Towards Resistive Plate Chambers

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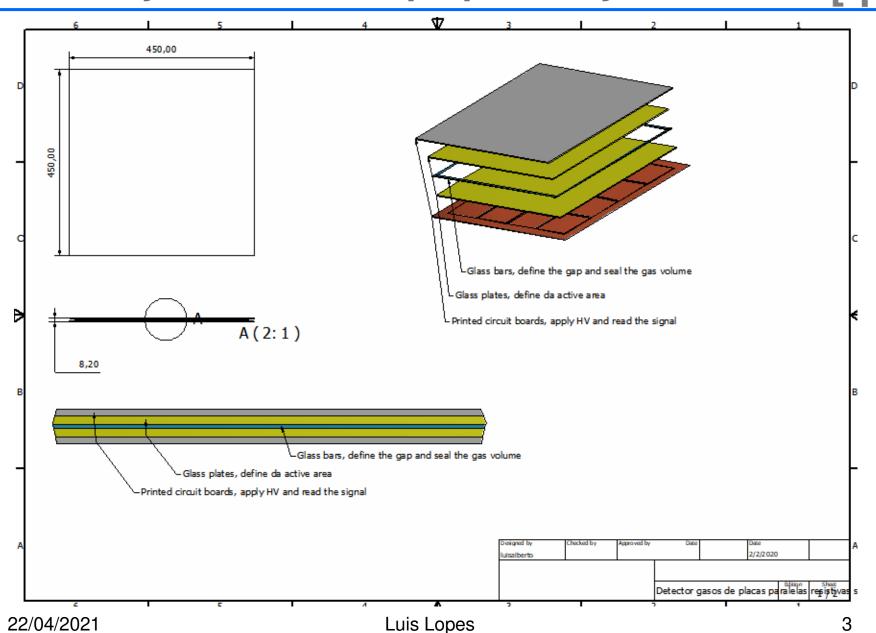
Motivation



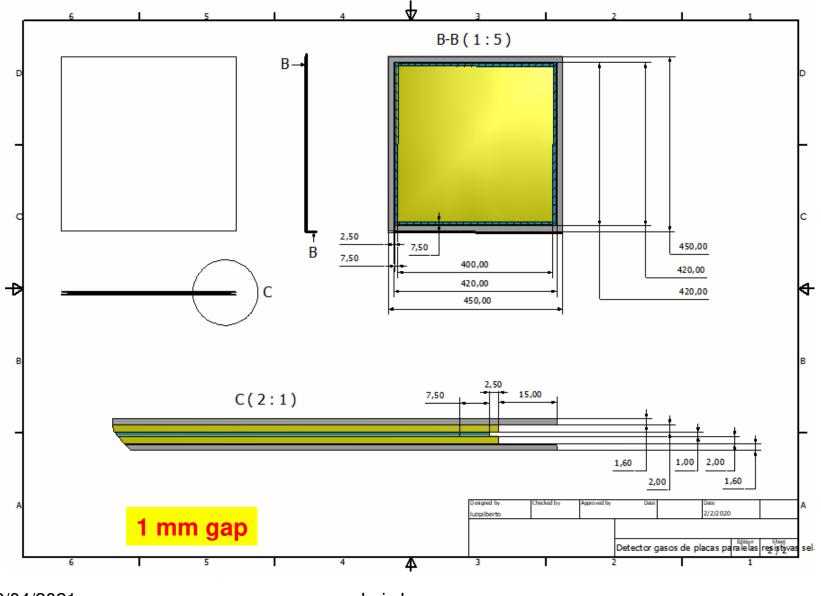
- Idea with some years but no time to work on that
- •The "open" questions related with R-134a and SF₆
 - •GWP
 - Price increase
 - •No "real" substitutes that assure acceptable performances,

at least for timing

- •The challenge, for sure the most important
 - Build a zero gas flow RPC





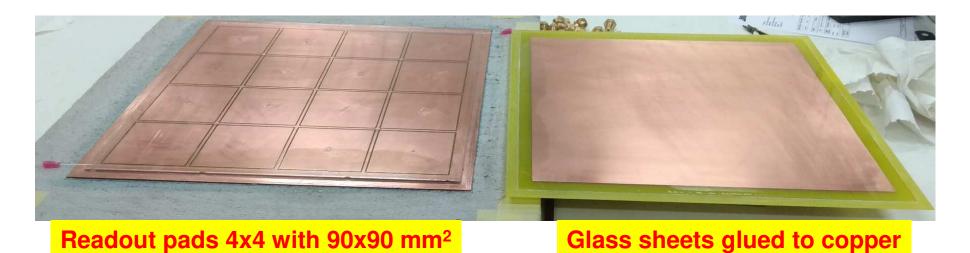


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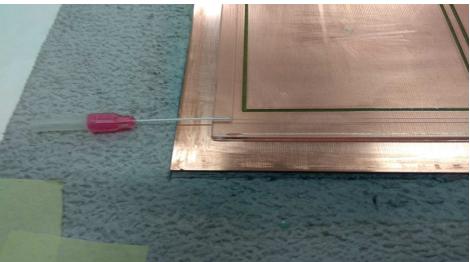
Luis Lopes

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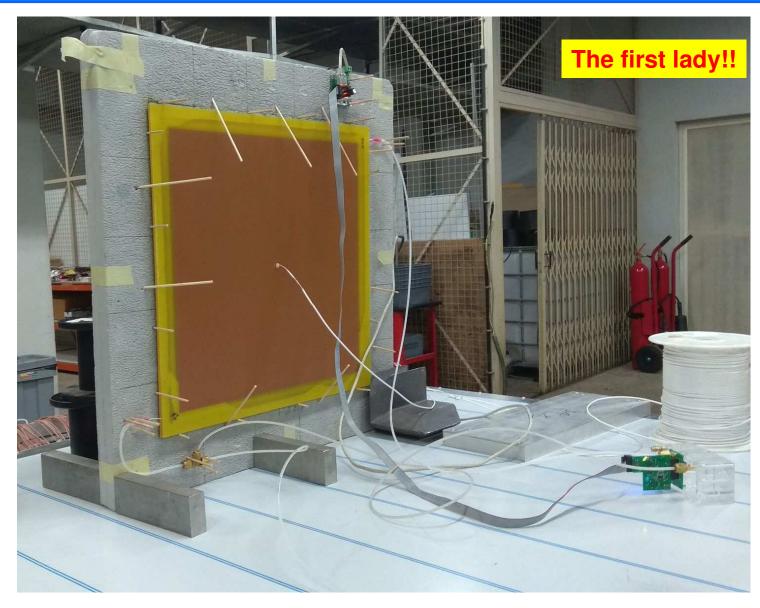








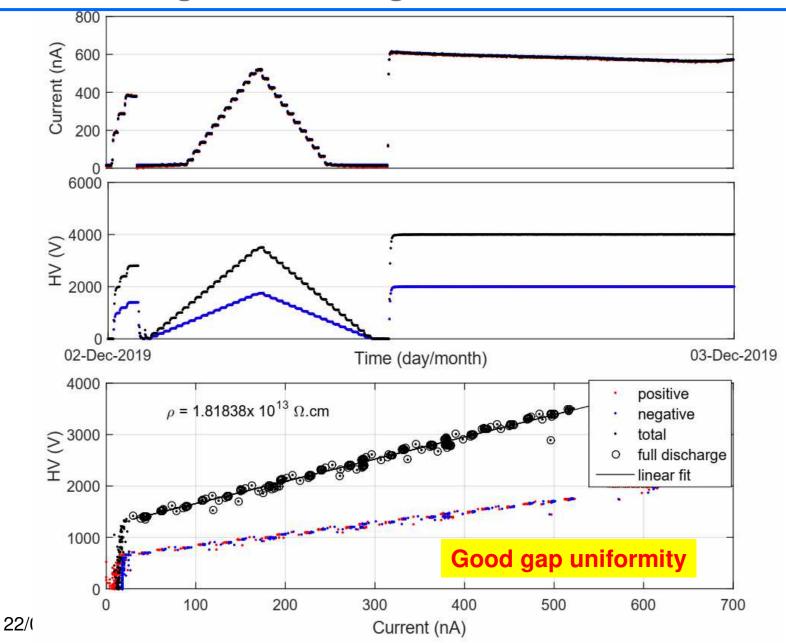




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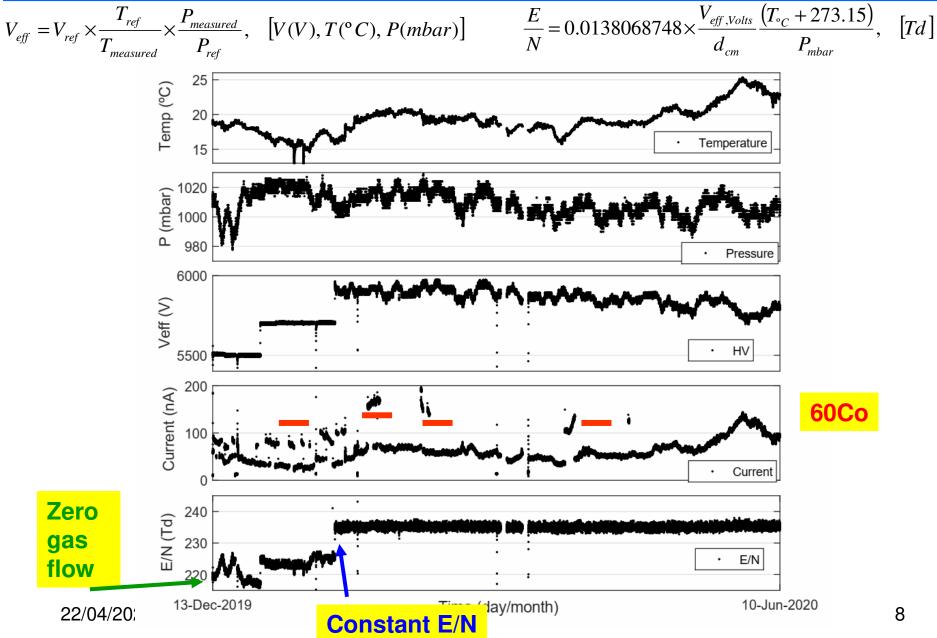
Results – Argon discharge





Results – "Constant" E/N from 21-01-2020

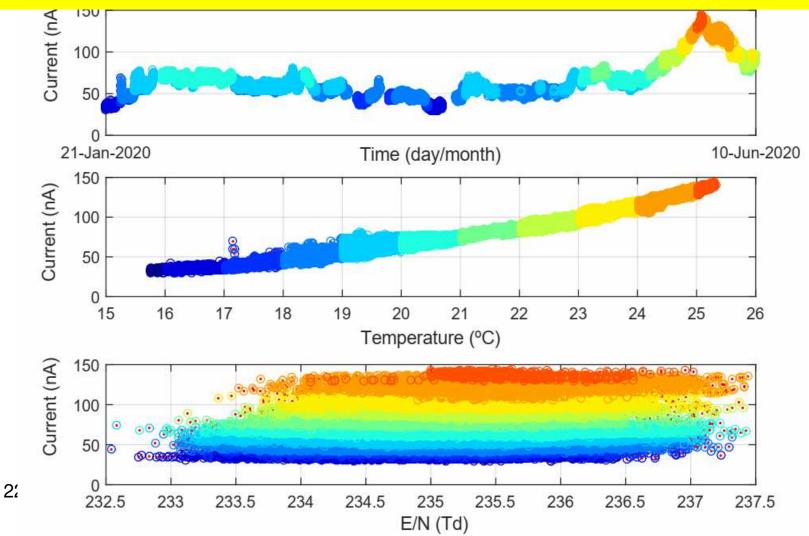




Results - Current

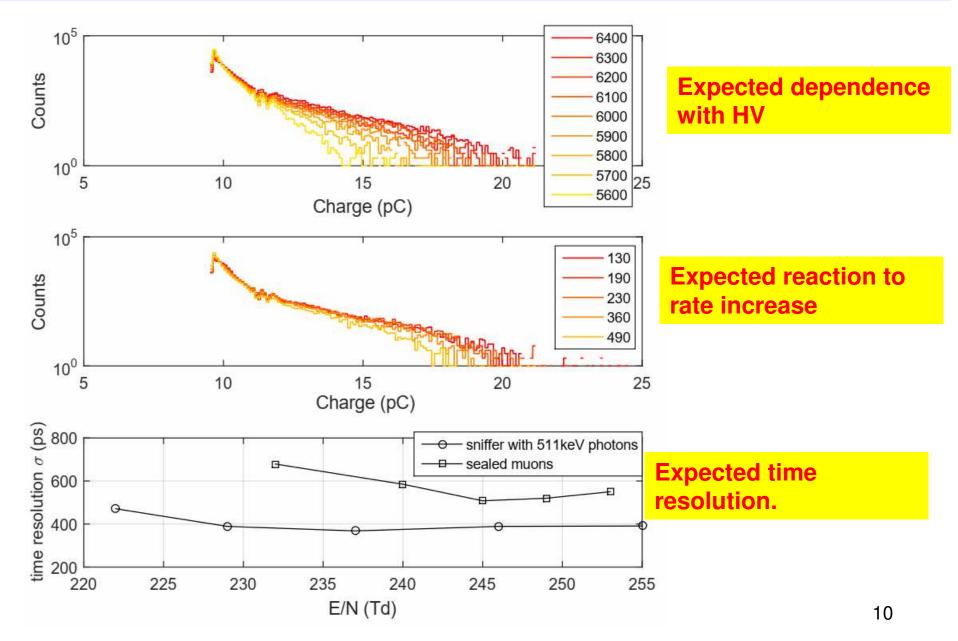


For constant E/N, we should no dependence on the temperature: Possible causes: increase in dark counts, glass resistivity, mechanical changes correlated to pressure variations and some surface DC leaks due to non perfect HV electrodes insulation.



Results – Charge and time resolution





CONCLUSIONS and Future Work



- After 6 months the chamber stays stable and no degradation is observed.
- •Chamber is frequently irradiated with 60Co, increasing the current by a factor 3 and no effect is observed in the "background" current.
- •We are far from claiming the miracle!!, but it seems to be a productive way to go.
- Continue data taking over time
 - •Different temperature and pressure (daily excursions, 30-40 mbars maximum).
 - All practical quantities important for a clear characterization of a RPC
- •Double gap chambers are already assemble and tests should start in the next weeks
- •Large area (minimum 1 square meter) chambers will be assemble and tested within this year.