

Forward Physics Facility (FPF)

Civil Engineering Study Update

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Introduction

- Experimental Requirements and CE considerations
- Option 1: Alcoves in the UJ 12
- Option 2: Purpose built facility
- Next Steps

Experimental requirements and CE consideration

Requirements:

- Experimental area approx. 500-600 m away
 from LHC P1 or P5 on the Line of sight (LoS)
- Space for experiments
- Access needed for construction, installation and maintenance

CE considerations:

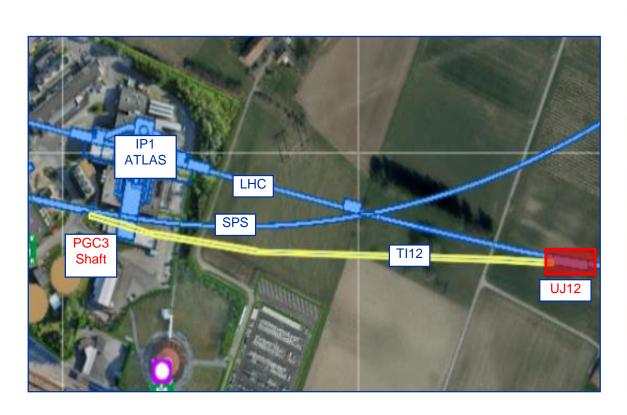
- Existing infrastructure
- Access for construction
- Disruption to LHC machine
- Geology
- Cost



CE Study Update- Considered options

Option 1 – UJ12 Alcoves

Option 2 – Purpose built facility





Option 1 – Alcoves in UJ12

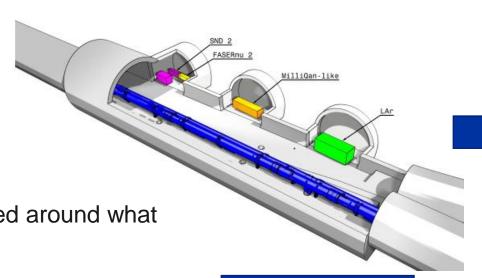
Advantages

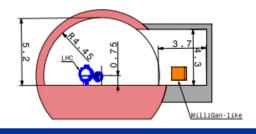
Lowest cost and disruption

Disadvantages

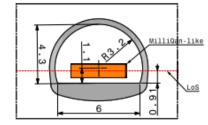
Experiments need to be designed around what is possible

- Likely only 2-3 alcoves possible around 3mØ
- Stability of existing cavern
- All existing services in UJ12 need to be removed





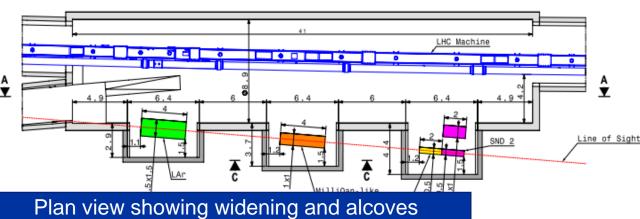
Alcove Cross Section at B-B



3D view

Typical Alcove Cross Section C-C





Option 1 – SPS Beam Dump tunnel eye enlargement as a reference

- Easier access compared to UJ12
 - Access via 3m PGC3 shaft and via TT12



- Single enlargement
- Part of the services kept during the CE works









Option 1 – Very Preliminary Cost Estimate for CE works

Preliminary Cost Estimate

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Ref.	Description of works		Cost [CHF]	•
1.	CE Works Alcoves		10,866,870	
1.1	Alcove 6.4*2.9 m		2,864,902	
1.2	Alcove 6.4*3.7 m	DRE	3,655,220	
1.3	Alcove 6.4*4.4 m		4,346,748	
2.	Engineering and consulta	ıncy	1,630,031	
3.	Minor Works		287,281	
3.1	Site investigation		74,524	
3.2	Miscellaneous		212,757	
Total Cost			12,784,182	

Methodology

- Comparative Costing
- SPS Dump Facility Tunnel eye enlargement as reference point
- Cost Estimate Class 4 total could be 50% higher and 30% lower than the given estimate

Assumptions

- Removal of the existing services and equipment from the UJ12 not included
- Services (CV, electricity etc.) not included

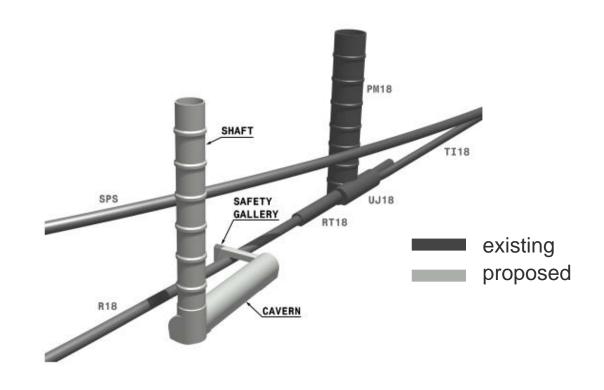
Option 2 – Purpose built facility

Advantages

- Designed around needs of experiments
- Size/ length not constrained
- Construction access far easier

Disadvantages

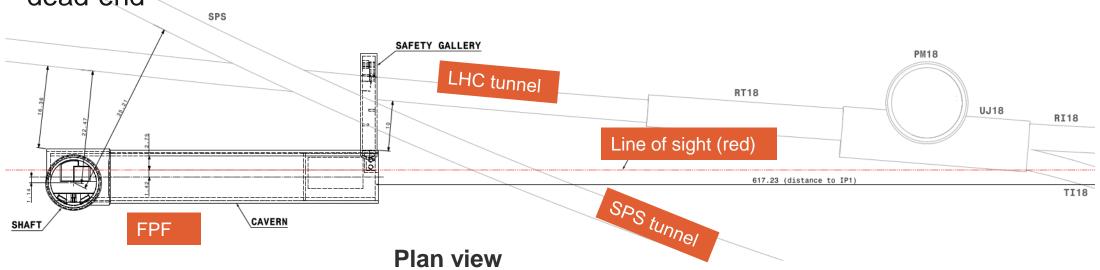
- More expensive
- Construction still need to be coordinated with LHC shutdowns



Option 2 – Purpose built facility

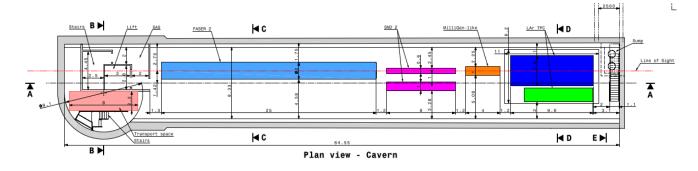
Proposed Layout

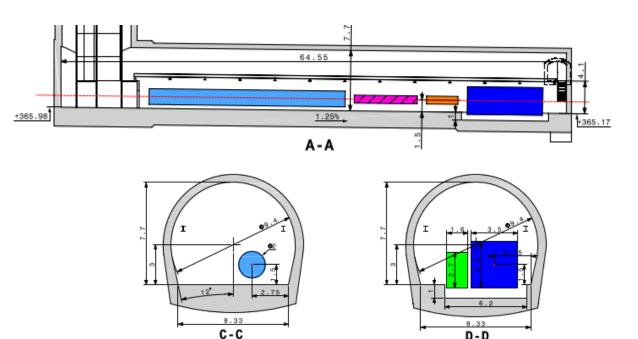
- 65 m long Experimental Cavern located on the LoS, approx. 612 m from IP1
- 9.1 m access shaft located on the top of the cavern
- Safety gallery connecting the cavern to the LHC to avoid dead-end



Option 2 – Underground structures

- 9.7 m wide cavern to allow access for transport and siting of some services
- Experiments centralised on the line of sight, 1.5m above the floor
- Floor parallel to the LoS, 1.25%fall
- Trench under the LAr detector to catch any escaped cold gas
- Concept based on overhead crane serving experiments along cavern length



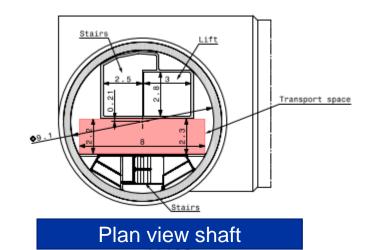


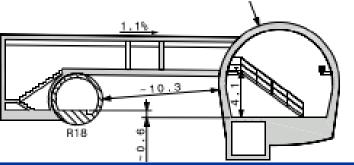


Option 2 – Underground structures

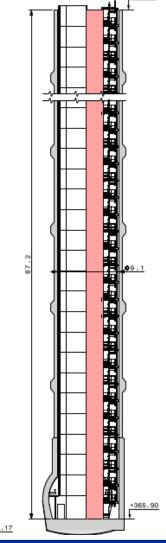
- 88m deep shaft includes lift and stairs for access and space reserved for transport
- Safety gallery connected to the LHC as per Safety requirements

 Ongoing discussions with the HE and RP department





Section through the new cavern and the safety gallery

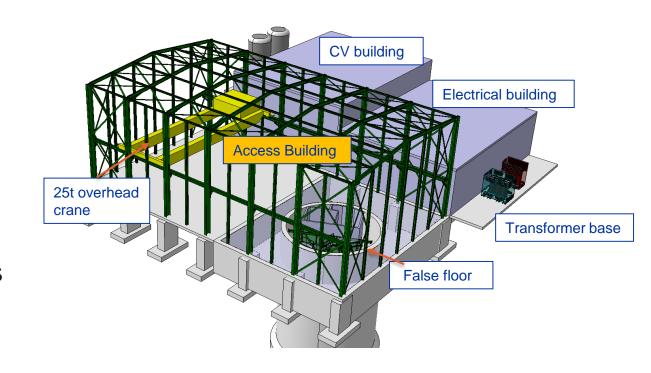


Cross section through the shaft

Option 2 – Surface buildings

Access building

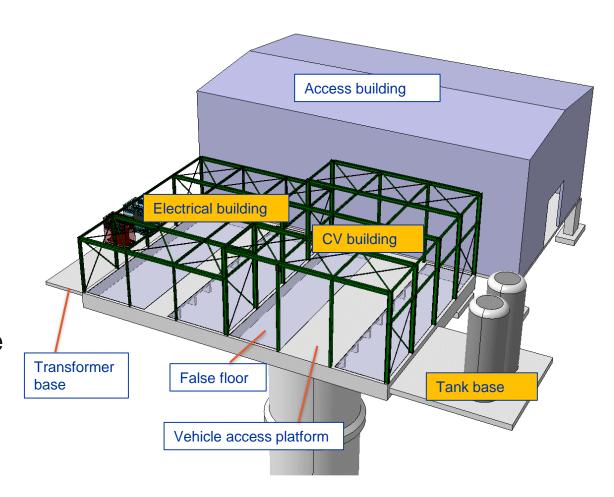
- Similar in size to SD1 and SD17
- Steel portal frame structure with concrete ground bearing floor
- 2.5 m deep false floor surrounding the shaft
- 25t overhead crane to lower the experiments to the floor level of the cavern



Option 2 – Surface buildings

Service Buildings

- Electrical, cooling and ventilation building adjacent to the access building
- Electrical building designed as a steel frame structure
- Similar size to HL-LHC point 1
- 1.2m deep false floor to allow the services to be distributed into the shaft with a concrete access platform for vehicles to enter the buildings



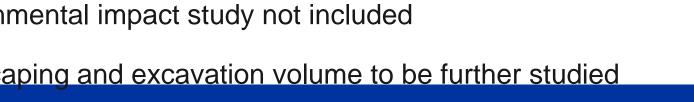
Option 2 – Costing Methodology

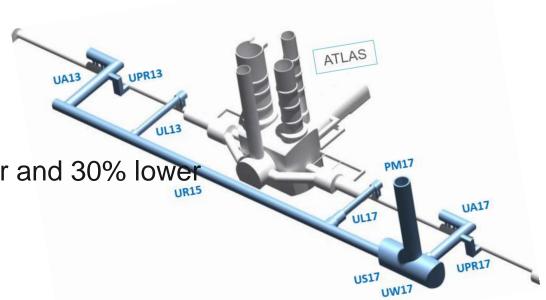
Methodology:

- **Comparative Costing**
- HL-LHC Point 1 as reference point
- Cost Estimate Class 4 total could be 50% higher and 30% lower than the given estimate

Assumptions:

- Project Management included as % of the CE works
- Services (CE, electricity etc.) and technical galleries not included
- Environmental impact study not included

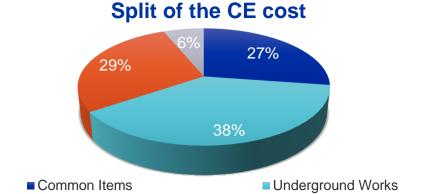






Option 2 – Very Preliminary Cost Estimate for CE

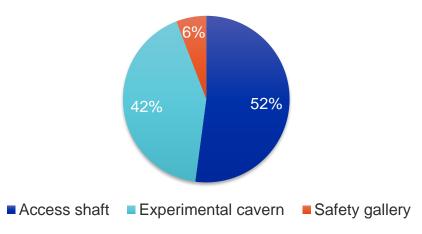
Ref.	Description of works	Cost [CHF]
4	Common Home	C 25C 924
1	Common Items Contractual requirements (performance guarantee,	6,356,824
1 1	insurances)	162 472
1.1	Specified requirements (Installation of barracks,	163,473
1 2	Access road, Services etc.)	1,055,263
1.2	Method-related charges (Accommodations, Services,	1,033,203
1 3	Site supervision, Project drawings)	5,054,772
1.4	Provisional sums	83,316
2	Underground Works	8,859,608
2.1	Site installation and equipment	3,689,097
2.2	Underground works	5,170,511
3	Surface Buildings	6,598,589
3.1	Generality	636,485
3.2	Top soils and Earthworks	882,051
3.3	Roads and Network	850,725
3.4	Buildings	4,229,328
4	Miscellaneous	1,436,656
4.1	Site investigation prior works	200,000
4.2	Project Management	1,236,656
	TOTAL CE WORKS	23,251,677



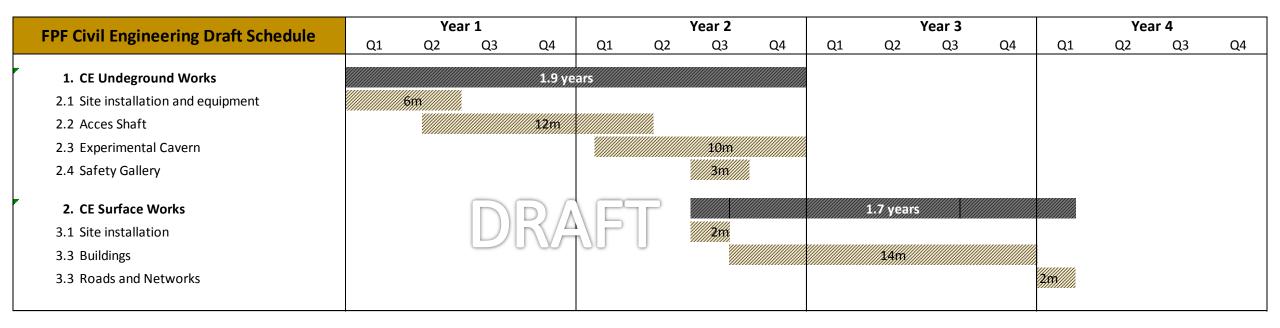
Split of underground work

■ Surface Buildings

■ Miscellaneous



Option 2- Preliminary Schedule



Note: Pre-construction activities not included in the schedule

Next Steps

- Develop concept design further with detailed input from Integration, Transport, CV, Cryogenic, Radiation Protection and Heath and Safety teams
- Decide on the option to further develop
- Progress with cost estimate and schedule



Thank you!