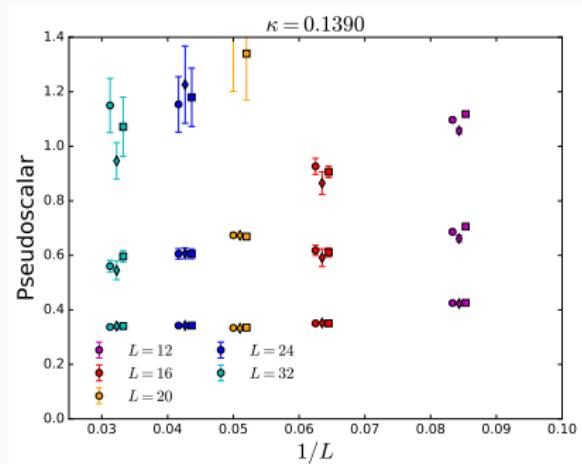
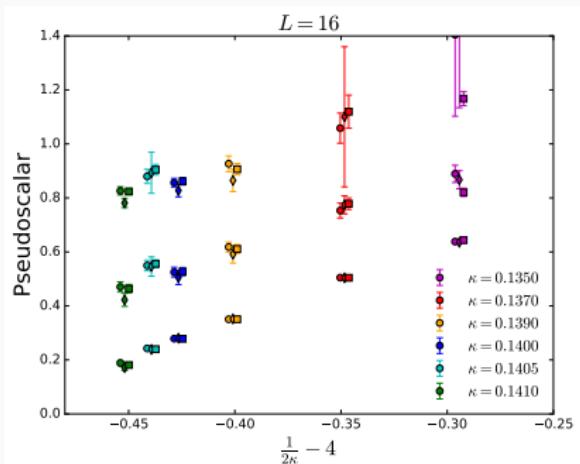
PRELIMINARY - Sign problem analysis - summary

Results at **lowest** bare mass
($\kappa = 0.1410$)

- $L/a = 24$: $\det D > 0$ for all configs
- $L/a = 16$: $\det D < 0$ for $\lesssim 1\%$ of the configs
- **sign problem mild**



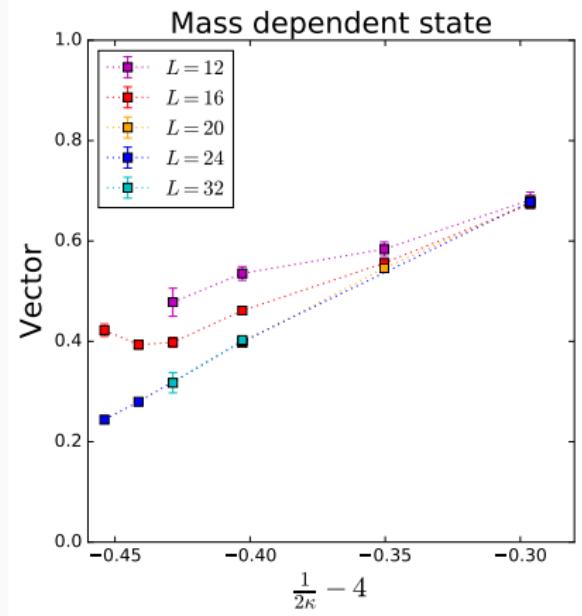
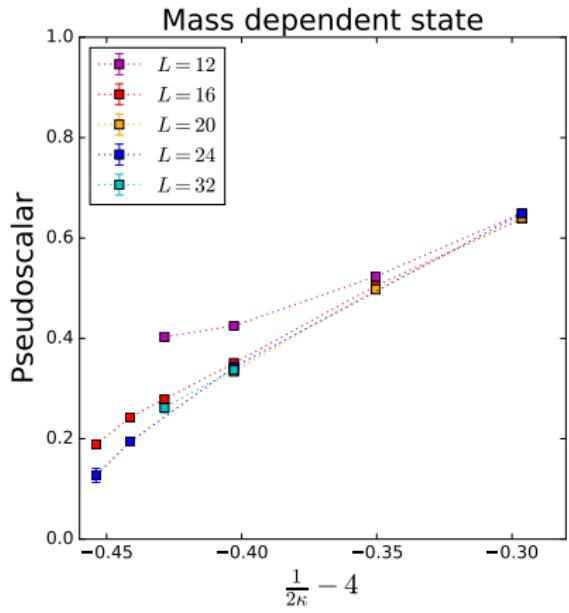
Pseudo-scalar state 0^{-+}



PRELIMINARY

PRELIMINARY

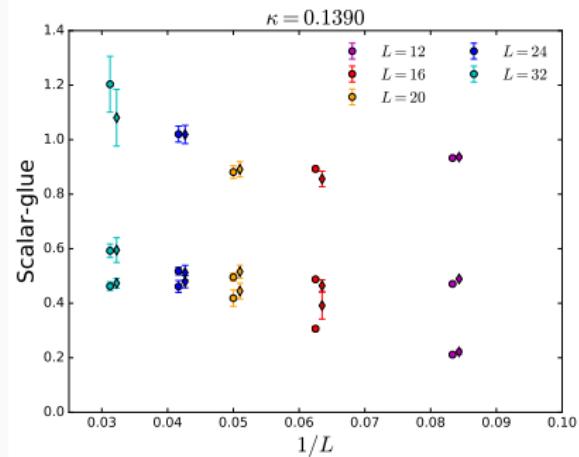
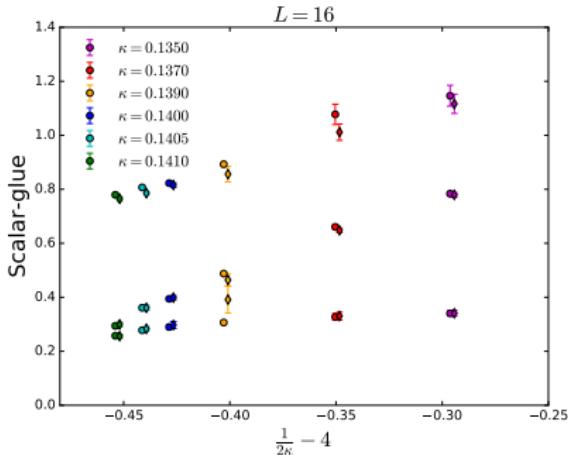
Mass dependence - pseudo-scalar and vector



PRELIMINARY

PRELIMINARY

PRELIMINARY - scalar state 0^{++}



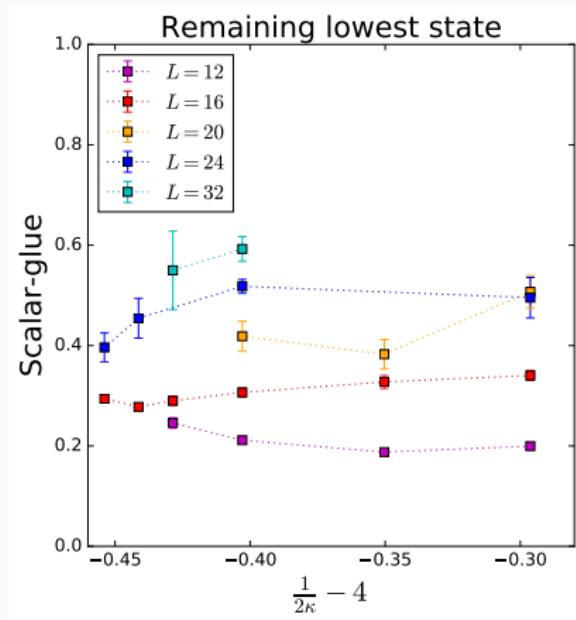
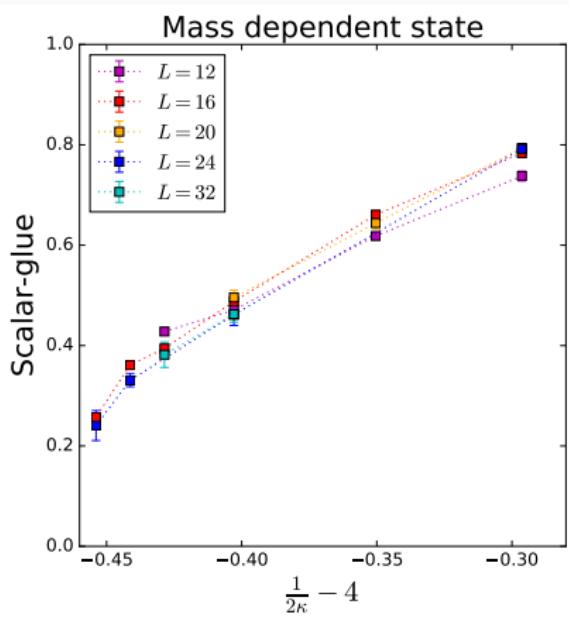
PRELIMINARY

- 1 mass dependent state
- 1 mass independent state

PRELIMINARY

- 1 volume dependent state
- 1 volume independent state

Categorizing the scalar state 0^{++}



PRELIMINARY

- volume independent

PRELIMINARY

- volume dependent

From remaining lowest state: inconsistent with glueball \rightarrow torelon

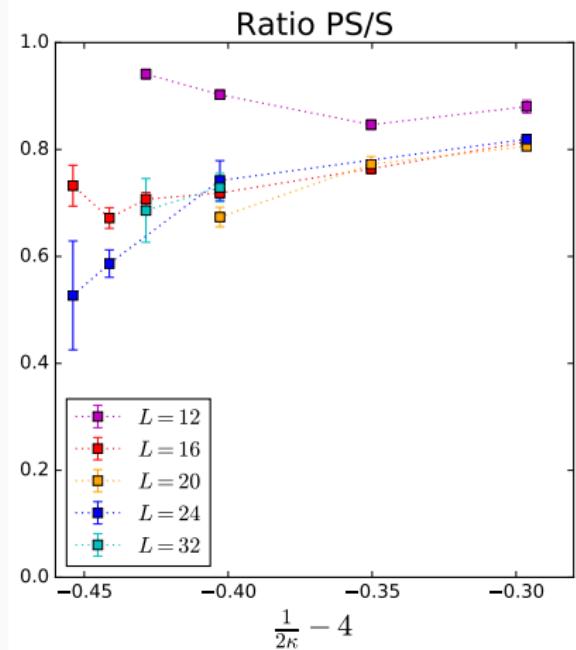
PRELIMINARY - Lark matter predictions

Our result

- large and intermediate masses show agreement
- ToDo: determine zero-quark mass limit and perform fit to extrapolate ratio

Sannino & Shifman

$$\frac{M_{PS}}{M_S} = 1 - \frac{22}{9N_c} + \dots \lesssim 0.19$$



PRELIMINARY

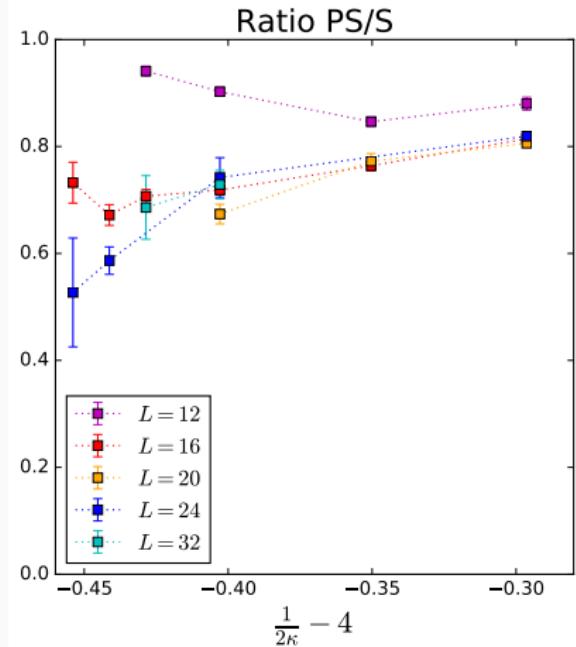
PRELIMINARY - Lark matter predictions

Our result

- large and intermediate masses show agreement
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Result by Farchioni et al

$$\frac{M_{PS}}{M_S} = 0.410(32)(15)$$



PRELIMINARY

Conclusions on $N_f = 1$ QCD ... for now

Summary

-  update on hadron spectrum including **excited states**
⇒ mass dependence of scalar state
-  ToDo: extrapolation to zero quark mass and fit of the data for low-energy effective theory comparison
-  sign problem mild **BUT** must be monitored → multi-flavour QCD

Perspectives

-  larger N_c
-  code development → moving to GPUs

Thank you very much and stay tuned!

Back-up slides

Orientifold-A Theory - Theory of Larks

- larks are fermions in the two-indexed anti-symmetric representation of $SU(N_c)$, $q_{ij} = -q_{ji}$
- dimension: $N_c(N_c - 1)/2$
- (theory of a single lark) $\rightarrow \mathcal{N} = 1$ SYM as $N_c \rightarrow \infty$
- $N_c = 3$: lark is an anti-quark and anti-lark is a quark \Rightarrow lark theory equivalent to $N_f = 1$ QCD

Some representation theory

	gauge fields	fermion fields	repr. dimension (fermions)	spinor
Standard model	adjoint, 8	two-index anti-symmetric	$\frac{N_c(N_c - 1)}{2}$	Dirac (2 x 4)
$N_f = 1$ QCD	adjoint, 8	fundamental	N_c	Dirac (2 x 4)
$\mathcal{N} = 1$ SYM	adjoint, 8	adjoint	$N_c^2 - 1$	Majorana (2 x 2)

The LapH method

Use here

- disconnected diagrams (all-to-all correlators)
⇒ improve correlator signal
- reduce excited state contamination

How does it work

- project quark sinks into subspace spanned by lowest N_{ev} eigenmodes of the covariant Laplacian
Morningstar, "Hadron Spectroscopy in Lattice QCD", 2016
- tune approach to plateau varying N_{ev}

