

# SELECTED RESULTS FROM LHC AND CALICE CALORIMETERS: SHOWER SHAPES

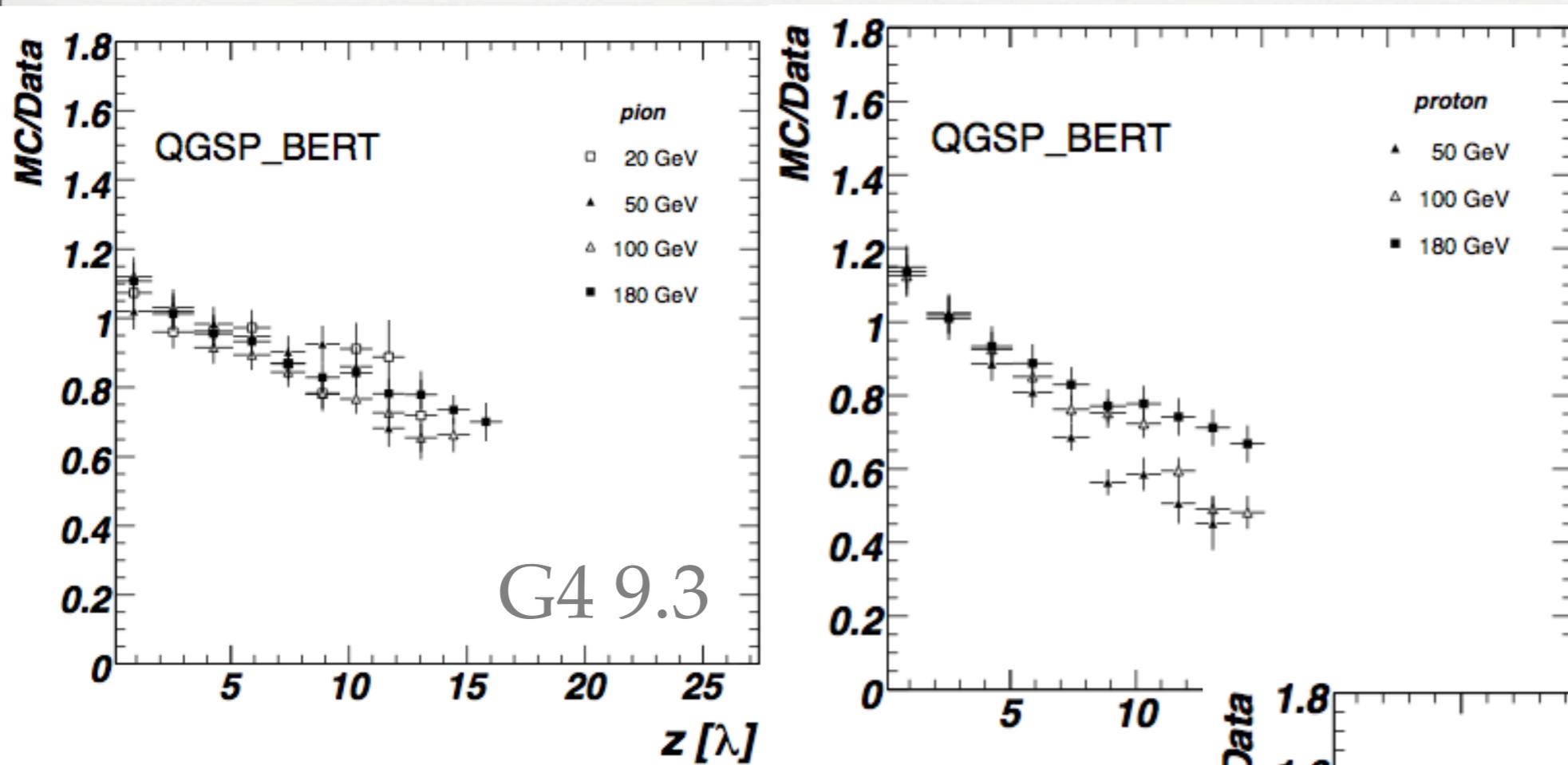
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Parallel 6-A: Transition region/shower  
shape

A. Dotti

# LONGITUDINAL

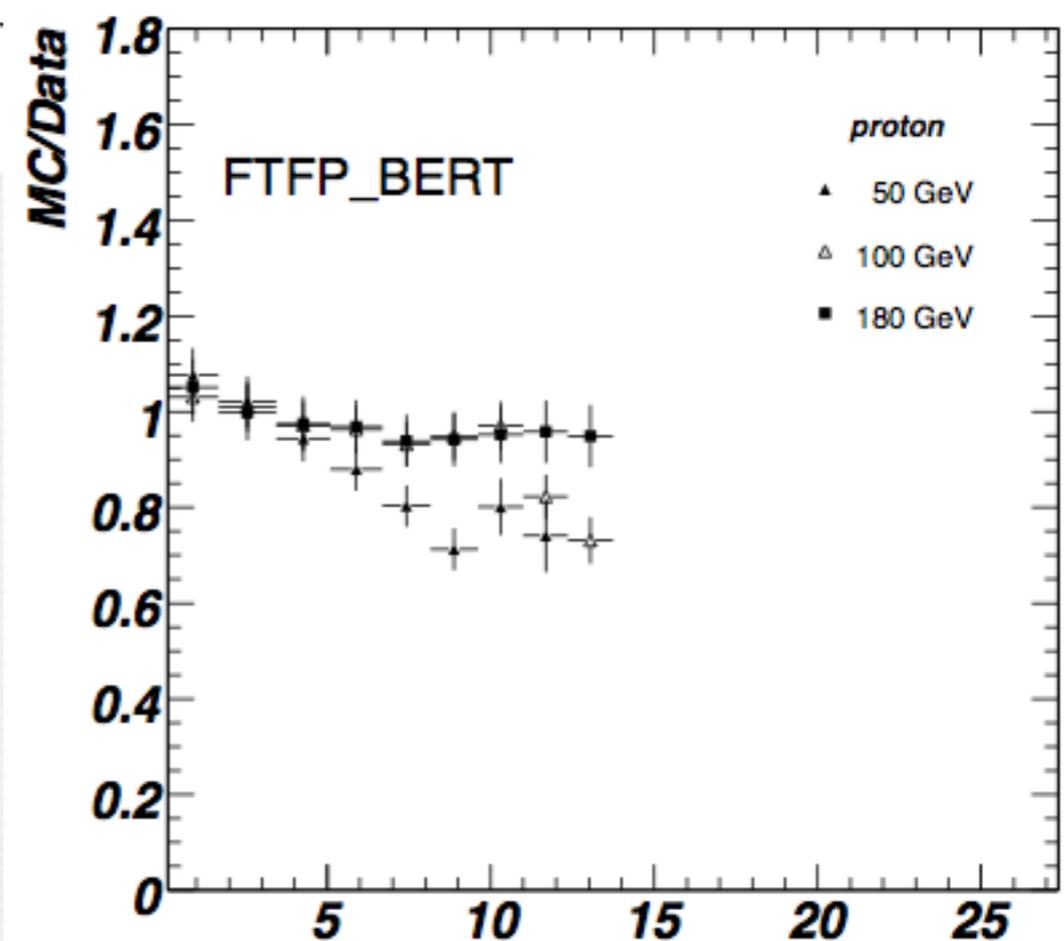
# ATLAS: Fe/Sci TileCal



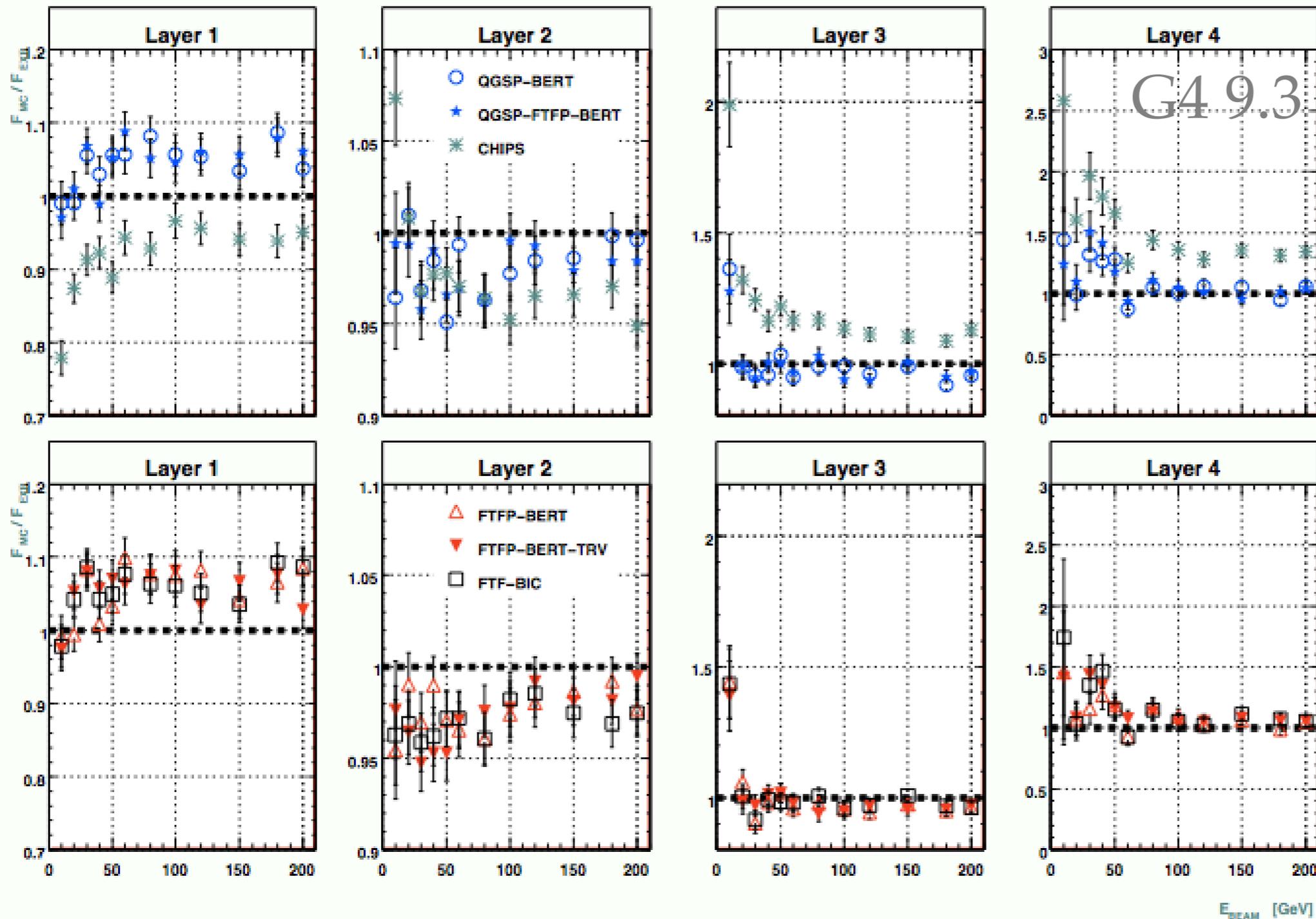
Showers are too short, protons are worse.  
No changes with QGSP\_FTFP\_BERT  
FTFP\_BERT is a bit better from protons at high energy (role of diffraction?)

GOOD: full containment

BAD: only high E, very rough granularity (20cm)



# ATLAS: Cu/LAr HEC



GOOD: full containment

BAD: little segmentation only 4 layers (1.5:2.9:3.0:2.8)

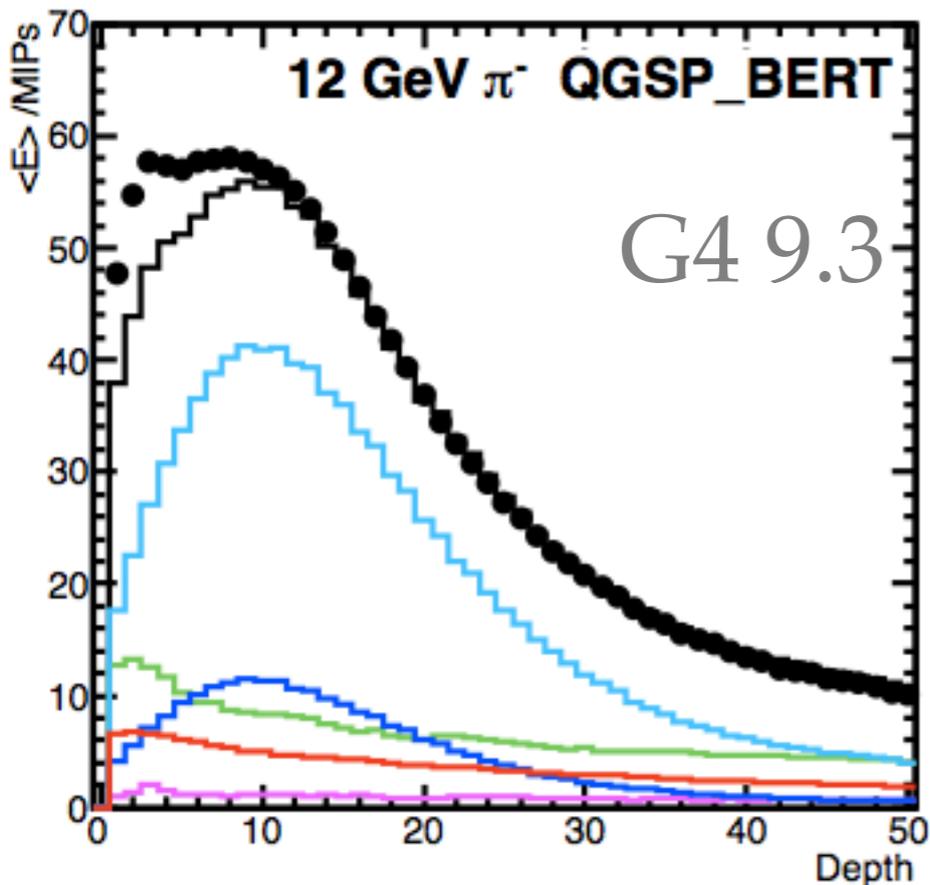
Too much energy in first sample

No big differences QGS/FTF

CHIPS is the opposite (also for Tile).

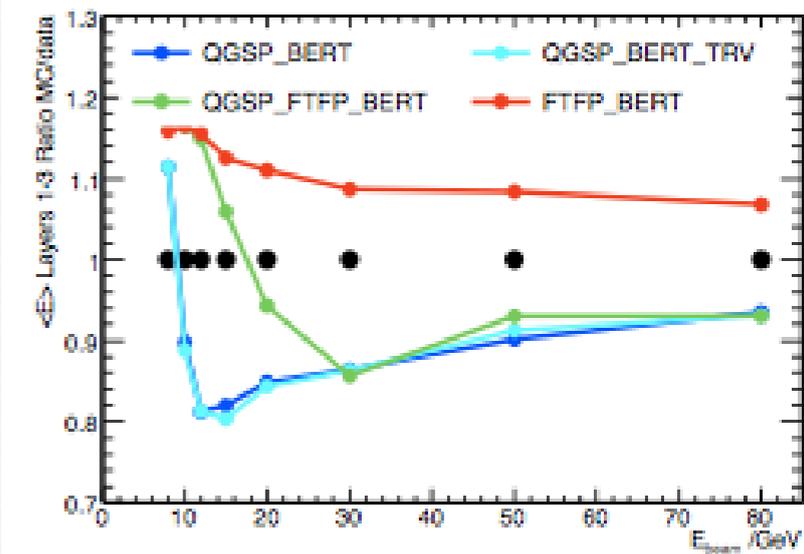
No significant differences 9.2 Vs 9.3

# CALICE: Si-W ECAL

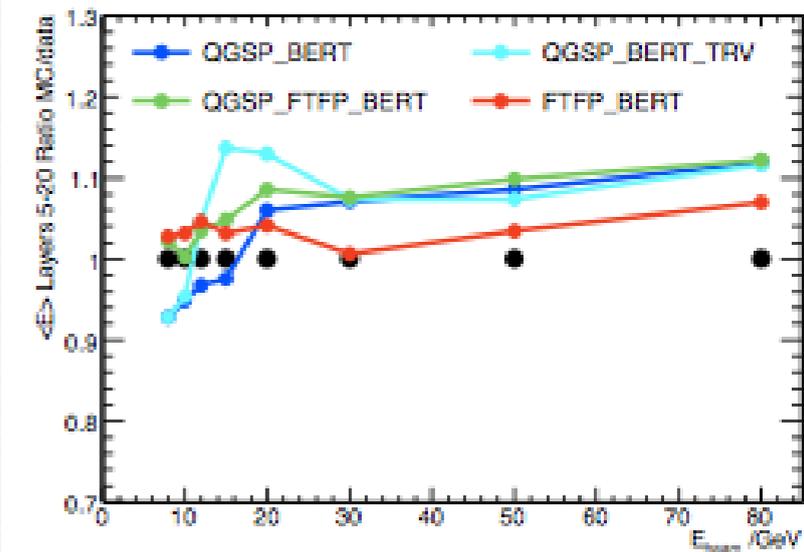


FTFP\_BERT relatively good at high energy for “bulk”, too much penetrating hadrons.  
First interaction  
QGSP\_BERT: low for QGS, BERT high

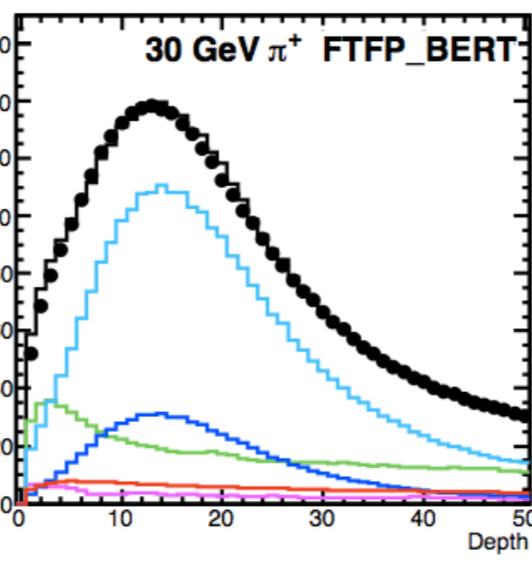
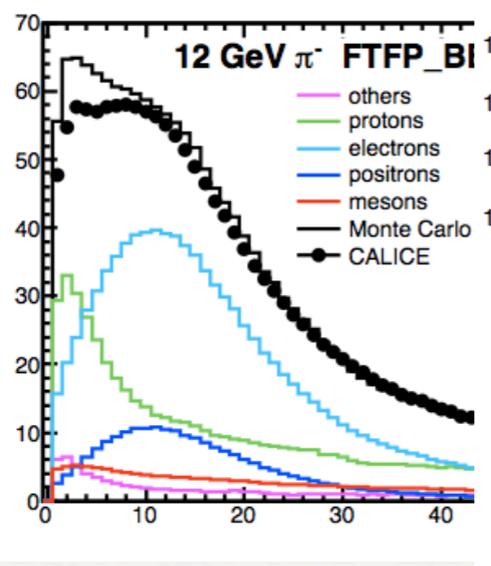
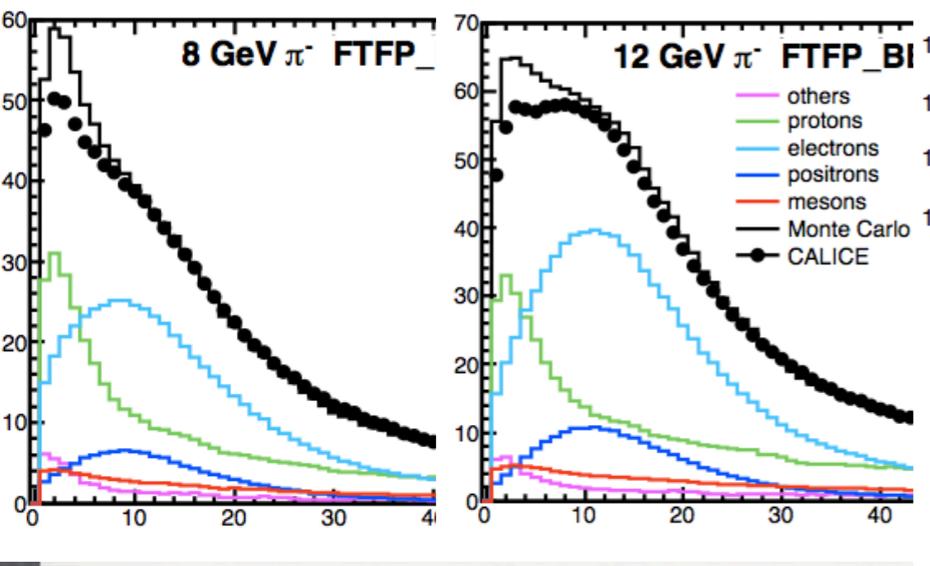
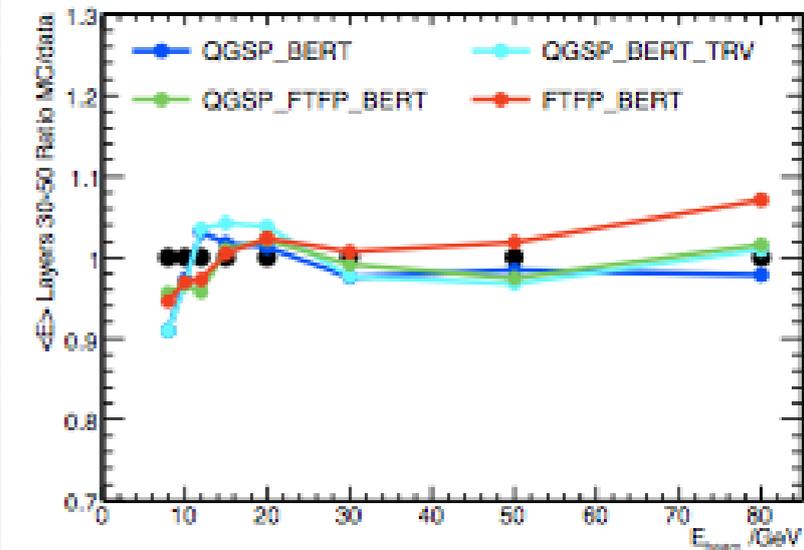
First interaction region



“bulk” region



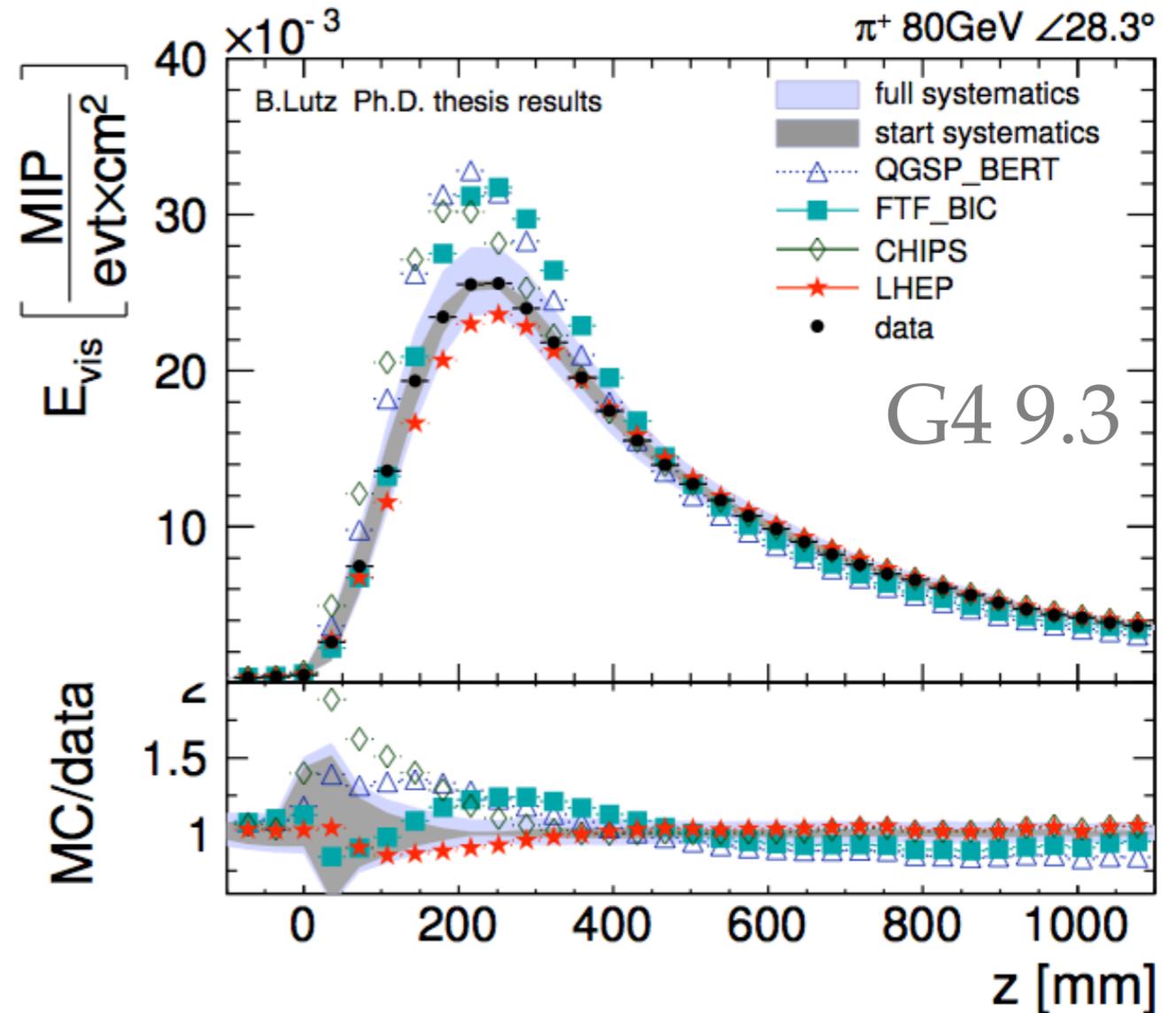
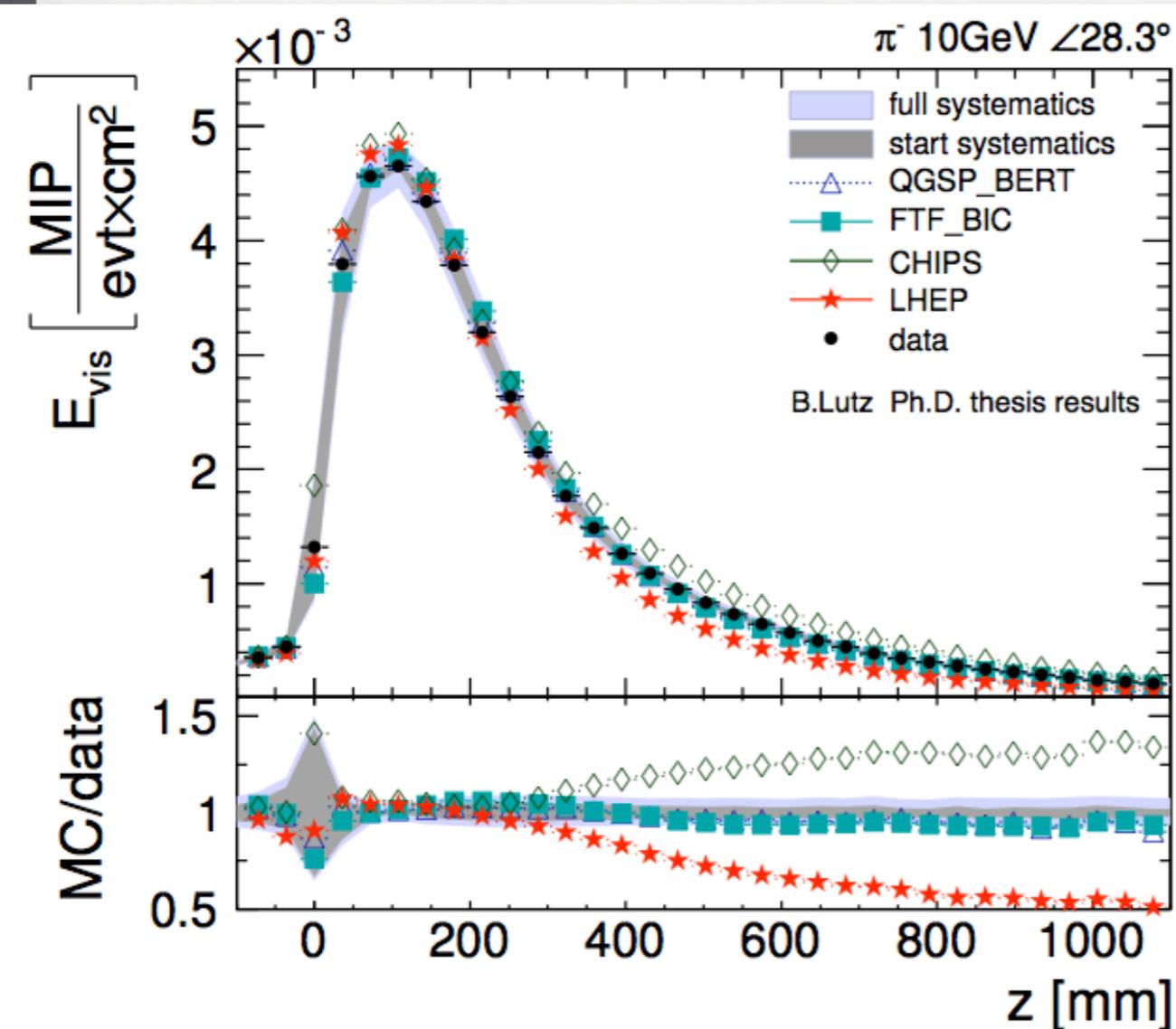
“tail” penetrating hadrons



**GOOD:** very high granularity, identify start of shower, different contributions, lower energies

**BAD:** very short ( $0.8\lambda$ ) calorimeter

# CALICE: Sci/Fe AHCAL



Better w.r.t. TileCal results

Main difference in the “bulk” energy (FTFP\_BERT missing)

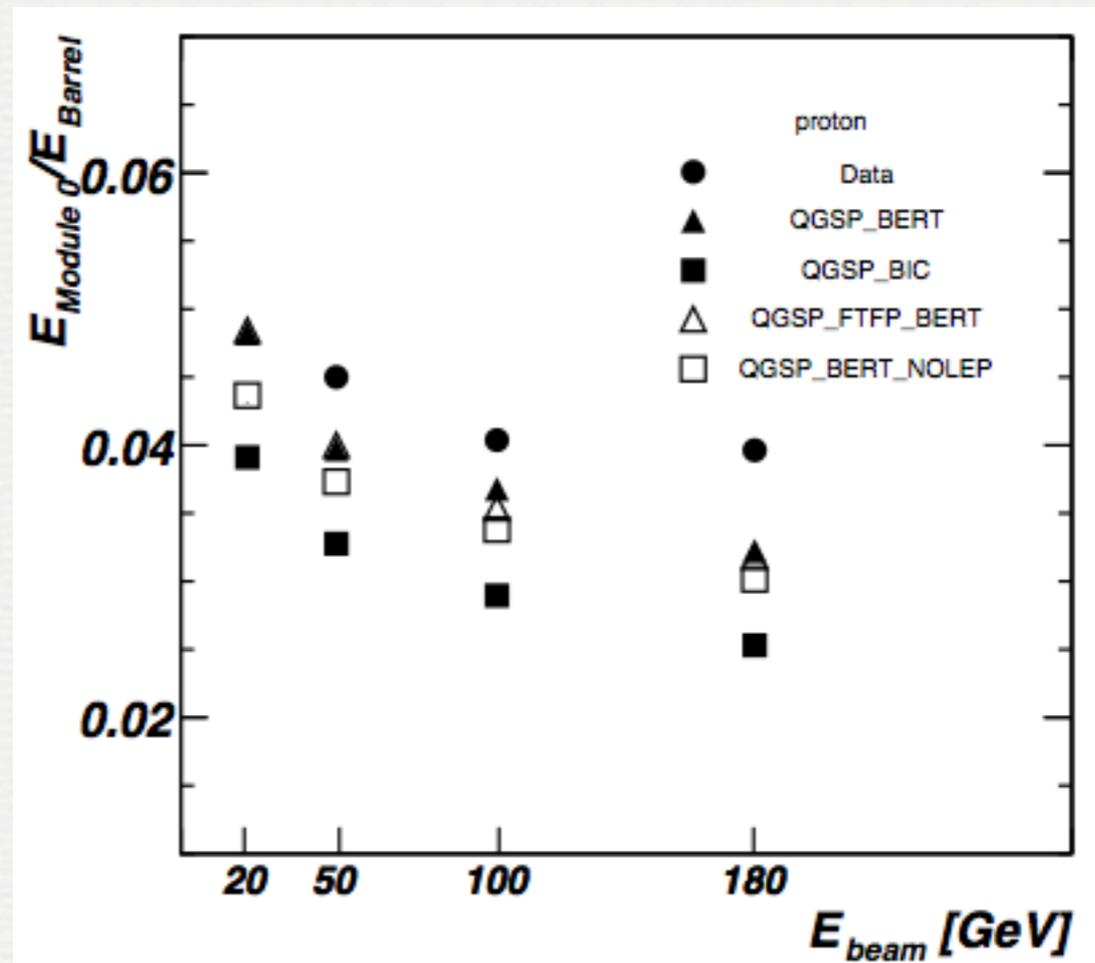
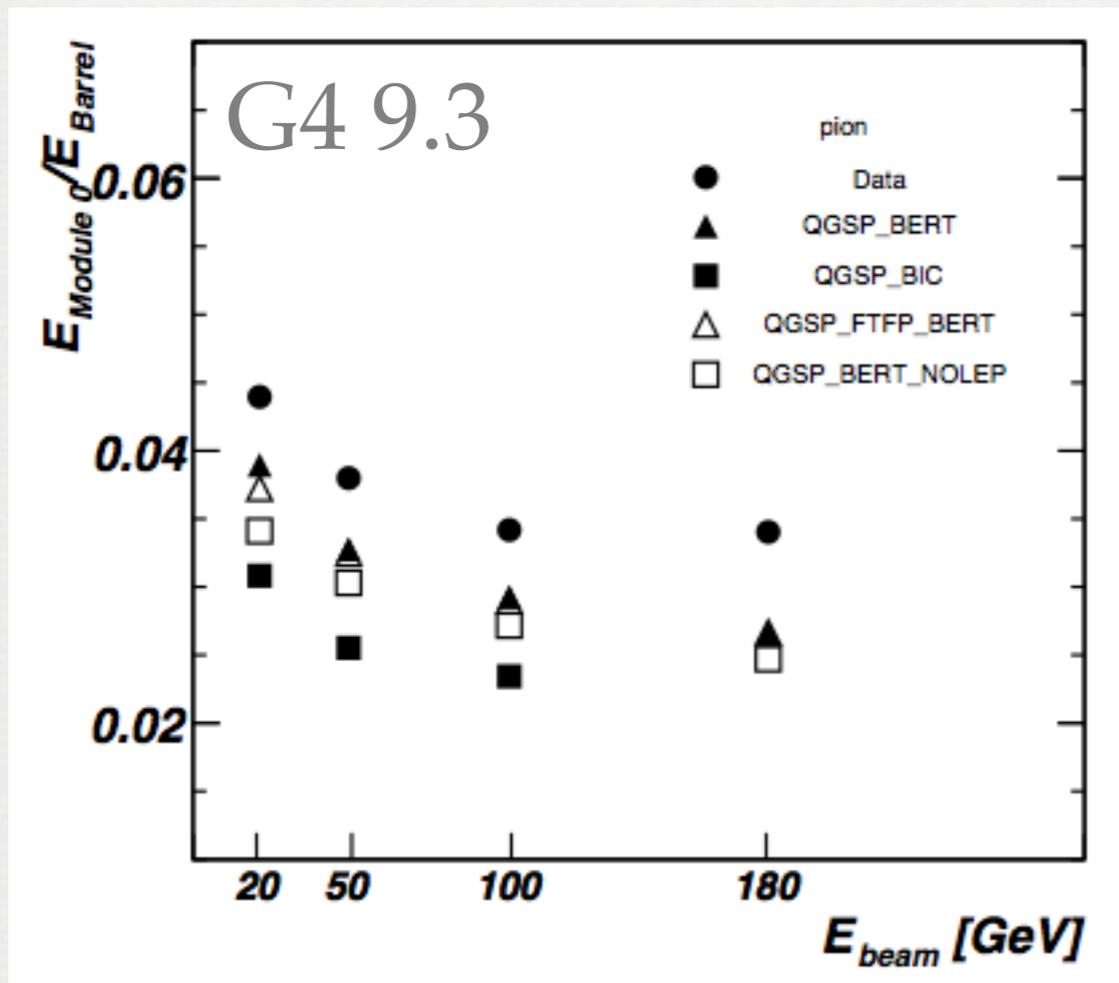
Better description at low energies, need tuning of FTF quasi-elastic, diffraction?

**GOOD:** very high granularity, identify start of shower

**BAD:** short ( $5.3\lambda$ ) calorimeter

# LATERAL

# ATLAS: Fe/Sci TileCal

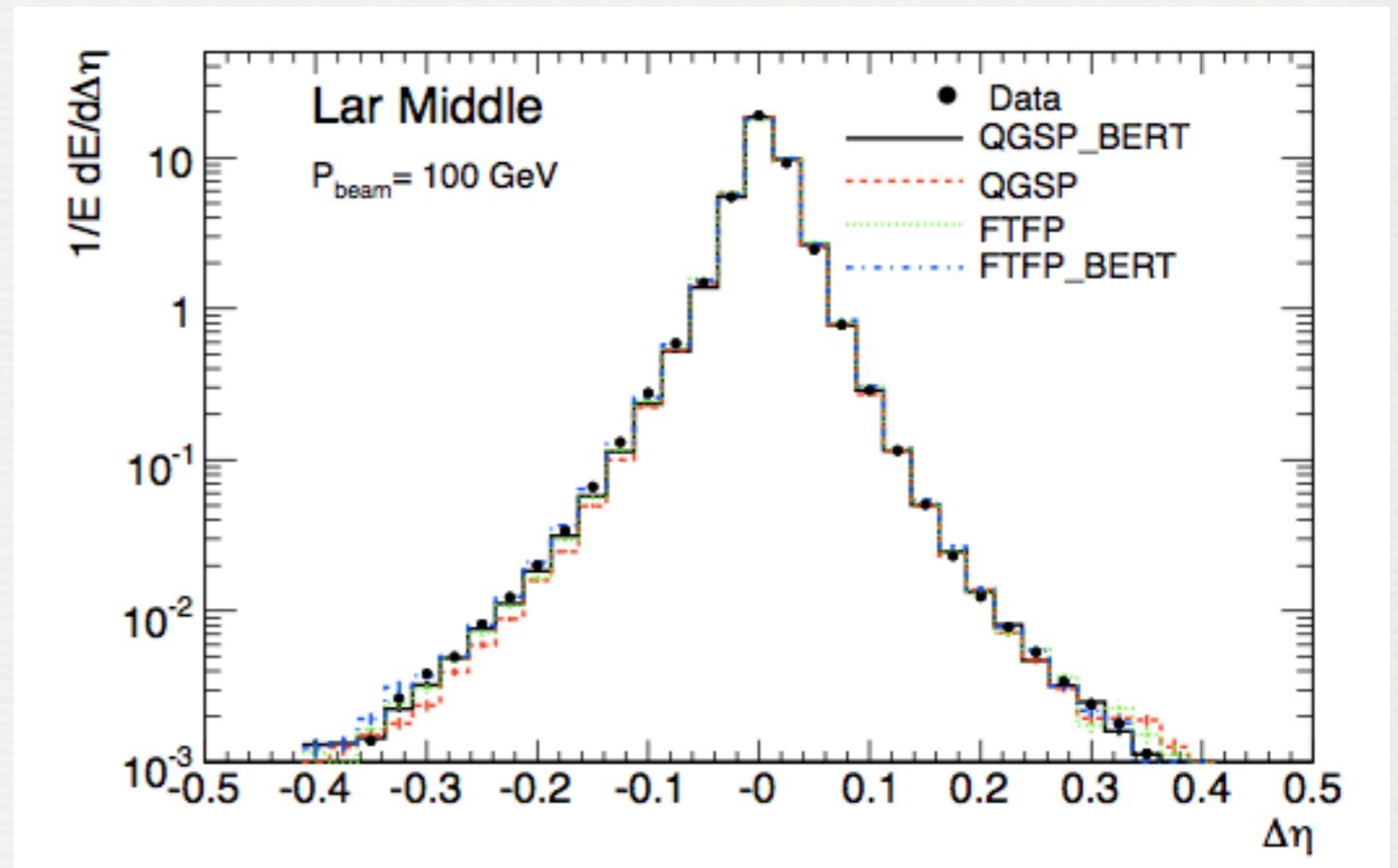
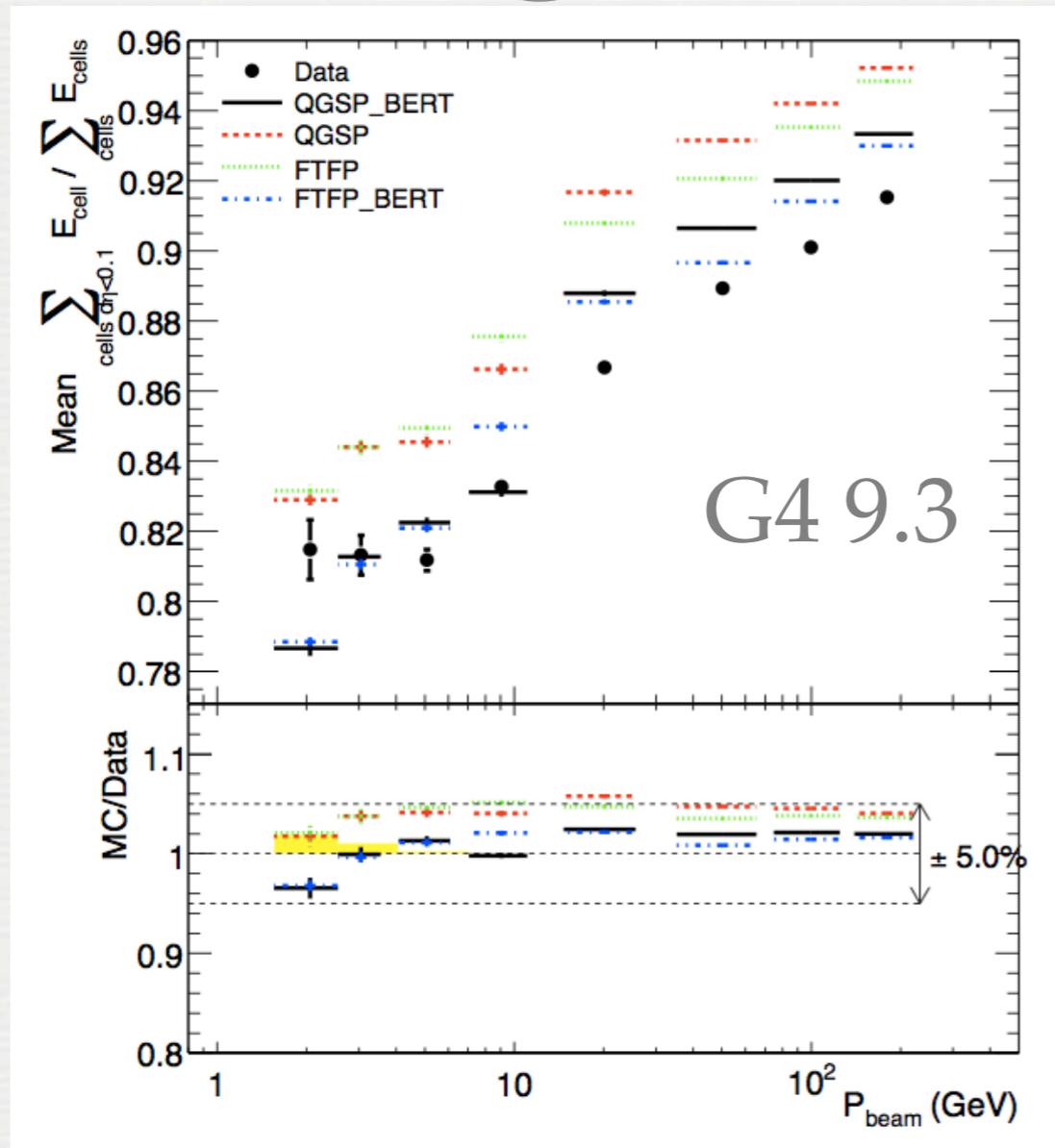


Showers too compact  
Not so much can be said

**GOOD:** full (long.) containment

**BAD:** only high E, very rough granularity (20cm)

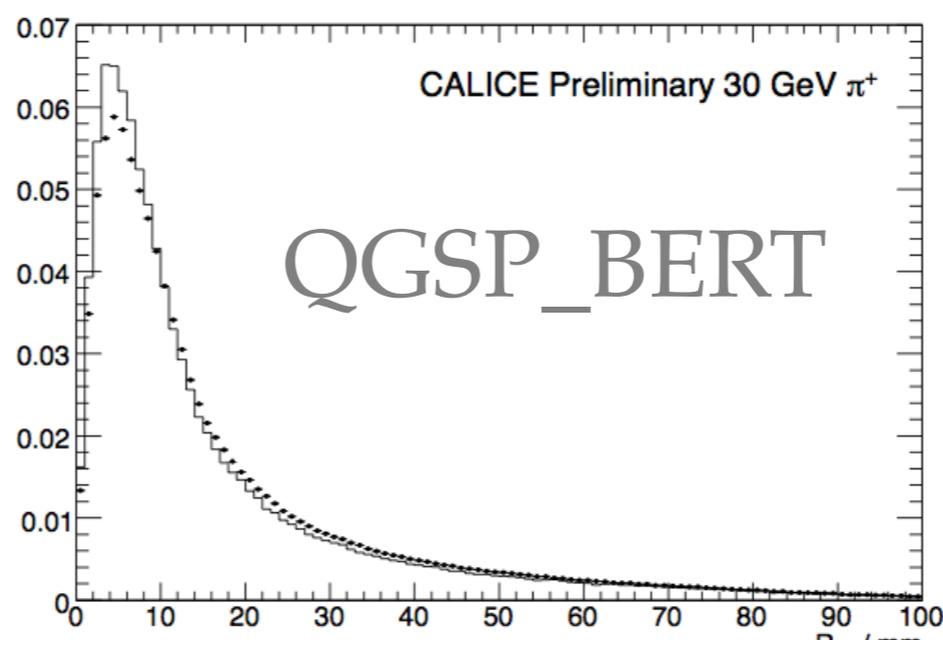
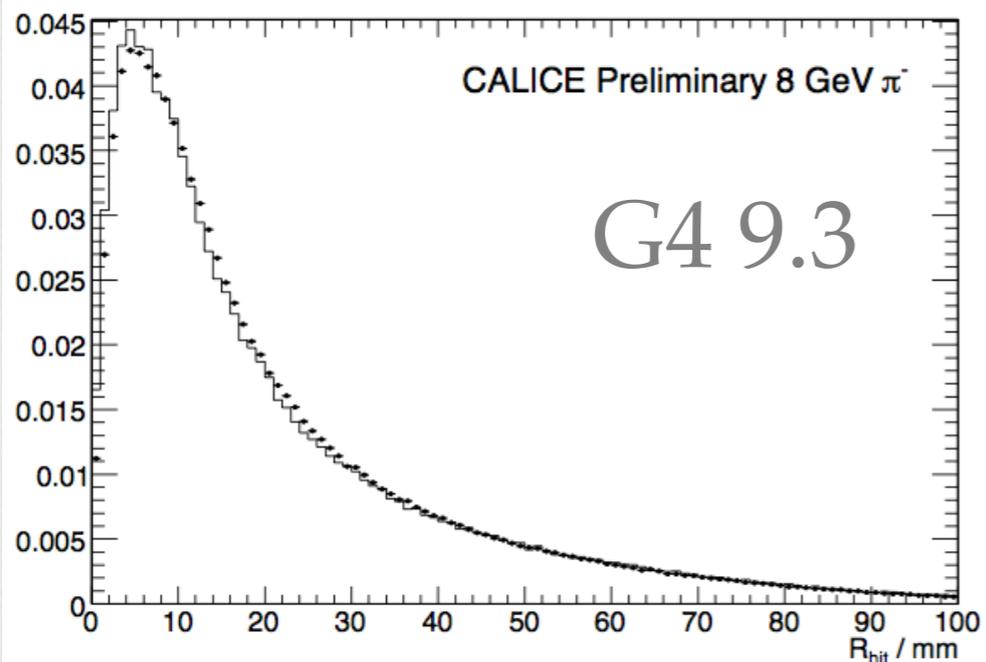
# ATLAS: Combined Pb/LAr ECAL+ Fe/Sci TileCal



Showers too compact, however  
agreement is better than Tile  
alone

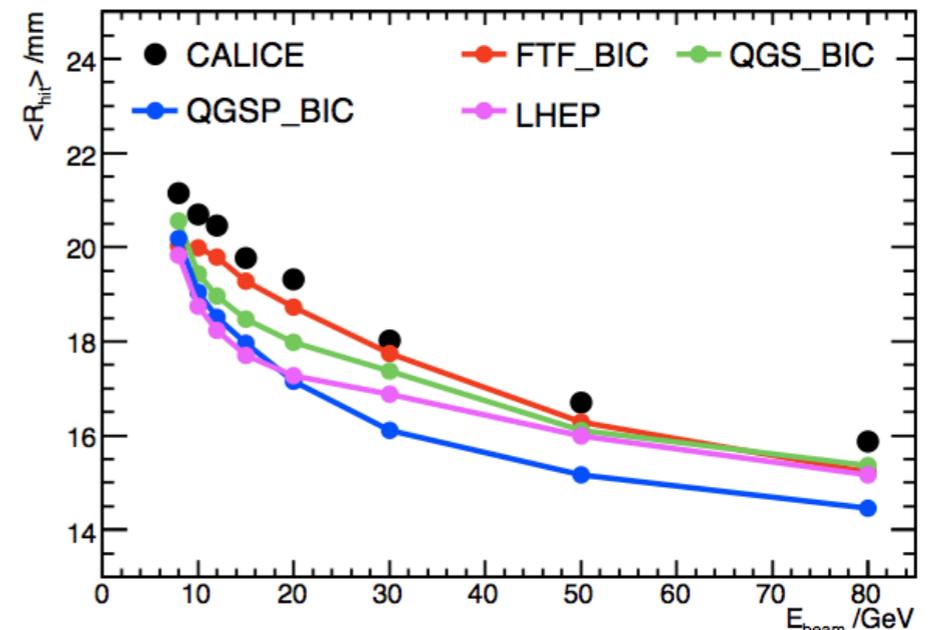
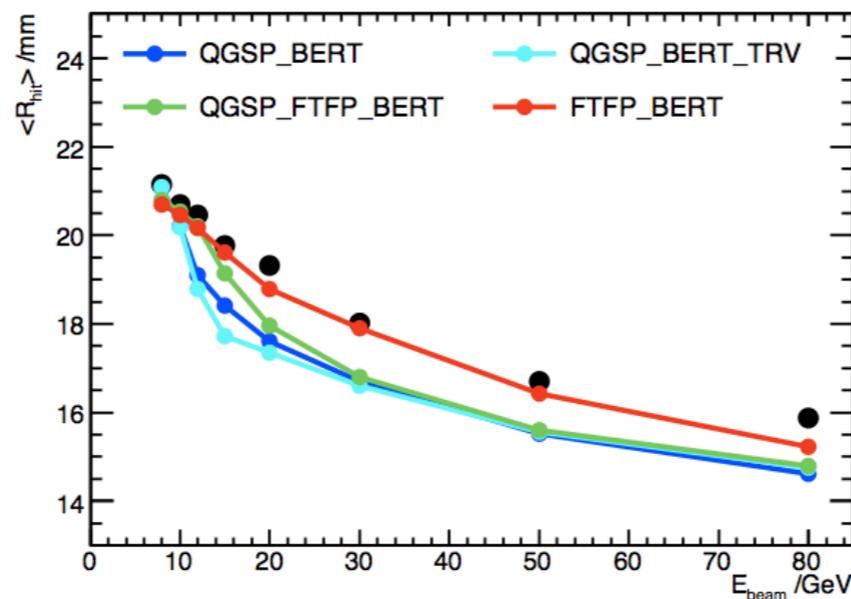
Bertini, increase energy in "halo"

# CALICE: Si-W ECAL



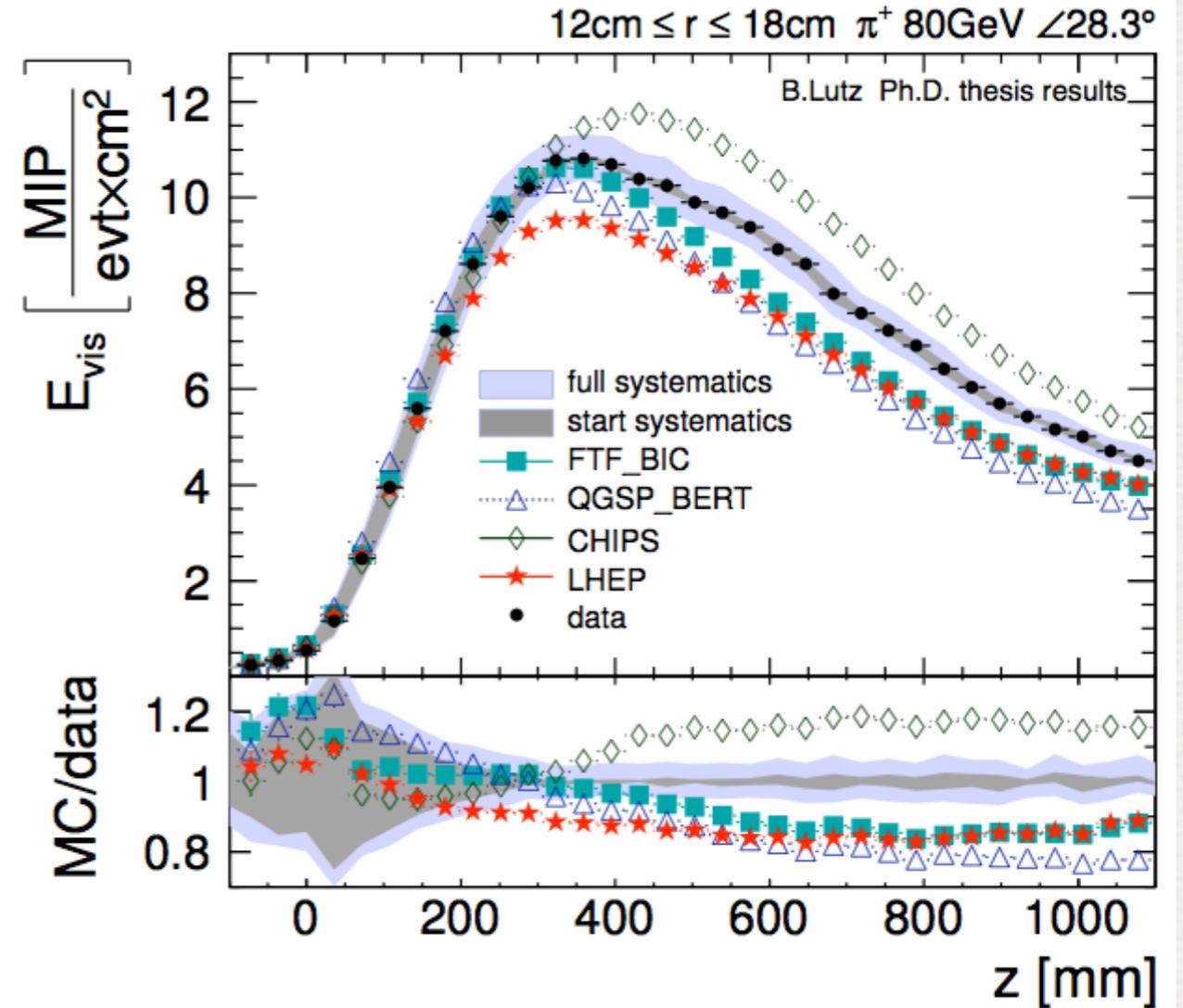
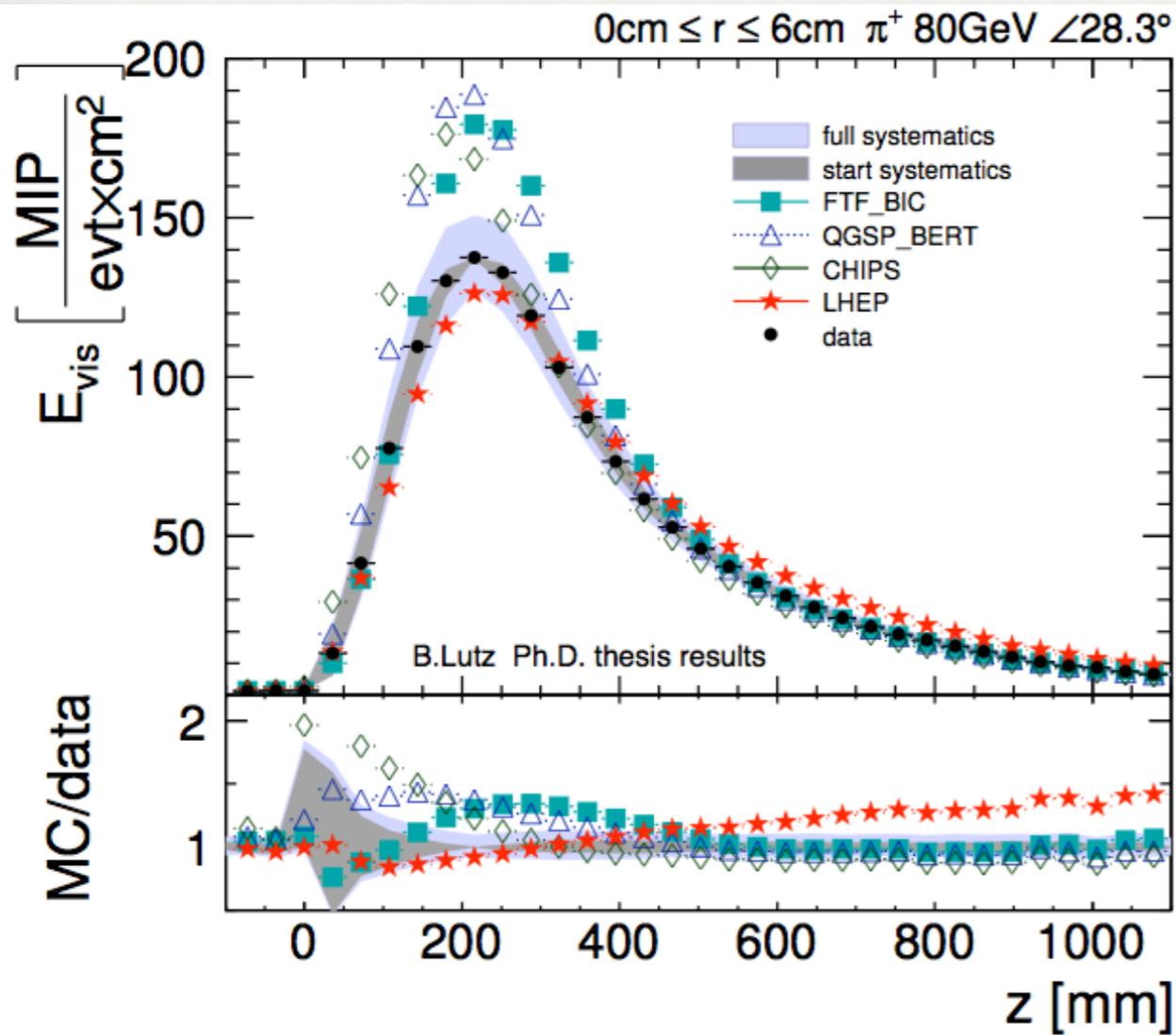
Lower energy distributions seems better described (BERT)

FTF clearly increase quality of simulation.  
 Difficult to disentangle QGS or parametrized in QGSP\_BERT (many interactions at medium energy)



**GOOD:** very high granularity, lower energies  
**BAD:** very short ( $0.8\lambda$ ) calorimeter

# CALICE: Sci/Fe AHCAL



Longitudinal profile, but seen in radial  
“core” and “halo”

Disagreement is in the  
“penetrating” hadrons region

GOOD: very high granularity

BAD: short (5.3λ) calorimeter

# Conclusions

• We should:

- Use more and more CALICE data, use LHC to confirm (since full containment)
- Also for shapes FTFP\_BERT seems a bit better
- Need further tuning of high-energy ( $E > 10 \text{ GeV}$ ): quasi-elastic, diffraction?
- Well established: importance of cascade (BERT) for lateral shower. Focus on large-angle scattering validation with target data to improve
- Additional complication in QGSP\_BERT: when description is not perfect is a QGS limitation or is it due to the (many) LHEP interactions? If we believe the statement that LHEP is relatively good for shower shape than we need to look at QGS