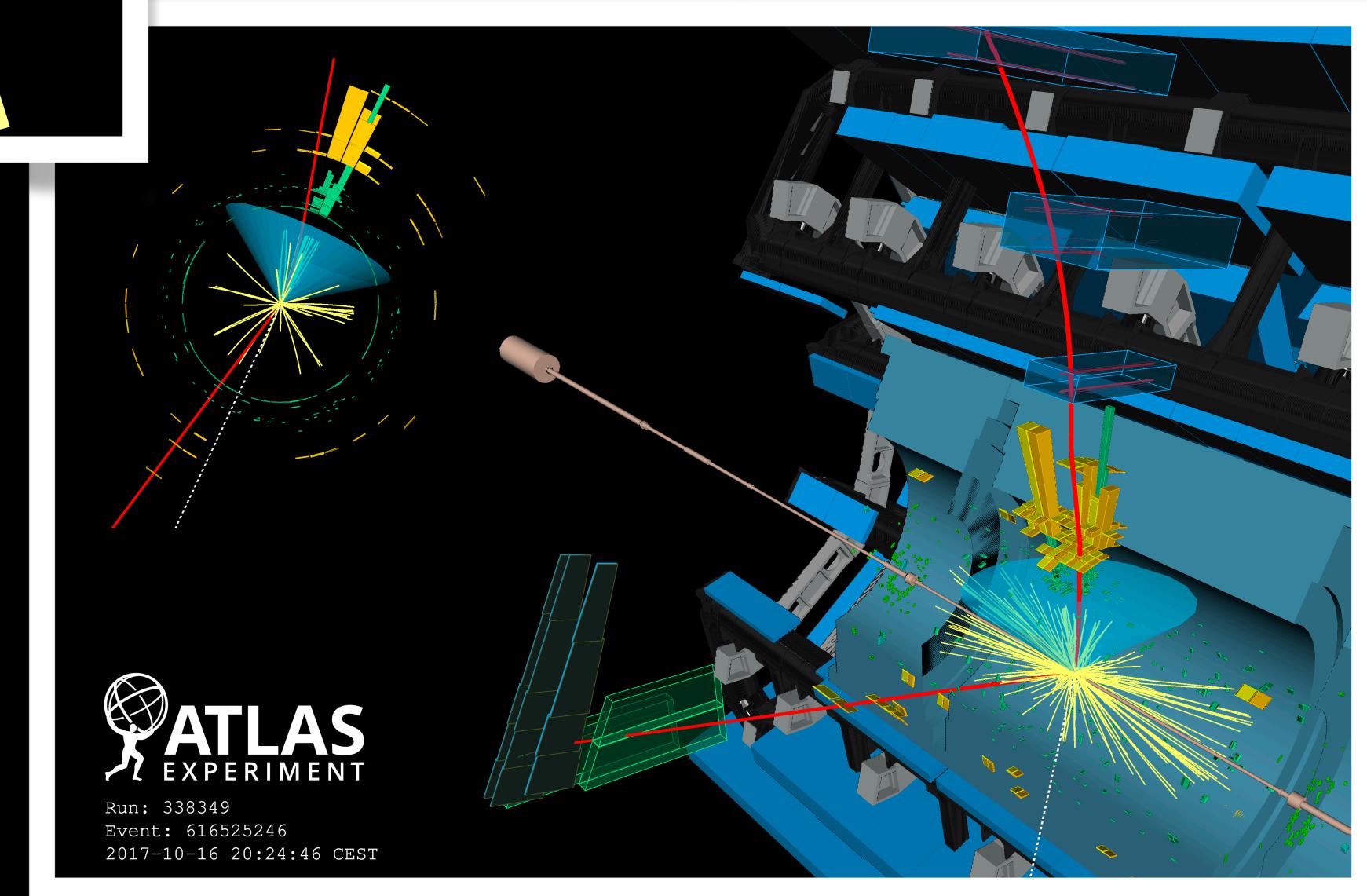
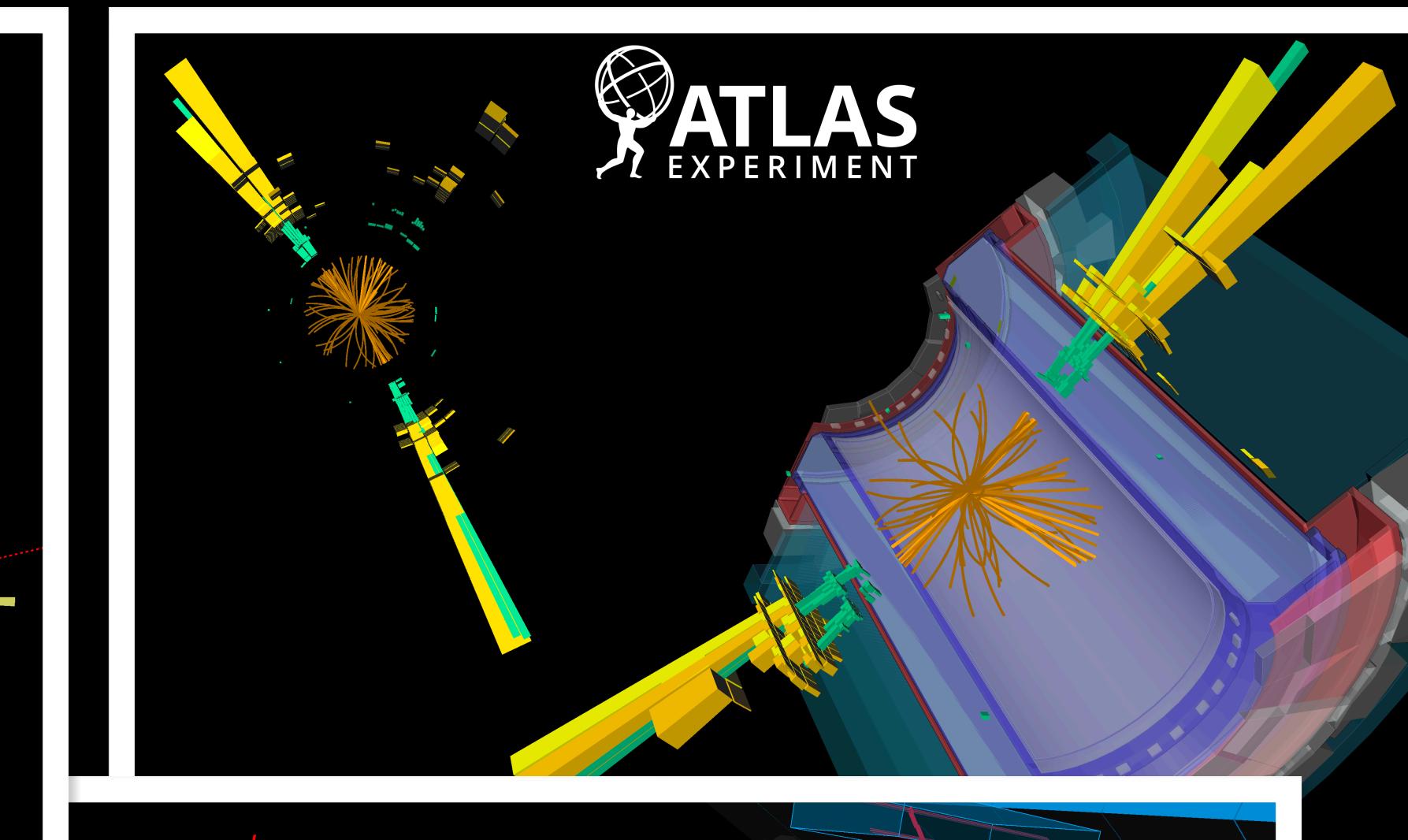
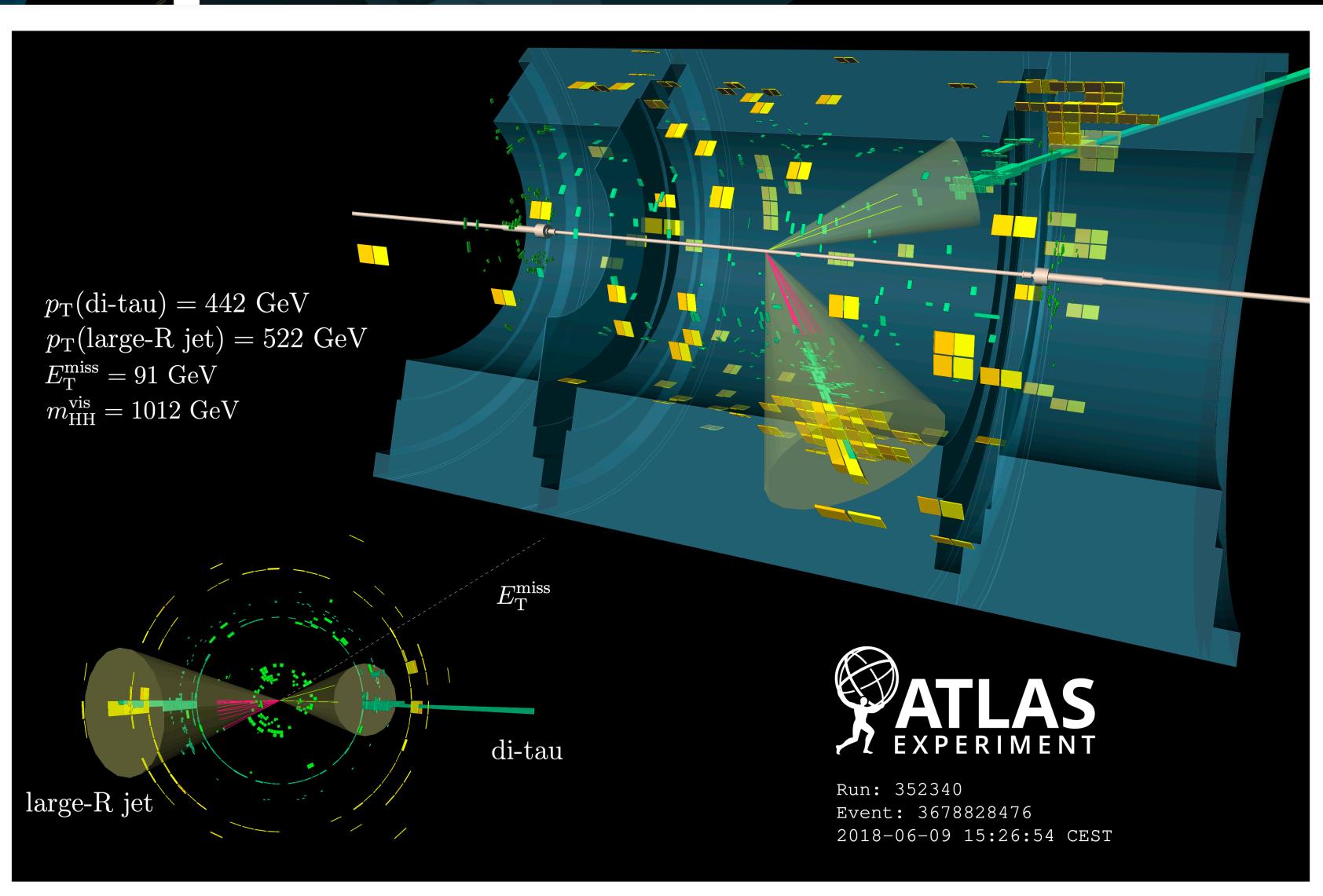
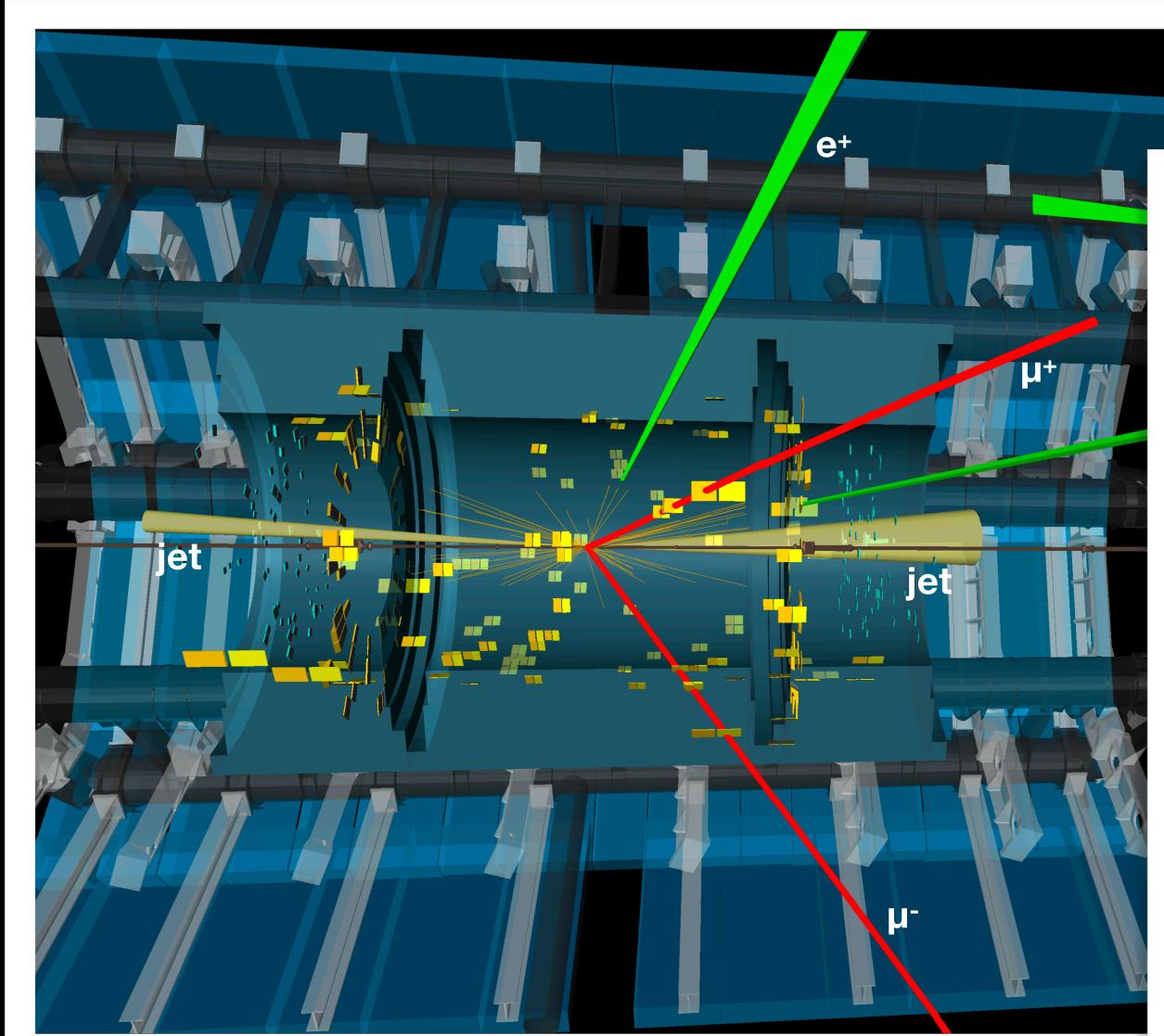


ATLAS Run 2 Summary



Stéphane Willocq
PITT PACC Workshop
7 Apr 2021

UMass
Amherst

Run 2

- Tremendous step relative to Run 1

4.6 fb^{-1} @ $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

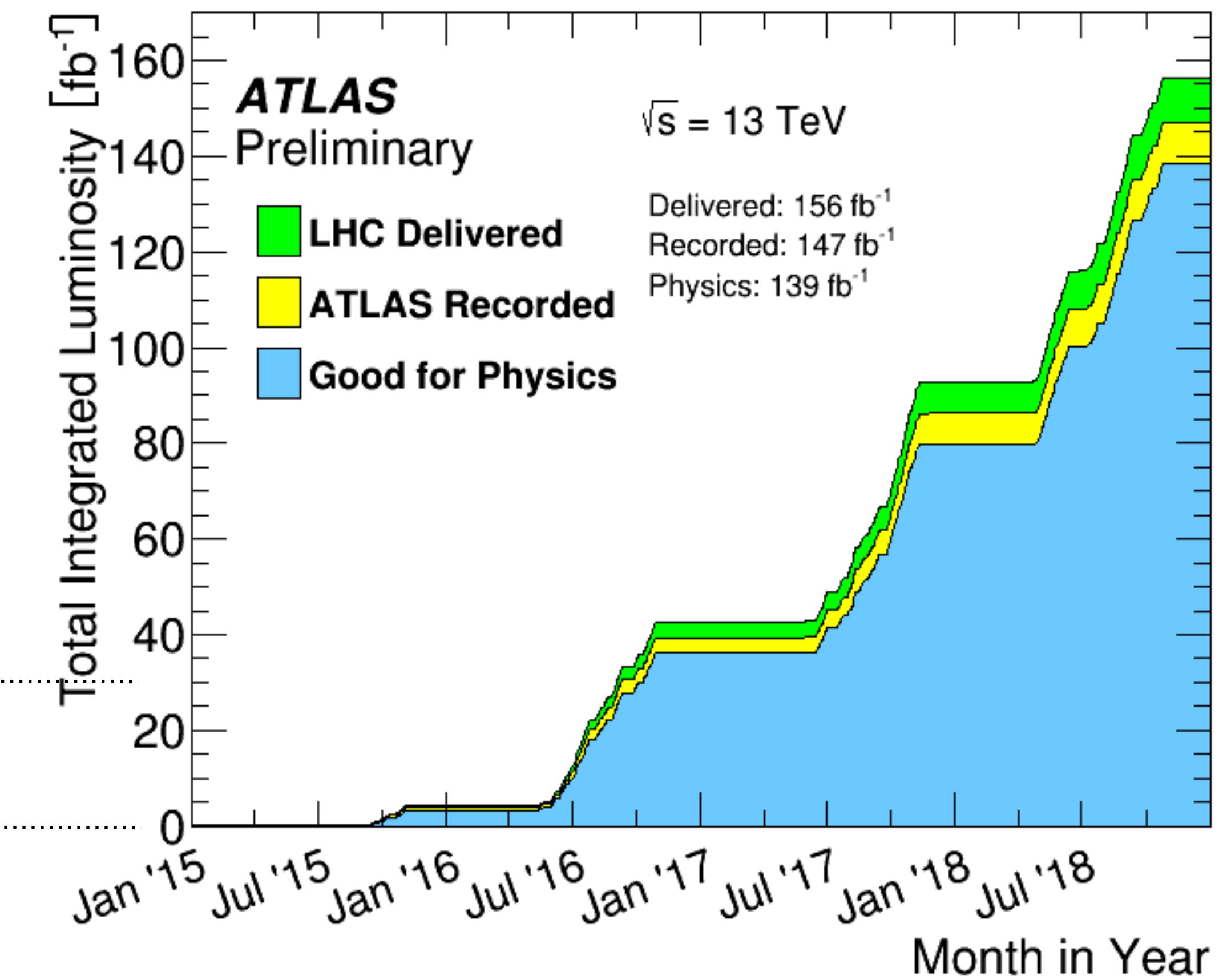
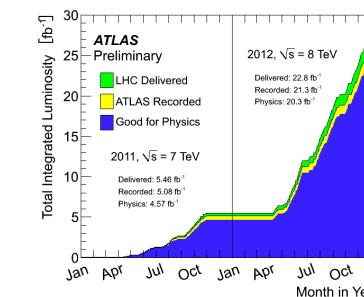
20.3 fb^{-1} @ $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



139 fb^{-1} @ $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

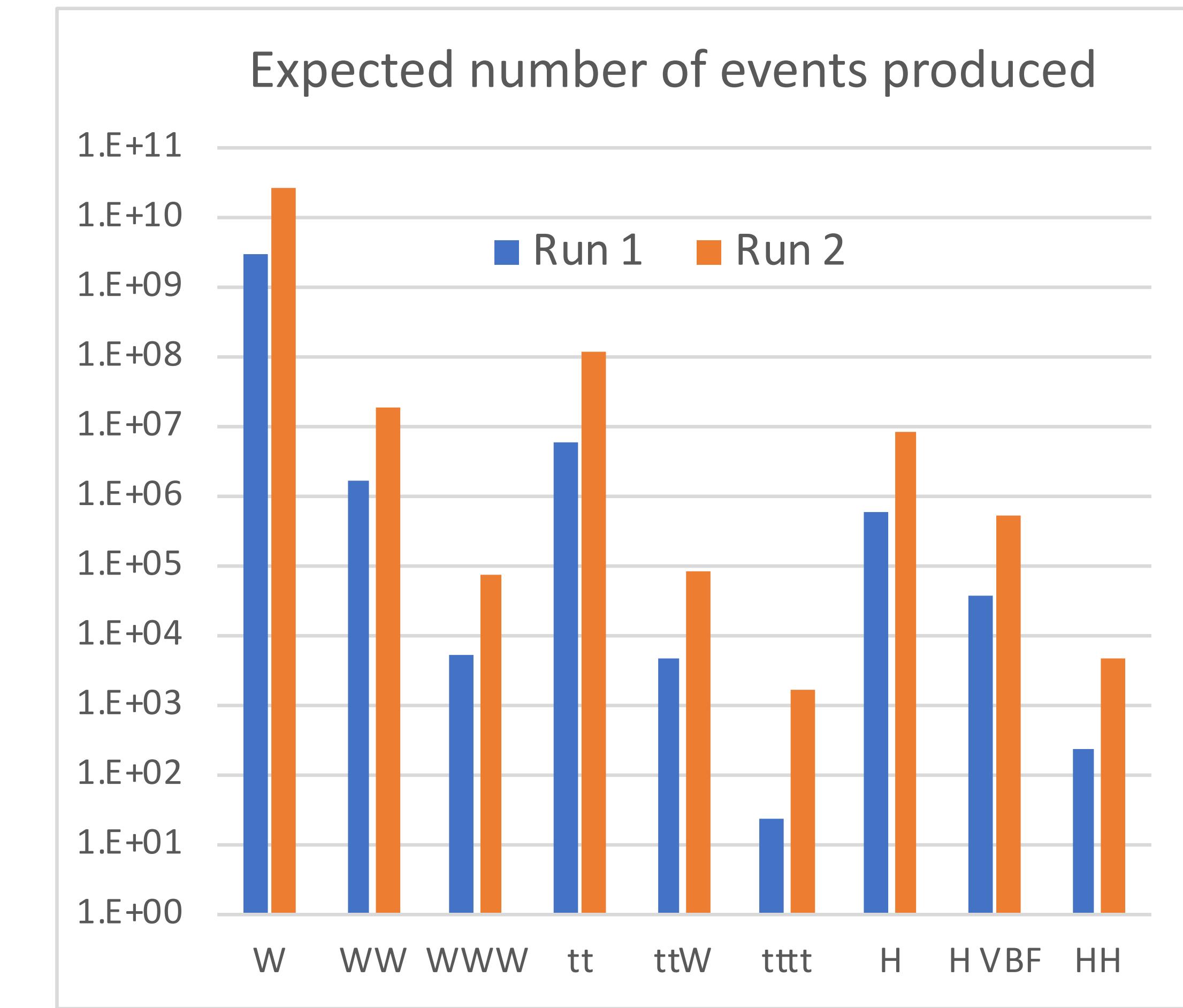
Run 2

Run 1



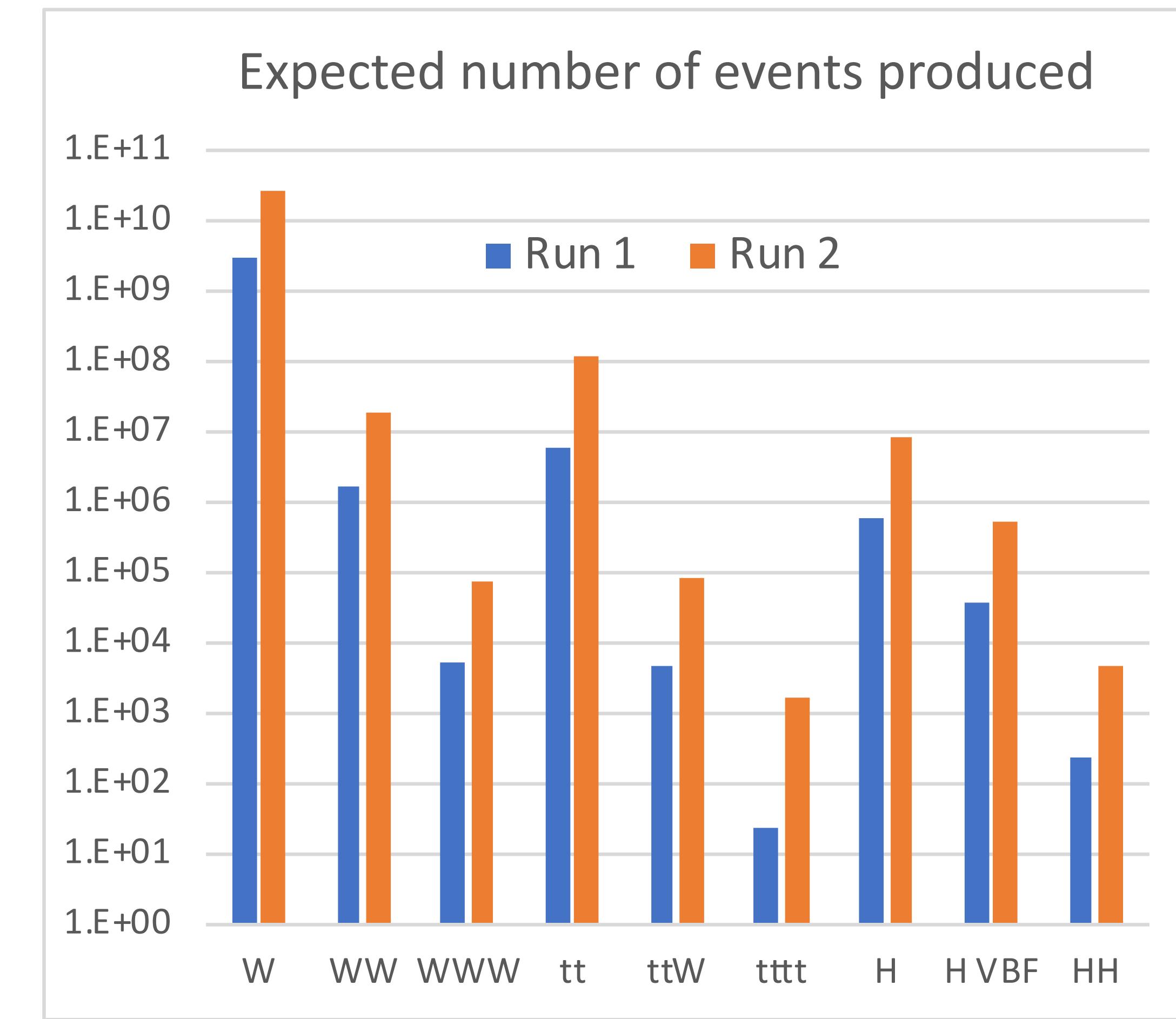
Run 2

- Number of events increase by factor of 10 - 20 relative to Run 1 for key processes
- Huge gain in BSM search sensitivity
- Much improved measurement precision
- Access to rare SM processes
- **Huge Run 2 dataset is a gold mine for physics**, for years to come
- LHC not just a proton collider but
 - a gluon/quark collider (incl. bottom, top)
 - a W and Z collider
 - a photon collider



Run 2 physics program

- Search for BSM, including
 - dark matter
 - supersymmetry
 - heavy fermions, gauge bosons
- Precision SM measurements, including
 - Higgs
 - top quark
 - electroweak sector
 - strong interactions
 - tests of flavor universality, CPV
- Rare SM processes, including
 - anomalous couplings
- Heavy ions, including
 - quark-gluon plasma
 - photon-photon collisions

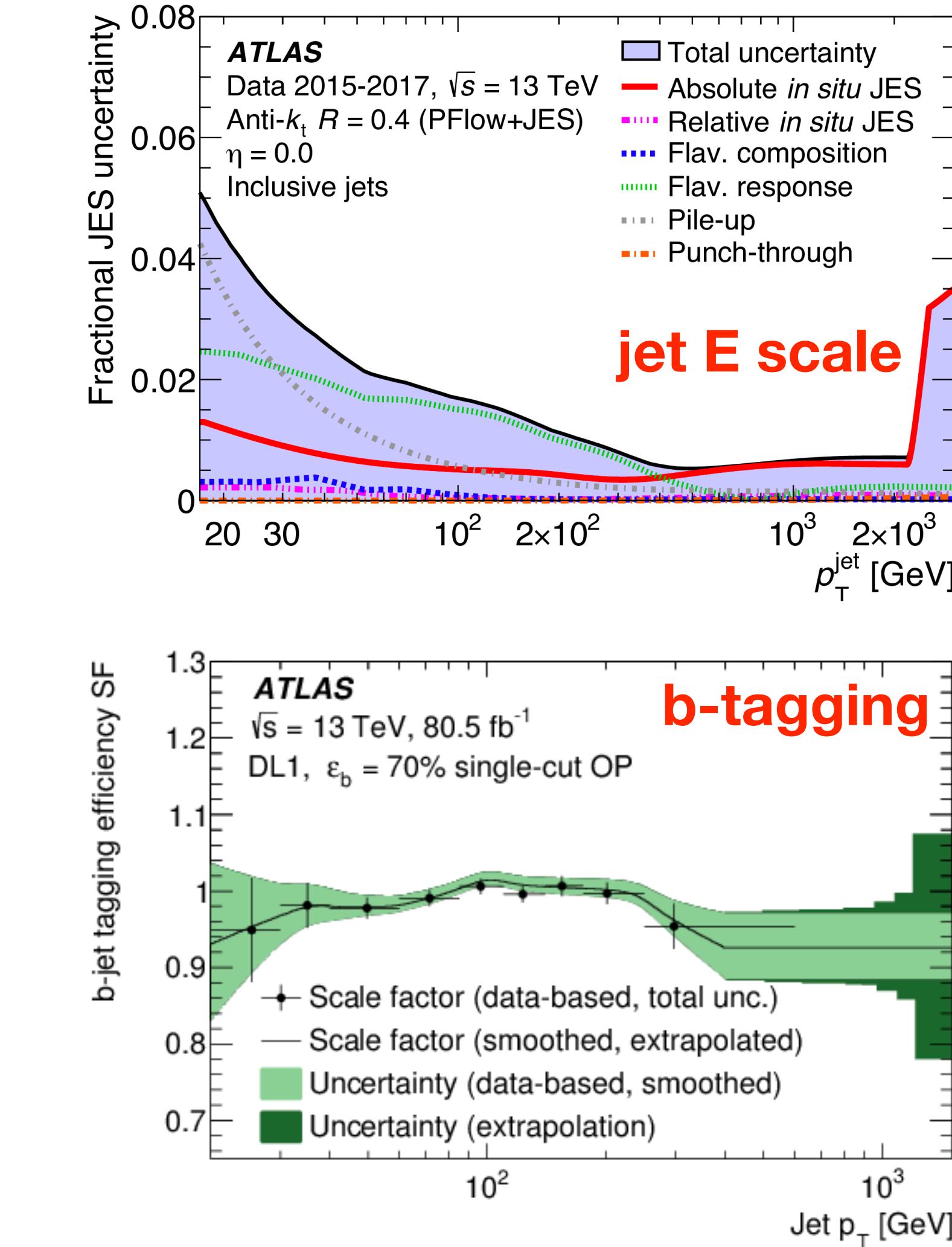
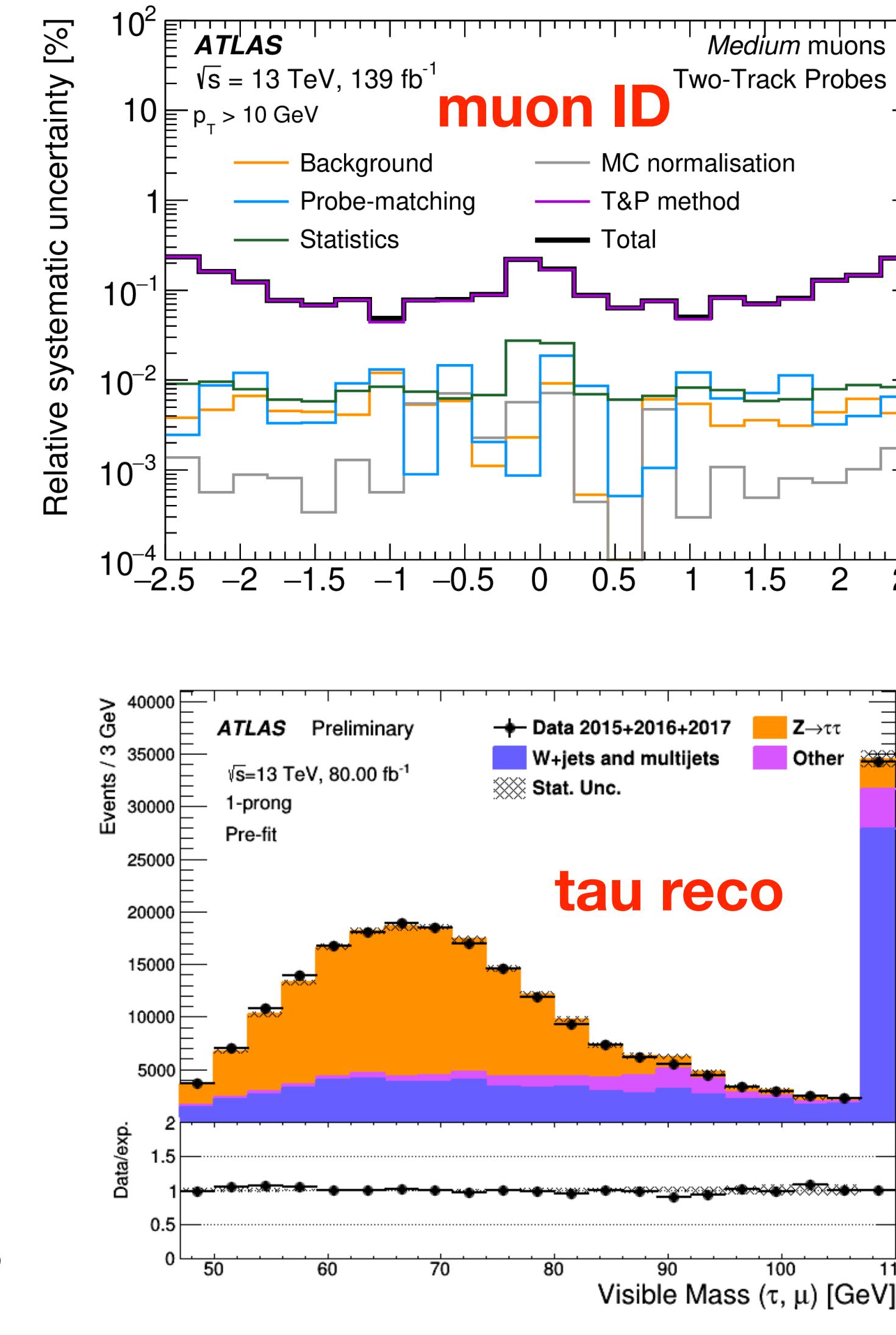
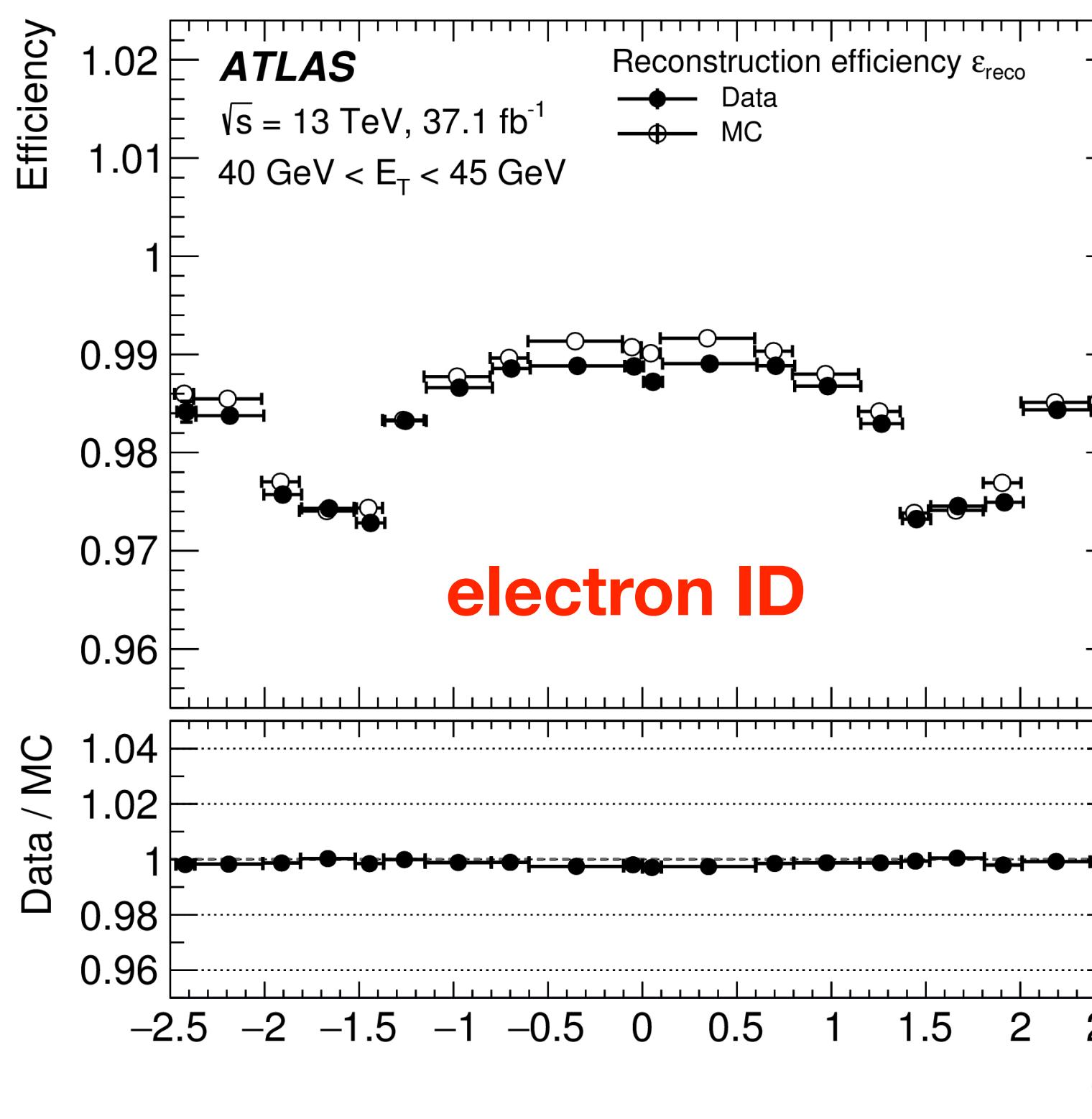


Caveat: only a glimpse of the physics program can be shown here!

Detector reconstruction and object performance



- Bumper crop of results from Run 2 only possible thanks to excellent understanding of detector performance, and development of reconstruction and identification algorithms
- High level of precision achieved & excellent modeling with simulation

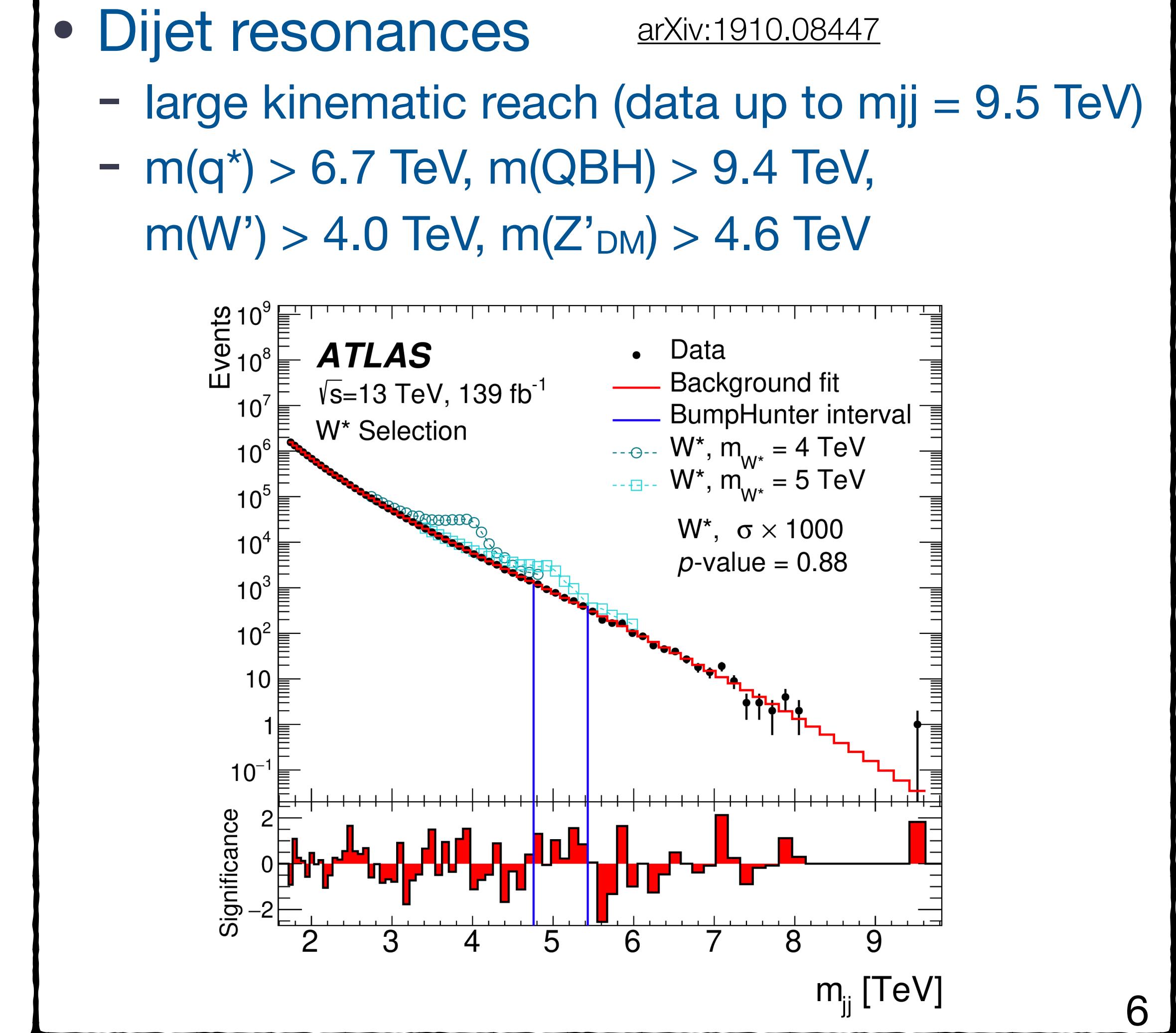
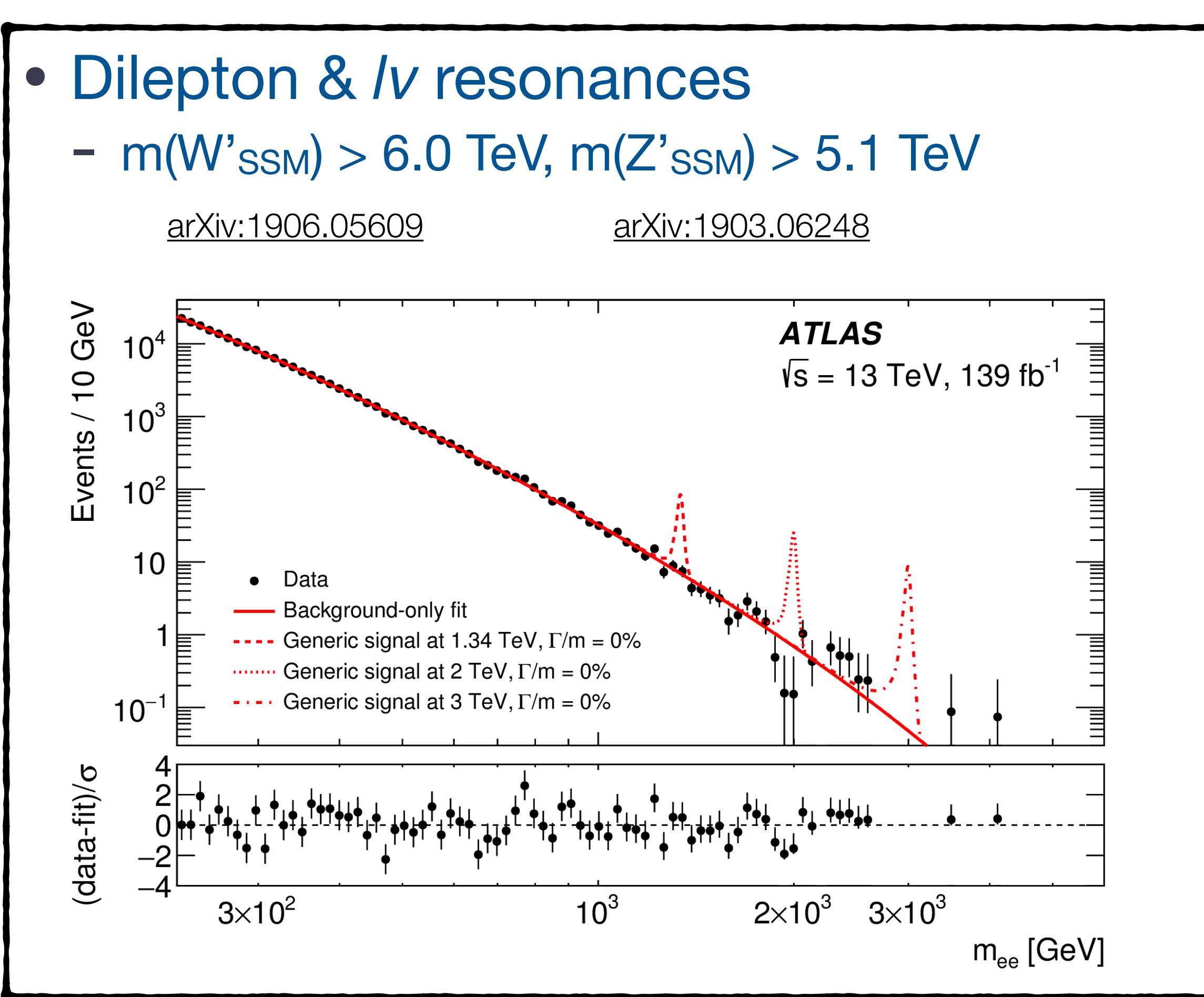


Searches at the energy frontier



- Naturalness arguments motivate search for TeV-scale new physics
- Much ground covered (a few examples here)

*all limits in this talk at 95% CL
unless indicated otherwise*

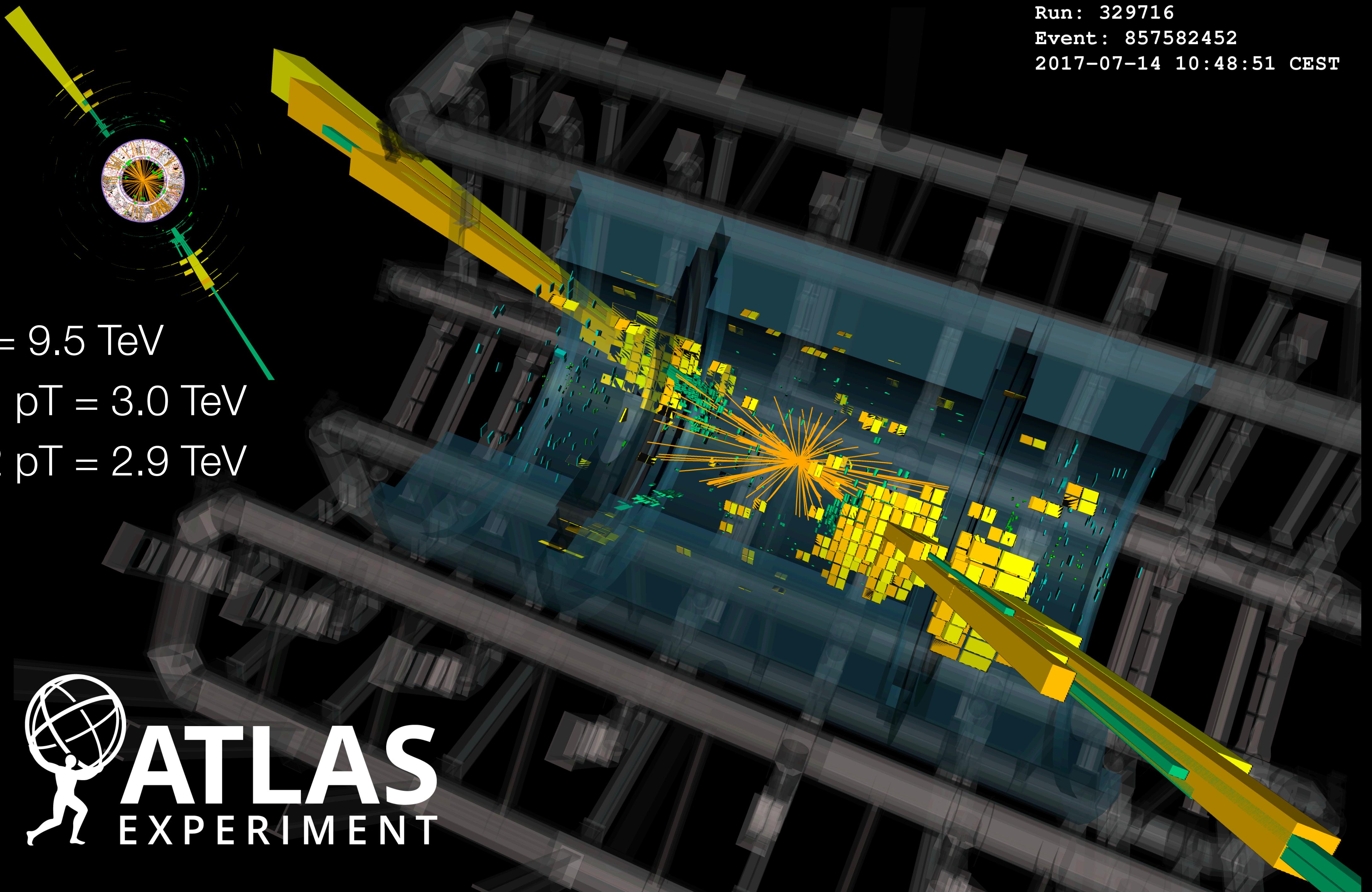


Run: 329716
Event: 857582452
2017-07-14 10:48:51 CEST

$m_{jj} = 9.5 \text{ TeV}$
jet1 $pT = 3.0 \text{ TeV}$
jet2 $pT = 2.9 \text{ TeV}$



ATLAS
EXPERIMENT



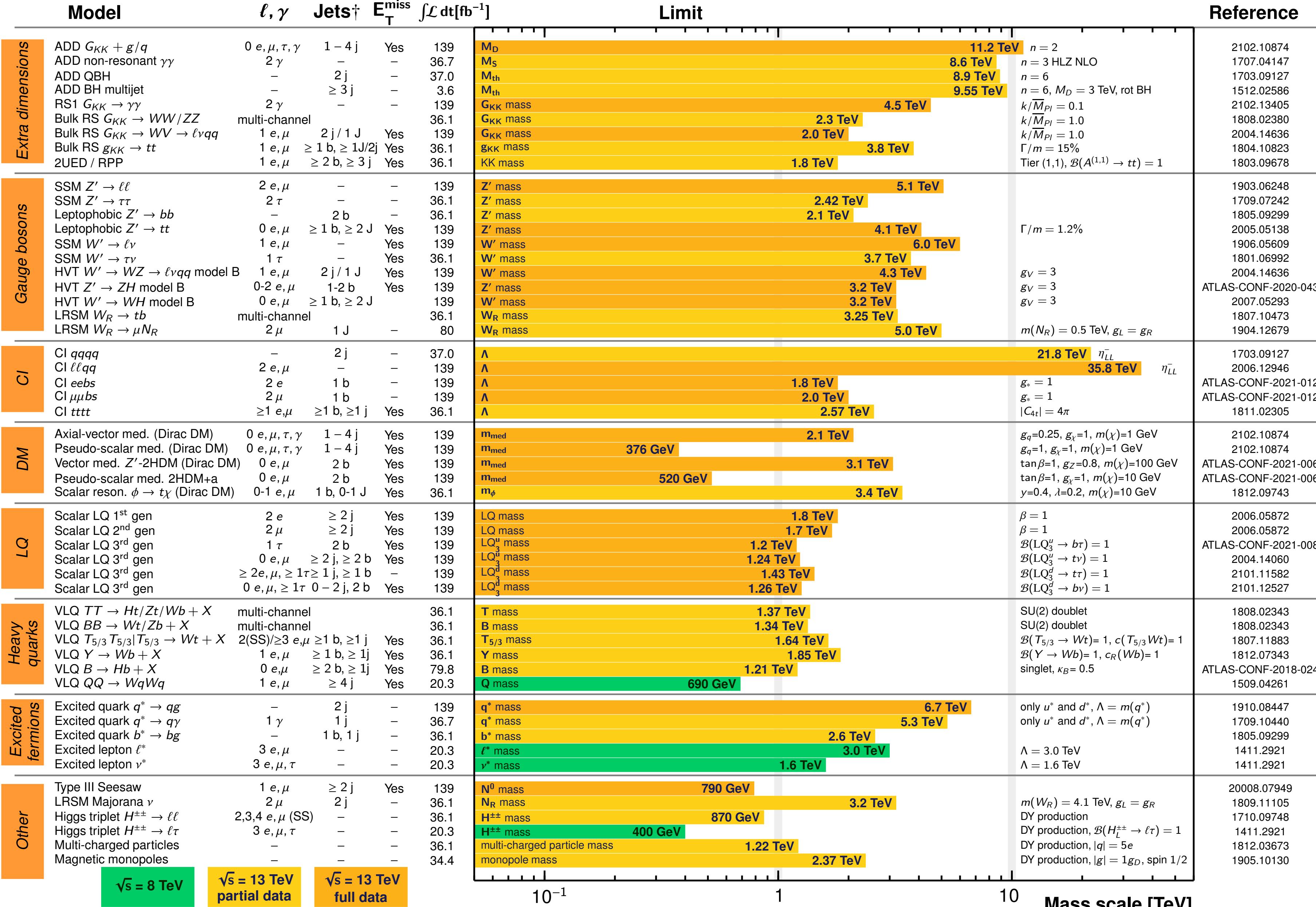
ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Upper Exclusion Limits

Status: March 2021

ATLAS Preliminary

$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (3.6 - 139) \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$\sqrt{s} = 8, 13 \text{ TeV}$



$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$
partial data

$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$
full data

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

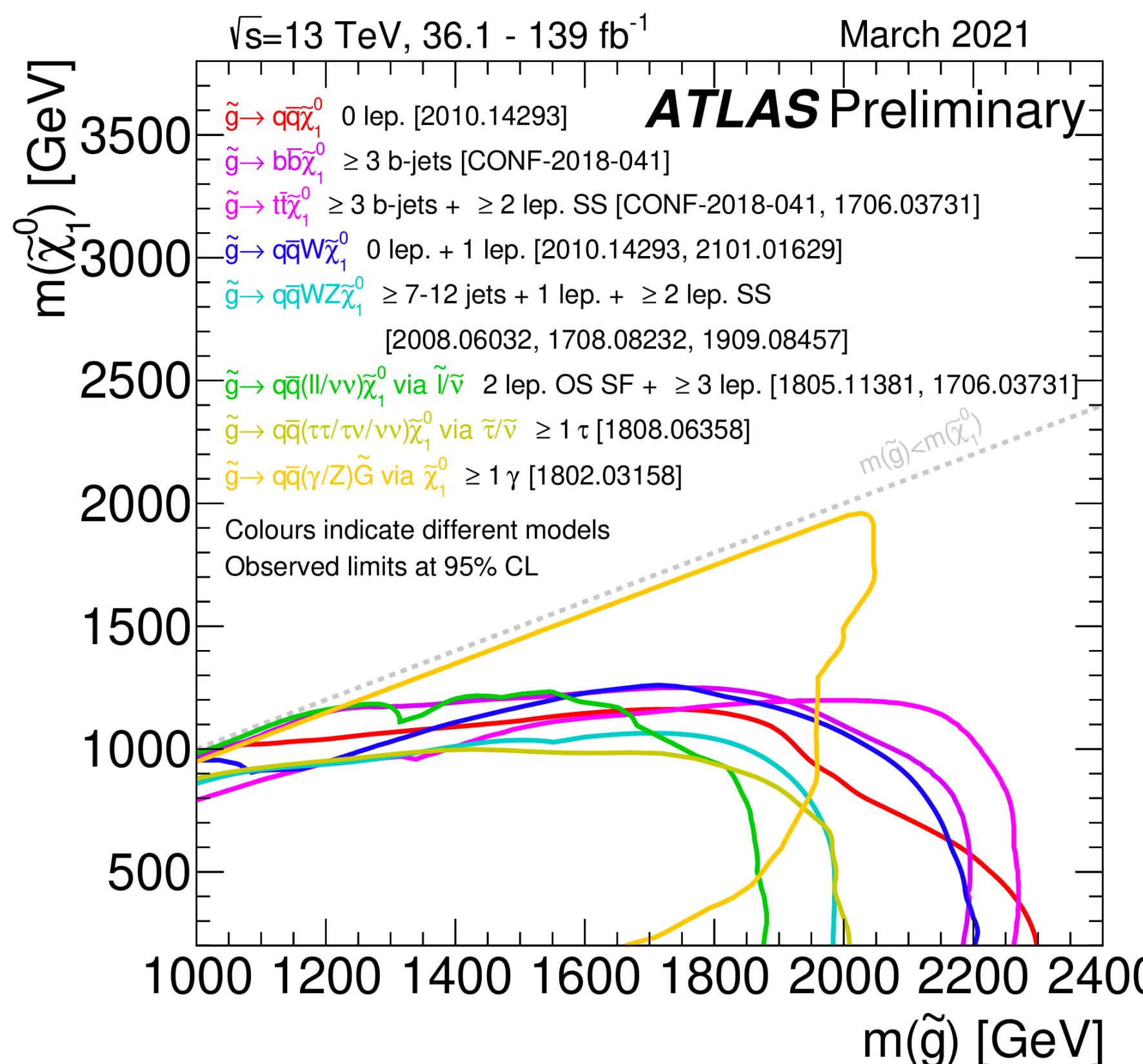
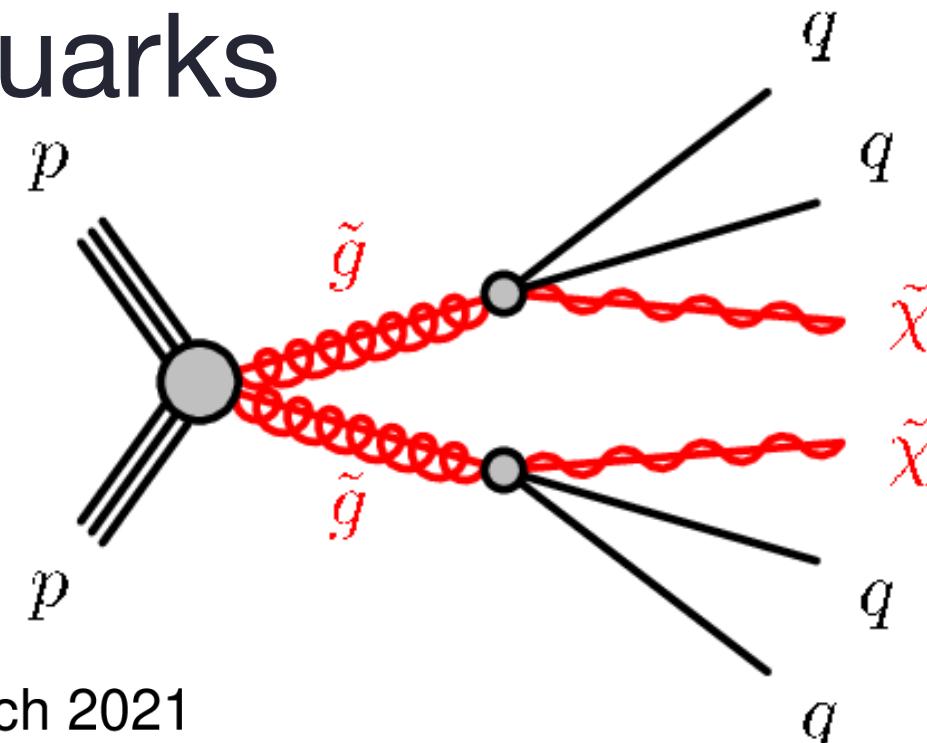
[†]Small-radius (large-radius) jets are denoted by the letter j (J).

Searches at the energy frontier

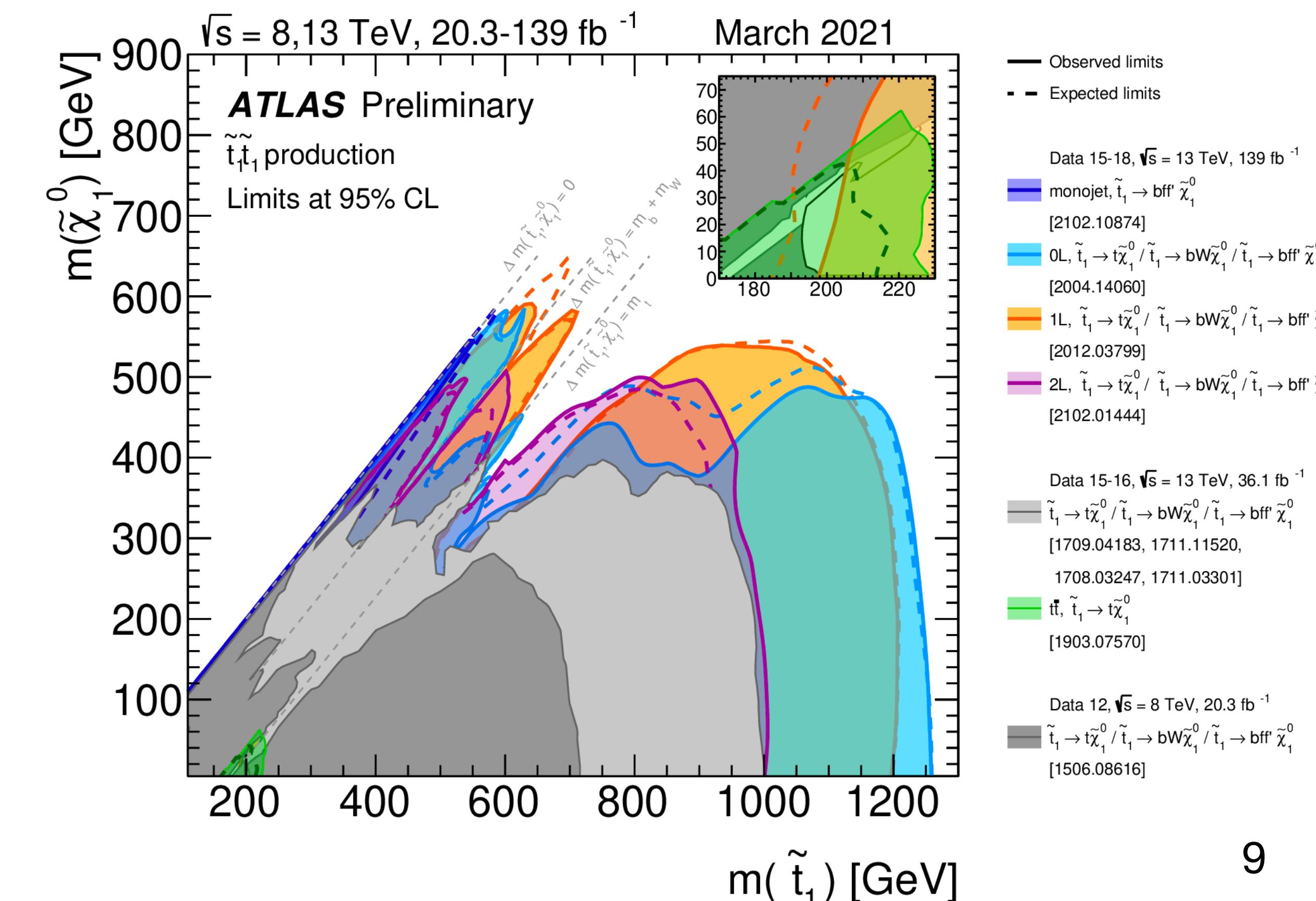
- Strong production of supersymmetric partners: gluinos and squarks

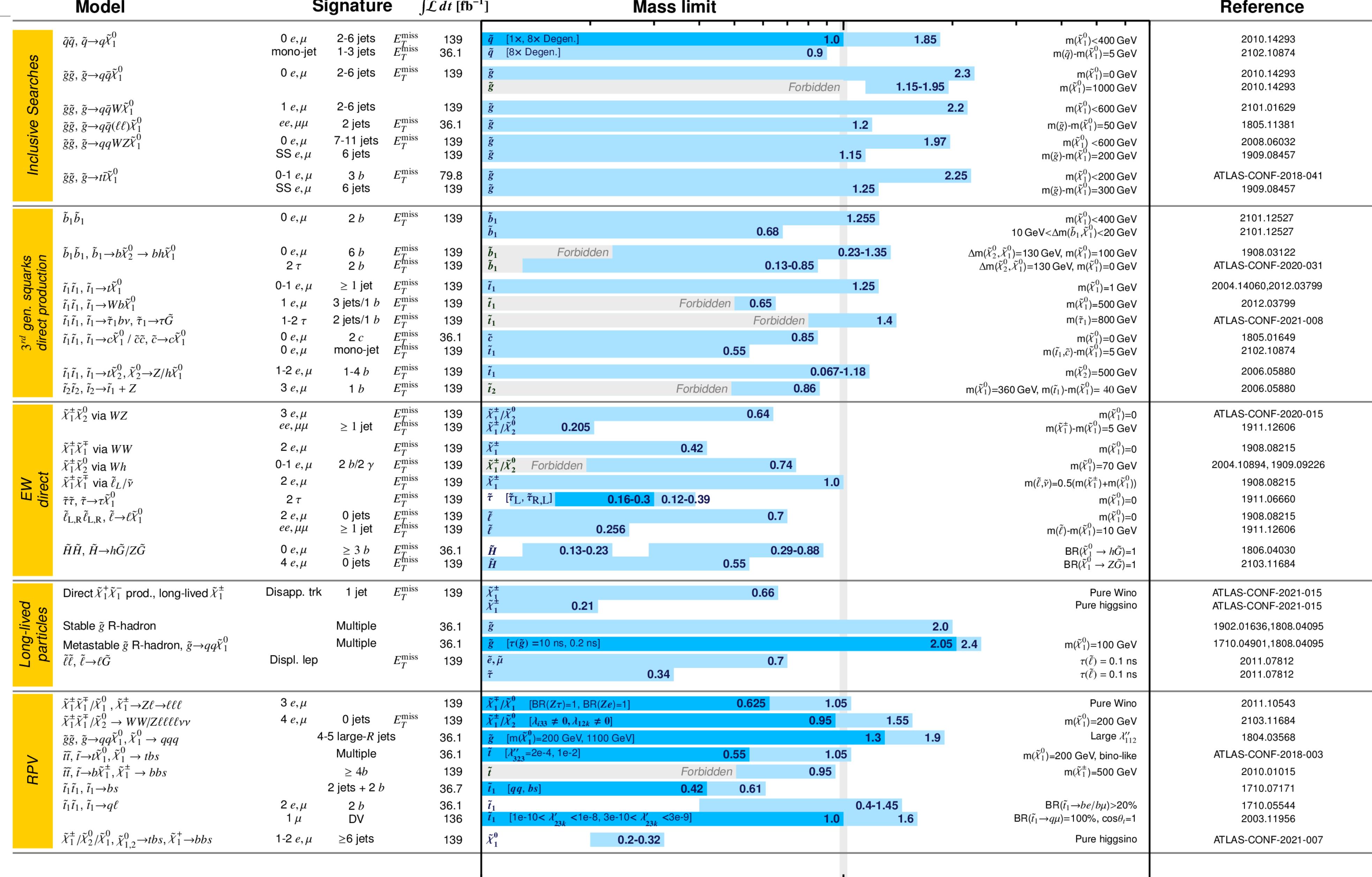
$$m(\tilde{g}) \gtrsim 2.3 \text{ TeV}$$

$$m(\tilde{q}) \gtrsim 1.8 \text{ TeV}$$



- Naturalness: TeV-scale stop and sbottom
- Dedicated object performance algorithms & analysis techniques in compressed regions
- $m(\tilde{t}) \gtrsim 1.2 \text{ TeV}$





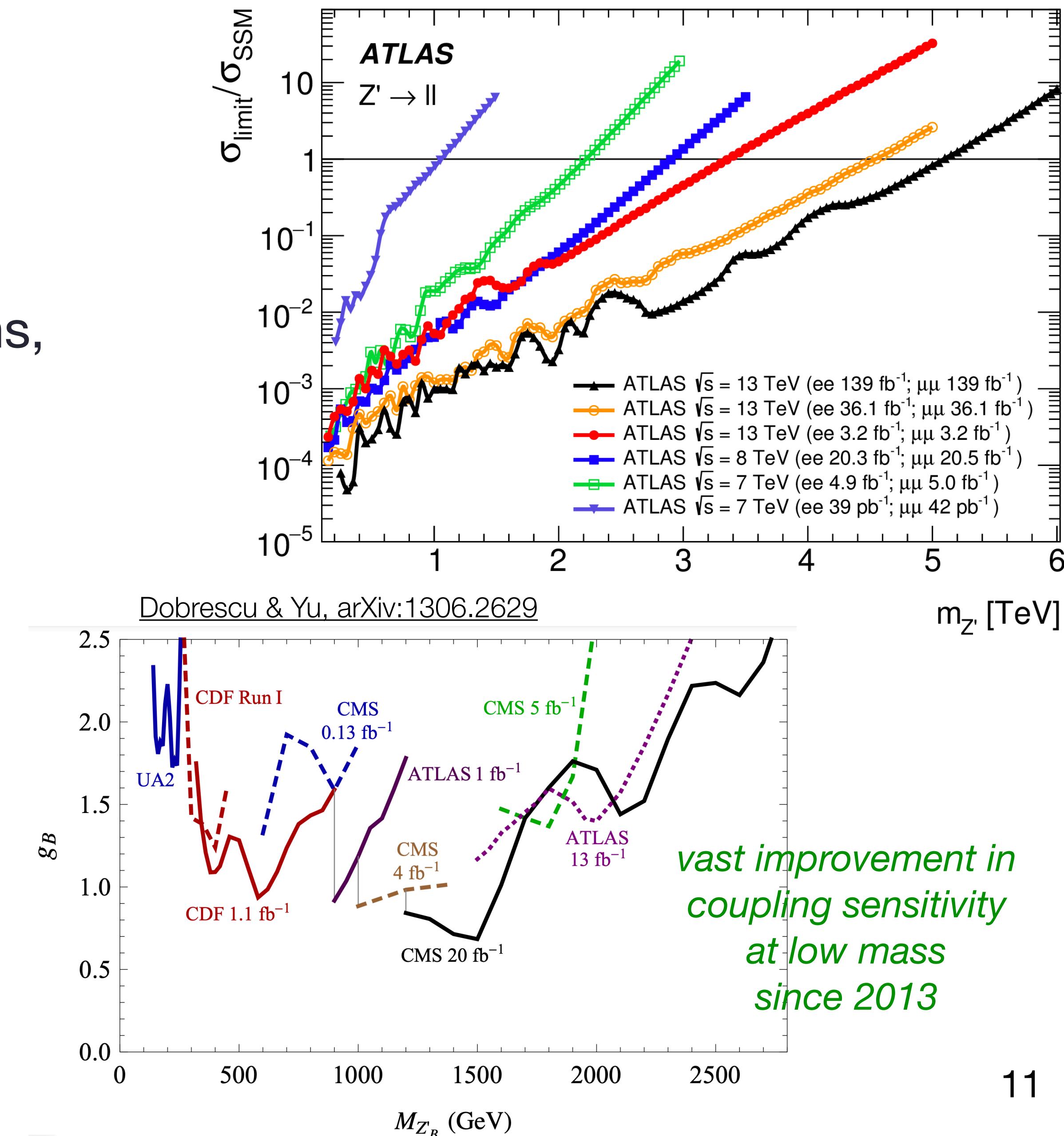
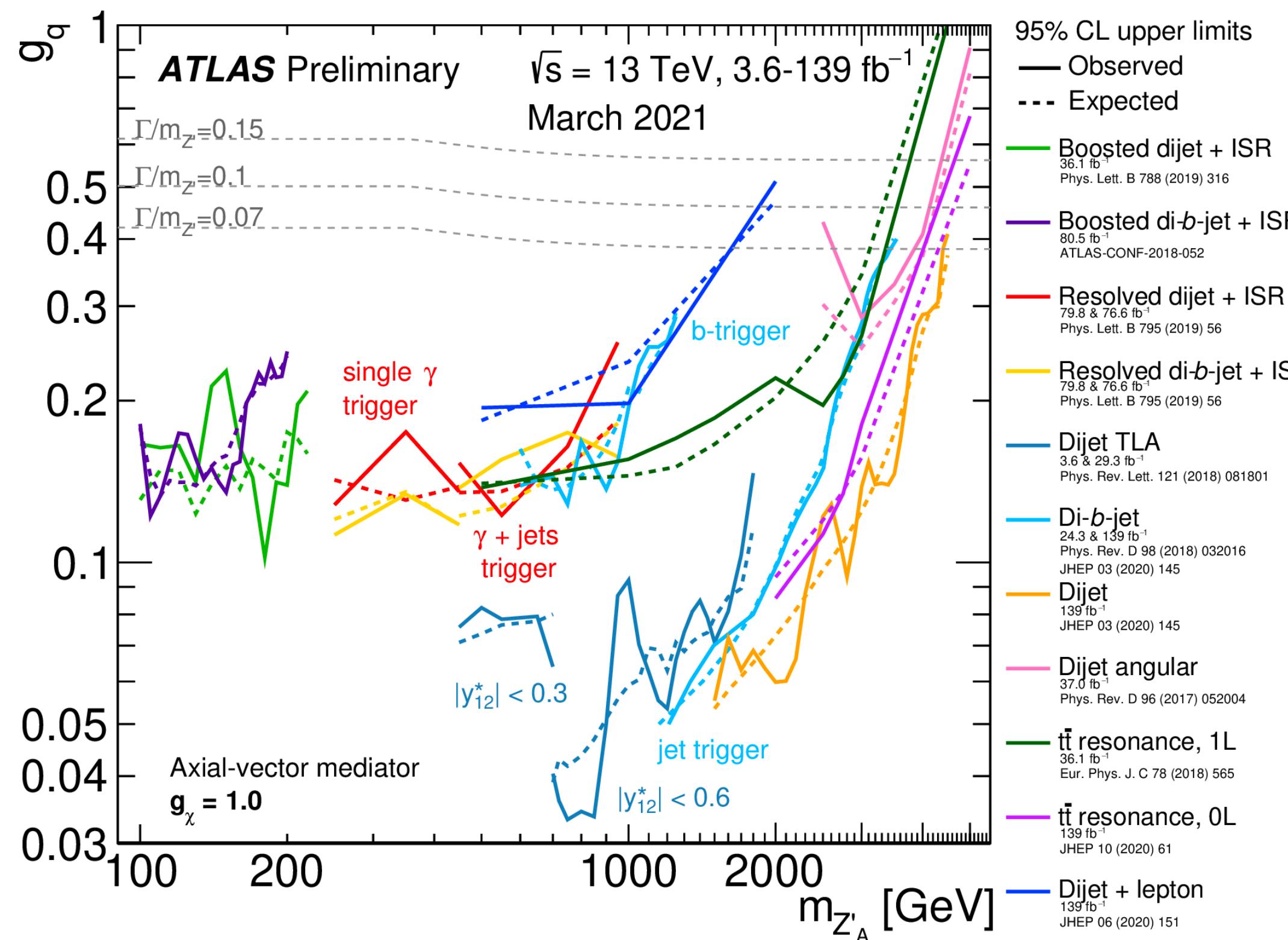
*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. Many of the limits are based on simplified models, c.f. refs. for the assumptions made.

10⁻¹ 1 Mass scale [TeV]

Searches at the coupling frontier



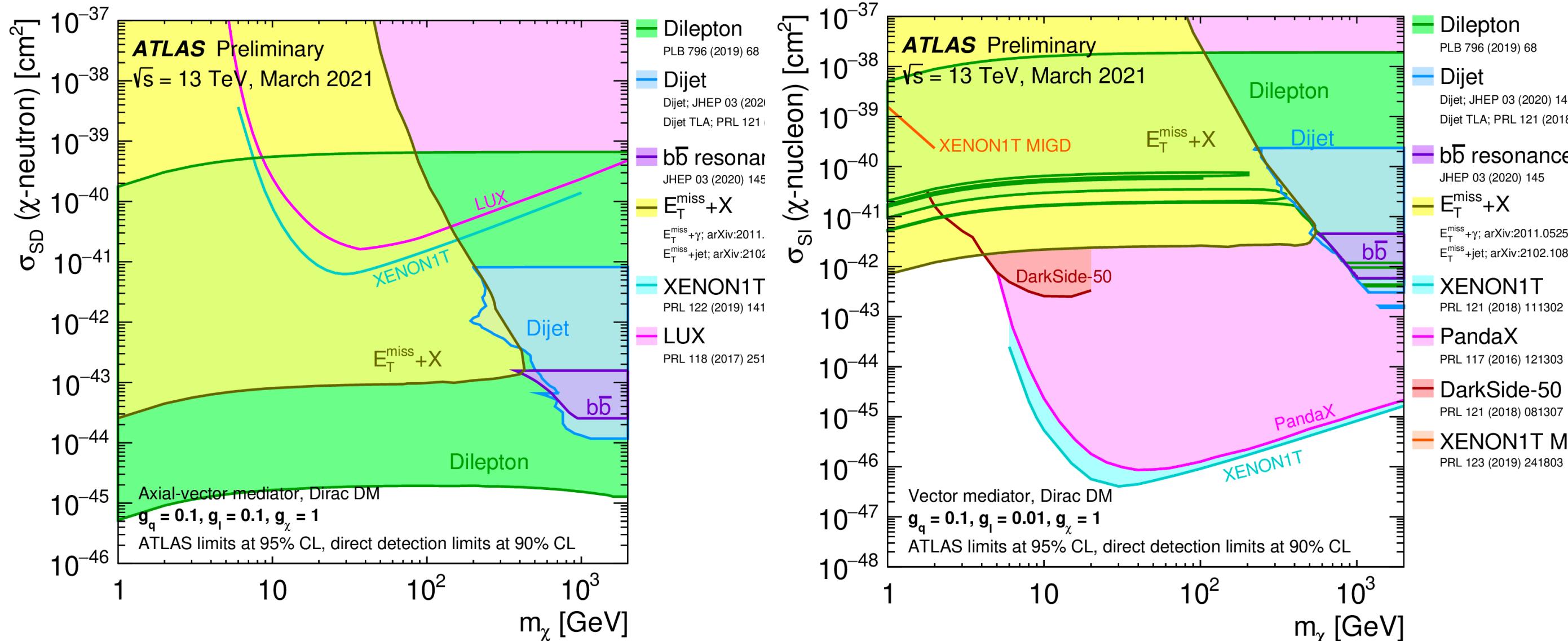
- Growing dataset provides sensitivity to weakly-coupled low-mass states
- Challenging for hadronic states due to trigger limitations
—> **alternate approaches** w/ ISR jets/photons, jet substructure, trigger-level analysis



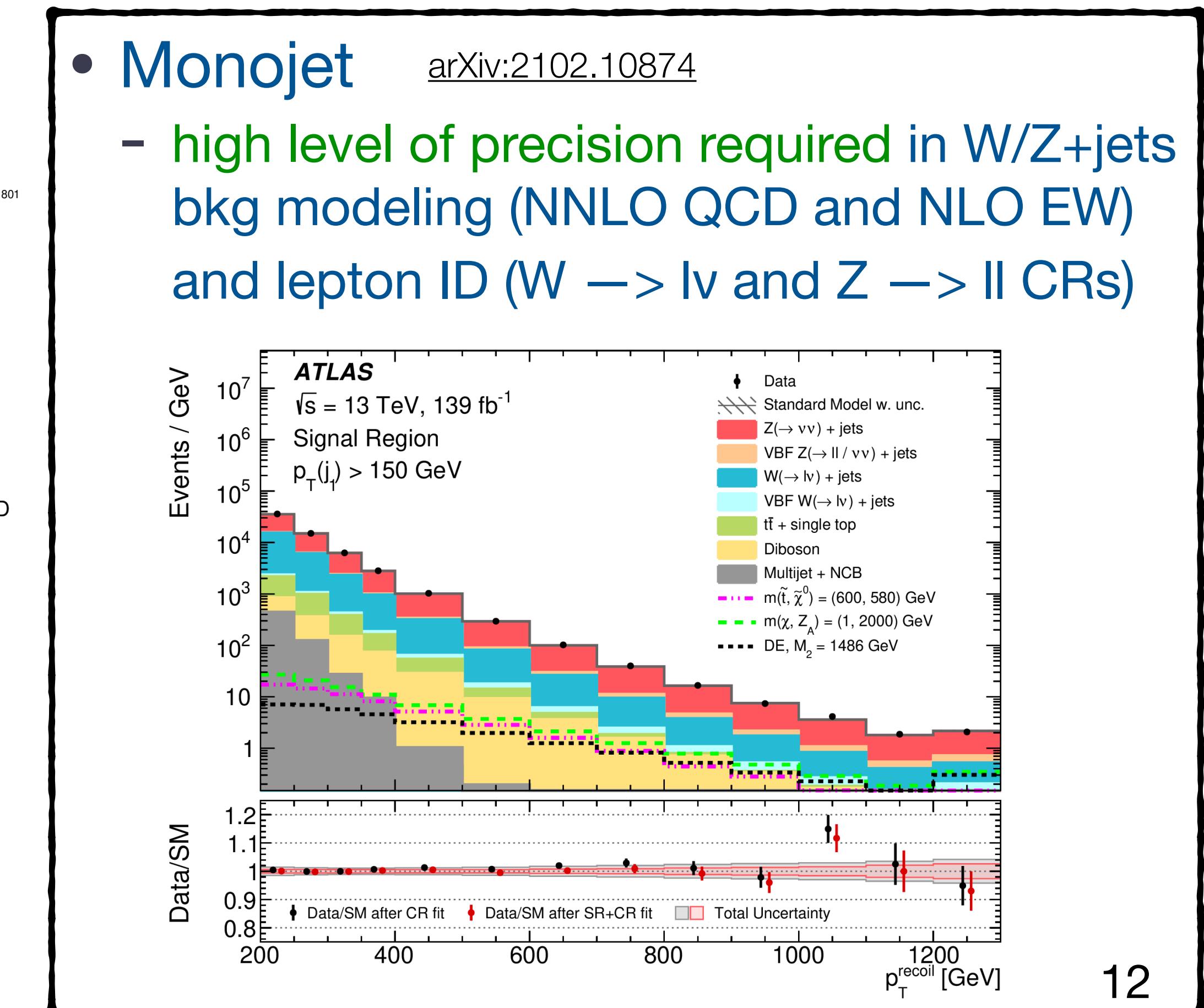
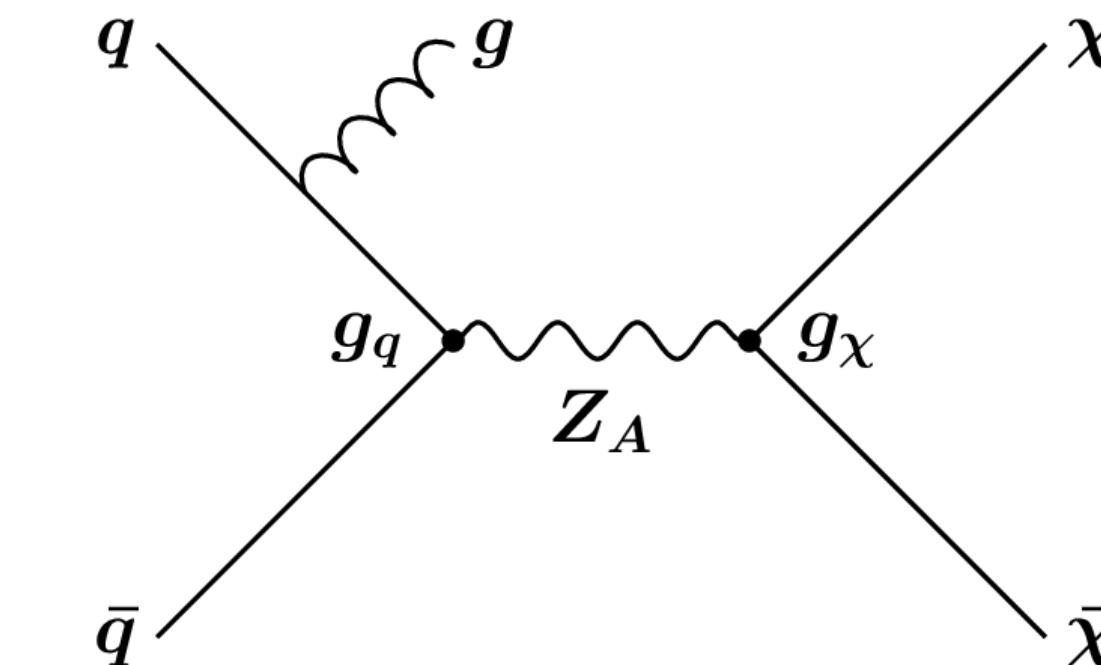
Searches for dark matter

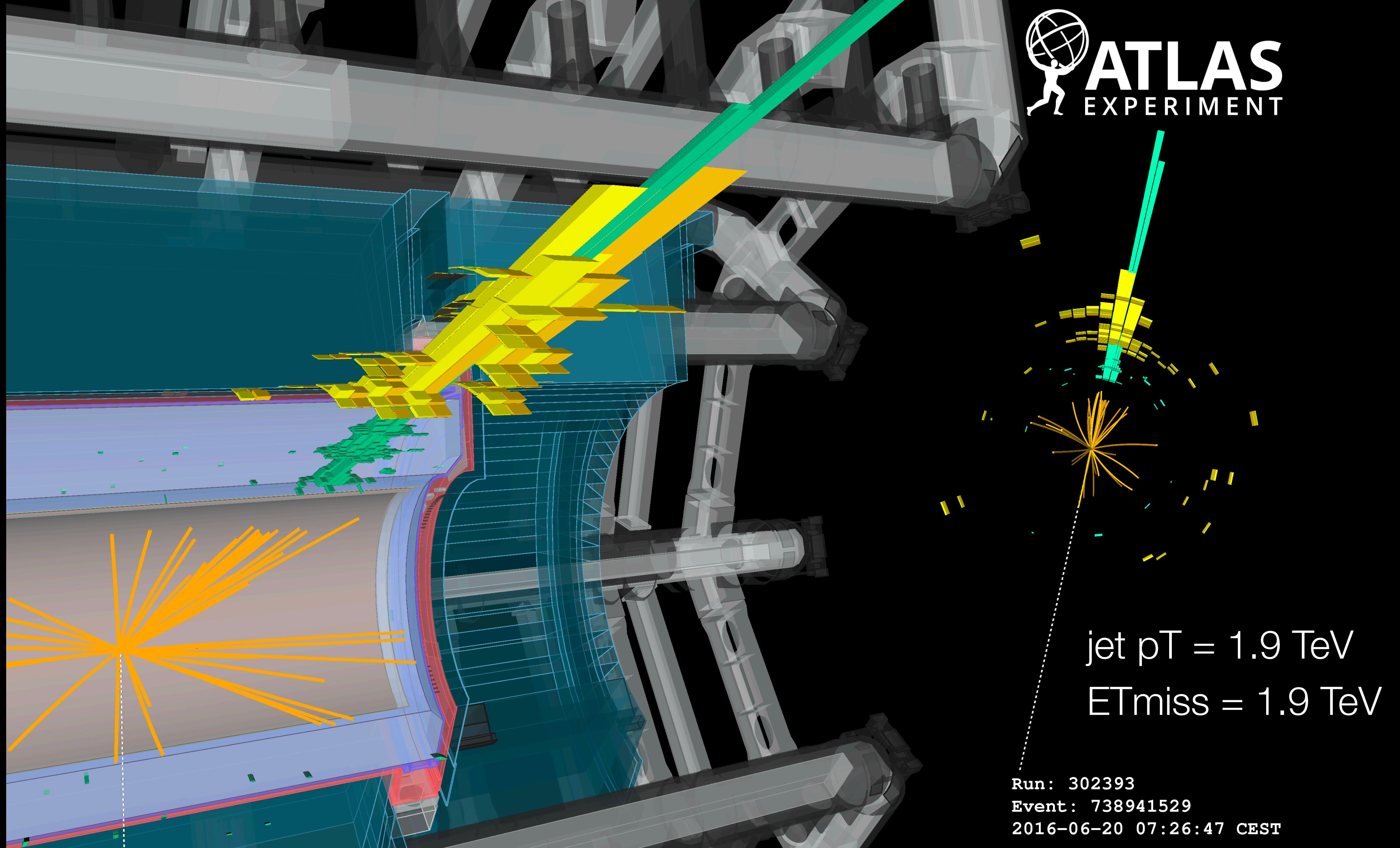


- Multiple approaches:
 $\text{ET}_{\text{miss}} + X$ with $X = j, \gamma, W/Z, H, t$
SUSY searches
- Particularly powerful at low WIMP mass compared with direct detection expts



- More complete models considered beyond simplified models
e.g. 2HDM+a → broader phenomenology





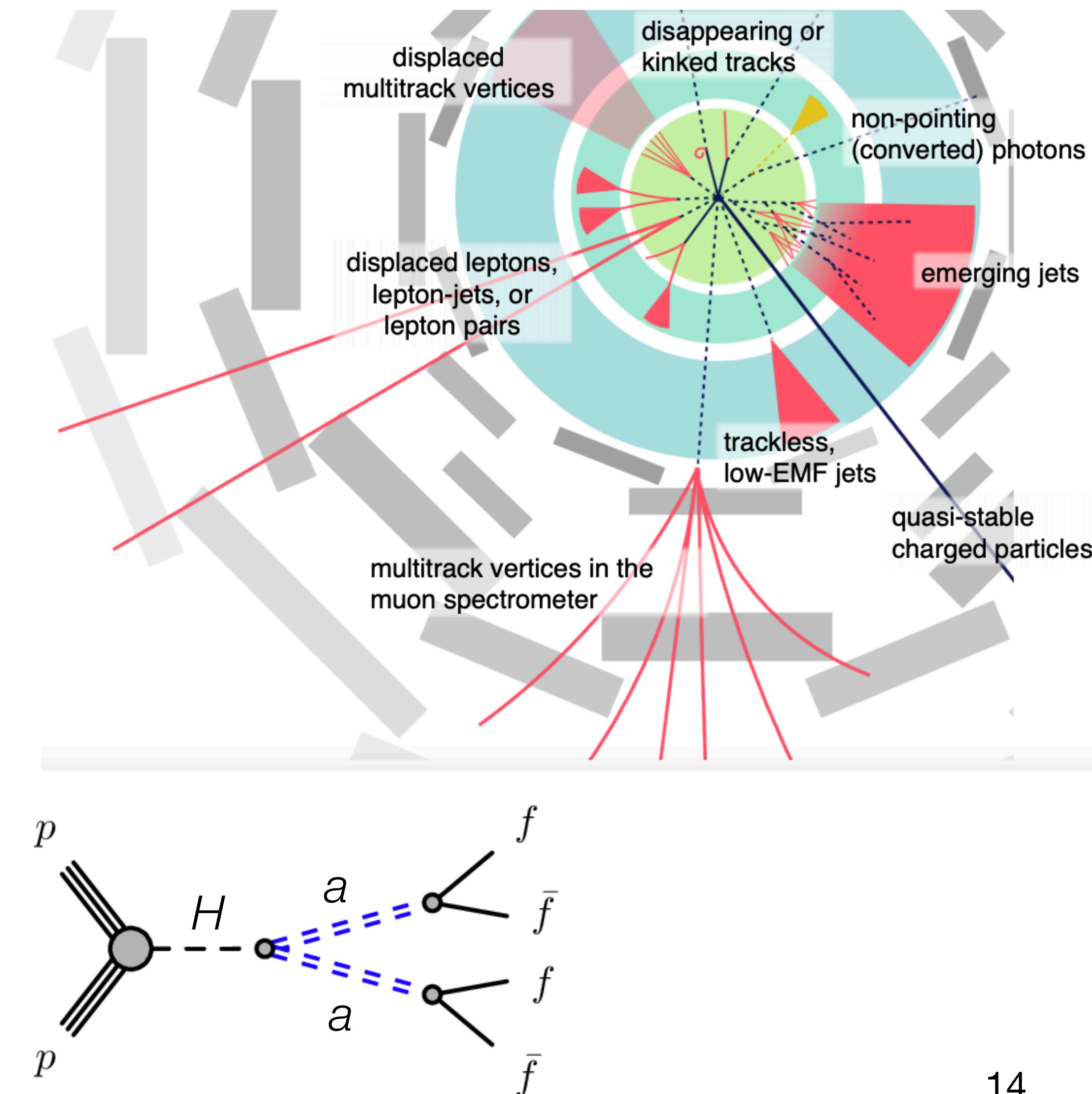
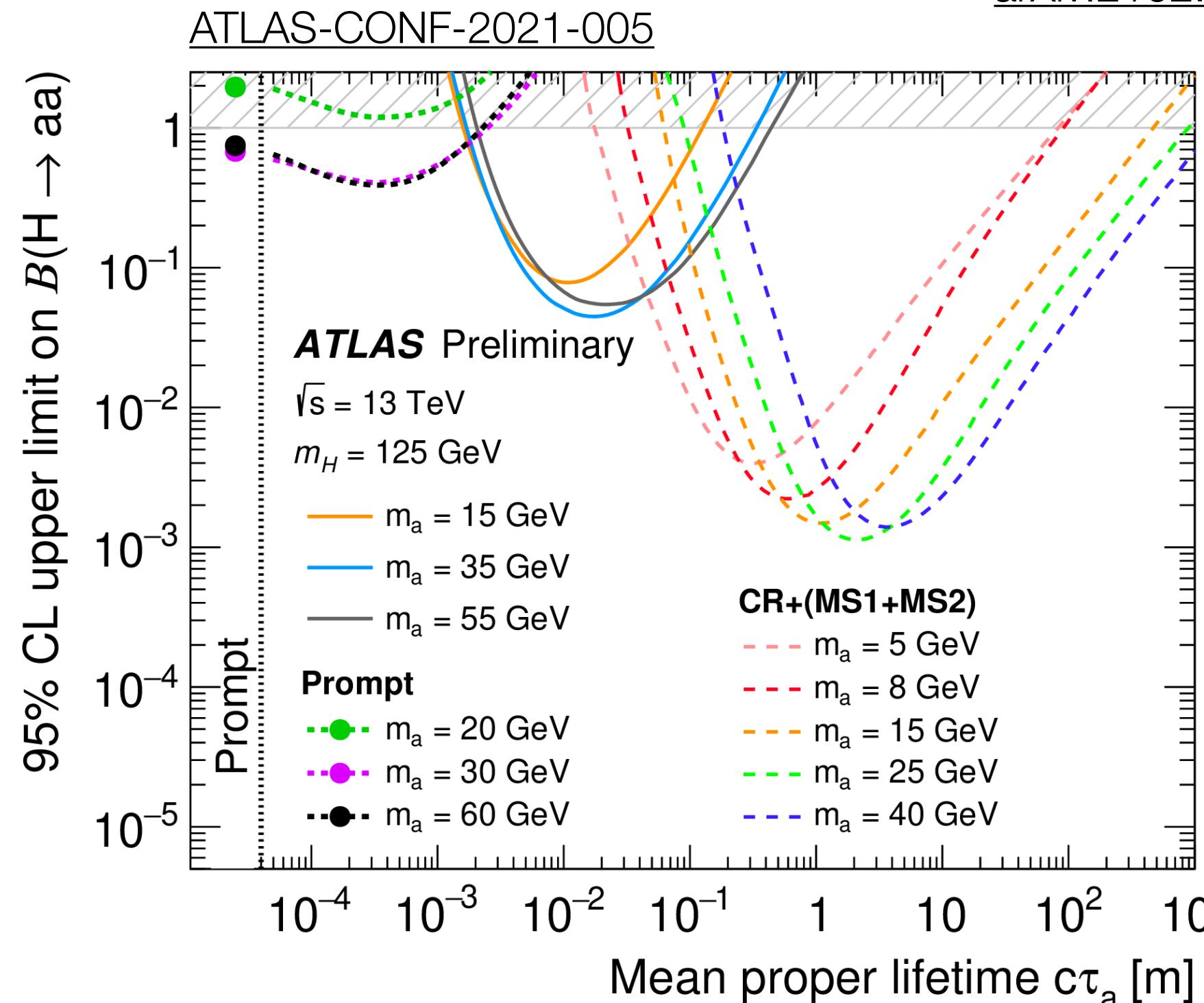
jet $pT = 1.9 \text{ TeV}$
 $\text{ET}_{\text{miss}} = 1.9 \text{ TeV}$

Run: 302393
Event: 738941529
2016-06-20 07:26:47 CEST

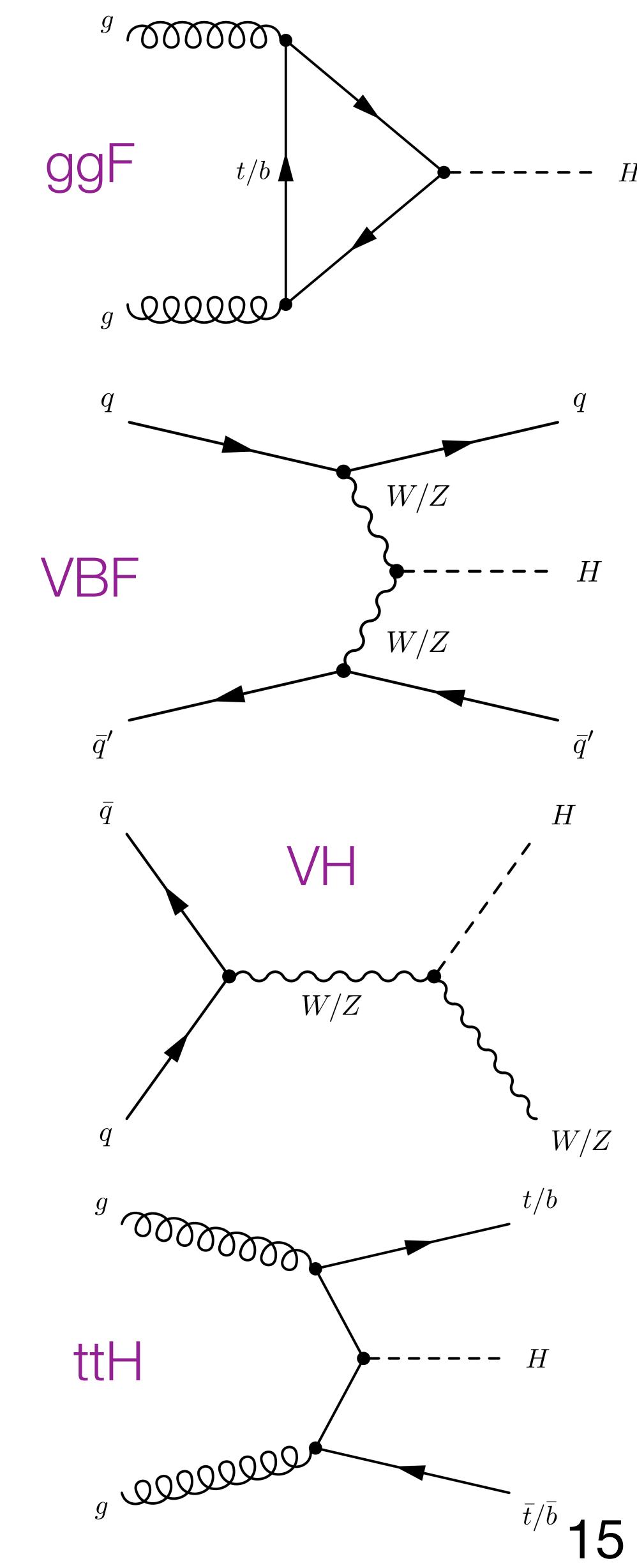
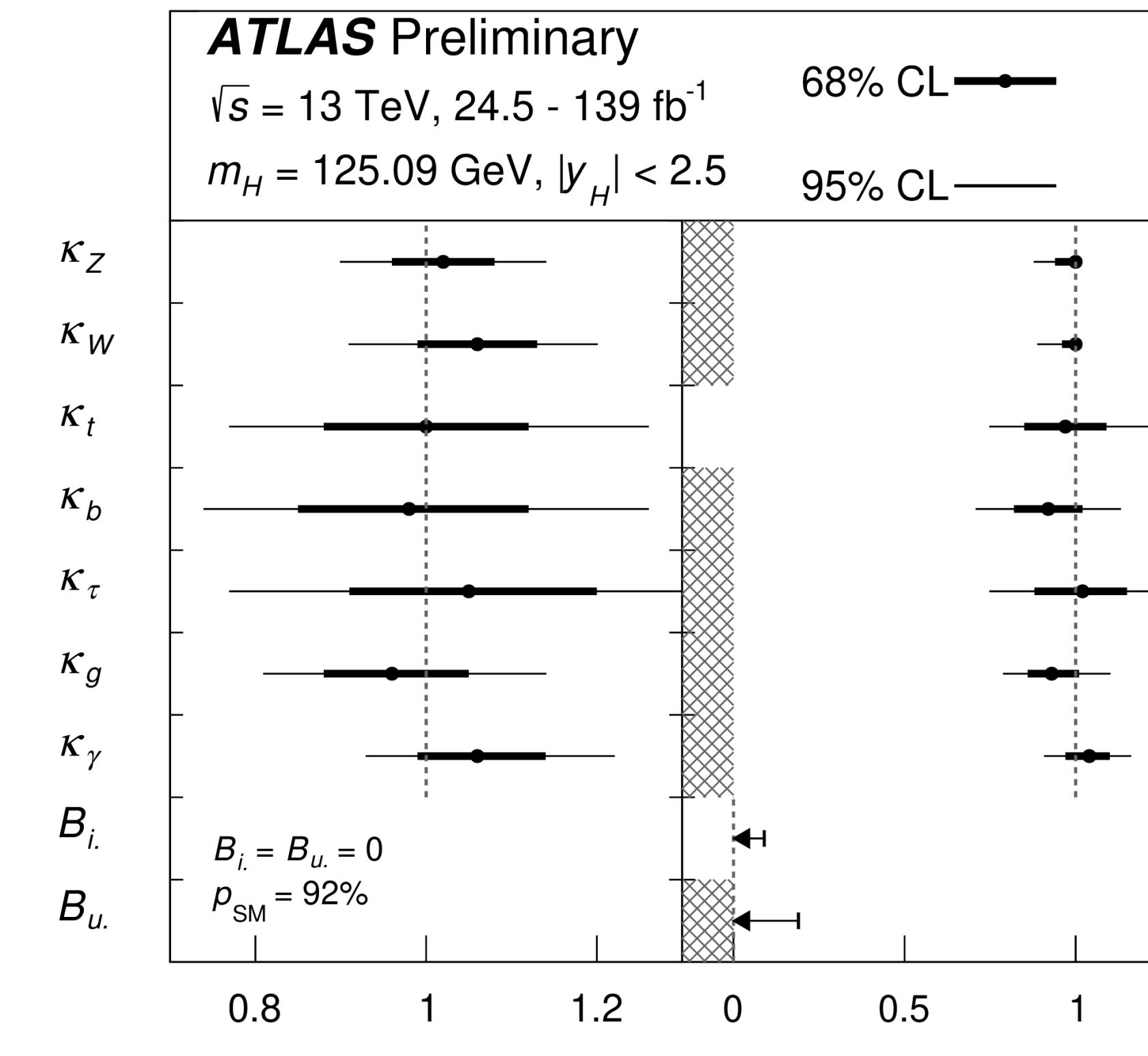
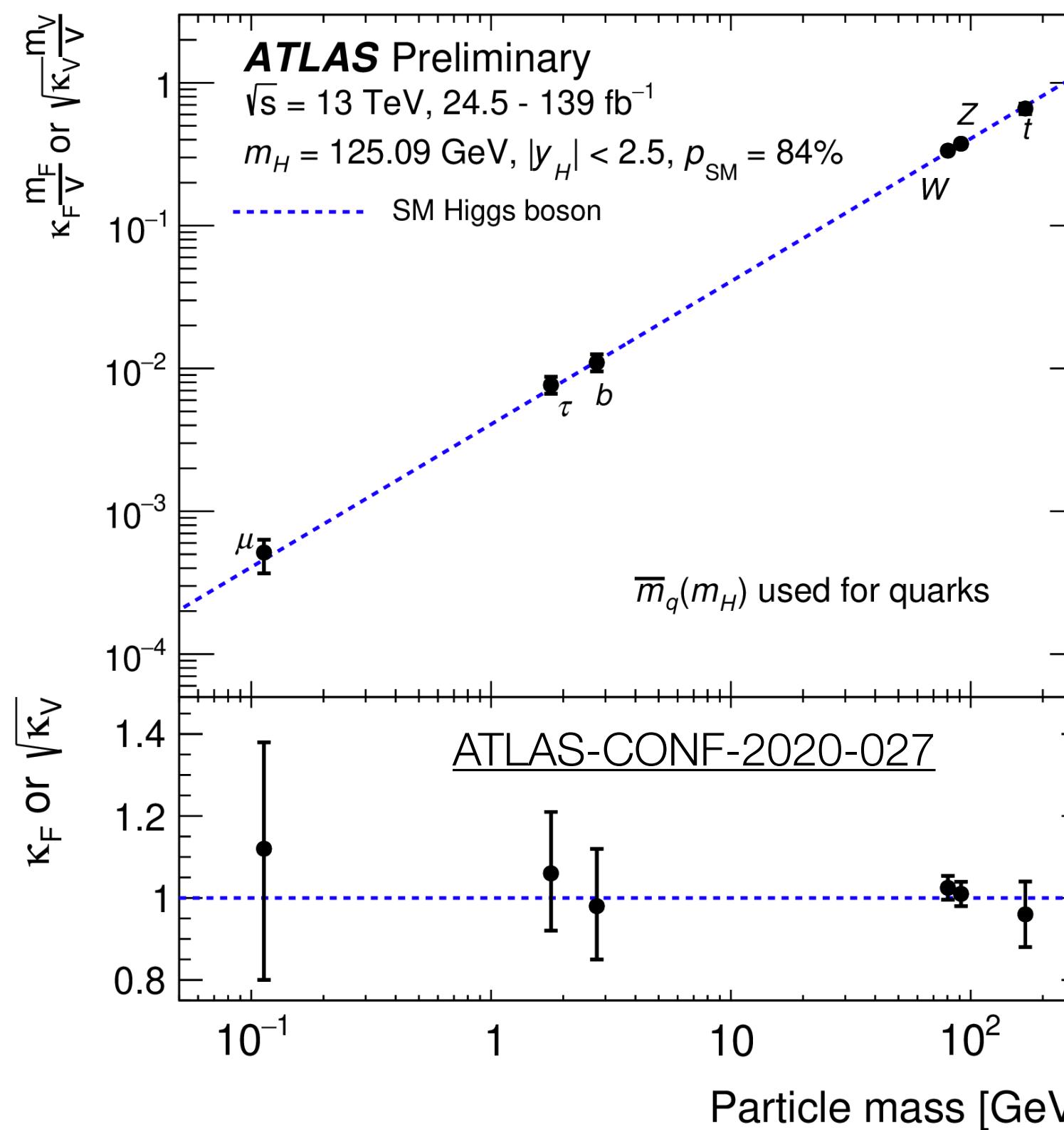
Searches for long-lived particles

- Multiple unconventional signatures requiring dedicated triggers and/or reconstruction
- Explored lifetimes: $c\tau$ range 1 mm to >100 m
- *Example:* Higgs exotic decays to LLP
 - ggH or VH with $H \rightarrow aa$
 - displaced jet (in Calo) or vtx (in ID or MS)

arXiv:2102.10874



- Run 2 confirms 125 GeV Higgs boson consistent with SM
- All major production mechanisms observed
- Couplings to 3rd gen. fermions (τ , b, t) firmly established, 2σ excess for $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- Coupling modifier $\Delta\kappa/\kappa = 6\%$ for W, Z and 15% for τ

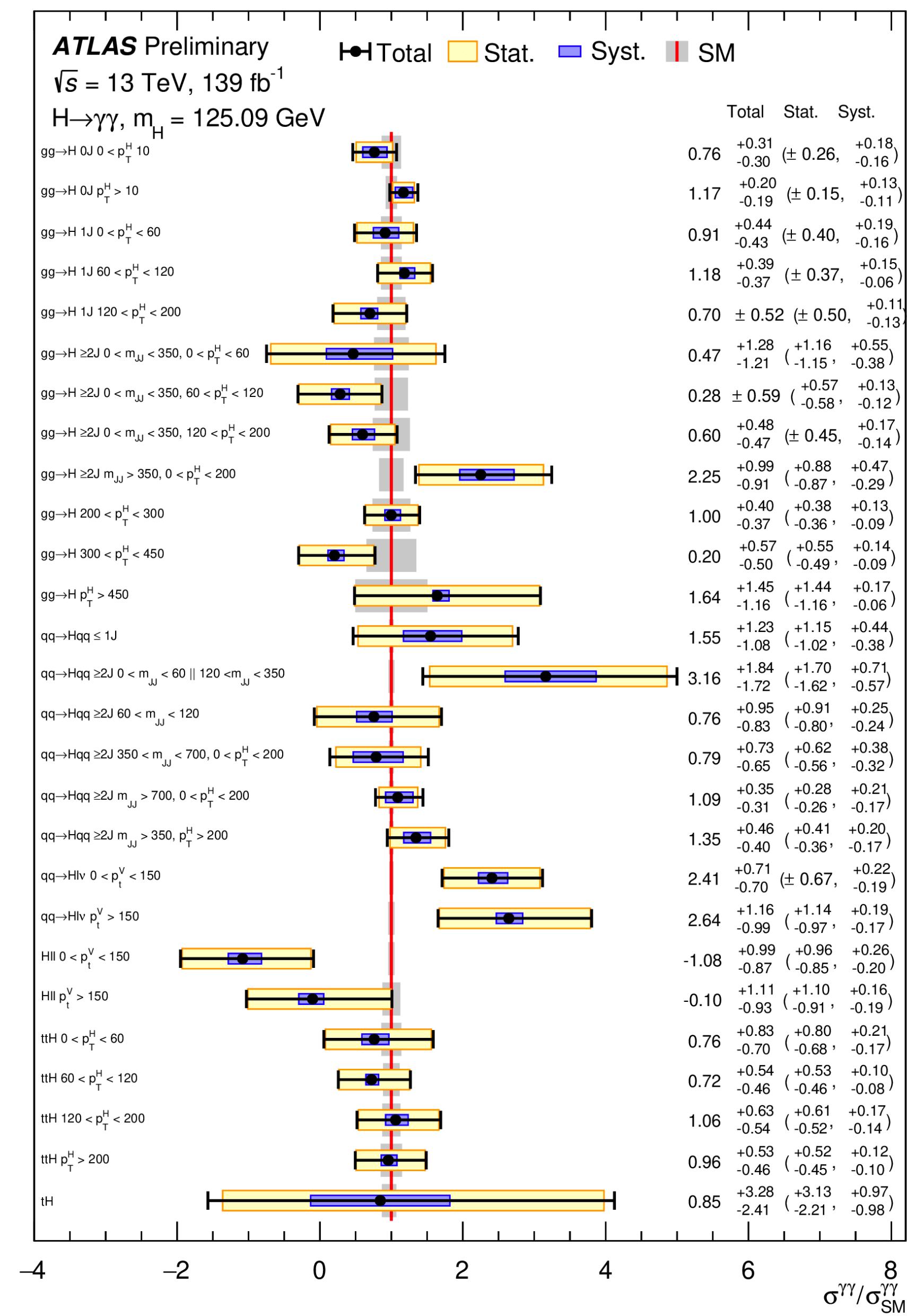


Higgs XS measurements

- Precise cross-section measurements: inclusive, differential, production mechanisms
- Kinematic distributions provide test of QCD, production mechanisms, spin-parity, BSM effects
- Simplified template cross sections (STXS):
 - XS measurements in distinct kinematic ($pT(H)$, m_{jj}) and topological (Njets) regions
 - some regions w/ enhanced BSM sensitivity
 - example: $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 - 27 STXS regions!
- Broad use of MVA/ML techniques (bkg suppression, event classification)

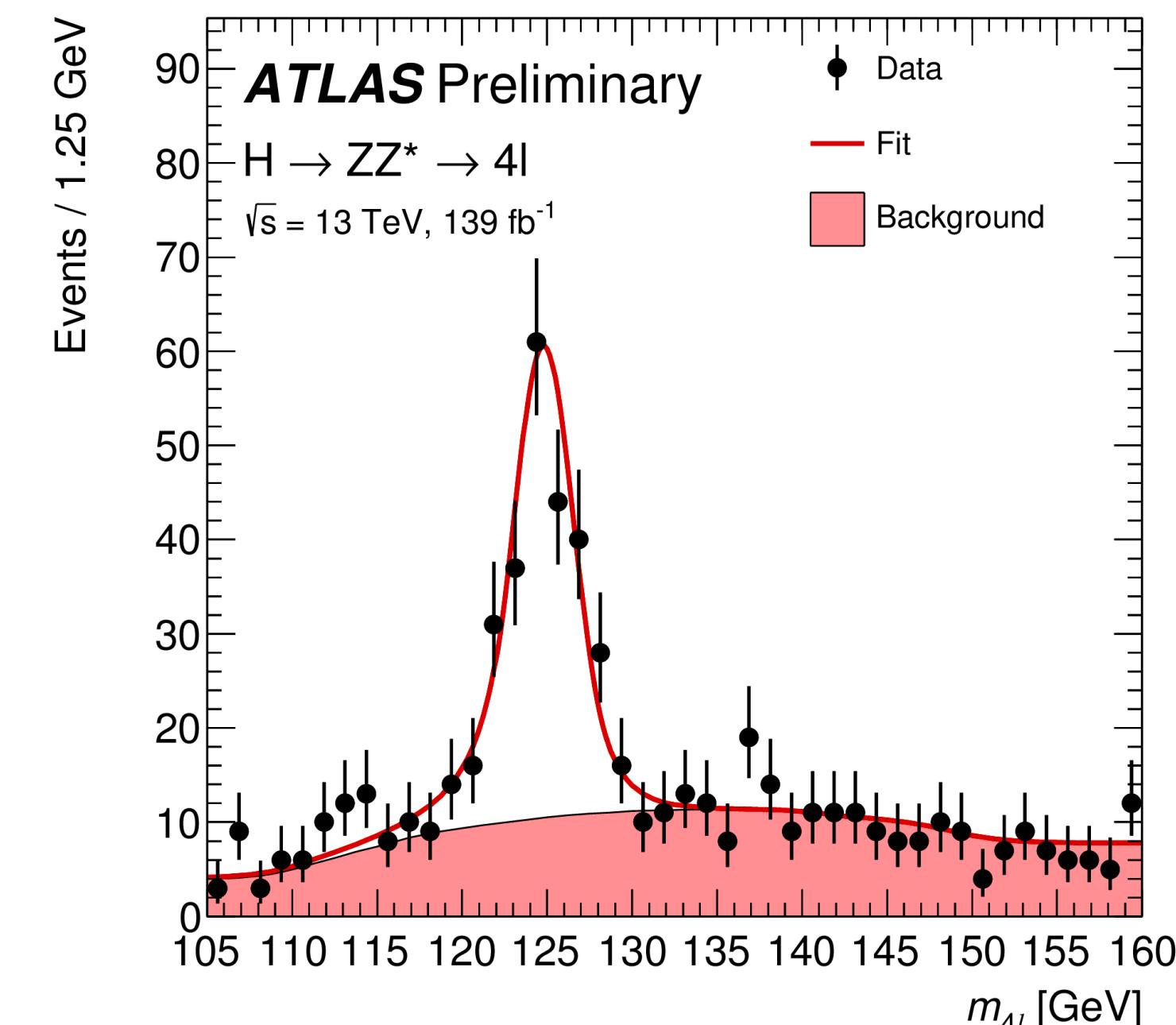
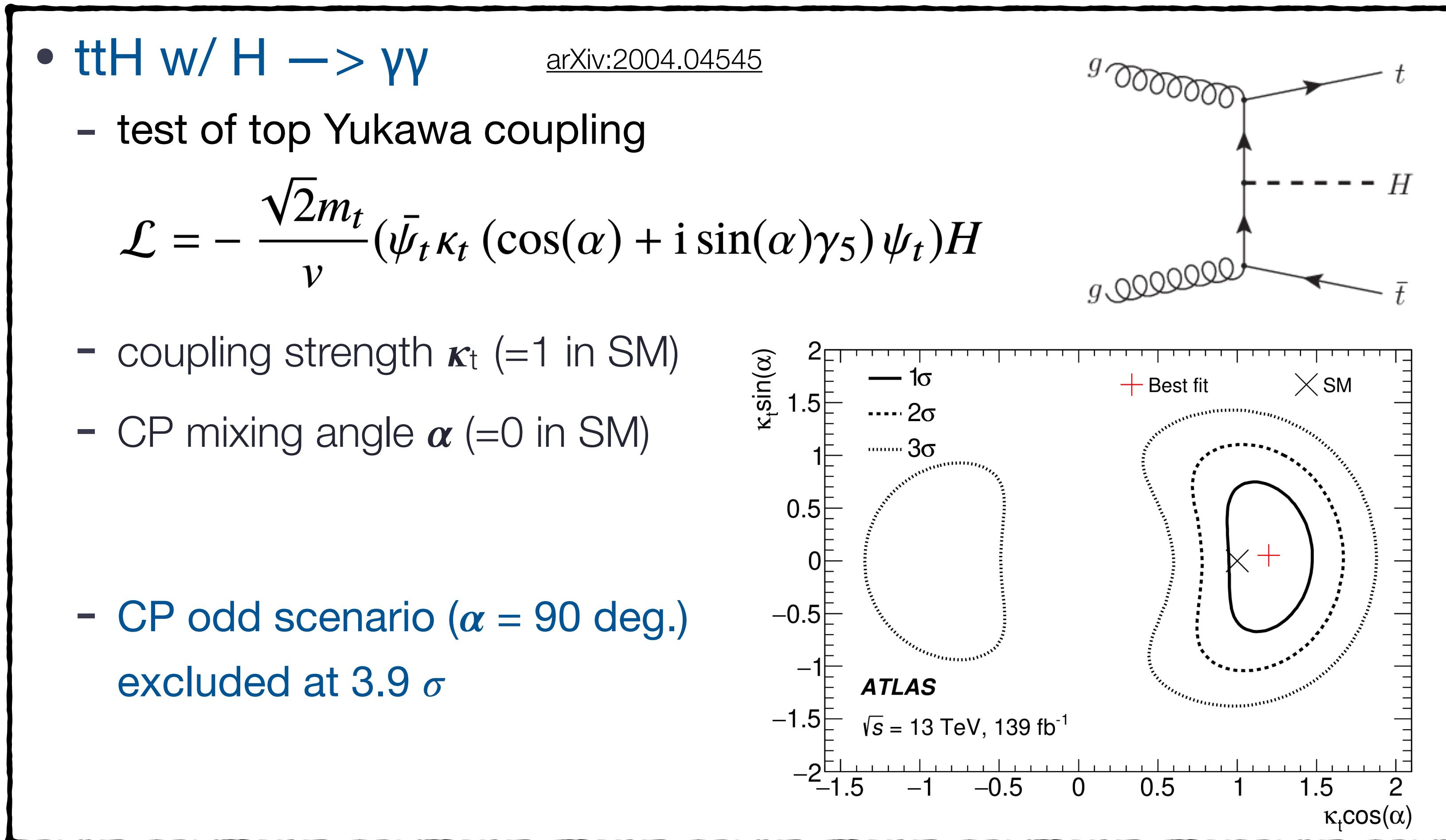
• $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

ATLAS-CONF-2020-026



Higgs properties

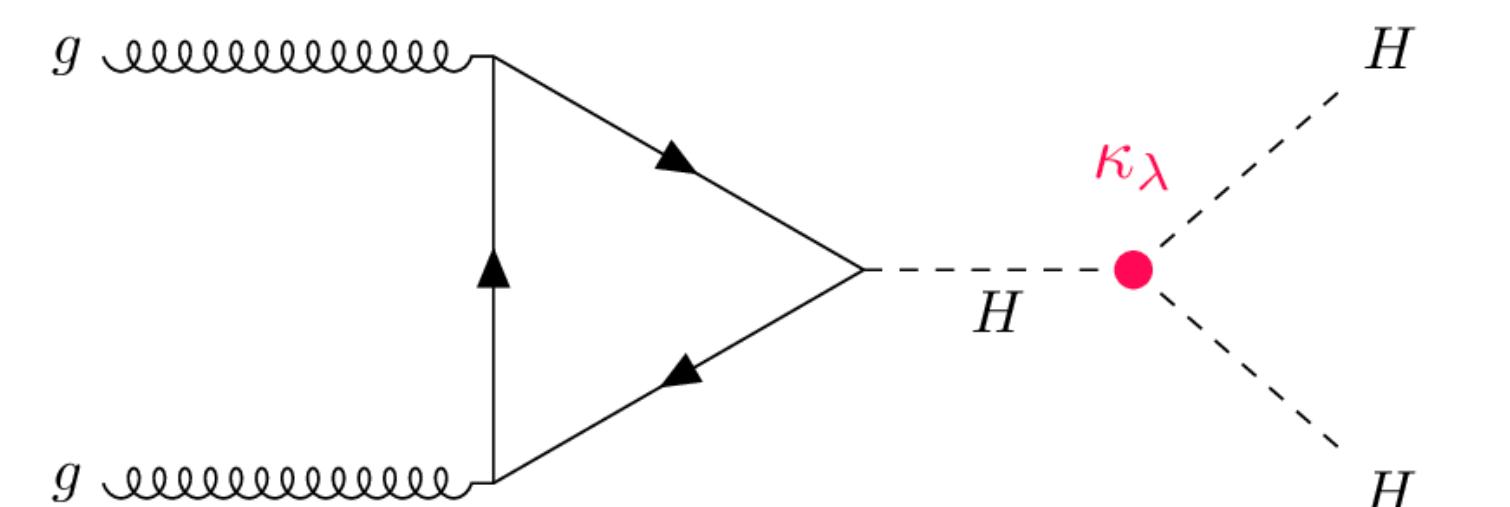
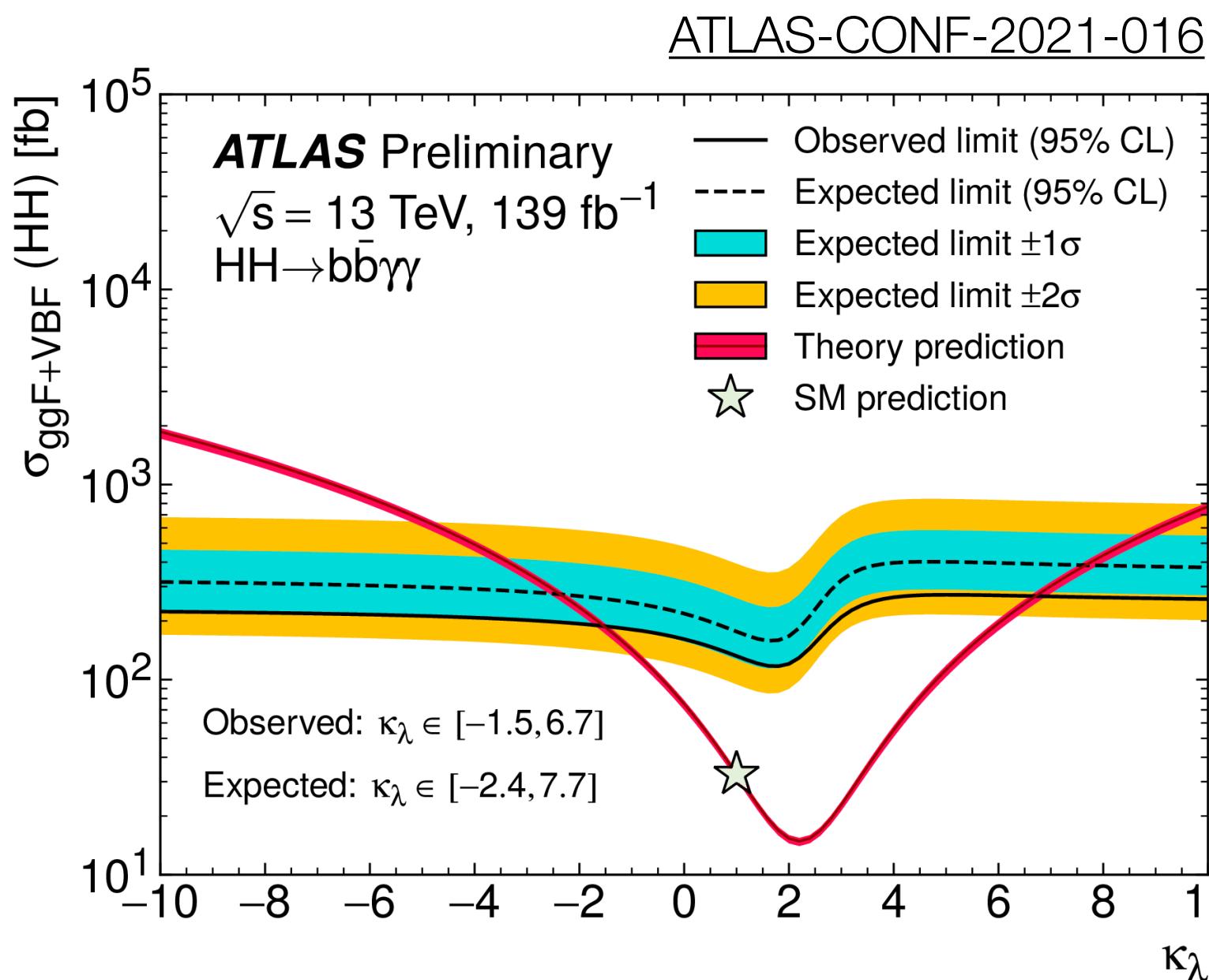
- Mass $m_H^{ZZ^*} = 124.92 \pm 0.19(\text{stat})^{+0.09}_{-0.06}(\text{syst})$ GeV
- CP structure tested in Higgs couplings to bosons & fermions



Rare Higgs processes

- **Rare decays:** Sensitive to BSM
 - first evidence for $H \rightarrow l^+ l^- \gamma$ Dalitz decay [arXiv:2103.10322](https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.10322)
 - $m(e^+e^- \text{ or } \mu^+\mu^-) < 30 \text{ GeV}$, requires dedicated ID for merged di-electron showers
 - significance: 3.2σ obs (2.1σ exp) $\mu = 1.5 \pm 0.5 = 1.5 \pm 0.5$ (stat.) $^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$ (syst.)

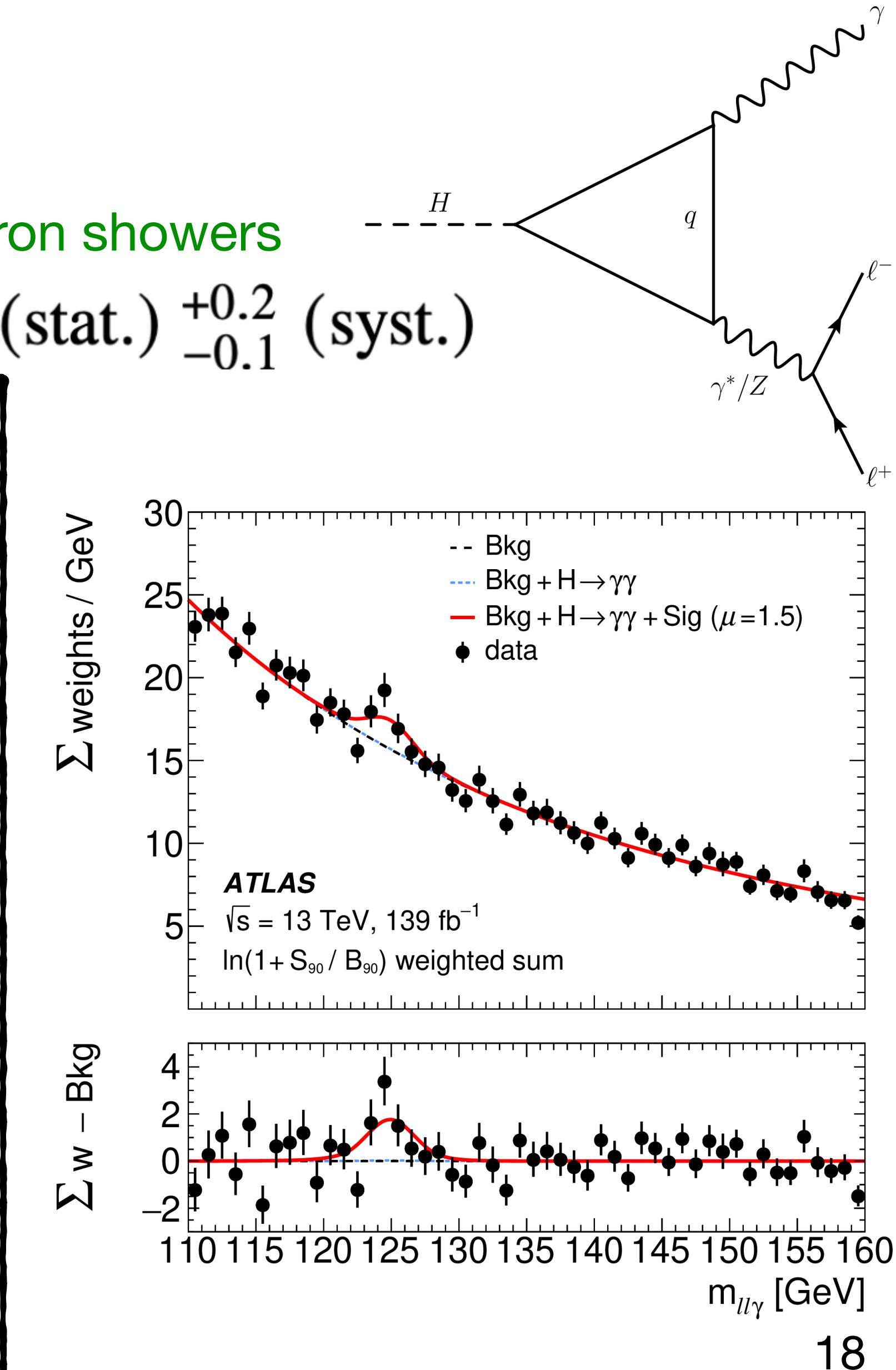
- **Di-Higgs production \rightarrow Higgs self-coupling**
 - access to Higgs potential, sensitive to BSM
 - $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$



$$\sigma_{HH}/\sigma_{HH}^{SM} < 4.1 \text{ (exp 5.5)}^\star$$

self-coupling modifier κ_λ
 $\lambda_{HH}/\lambda_{HH}^{SM} \in [-1.5, 6.7]$
 (exp $[-2.4, 7.7]$)

* factor of 5 improvement over 36 fb^{-1} analysis



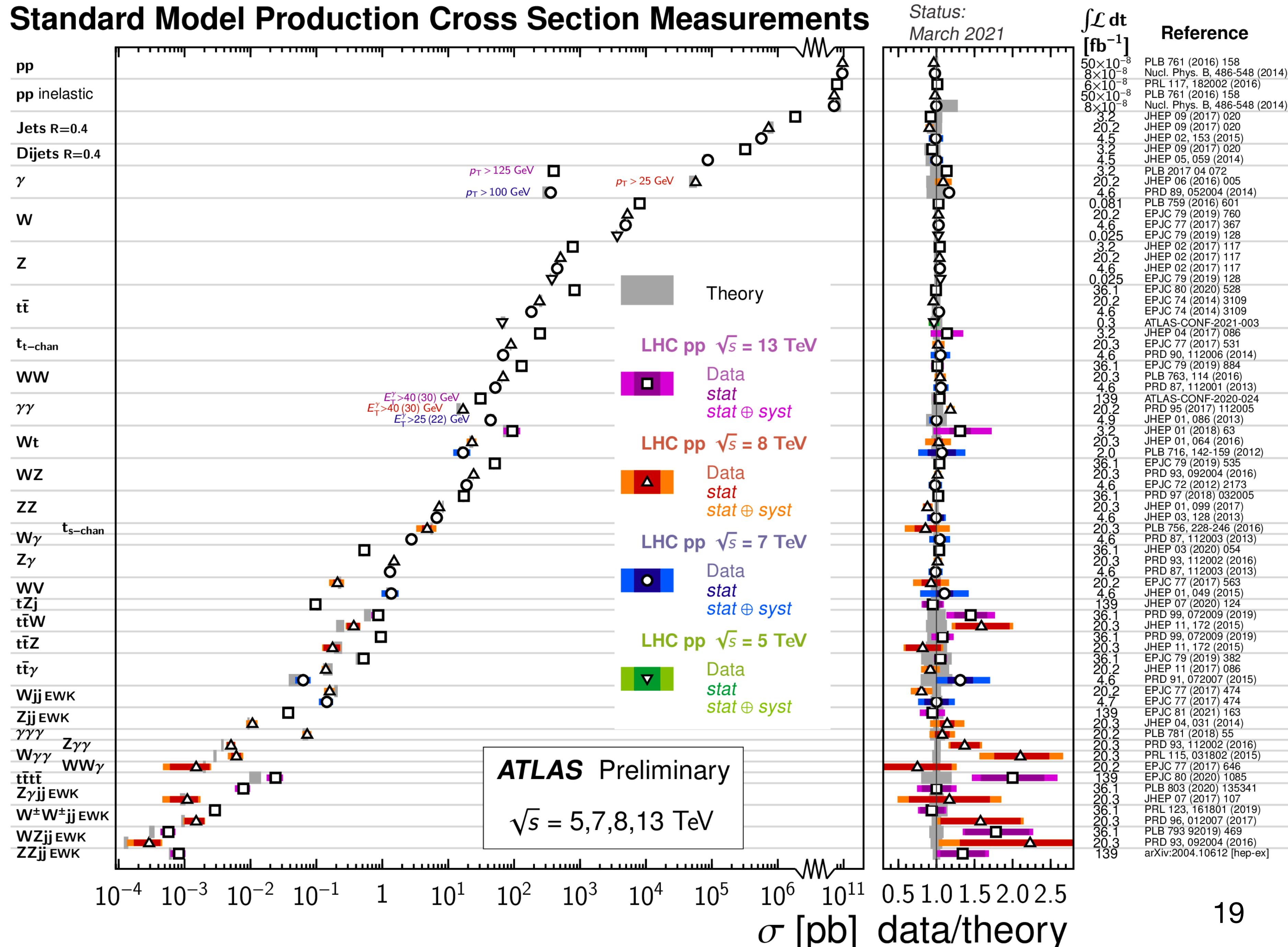
Standard Model measurements

Stringent test of electroweak sector and QCD over 15 orders of magnitude

—> *passed!*

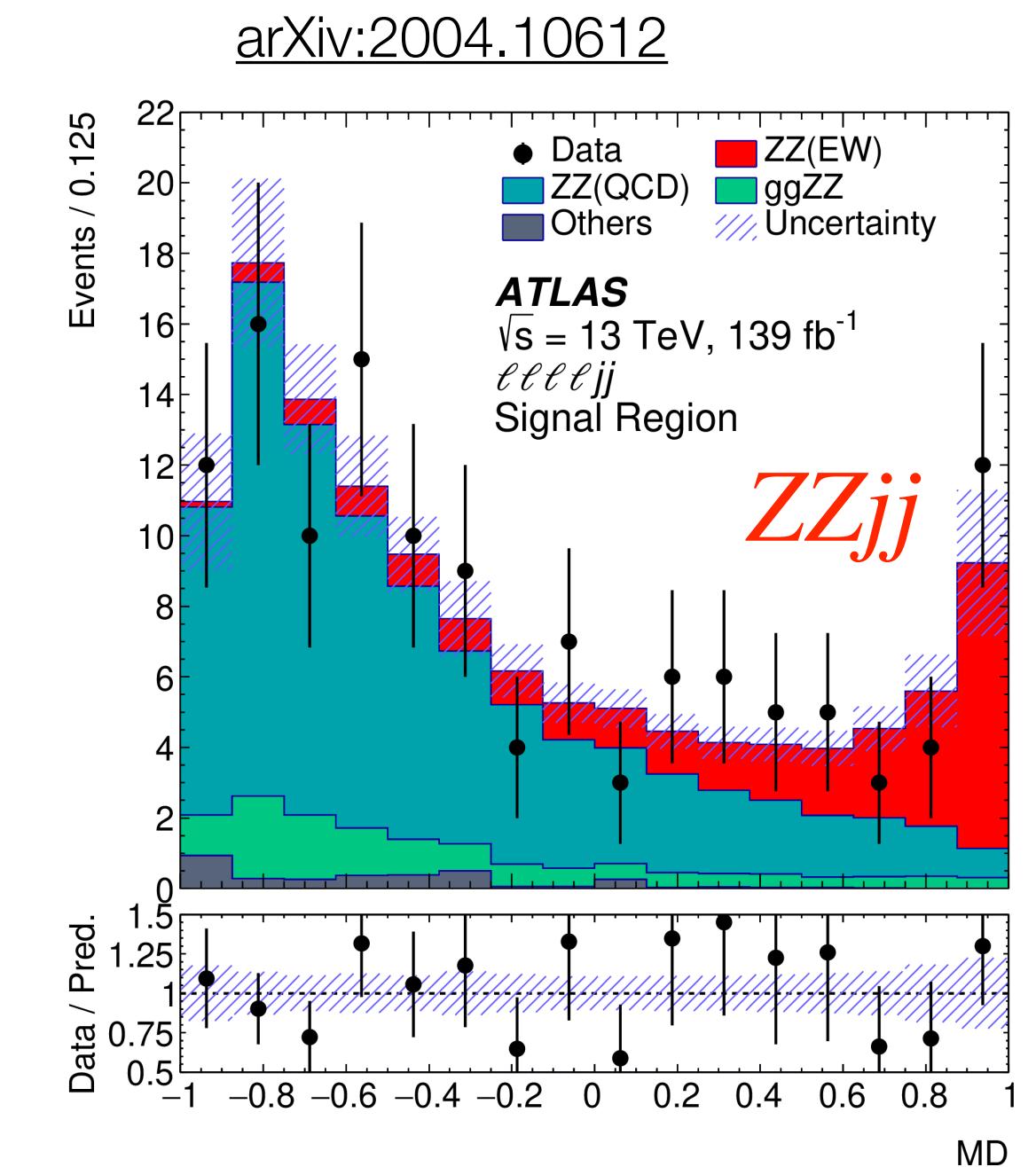
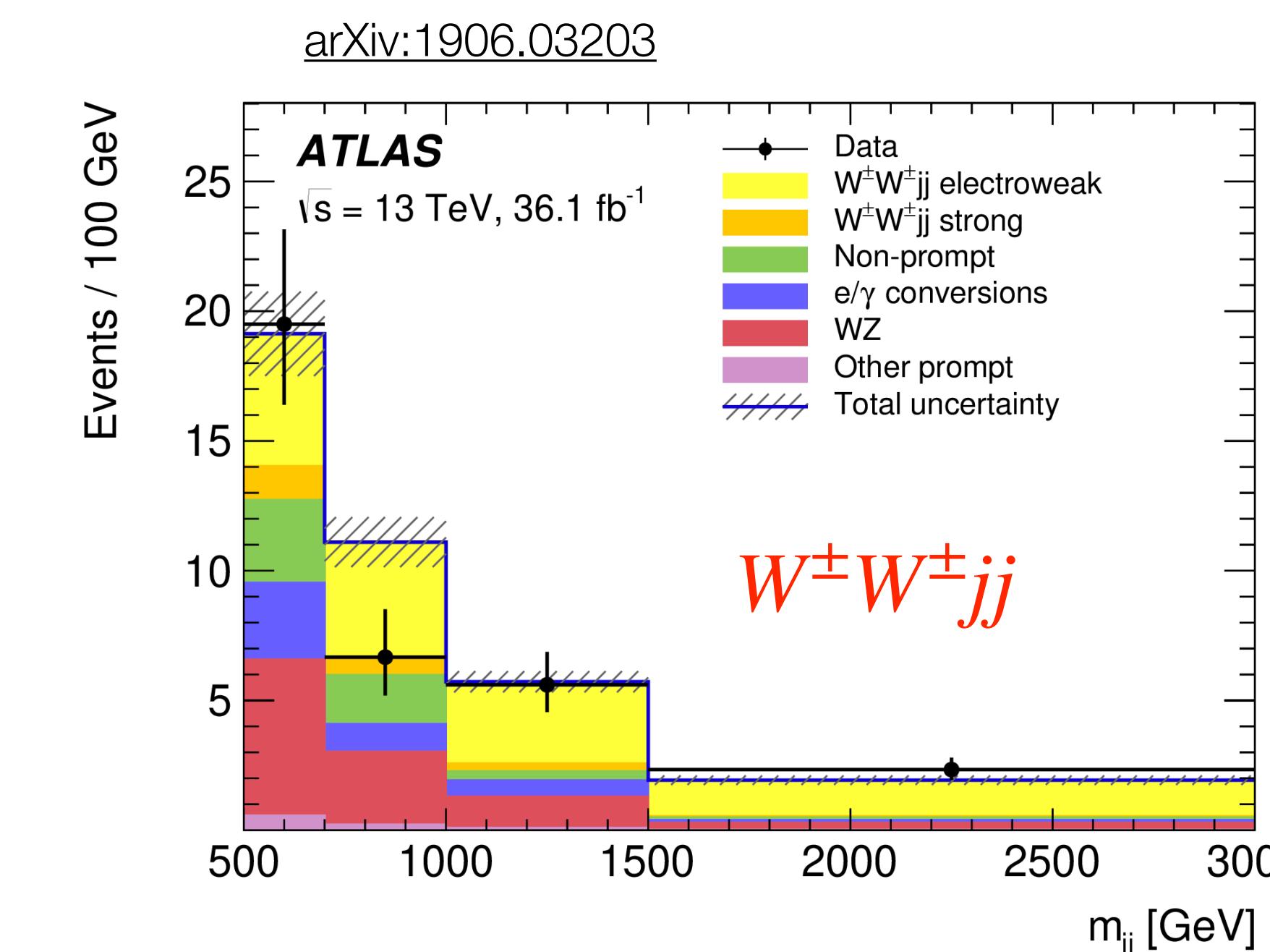
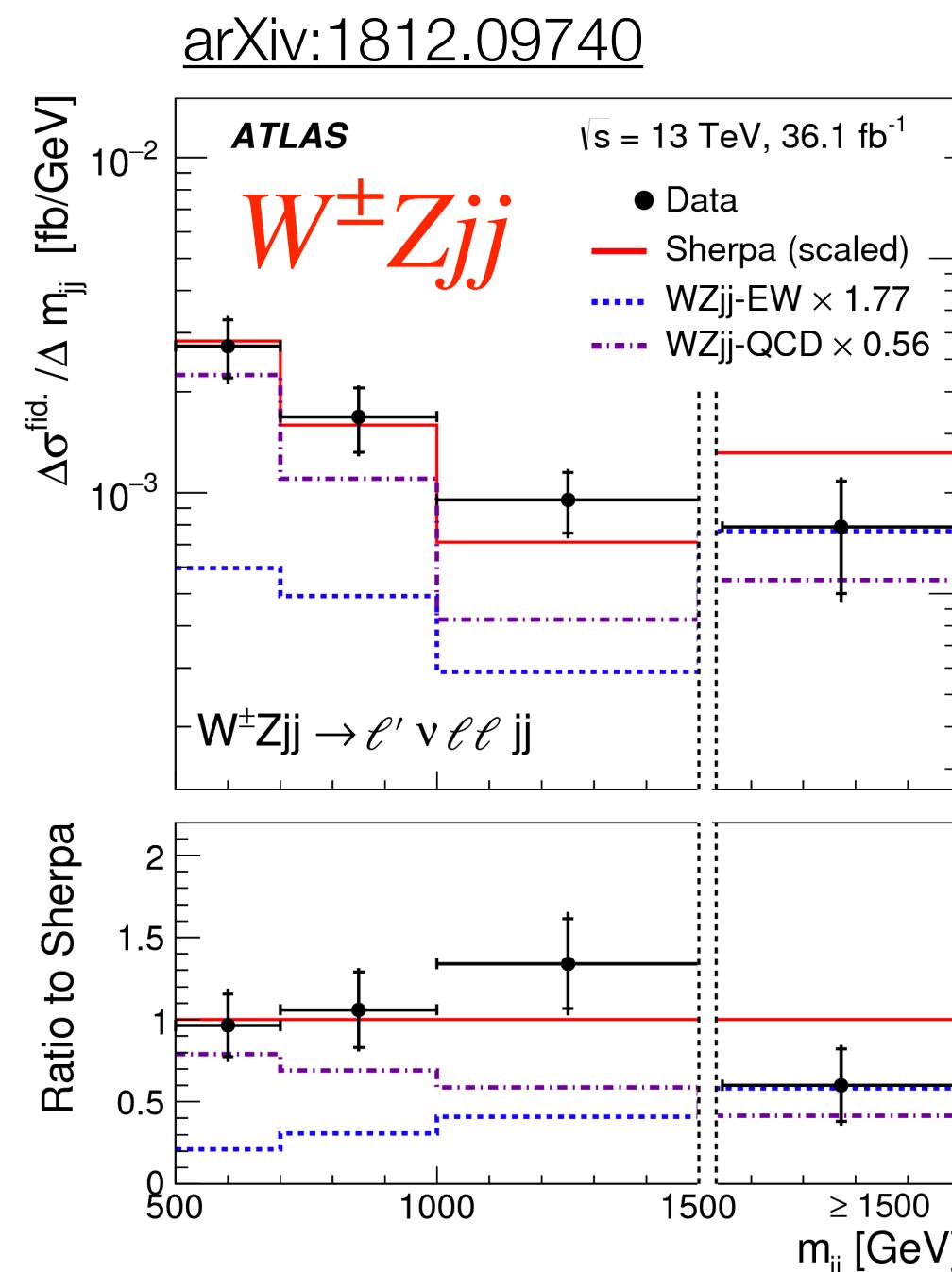
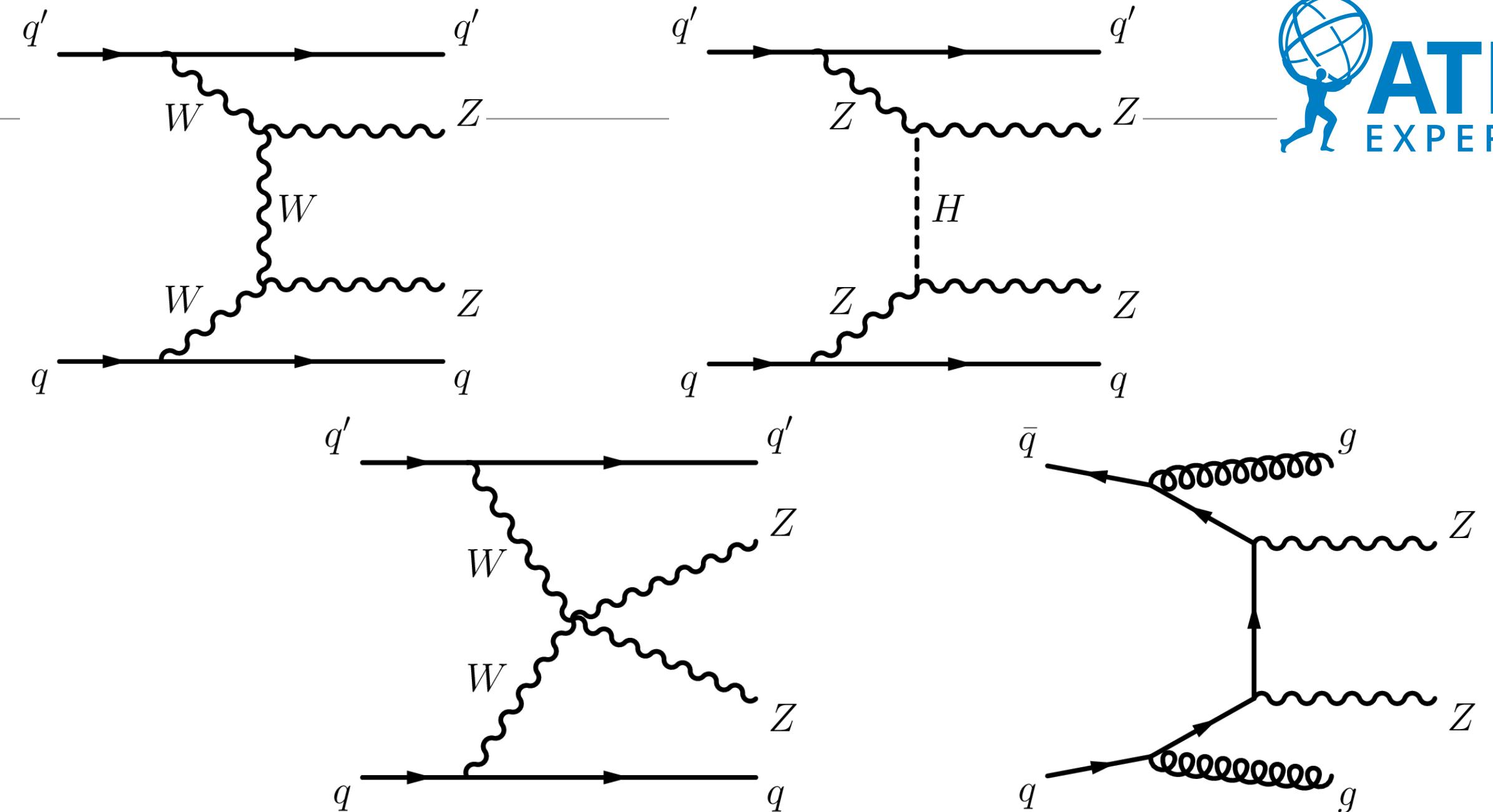
(so far...)

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements



Vector boson scattering

- Key test of EW symmetry → **vector boson self-interactions**
+ test of EWSB (Unitarity!)
- All VVjj processes observed
 - extract EW contribution (order α^6 incl. decay)
→ access cubic and quartic couplings
 - suppress QCD (order $\alpha^4 \alpha_s^2$ incl. decay)
→ challenging modeling (scale uncertainty)

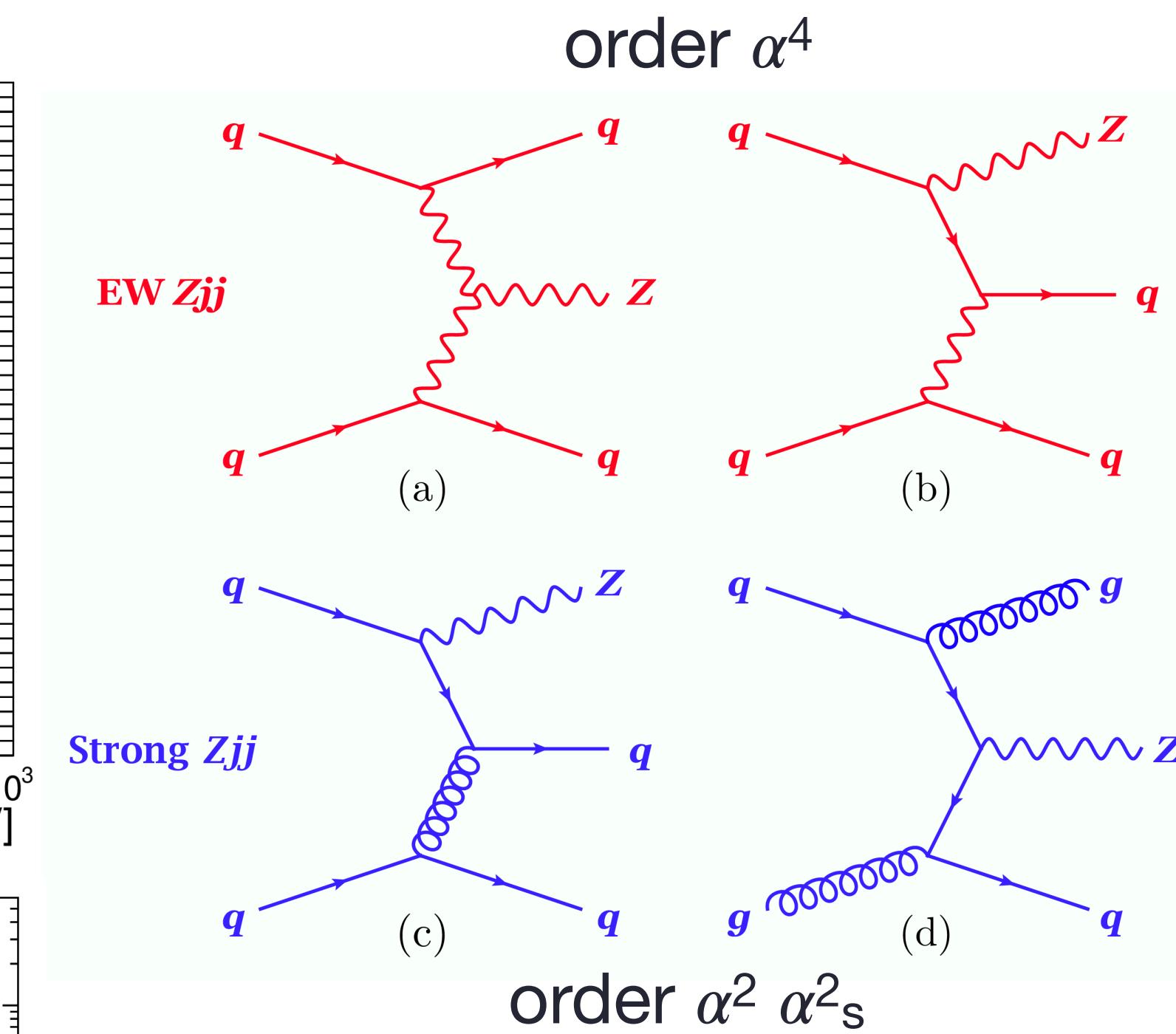
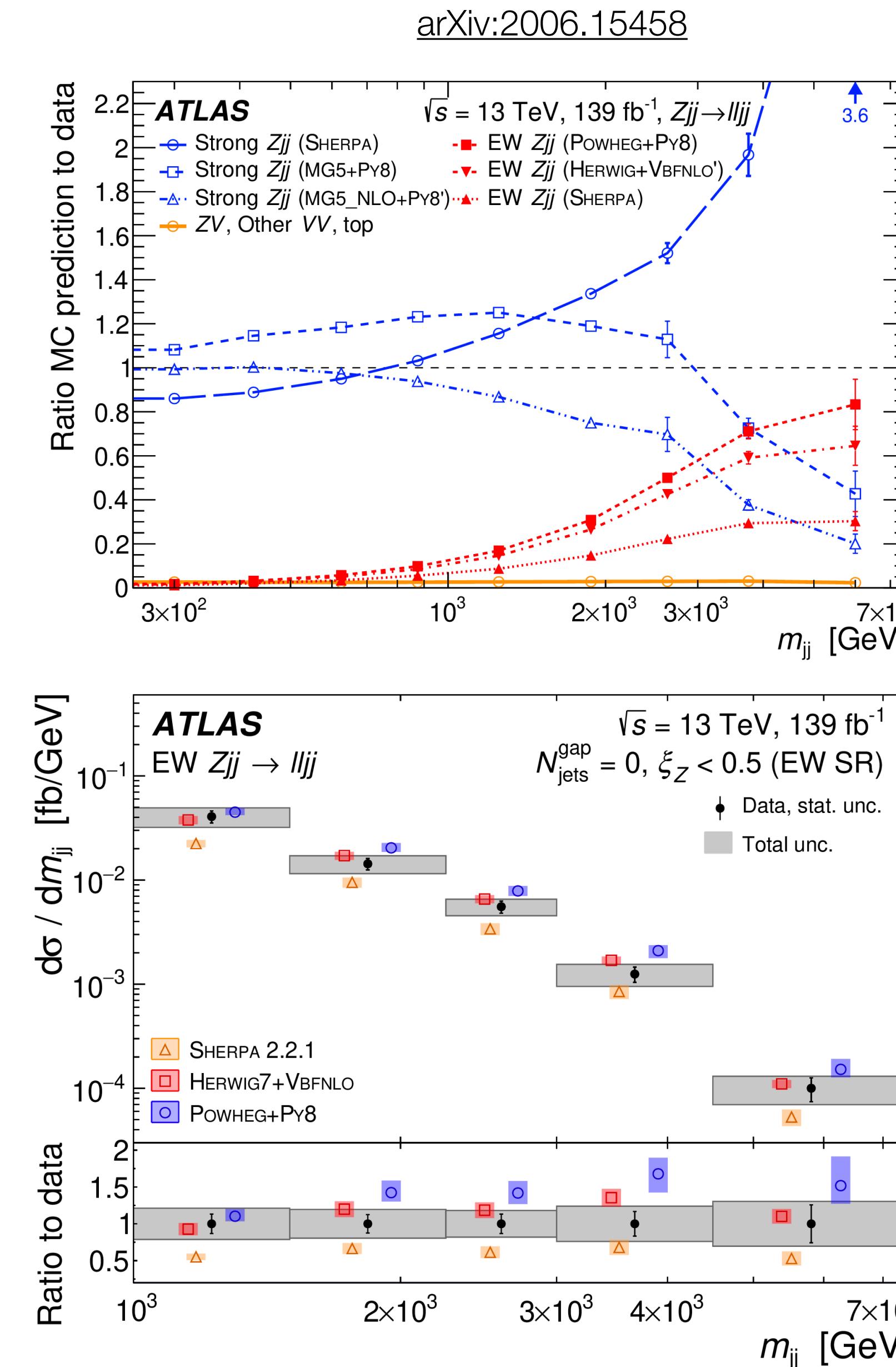


Vector boson fusion

- **Zjj analysis**

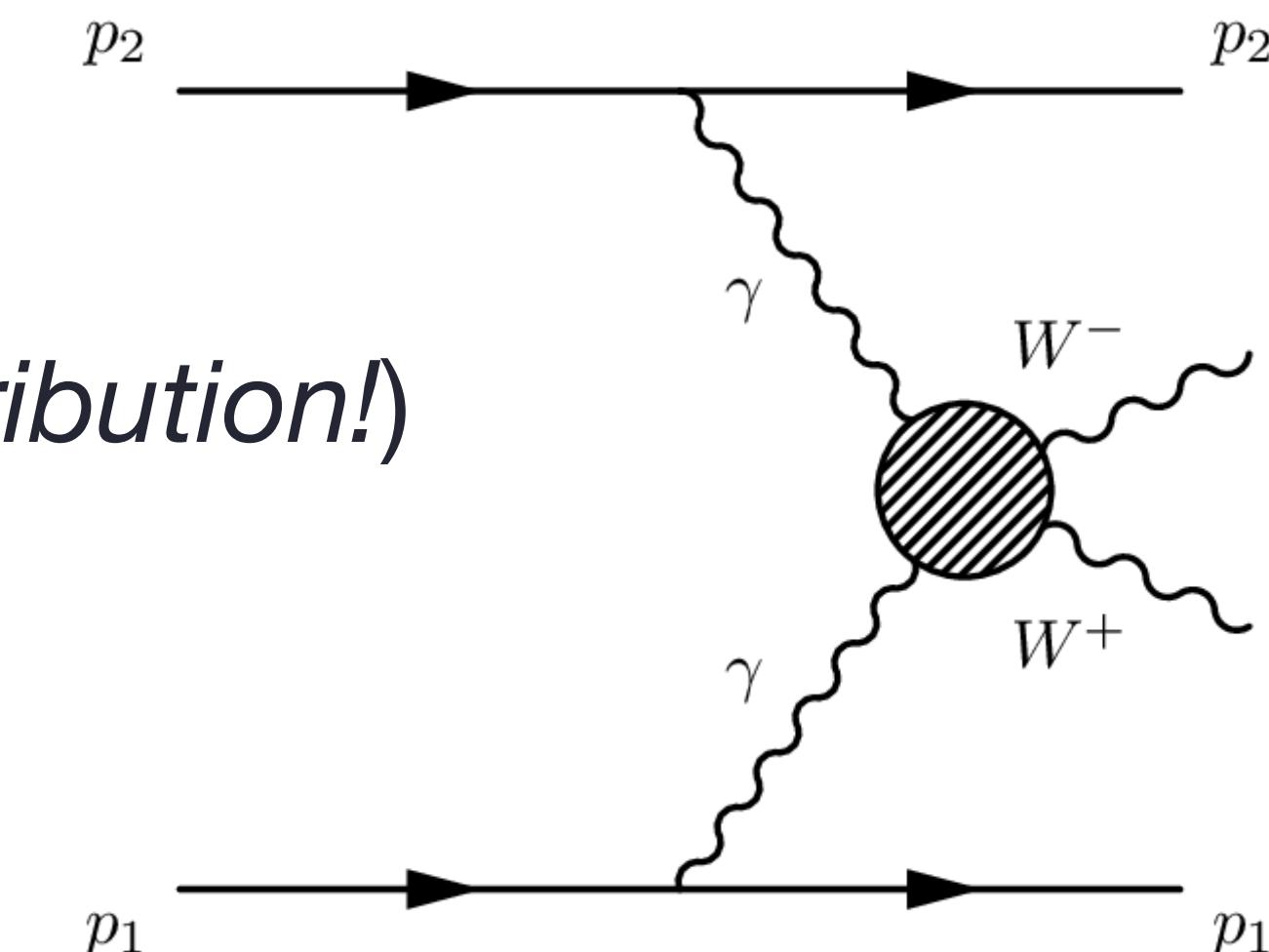
- signal vs. bkg with N_{jets} in Δy_{jj} gap and Z centrality
- poor modeling
—> data-driven QCD contribution
- precise measurement to distinguish btw different predictions
- sensitive to BSM
—> EFT interpretation

Wilson coefficient	Includes $ \mathcal{M}_{d6} ^2$	95% confidence interval [TeV $^{-2}$]	p -value (SM)
c_W/Λ^2	no	[-0.30, 0.30]	[−0.19, 0.41] 45.9%
	yes	[-0.31, 0.29]	[−0.19, 0.41] 43.2%
\tilde{c}_W/Λ^2	no	[-0.12, 0.12]	[−0.11, 0.14] 82.0%
	yes	[-0.12, 0.12]	[−0.11, 0.14] 81.8%
c_{HWB}/Λ^2	no	[-2.45, 2.45]	[−3.78, 1.13] 29.0%
	yes	[-3.11, 2.10]	[−6.31, 1.01] 25.0%
$\tilde{c}_{HWB}/\Lambda^2$	no	[-1.06, 1.06]	[0.23, 2.34] 1.7%
	yes	[-1.06, 1.06]	[0.23, 2.35] 1.6%

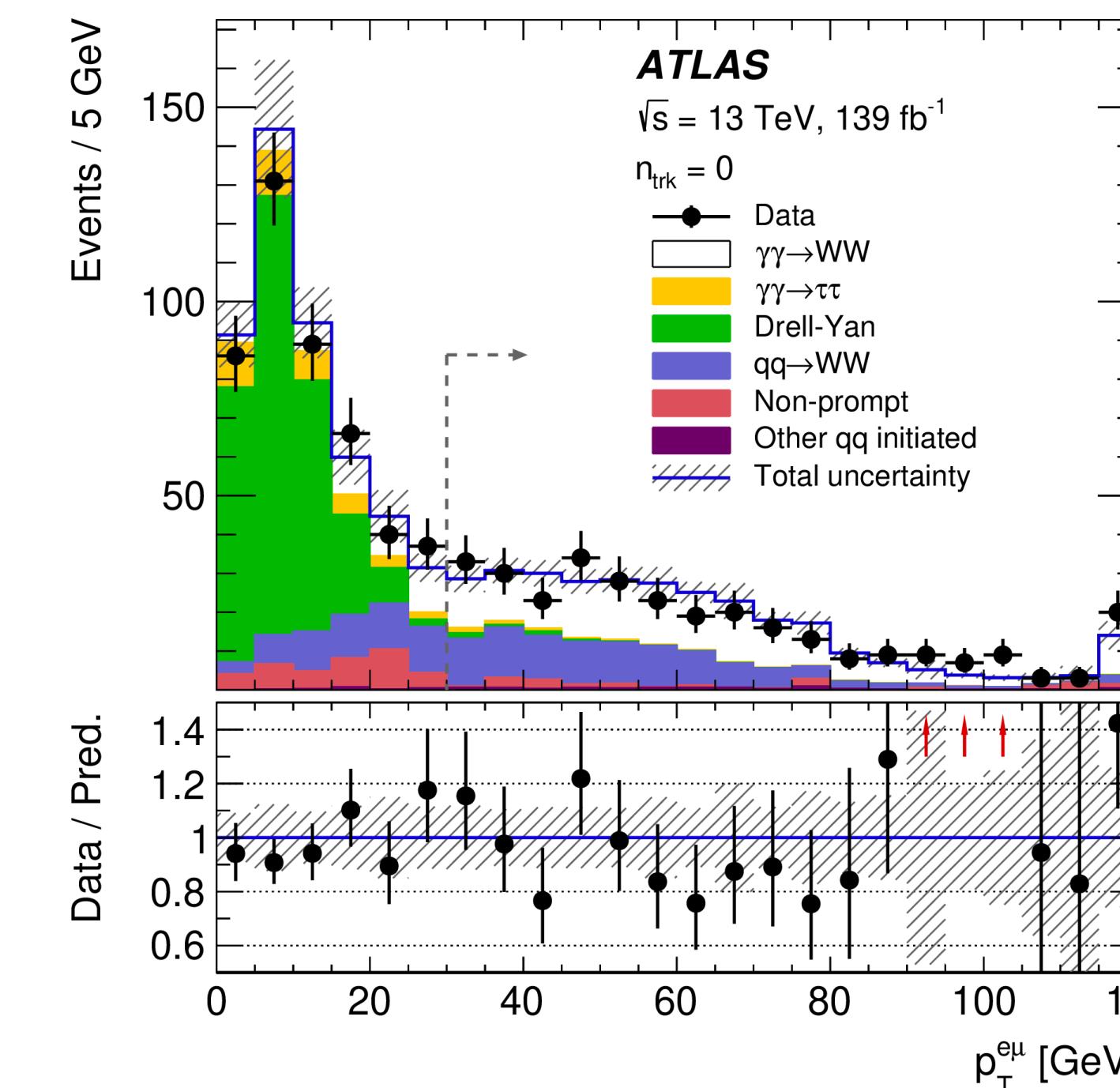
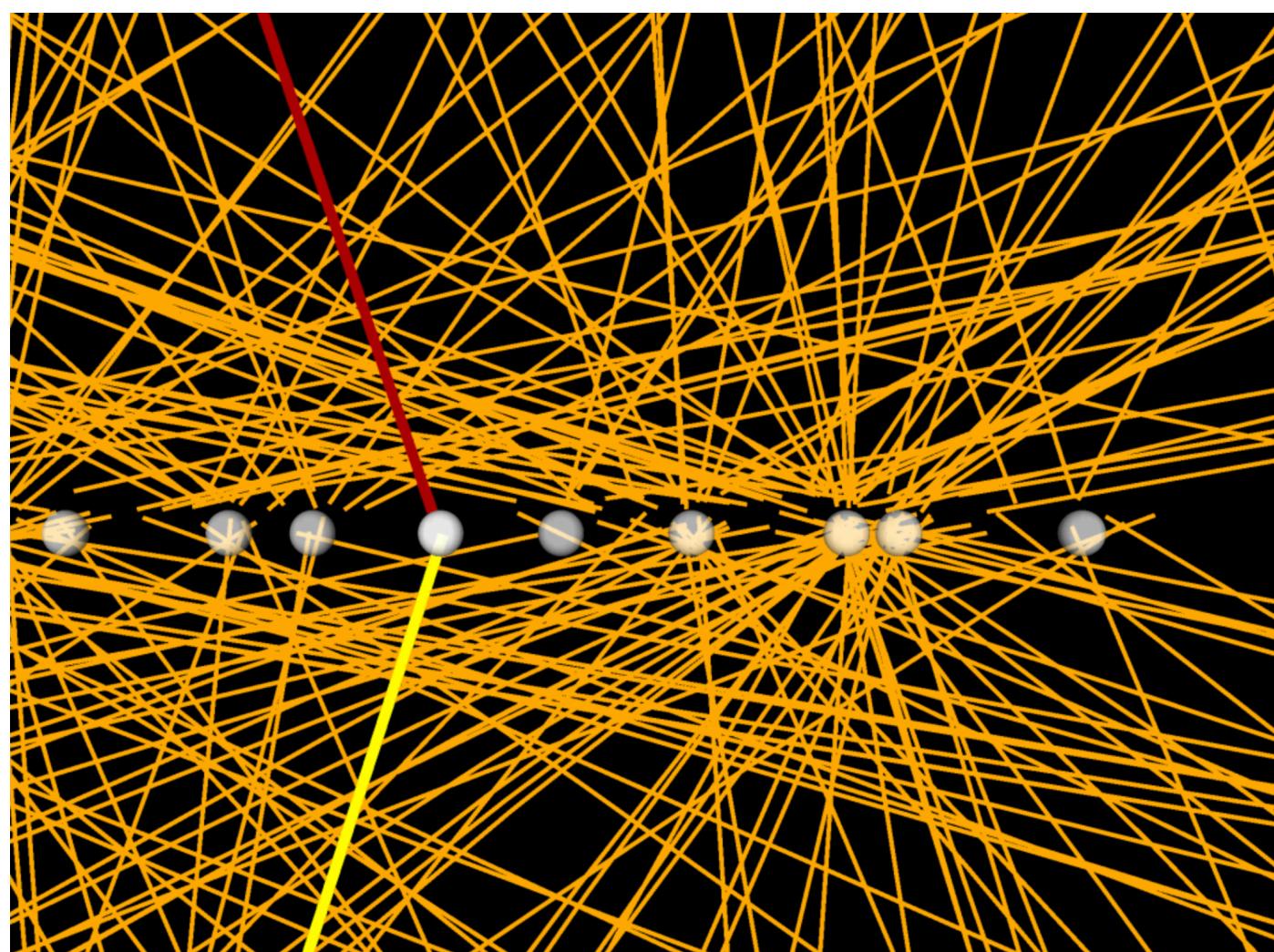


Photon collisions

- Ultra-peripheral PbPb collisions: intense EM fields
—> first observation of light-by-light scattering $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



- **Two-photon interactions** in pp collisions: [arXiv:2010.04019](https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.04019)
study of EW gauge structure in pure EW process (*no QCD contribution!*)
 - pp $\rightarrow p^{(*)} (\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-) p^{(*)}$, with $W \rightarrow e\nu$ and $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$
 - signal: absence of fragmentation products at pp vtx



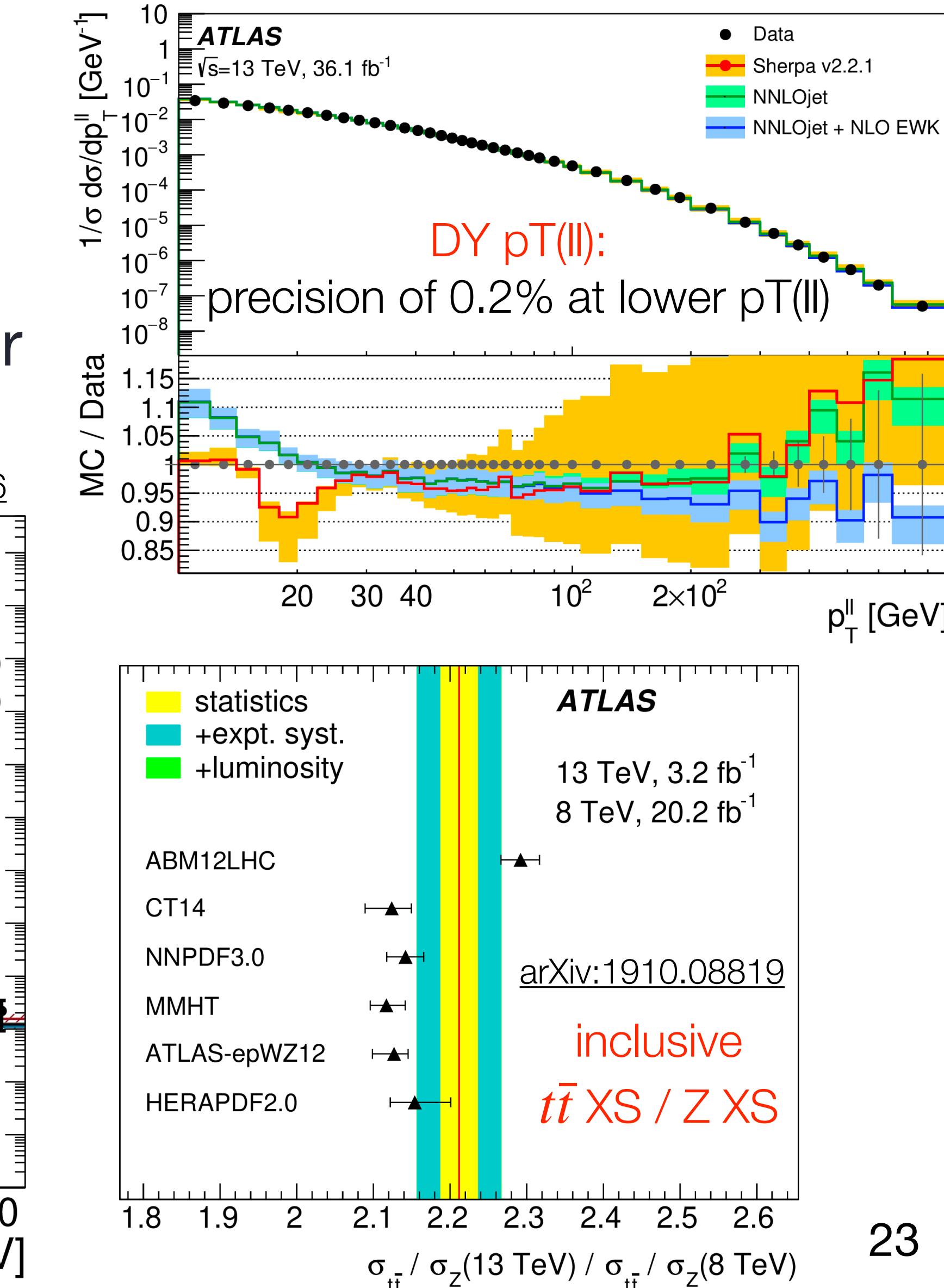
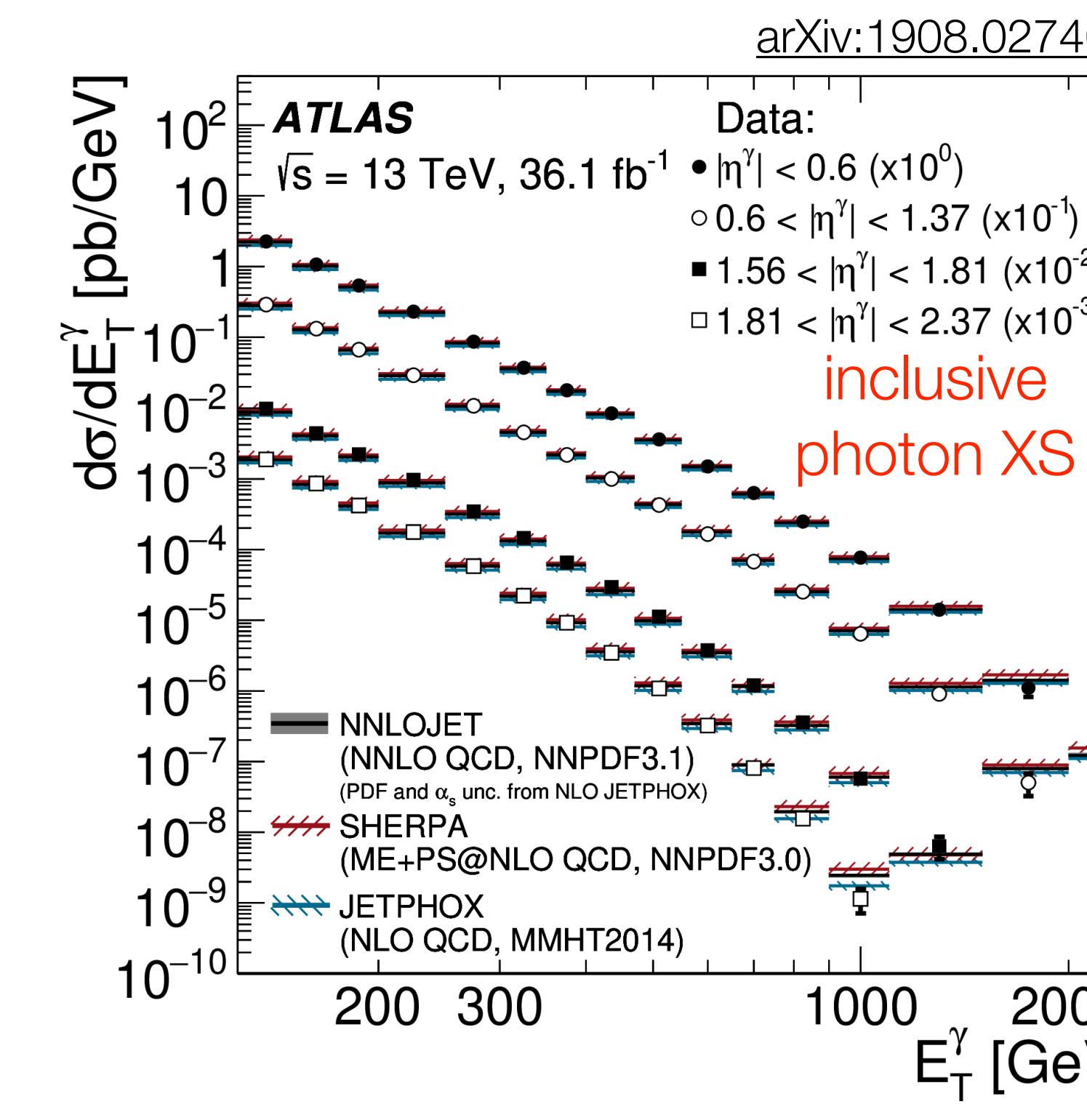
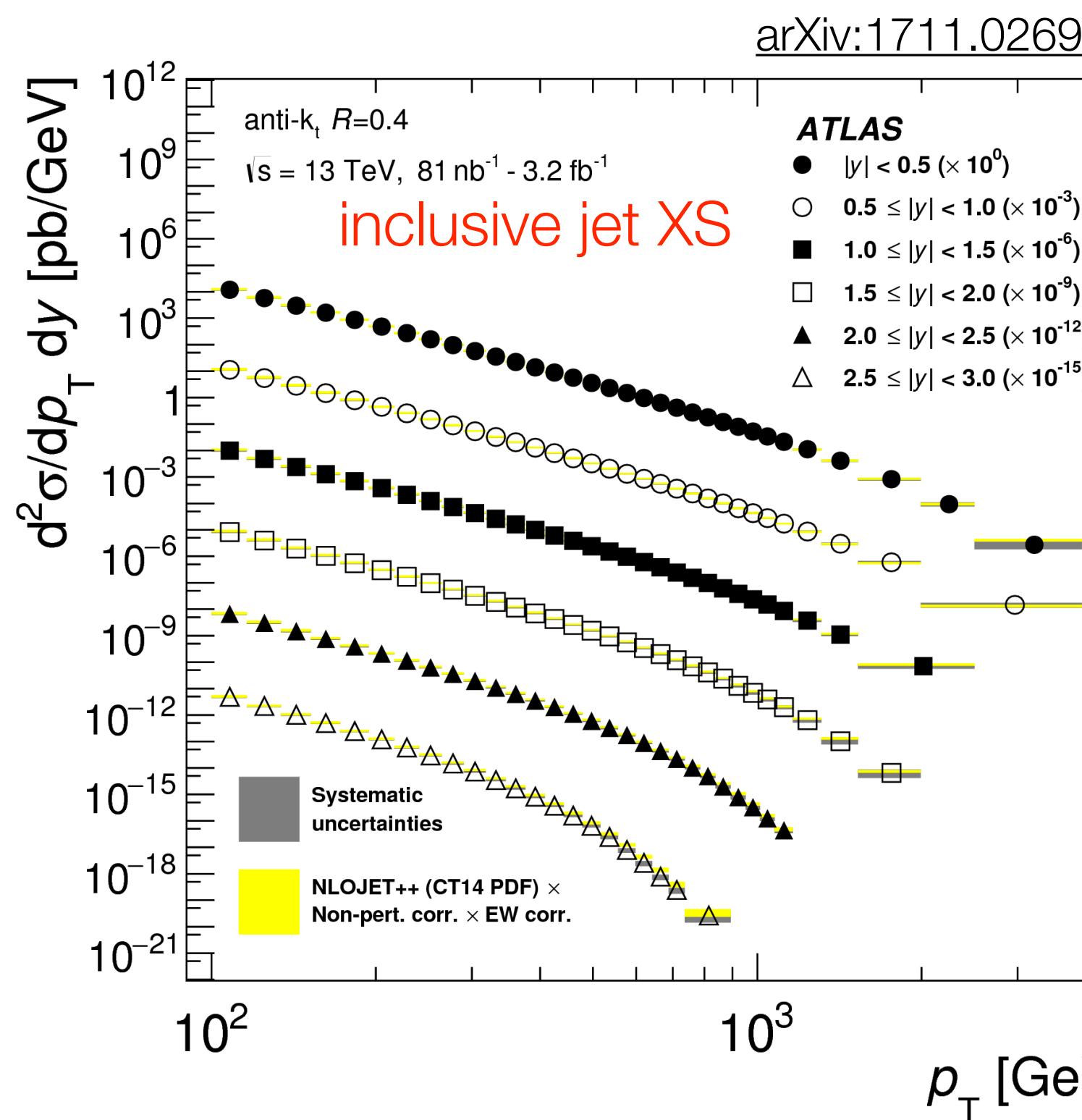
$\sigma = 3.13 \pm 0.31 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.28 \text{ (syst)} \text{ fb}$
in agreement with predictions
first observation:
significance above 8σ

Perturbative QCD tests / Modeling of SM processes



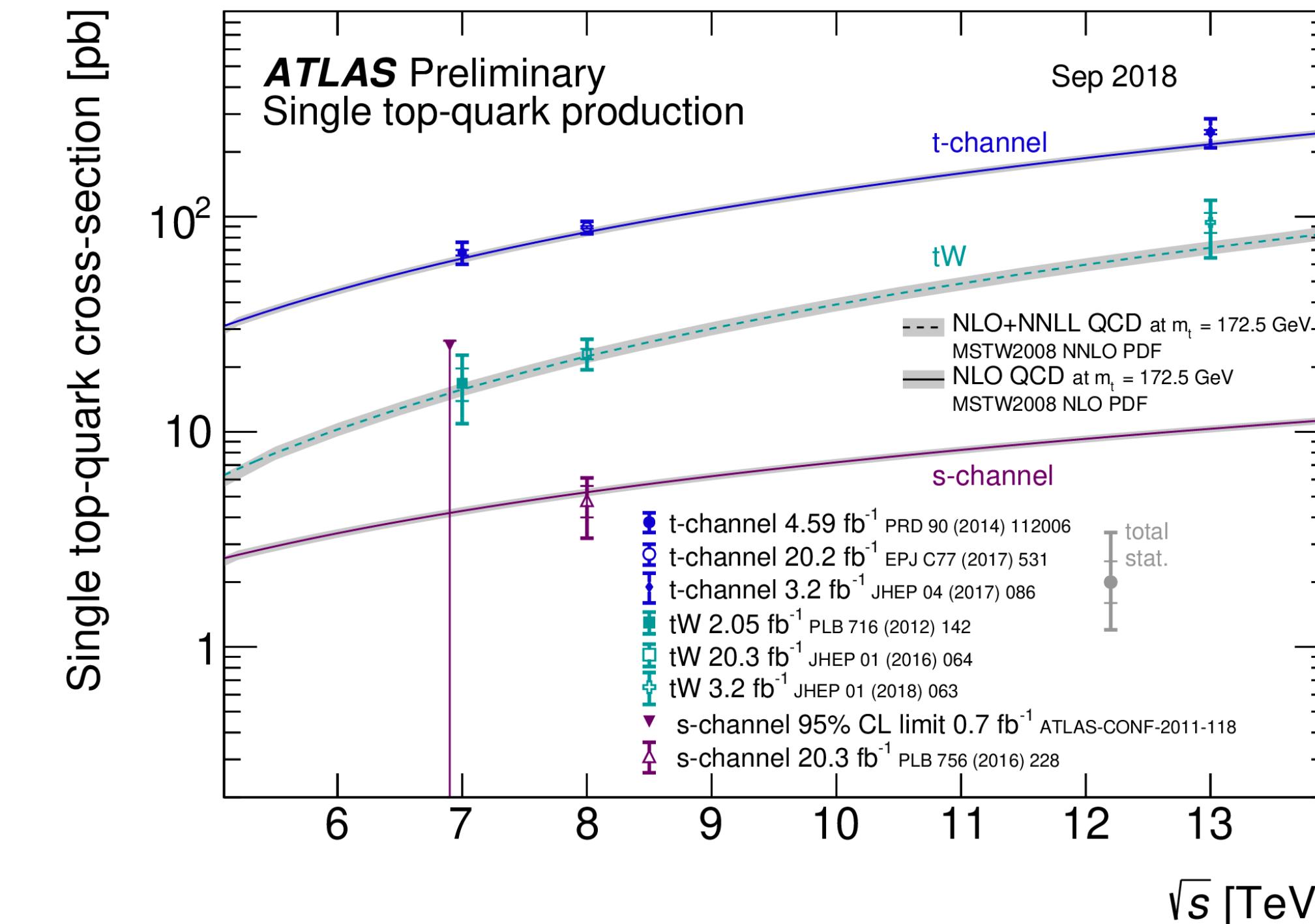
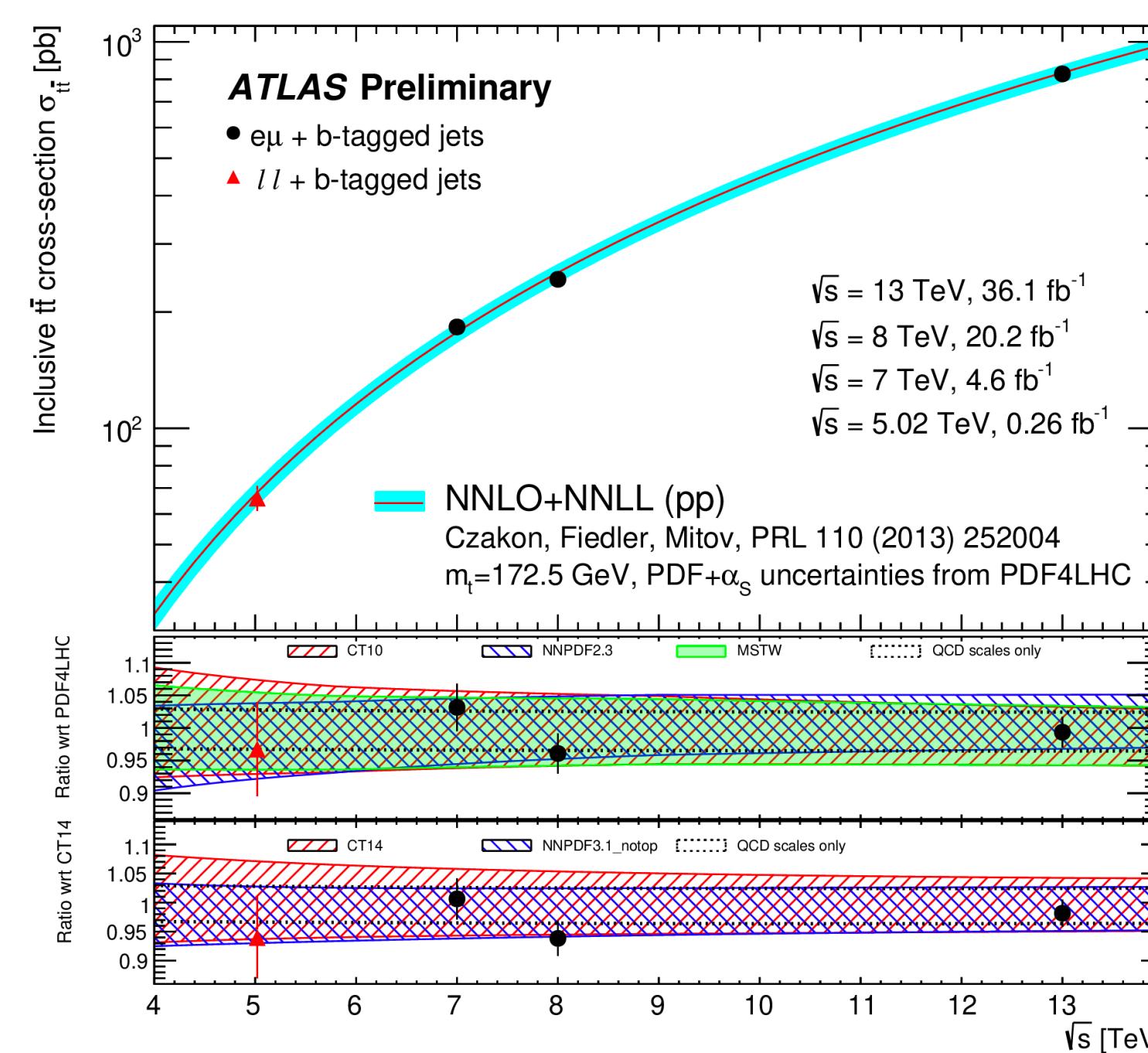
- Precise cross section measurements for (di)jets, γ / W / Z / top + jets, etc.
- Confront model predictions with higher order QCD and EW corrections against data
- Sensitivity to parton distribution functions
- Improving understanding of SM processes also crucial for many searches

[arXiv:1912.02844](#)



Top quark production

- Heaviest known particle: mass $m_t \sim 172$ GeV, Yukawa coupling $y_t \sim 1$; no hadronization
- **Inclusive tt and single-t cross sections** in good agreement w/ NNLO+NNLL predictions
- tt: l+jets measurement $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{1\ell} = 830 \pm 0.4$ (stat) ± 36 (syst) ± 14 (lumi) pb 139 fb^{-1} @13 TeV
4.5% syst. unc. from modeling and JES
- e μ measurement $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{e\mu} = 826.4 \pm 3.6$ (stat) ± 11.5 (syst) ± 15.7 (lumi) pb 36 fb^{-1} @13 TeV
2.4% syst. unc. from luminosity



Top as a W factory: $B(W \rightarrow \tau\nu)/B(W \rightarrow \mu\nu)$



- Large sample of $t\bar{t}$ events \rightarrow abundant source of W -pair production

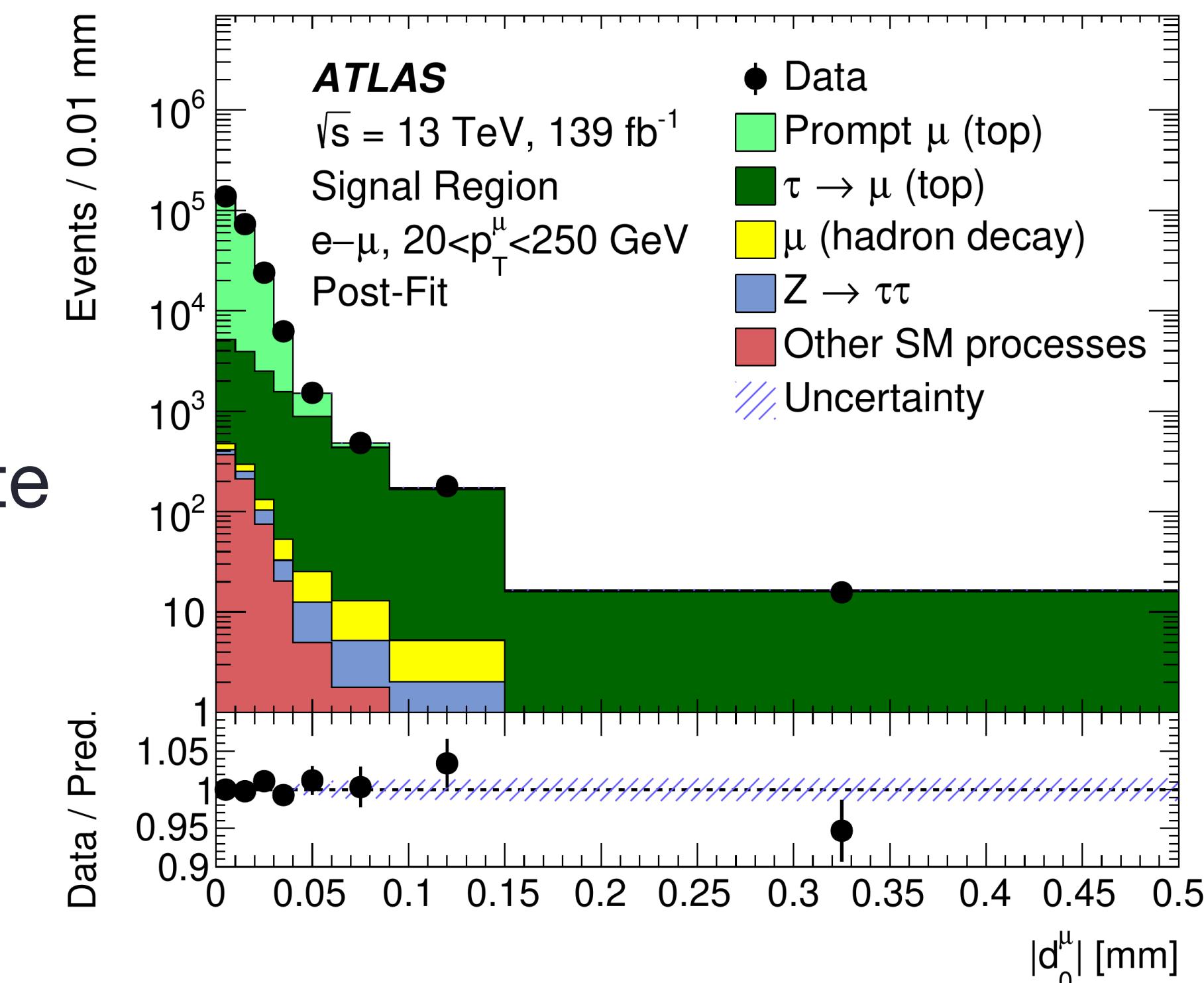
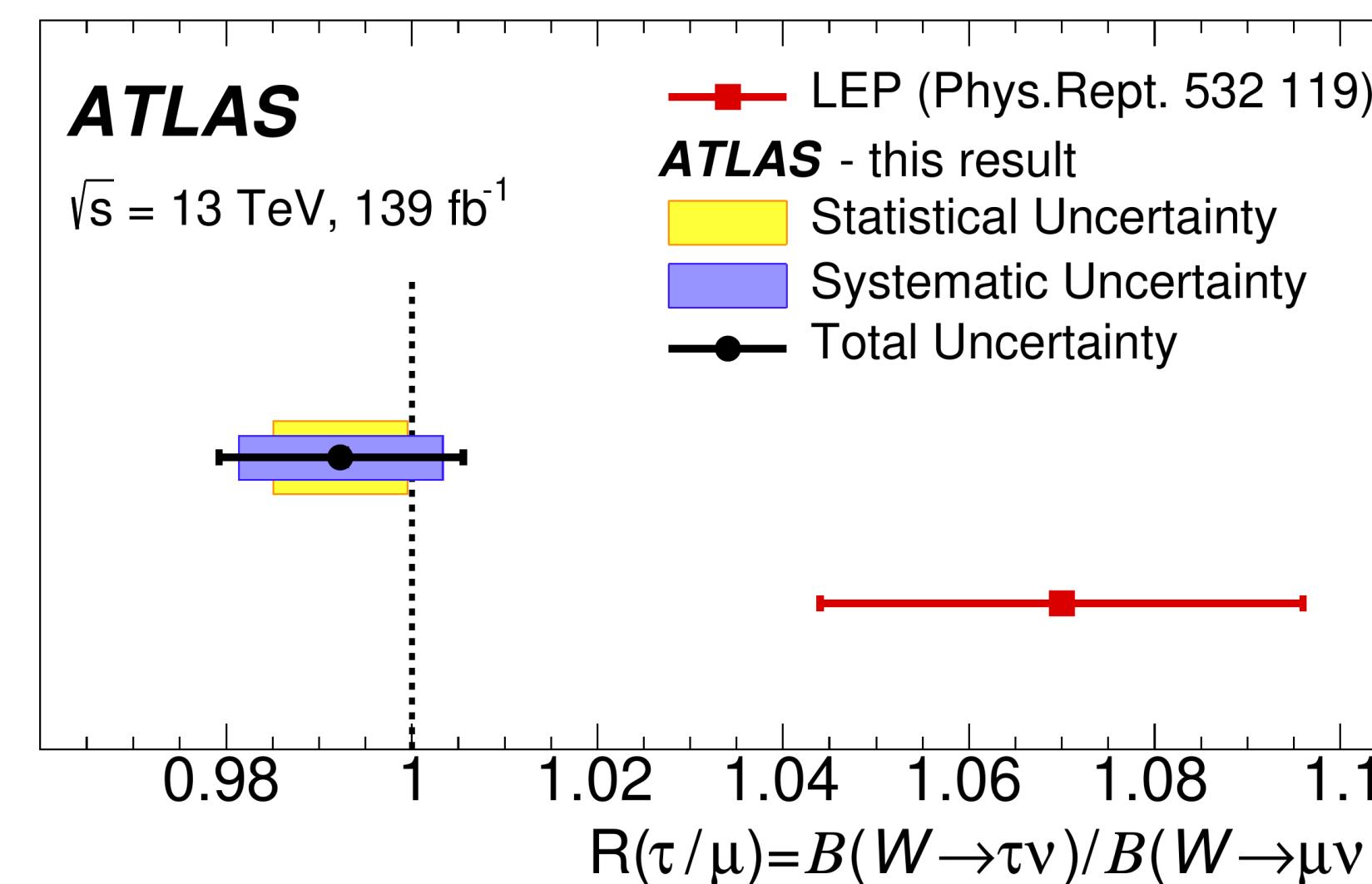
[arXiv:2007.14040](#)

- Tag: $t \rightarrow bW \rightarrow b\ell\nu$ trigger on $\ell = e$ or μ
- Probe: $t \rightarrow bW$, with either $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$
or $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$ with $\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$

- Muon impact parameter and pT distributions discriminate
btw two W decay modes

- Improved test of lepton flavor universality at 1% level**

- Resolves 2.7σ
discrepancy
from LEP era



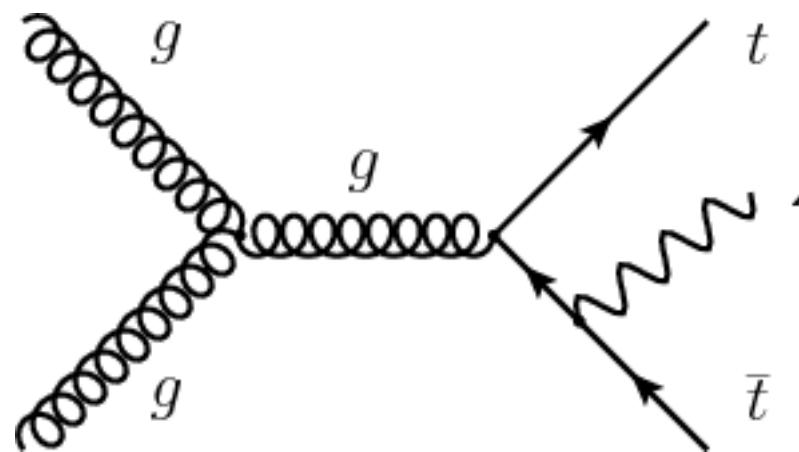
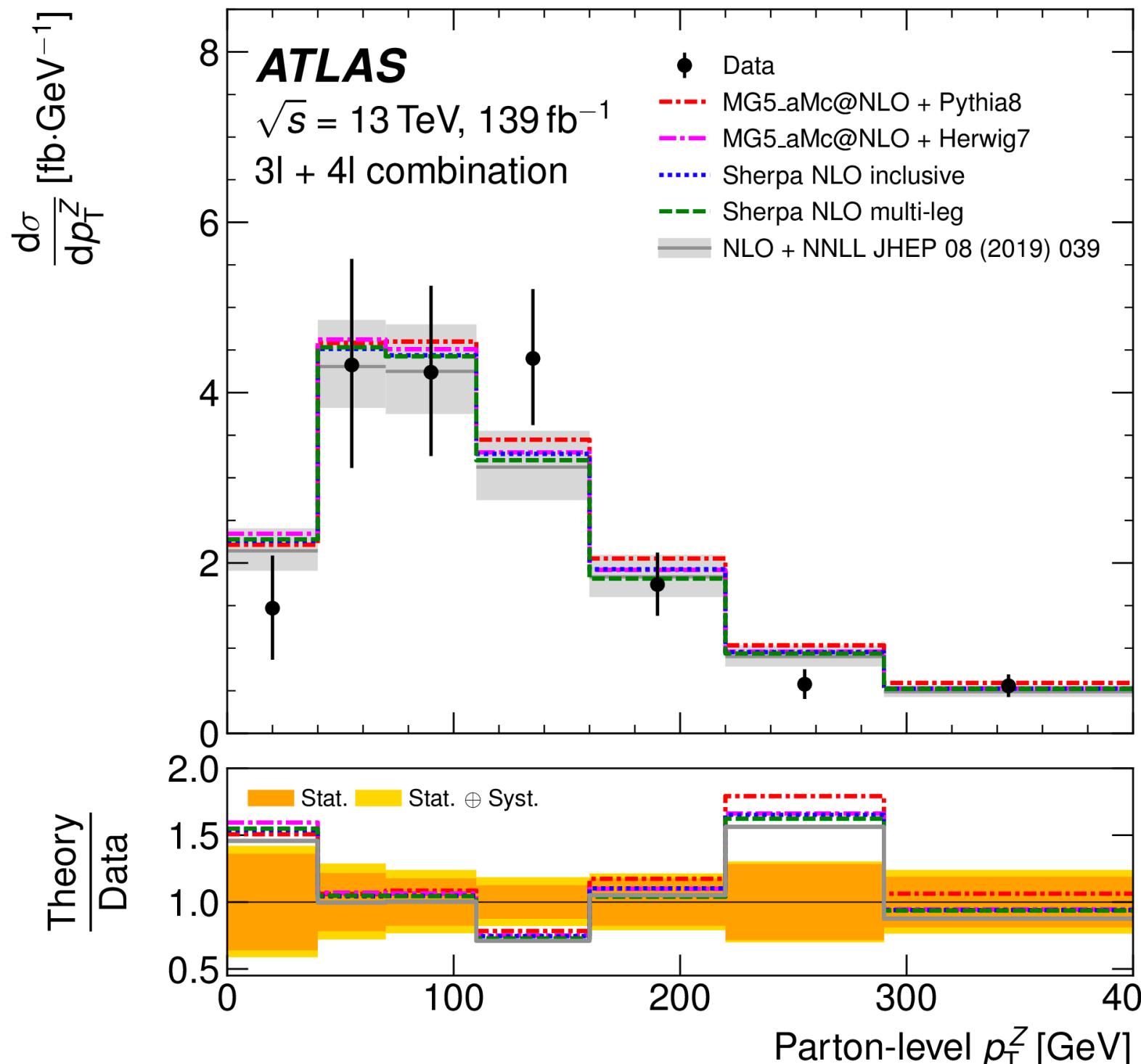
Top quark (rare) production

- **Measurement of $t(t) + \gamma / W / Z$ production**
to test top-quark em / weak interaction

- ttZ example
 - measure

$$\sigma = 0.99 \pm 0.05(\text{stat}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\text{agree with NLO QCD and EW} \quad \sigma^{\text{th}} = 0.84^{+0.09}_{-0.10} \text{ pb}$$



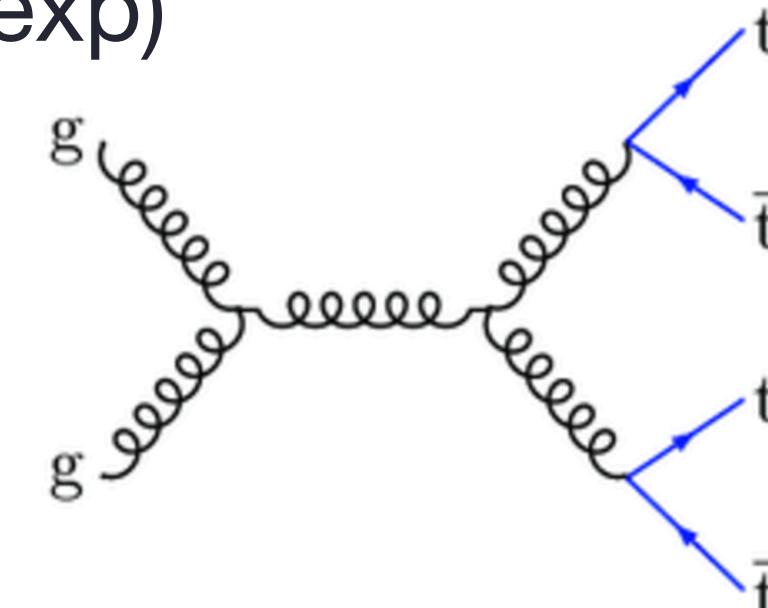
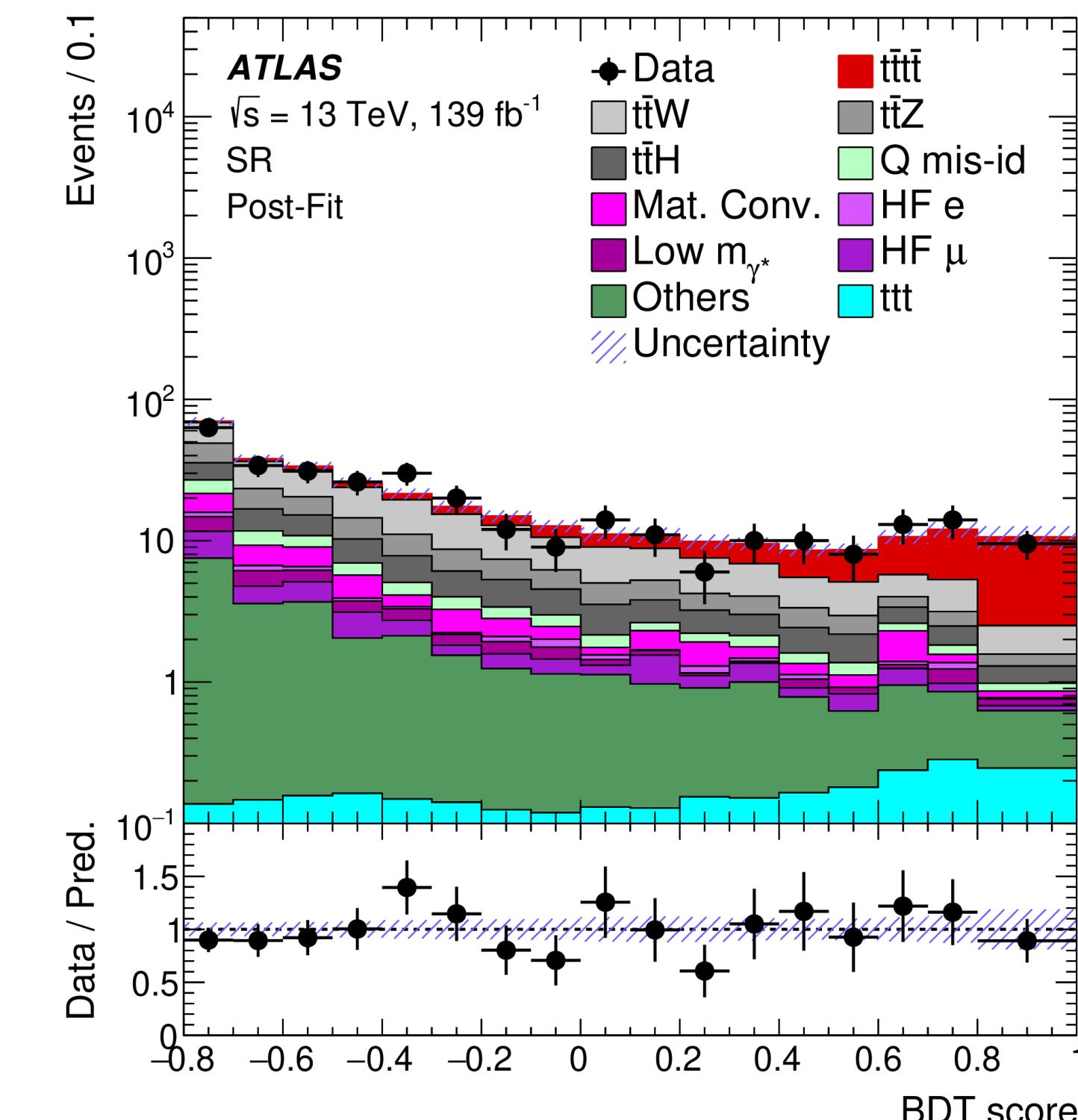
- **Measurement of $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ production**
→ sensitive to top Yukawa & BSM

- significance: 4.3σ obs (2.4σ exp)

$$\sigma = 24 \pm 5 \text{ (stat)}^{+5}_{-4} \text{ (syst) fb}$$

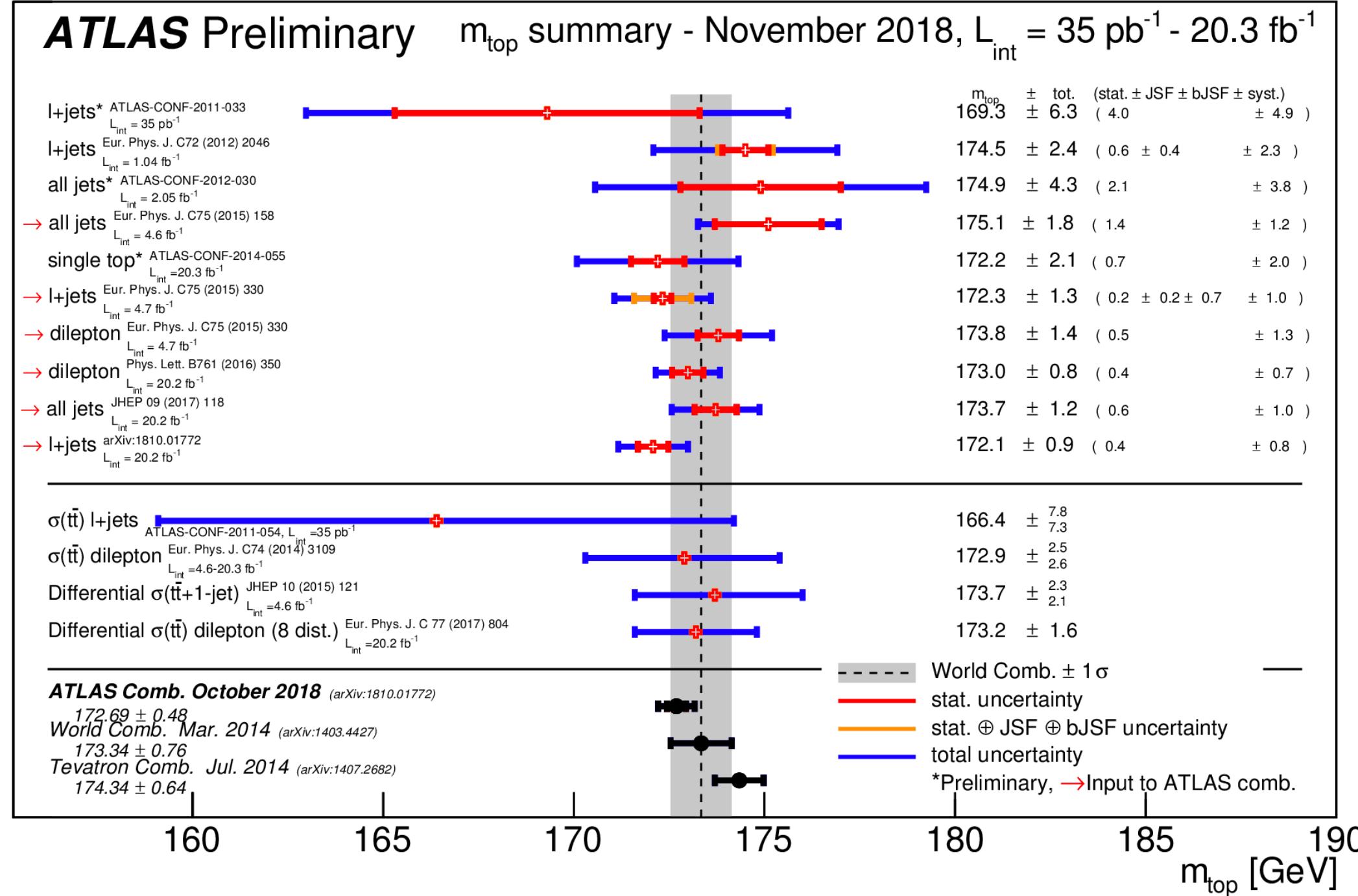
agree with NLO QCD and EW

$$\sigma^{\text{th}} = 12.0 \pm 2.4 \text{ fb}$$



Top quark properties

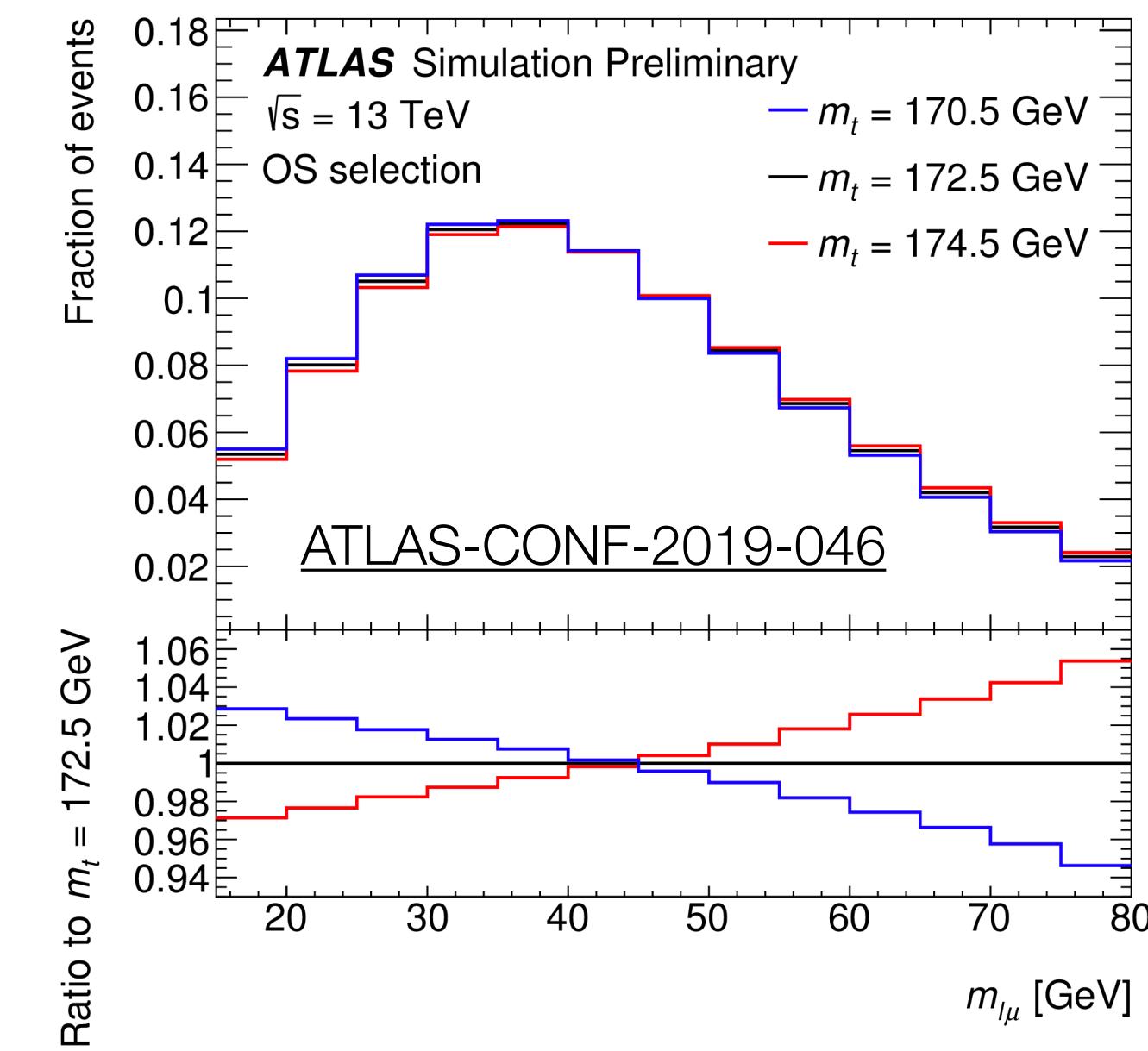
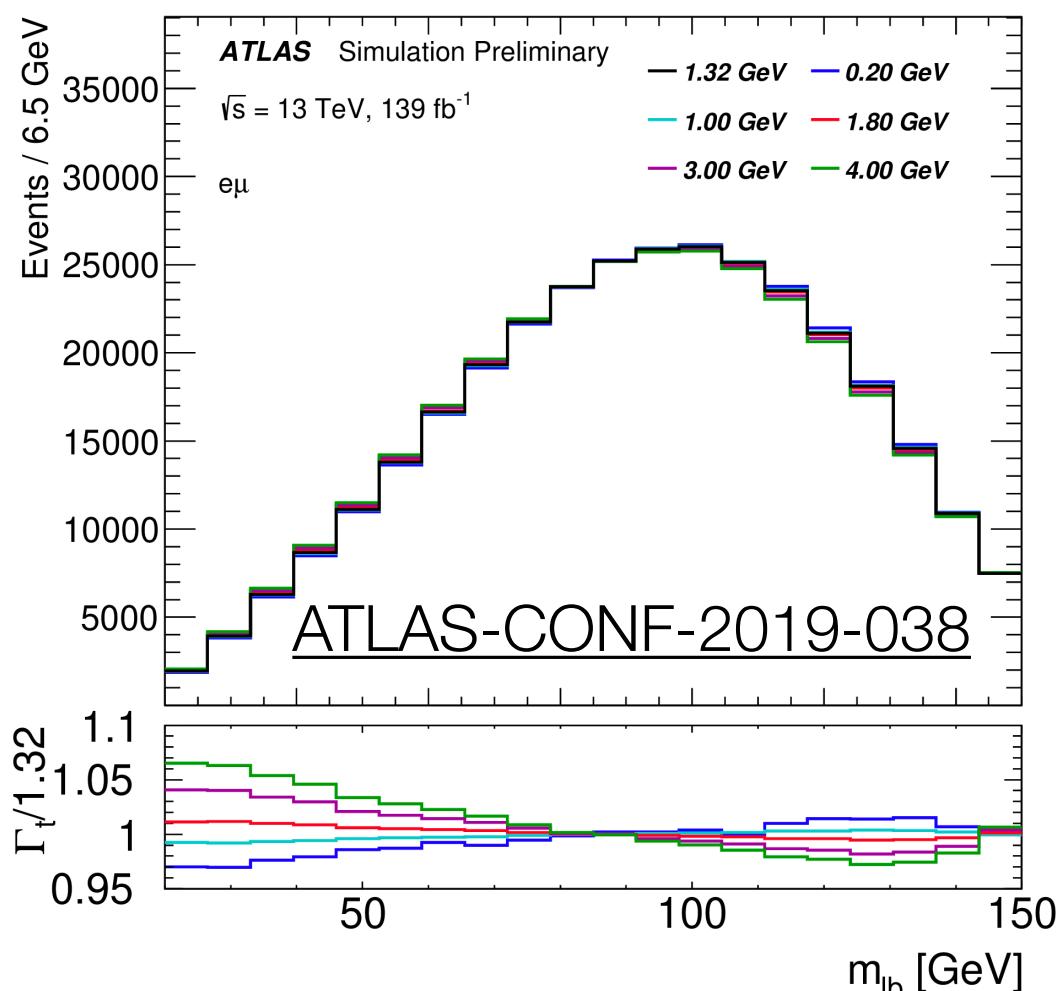
- **Top mass:** fundamental property, important for internal consistency tests of SM



- soft-muon tag analysis
 - sensitive variable: dilepton mass (1e/ μ from W decay, 1 μ from b-hadron) to reduce jet calibration unc.
 - b-/c-hadron modeling syst. unc. important

- **Top width:**
 - sensitive to BSM
 - $\Gamma_t = 1.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ GeV}$

agree with expectation
(1.32 GeV)



36 fb^{-1} @13 TeV

$$m_t = 174.48 \pm 0.40 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.67 \text{ (syst)} \text{ GeV}$$

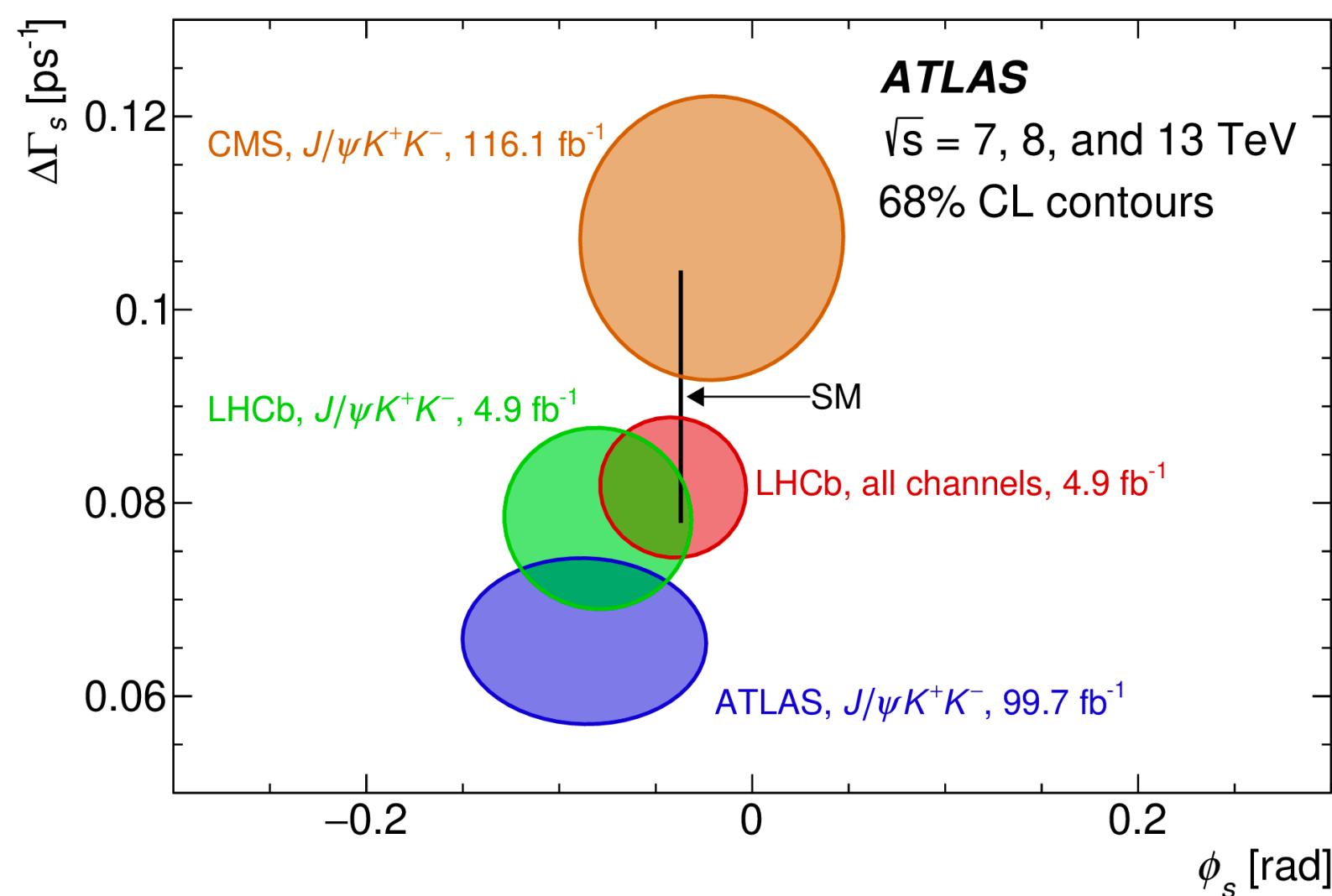
B physics

- Cross sections for J/psi production
- CP violation and rare b → s transition measurements (relevant to lepton flavor universality): loop processes sensitive to BSM

- CPV in $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$

[arXiv:2001.07115](#)

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_s &= -0.087 \pm 0.036 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.021 \text{ (syst.) rad} \\ \Delta\Gamma_s &= 0.0657 \pm 0.0043 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.0037 \text{ (syst.) ps}^{-1} \\ \Gamma_s &= 0.6703 \pm 0.0014 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.0018 \text{ (syst.) ps}^{-1}\end{aligned}$$

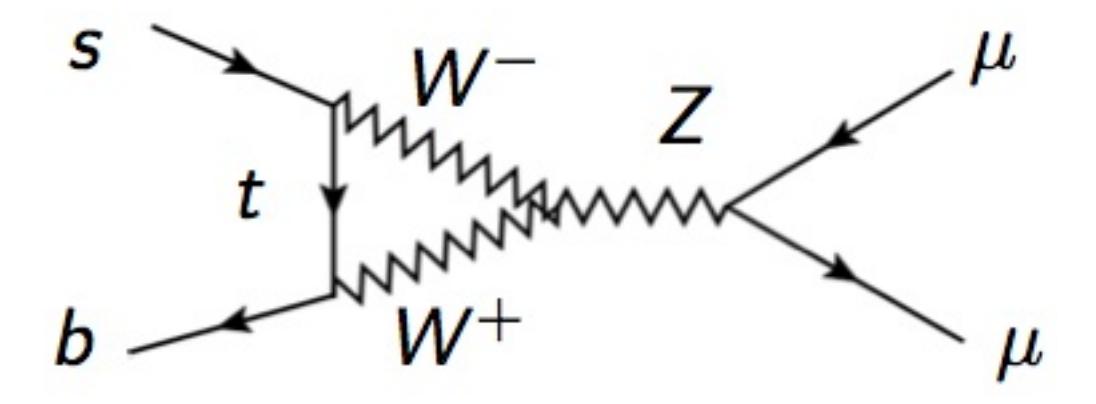
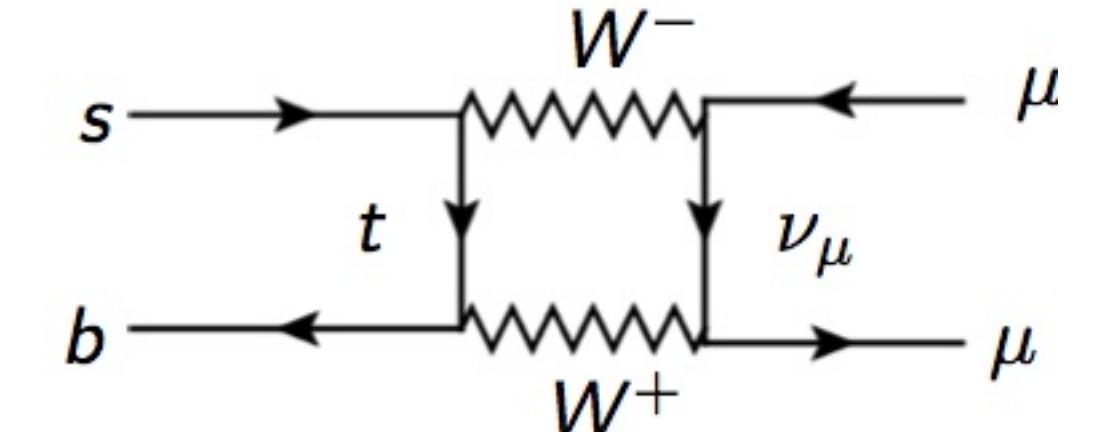


[arXiv:1812.03017](#)

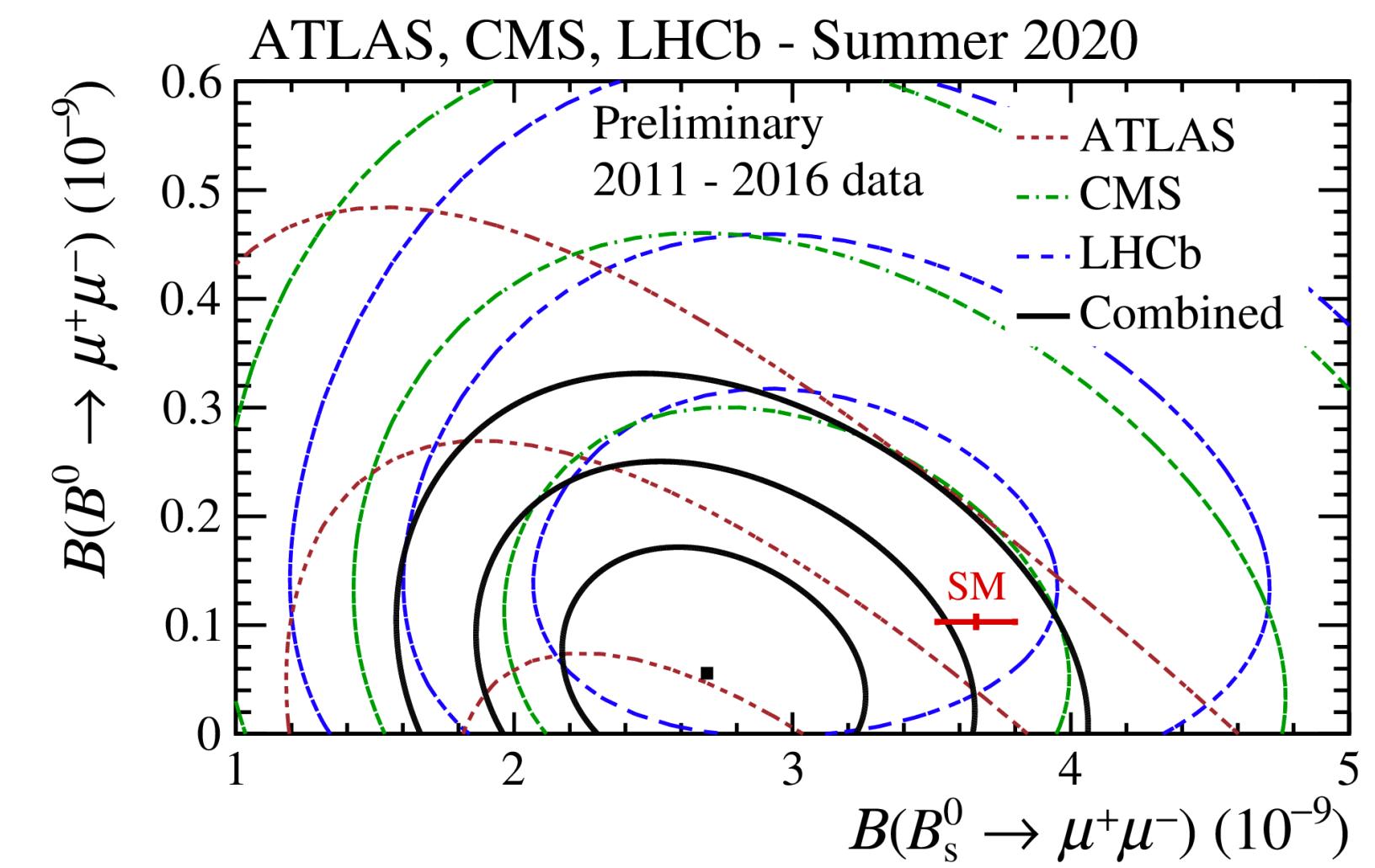
$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.8^{+0.8}_{-0.7}) \times 10^{-9}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 2.1 \times 10^{-10}$$

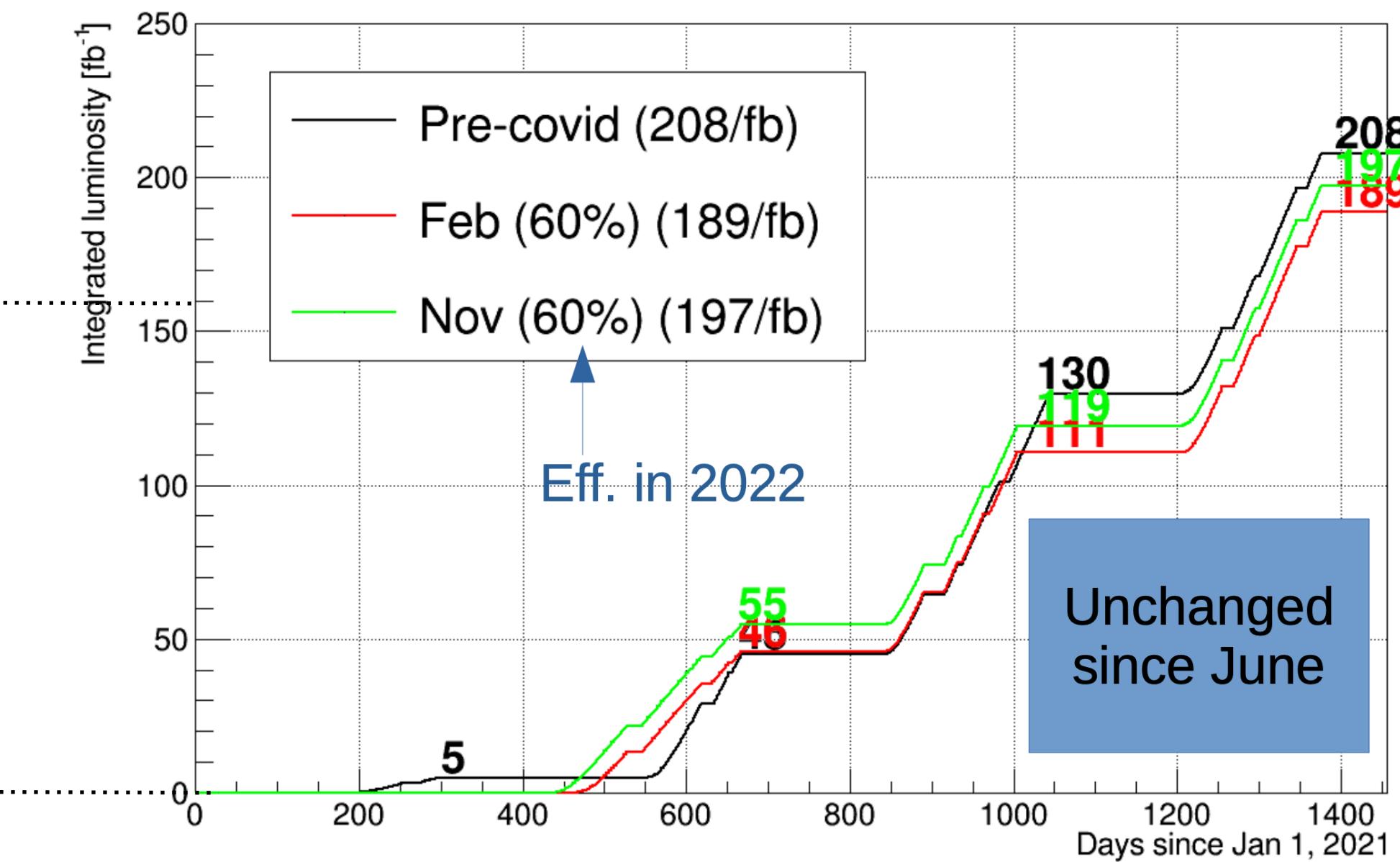
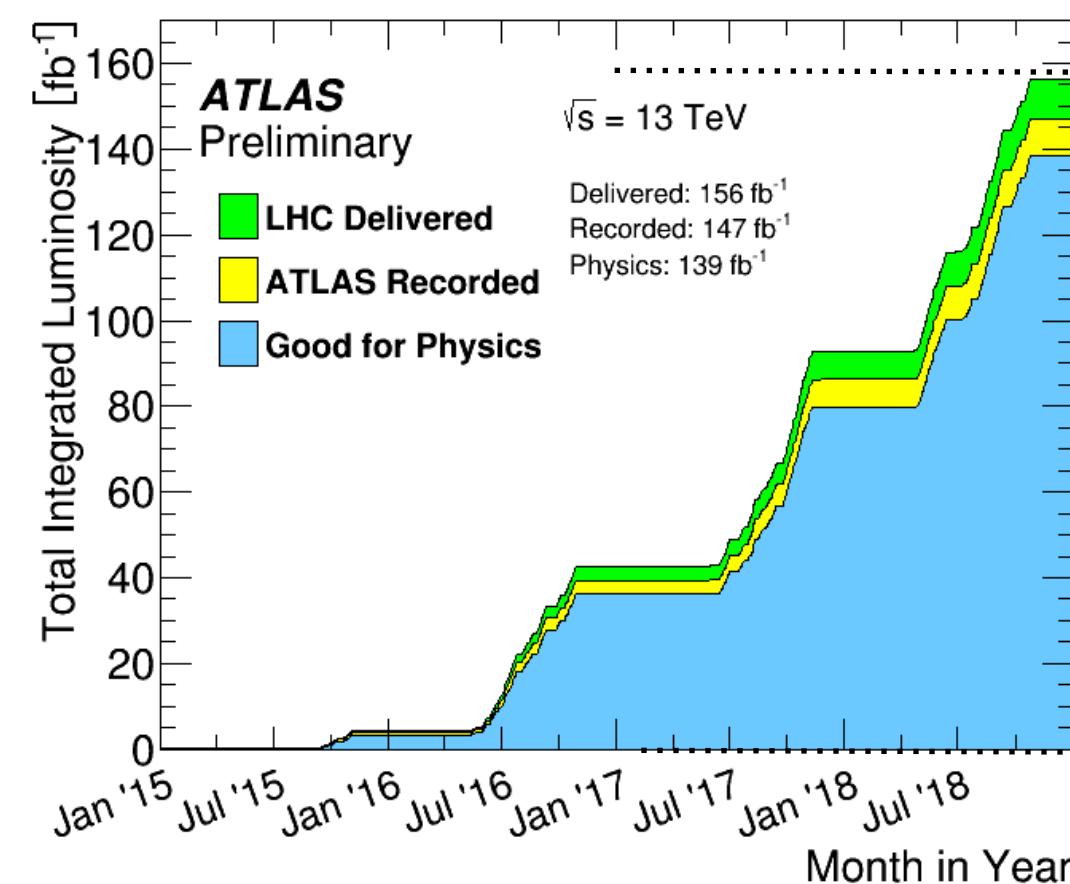
- $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$



[ATLAS-CONF-2020-049](#)



Looking ahead at Run 3



guesstimate: $160\text{--}220 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in Run 3

Beam energy to be decided after magnet training
-> Sep 2021

Considerations for Run 3 physics



- At end of Run 3, the **integrated luminosity** for combined Runs 2 & 3 \sim 300-360 fb⁻¹
i.e. **factor of 2.0-2.5 increase over Run 2**
- **Improvements expected on multiple fronts:**
 - trigger (open up new phase space or channels)
 - combined performance
 - analysis techniques / tools (e.g. ML, event generators)
 - new physics processes/channels or observables, expanded scope

What's new for ATLAS in Run 3?



- **Center of mass energy**
 - magnet training in 2021: hope for higher \sqrt{s} , up to 14 TeV
- **Trigger & detector system improvements**
 - L1Calo, L1Muon & NSW, and L1Topo
 - increased availability of full-scan tracking
 - AFP with time-of-flight
- **Further development of targeted trigger approaches**
 - trigger-level analysis
 - delayed stream
 - unconventional signatures

Challenges:

- increased pileup
- early commissioning

- **Run 2 dataset: a goldmine for physics... to be extended with Run 3**
 - years of fruitful searches (more targeted) and measurements ahead
 - precision frontier to continue growing in importance (→ EFT fits)
 - further studies of rare processes
- Continue preparations for HL-LHC and $3\text{-}4 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ @14 TeV

All ATLAS results available at
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic>