

# Overview of recent and upcoming activities at the BATMAN Upgrade test facility

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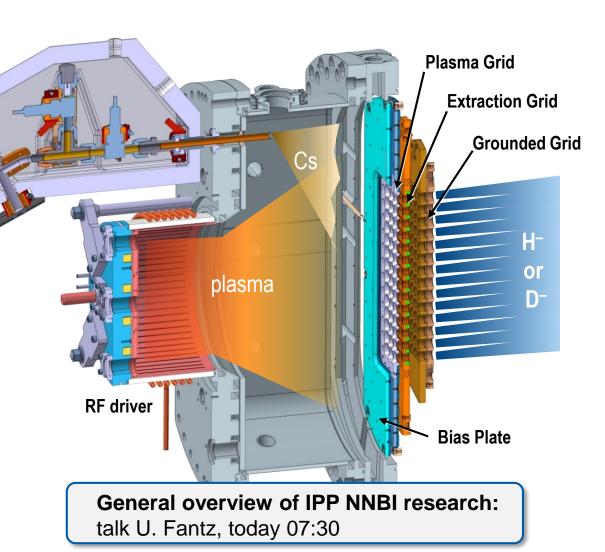




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## BATMAN Upgrade: role on the roadmap for future NBI





- Neutral Beam Injection (NBI) for large fusion machines (e.g. ITER):
   Large sources for negative hydrogen ions required!
- Plasma production in RF driver, H- production on caesiated (low work function) surfaces
- Extraction & acceleration in multi-stage grid system (up to 1 MeV for ITER NBI in 6 stages)
- Magnetic removal of co-extr. electrons (magnets in EG, i.e. 2nd grid)

#### **BATMAN Upgrade**

- 1/8 ITER-source size
- flexible for diagnostic access / exchange of components
- contributes towards the ITER NBI development & beyond

## **BATMAN** Upgrade: role on the roadmap for future NBI



#### **ITER source requirements**

deuterium (hydrogen)

- Extracted ion current density j<sub>ex</sub>:
   286 (329) A/m<sup>2</sup>
- Co-extr. electrons:  $j_e/j_{ex} \le 1$
- Pulse duration: 1h (1000 s)
- p<sub>fill</sub> ≤ 0.3 Pa
- Beam homogeneity > 90 %
- Beam divergence (core) < 7 mrad</li>

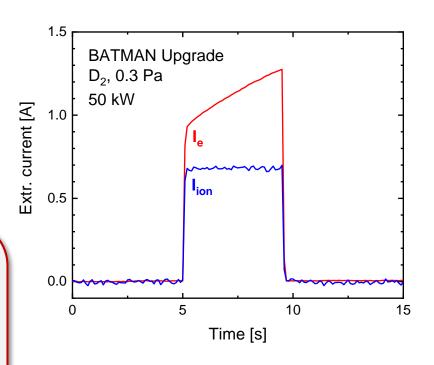
#### **Challenges**

#### **Co-extracted electrons**

- Deuterium
- Asymmetry
- Long-pulse stability
   → Cs dynamics

#### **Beam optics**

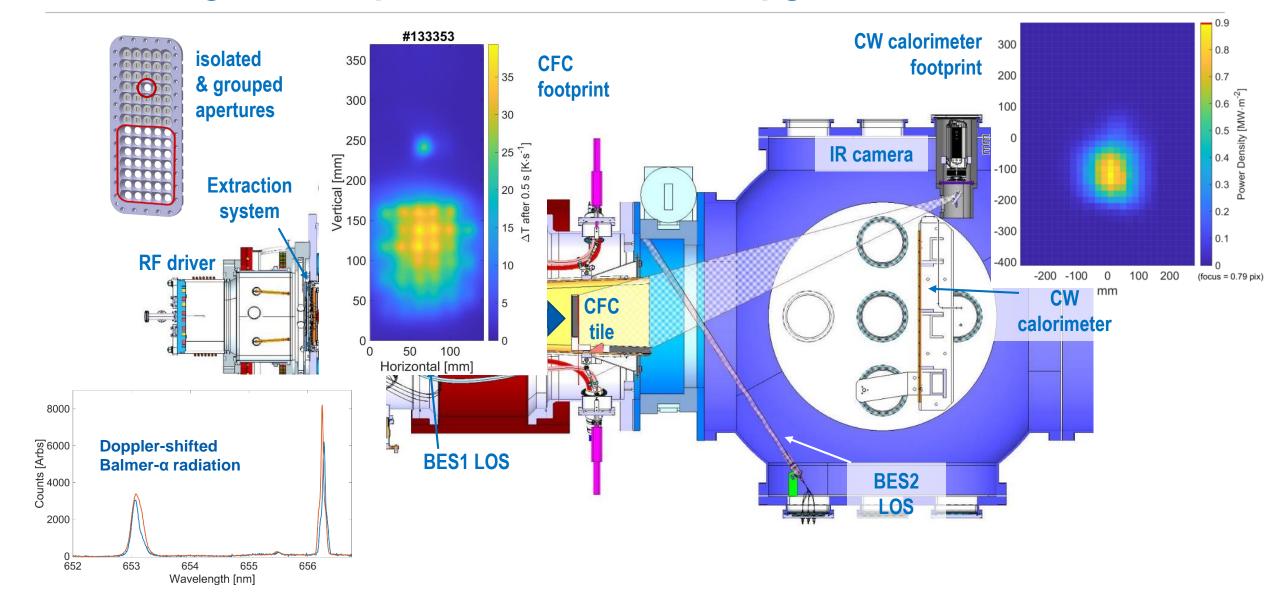
- Homogeneity
- Divergence



**BATMAN Upgrade** contributions

## Beam diagnostic capabilities at BATMAN Upgrade

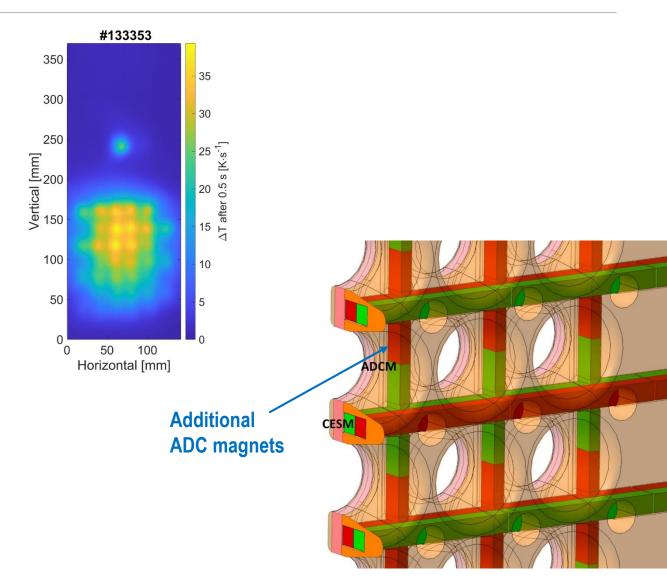




## Zig-zag compensation of beamlet rows



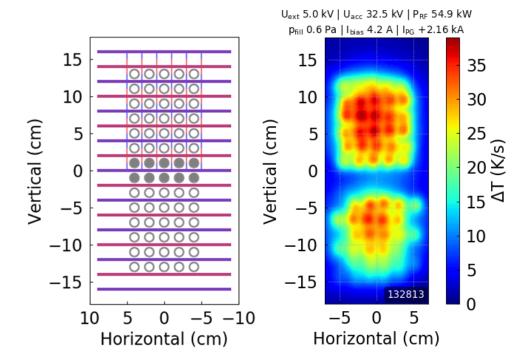
- Row-wise zig-zag deflection created by alternating polarity of Co-extracted Electron Supression Magnets (CESM) in EG
- Additional asymmetric deflection compensation magnets (ADCM): harmonize vertical B-field & cancel out row-wise zigzag deflection (pioneered by Consorzio RFX)
- Joint project with ITER Organization: Test at BATMAN Upgrade
- Compensation designed with IBSimu simulations for BATMAN Upgrade, new EG (& PG) manufactured & installed

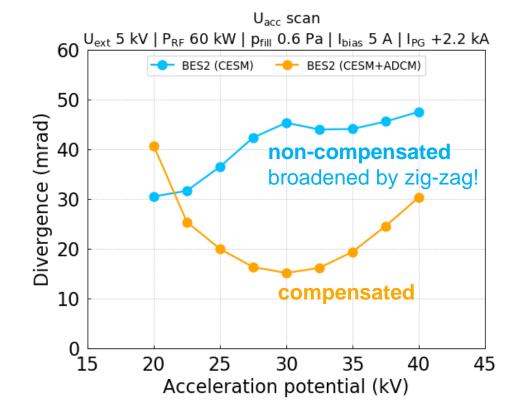


## Zig-zag compensation of beamlet rows



- ADCM mounted only in upper grid half
- CFC footprint: good compensation to be seen visually
- Lower BES2 divergence at compensated grid half (BES collects signal created by a manifold of beamlets!)
- Proof of IBSimu predictions





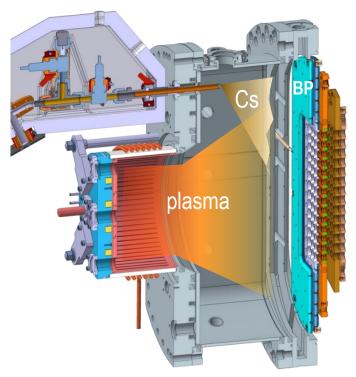
#### **Further details:**

poster N. den Harder (poster session 1)

## **Upgrades towards long pulses**



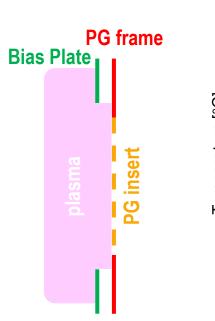
- After upgrading BATMAN to BATMAN Upgrade in 2017:
   Pulse length still limited to a few seconds (typical: 10 s plasma including 4.5 s beam)
- Limiting components:
  - High-speed vacuum pump (Ti getter pumps): replaced in 2019 by a cryopump (42 000 mbar I regeneration limit allows 2–3 h gas injection) © EUROfusion
  - Beam dump calorimeter: replaced in 2020 by CW capable one
  - Heat-up of not-directly cooled PG & BP by plasma
    - Both components can withstand several 100 °C technically
    - Experience from former MANITU test facility:
       heat-up of source components significantly influence Cs dynamics
    - What is the tolerable temperature threshold?

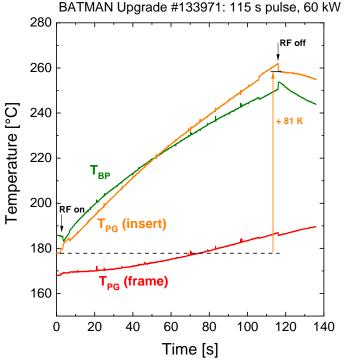


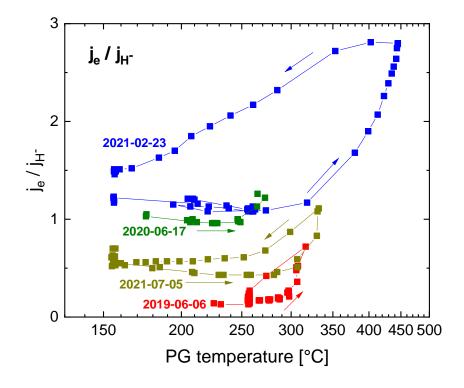
## **Need for PG/BP temperature control**



- Increase of PG temperature (& bias plate temperature) up to 81 K in 115 s pulse
- Check of influence of PG temperature on source performance (short pulses with active PG heating):
   PG temperature should not exceed 250 °C (thermal Cs desorption becomes dominant)
- $\rightarrow$  present limitation of pulse length to  $\approx$  100 s, cooling required for longer pulses (design phase started)







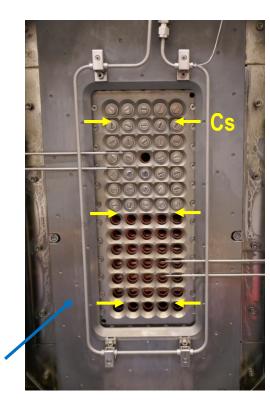
## **Alternative Cs evaporation concepts**

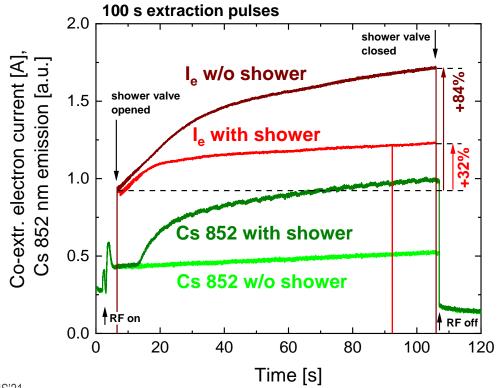


- Test of alternative Cs evaporation concepts (aim: increase of neutral Cs flux onto PG in long pulses)
- **Promising first results** (additional Cs evaporation from shower reduces increase of co-extr. electron current)
- Further tests required (HV holding of grid system, deuterium)

**Further details:** 

talk A. Mimo, Friday 09:40





Shower tube (54 holes, 0.4 mm diam.)

## **Summary and Outlook**



#### **BATMAN Upgrade**

ion source for Neutral Beam Injection research, flexible, 1/8 ITER ion source size

#### **Beam optics investigations**

- Beam diagnostics enhanced:
   BES, CFC tile calorimetry,
   CW beam dump calorimeter
- Magnetic compensation system for zig-zag correction successfully characterized
  - → IBSimu simulations confirmed

#### Long pulse stability

- Upgrade towards long pulses: present limitation is heat-up of PG & BP by plasma
  - Temperatures > 250 °C lead to a strong decrease of the source performance
  - Pulse length limited to ≈ 100 s
- Test of alternative Cs evaporation concepts:
   Cs shower shows promising first results