

Motivation

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}W^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu_\ell \ell^\mp \nu_\ell \ell^\pm \nu_\ell \bar{b}\bar{b} \quad \ell^\pm = e^\pm, \mu^\pm$$

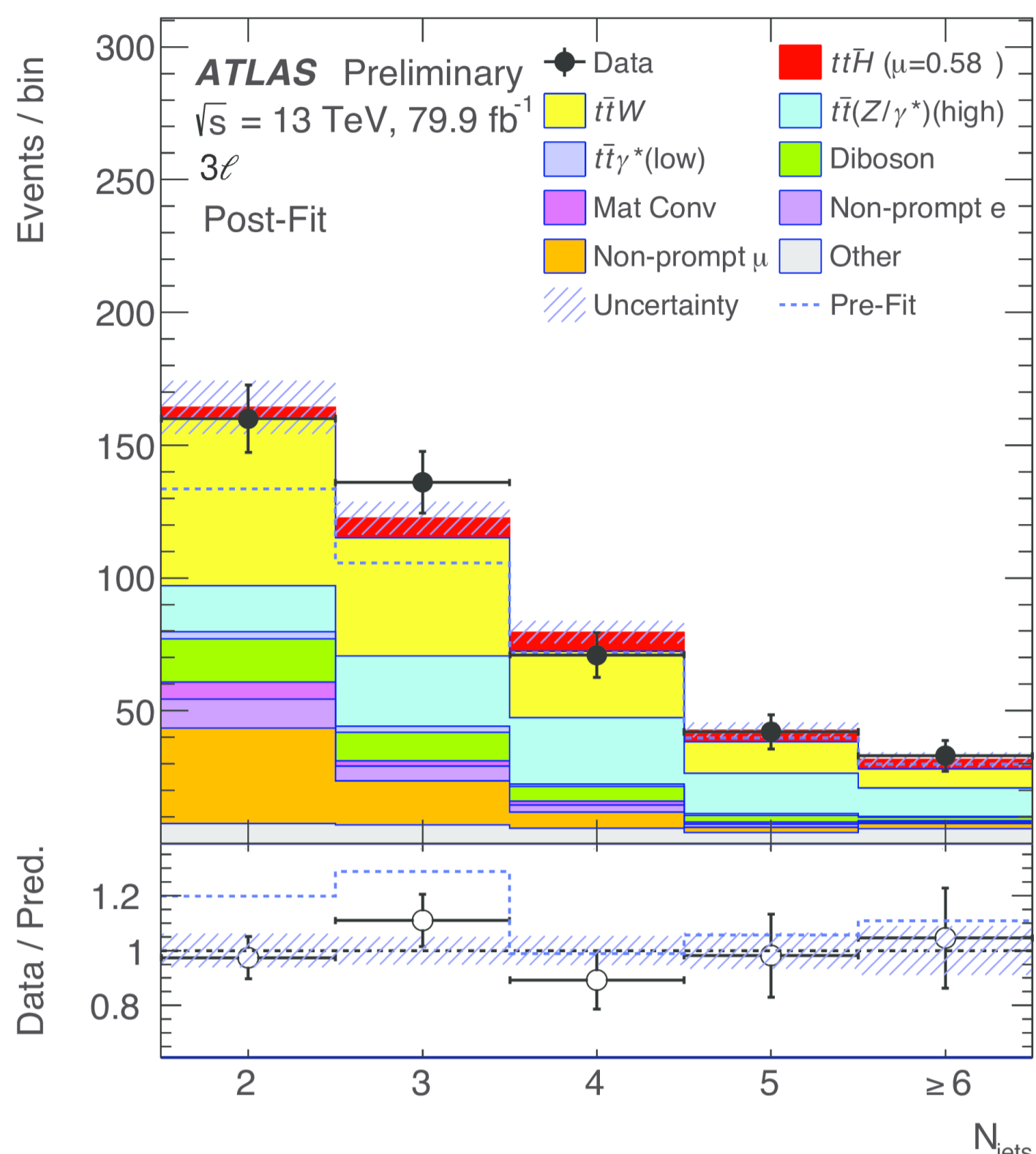


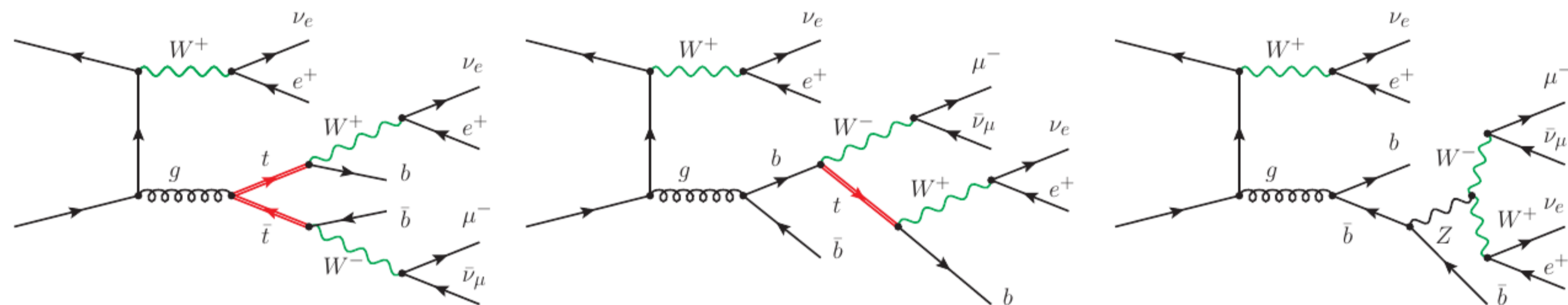
Fig. 1: Jet multiplicity distribution in the 3ℓ-channel. [1]

- Background to $t\bar{t}H$ in 3ℓ-channel [1]
- Discrepancy between theory and experiment
 - Overall Normalisation (30%-70% for very inclusive cuts)
 - Modelling of top decay
- Rare same sign lepton signature can be used to constrain BSM physics
- Phenomenologically relevant for top quark charge asymmetry [2]

Some Recent Developments

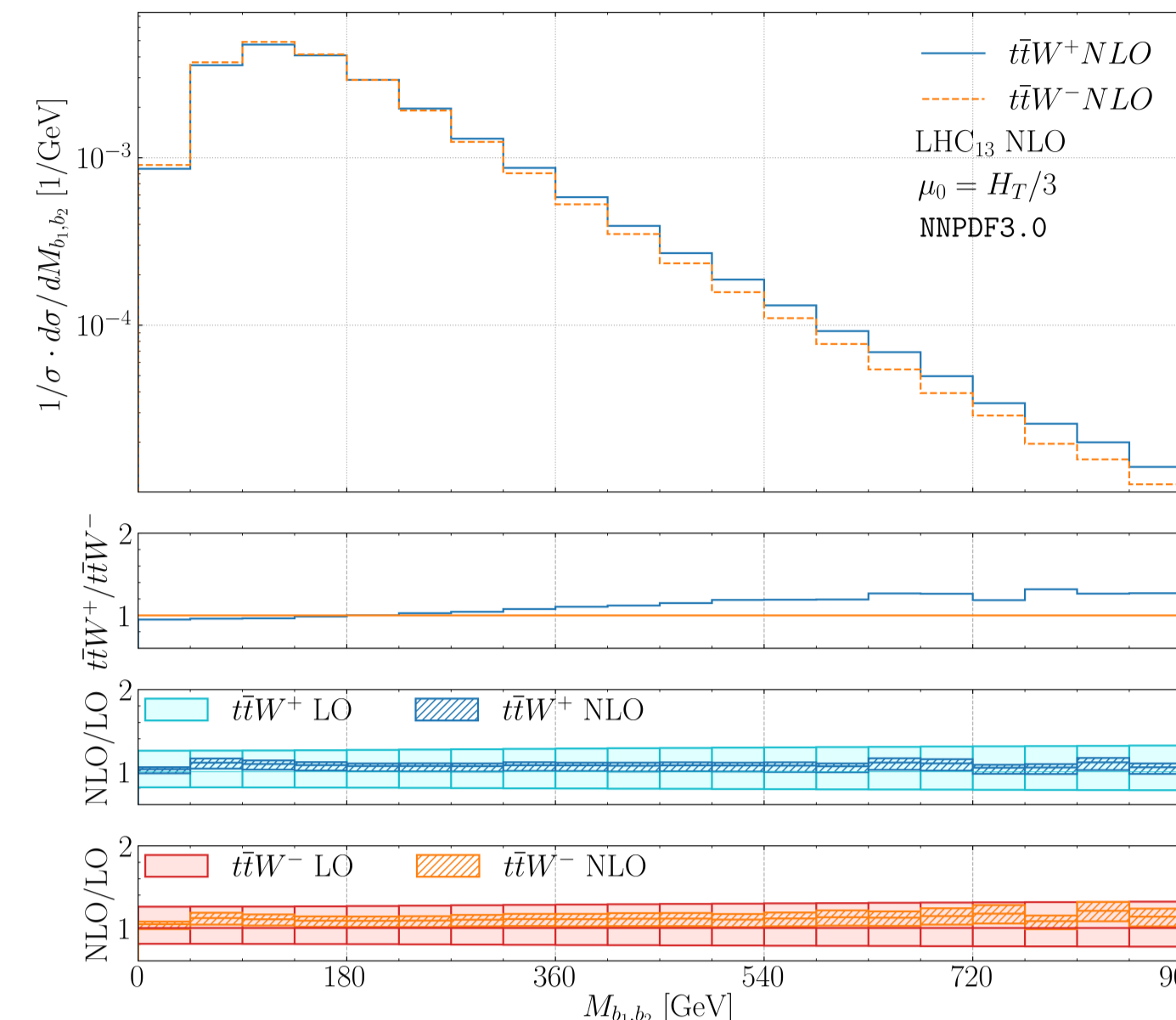
- First NLO QCD calculation with full off-shell effects in this channel completed in 2020 [5]
- Independent computation NLO QCD with full off-shell effects 2020 [6]
- This work (Eur. Phys. J. C 81, 675 (2021)), based on results from [5]
- Results for combined NLO QCD + EW with full off-shell effects [7]

Setup



- NLO QCD predictions with the HELAC-NLO Monte Carlo Program [3]
- Theoretical results → Modified Les Houches & ROOT event files. [4]
- **Modelling** : Full off-shell effects, Full Narrow-Width Approx. (NWA), NWA with LO decays (NWA_{LOdec}).
- Analysis: 2 b-jets and 3 charged leptons with $p_T(\ell), p_T(j_b) > 25\text{GeV}$, $|y(\ell)|, |y(j_b)| < 2.5$, $p_T^{\text{miss}} > 0\text{GeV}$, $\Delta R(\ell j_b), \Delta R(\ell, \ell), \Delta R(j_b j_b) > 0.4$
- Two central scales: fixed $\mu_0 = m_t + m_W/2$ and dynamic $\mu_0 = H_T/3$ with $H_T = \sum_{\text{vis}} p_T + p_{T,\text{miss}}$
- Jets constructed via the the anti- k_T jet algorithm with $R = 0.4$ from all final state partons with $|\eta| < 5$.
- NNPDF3.0 PDF set [8] with $N_F = 5$

Cross Section Ratio $\mathcal{R} \equiv \sigma_{t\bar{t}W^+}^{\text{NLO}} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}W^-}^{\text{NLO}}$



	$\sigma_{\text{NLO}}^{t\bar{t}W^+}$ [ab]	$\sigma_{\text{NLO}}^{t\bar{t}W^-}$ [ab]
Full off-shell	$124.4^{+3\%}_{-6\%}$	$68.6^{+5\%}_{-7\%}$
NWA	$124.2^{+3\%}_{-6\%}$	$68.7^{+5\%}_{-7\%}$
NWA_{LOdec}	$130.7^{+10\%}_{-10\%}$	$72.0^{+11\%}_{-11\%}$

Comparing $t\bar{t}W^+$ and $t\bar{t}W^-$

- Similar NLO corrections $\mathcal{K} \equiv \sigma_{\text{NLO}} / \sigma_{\text{LO}} \sim 1.1$
- Similar theoretical scale uncertainty (see table)
- PDF uncertainty of order 2% at NLO

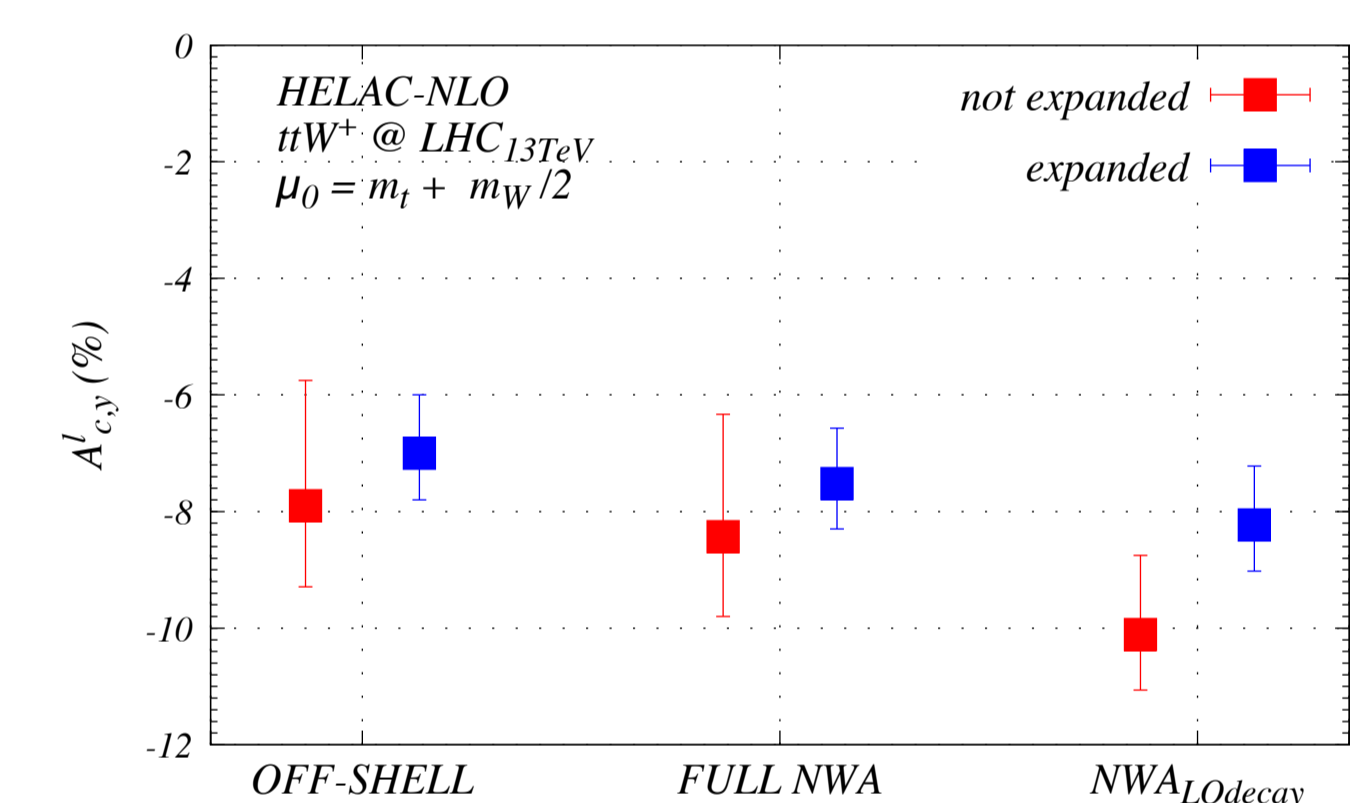
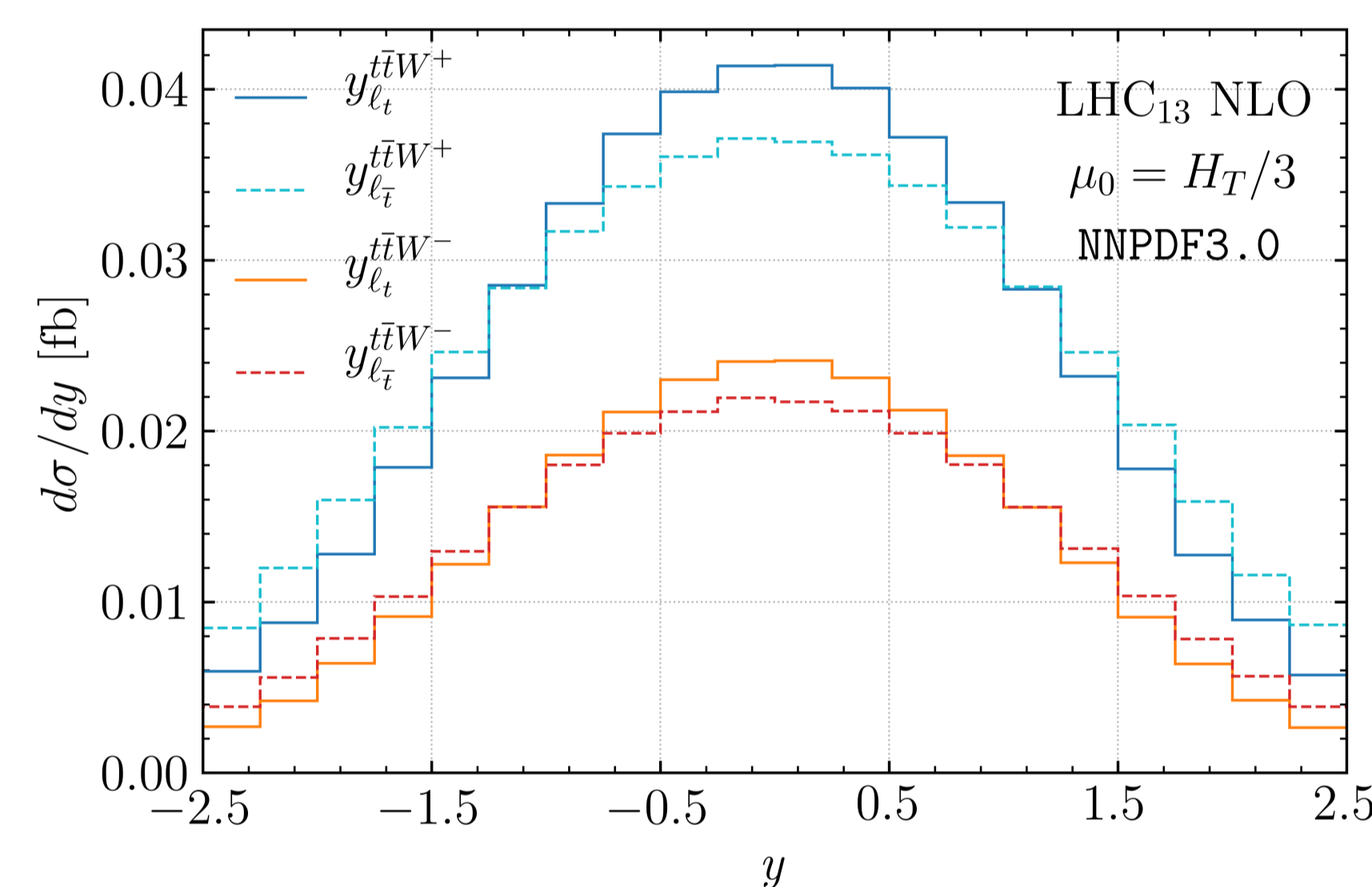
Correlated scales

Due to the similarity between the NLO corrections and theo. uncertainties, the scales can be taken as correlated.

$$\mathcal{R} \equiv \sigma_{t\bar{t}W^+}^{\text{NLO}} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}W^-}^{\text{NLO}} = 1.81 \pm 0.03(\text{scale}) \pm 0.03(\text{PDF})$$

NNLO (2% – 3%) precision independent of modelling!

Charge Asymmetries $A_{c,\eta}^t, A_{c,y}^t, A_{c,y}^\ell$



$$A_{c,y} = \frac{\sigma(\Delta|y| > 0) - \sigma(\Delta|y| < 0)}{\sigma(\Delta|y| > 0) + \sigma(\Delta|y| < 0)} \quad \Delta|y| \equiv |y_{\ell_t}| - |y_{\ell_{\bar{t}}}|$$

- Final results with full off-shell effects are given in terms of *expanded* asymmetries:

$$A_{c,\eta,\text{exp}}^t [\%] = 3.70^{+12\%}_{-11\%}, A_{c,y,\text{exp}}^t [\%] = 2.62^{+15\%}_{-13\%}, A_{c,y,\text{exp}}^\ell [\%] = -7.00^{+14\%}_{-11\%}$$

- Modelling impacts central value and theoretical uncertainties.

Conclusions

- Off-shell effects impact phase space regions.
- **Cross section ratio \mathcal{R}** exhibits enhanced perturbative stability → 2% – 3% error (!) independently of modelling
- **Top charge asymmetries** were revisited, calculated for NLO QCD with full off-shell effects → expanded vs unexpanded asymmetries
- **NLO corrections** necessary, LO underestimates the theoretical uncertainties for these observables.

[1] ATLAS-CONF-2019-045

[2] F. Maltoni, M. Mangano, I. Tsinikos, and M. Zaro, Phys. Lett. B 736, 252 (2014), 1406.3262.

[3] G. Bevilacqua, M. Czakon, M. V. Garzelli, A. van Hameren, A. Kardos, C. G. Papadopoulos, R. Pittau and M. Worek, Comput. Phys. Commun. **184** (2013) 986.

[4] Bern, Dixon, Febres, Cordero, Hoeche, Ita, Kosower, Maitre 2014

[5] G. Bevilacqua, H.-Y. Bi, H. B. Hartanto, M. Kraus, and M. Worek, JHEP 08, 043 (2020), 2005.09427

[6] A. Denner, G. Pelliccioli (2020), 2007.12089.

[7] A. Denner and G. Pelliccioli (2021), 2102.03246

[8] R. D. Ball et al. (NNPDF), JHEP 04, 040 (2015), 1410.8849.