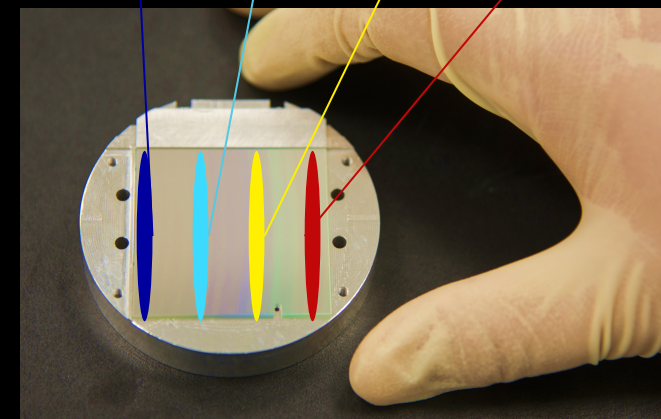
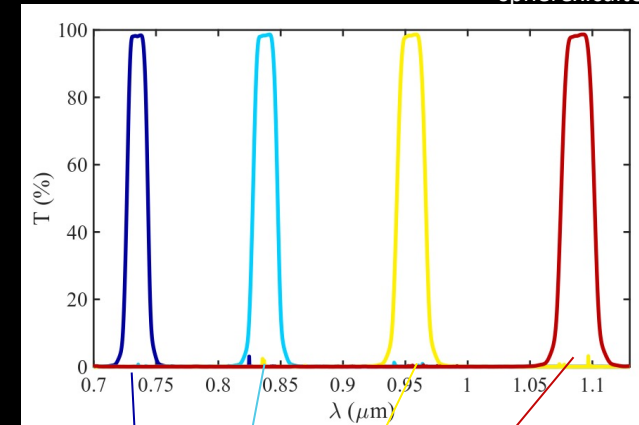
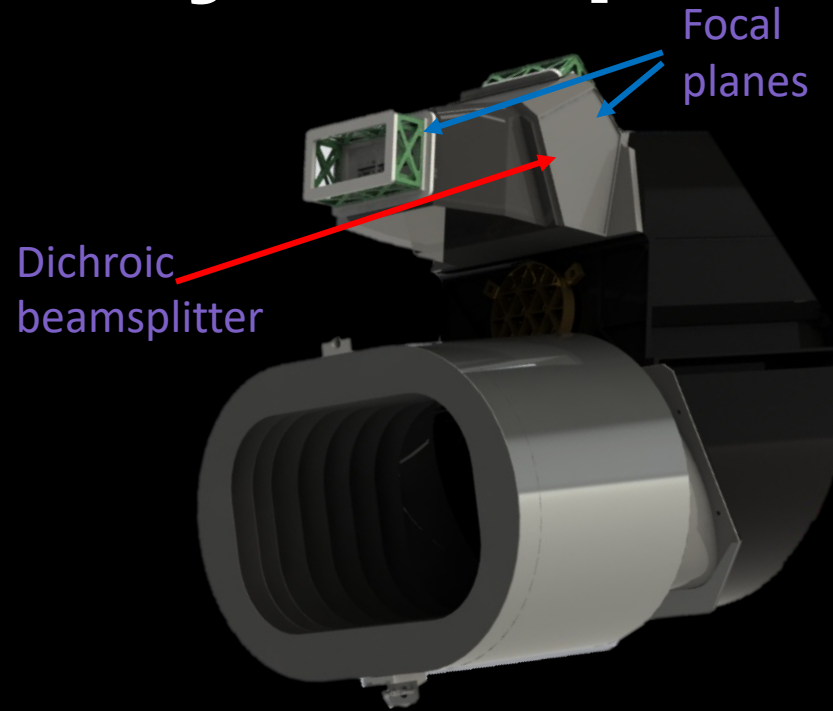
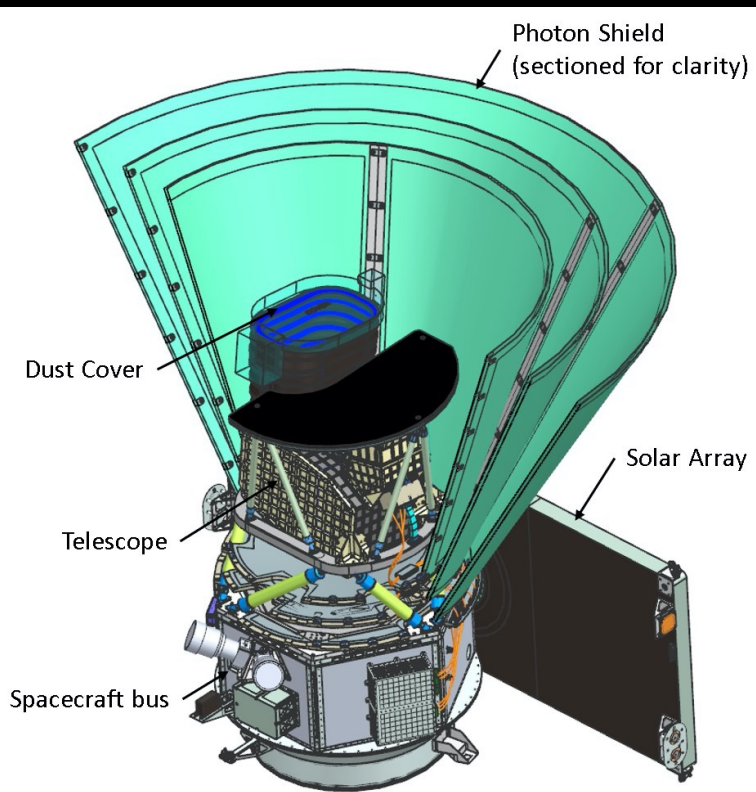


Science Data Simulations for SPHEREx

Brendan Crill

Jet Propulsion Lab / California Institute of Technology

SPHEREx: All-Sky NIR spectral survey



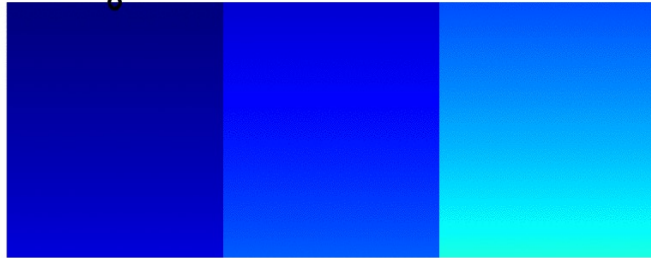
- NASA Medium Explorer mission: selected in 2019, launch-ready in 2024
- Currently in Detailed Design phase: Critical Design Review in Fall 2021

- 3-mirror off-axis anastigmat
- 20 cm effective aperture
- $3.5^\circ \times 11.3^\circ$ FOV
- Two 1×3 mosaics of H2RG detectors on either side of a dichroic
- 25 million $6.2''$ pixels

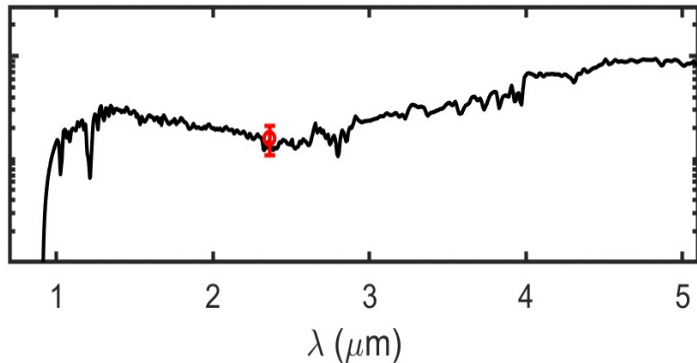
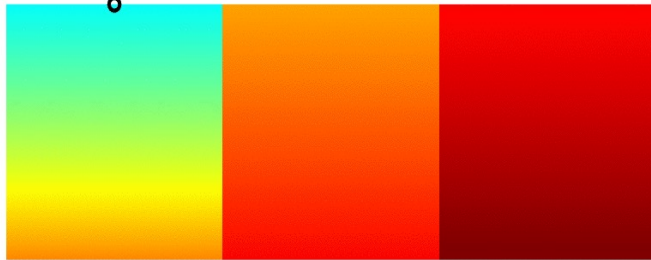
- Linear Variable Filters mounted in front of detectors

Spectroscopy with SPHEREx

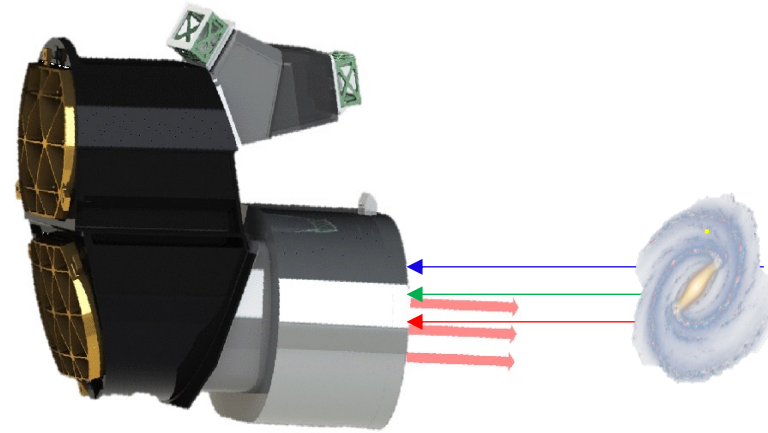
Reflected by Dichroic



Transmitted by Dichroic



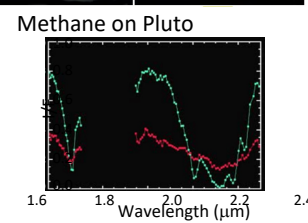
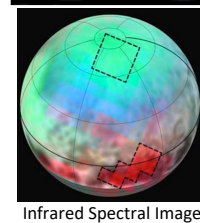
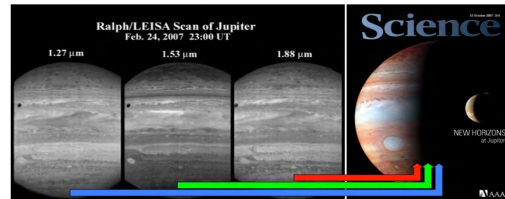
Shifting the spacecraft pointing modulates the wavelength at which an object is observed.



A complete spectrum in 51 exposures

Each exposure $\sim 112\text{s}$

SPHEREx operates in Low Earth Orbit; full spectrum of entire sky built up over the course of a year

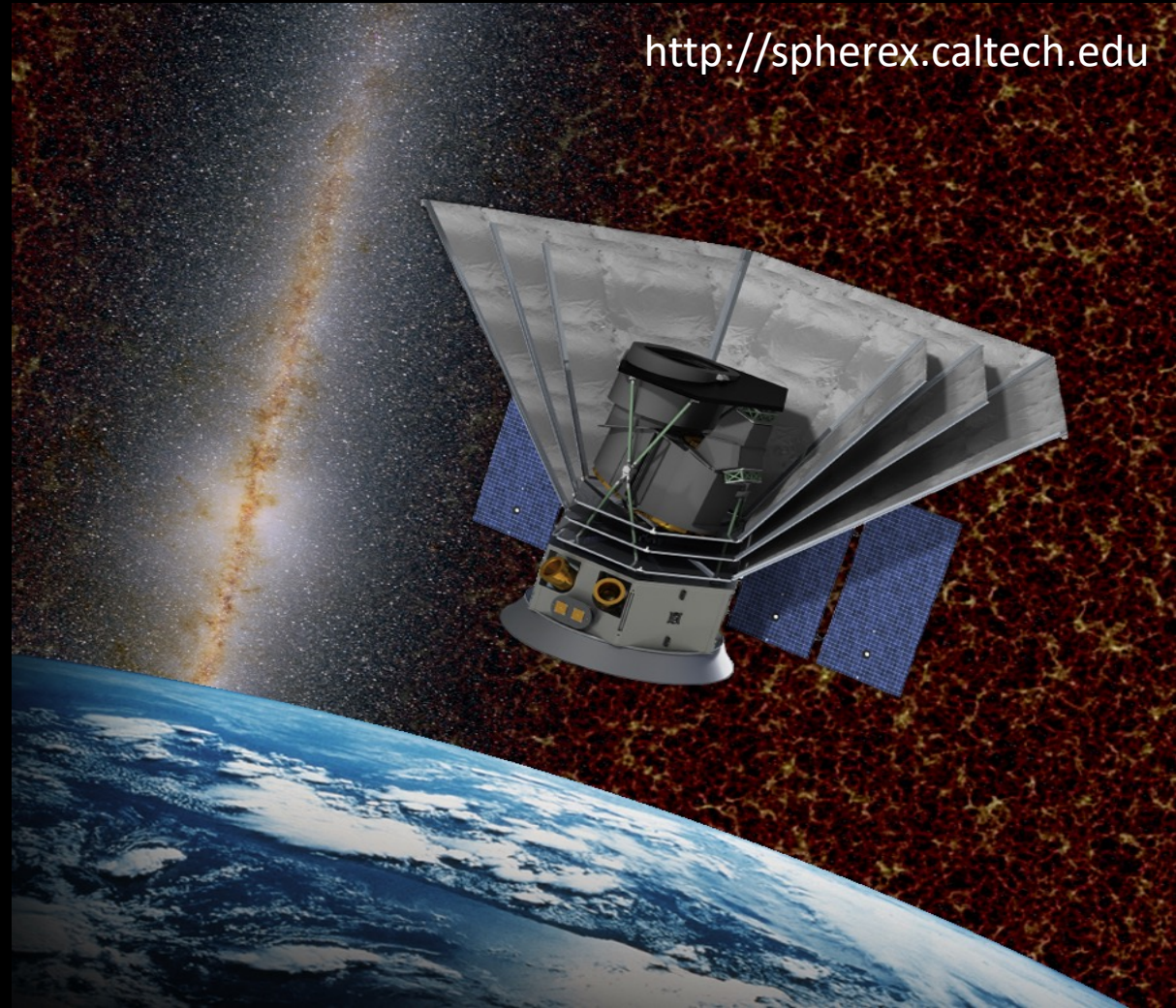


Ralph/LEISA - New Horizons

SPHEREx Science Team



<http://spherex.caltech.edu>



Jamie Bock (PI)	Caltech/JPL	Phil Korngut	Caltech
Rachel Akeson	IPAC	Elisabeth Krause	U. Arizona
Matt Ashby	CfA	BoMee Lee	KASI
Lindsey Bleem	Argonne	Carey Lisse	JHU
Sean Bryan	Arizona State	Daniel Masters	Caltech
Joyce Byun	U. Arizona	Phil Maukopf	Arizona State
Tzu-Ching Chang	JPL	Gary Melnick	CfA
Yi-Kuan Chiang	Ohio State	Hien Nguyen	JPL
Asantha Cooray	UC Irvine	Karin Öberg	CfA
Brendan Crill	JPL	Steve Padin	Caltech
Olivier Doré (PS)	JPL	Roberta Paladini	IPAC
Darren Dowell	JPL	Milad Pourrahmani	IPAC
Gregory Dubois-Felsmann	IPAC	Roger Smith	Caltech
Tim Eifler	U. Arizona	Yong-Seon Song	KASI
Andreas Faisst	IPAC	Teresa Symons	RIT
Salman Habib	Argonne	Harry Teplitz	IPAC/Caltech
Grigory Heaton	Caltech	Volker Toll	CfA
Chen Heinrich	Caltech	Steve Unwin	JPL
Katrin Heitmann	Argonne	Michael Werner	JPL
Chris Hirata	Ohio State	Rogier Windhorst	Arizona State
Woong-Seob Jeong	KASI	Yujin Yang	KASI
Jae Hwan Kang	Caltech	Mike Zemcov	RIT
Davy Kirkpatrick	IPAC		



SPHEREx's three Science Themes



- Science goal: constrain inflation through primordial non-Gaussianity as measured in 3D galaxy power spectrum and bispectrum

Key Systematics:

- PSF reconstruction
- Photometric stability
- Absolute calibration

- Science goal: understand galaxy formation via power spectra of Extragalactic Background Light

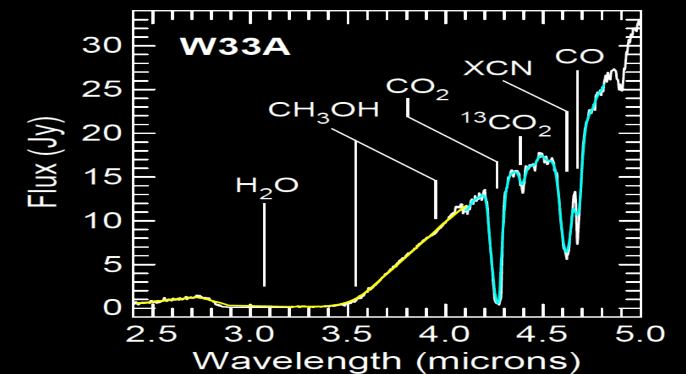
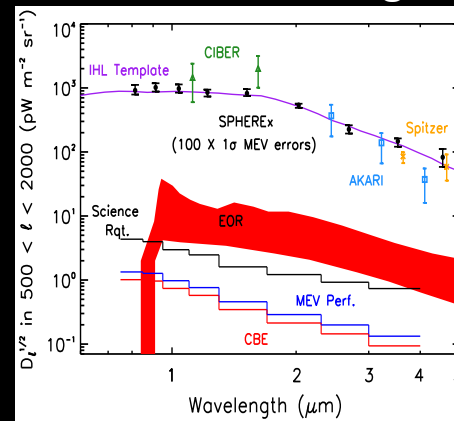
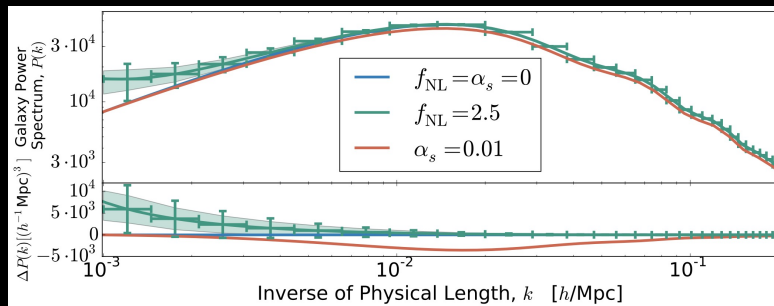
Key Systematics

- Extended PSF / ghosting
- Readout crosstalk
- Image persistence
- Correlated noise, dark current
- Time-variable backgrounds

- Science goal: inventory biogenic ices in the Galaxy via absorption features towards stars

Key systematics

- PSF reconstruction
- Crowded field photometry
- Relative calibration
- Spectral features in ISM
- Nonlinearity/Saturation



SPHEREx Sky Simulator



Software for generating simulated SPHEREx image and catalog science data

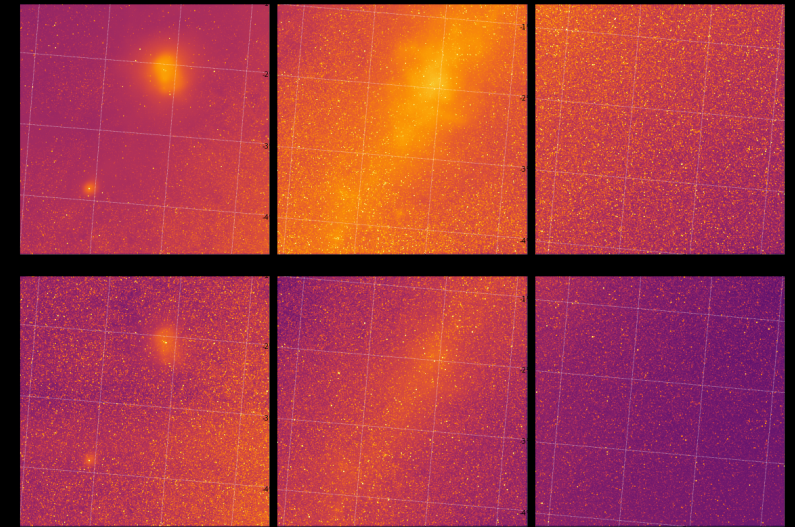
Purpose of the SPHEREx Sky Simulator

1. Support instrument trade studies and requirements definition
2. Create simulated data to assist in developing science software
3. Prototype and Validate science data pipeline software
4. Evaluate effects of systematic errors on science results

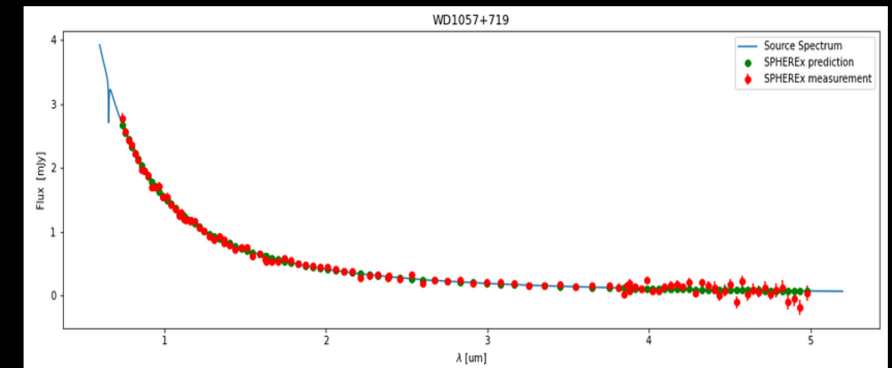
Requirements on the Simulator

- realistic representation of SPHEREx observations
- high performance - scalable to High Performance Computing (HPC) environments to enable large numbers of simulations
- portable to different platforms
- well-documented, strict version control
- Flexible; i.e., easy to introduce additional instrumental effects

Produces either 1. simulated exposures:



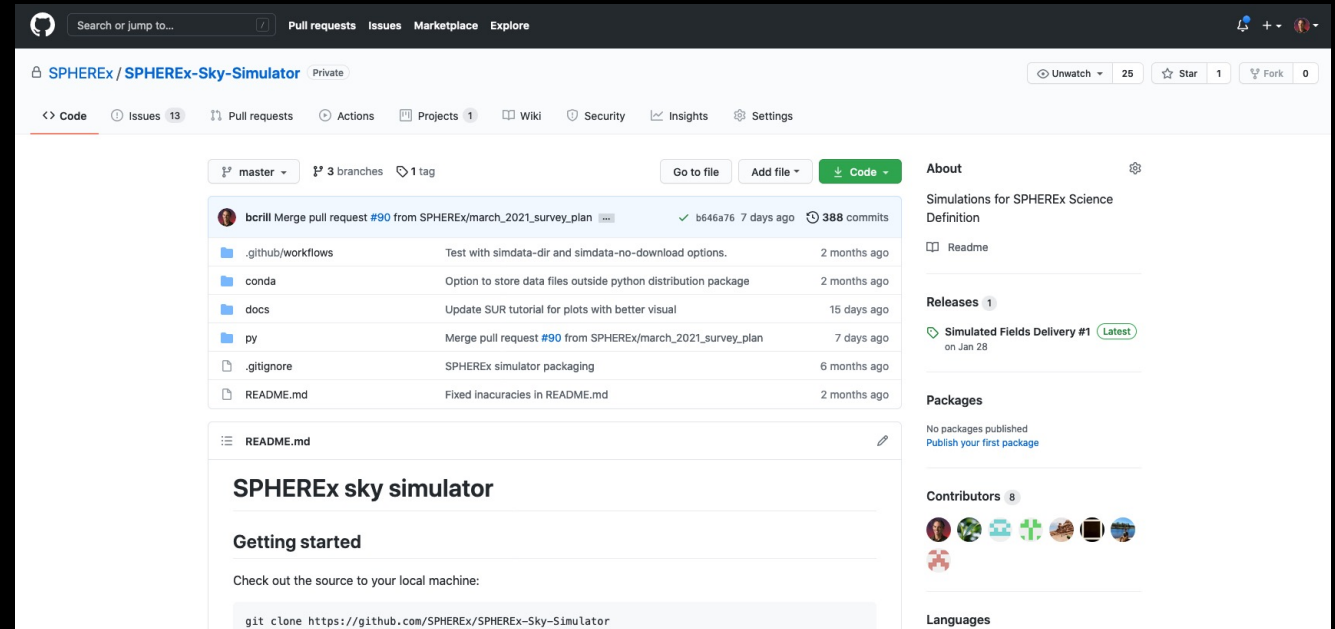
or 2. spectral catalog data:



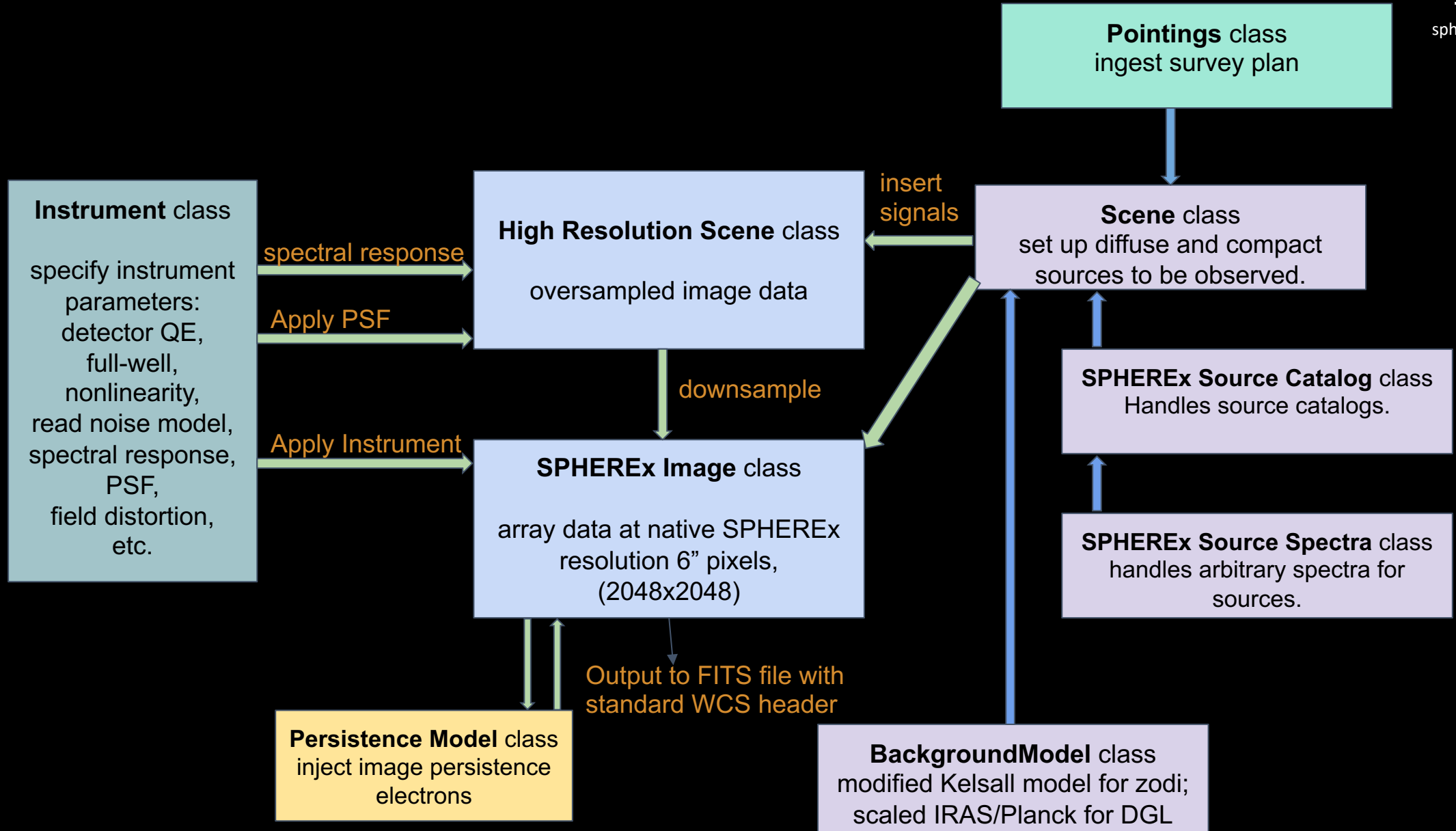
Software Management Approach



- Based around github
- Around ~5 SPHEREx team members are actively contributing, we assign each other pull requests to review
- Github actions configured to test commits
- Large binaries are stored outside of github repo and automatically downloaded at install time

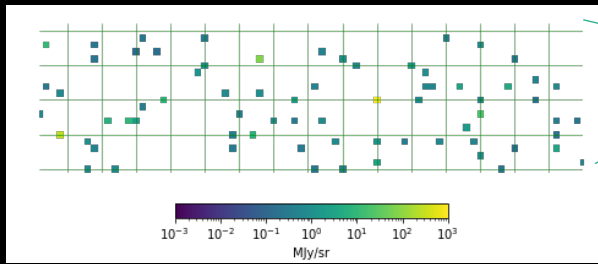


Sky Simulator Architecture

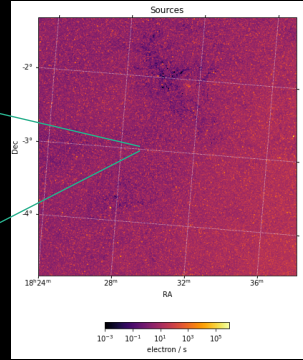


Example

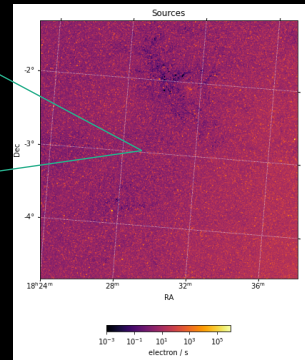
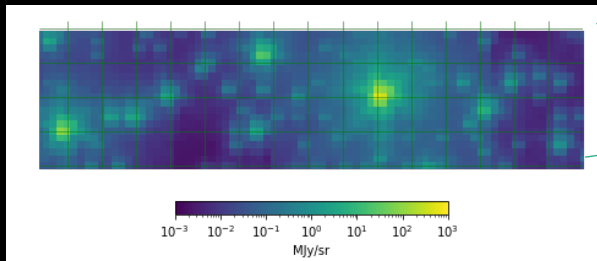
1. create a WCS given spacecraft orientation
2. Compact sources (convolved with spectral response) inserted into oversampled image



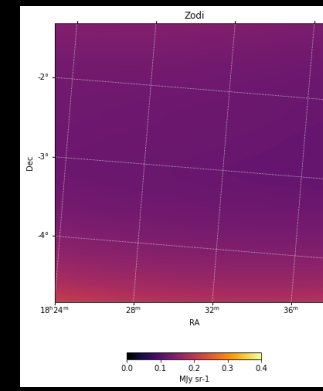
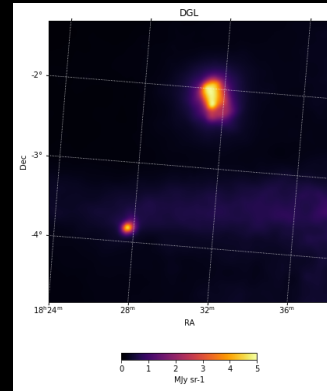
Green grid shows SPHEREx native resolution



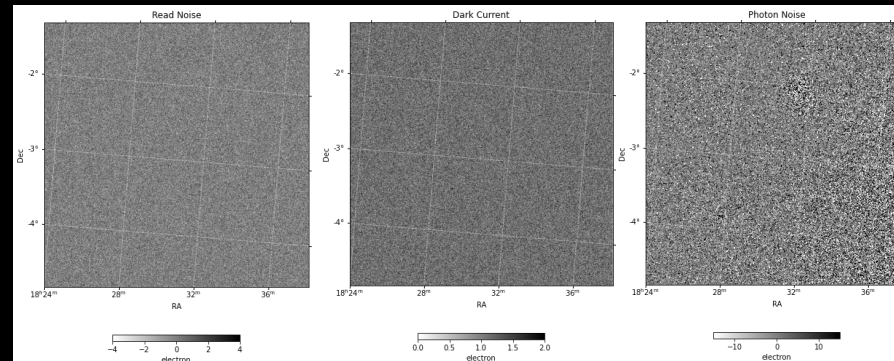
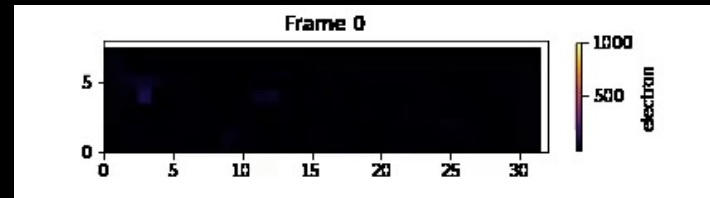
3. Convolve with PSF



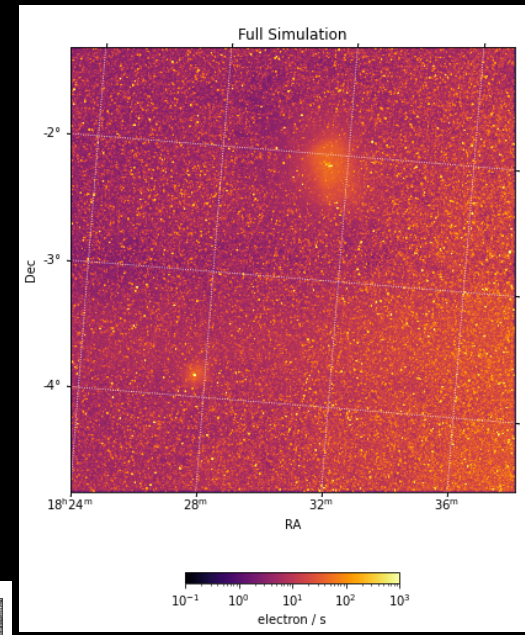
4. Insert sub-pixel systematics
5. Downsample to SPHEREx resolution
- Insert diffuse signals (convolved w/spectral response)



6. Apply instrument: perform sample up the ramp, adding noise, dark current, crosstalk, saturation, QE map, etc.



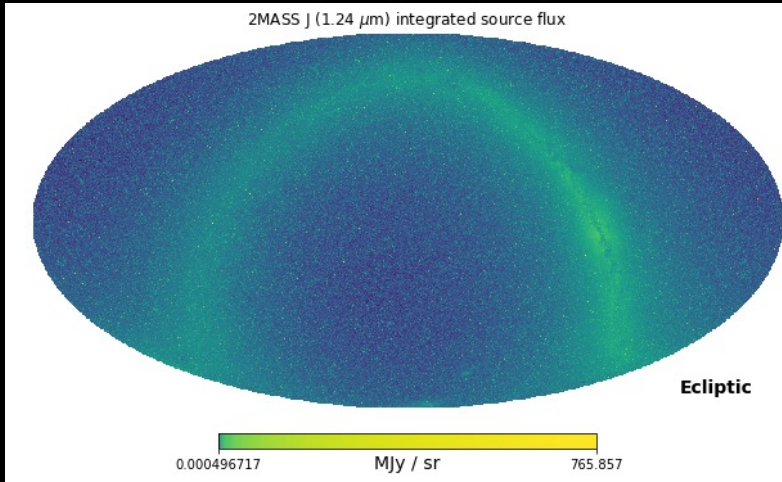
7. Fit photocurrent



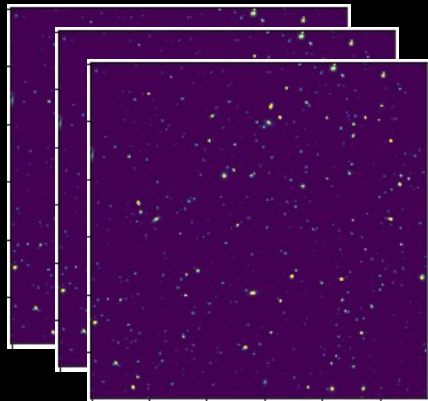
Input Astrophysical Sky

Compact sources

A reference catalog of ~3B sources
Gaia EDR3, 2MASS, CatWISE2020, Pann-STARRS1
(spatial matching enables very rough SEDs)



Simulated Galaxy data cubes

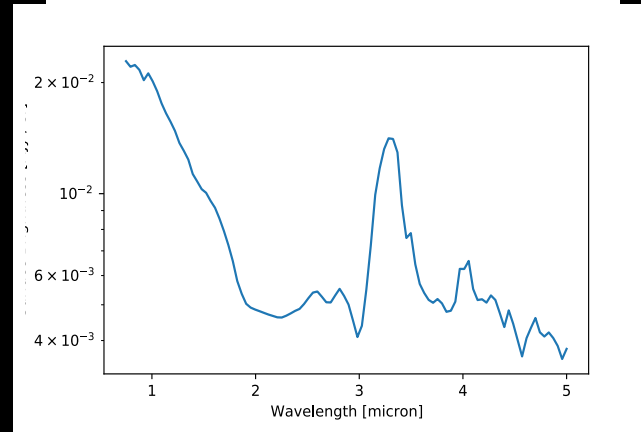
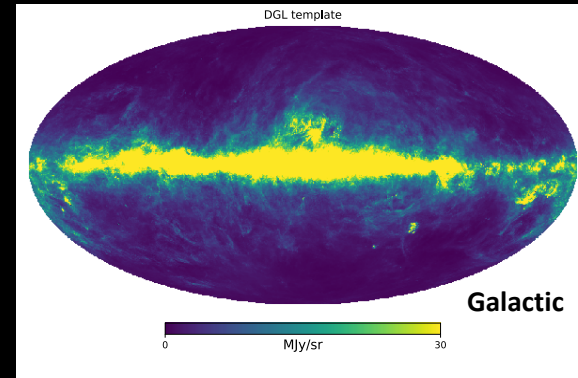


GALSIM (Rowe+2015)

Diffuse Backgrounds

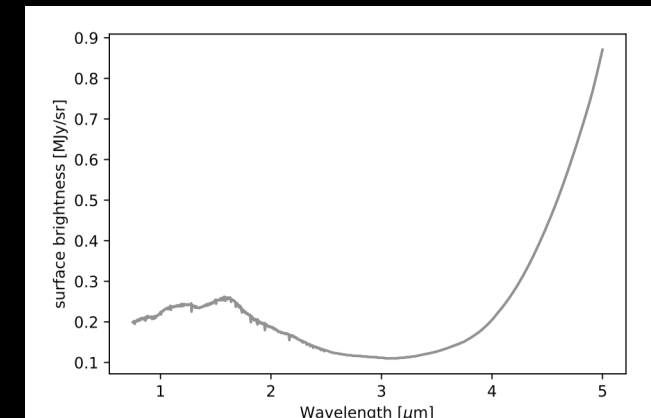
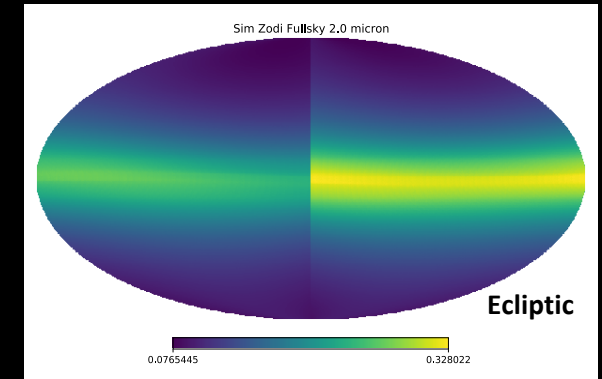
Diffuse Galactic Light

Planck/IRAS (2016) scaled to NIR:
Draine (2003), Lillie+(1976), Tsumura+
(2013), Zubko+ (2004),
Arai+ (2015)



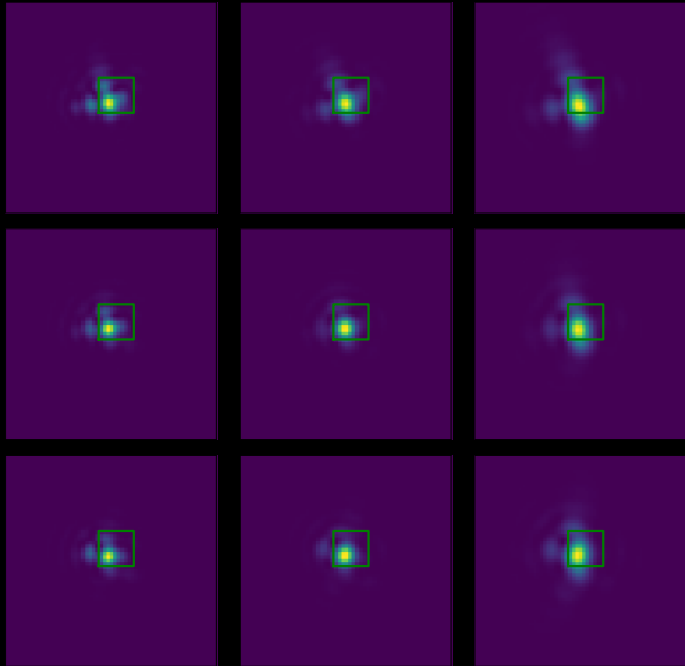
Zodiacal Light

COBE/DIRBE (Kelsall+ 1998)
Also uses Solar spectrum,
updates based on CIBER (Tsumura+ 2010),
AKARI (Tsumura+ 2013), IRTS (Matusmoto+
2015) HST (Kawara+ 2013), Planck (2014)

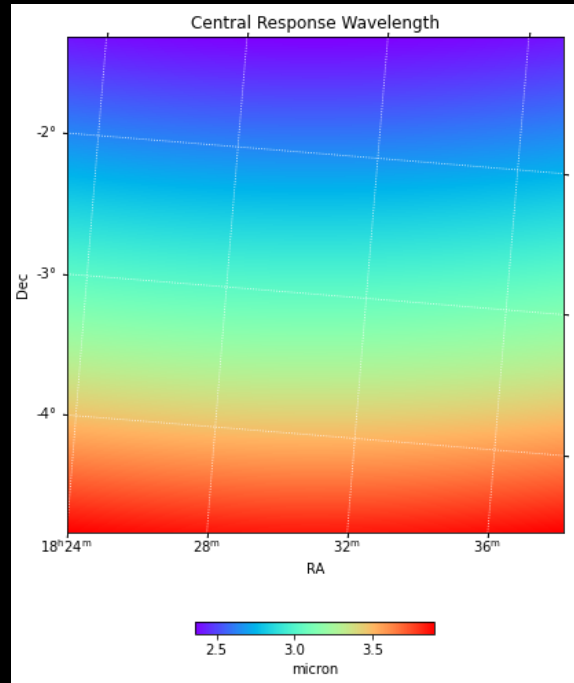


Instrument Model

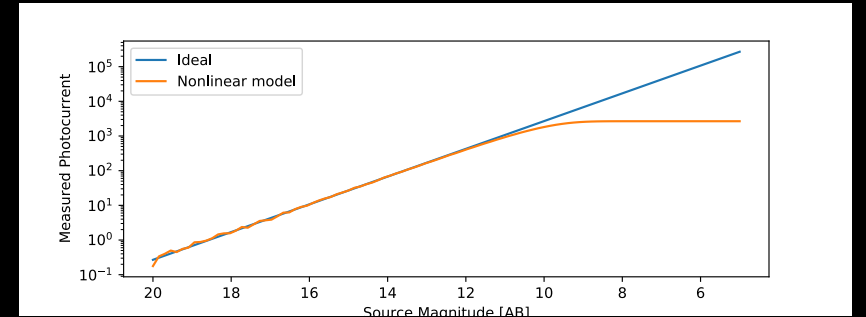
PSF (optionally smear w/jitter)



LVF response model

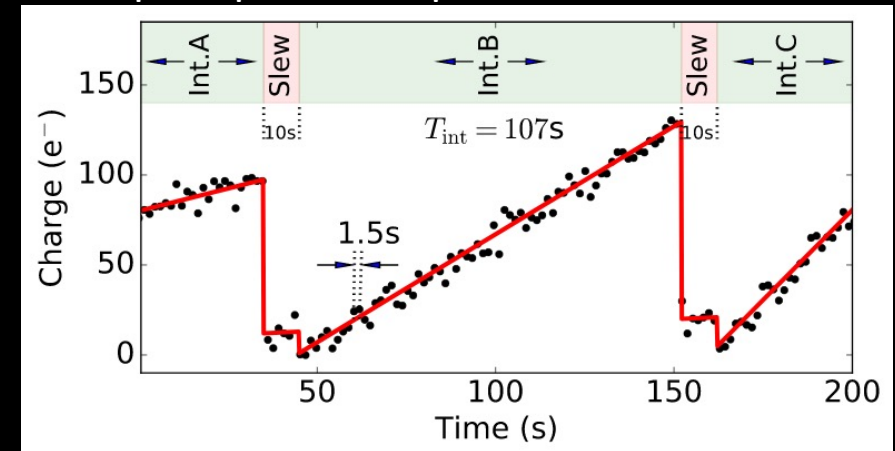


Saturation model



Biesiadzinski+ (2011)

Sample-up-the-ramp readout scheme:

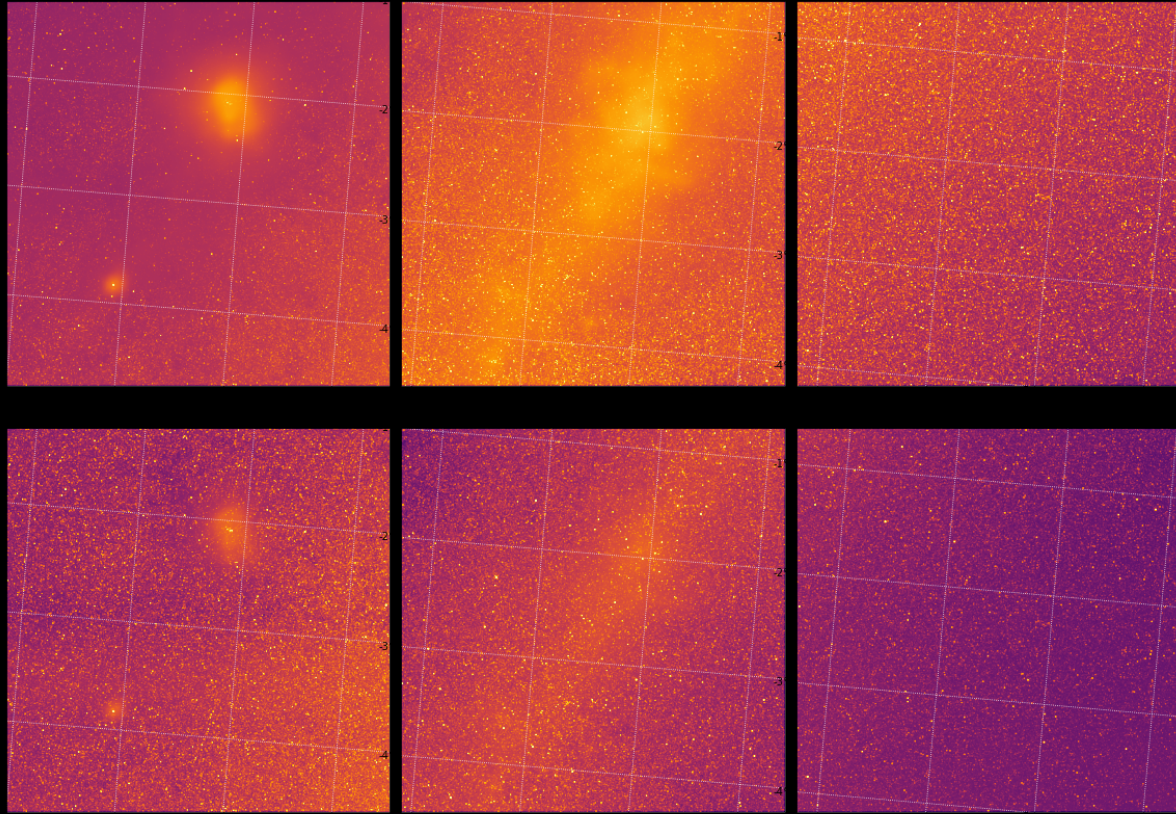


Zemcov et al+ (2016)

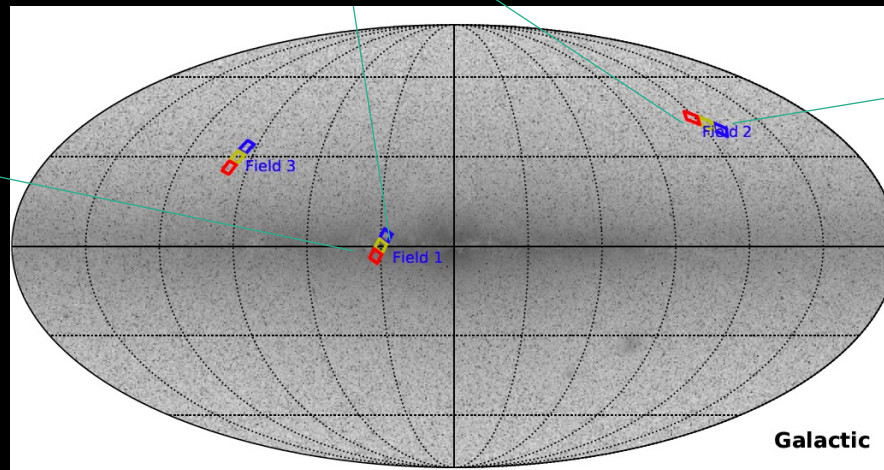
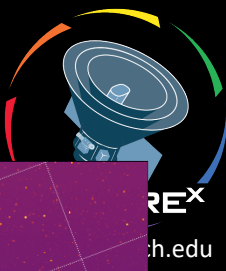
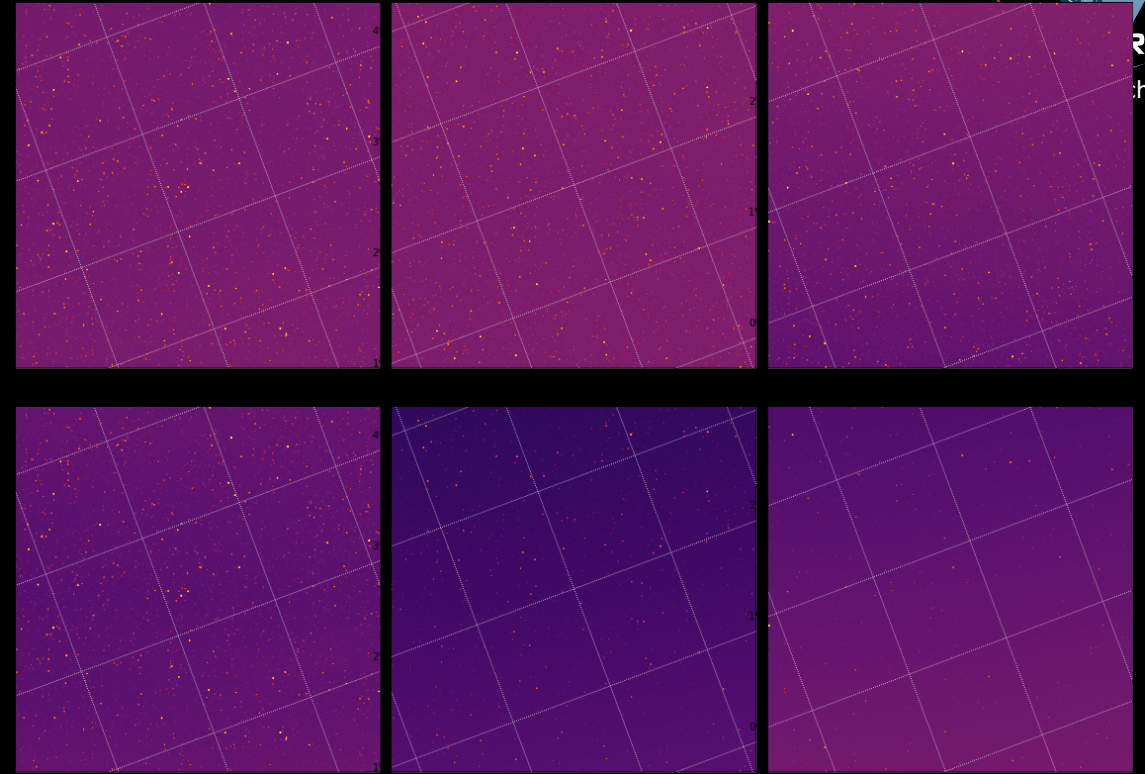
Other options: field distortion, cosmic rays hits, subpixel gain, persistence model (post processing)

More effects on the list to add: reciprocity failure, charge diffusion, IPC

Crowded field in the Galactic plane

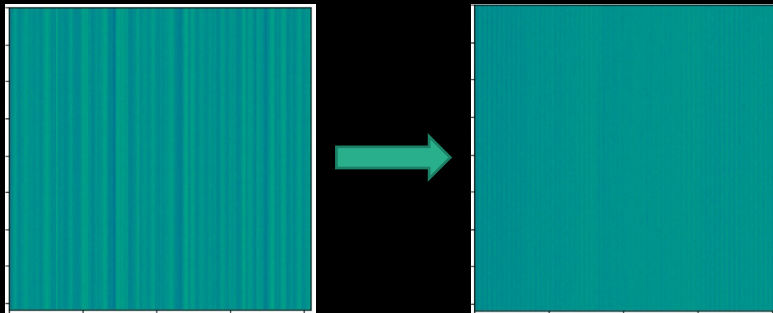


The COSMOS field



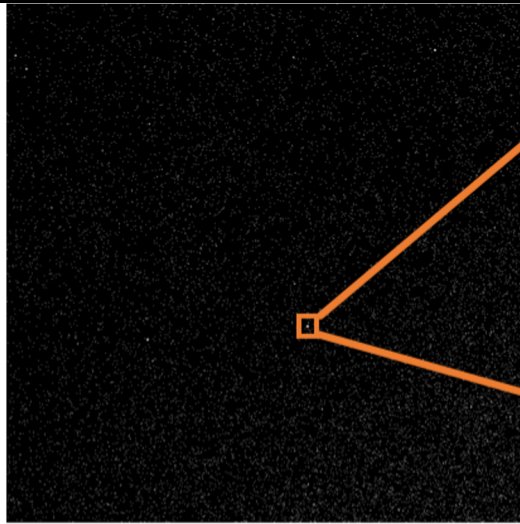
The Sky Simulator and the SPHEREx project: use cases so far

- Impacts on overall instrument design
 - For example:
 - Evaluate interplay of detector readout scheme and $1/f$ amplifier noise -> “row chopping” scheme
 - Design/parameterize on-board compression (full sky)

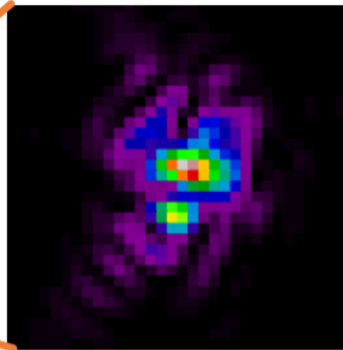


- Helping to set instrument and data pipeline requirements
 - Example: photometry error budgeting
- Address practical data analysis questions / prototype analysis code:
 - Mosaic map-making
 - Photometry in crowded fields, handling backgrounds, etc.
 - Reconstructing the PSF
 - Astrometric solution
- Data pipeline software validation at SPHEREx Science Data Center (IPAC)

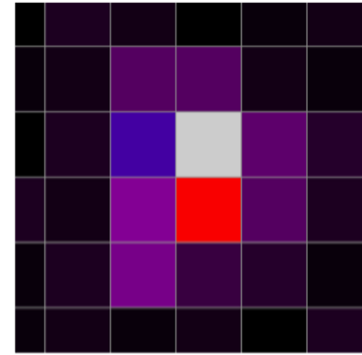
PSF reconstruction prototype



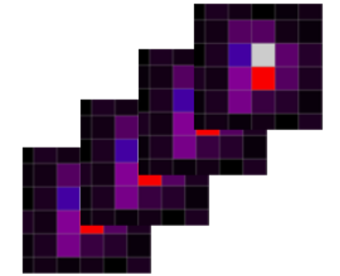
SPHEREx Simulated Image



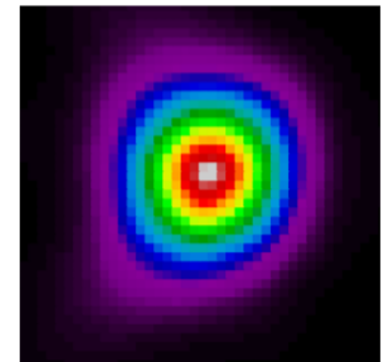
Band 1 Optical PSF



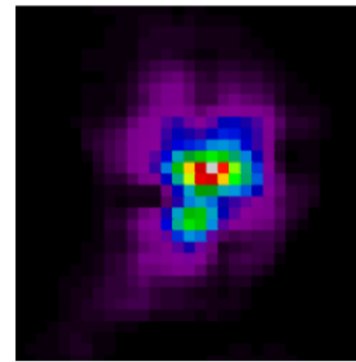
Regridded Image



Stacking of all sources in image



Stack of all sources



Deconvolved stack
= reconstructed PSF

- SPHEREx measures PSF-weighted photometry of already known sources: knowledge of PSF determined by sub-pixel stacking of stars in each exposure
- Symons+ (2021) showed less than 0.1% bias in photometry due to PSF knowledge, allocation of 0.5% OK
- Sky simulator enabled prototyping of this code with realistic crowding, stellar brightness distributions, backgrounds, variation of PSF across FOV, etc.

Next Steps

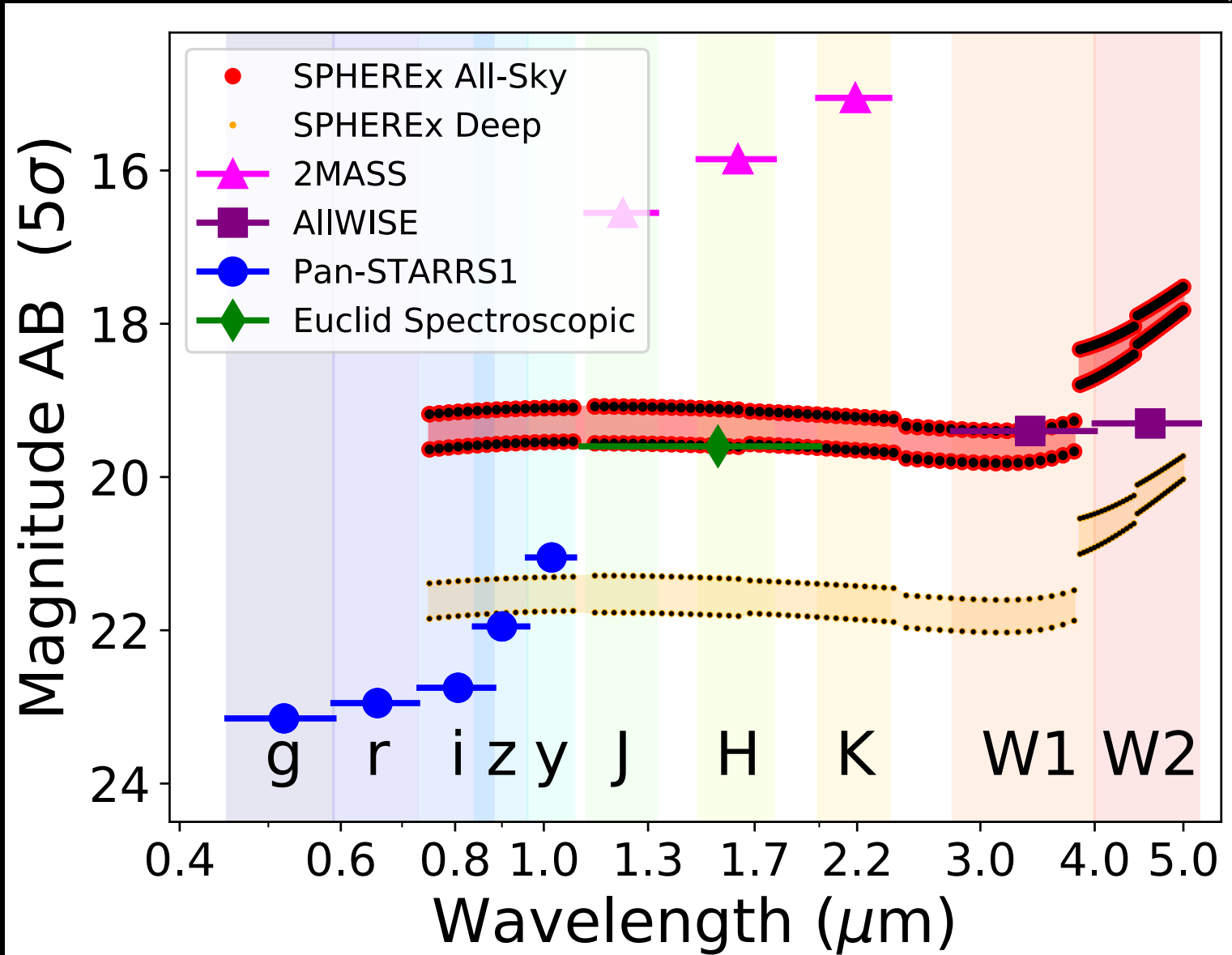
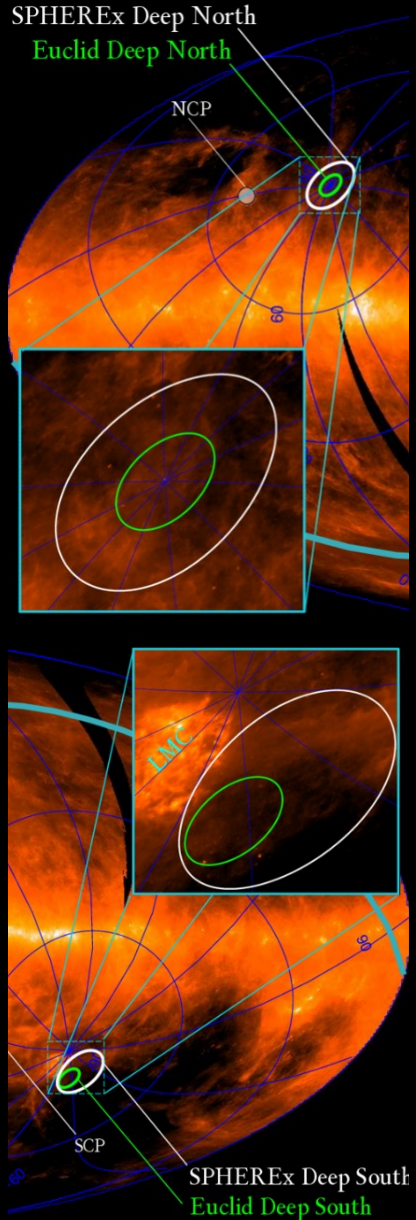


- The simulation software will continue to evolve to match improved knowledge of instrument
 - Instrument I&T: learn as-built instrument properties
 - During in-orbit checkout: learn behavior in operational environment
- During science data analysis: characterizing systematic errors in science results

Stay tuned for SPHEREx data in just a few years: launch planned for 2024

BACKUP

Sensitivity of SPHEREx Survey



SPHEREx Data Products

- Will be released through IPAC-IRSA
- Quick Release Spectral Images
 - On order 500 exposures/day
 - Released on a rolling basis within 2 months of acquisition
- Year 1 and Year 2 full releases
 - Re-release of all previous spectral images reprocessed with latest calibration
 - All-Sky data cubes
- High Reliability Source Catalog
- Legacy Data Products
 - Deep Field Mosaics
 - Galaxy Redshift Catalog
 - Ice Column Density/Stellar Type catalog

