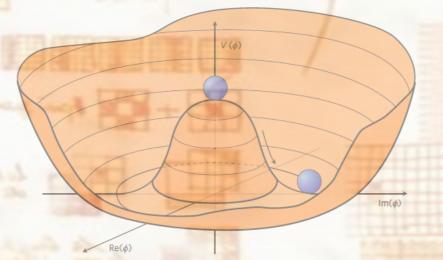


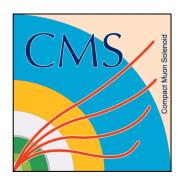
Measurement of the Higgs cross sections in the $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ channel at CMS

Walaa Elmetenawee¹ on behalf of The CMS collaboration



Higgs 2021 (18-22 Oct 2021)

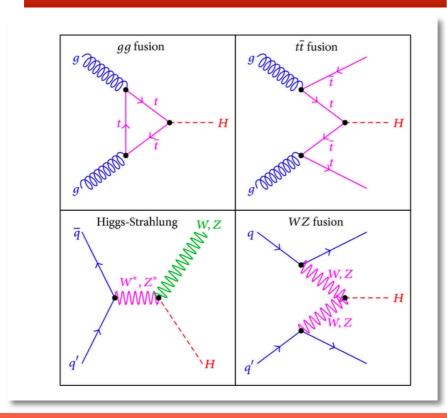
¹ University & INFN Bari



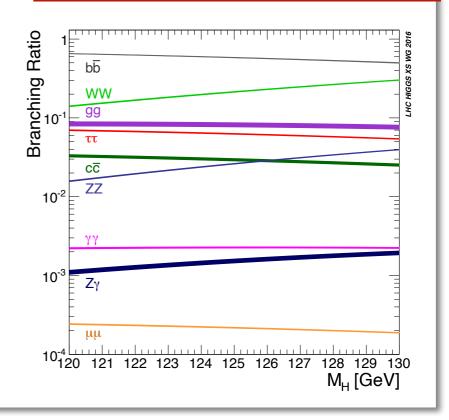
Overview



Mian Higgs production modes



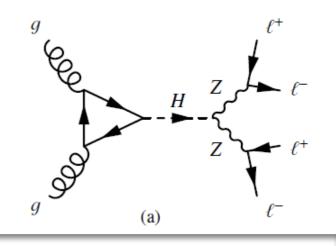
Higgs decay modes and BR



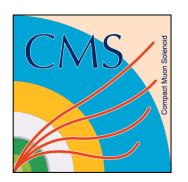
Event Signature:

- ★ Large signal V.S. bkg ratio: > 2:1 under the Higgs peak.
- Signal is fully reconstructed using four lepton with good momentum resolution.
- ☆ Good mass resolution (1-2%).
- Low branching fraction (0.012%) compensated by fully reconstructed final state.

H → ZZ → 4ℓ channel







Analysis Strategy

GeV

7

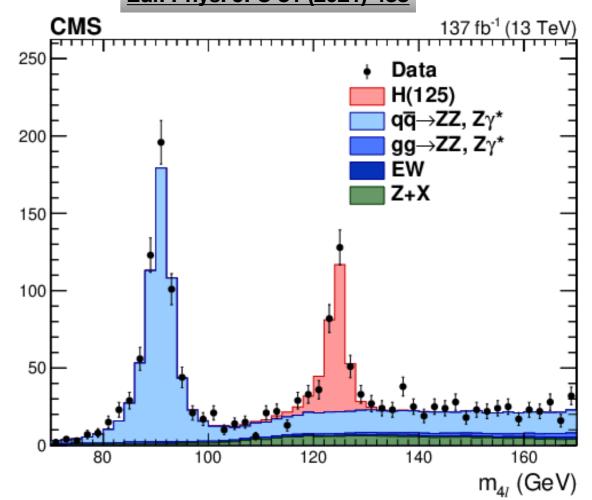
Events /



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Selection strategy

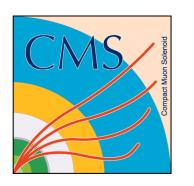
- Electrons (muons) reconstructed down to 7 (5) GeV.
- Selected leptons: lepton identification, isolation, SIP cut & final gamma radiation recovery algorithms.
- ★ Z candidates: OSSF pairs of fully selected leptons
 12 < m||(y) < 120 GeV.
 </p>
- ★ ZZ candidates: apply series of selection cuts. ► Backup
- corrections for efficiencies in data measured by Tag&Probe.



Background and signal modelling:

- Irreducible: qq→ZZ and gg→ZZ from simulation with additional QCD and EW k-factors as a function of m4l.
- Reducible: Z+X estimated using data-driven method in control regions using 2 independent methods.
- Signal: ggH, VBF, WH, ZH, ttH, production modes considered from simulation.





Fiducial and Simplifies template cross-section [NFN]



Fiducial cross-section

- Optimized for maximal theoretical independence.
- Fiducial in Higgs decay.
- Agnostic to production mode.
- Simple signal cuts.
- Exact fiducial volume.
- Can be done with single and differential distributions.
- Combination not straightforward.

Simplified templates cross-section

- Target maximum sensitivity, while keeping theoretical dependence as small as possible.
- Cross section split by production mode
- Cross section divided in exclusive regions of phase space (bins).
- Inclusive in Higgs decay.
- Allows complex event selections, categorisation.
- Explicitly designed for combination.

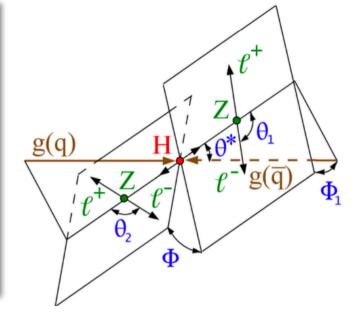


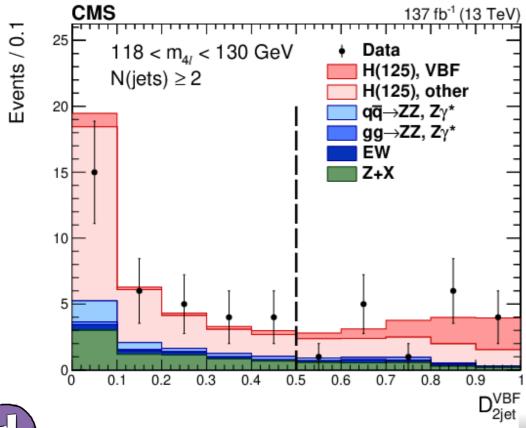


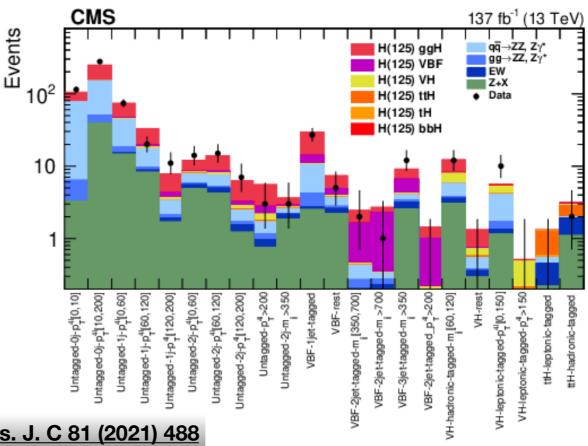
STXS Measurement Strategy



- Matrix-element based kinematic discriminants calculated with **MELA**.
- **Categorization:**
 - split events into mutually exclusive production mode categories.
 - split production mode categories into 22 kinematic regions.
 - using equivalent reco quantities e.g. p^{4ℓ}⇔p^H

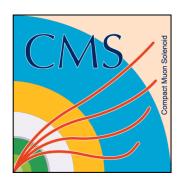








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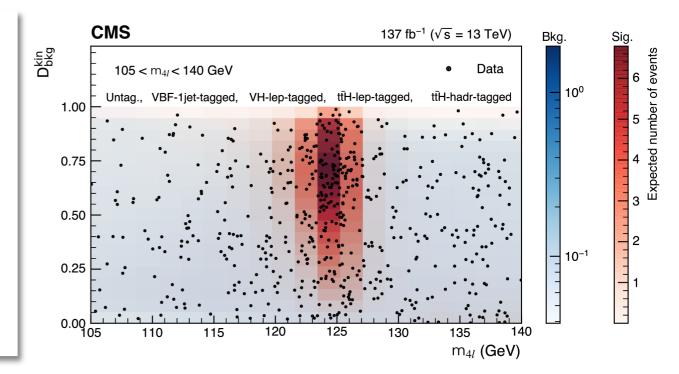


STXS Measurement Strategy



★ Two types of discriminants used:

- Decay only discriminant provides significant discrimination between ggH signal and ZZ background.
- Decay + production discriminants provide significant discrimination between VBF/ VH and ggH



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Two-dimensional likelihood fit in (m_{4l}, \mathcal{D}_{bkg}) in all 22 analysis categories

- $\not\simeq \mathcal{P}(m_{4\ell})$ Decay unbinned analytic shape for each (STXS bin, category, decay channel)
- $\not\simeq \mathcal{P}\left(\mathcal{D}_{bkg}|m_{4\ell}\right)$: binned template, conditional on value of $m_{4\ell}$
- Systematic included which affect shape and normalisation of S + B models.

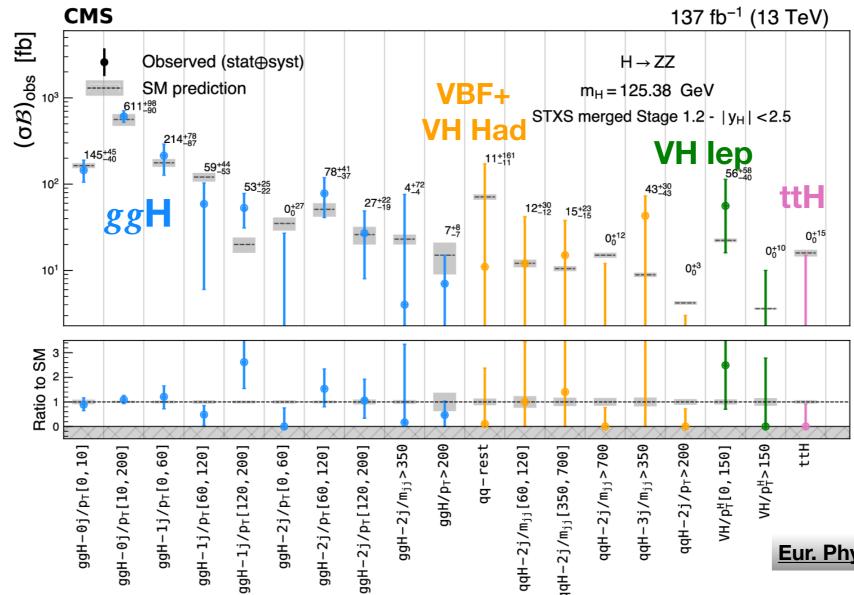




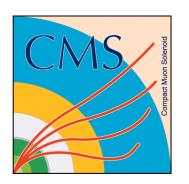
STXS Results



- Use likelihood to unfold $\sigma \cdot B$ in 19 independent kinematic regions.







Differential measurements

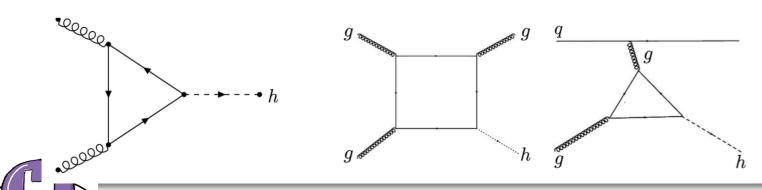
▶Backup



WHY?

New physics might affect the shape of Higgs distribution, without affecting its overall production. "Differential measurements" are needed to identify such effects.

- Transverse momentum: p_T(H)
 - Sensitive to modifications of effective Higgs Yukawa couplings.
 - Sensitivity to finite top mass effects.
- Jet multiplicity and p_T
 - New physics in the quark loop (especially at high jet p_T)
- Higgs rapidity:
 - Effects on gluon PDF.



HOW?

Fiducial Volume

Observables and binning

Response matrix

Unfolding

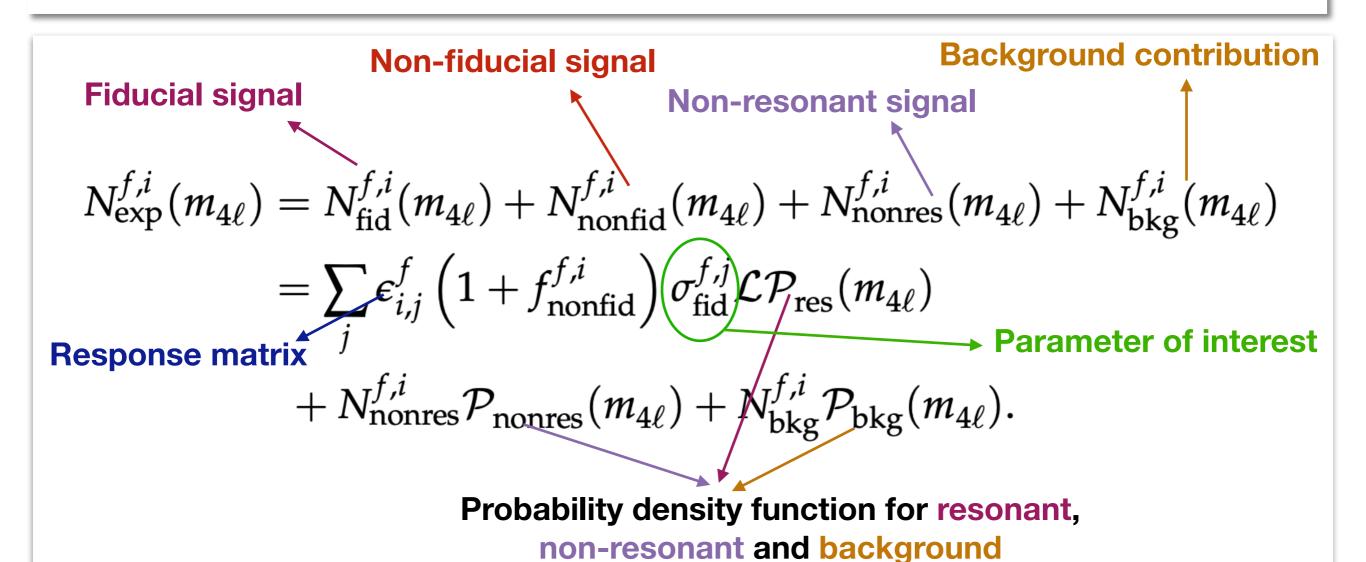
Interpretation



Fiducial cross-section measurements



Measured by performing a maximum likelihood fit of the signal and background parameterisations to the observed 4l mass distribution.



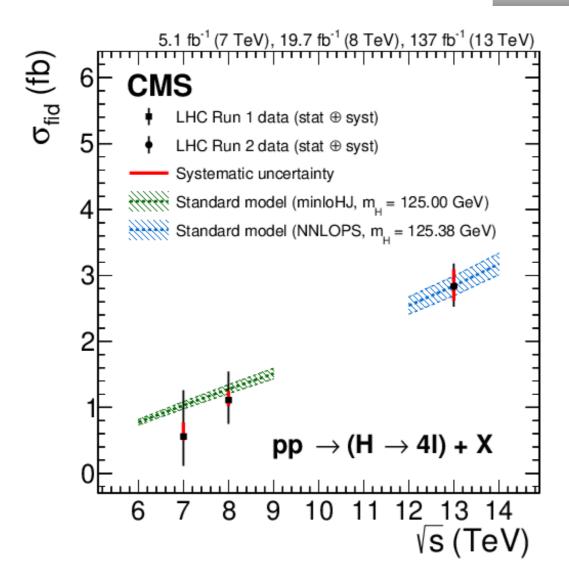


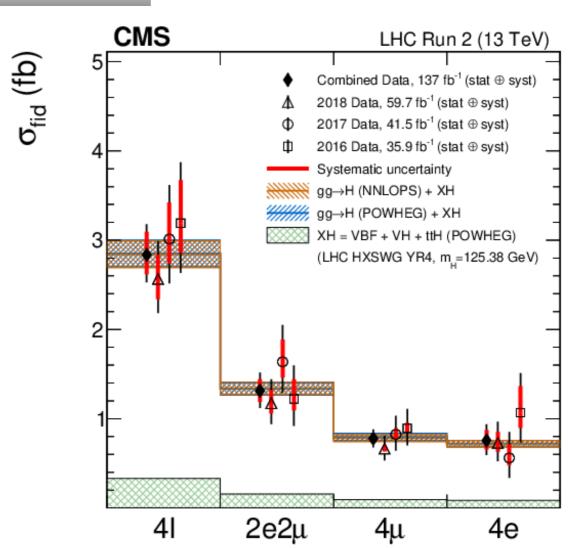


Inclusive cross-section Results



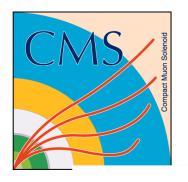
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$$\sigma_{
m fid} = 2.84^{+0.34}_{-0.31} = 2.84^{+0.23}_{-0.22} \, ({
m stat})^{+0.26}_{-0.21} \, ({
m syst}) \, {
m fb}$$
 $\sigma_{
m fid}^{
m SM} = 2.84 \pm 0.15 \, {
m fb}.$

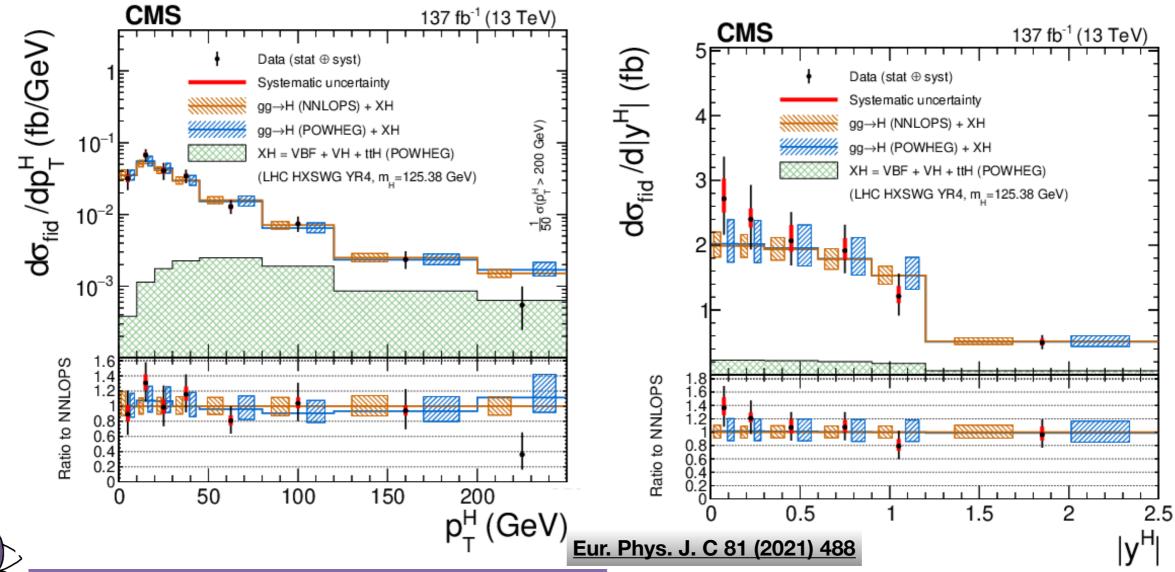




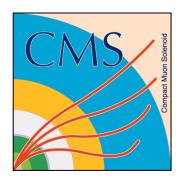
Differential cross-section results



- \Rightarrow Differential cross section measured for $p_{T}(H)$, |y(H)|, N(jet), $p_{T}(jet)$
- Unfolding performed by including response matrix in the likelihood
- Compared to predictions from POWHEG and NNLOPS



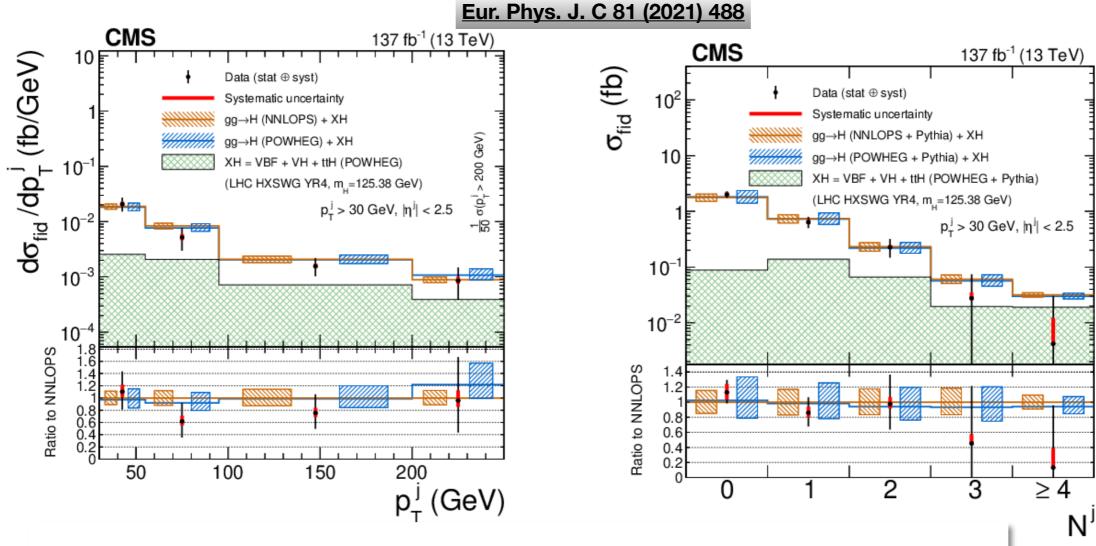




Differential cross-section results

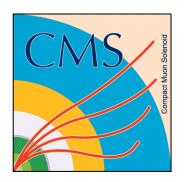


- Arr Differential cross section measured for p_T(H), |y(H)|, N(jet), p_T(jet)
- Unfolding performed by including response matrix in the likelihood
- Compared to predictions from POWHEG and NNLOPS





Only central jets with $|\eta|$ < 2.5 used in the measurement

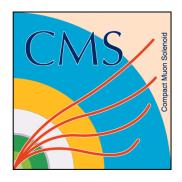


Summary



- The CMS Collaboration produced its first results on differential Higgs distributions at 13TeV
- - Measure H production in different kinematic regions.
 - Covered most recent CMS H cross section measurements.
 - Measurements compatible with SM predictions.
- As Run 3 approaches: must continue effort to pin down the Higgs sector
 - leave no stone/region of phase space unturned.













Analysis Strategy



☆SM Higgs selections:

- **Z** Candidate: any OS-SF pair that satisfy $12 < m_{ll(\gamma)} < 120$ GeV.
- Build all possible **ZZ** candidates, define Z1 candidate with $mll(\gamma)$ closest to the PDG m(Z) mass.
- $M_{Z_1} > 40 \text{ GeV}, p_T(l_1) > 20 \text{ GeV/c}, p_T(l_2) > 10 \text{ GeV/c}.$
- **Ghost removal**: Δ R > 0.02 between any two leptons.
- QCD suppression: $M_{11} > 4$ GeV for OS pairs, irrespective of flavor.
- Additional "smart cut" to reject 4mu/4e pairs where the alternative pairing looks like a on-shell Z+low-mass ll.
- $M_{41} > 70 \text{ GeV}$

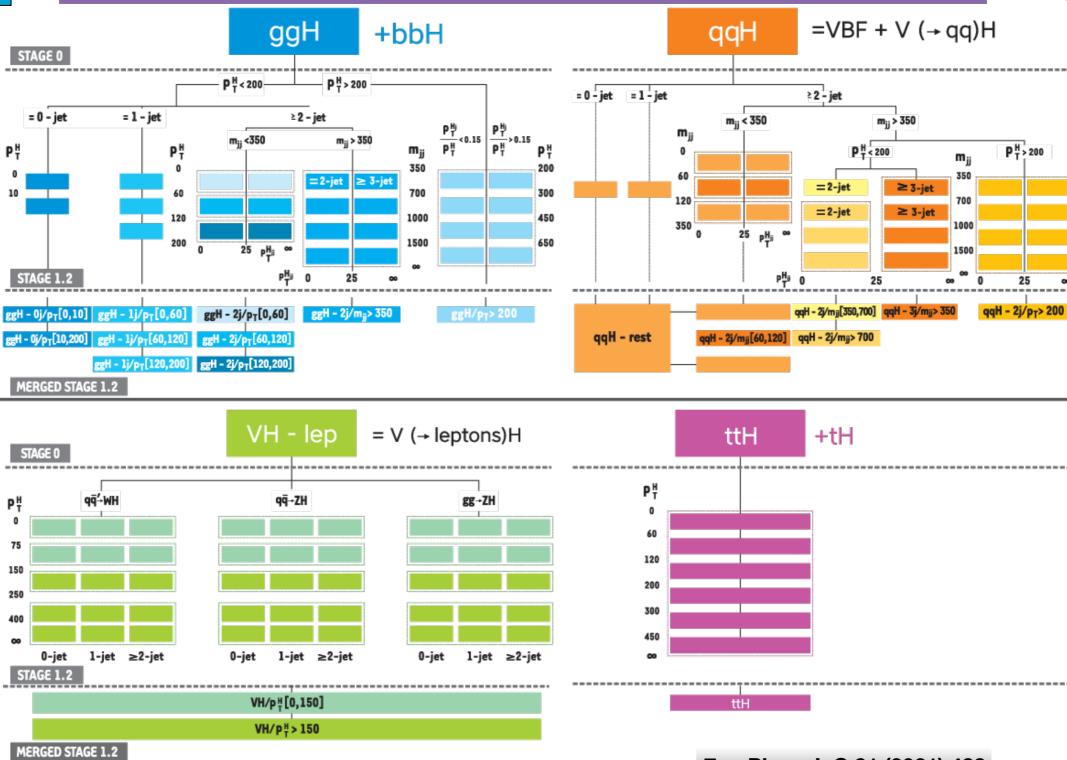
If more than one ZZ candidates remains, we choose the one with highest D_{bkg}^{kin} . If D_{bkg}^{kin} is the same take the one with Z_1 mass closest to the m(Z).





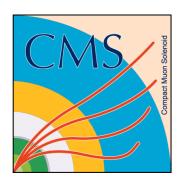
Simplified template cross sections







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Fiducial region definition



Summary of requirements used in the definition of the fiducial phase space for the H \rightarrow 4 ℓ cross section measurements

Lepton kinematics and isolation

Leading lepton $p_{\rm T} > 20 \, {\rm GeV}$

Next-to-leading lepton $p_{\rm T} > 10 \, {\rm GeV}$

Additional electrons (muons) $p_{\rm T} > 7(5) \,{\rm GeV}$

Pseudorapidity of electrons (muons) $|\eta| < 2.5 (2.4)$

Sum of scalar $p_{\rm T}$ of all stable particles within $\Delta R < 0.3$ from lepton $< 0.35 p_{\rm T}$

Event topology

Existence of at least two same-flavor OS lepton pairs, where leptons satisfy criteria above

Inv. mass of the Z_1 candidate $40 < m_{Z_1} < 120 \,\text{GeV}$

Inv. mass of the Z_2 candidate $12 < m_{Z_2} < 120 \,\text{GeV}$

Distance between selected four leptons $\Delta R(\ell_i, \ell_j) > 0.02$ for any $i \neq j$

Inv. mass of any opposite sign lepton pair $m_{\ell^+\ell'^-} > 4 \, \text{GeV}$

Inv. mass of the selected four leptons $105 < m_{4\ell} < 140 \,\text{GeV}$

