# Top physics: Opportunities and Challenges



- Introduction
- Overview (short and selective)
- Challenges ahead
- Opportunities
- Conclusions & Outlook

Andy Jung (Purdue University)

PITT PACC Workshop: LHC physics for Run 3

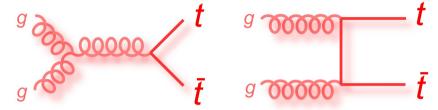


# The top quark

 Top is the heaviest fundamental particle discovered so far

$$\rightarrow m_t = 173.34 \pm 0.76 \text{ GeV}$$

Production dominated by gg fusion:



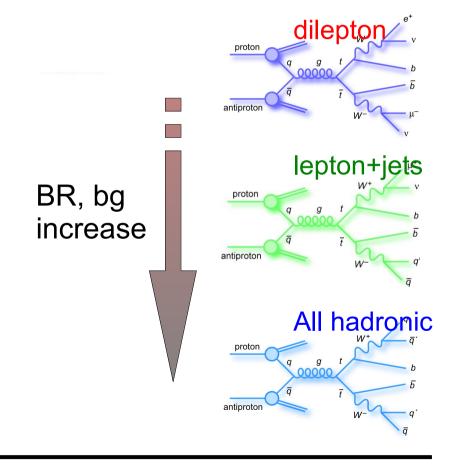
• Unique quark:

$$\frac{1}{m_{\rm t}} < \underbrace{\frac{1}{\Gamma_{\rm t}}}_{\text{production}} < \underbrace{\frac{1}{\Gamma_{\rm t}}}_{\text{lifetime hadronization }} < \underbrace{\frac{m_{\rm t}}{\Lambda^2}}_{\text{spin-flip }}_{\text{10}^{-21} \text{ s}}$$

→ Observe bare quark properties

- Large Yukawa coupling to Higgs boson
  - $\rightarrow \lambda_t \sim 1$  only  $m_t$  is natural mass Special role in EW symmetry breaking?

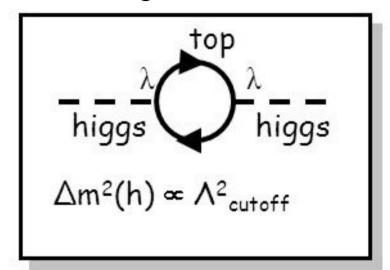
Decay channels:





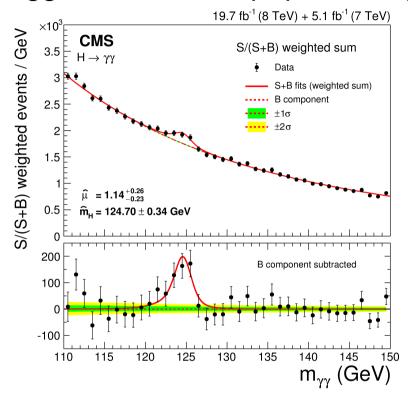
# Why top (and Higgs)?

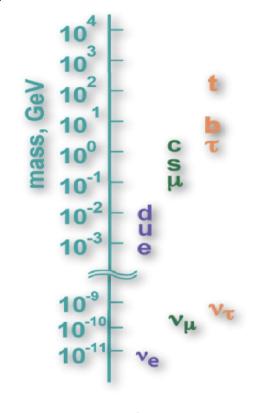
- If we could calculate the Higgs mass:
  - → Large corrections to the Higgs mass from top quark "loops"





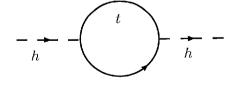
Natural Higgs mass close to Planck scale of 10<sup>19</sup> GeV

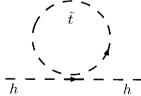




#### Higgs mass at ~ 125 GeV!

→ New physics in loops ?





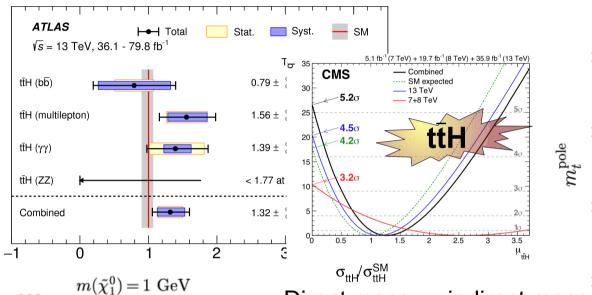
- → Many BSM extensions include a top quark partner
- → No fine-tuning if top quark partner exists



# Beyond the SM?

 Very subjective but illustrative, latest results from LHC & Tevatron – SM true

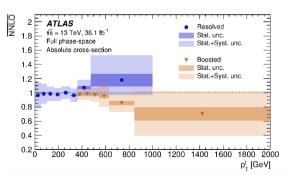
ttH observation:



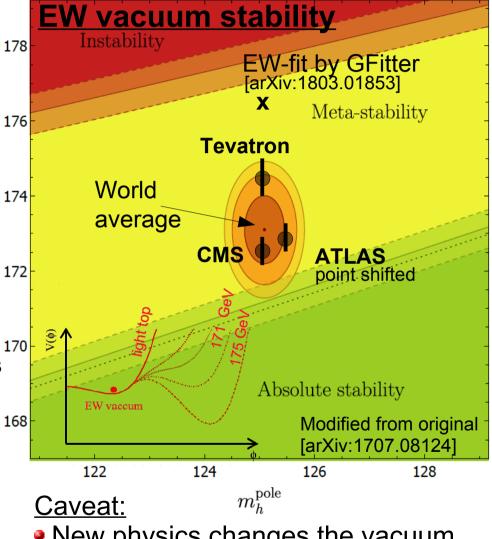
Direct mass ↔ indirect mass

Bias from a top partner?

top kinematics, spin corr's



**GFitter:**  $m_t = 176.4 \pm 2.1 \, \text{GeV}$ 



- New physics changes the vacuum stability, even if at Planck scale
- Theoretical uncertainties apply!



200

190

170

160 L

 $m(\tilde{t}_1) \; [{
m GeV}]$ 

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 $m_t$  [GeV]

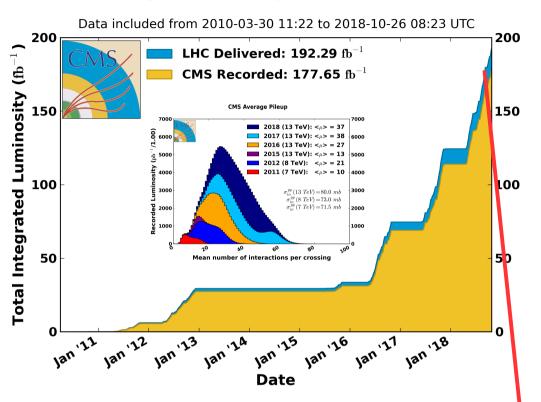
174

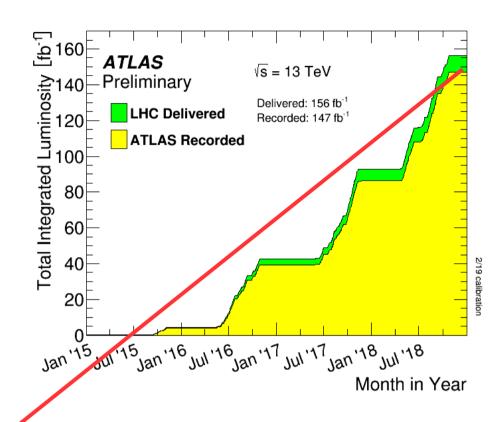
176

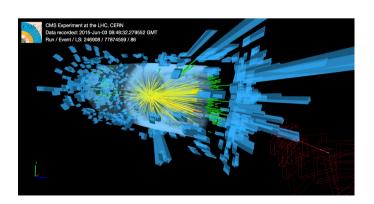
172

#### The present...LHC Run II

CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp,  $\sqrt{s} = 7$ , 8, 13 TeV





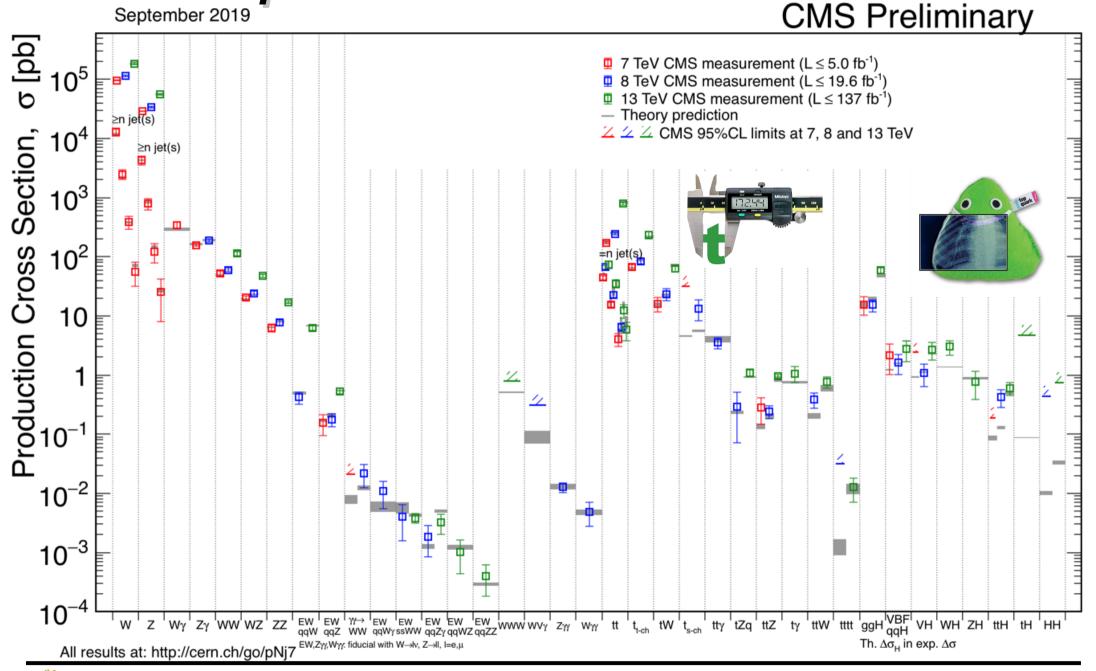


#### Full Run II provides about

- ~ 120 million tt pairs
- ~ 30 million single top
- ~ 120k ttZ, tZ
- ~ 30k ttH

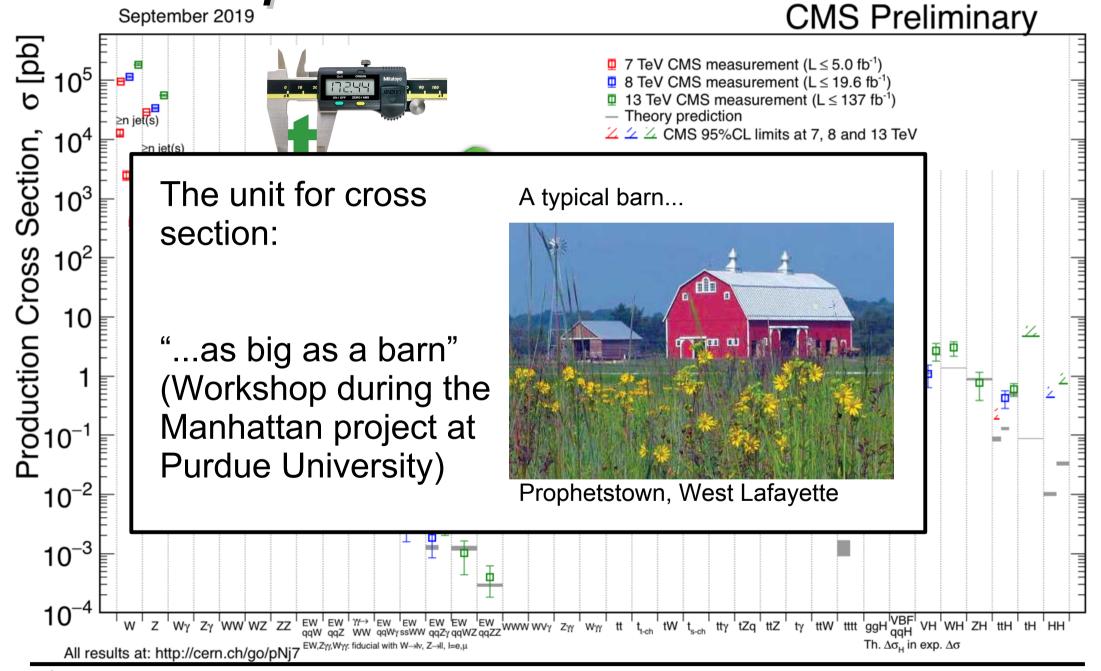


#### The precision frontier





# The precision frontier



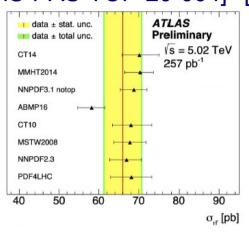


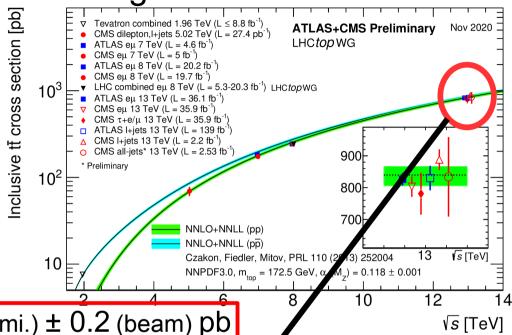
#### Inclusive cross sections

Measurements cover 2, 5, 8 and 13 TeV – agreement with the SM

ATLAS & CMS cross section at 5.02 TeV

[CMS-PAS-TOP-20-004] [ATLAS-CONF-2021-003]





$$\sigma = 66.0 \pm 4.5 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 1.6 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 1.2 \text{ (lumi.)} \pm 0.2 \text{ (beam) pb}$$
  
 $\delta \sigma / \sigma = 7.5\% \text{ [ATLAS]}$ 

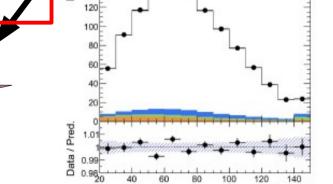
$$\sigma$$
 = 62.6 ± 4.1 (stat.) ± 3.0 (syst.+lumi.) pb  $\delta\sigma/\sigma$ = 8.1% [CMS]

NEW

NEW

ATLAS cross section at 13 TeV Full Run II data set

$$\sigma = 830 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 36 \text{ (syst)} \pm 14 \text{ (lumi) pb}$$
  
 $\delta \sigma / \sigma = 4.7\%$  [PLB 810 (2020) 135797]



160 Post-Fit

Single top W+jets



# Single Top Quark Production

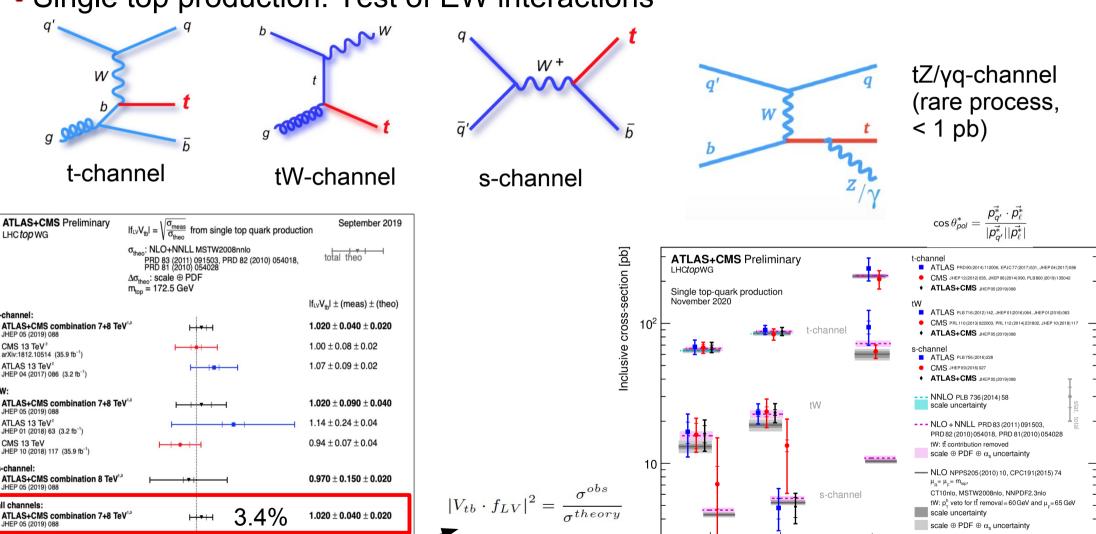
- Single top cross section as high as tt at 8 TeV large samples
- Single top production: Test of EW interactions

including top-quark mass uncertainty

one including top-quark mass uncertainty

one including top-quark mass uncertainty

3 including beam energy uncertainty





0.4

0.6

0.8

If<sub>LV</sub>V<sub>+h</sub>I

 $f_{LV}$ : BSM form factor

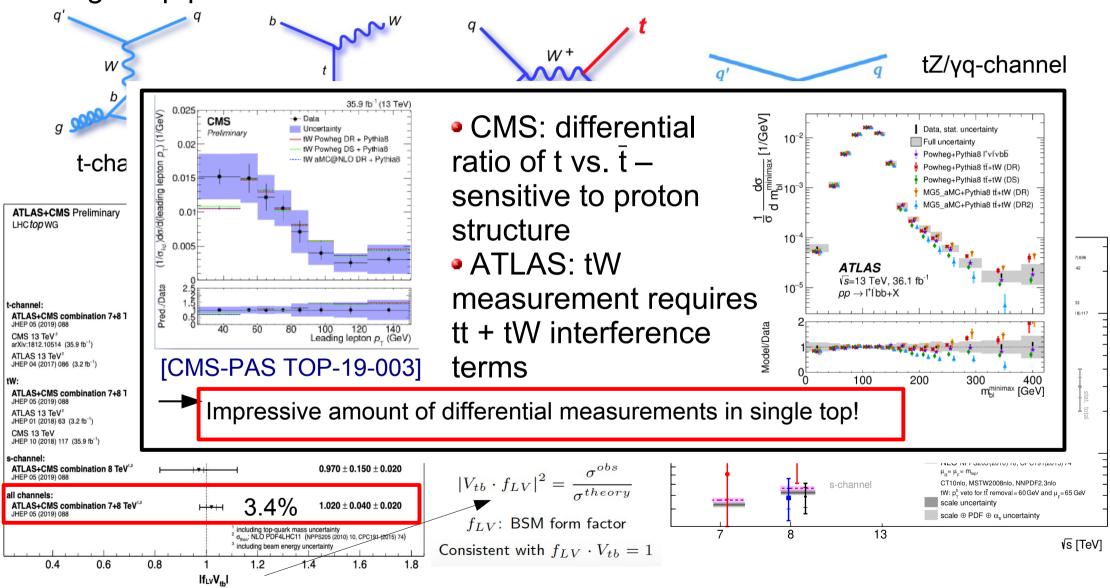
Consistent with  $f_{LV} \cdot V_{tb} = 1$ 

√s [TeV]

13

# Single Top Quark Production

- Single top cross section as high as tt at 8 TeV large samples
- Single top production: Test of EW interactions

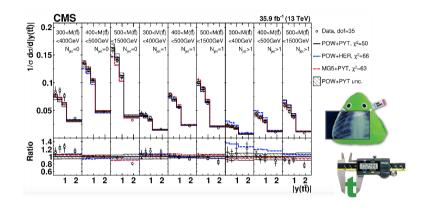




#### Differential cross sections

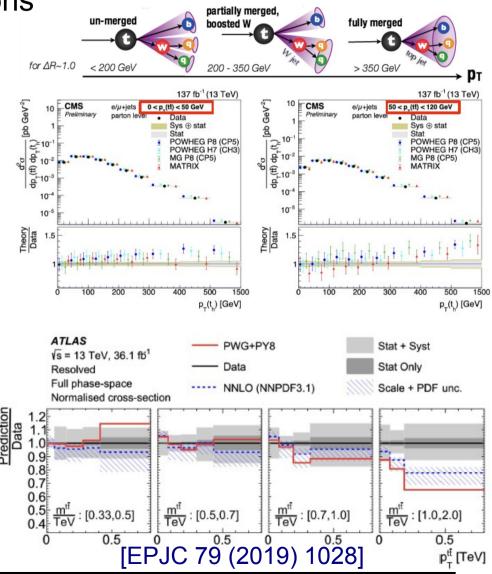
 Enormous amount of differential cross section measurements at ATLAS & CMS – impossible to summarize in 1 slide.

• Expect even more n-dimensional distributions



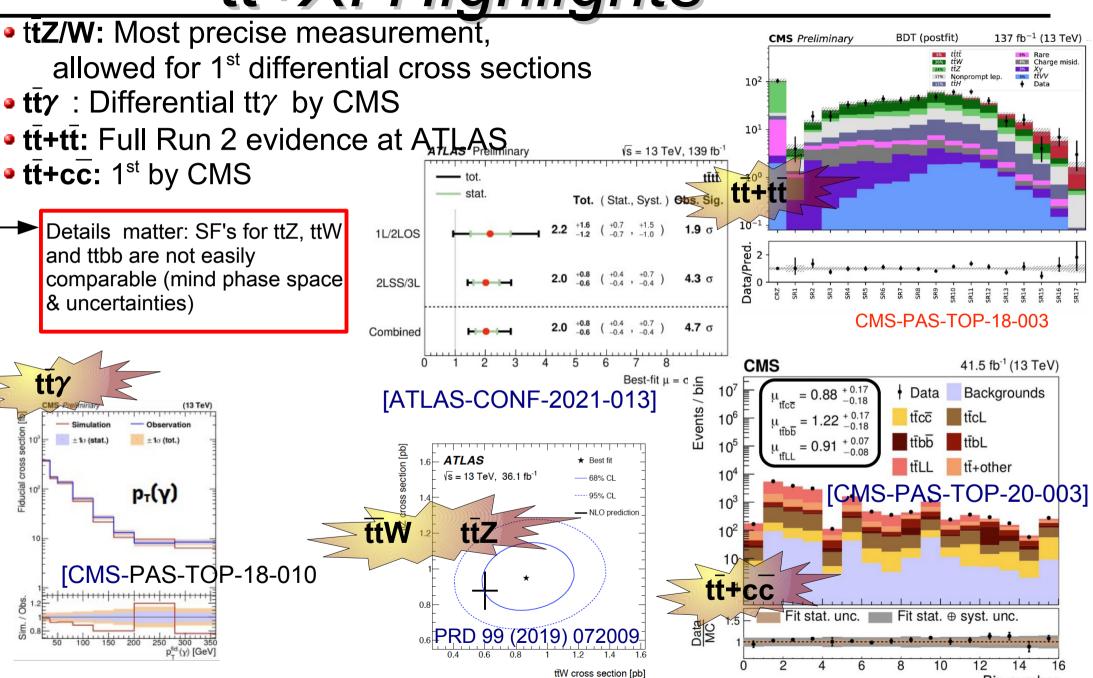
- Improve signal modeling, seen 1<sup>st</sup> triple and double differential measurements!
- Getting more precise in boosted regime
- On CMS site: 1<sup>st</sup> simultaneous measurement of resolved and boosted

(particle level ok @1D, deviations in 2D ↔ NNLO predictions improve descriptions at parton level compared to NLO+PS)





# tt+X: Highlights





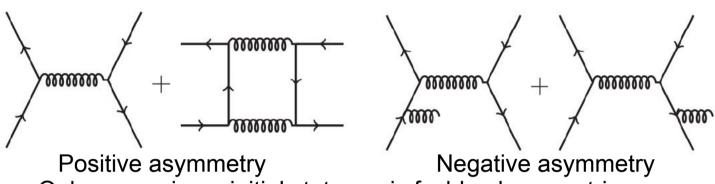
# ttH, Top Yukawa coupling

 Associated Higgs production only direct access to Yukawa coupling **2**ℓSSOτ Complex final state [2-3i, ≥1bi] [≥2j, ≥1bj] ee+ue 2b µµ+eµ Ext CO CR CMS: ttH → bb < 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> (2016) + 41.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> (2017) (13 TeV) counting counting HTlen HTIE Evidence for bb CMS Preliminary [3j, ≥1bj] ATLAS: 35.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV) Extract y, from template fit: ♦ Data ■tt single top Obs e/u+iets. ≥ 3 iets post-fit CMS 13 TeV data, I+jets Details | Recover 3 jet bin and use and ttbb 57 bins to fit compara & uncert Relies on threshold region ttH ob: **ATLA** ATLAS 1.07 + 0.34 - 0.43 (obs) [1.00 + 0.35 - 0.48 (exp)] $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ tīH (bb) ttH (multilepton) 1.39 ± 3 tīH (γγ) Absolute stability 168 [arXiv:1707.08124] PRL 122 (2019) 132003 122 128  $m_h^{\rm pole}$ 



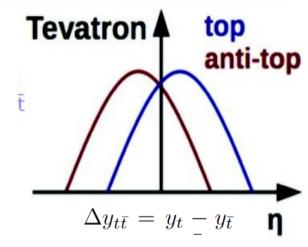
# Top Quark Asymmetries

• Interference appears at NLO QCD:

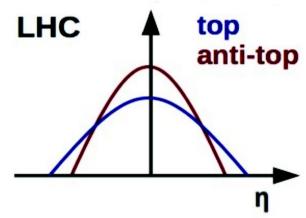


- → Only occurs in qq initial state; gg is fwd-bwd symmetric
- This is a forward-backward asymmetry at Tevatron
- No valence anti-quarks at LHC → t more central
- SM predictions at NLO (QCD+EWK) → Tevatron: AFB ~ 10 % vs. LHC: AC ~ 1 % (These are NNLO pQCD predictions, there is also the PMC approach)
- Experimentally: Asymmetries based on decay leptons or fully reconstructed top quarks  $A_{\rm C}^{\rm lep} = \frac{N(\Delta|\eta_\ell| > 0) - N(\Delta|\eta_\ell| < 0)}{N(\Delta|\eta_\ell| > 0) + N(\Delta|\eta_\ell| < 0)}$

$$A_{\mathrm{C}}^{\mathrm{lep}} = \frac{N(\Delta|\eta_{\ell}| > 0) - N(\Delta|\eta_{\ell}| < 0)}{N(\Delta|\eta_{\ell}| > 0) + N(\Delta|\eta_{\ell}| < 0)}$$



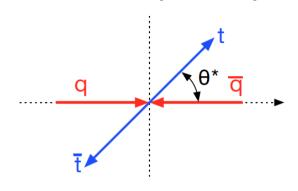
$$A_{\text{FB}}^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{N(\Delta y_{t\bar{t}} > 0) - N(\Delta y_{t\bar{t}} < 0)}{N(\Delta y_{t\bar{t}} > 0) + N(\Delta y_{t\bar{t}} < 0)}$$



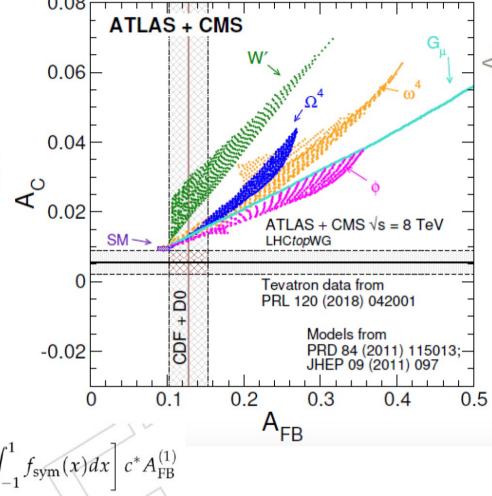
$$= \frac{N(\Delta|y_{t}| > 0) - N(\Delta|y_{t}| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y_{t}| > 0) + N(\Delta|y_{t}| < 0)}$$

# Top Quark Properties...

- Production asymmetry due to NLO interferences
- Measure production angle c\* = cos(θ\*) to access asymmetry arXiv:1912.09540



$$A_{\rm FB} = \frac{\sigma(c^* > 0) - \sigma(c^* < 0)}{\sigma(c^* > 0) + \sigma(c^* < 0)}$$



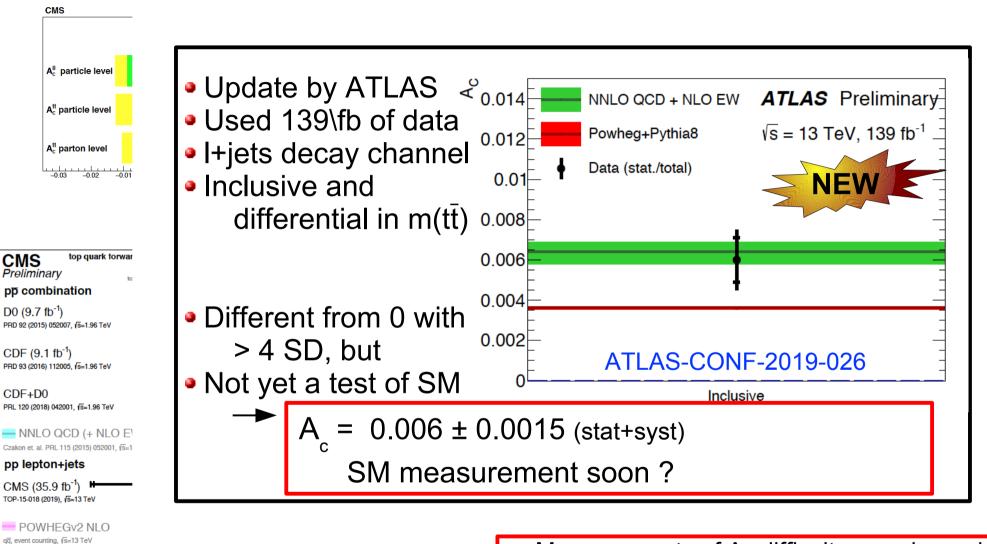
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dc^*}(q\overline{q}) \simeq f_{\text{sym}}(c^*) + \left[ \int_{-1}^1 f_{\text{sym}}(x) dx \right] c^* A_{\text{FB}}^{(1)}$$

- → Measurements of A<sub>C</sub> difficult, new channels help
- $\rightarrow$  CMS 1<sup>st</sup> measurement of A<sub>FB</sub> at LHC (!)



### Top Quark Properties...

Production asymmetry due to NLO interferences



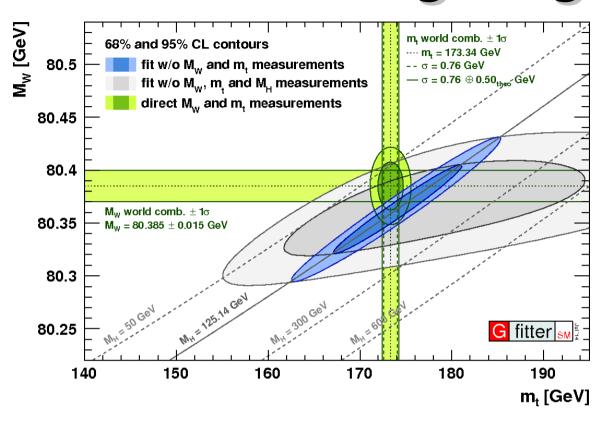
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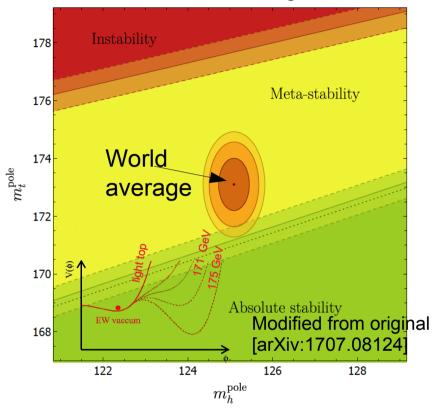
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# Latest weighing...



#### **EW vacuum stability**



- Self-consistency test of the SM & stability of the EW vacuum both rely/use pole mass – what we measure depends on the method
  - Indirect extractions from e.g. cross section, end point, J/psi method
    - → top quark pole mass
  - Direct methods e.g. template, matrix element, likelihood, ideogram
    - → "MC" mass, close to pole mass



### Top mass – direct methods

Direct measurements combined using BLUE – consistent among methods/channels

- CMS & ATLAS reach δm<sub>r</sub>/m<sub>r</sub> = 0.28%
- CMS: all-jets + I+jets

$$m_{top} = 172.26 \pm 0.61 \text{ GeV}$$
  
 $\delta m_t/m_t = 0.36\% (!)$ 

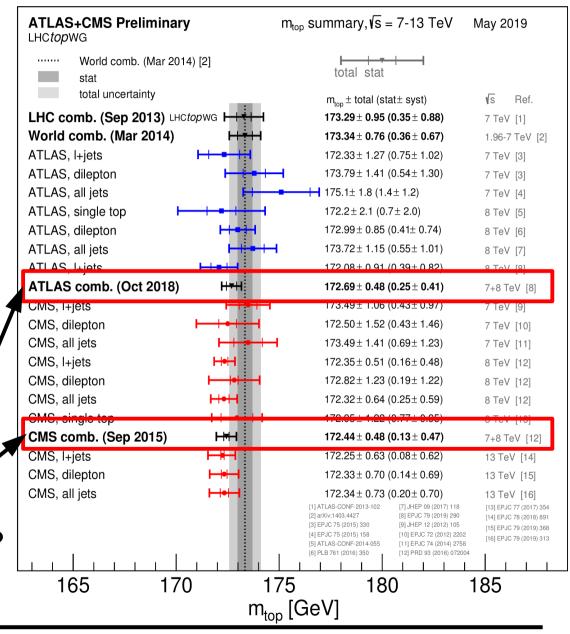
 ATLAS: soft muon tag + displaced vertex, 13 TeV ATLAS-CONF-2019-046

$$m_{top} = 174.48 \pm 0.78 \text{ GeV}$$
  
 $\delta m_t/m_t = 0.45\% (!)$ 

#### In context of LHCtopWG

• Time for another LHC combination ?

World combination?



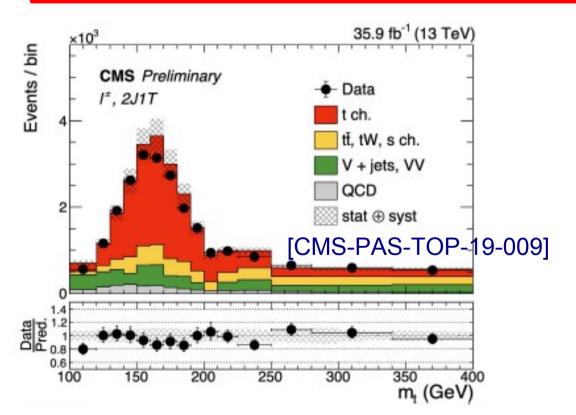


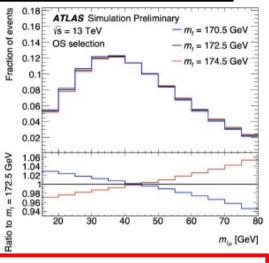
#### Top mass – alternative

#### Latest top mass measurements:

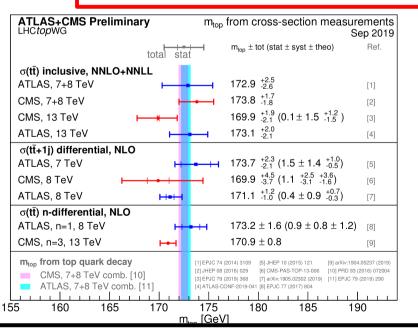
- ATLAS 13 TeV data, leptonic invariant mass
  - Limited by B hadron branching [ATLAS-CONF-2019-046]
- CMS mass in the t-channel
  - Combined and separate lepton categories, CPT

$$m_{top} = 172.1 \pm 0.8$$
 (total) GeV  $\delta m_t / m_t = 0.47\%$  (!)





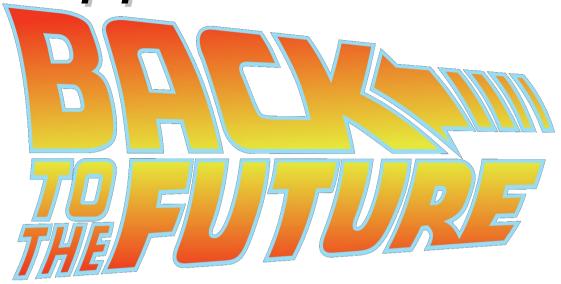
 $m_{top}$  = 174.5 ± 0.8 (total) GeV  $\delta m_t/m_t$  = 0.45% (!)





# Challenges & Opportunities

Disclaimer: My personal opinions!



#### **Challenges ahead:**

- Differences in MC setups
- More "global" approaches (kinematic ranges, EFT)
- Systematic uncertainties

#### **Opportunities**

Vast top quark sample...



# Challenges/Perspectives

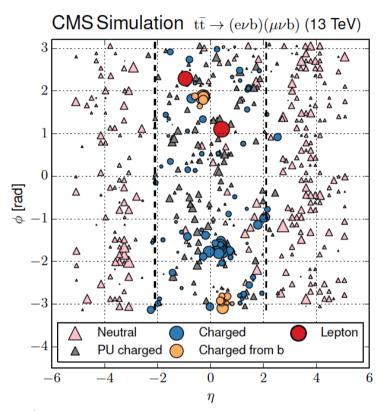
#### **Direct methods:**

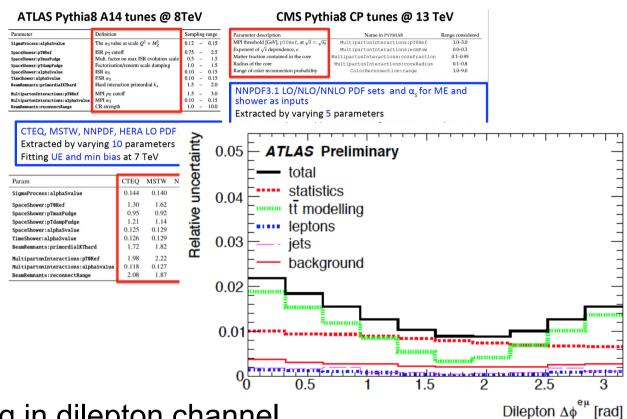
- Most precise results,  $\delta m_t/m_t = 0.28\%$  (!)
- Does not include theoretical "scheme" uncertainty
- No single large uncertainty left:

Eur. Phys. J. C7	70 <del>22010) 2</del>	13	1D	Hybrid	
Eur. Phys. J. C		δ13 <sub>δJSF<sup>2D</sup></sub> [%]	$\delta m_{\rm t}^{\rm 1D}$	$\delta m_{\rm t}^{ m hyb}$	$\delta JSF^{hy}$
	[GeV]		[GeV]	[GeV]	[%]
Experimental uncertainties					
Method calibration	0.03	0.0	0.03	0.03	0.0
JEC (quad. sum)	0.12	0.2	0.82	0.17	0.3
Intercalibration	-0.01	0.0	+0.16	+0.04	+0.1
MPFInSitu	-0.01	0.0	+0.23	+0.07	+0.1
Uncorrelated	-0.12	-0.2	+0.77	+0.15	+0.3
Jet energy resolution	-0.18	+0.3	+0.09	-0.10	+0.2
b tagging	0.03	0.0	0.01	0.02	0.0
Pileup	-0.07	+0.1	+0.02	-0.05	+0.1
All-jets background	0.01	0.0	0.00	0.01	0.0
All-jets trigger	+0.01	0.0	0.00	+0.01	0.0
ℓ+ jets Background	-0.02	0.0	+0.01	-0.01	0.0
ℓ+jets Trigger	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0
Lepton isolation	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0
Lepton identification	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0
Modeling uncertainties					
IEC flavor (linear sum)	-0.39	+0.1	-0.31	-0.37	+0.1
Light quarks (uds)	+0.11	-0.1	-0.01	+0.07	-0.1
Charm	+0.03	0.0	-0.01	+0.02	0.0
Bottom	-0.31	0.0	-0.31	-0.31	0.0
Gluon	-0.22	+0.3	+0.02	-0.15	+0.2
jet modeling (quad. sum)	0.08	0.1	0.04	0.06	0.1
b frag. Bowler-Lund	-0.06	+0.1	-0.01	-0.05	0.0
b frag. Peterson	-0.03	0.0	0.00	-0.02	0.0
semileptonic b hadron decays	-0.04	0.0	-0.04	-0.04	0.0
PDF	0.01	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.0
Ren. and fact. scales	0.01	0.0	0.02	0.01	0.0
ME/PS matching	$-0.10 \pm 0.08$	+0.1	$+0.02 \pm 0.05$	$+0.07 \pm 0.07$	+0.1
ME generator	$+0.16 \pm 0.21$	+0.2	$+0.32 \pm 0.13$	$+0.21 \pm 0.18$	+0.1
ISR PS scale	$+0.07 \pm 0.08$	+0.1	$+0.10 \pm 0.05$	$+0.07 \pm 0.07$	0.1
FSR PS scale	$+0.23 \pm 0.07$	-0.4	$-0.19 \pm 0.04$	$+0.12 \pm 0.06$	-0.3
Top quark p <sub>T</sub>	+0.01	-0.1	-0.06	-0.01	-0.1
Underlying event	$-0.06 \pm 0.07$	+0.1	$+0.00\pm0.05$	$-0.04 \pm 0.06$	+0.1
Early resonance decays	$-0.20 \pm 0.08$	+0.7	$+0.42 \pm 0.05$	$-0.01 \pm 0.07$	+0.5
CR modeling (max. shift)	$+0.37 \pm 0.09$	-0.2	$+0.22 \pm 0.06$	$+0.33 \pm 0.07$	-0.1
"gluon move" (ERD on)	$+0.37 \pm 0.09$	-0.2	$+0.22 \pm 0.06$	$+0.33 \pm 0.07$	-0.1
"QCD inspired" (ERD on)	$-0.11 \pm 0.09$	-0.1	$-0.21 \pm 0.06$	$-0.14 \pm 0.07$	-0.1
Total systematic	0.71	1.0	1.07	0.61	0.7
Statistical (expected)	0.08	0.1	0.05	0.07	0.1
Total (expected)	0.72	1.0	1.08	0.61	0.7

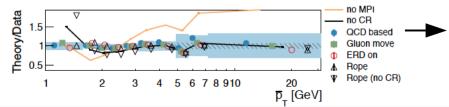
# Modeling & Tuning

- Enormous amount of parameters to compare
- Modeling of ttbar system is the limiting uncertainty





- 1<sup>st</sup> measurement of UE modeling in dilepton channel
  - MPI effects visible, CR not quite yet



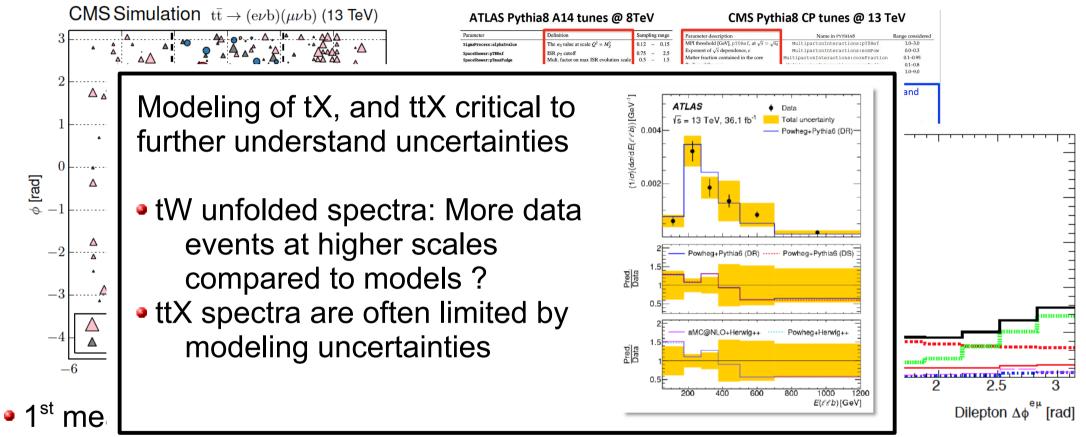
Enormous wealth of data available for studies

Are we squeezing out all information ?

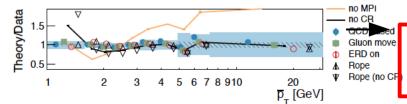


# Modeling & Tuning

- Enormous amount of parameters to compare
- Modeling of ttbar system is the limiting uncertainty



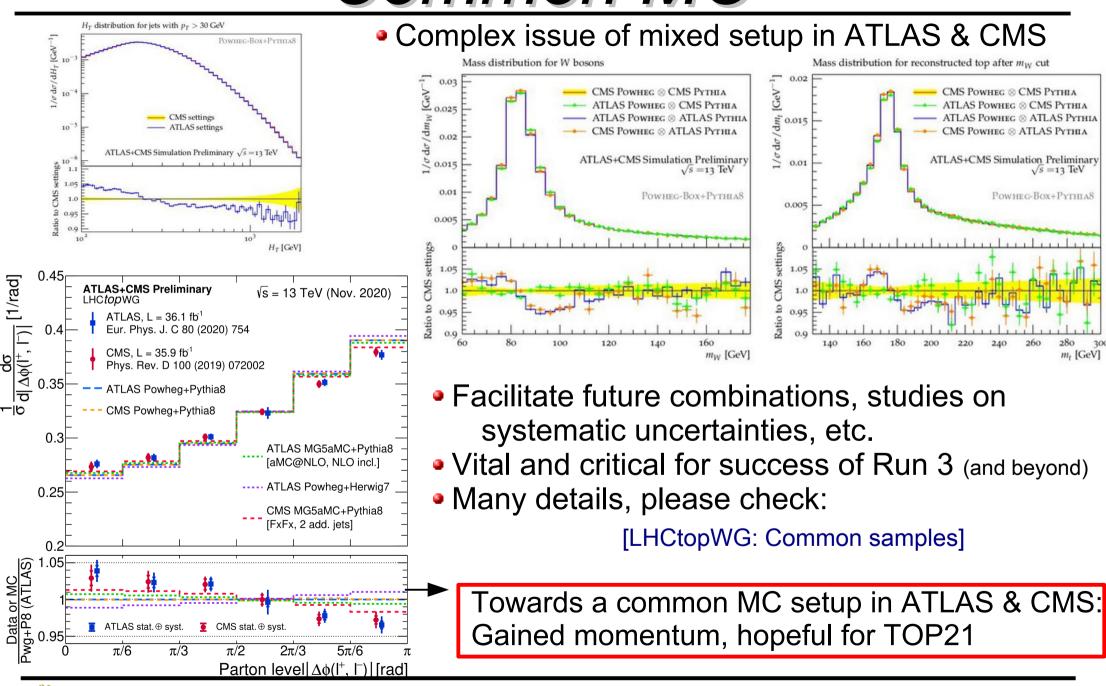
MPI eπects visible, Cκ not quite yet



Towards a common MC setup in ATLAS & CMS - 1<sup>st</sup> step: run settings in other experiment setup

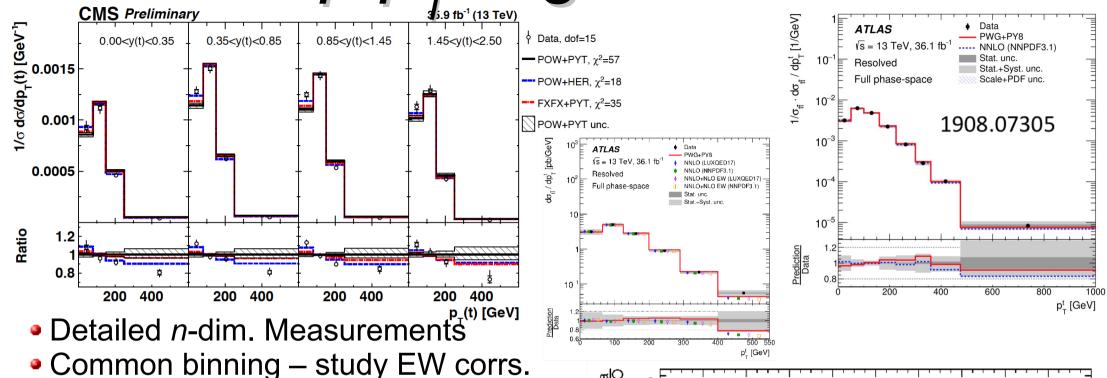


#### Common MC

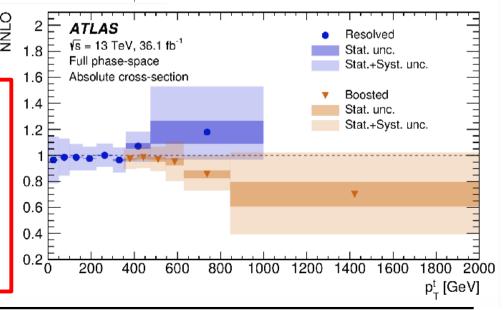




# The top p\_saga...continues



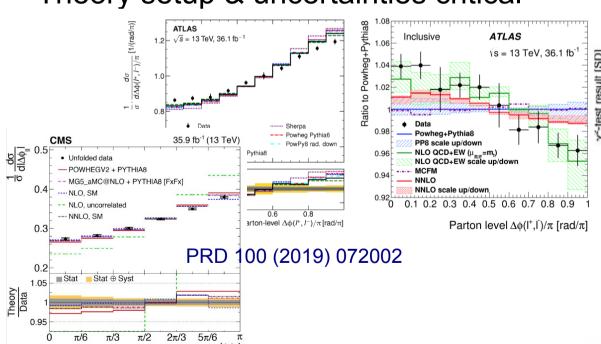
- Slopes in 13 TeV ATLAS & CMS data
- Large systematic uncertainty further understanding, common procedure?
  - Common MC clearly helps...
- Theory input: experiments are eager to use an "NNLO MC"

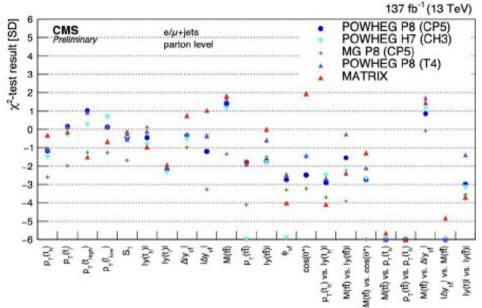


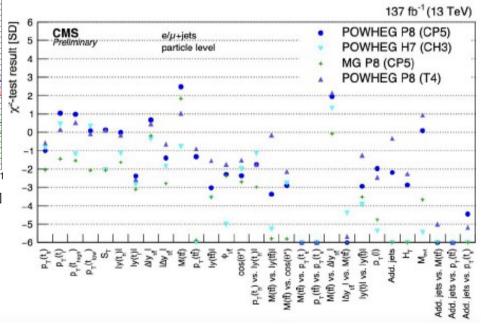


### Challenges in multi-D x-sec's

- More global approach is needed to fully harvest the wealth of top data
  - LHCtopWG is the proper forum, could be a "fitter" forum a la PDF groups
  - Dedicated discussion on systematic uncertainties
  - Combinations in the full kinematic spectra
  - Theory setup & uncertainties critical

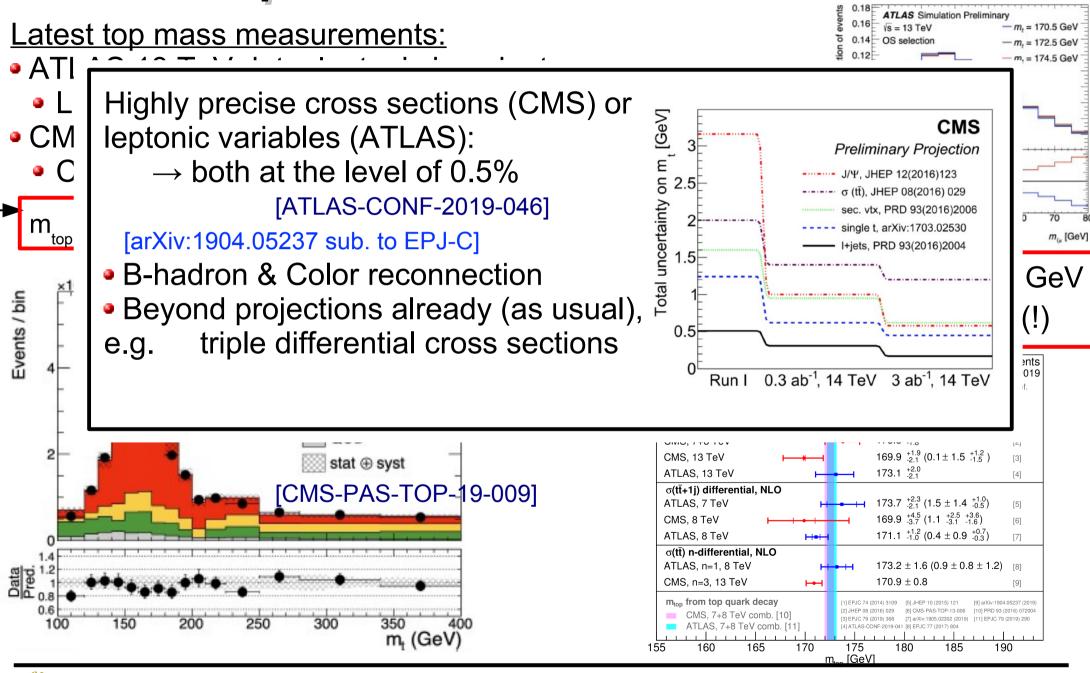








### <u>Top mass – alternative</u>

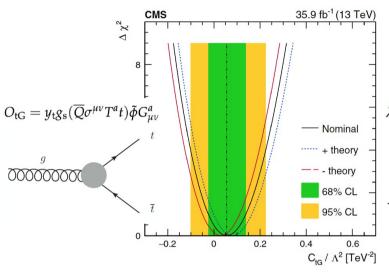




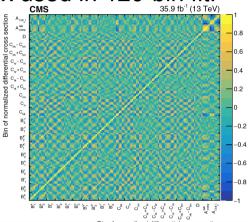
### Effective field theory...

 EFT is now widely used to search for offresonance effects due to BSM contributions

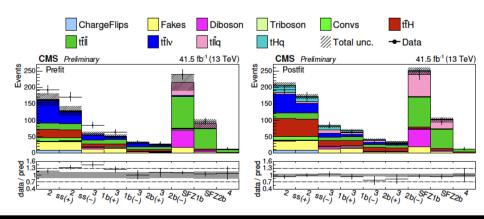
$$\mathcal{L}_{ ext{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{ ext{SM}} + \sum_{i} rac{C_{i}^{(6)} \mathcal{O}_{i}^{(6)}}{\Lambda^{2}}$$



e.g. Spin correlations employs systematic correlation matrix used in 120-bin fit:

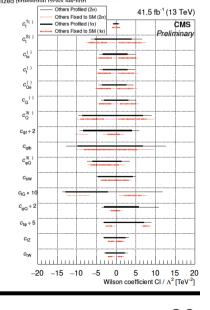


 More global approaches to capture experimental correlations, EFT at particle level to boost sensitivities

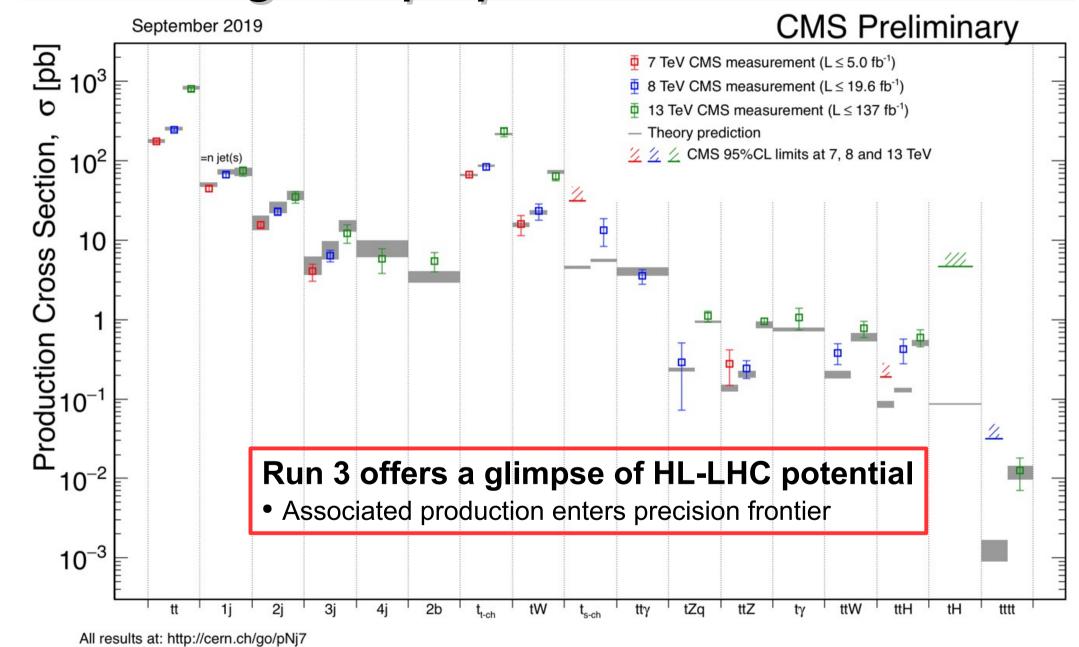


- Associated top production to probe for BSM effects
- Consistent treatment of experimental correlations

[CMS-PAS-TOP-19-001]



#### A bright top quark future ahead



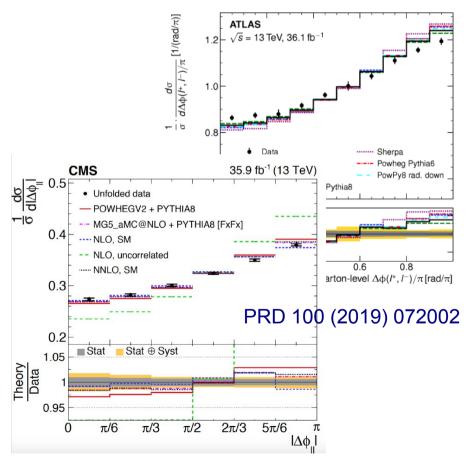


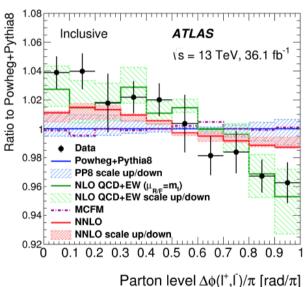
29

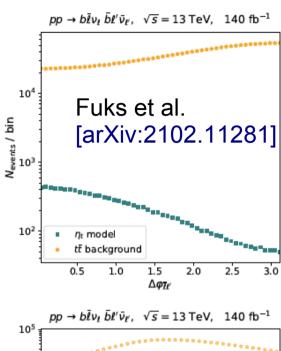
#### **Opportunities**

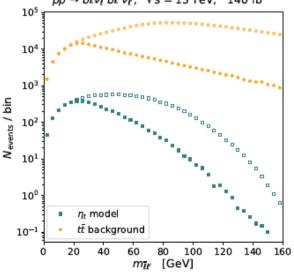
- Are a plenty...
- Biased selection: Toponium (!)
- LHCtopWG Joint Seminar, 13<sup>th</sup> April 2021
  - 9am eastern, indico

https://indico.cern.ch/event/1017911/



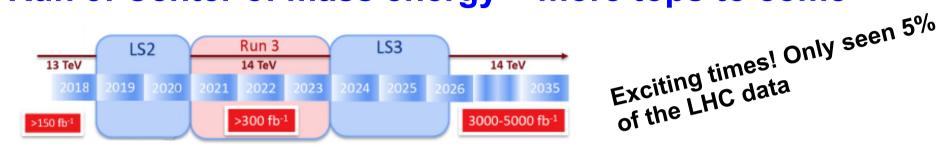






#### Conclusions

- Next year(s) will show what ~150 million t\u00c4 events tell us
  - Precision frontier of top quark physics
    - → Run 3: Center of mass energy + more tops to come



 $\rightarrow$  Allows for multi-dimensional measurements of  $\sigma$ ,  $\alpha_s$ , PDFs and any properties, associated production as well  $\rightarrow$  FCNCs and other statistically limited processes improve

- Need all avenues to pin down BSM, challenges ahead:
- → Common MC samples
- → More global aproaches (kinematic distributions, EFT)
- → Use vast top sample as b-physics lab



#### Backup...

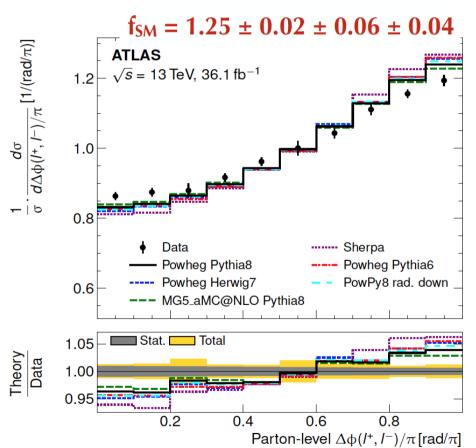
...even more distributions than shown so far...

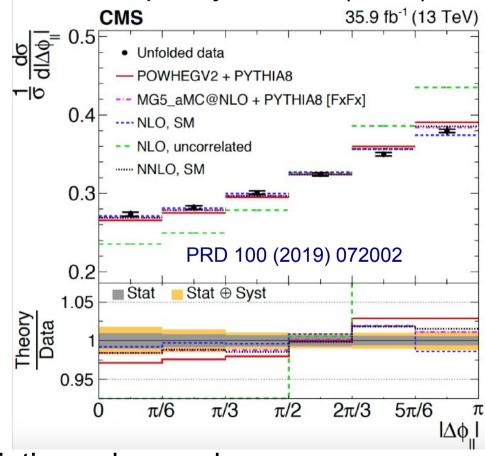
# Spin Correlations

- Opening angle cos
   φ maximally sensitive to alignment of top quark spins
- Most precise direct measurement via cosφ Opening angle between leptons in top parent rest frame:

• Systematic:  $p_T$  and BG modeling  $f_{SM} = 0.97 \pm 0.05$ 

Indirect measurement via Δφ shows about 1σ discrepancy to NLO (CMS)





All distribution agree with the SM, no deviations observed

#### Spin Correlations

 Double-differential cross section allows to access spin correlation and polarization information in top quark events

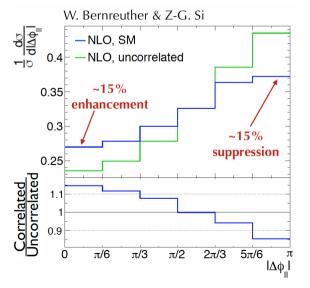
Double diff, xsec

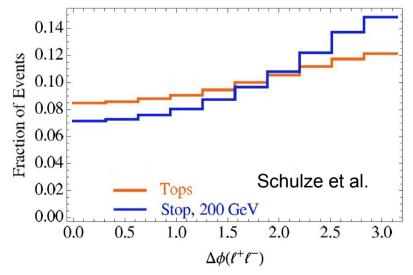
Polarisation (0 in SM)

**Spin Correlation** 

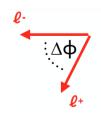
$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 \sigma}{\mathrm{d} \cos \theta_+^a \mathrm{d} \cos \theta_-^b} = \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{B_+^a}{B_+^a} \cos \theta_+^a + \frac{B_-^b}{B_-^a} \cos \theta_-^b - \frac{C(a,b)}{B_+^a} \cos \theta_+^a \cos \theta_-^b)$$

- Charged lepton is perfect spin analyzer, well reconstructed
- Sensitive to BSM physics (more spin corr's = s-channel dark matter; less spin corr's = new scalars)

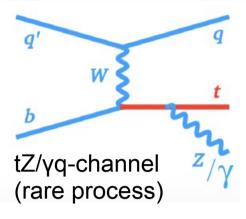




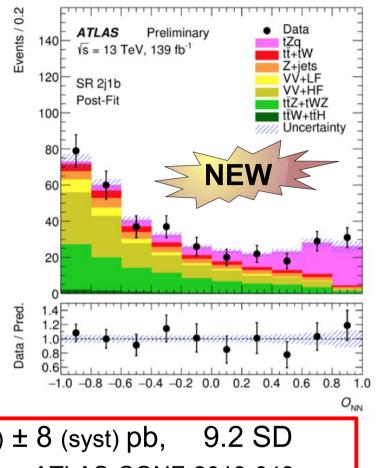
Angle between leptons in transverse plane

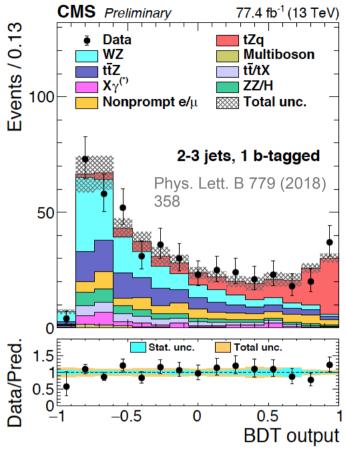


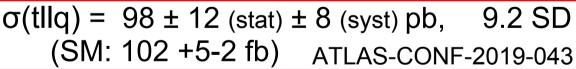
# Rare single top quark



SM NLO prediction:  $\sigma = 94.2 \pm 3.1 \text{ fb}$ Phys. Lett. B 779 (2018) 358







- Heavy use of BDT to enhance sensitivity multiple signal regions
- ATLAS & CMS measurement of tZq single top production @13 TeV

Observation of tZq

A. Jung

 $\sigma$  = 111 ± 13 (stat) ± 10 (syst) pb PRL122(2019)132003 obs. (exp.) significance: 8.2 (7.7) SD





#### Rare top quark decays – Prospects

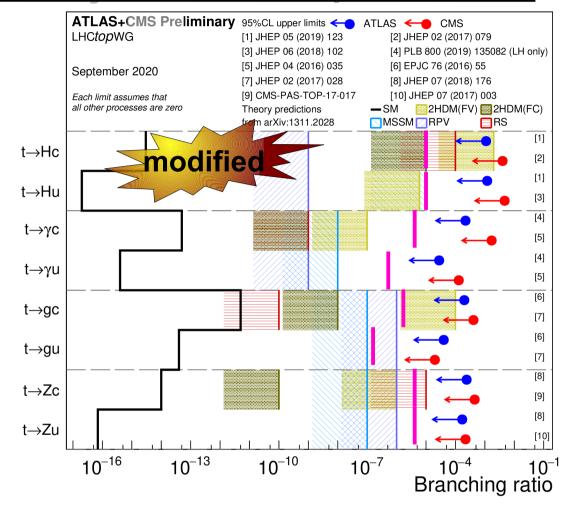


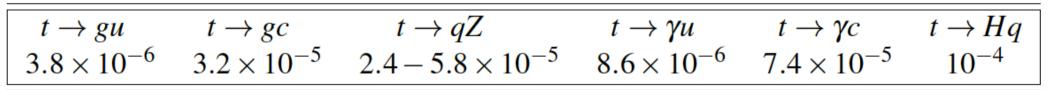
Flavor-changing neutral currents (FCNCs)

Extrapolations to HL-LHC:

→ watch out for the bar:

Caveats: Some are "inclusive"...and also, we tend to do (much) better than projections, so we can hope to challenge more of the potential SM extensions



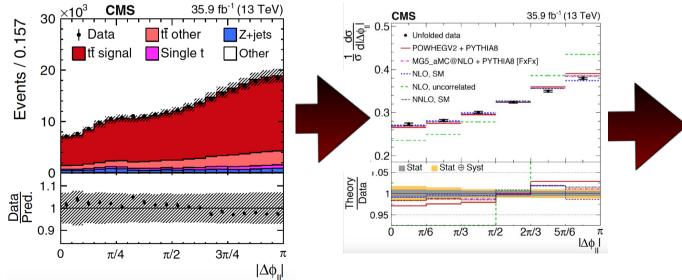


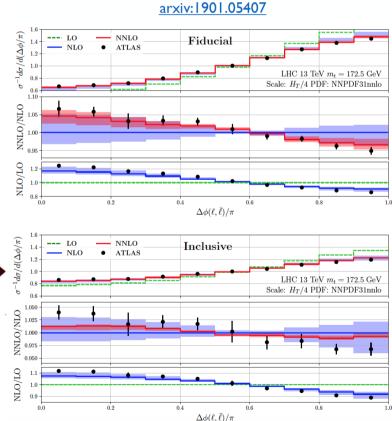
CERN-LPCC-2018-03



#### Challenges in multi-D x-sec's

- "To fully correct the data or not" → always do both!
- Parton level correction:
  - More precise theoretical predictions ↔ larger extrapolation uncertainties
  - Global fits, any comparison, combinations
- Particle level: more precise
- Likelihood-based unfolding, including nuisance fit
- Rely on particle level to feed into effective field theories









#### New friends for the top

 $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV, 36.1-139 fb<sup>-1</sup>

ATLAS Preliminary

Limits at 95% C

700 | Vs = 13 TeV, | ATLAS Pro | ATLAS | Pro | T<sub>1</sub>T<sub>1</sub> production

€ <sub>500</sub>

400

300

200



- Expected limits

139.0 fb - 1L,  $\tilde{t}$   $\rightarrow$  Wb $\tilde{\chi}^0$ 

36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>  $0L, \tilde{t}_{i} \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_{i}^{0} / \tilde{t}_{i} \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_{i}^{0}$ [1709.04183]

[1711.11520]

[1708.03247]

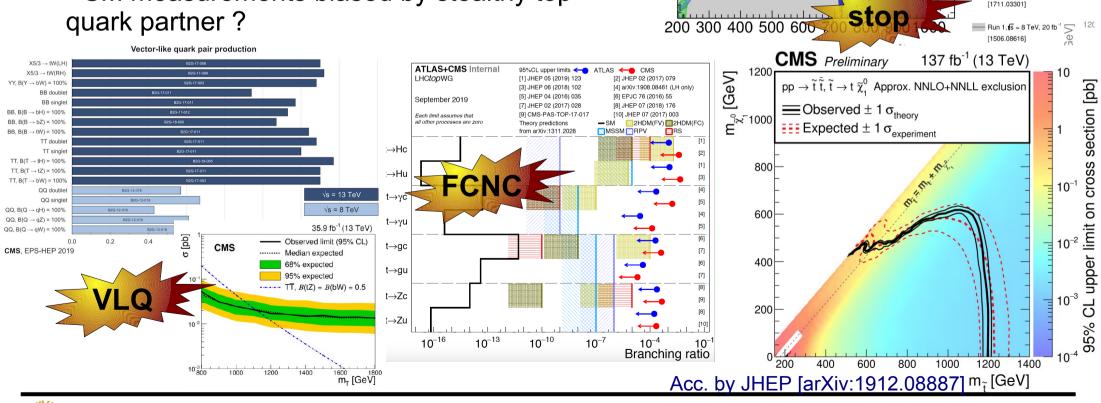
c0L, t, → cỹ

[ATLAS-CONF-2019-17]

1L,  $\tilde{t}_i \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}^0 / \tilde{t}_i \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}^0 / \tilde{t}_i \rightarrow bff'\tilde{\chi}^0$ 

 $= 2L, \tilde{t}, \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}^0 / \tilde{t}, \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}^0 / \tilde{t}, \rightarrow bff'\tilde{\chi}^0$ 

- "stealth" top region not yet fully **excluded** (mind BR of stop → top+neutralino)
- tt modeling uncertainties dominate searches
  - Danger of "over-tuning" ? Minimized by specific phase space / control regions
  - SM measurements biased by stealthy top quark partner?

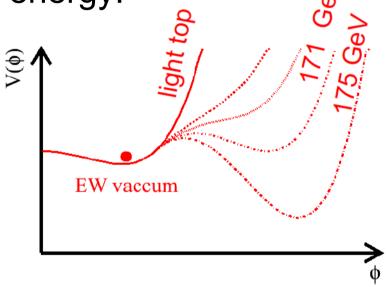




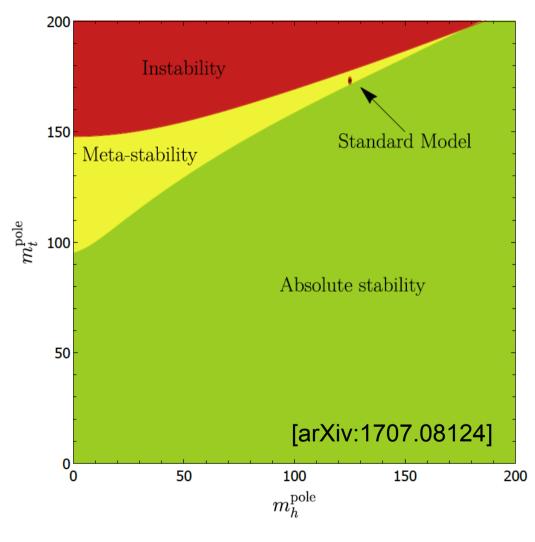
### SM vacuum stability

 A very fundamental question: What happens with the SM theory at highest physically allowed scales? → extrapolate to 10<sup>18</sup> GeV

 In classical physics "stable" means minimum of potential energy:



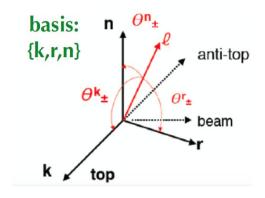
"Don't panic!" (D. Adams) Lifetime is much much larger than current age of the universe:  $10^{80} - 10^{320} t_{Universe}$ 





### Spin Correlations

- 15 coefficients completely characterize spin dependence of top quark production, each probed by measuring a 1D differential distribution.
- Also measure opening angle of lepton in lab system
- Corrected to the parton level



Double diff. xsec

Polarisation (0 in SM)

**Spin Correlation** 

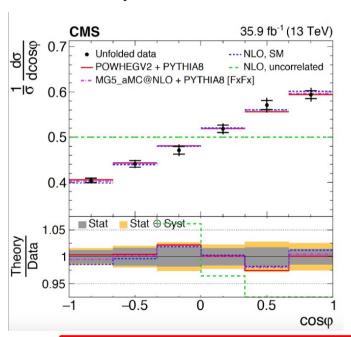
$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 \sigma}{\mathrm{d} \cos \theta_+^a \mathrm{d} \cos \theta_-^b} = \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{B_+^a}{B_+^a} \cos \theta_+^a + \frac{B_-^b}{B_-^a} \cos \theta_-^b - \frac{C(a,b)}{B_+^a} \cos \theta_+^a \cos \theta_-^b)$$

Dilepton distribution probes top spin in 3 dimensions

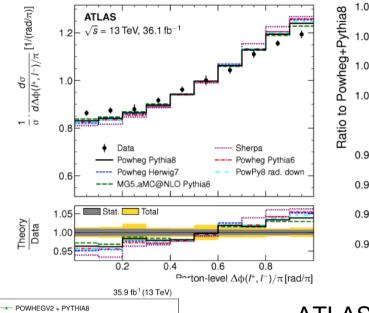
- → Leptons follow parent top spin (average polarisation given by 3-vectors B+/-)
- → Relative lepton directions follow 3x3 matrix C of spin correlation coefficients

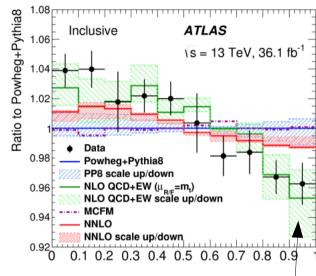
# Top Quark Properties...

- ATLAS and CMS completed detailed studies of top quark's spin correlation, and polarization (CMS)
  - Initial deviations of > 3 SD seen by ATLAS, not confirmed by CMS (only ~ 1SD)
- Most precise variable cosφ



A. Jung





Parton level $\Delta \phi(l^+, l^-)$	π [ra	d/π
--------------------------------------	-------	-----

MS		35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)
► Data	→ POWHEGV2 + PYTHIA8	,
<ul> <li>NLO calculation</li> </ul>	→ MG5_aMC@NLO + PYTH	HIA8 [FxFx]
← NNLO calculation		
kk		$0.300 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.031$
rr +=+		$0.081\!\pm0.023\!\pm0.023$
nn	H.	+ 0.329 ± 0.012 ± 0.016
D	H → 11	$0.237 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.009$
lab cosφ	Heri	$0.167 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.010$
Δφ <sub></sub>		$0.103 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.007$
		$result \pm (stat) \pm (syst)$
0.1	0.2 0.3	0.4
	Spin correlation	coefficient/asymmet

ATLAS		
Region	$f_{\rm SM} \pm ({\rm stat., syst., theory})$	
Inclusive	$1.249 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.0$	4(
$m_{t\bar{t}} < 450 \text{ GeV}$	$1.12 \pm 0.04 ^{+0.12}_{-0.13} \pm 0.02$	
$450 \le m_{t\bar{t}} < 550 \text{ GeV}$	$1.18 \pm 0.08 ^{+0.13}_{-0.14} \pm 0.08$	
$550 \le m_{t\bar{t}} < 800 \text{ GeV}$	$1.65 \pm 0.19 ^{+0.31}_{-0.41} \pm 0.22$	
$m_{t\bar{t}} \ge 800 \text{ GeV}$	$2.2 \pm 0.9  {}^{+2.5}_{-1.7} \pm 0.7$	

NLO theory slope and uncertainty appropriate?

 $F_{SM} = 0.97 \pm 0.05 \text{ (stat+syst)}$ 

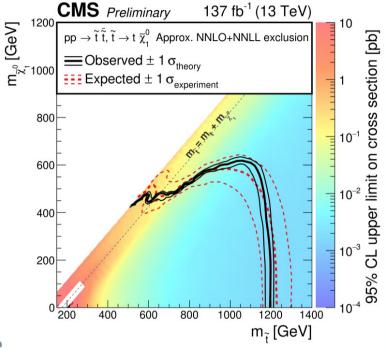


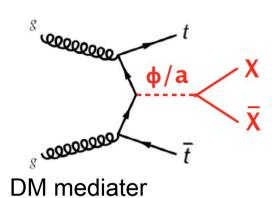
#### New friends for the top?

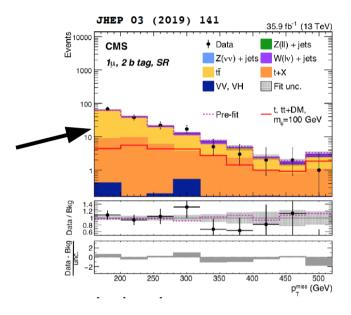


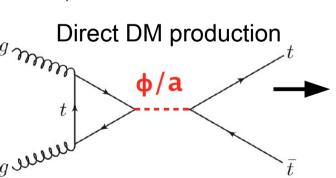
#### Dark Matter searches

Differential top quark cross section to search for DM









Pseudo-scalar particles alter the m(tt) with a wiggle  $\frac{300}{250} = \frac{1.4 \text{ c}_{\text{lost}} < -0.6}{1.0 \text{ m}_{\text{t}}} = \frac{-0.6 < c_{\text{bel}} < -0.2}{1.0 \text{ m}_{\text{t}}} = \frac{-0.2 < c_{\text{bel}} < 0.2}{1.0 \text{ m}_{\text{t}}}$ 

...apologies for being even (shorter)<sup>2</sup> here!



# New friends for the top?

- "stealth" top region not yet fully excluded
- tt modeling uncertainties dominate searches
  - Danger of "over-tuning"? Minimized by specific phase space / control regions

35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

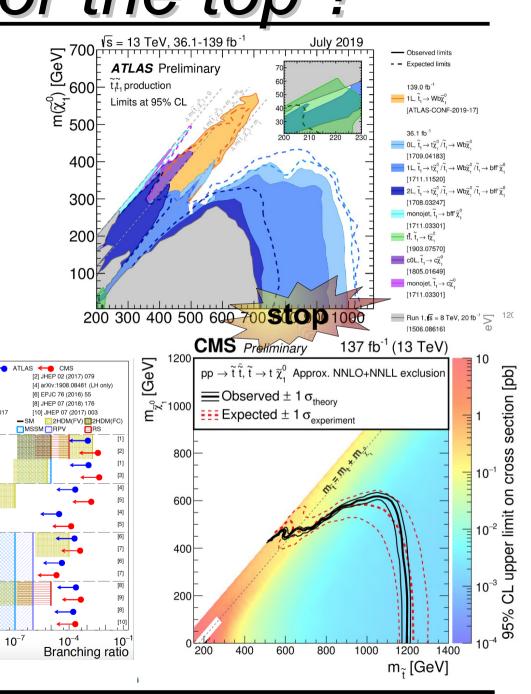
Observed limit (95% CL)

Median expected

68% expected

95% expected

 $T\overline{T}$ , B(tZ) = B(bW) = 0.5



...apologies for being even shorter here!

1400

1200



 $10^{-10}$ 

 $10^{-13}$ 

ATLAS+CMS Internal

LHCtopWG

t→Hc

t→gu t→Zc

1800

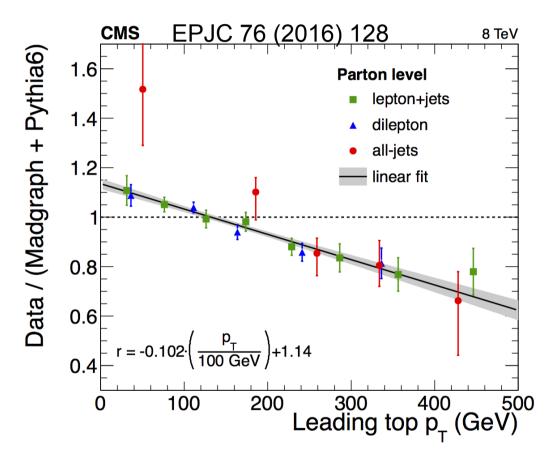
m<sub>T</sub> [GeV]

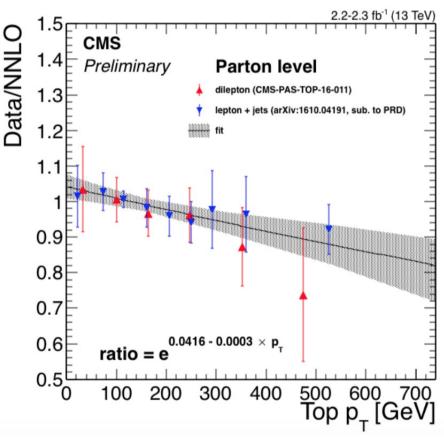
September 2019

**CMS** 

# The top p\_saga...

- Many Run I & Run II top pT measurements at ATLAS/CMS not described by NLO and most MCs – pQCD calculation do a better job
- Data is more soft: consistently seen in all decay channels, also at 13 TeV





- → The pT spectra in 8 TeV are described by pQCD NNLO calculations, but
- → Indications of a slope wrt NNLO in 13 TeV data