A Journey from the Infinitely Big to the Infinitely Small

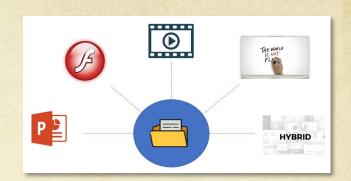




Your Virtual Conference

Format

- Presentation (~45 minutes in total)
- Questions and answers (20 minutes in total)
- But please ask questions also during it!



During presentation

- Ask questions using the chat
- Use microphone or camera only if needed



After presentation

- Please fill out survey on Indico page
- Material and links available on Indico page



The conference is a general presentation about CERN, its organization, the research, people behind the scenes, etc. All scheduled conferences will have the same format

I am...

➤ A particle physicist working in the ATLAS experiment

➤ I am looking for Physics Beyond the Standard Model (mainly long-lived particles)

I am searching for particles from the Dark/Hidden
Sector

MATHUSLA



Surface

Multi-layer tracker

Double layer tracker

Floor detector

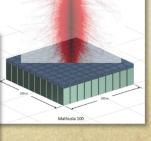
Neutral LLP

~60 m

➤ I am also working on a proposal for a future (big) experiment searching for very long-lived particles and cosmic rays

ATLAS







CERN

Conseil Européen pour la Recherche Nucléaire 1953

Organisation
Européenne pour la Recherche
Nucléaire

1954



23 Member States

Budget (2020)

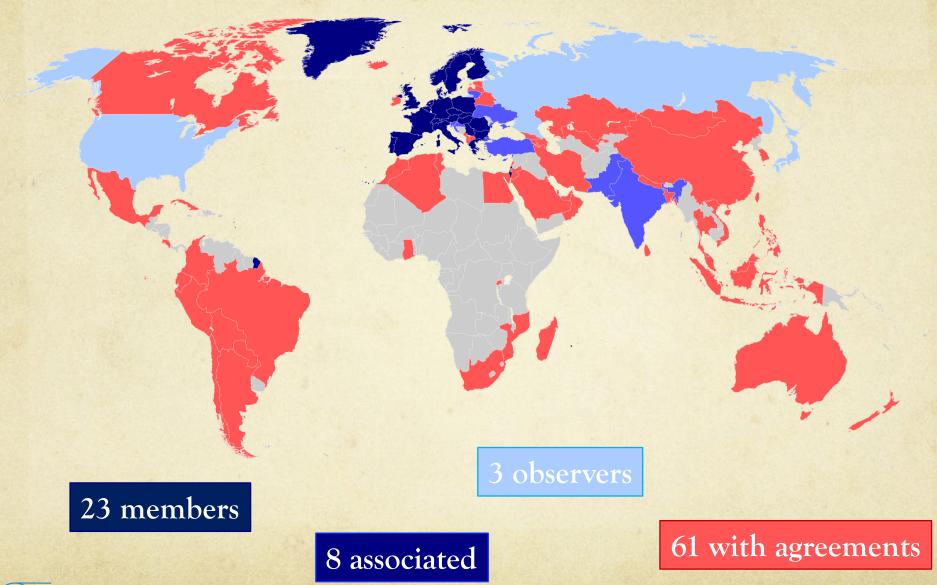
- ~1.2 billion CHF
- ~ 1.1 miliardi EUR
- \sim 1.0 billion GBP
- ~ 1.2 billion USD







A World Collaboration!





How Many Persons Are Working at CERN?



2 600 staff

fellows

apprentices

students 550

15 000 users

2 000 external

Total ~20 000!

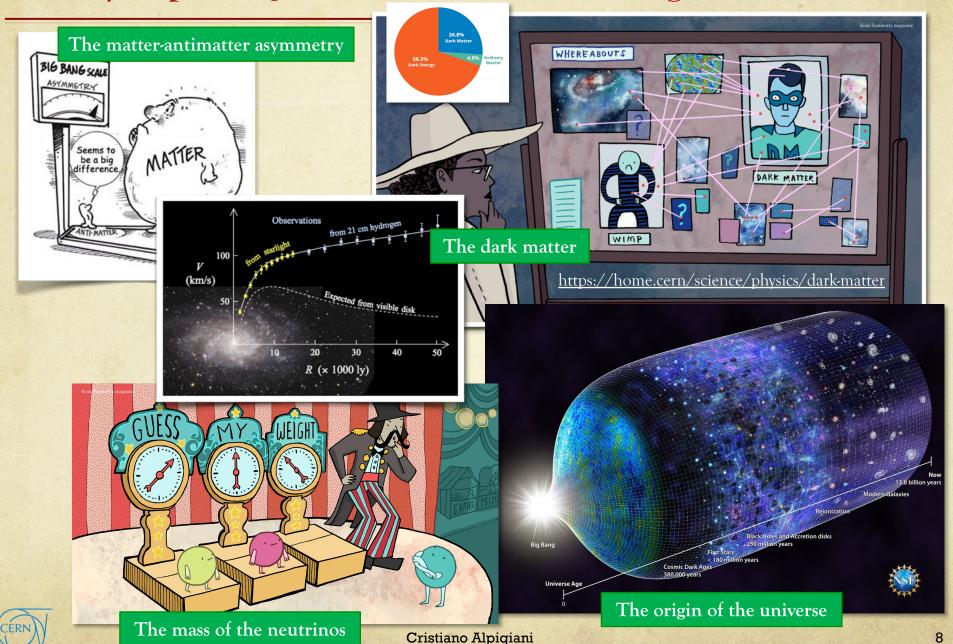
A small town...





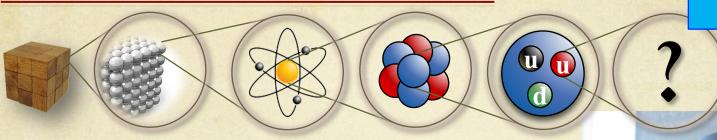


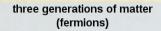
Many Open Questions...Still Waiting for an Answer



What is Matter Made of?

The Standard Model of particle physics





up

down

≃0.511 MeV/c2

electron

electron

neutrino

<1.0 eV/c2

≃4.7 MeV/c²

≈1.28 GeV/c2

≃96 MeV/c2

charm

S

strange

≈105.66 MeV/c²

muon

muon

neutrino

<0.17 MeV/c²

≈173.1 GeV/c2

111

top

bottom

≃1.7768 GeV/c²

tau

neutrino

<18.2 MeV/c²

≃4.18 GeV/c2

interactions / force carriers (bosons)

aluon

≈124.97 GeV/c2 Н

higgs



≃91.19 GeV/c2

Z boson

≃80.39 GeV/c²

W boson

GAUGE BOSONS



The most comprehensive theory of nature...up to now...



Gravity currently not fitting this "scheme"



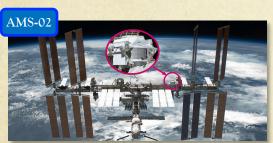
EPTONS

Video on CERN YouTube channel More on the Standard Model

Cristiano Alpigiani

Many Many Experiments...









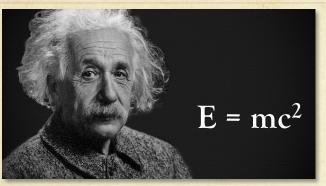




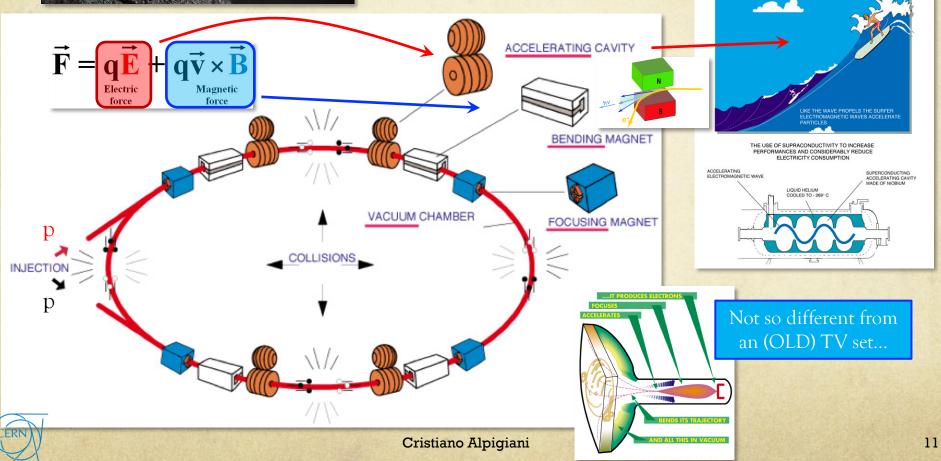
Cristiano Alpigiani

And many more...

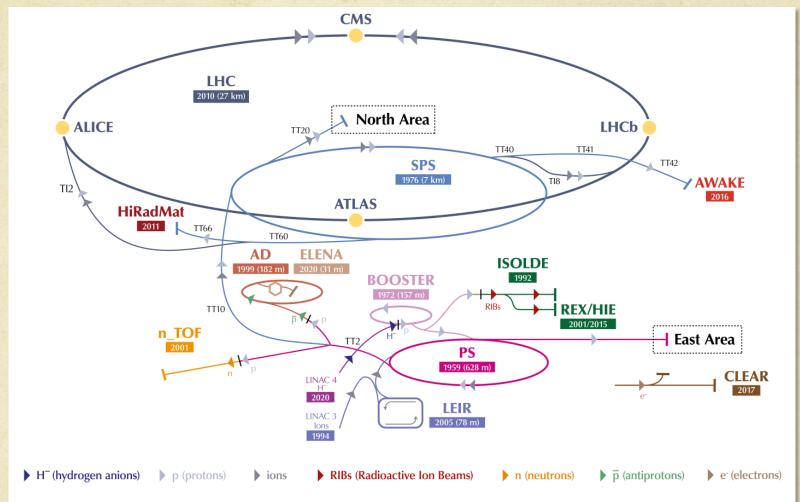
But We Have to Accelerate Particles...



- A particle accelerator is a super-microscope to "see" tiny particles (quarks, lepton, etc)
- Accelerators can be used to transform energy into mass (and vice-versa)



The CERN Accelerator Complex

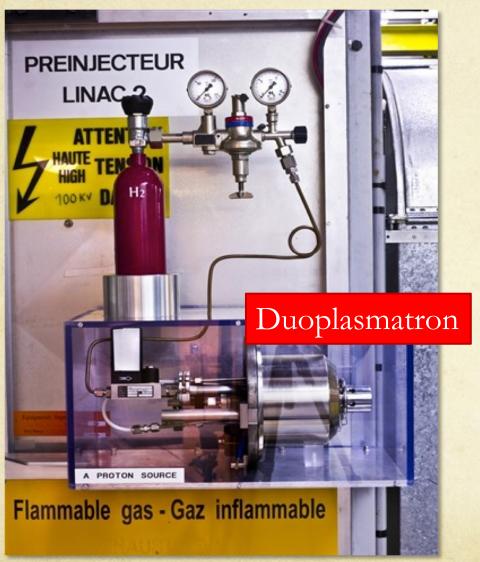


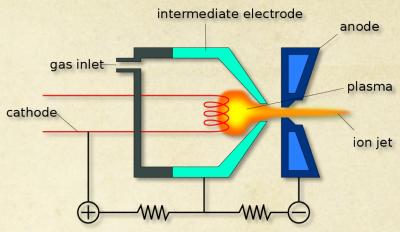
LHC - Large Hadron Collider // SPS - Super Proton Synchrotron // PS - Proton Synchrotron // AD - Antiproton Decelerator // CLEAR - CERN Linear Electron Accelerator for Research // AWAKE - Advanced WAKefield Experiment // ISOLDE - Isotope Separator OnLine // REX/HIE - Radioactive EXperiment/High Intensity and Energy ISOLDE // LEIR - Low Energy Ion Ring // LINAC - LINear ACcelerator // n_TOF - Neutrons Time Of Flight //

HiRadMat - High-Radiation to Materials



Where Do we Take the Protons?

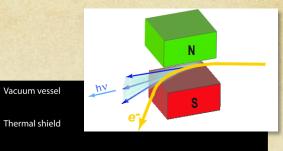




- 1. Cathode filament emits electrons into a vacuum chamber
- 2. H₂ gas is introduced in very small
- 3. Gas become charged or ionised through interactions with the free electrons
- 4. Plasma is accelerated through a series of charged grids



The Bending Magnets





Superinsulation

Shrinking cylinder / Helium vessel

Main quadripole bus-bar

Magnetic insert

Non-Magnetic collars

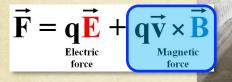
Superconducting coils

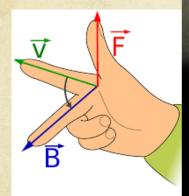
Main dipole bus-bar

Thermal shield

Iron yoke

Niobium-Titanium (Nb-Ti)





Heat exchanger tube .

Beam pipe .

Auxiliary bus-bar

Bunch of 10¹¹ protons Beam 1, anti-clockwise

Bunch of 10¹¹ protons Beam 2, clockwise

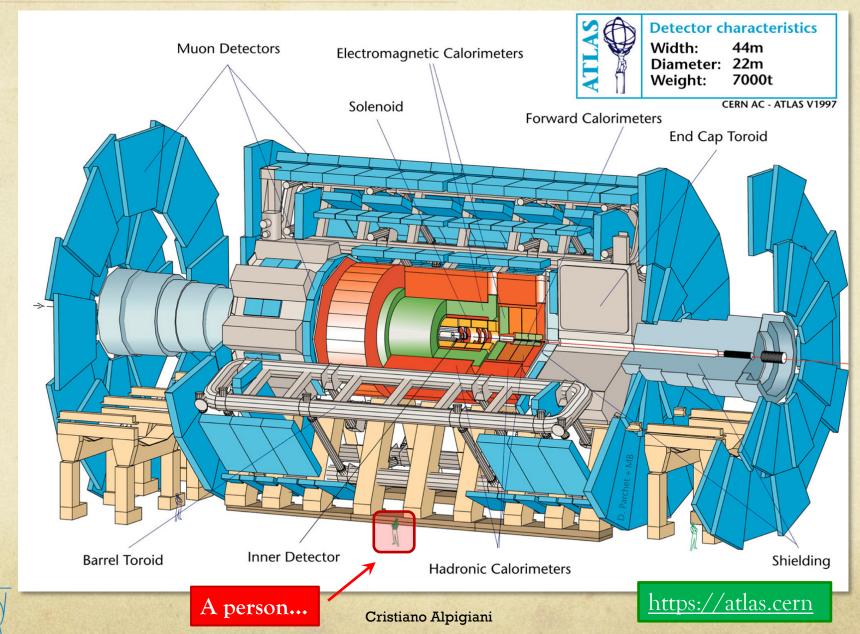
13,000 Ampere

Cristiano Alpigiani

More on superconductivity?

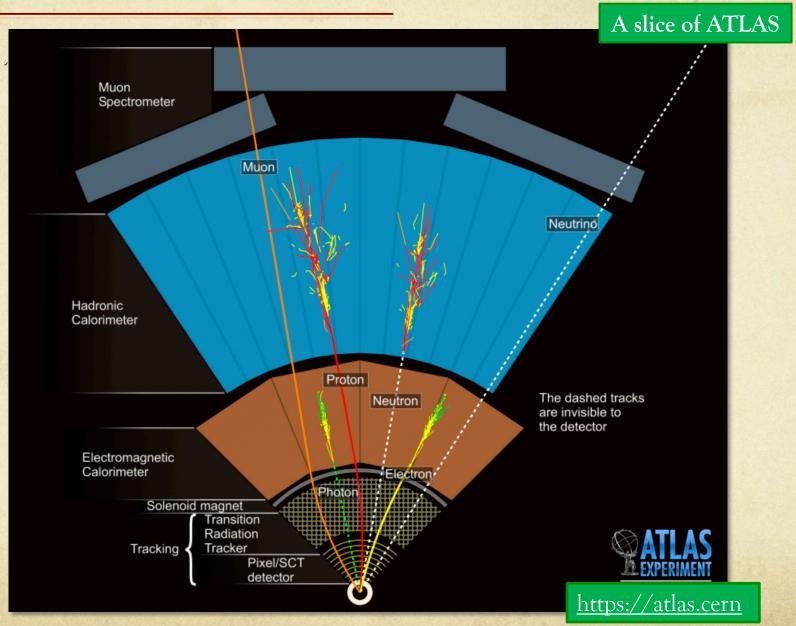
CryoLine (QRL)

A Very Powerful Camera





A Very Powerful Camera





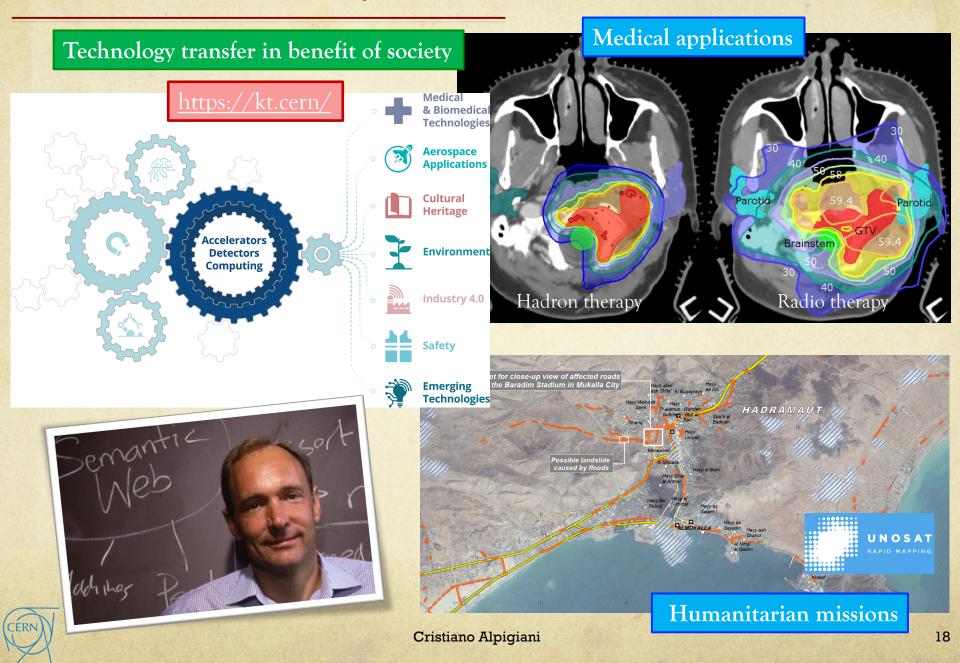
The LHC Computing Grid





1 storage exabyte

CERN is Not Only Fundamental Research



CERN Against COVID https://againstcovid19.cern Cristiano Alpigiani

CERN Opportunities for Students



- Many opportunities for a student (visit https://careers.cern/students)
 - Summer Student Programme
 - CERN Openlab Summer Student Programme
 - Short-term Internship Programme
 - Doctoral Student Programme
 - Marie-Curies PhD positions
 - Technical Student Programme
 - Administrative Student Programme
 - Opportunities reserved for students with disabilities
 - Beamline for Schools → https://beamlineforschools.cern



Further Research Material

- Want to play with some LHC data? CERN Open Data
- Want more photos or outreach material? CERN Document Server (Multimedia and Outreach)
- ➤ Want to know more? <u>Upcoming events @CERN</u> (for general public, but can select a different audience)
- ➤ More about CERN history? See here!
- > Art @CERN? See here!
- Want to "see" particle collisions? <u>ATLAS event displays</u>, <u>Other event displays</u>
- ➤ And much more on https://home.cern

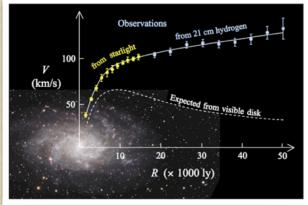
Thank you!



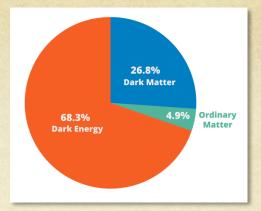
BACKUP

Dark Matter / Dark Energy

➤ First observed by Fritz Zwicky → velocity dispersions of galaxies in the Coma cluster (idea neglected for 40 years!)

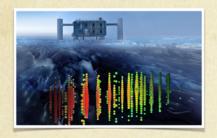


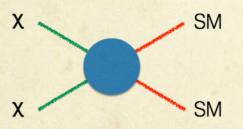




- ➤ Precisely measured by Vera Rubin→ velocity of gas near Andromeda
 - Estimated factor of 10 more dark mass than visible mass

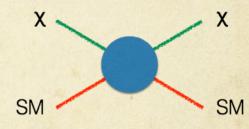
Indirect detection: DM-DM annihilation process



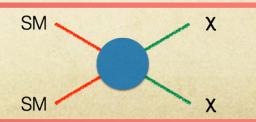


Direct detection: recoil from DM-nucleus scattering



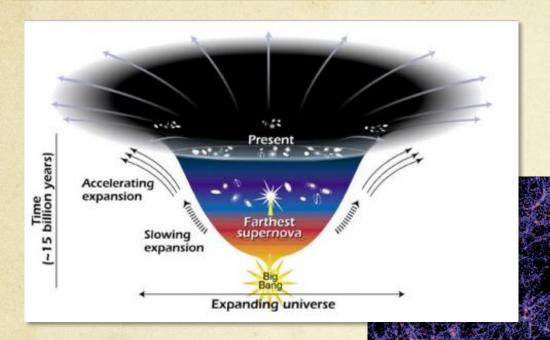


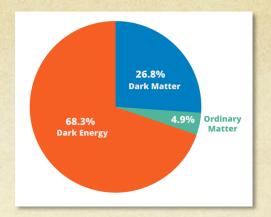
- ✓ No DM interaction with the detector \rightarrow missing E_T
- At LHC ✓ Initial state radiation to detect it (jets, photons, W, ...)
 - ✓ Searches for high-mass di-jet resonances



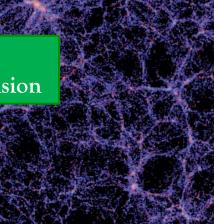


Dark Matter / Dark Energy

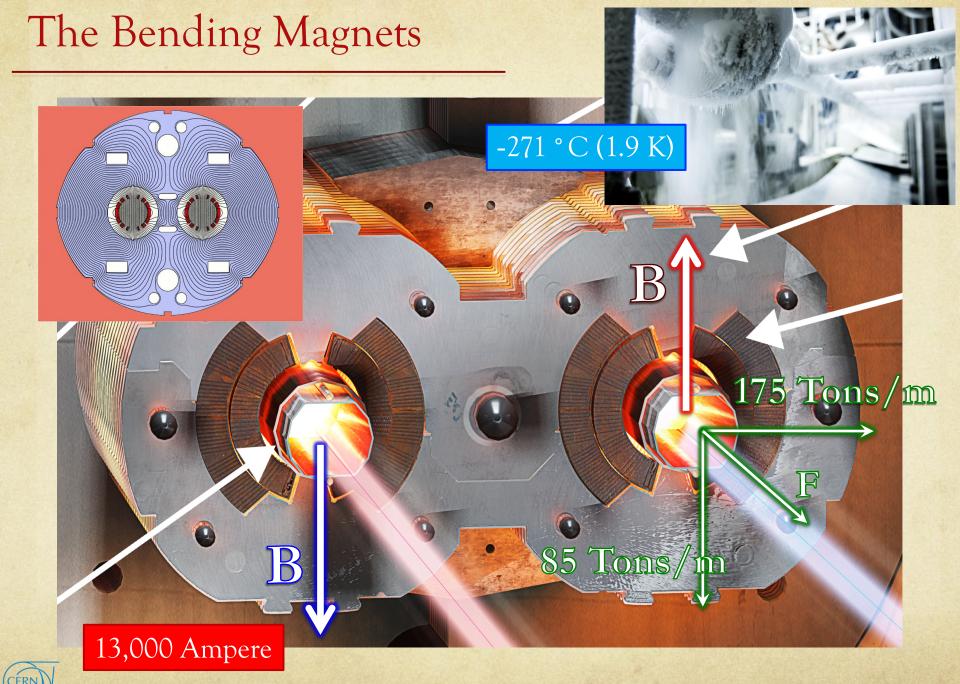




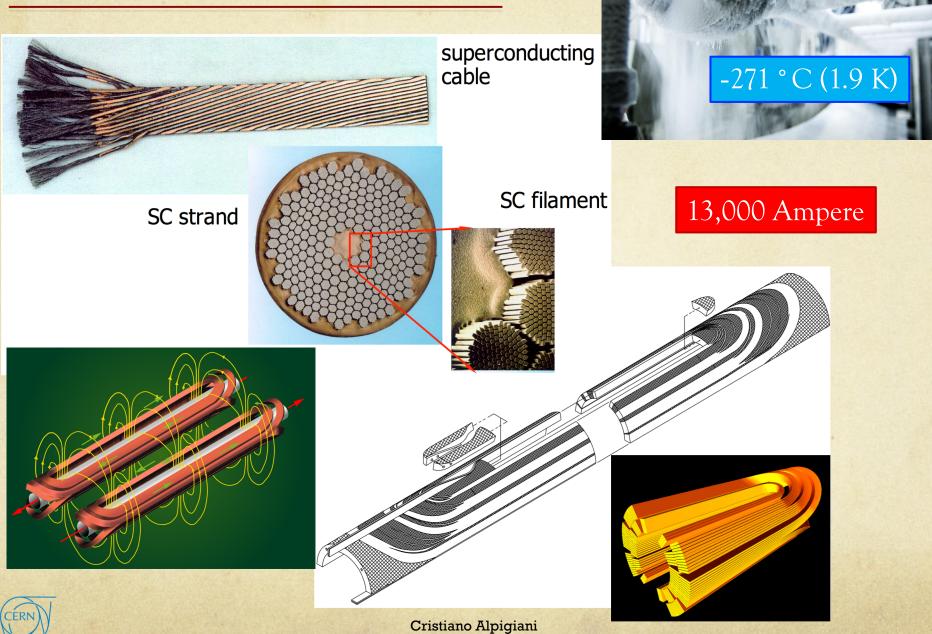
Dark energy is responsible for the acceleration of the Universe expansion





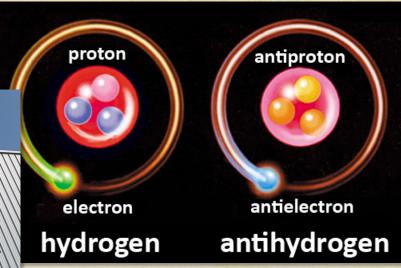


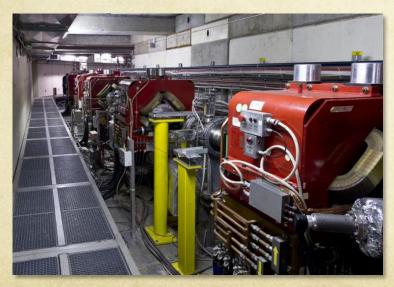
The Superconductors

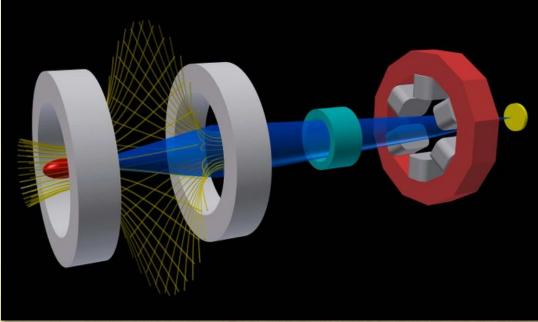


Antimatter











CERN is...

...a scientific laboratory, that devises its own solutions



SCIENCE • TECHNOLOGY • ENGINEERING + ARTS • MATHEMATICS

SCIENCE

- Observing
- Experimenting
- Making predictions
- Asking questions

TECHNOLOGY

- Being inventive
- Using tools
- Making things work
- Identify issues,
- Using computers

ENGINEERING

- Problem solving
- Using materials
- Designing & creating
- Building

ARTS

- Creativity
- Aesthetics
- Imagination
- Expressing individuality

MATH

- Patterning
- Sequencing
- Exploring shapes, numbers, volumes and size

