#### **IFAST WP9 INNOVATIVE SUPERCONDUCTING CAVITIES**

- Preparation WP9 meeting took place on 25<sup>th</sup> Feb. 2021
  - Transition from ARIES WP15 to IFAST WP9
    - 7 partner organisations are the same
    - 3 new partners were introduced
  - Status of each task reported
    - Is everything ready?
    - If all partners agreed in initial planning?
    - Is there anything missing?

# **IFAST WP9 OBJECTIVES**

- Define a <u>strategy for innovative superconducting RF (SRF)</u> cavities coated with a superconducting film.
  - Deposition techniques: PVD and ALD
  - Superconducting films: Nb, NbN, Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn, V<sub>3</sub>Si (and others) and SIS
- Optimise and industrialise the production of <u>seamless</u> copper cavities and of the deposition techniques.
- <u>Produce and test prototypes of SRF (single-cell elliptical) cavities:</u>
  - Initially with pre-prototypes with f = 6 and 3 GHz
  - Scaling up for f = 1.3 GHz.
- Test a new laser treatment of Nb coated cavity.

• MAIN GOAL:

- Improving the performance and reducing the cost of acceleration systems
  - production and operation

## **IFAST WP9**

- **TASK 9.1**: Coordination and strategy for innovative superconducting accelerating cavities
  - <u>CEA</u>, INFN, HZB, UKRI, USI, JLAB MEPHI, PTI.
- **TASK 9.2**: Innovative SC accelerating cavity prototype
  - <u>INFN</u>, PICCOLI, UKRI, USI, CEA, IEE, HZB, PTI, MEPHI
- **TASK 9.3** : Optimisation of process parameters and target development for SRF cavity coating with A15 material
  - <u>UKRI</u>, INFN, USI, HZB
- **TASK 9.4**: Surface engineering by atomic layer deposition (ALD)
  - <u>CEA</u>, CNRS
- **TASK 9.5**: Improvement of mechanical and superconducting properties of RF resonator by laser radiation
  - <u>RTU</u>, UKRI, INFN, IEE, HZB
- TASK 9.6: Optimization of flat SRF thin films production procedure
  - <u>HZB</u>, INFN, UKRI, USI, CEA

IFAST WP9 Deliverables	
<b>D9.1:</b> Thin-Film SRF roadmap report. Summaries of the results obtained within the workpackage and prospective inspired from WP advances as well as discussions at TF-SRF 2022.	M35
<b>D9.2:</b> RF test on coated resonant cavity. Resonant cavity coated and tested with an alternative material to Niobium with a $Q_0 > 10^9$ at 4.2 K and 1.3 GHz.	M46
<b>D9.3:</b> First 6 GHz cavity coated and characterised. Results from the morphological and SC characterisation of first coated cavity with an alternative material to Niobium.	M36
<b>D9.4:</b> Deposition of superconducting multilayers on cavities. 1.3 and 3 GHz Nb and Cu cavities coated and tested with multilayers.	M46
<b>D9.5:</b> 1.3 GHz Nb-coated cavity irradiated by laser in Ar atmosphere and RF tested. Increasing of the field of magnetic flux entry in Nb coated 1.3 GHz cavity irradiated by laser in argon atmosphere. Standard RF testing.	M45
<b>D9.6:</b> Test of thin-film samples. Four thin film samples reprocessed by 4 different techniques and tested with QPR.	M46

#### **IFAST TASK 10.5 NEG COATING UNDER SR**

### Objectives

- Build facilities for photon stimulated desorption (PSD) yield measurement on beamlines.
- Obtain and analyse the PSD experimental data from Non-Evaporable Getter (NEG) coated prototypes under conditions similar to future light sources.
- Preparation Task 10.5 meeting took place on 2<sup>nd</sup> Mar 2021
  - Short presentation from each partner (DLS, Soleil, DESY, UKRI)
  - Dicussion
    - Is everything ready?
    - If all partners agreed in initial planning?
    - Is anything missing?