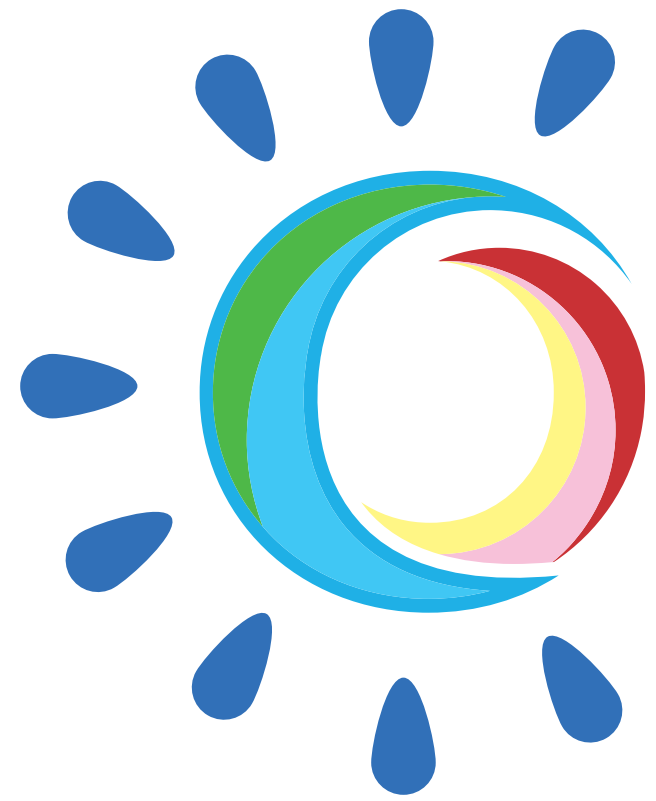


SQM2022

The 20th International Conference on Strangeness in Quark Matter
13-17 June 2022 Busan, Republic of Korea



Recent experimental results on heavy flavor

Qipeng Hu

LLNL & CU Boulder

June 15, 2022



University of Colorado **Boulder**

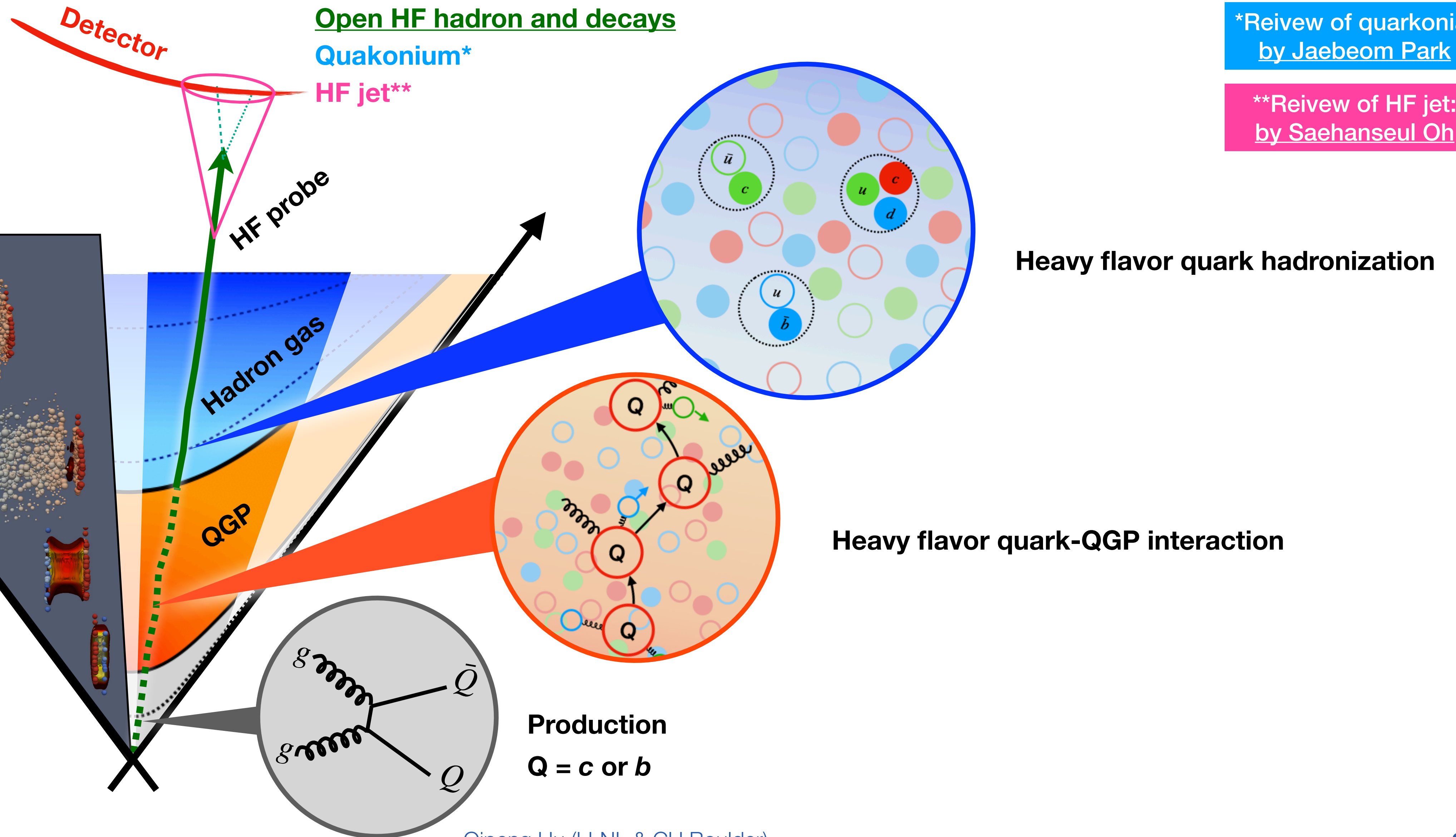


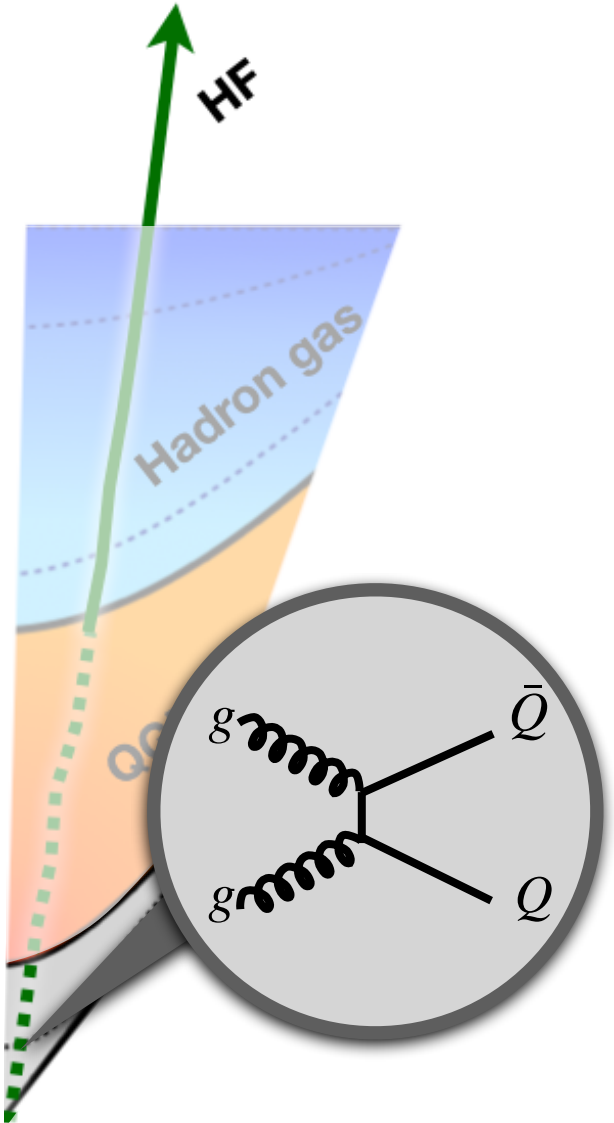
**Lawrence Livermore
National Laboratory**

Open heavy flavor in QGP

*Reivew of quarkonia:
by Jaebeom Park

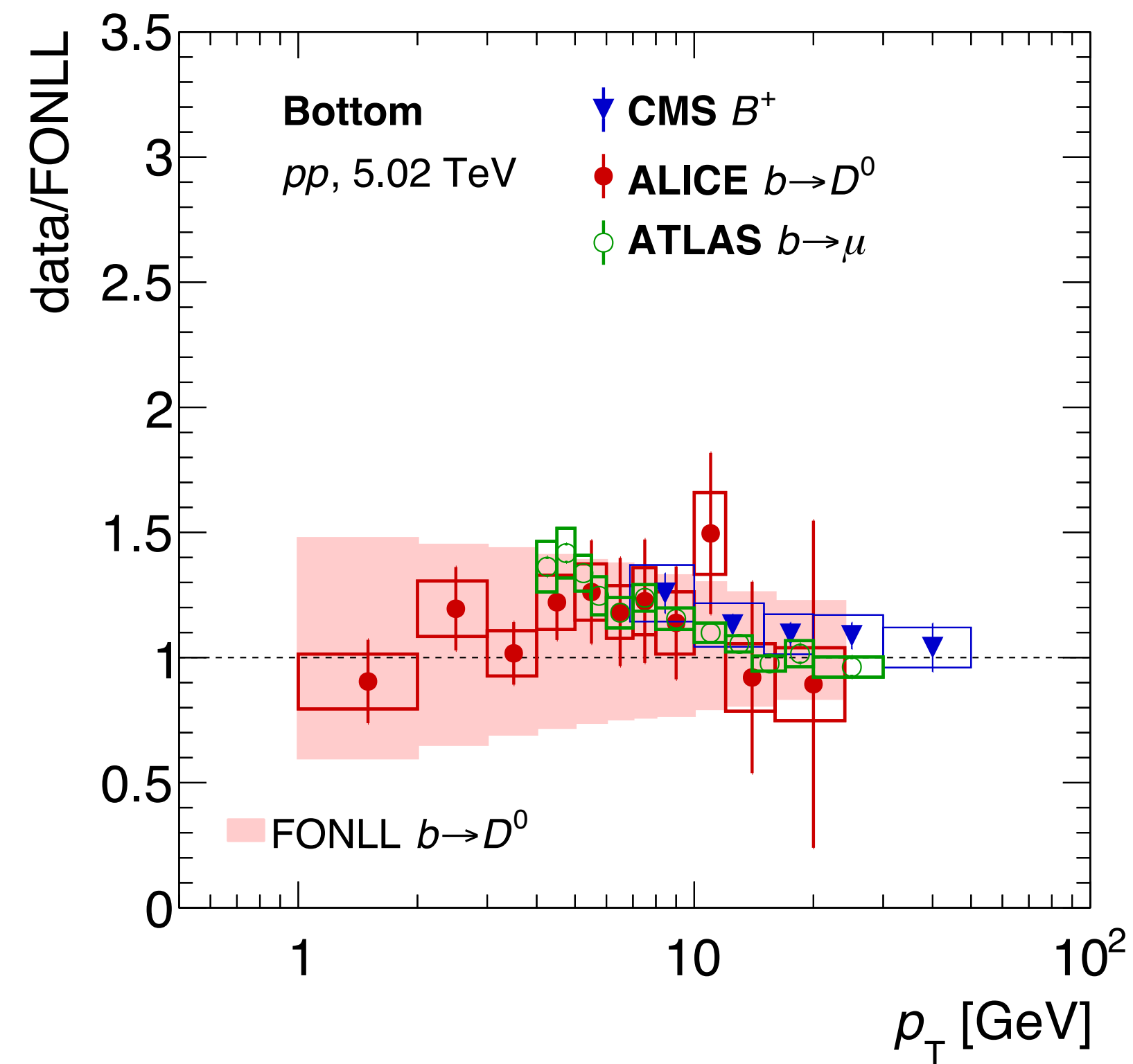
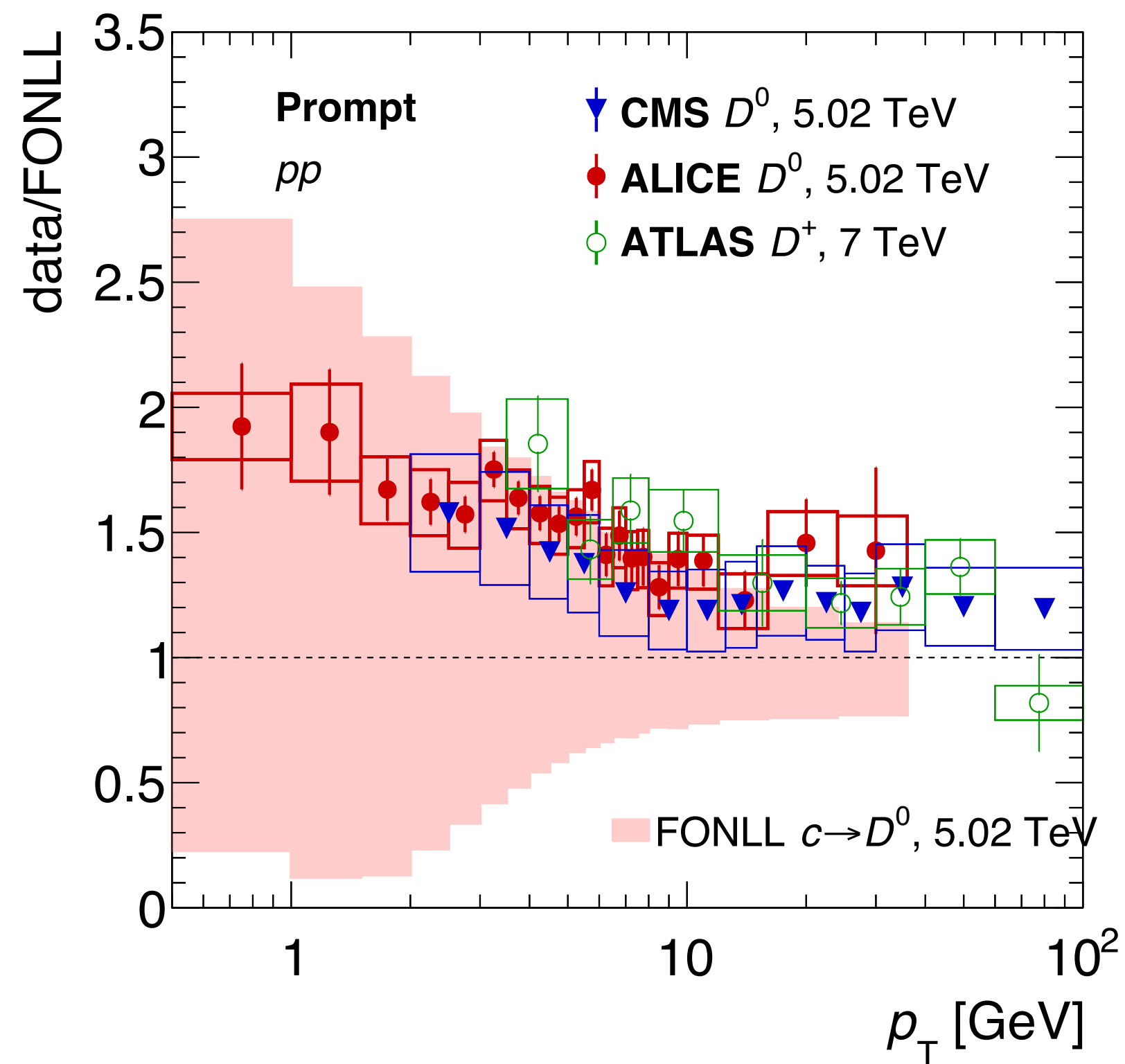
**Reivew of HF jet:
by Saehanseul Oh





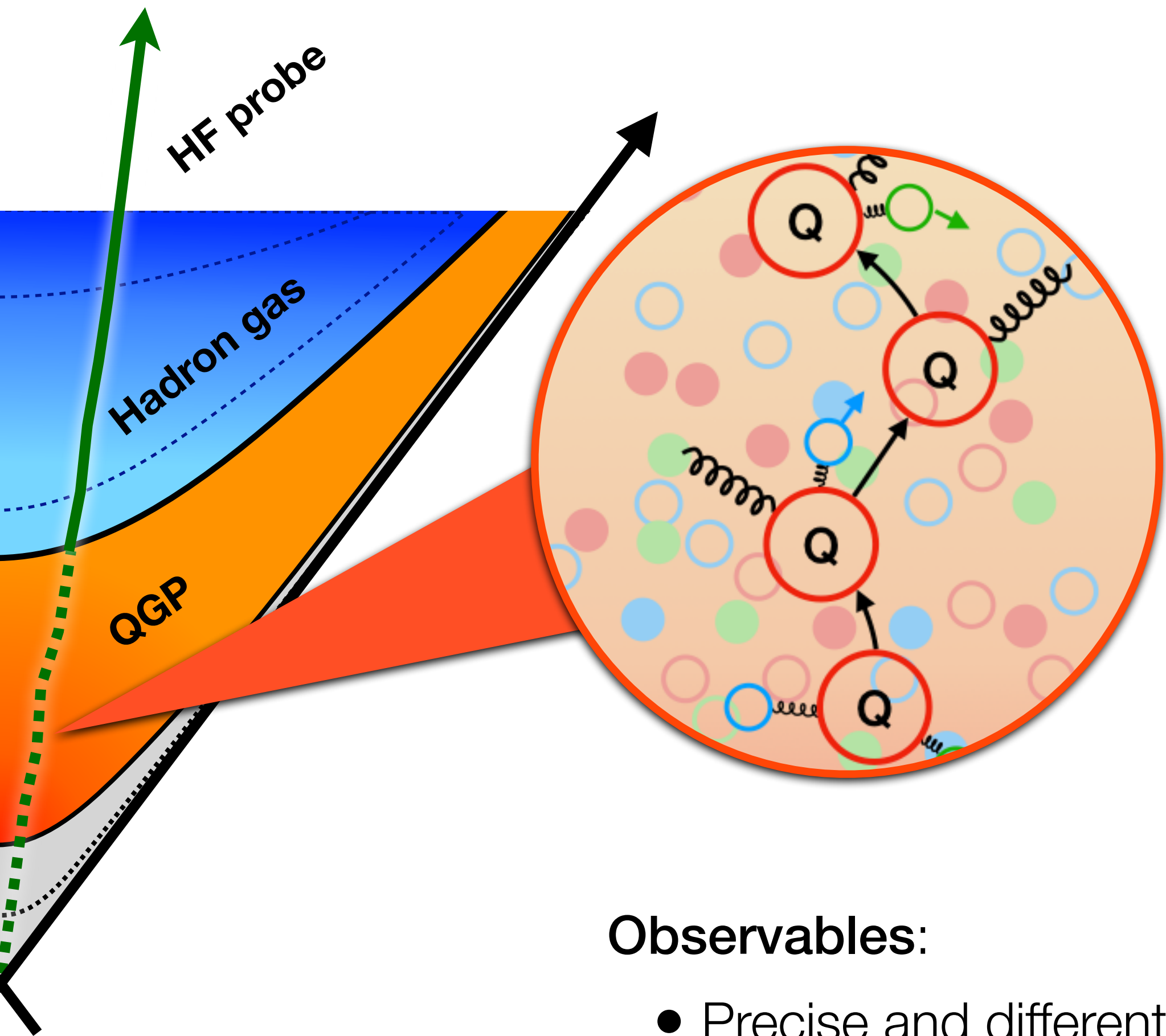
HF production in pp — cross section

ALICE D^0 : [JHEP 05 \(2021\) 220](#)
 CMS D^0 : [PLB 782 \(2018\) 474](#)
 ATLAS D^+ : [NPB 907 \(2016\) 717](#)
 CMS B^+ : [PRL 119 \(2017\) 152301](#)
 ATLAS muon: [PLB 829 \(2022\) 137077](#)



- Data/FONLL of charm and bottom cross sections in pp collisions
- FONLL describe bottom cross section better. Charm data/FONLL ratio stays flat above 6 GeV, still good input for HF-QGP interaction

Open heavy flavor **in medium**



Open charm probes:

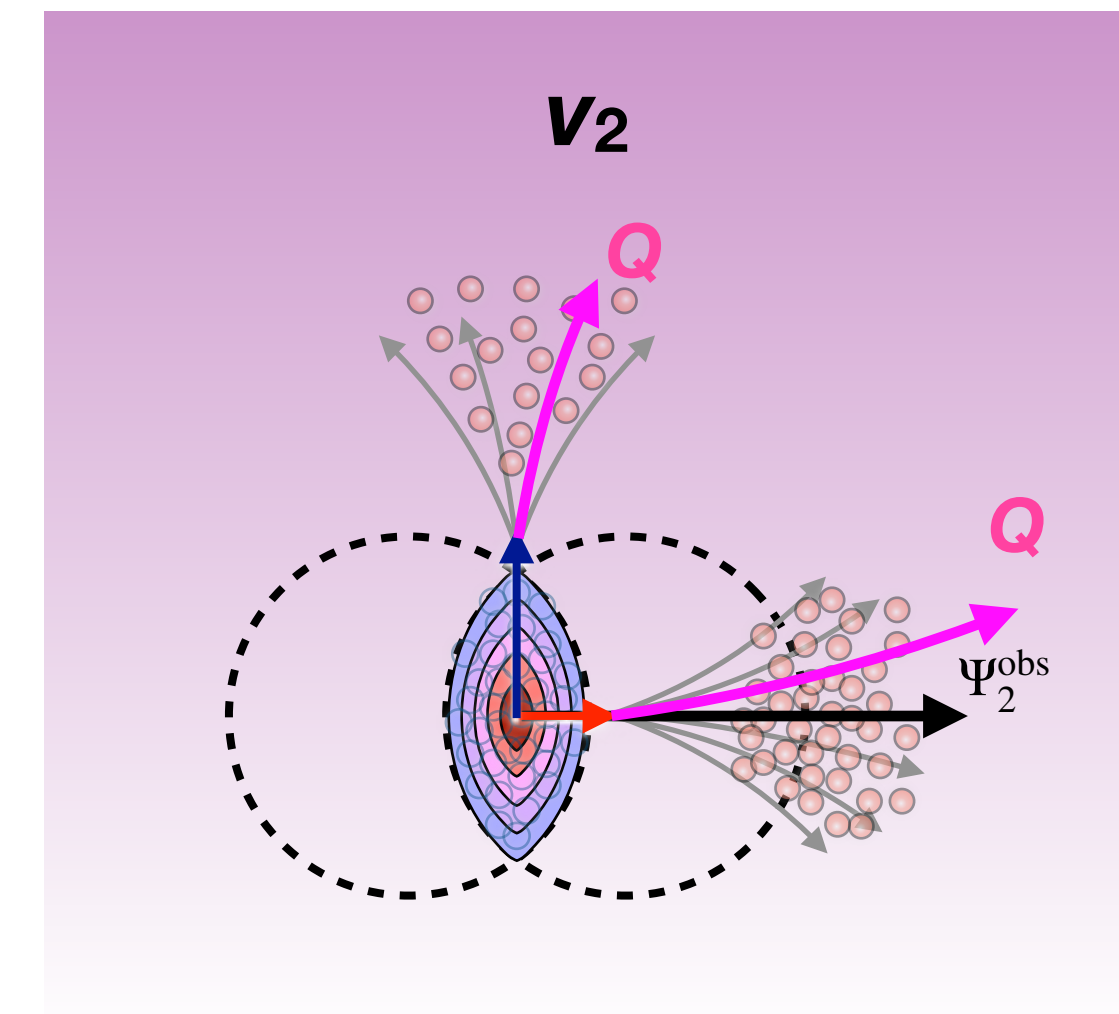
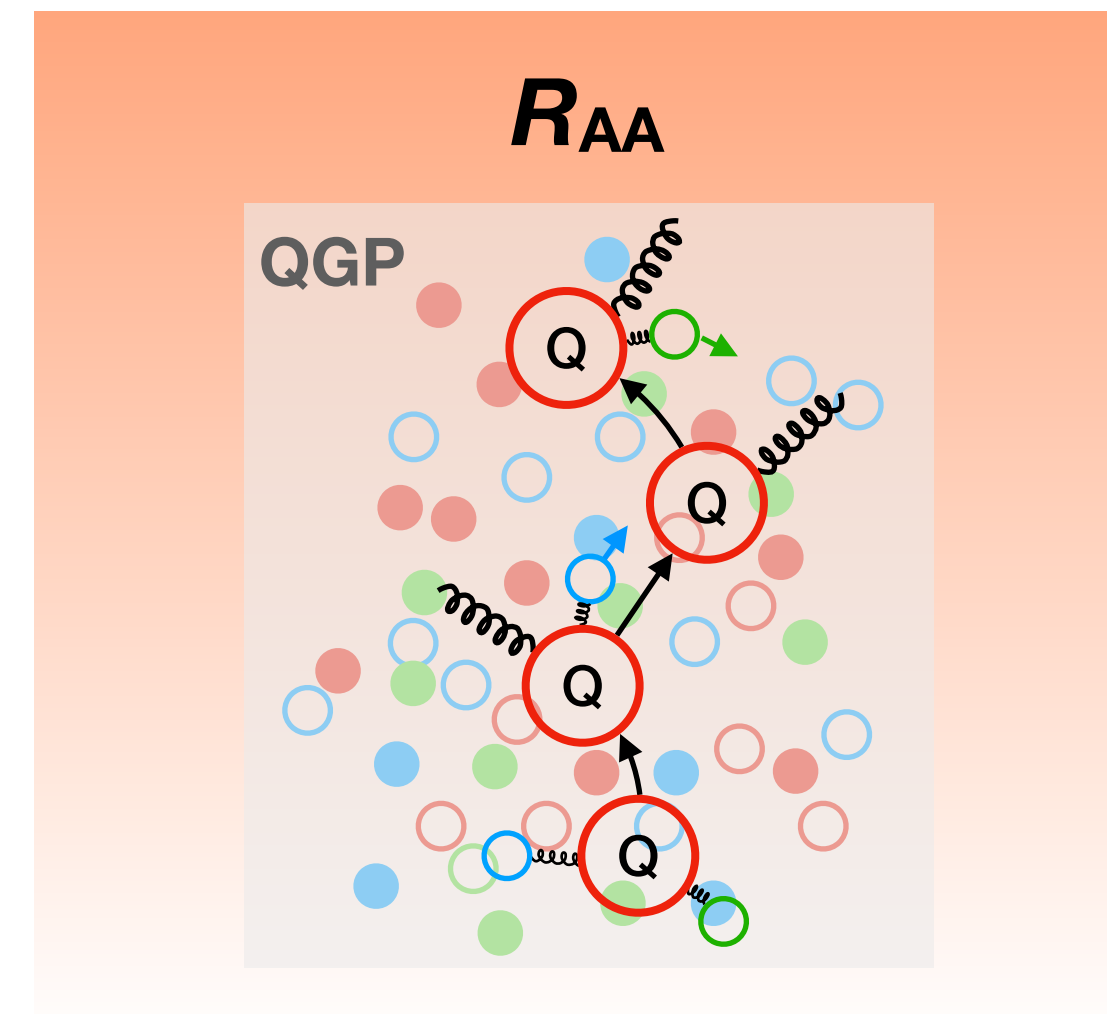
- Prompt D hadron
- $c \rightarrow l$

Open bottom probes:

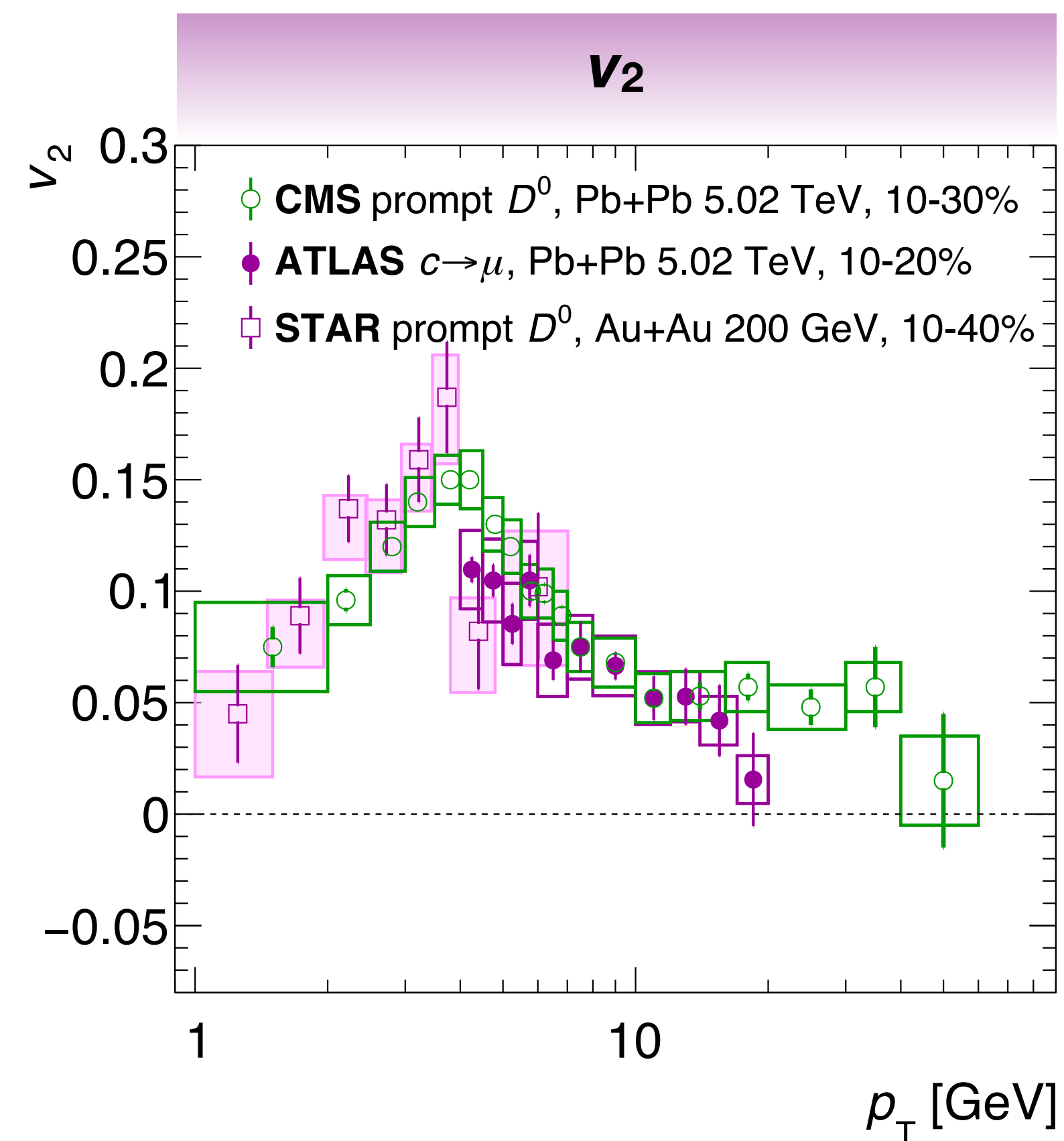
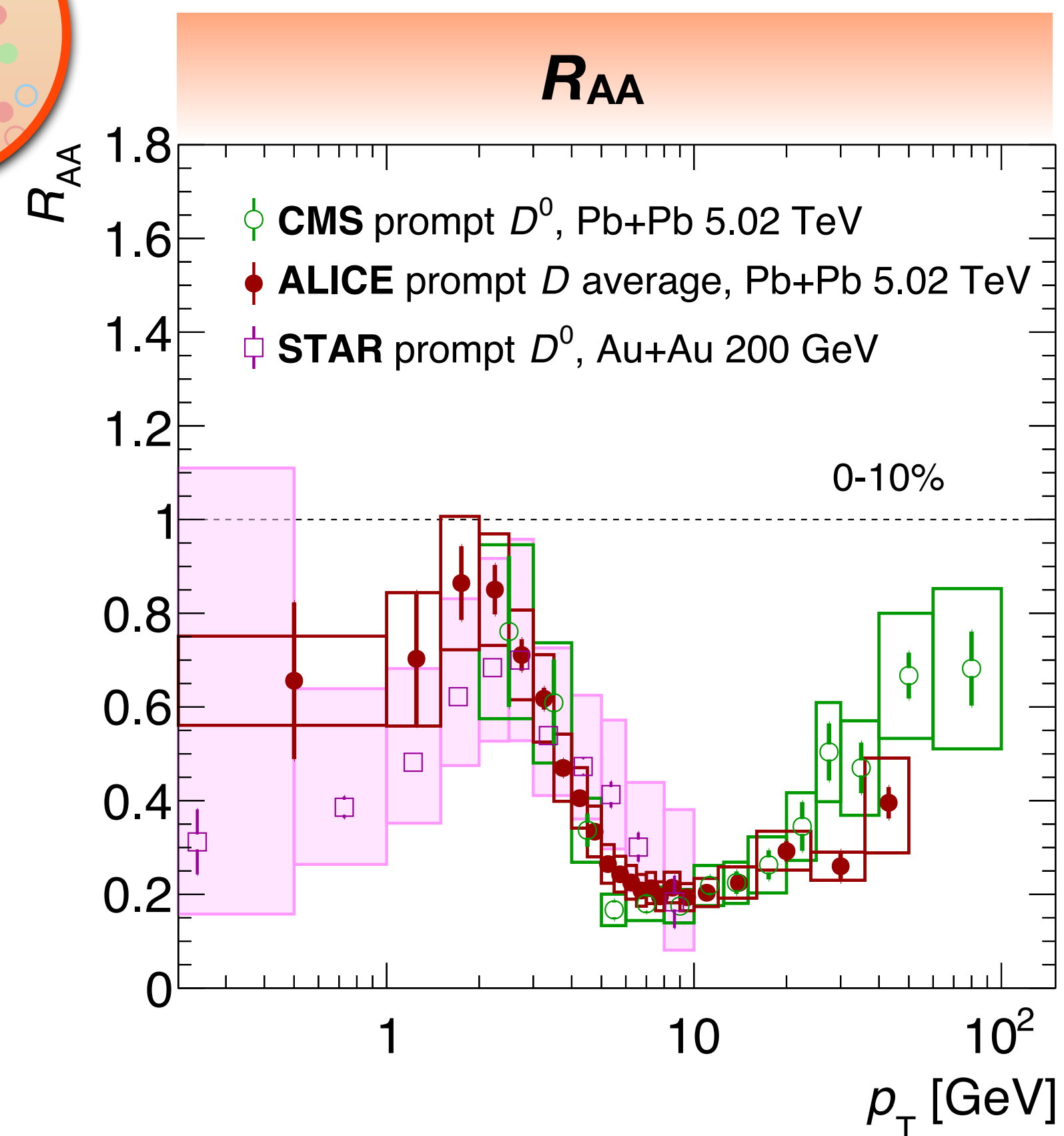
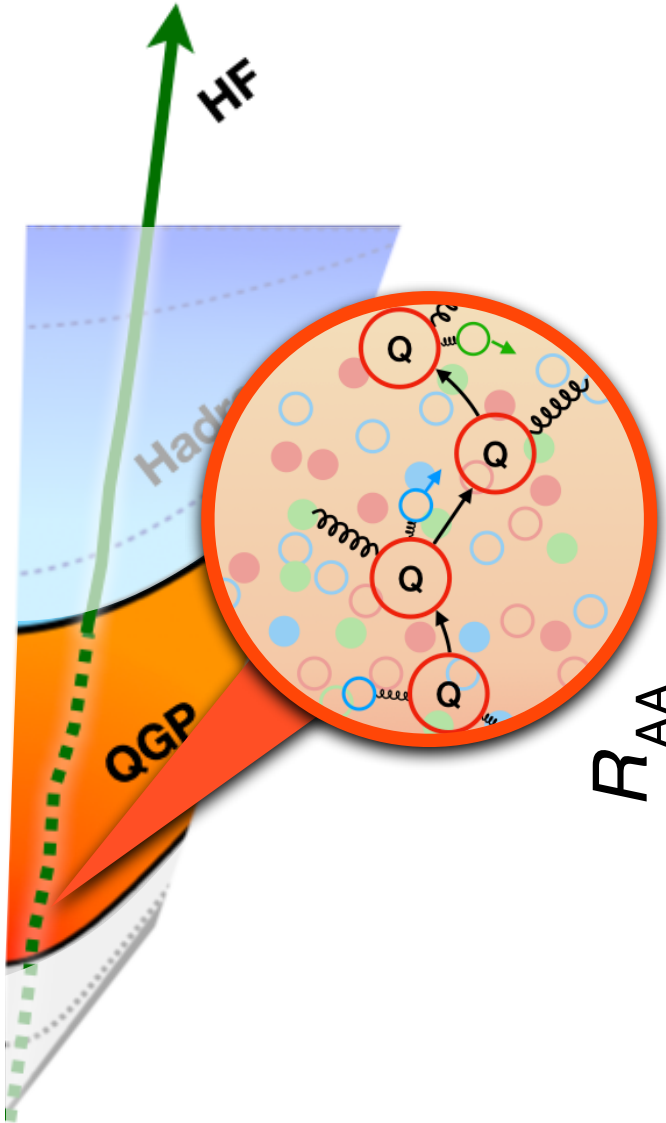
- $b \rightarrow D/\psi/l$
- Fully reconstructed B hadron

Observables:

- Precise and differential: R_{AA} , v_2



Charm-hadron in medium

ALICE R_{AA} , [JHEP 01 \(2022\) 174](#)CMS R_{AA} , [PLB 782 \(2018\) 474](#)STAR R_{AA} [PRC 99 \(2019\) 034908](#)

- Precise R_{AA} and v_2 measured down to $p_T \sim 0$ GeV. Open charm is strongly modified in a p_T dependent way
- Perfect consistency between LHC experiments: ALICE, CMS, ATLAS
- Similarity between LHC and RHIC

Bottom-hadron in medium — R_{AA}

CMS B^+ : [PRL 119 \(2017\) 152301](#)

ALICE non-prompt D^0 : [arXiv:2202.00815](#)

CMS non-prompt J/ψ : [EPJC 78 \(2018\) 509](#)

ATLAS non-prompt J/ψ : [EPJC 78 \(2018\) 762](#)

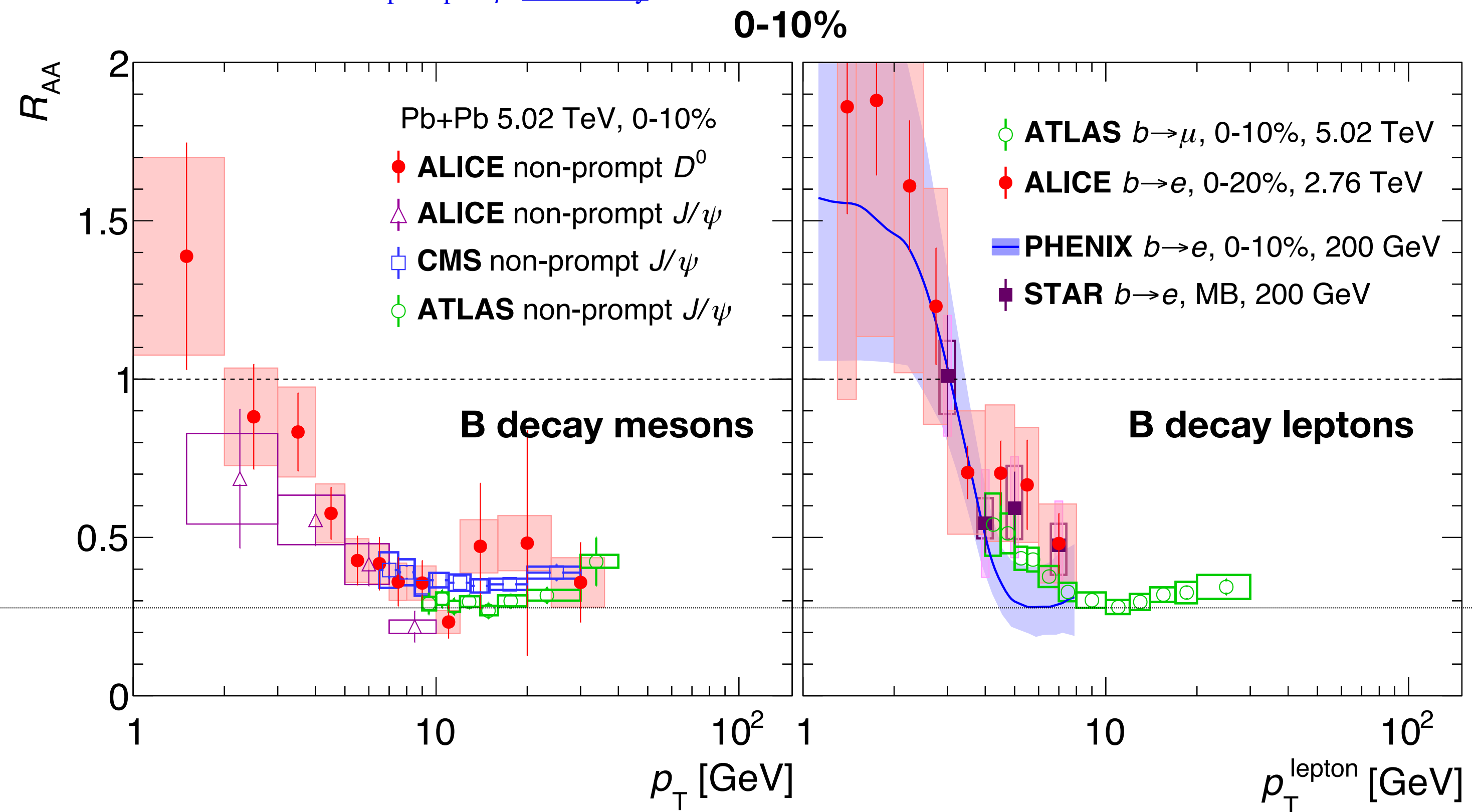
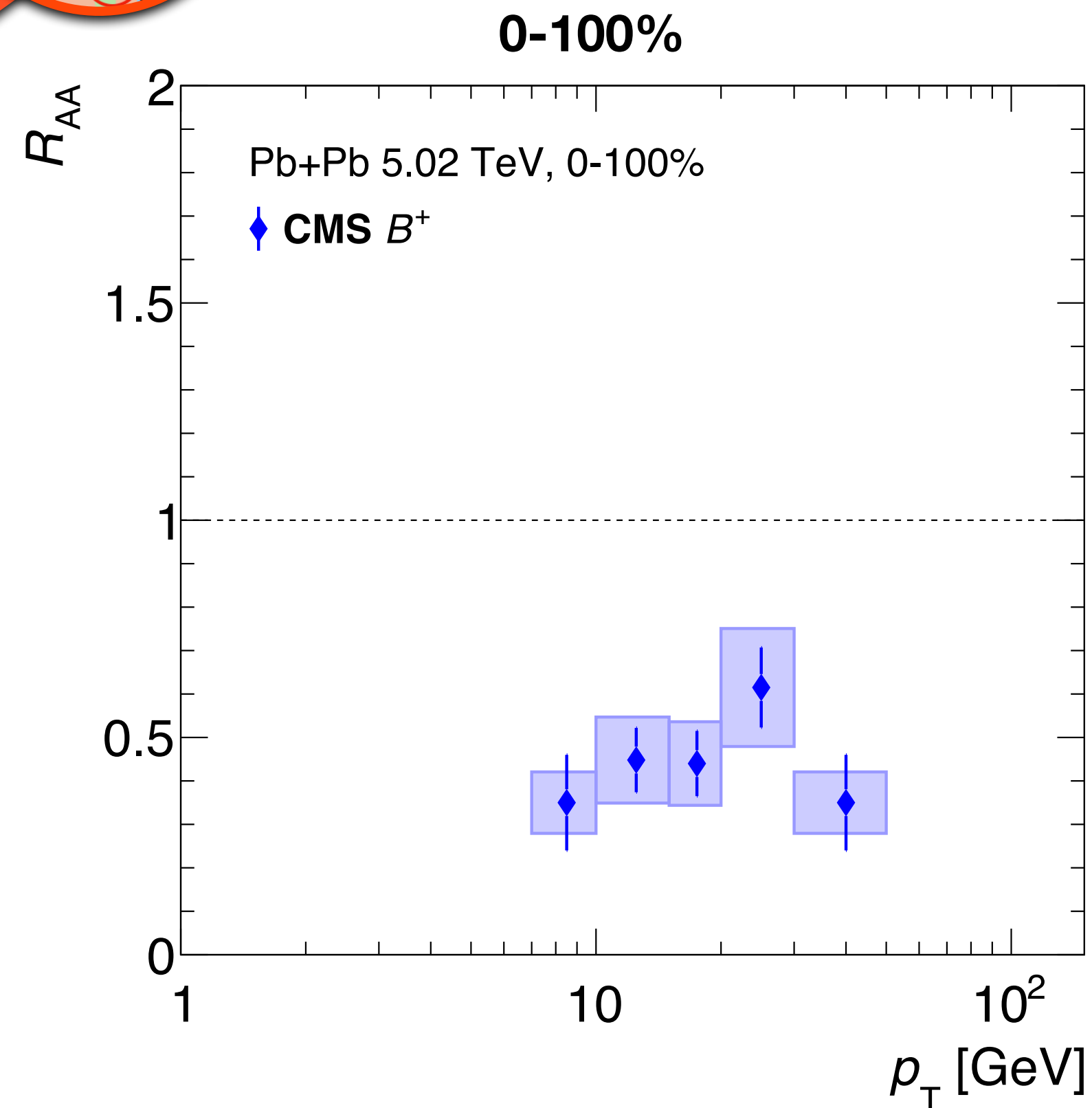
ALICE non-prompt J/ψ : [Preliminary](#)

ATLAS muon: [PLB 829 \(2022\) 137077](#)

ALICE electron: [JHEP 07 \(2017\) 052](#)

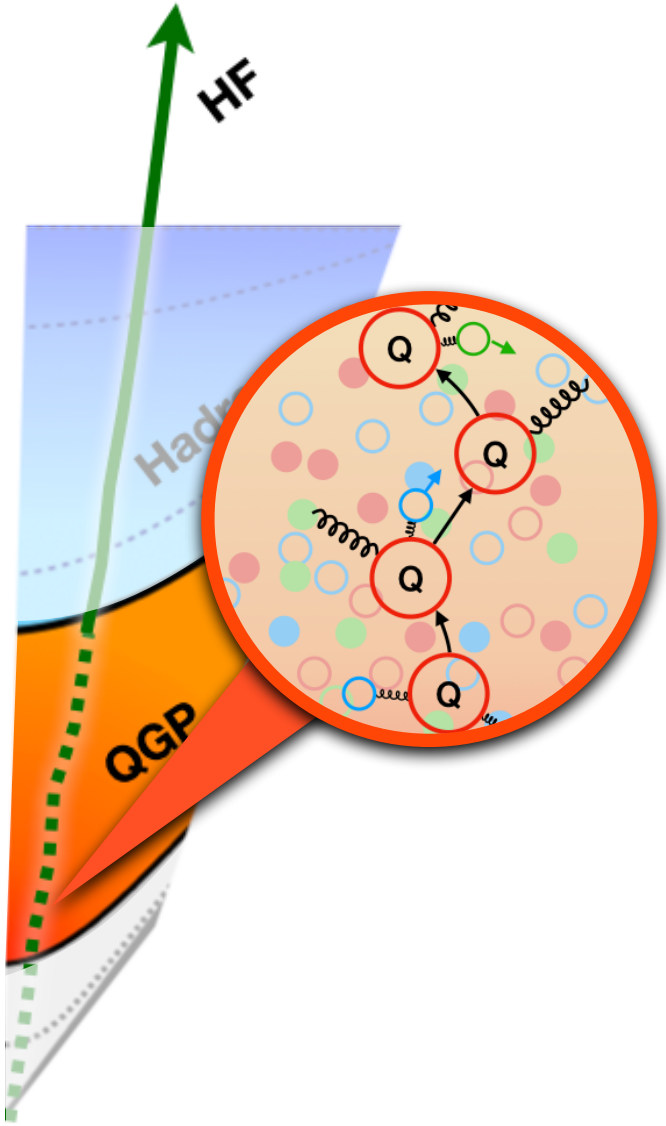
PHENIX electron: [arXiv:2203.17058](#)

STAR electron: [arXiv:2111.14615](#)



- B^+ R_{AA} has limited kinematic coverage and precision
- Bottom R_{AA} measured via B decays can reach much higher precision

Bottom-hadron in medium — V_2



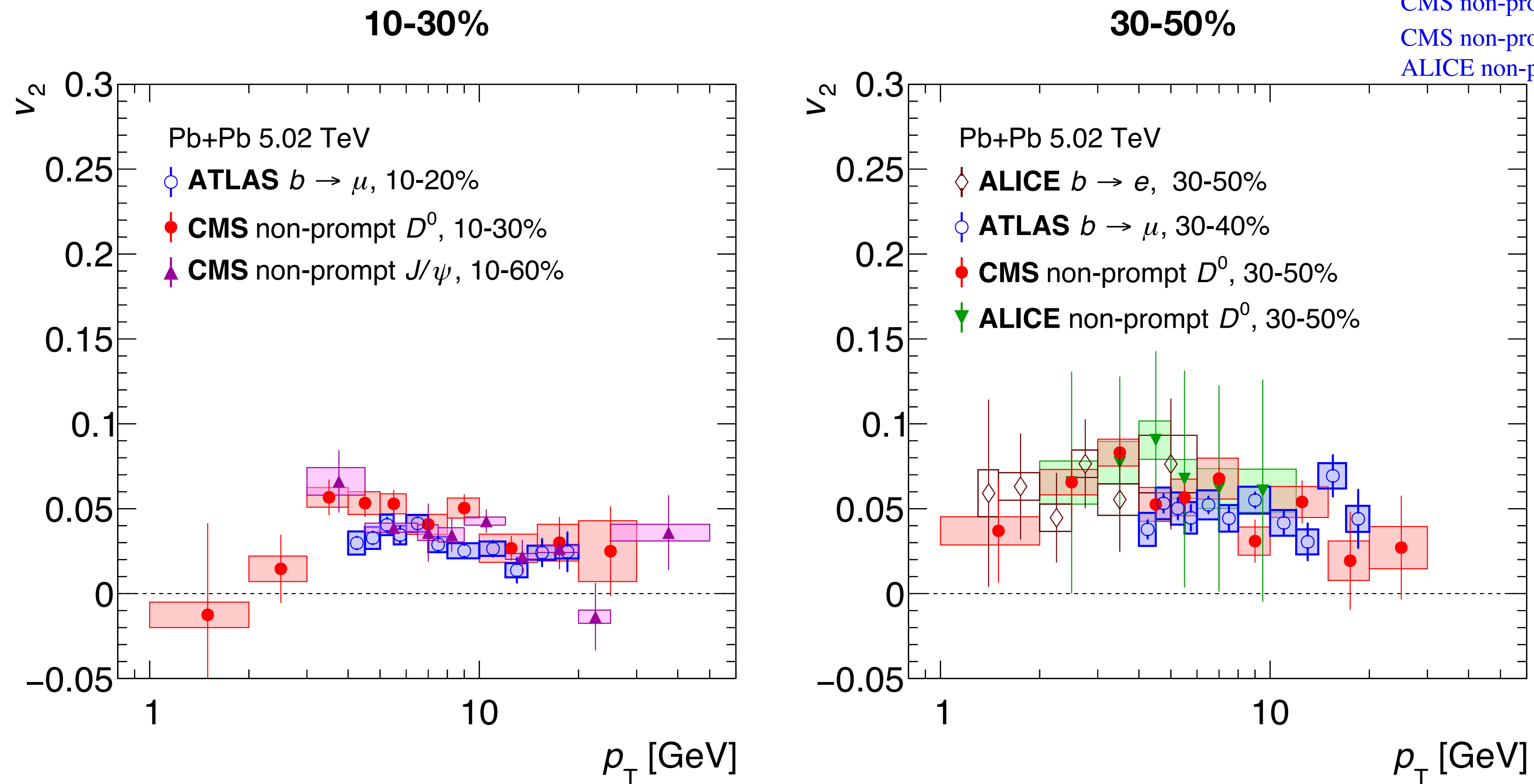
ATLAS muon: [PLB 807 \(2020\) 135595](#)

ALICE electron: [PRL 126 \(2021\) 162001](#)

CMS non-prompt J/ψ : [CMS-PAS-HIN-21-008](#) (preliminary)

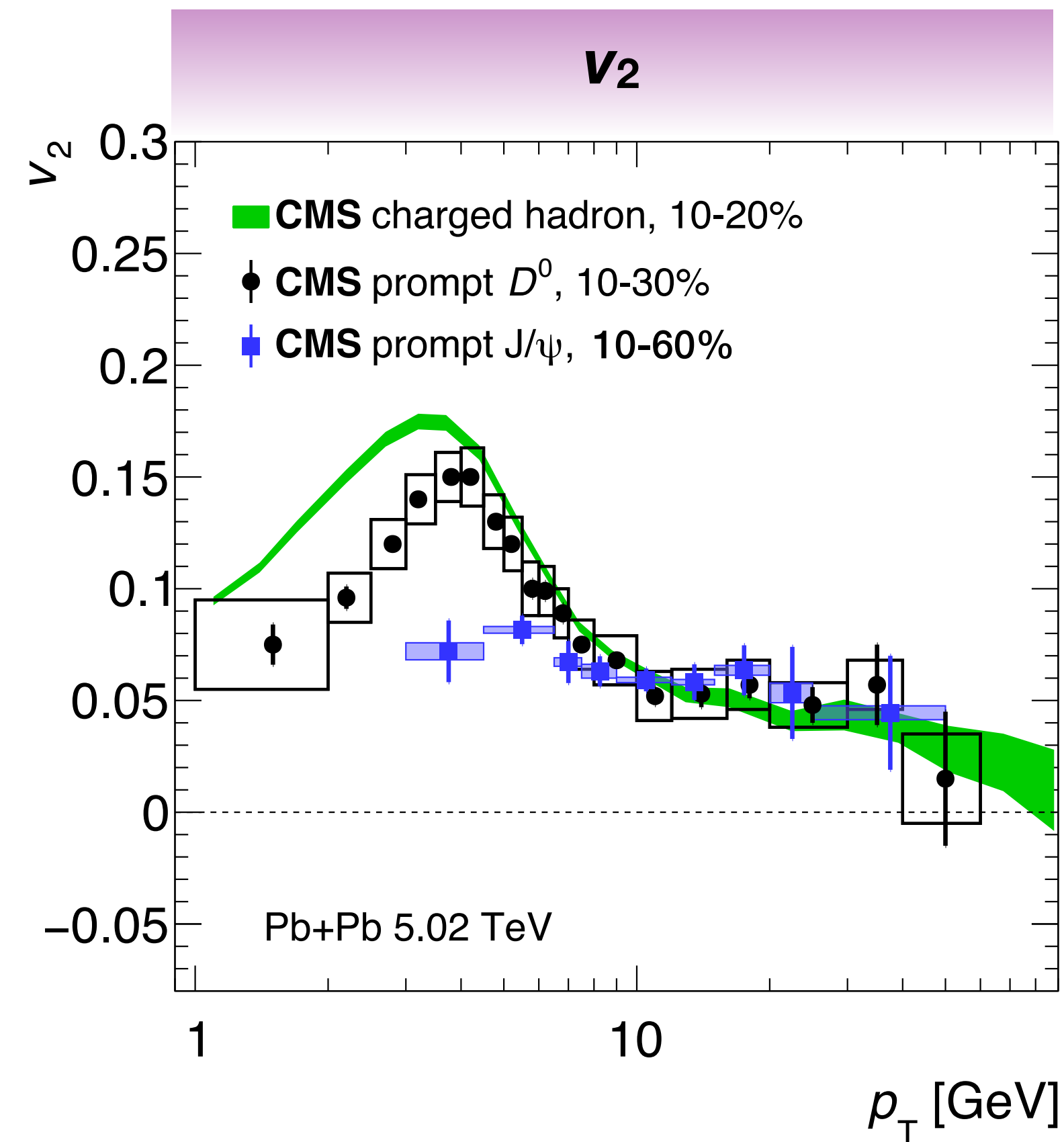
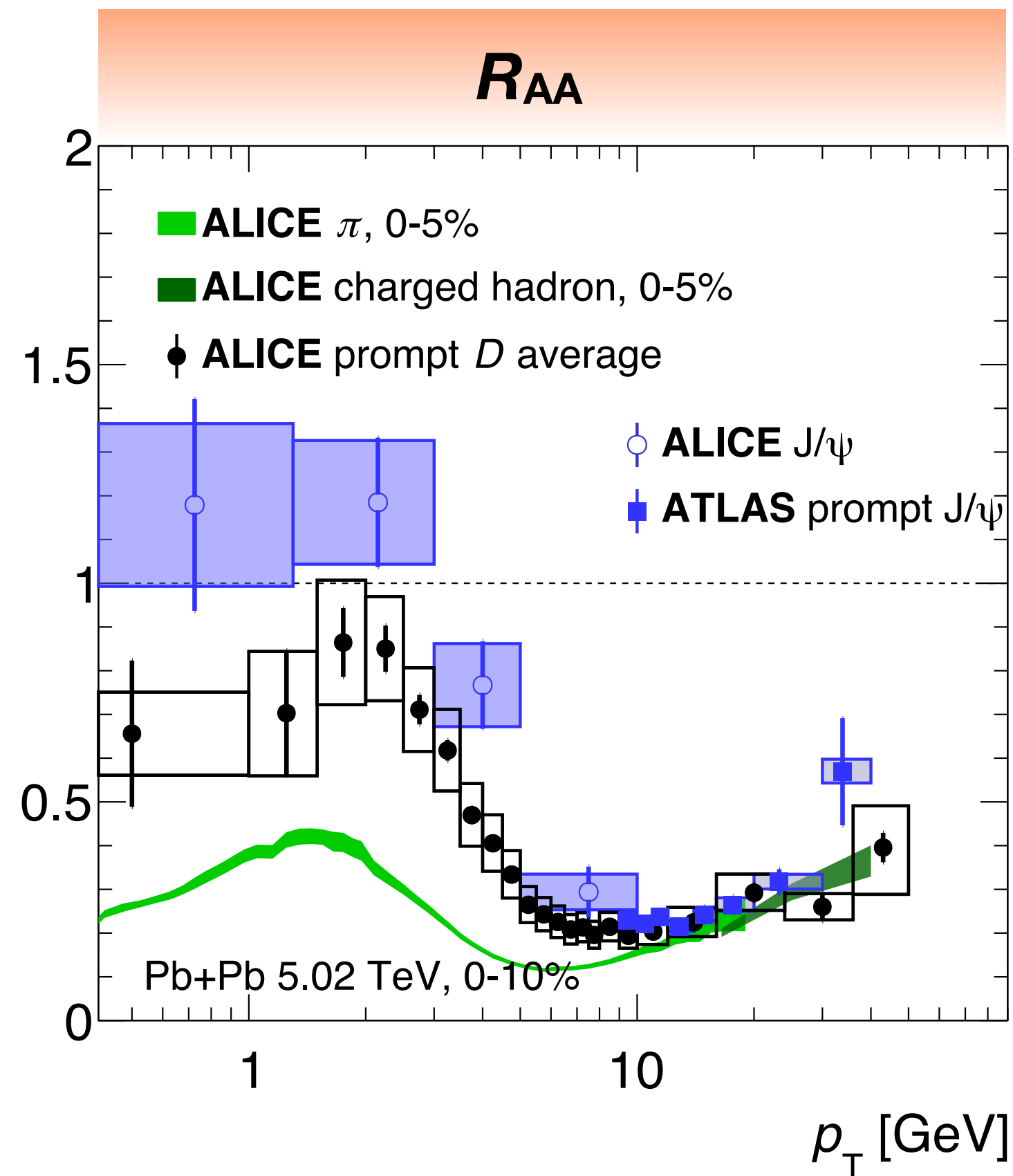
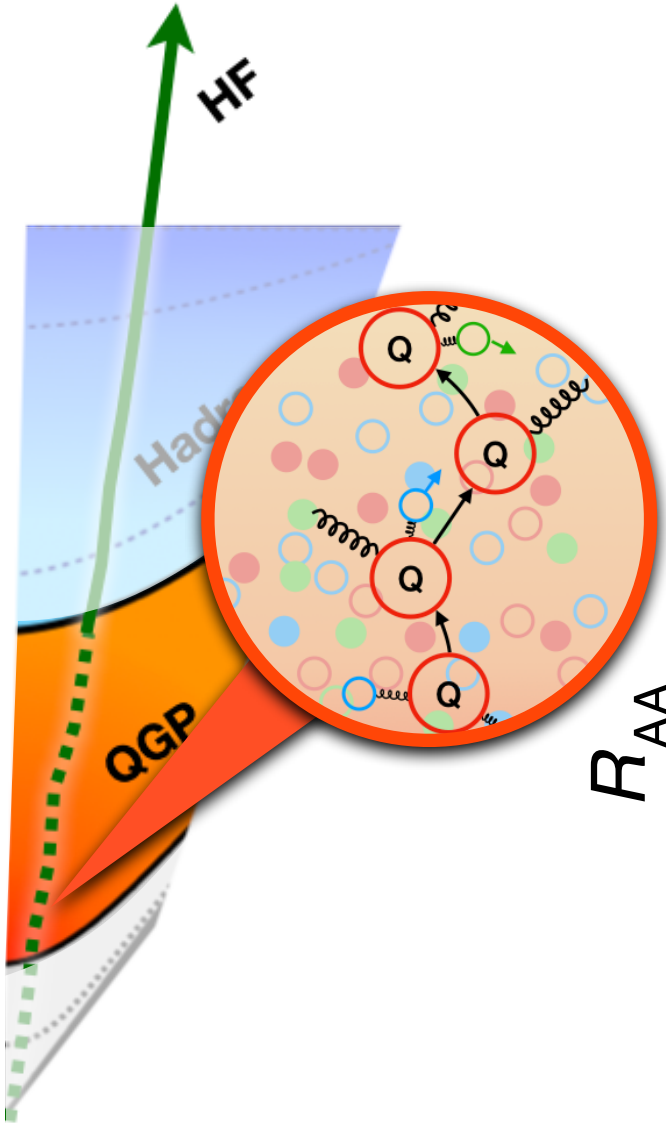
CMS non-prompt D^0 : [CMS-PAS-HIN-21-003](#) (preliminary)

ALICE non-prompt D^0 : [Preliminary](#)



- B hadron v_2 measured via B decays: $b \rightarrow \mu/e$, $b \rightarrow D^0$, $b \rightarrow J/\psi$
- Consistent results from different experiments showing significant non-zero $v_2(B)$ with $p_T > 2$ GeV

Charm vs. light / quarkonium



[ALICE \$D\$ \$R_{AA}\$: JHEP 01 \(2022\) 174](#)
[ALICE charged hadron \$R_{AA}\$: JHEP 11 \(2018\) 013](#)
[ALICE pion \$R_{AA}\$: PRC 101 \(2020\) 044907](#)
[ALICE \$J/\psi\$ \$R_{AA}\$: PLB 805 \(2020\) 135434](#)
[ATLAS \$J/\psi\$ \$R_{AA}\$: EPJC 78 \(2018\) 762](#)

[CMS \$D\$ \$v_2\$: PLB 816 \(2021\) 136253](#)
[CMS charged hadron \$v_2\$: PLB 776 \(2017\) 195](#)
[CMS \$J/\psi\$ \$v_2\$: CMS-PAS-HIN-21-008](#)

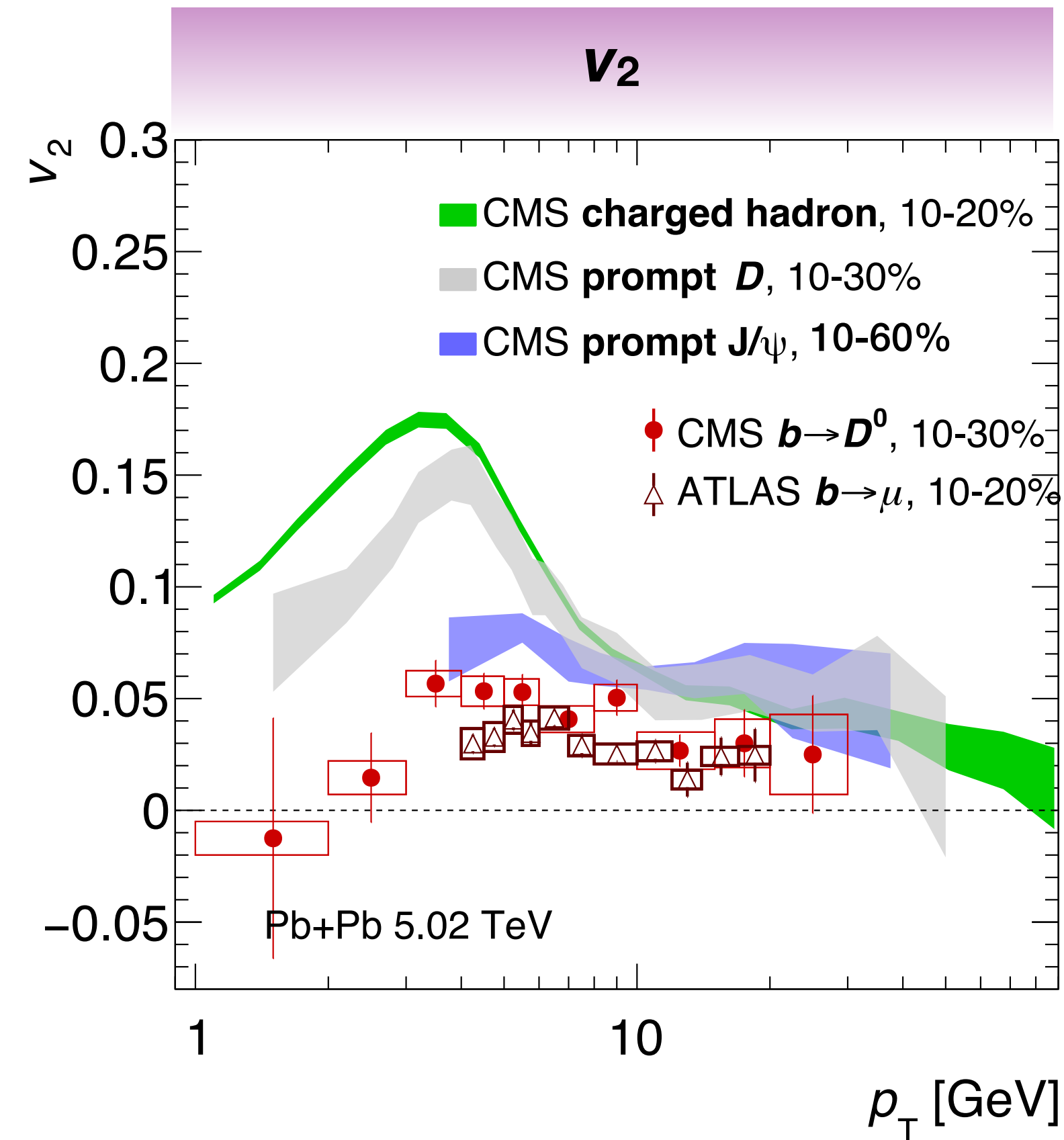
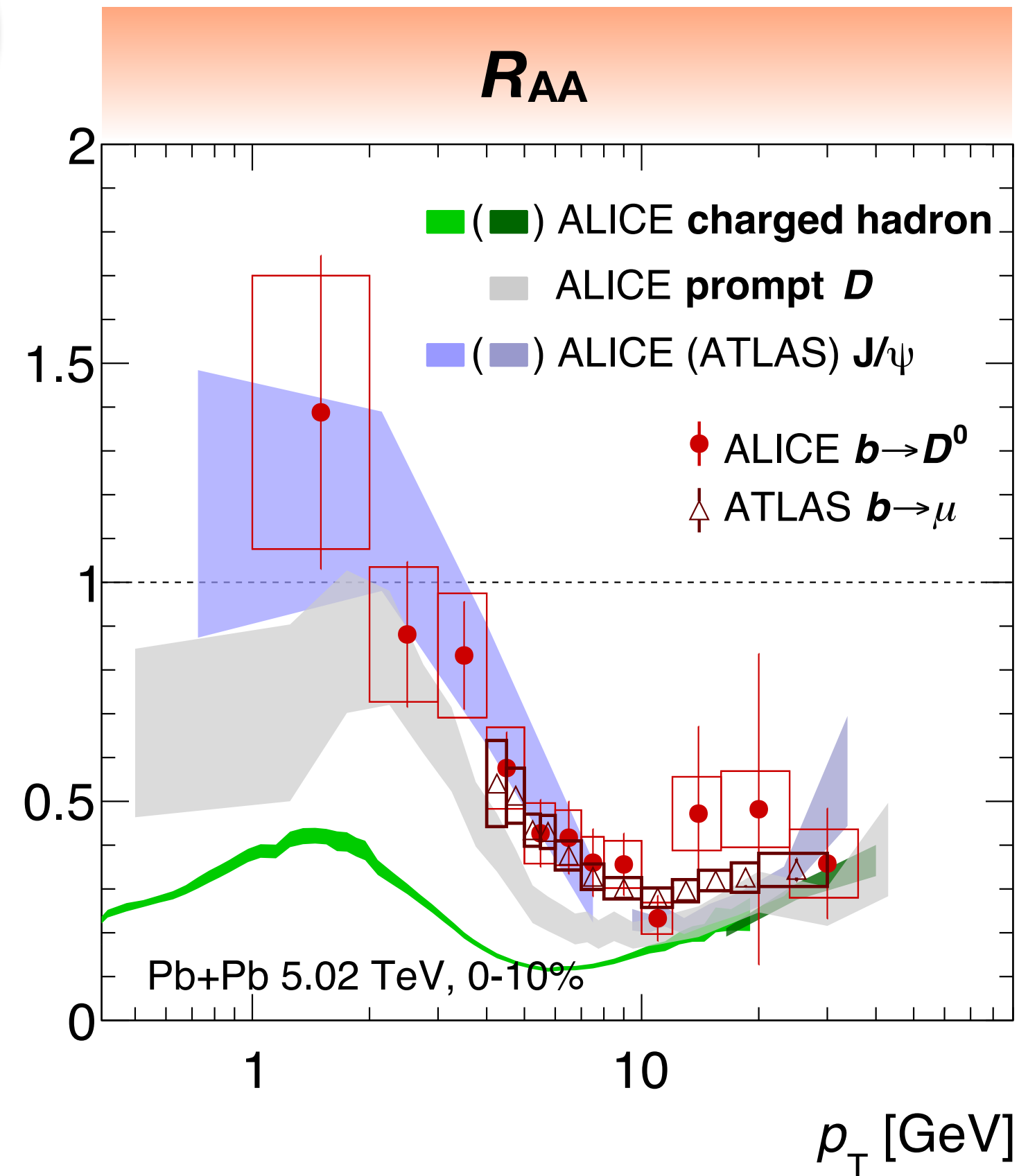
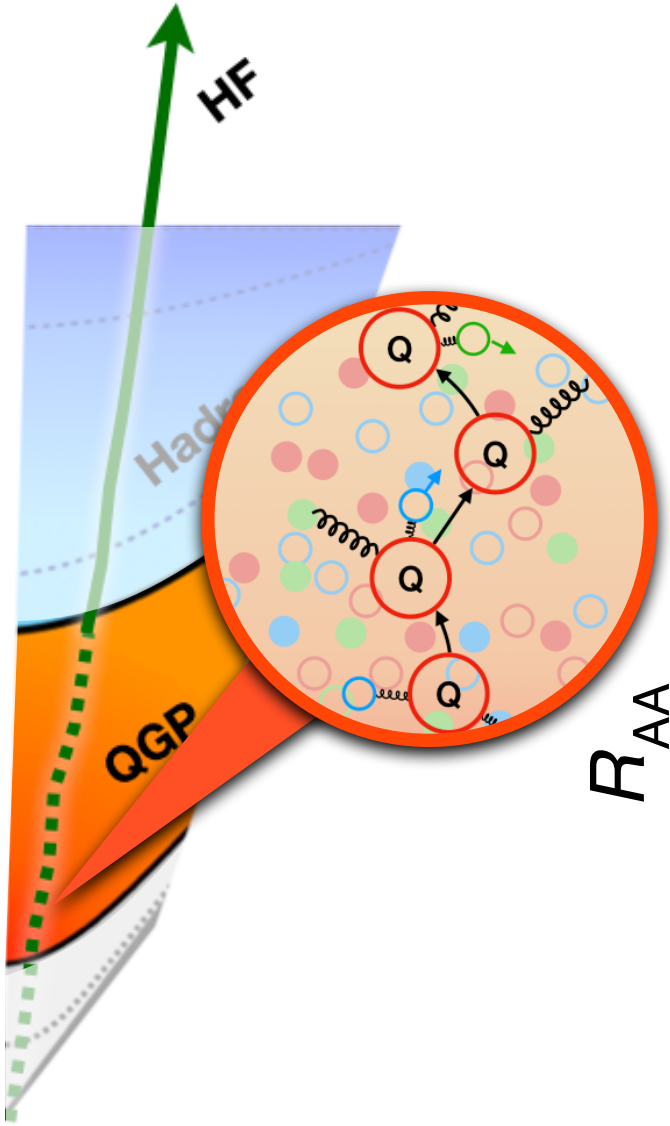
Low p_T ($p_T < 10$ GeV):

- R_{AA} : charged particle < prompt D < prompt J/ψ
- v_2 : charged particle > prompt D > prompt J/ψ

High p_T ($p_T > 10$ GeV):

- R_{AA} : charged particle \sim prompt D \sim prompt J/ψ
- v_2 : charged particle \sim prompt D \sim prompt J/ψ

Bottom vs. charm / quarkonium / light



ALICE D R_{AA} : [JHEP 01 \(2022\) 174](#)
 ALICE charged hadron R_{AA} : [JHEP 11 \(2018\) 013](#)
 ALICE pion R_{AA} : [PRC 101 \(2020\) 044907](#)
 ALICE J/ψ R_{AA} : [PLB 805 \(2020\) 135434](#)
 ATLAS J/ψ R_{AA} : [EPJC 78 \(2018\) 762](#)

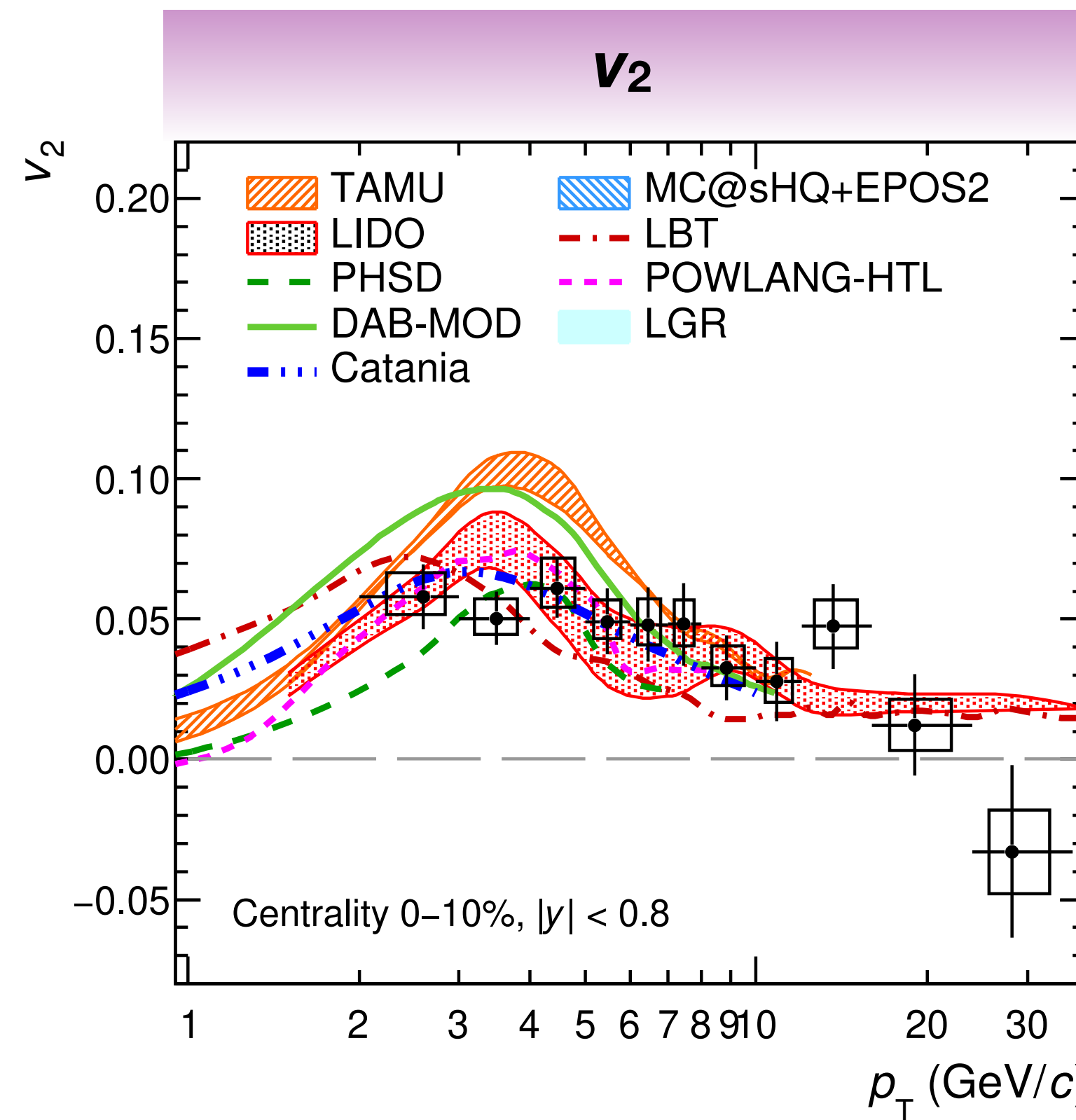
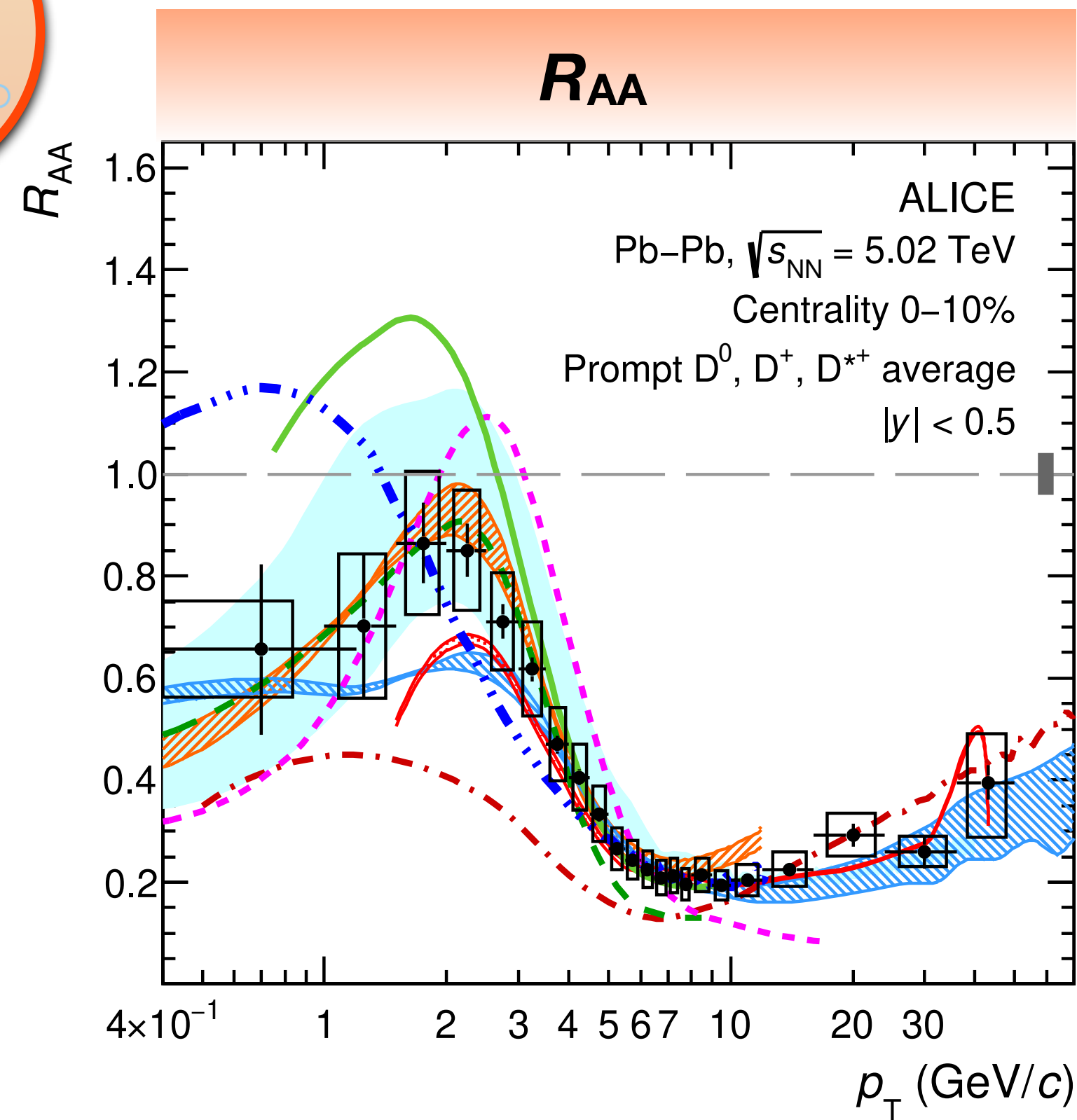
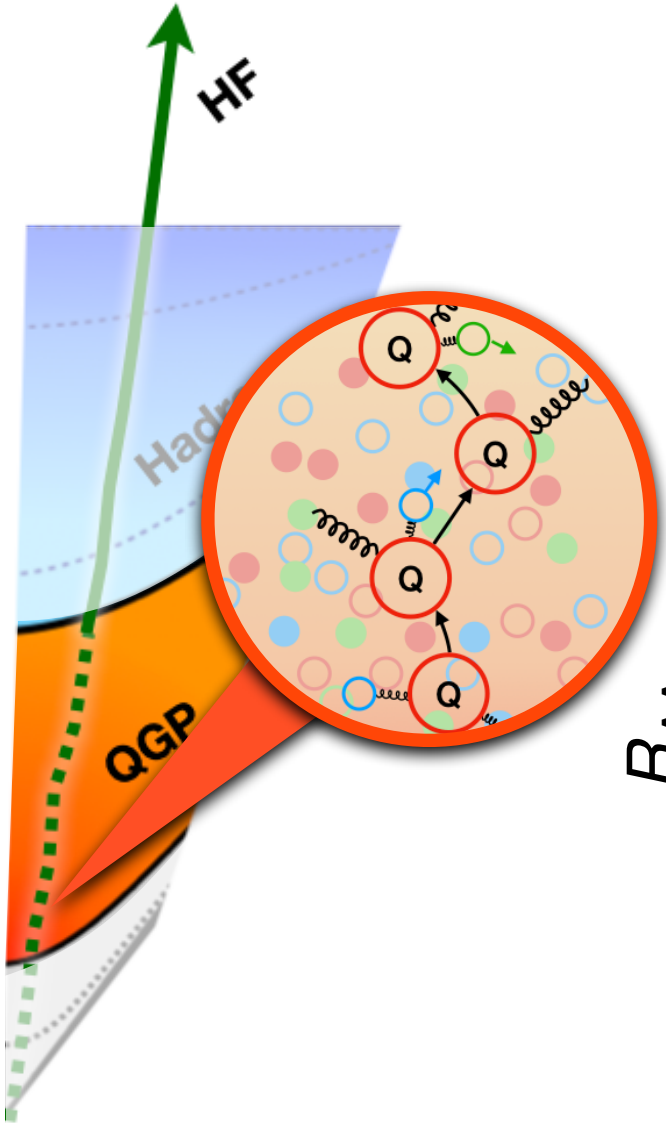
CMS D v_2 : [PLB 816 \(2021\) 136253](#)
 CMS charged hadron v_2 : [PLB 776 \(2017\) 195](#)
 CMS J/ψ v_2 : [CMS-PAS-HIN-21-008](#)

ATLAS muon: [PLB 807 \(2020\) 135595](#)
 ALICE non-prompt D^0 R_{AA} : [arXiv:2202.00815](#)
 CMS non-prompt D^0 v_2 : [CMS-PAS-HIN-21-003](#)

- $R_{AA}(B \text{ decay}) > R_{AA}(D)$, slightly higher than the universal trend at high p_T
- $v_2(B \text{ decay}) < v_2(\text{anything else})$

Charm-hadron — model comparison

JHEP 01 (2022) 174



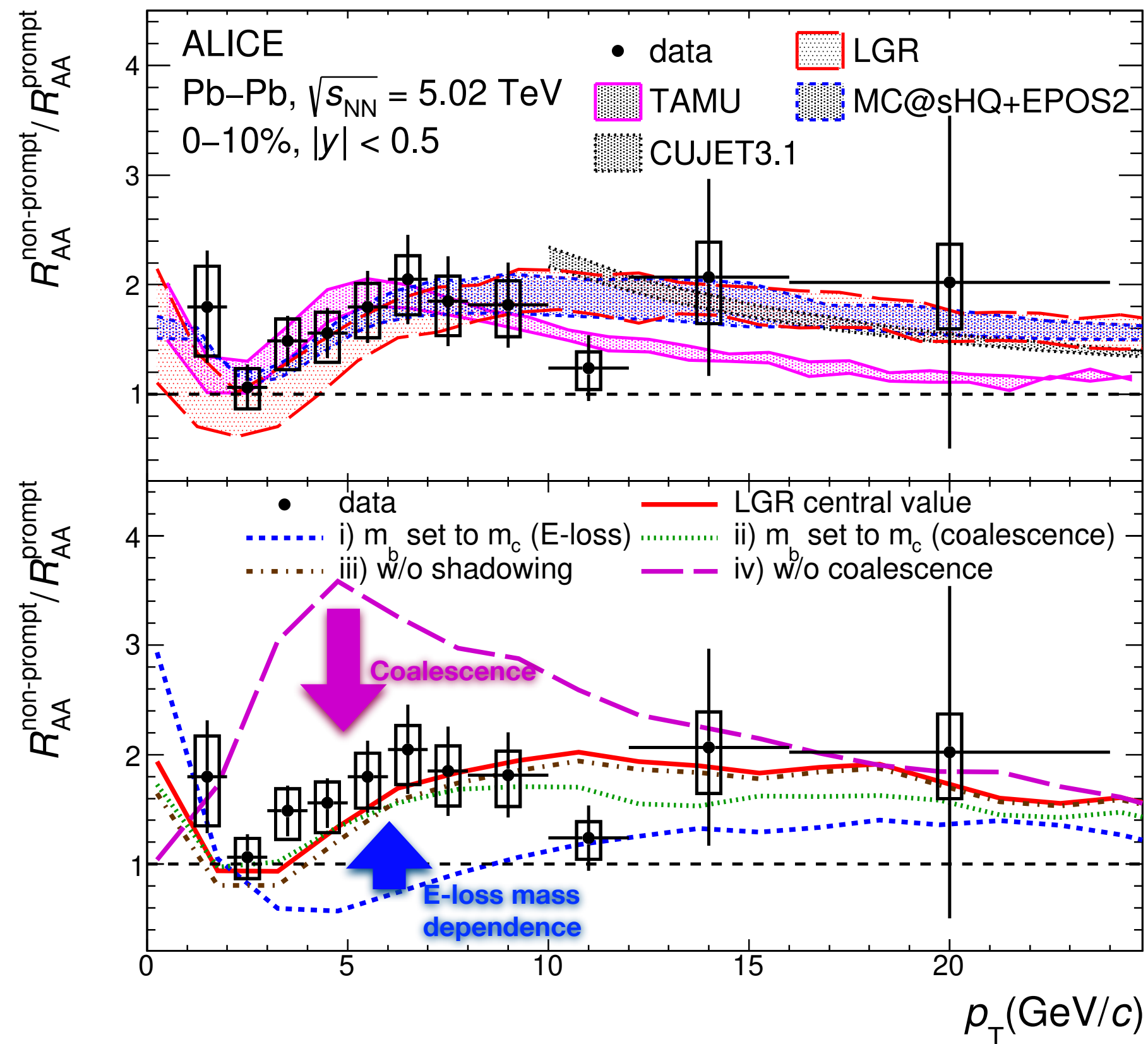
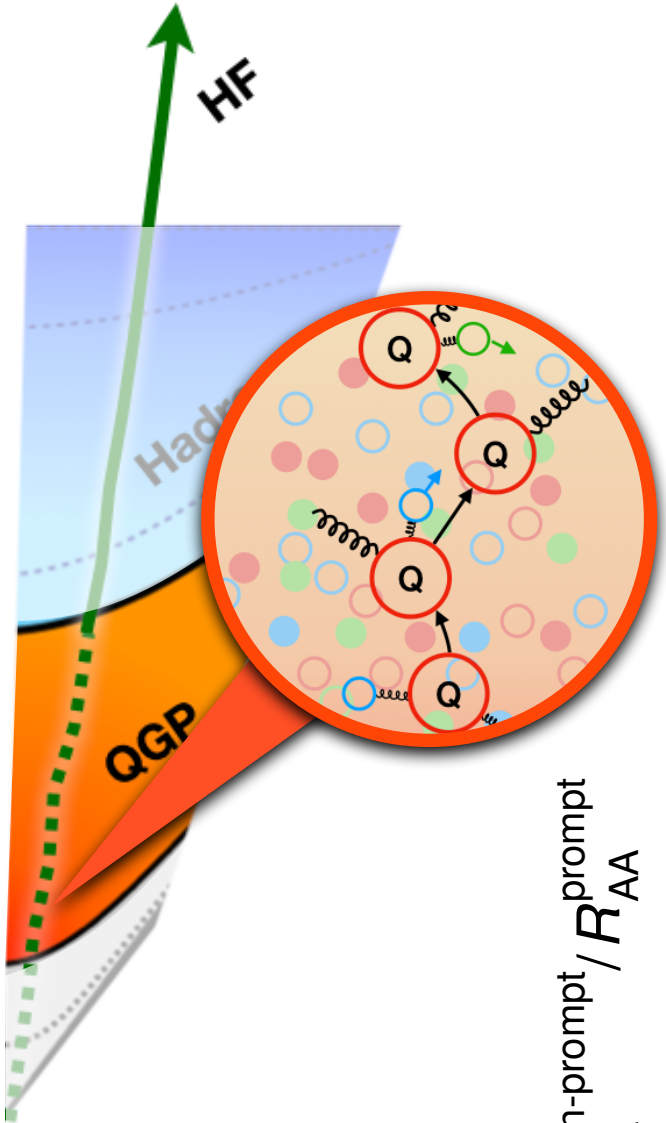
ALI-PUB-501952

- Model ingredients:
- nPDF
 - Hydro medium
 - Coll. and Rad. scatterings (weakly coupled approach)
 - Coalescence hadronization

- Open charm experiences the entire QGP evolution; models also contain each stage of charm evolution
- Most models describe data over wide kinematic and centrality ranges

Bottom vs. charm in QGP – model comparison

ALICE prompt D^0 , JHEP 01 (2022) 174
 ALICE non-prompt D^0 : arXiv:2202.00815



- B hadron experience weaker interaction with QGP compared to D meson baseline
- LGR model demonstrate strong effects due to **mass-dependent QGP interaction** and **coalescence**
- Double ratios have uncertainties at high p_T where precise non-prompt J/ψ and lepton measurements are available

Open heavy flavor in small systems

CMS talk: [S. Chandra](#)

ATLAS talk: [W. Zhou](#)

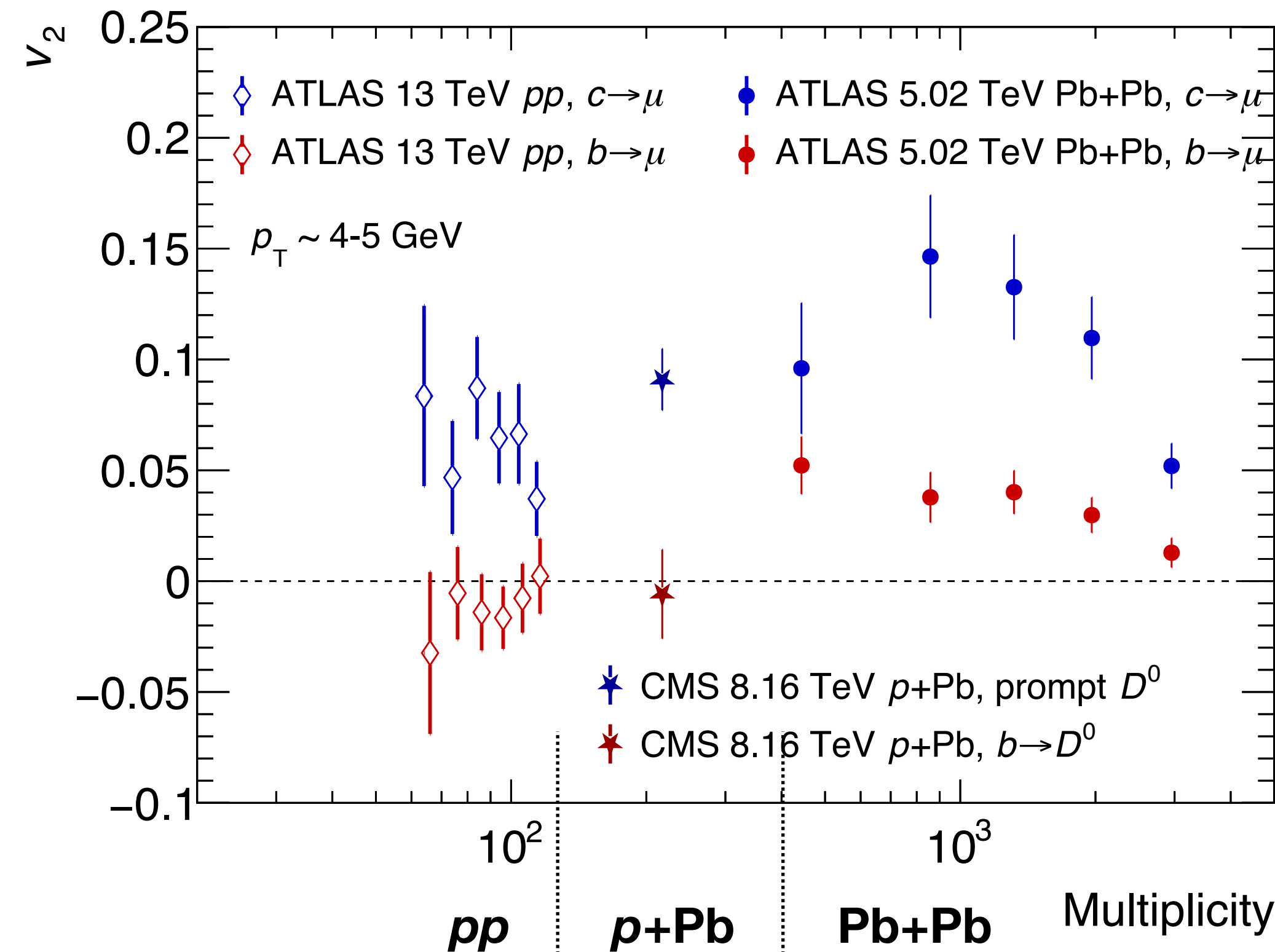
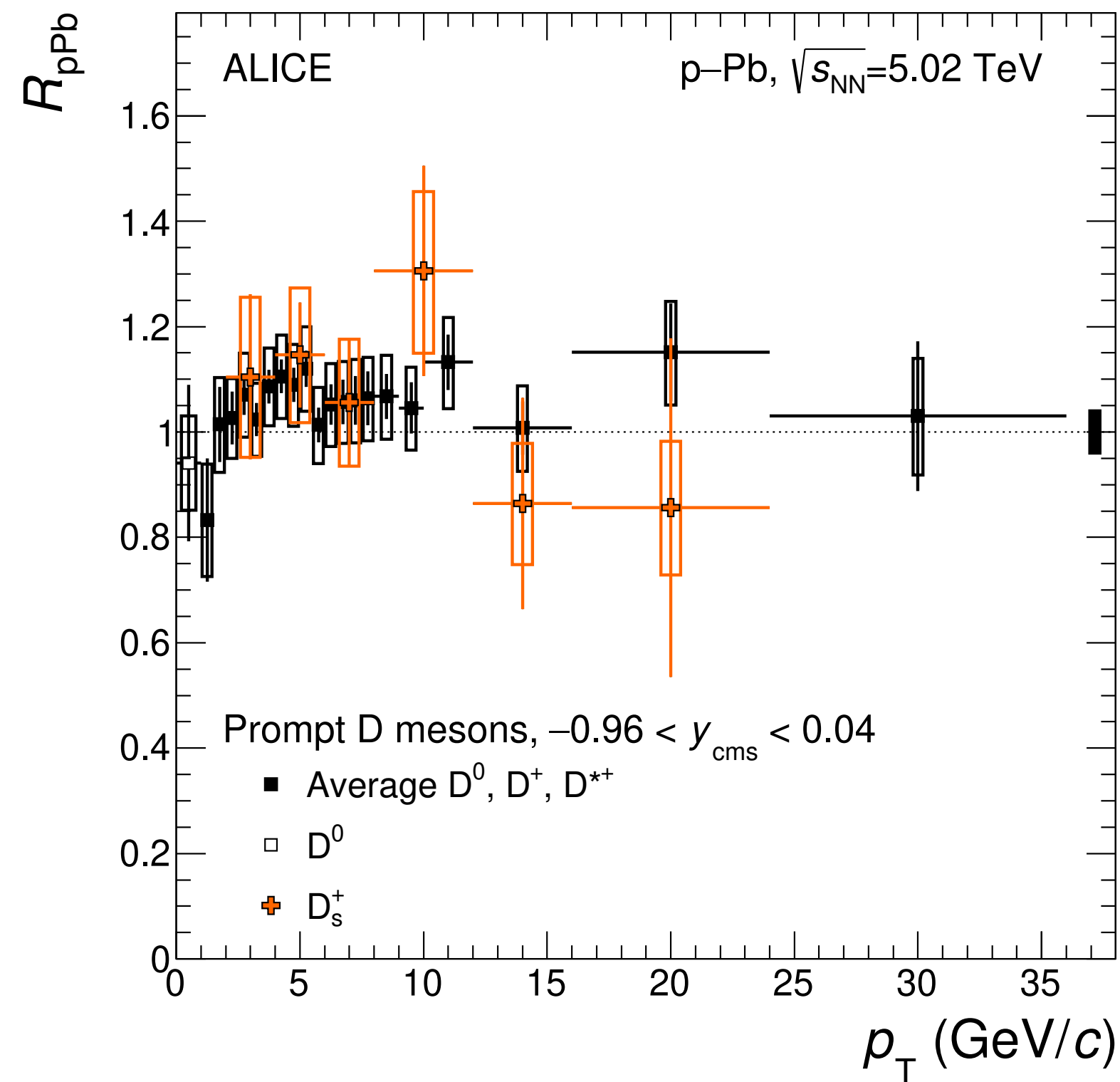
ALICE p+Pb D: [JHEP 2019 \(2019\) 92](#)

ATLAS Pb+Pb muon: [PLB 807 \(2020\) 135595](#)

ATLAS pp muon: [PRL 124 \(2020\) 082301](#)

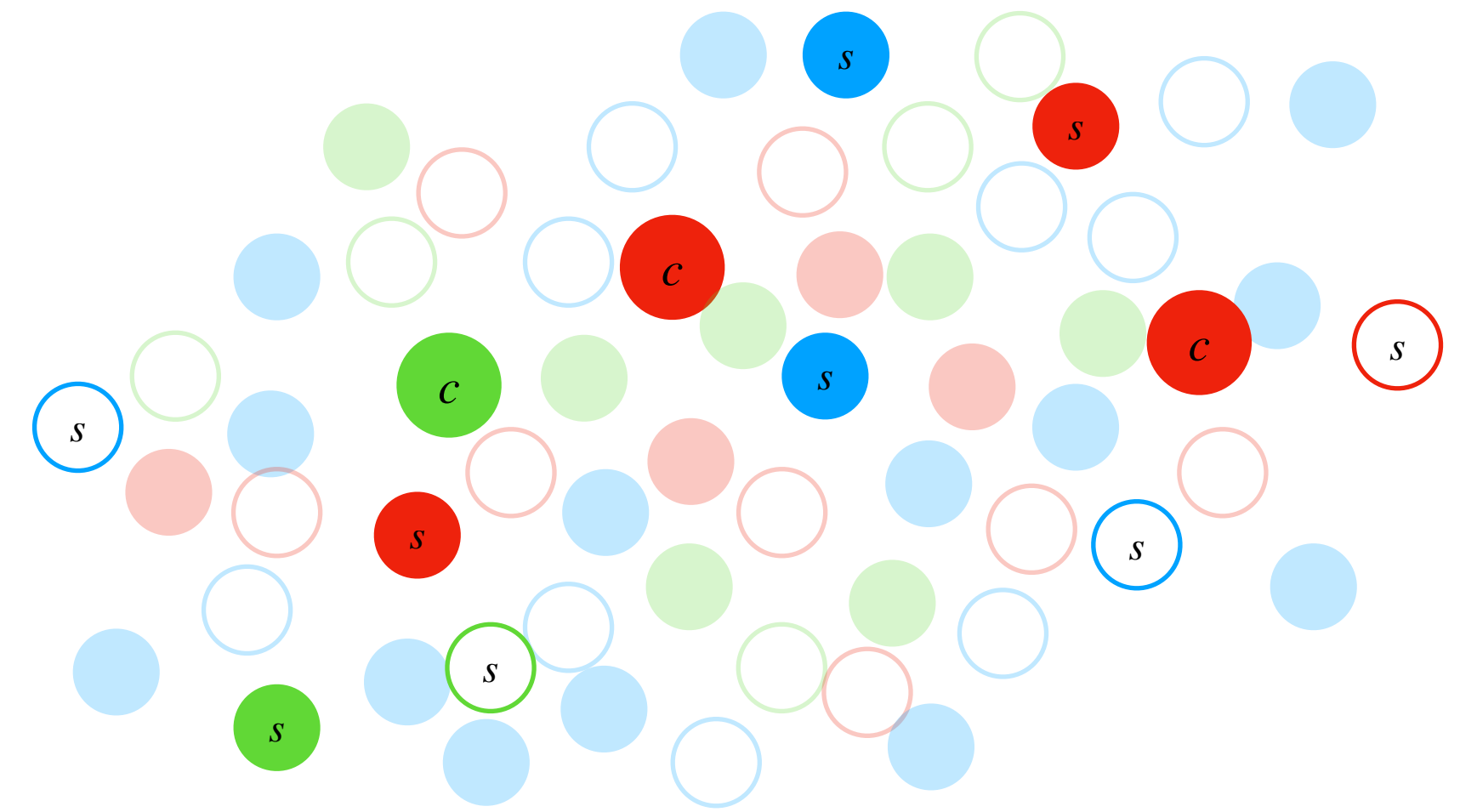
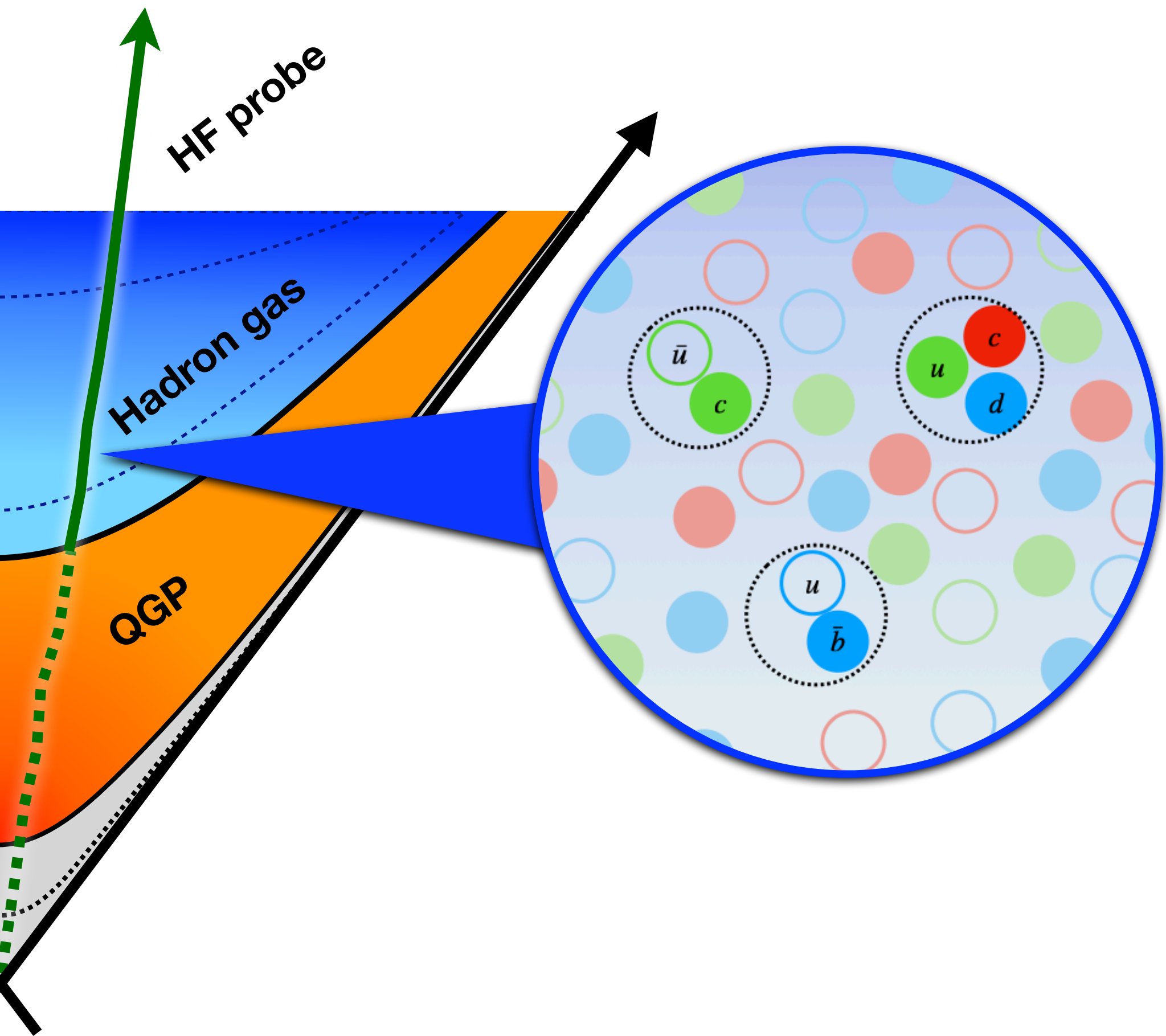
CMS p+Pb prompt D^0 : [PRL 121 \(2018\) 082301](#)

CMS p+Pb non-prompt D^0 : [PLB 813 \(2021\) 136036](#)



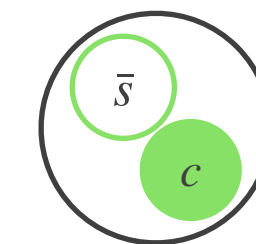
- Prompt D meson show no spectra modification in $p+Pb$ wrt. pp
- Open charm $v_2 > 0$ in both pp and $p+Pb$
- Open bottom $v_2 \sim 0$ in both pp and $p+Pb$

Open heavy flavor hadronization

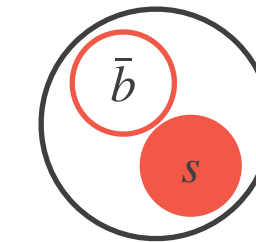


Relative production heavy flavor hadrons with additional s/c wrt heavy flavor hadrons:

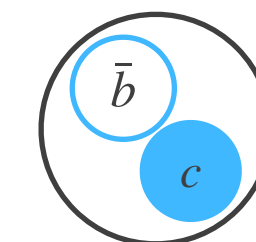
Charmed, strange hadron D_s^+



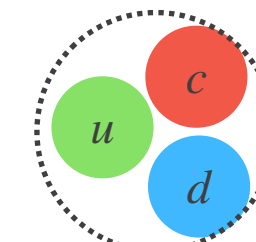
Bottom, strange hadron B_s^0



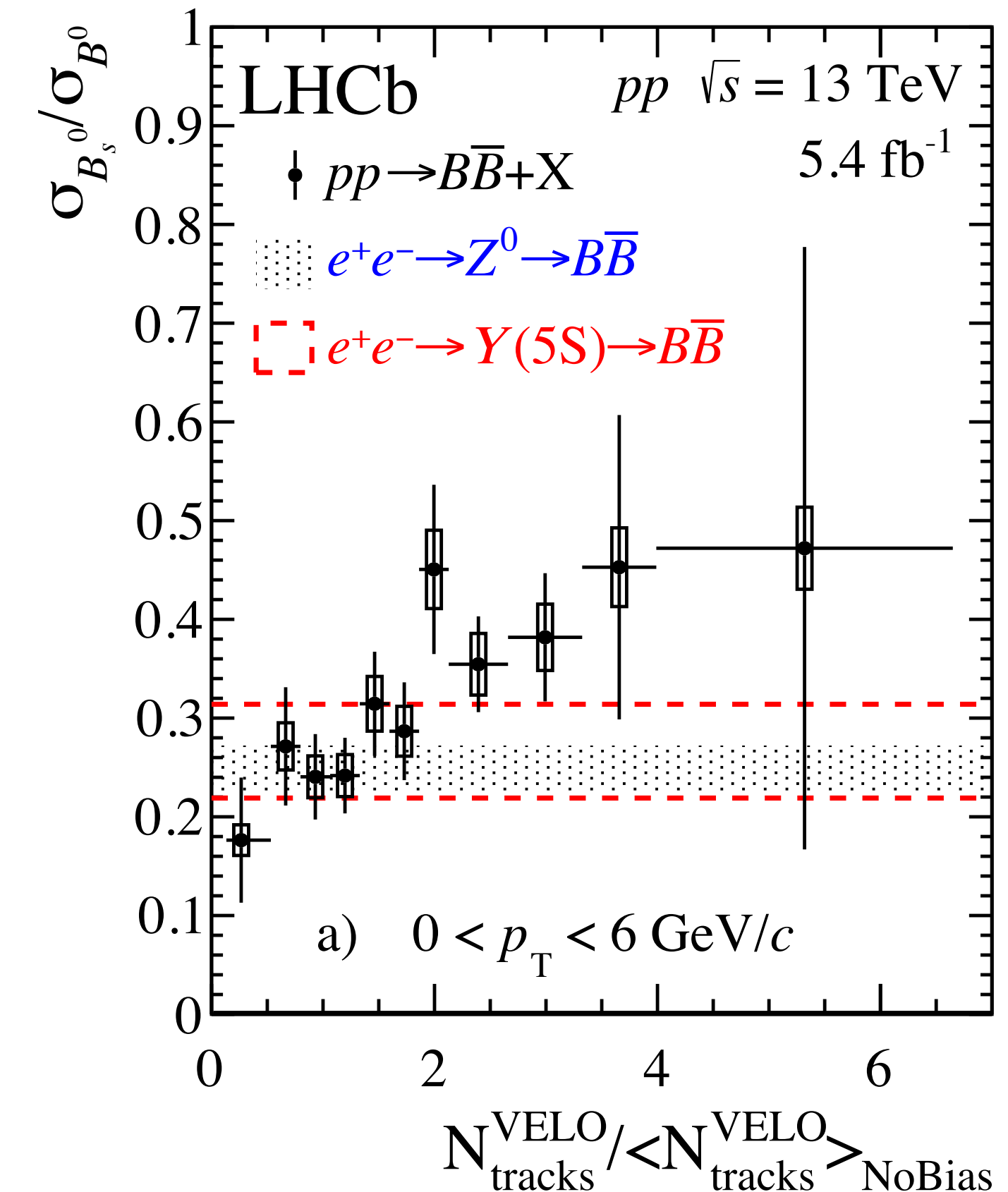
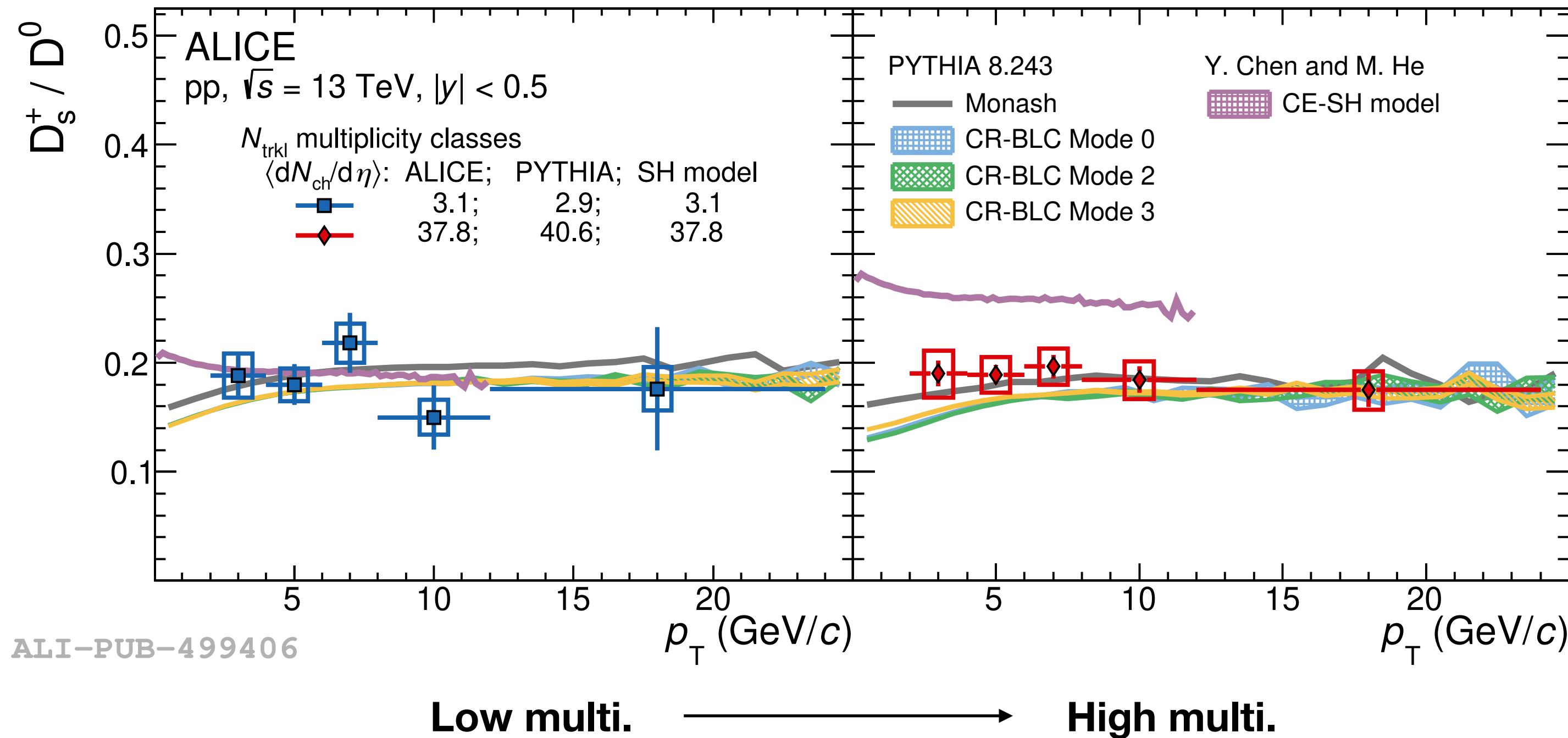
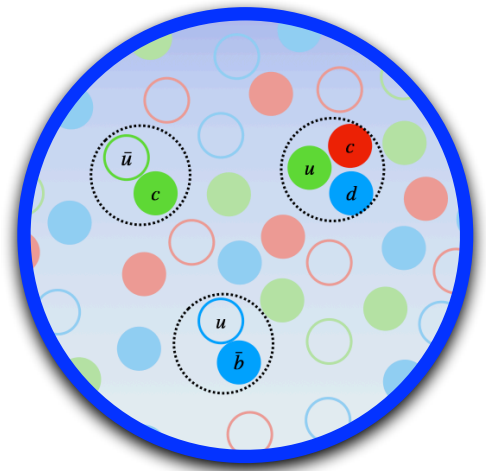
Bottom, charmed hadron B_c^+



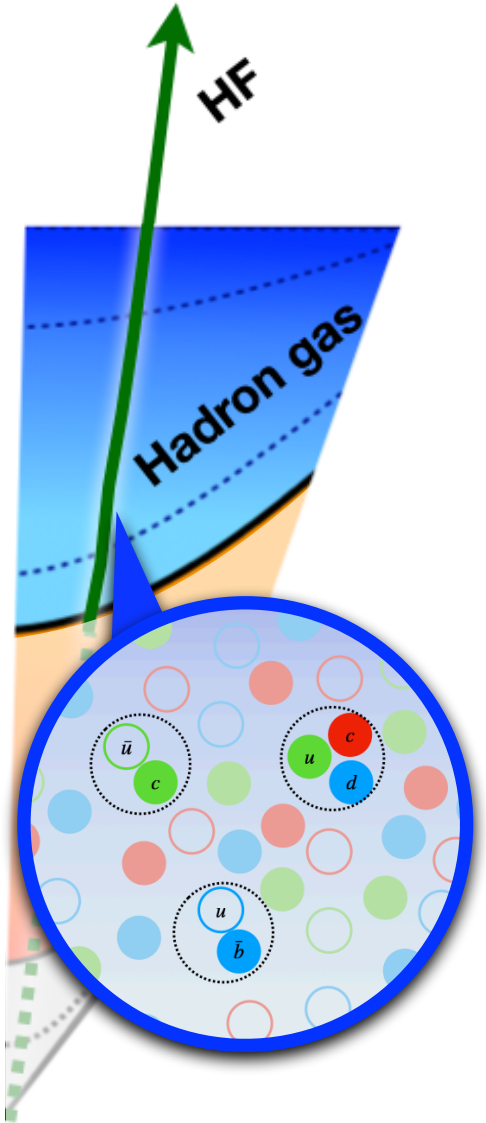
Charmed baryon Λ_c^+



D_s^+ / D^0 and B_s^0 / B^0 in pp

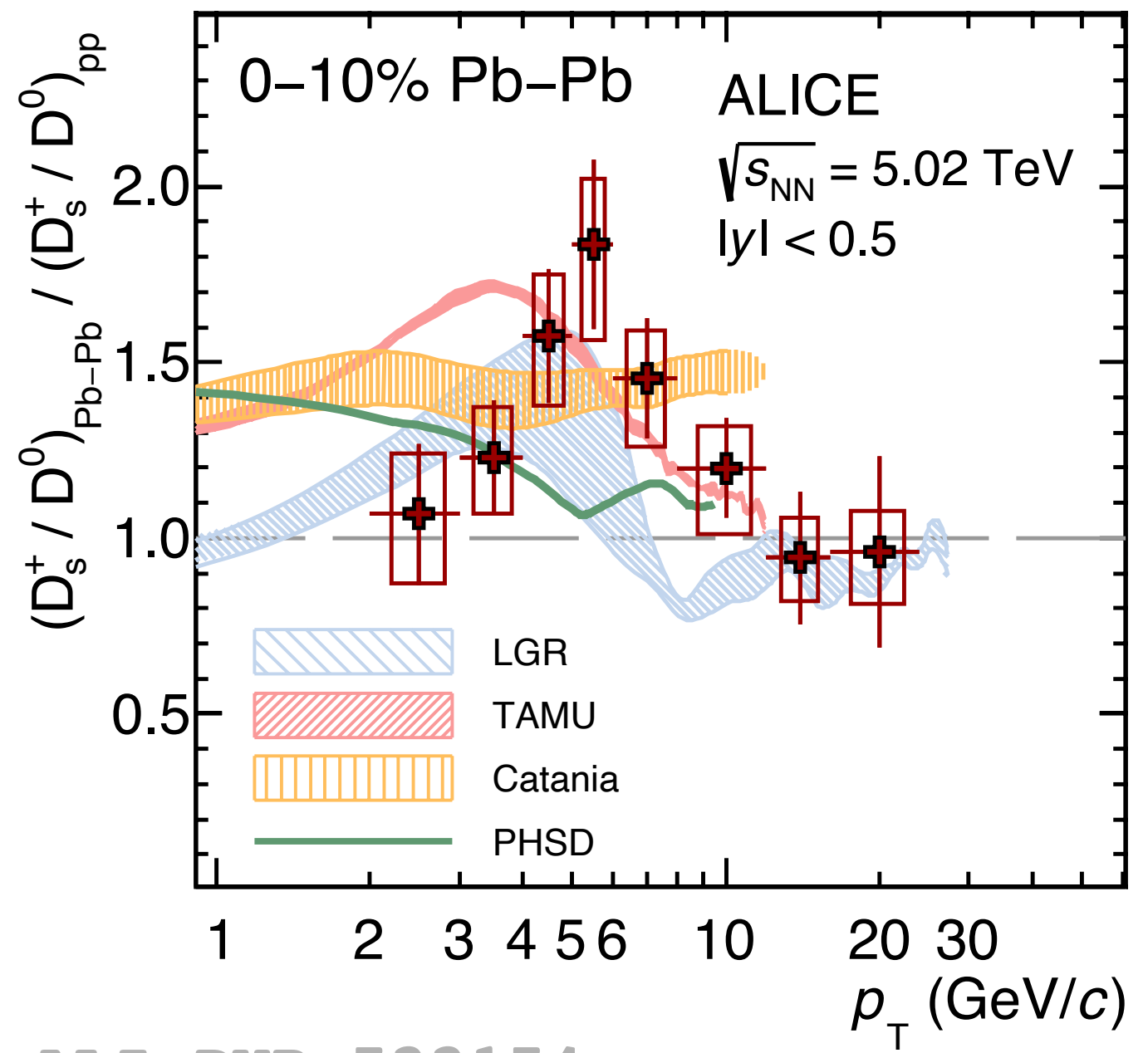


- D_s^+ / D^0 in pp No significant p_T or multiplicity dependence, can be well described by PYTHIA Monash/CR
- B_s^0 / B^0 is enhanced in high multiplicity pp events with full tracking multiplicity

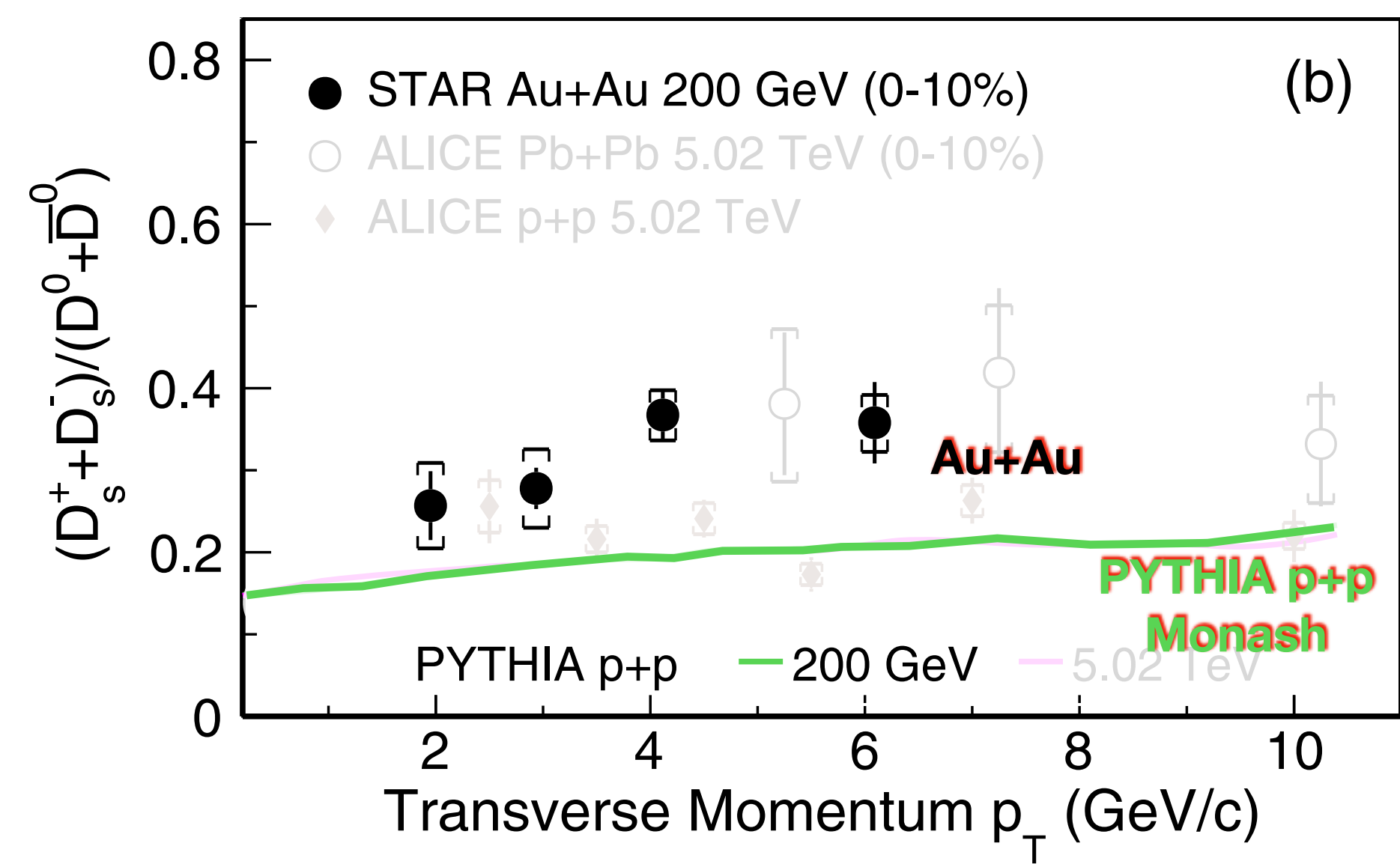


D_s^+ / D^0 in A-A

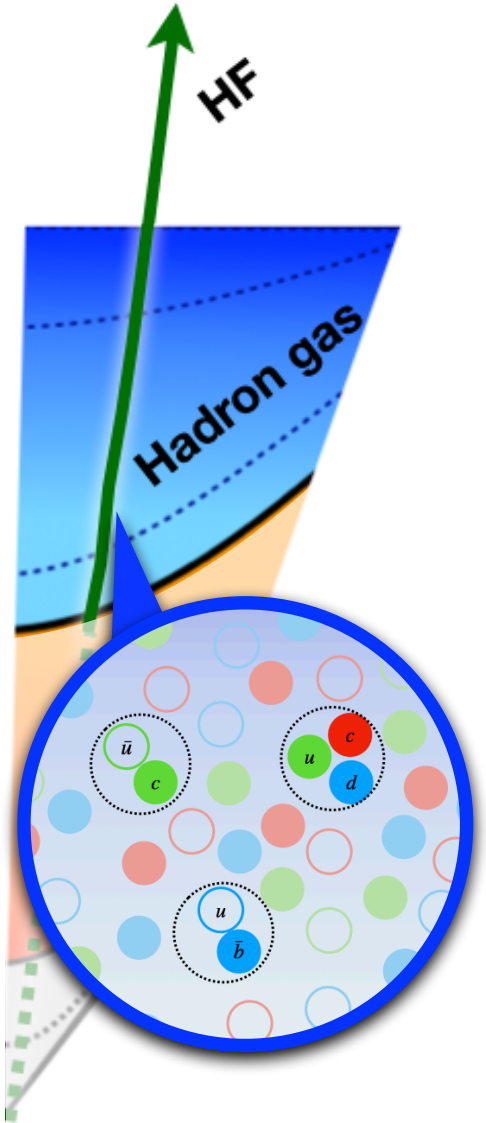
STAR: PRL 127 (2021) 092301
ALICE: PLB 827 (2022) 136986



ALI-PUB-522154



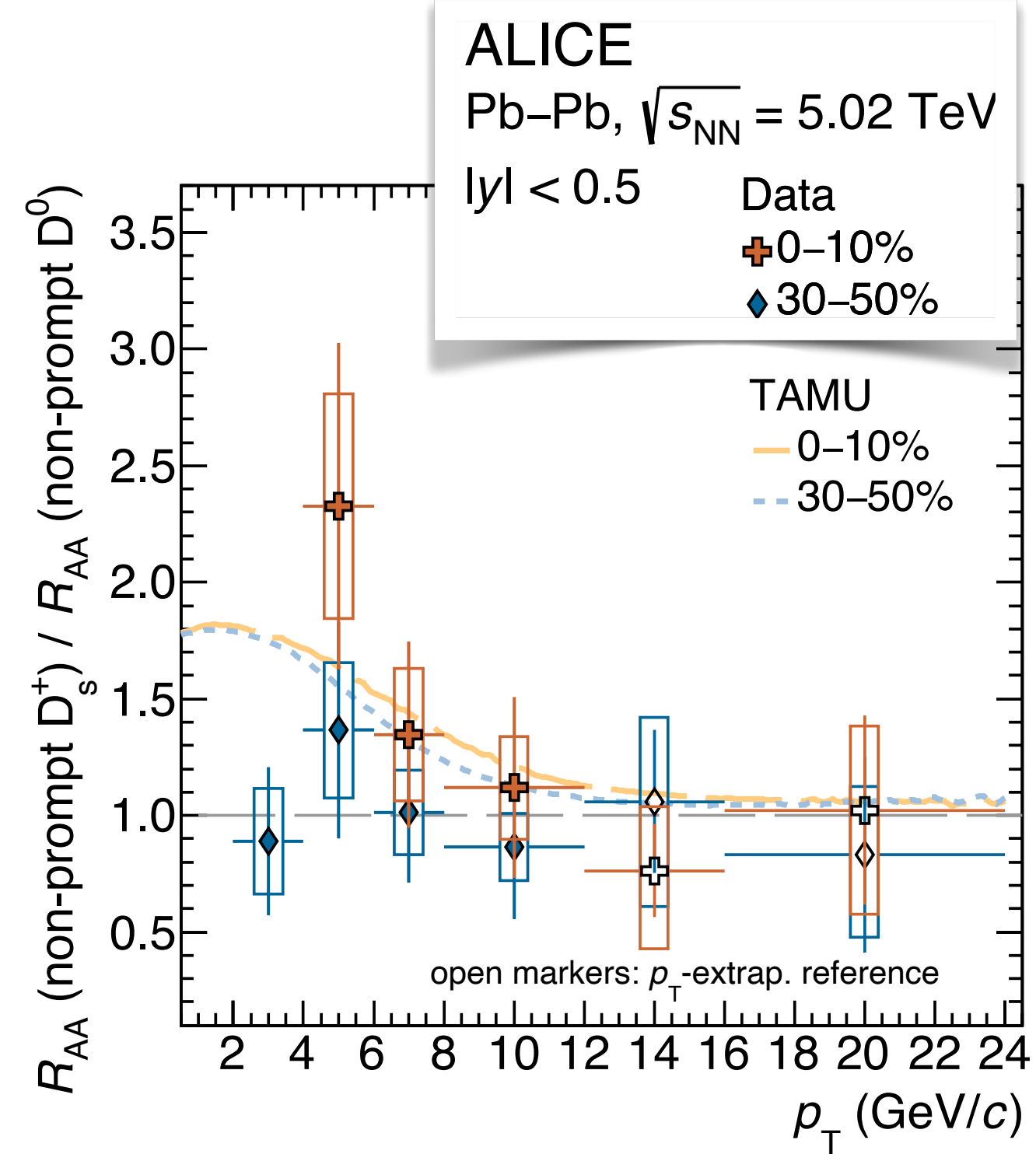
- D_s^+ is significantly enhanced compared to D^0 in Pb+Pb at LHC and RHIC
- Qualitatively captured by different models with coalesce



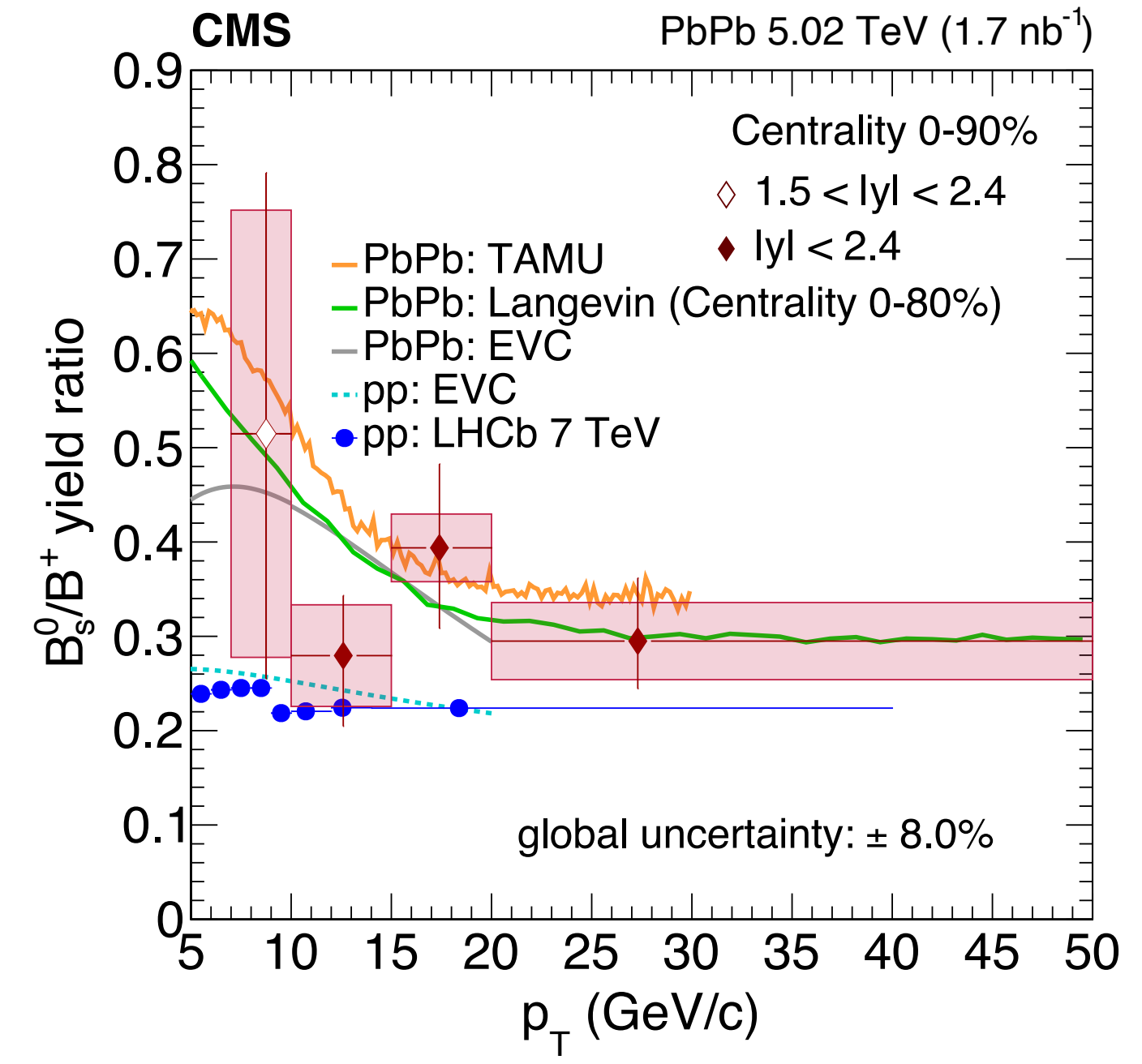
B_s^0/B^+ in Pb+Pb

CMS talk: [F. Damas](#)
 ALICE talk: [S. Politanò](#)

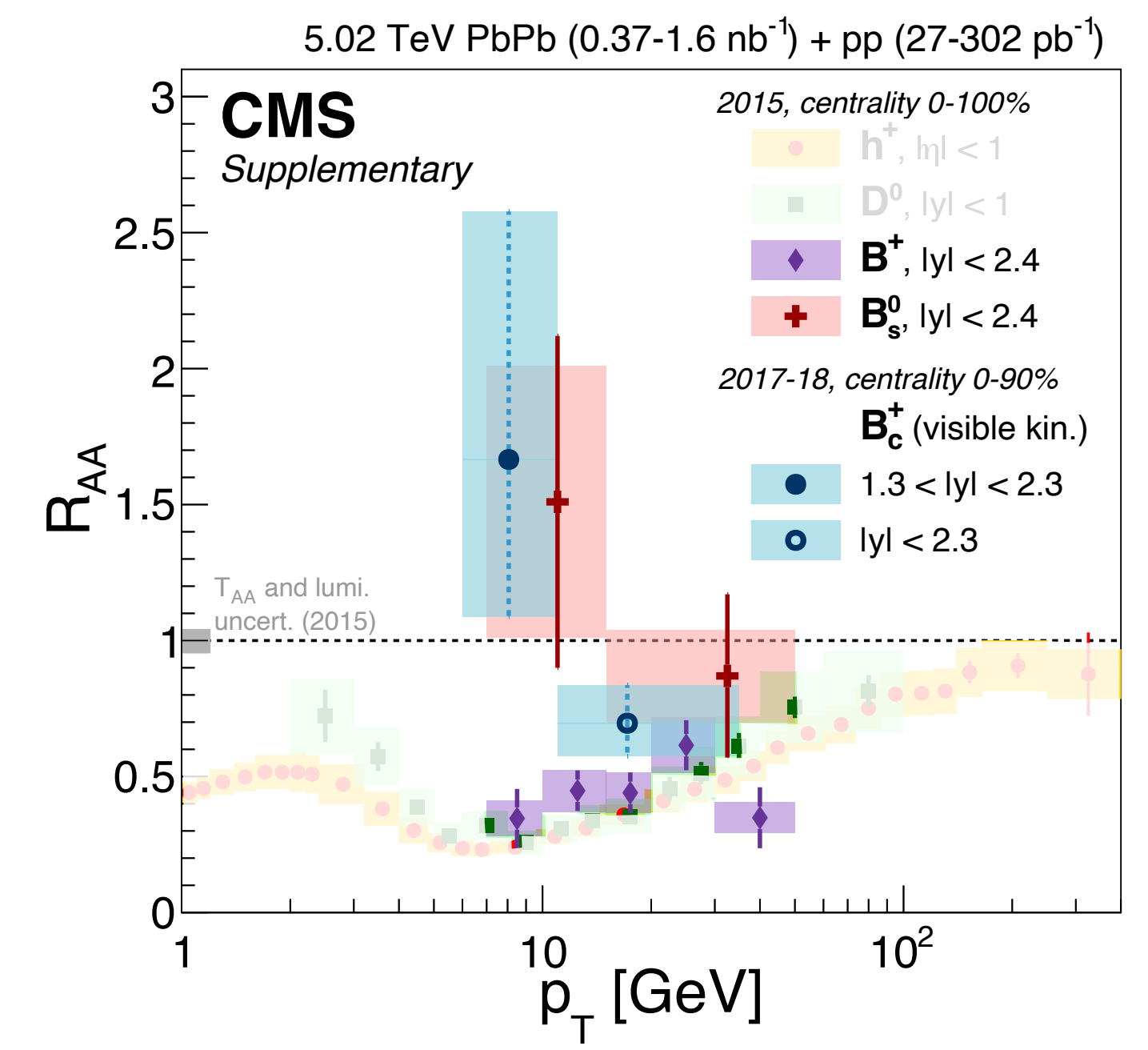
CMS: [PLB 829 \(2022\) 137062](#)
 ALICE: [arXiv:2204.10386](#)
 CMS: [arXiv:2201.02659](#)



R_{AA} ratio of $b \rightarrow D_s^+ / b \rightarrow D^0$



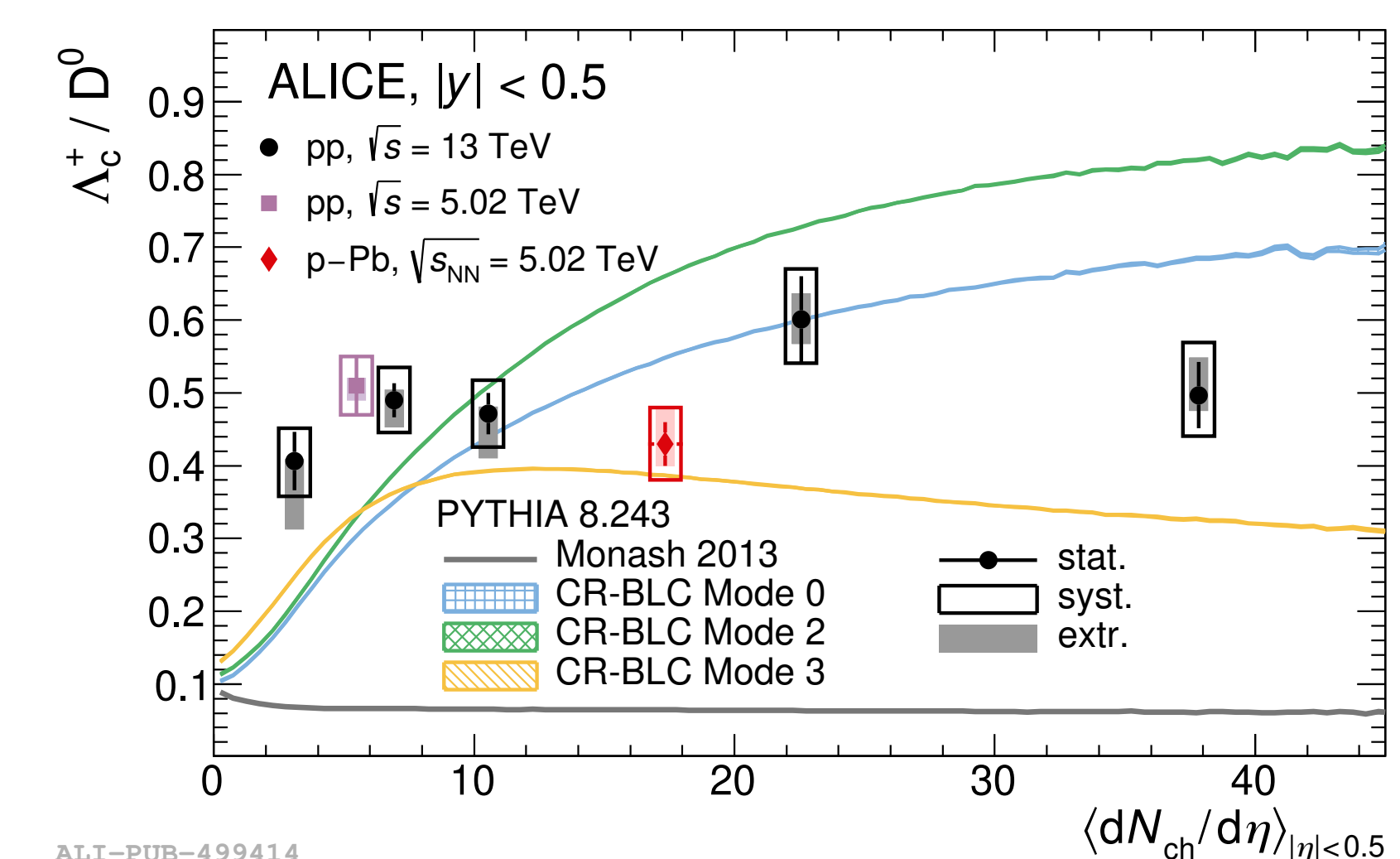
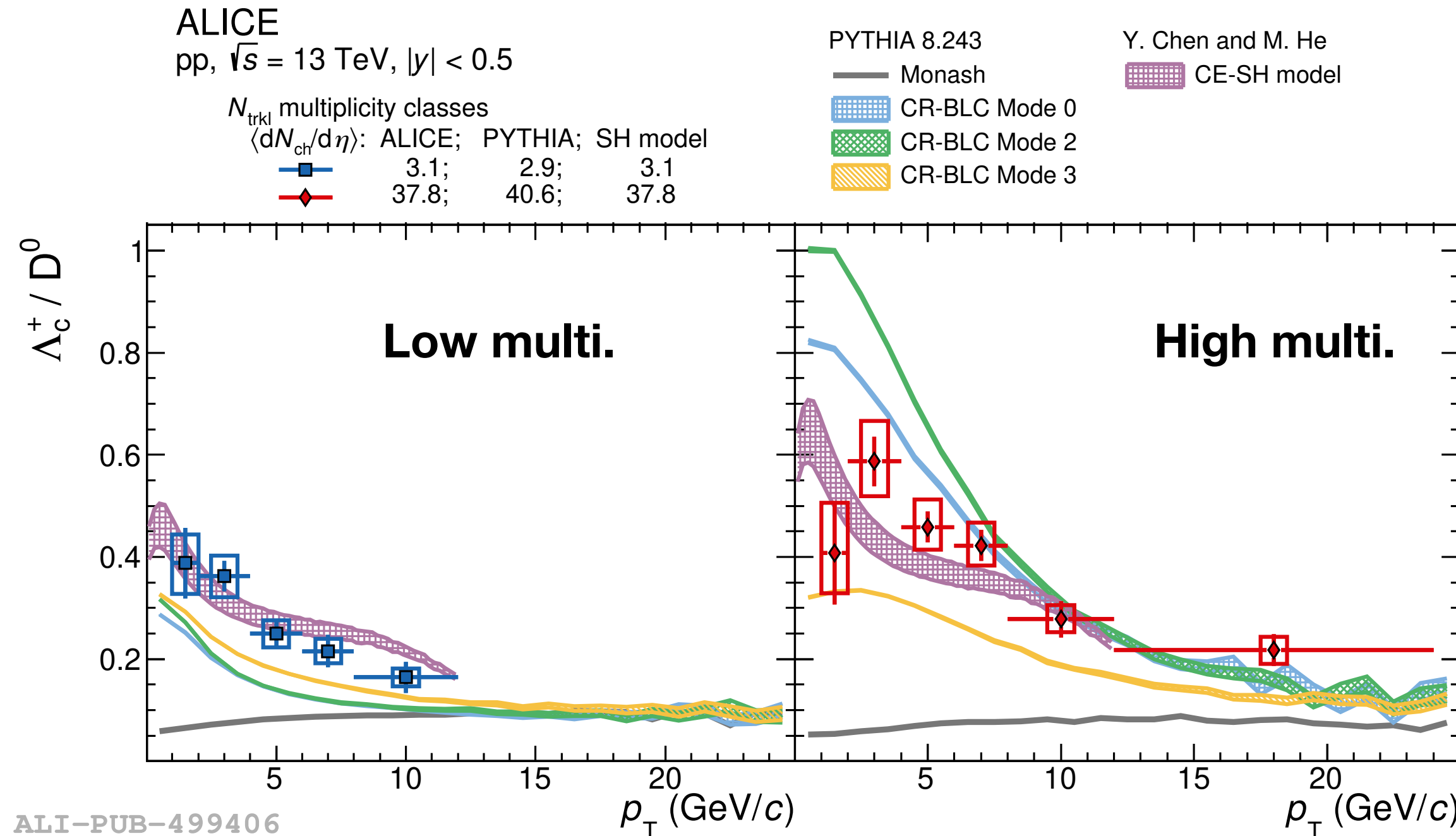
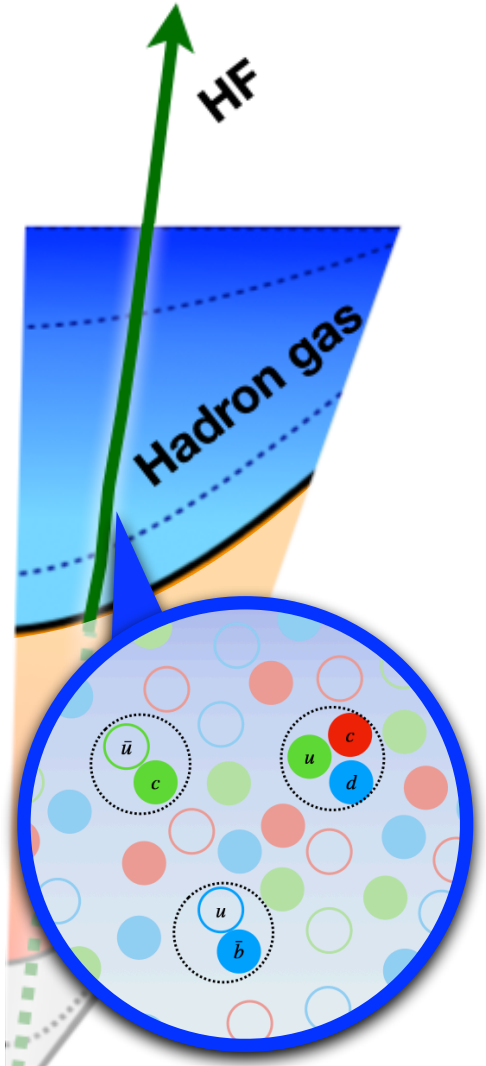
Yield ratio of B_s^0/B^+



$R_{AA}(B_c^+)$ vs. $R_{AA}(B_s^0)$ vs. $R_{AA}(B^+)$

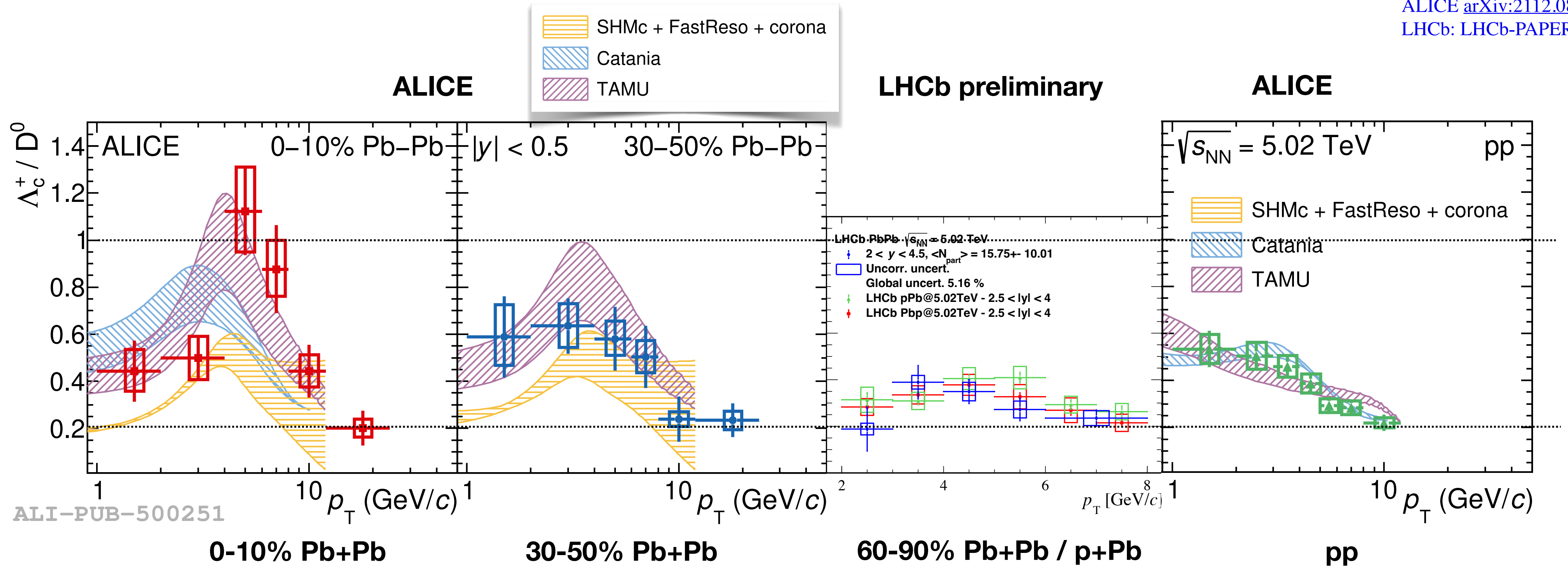
- Hint of B_s^0 enhancement wrt. B^+ in (central) Pb+Pb collisions at low p_T , described by model predictions
- First B_c^+ measurements in Pb+Pb, $R_{AA}(B_c^+) \sim R_{AA}(B_s^0) > R_{AA}(B^+)$

Λ_c^+ / D^0 in pp



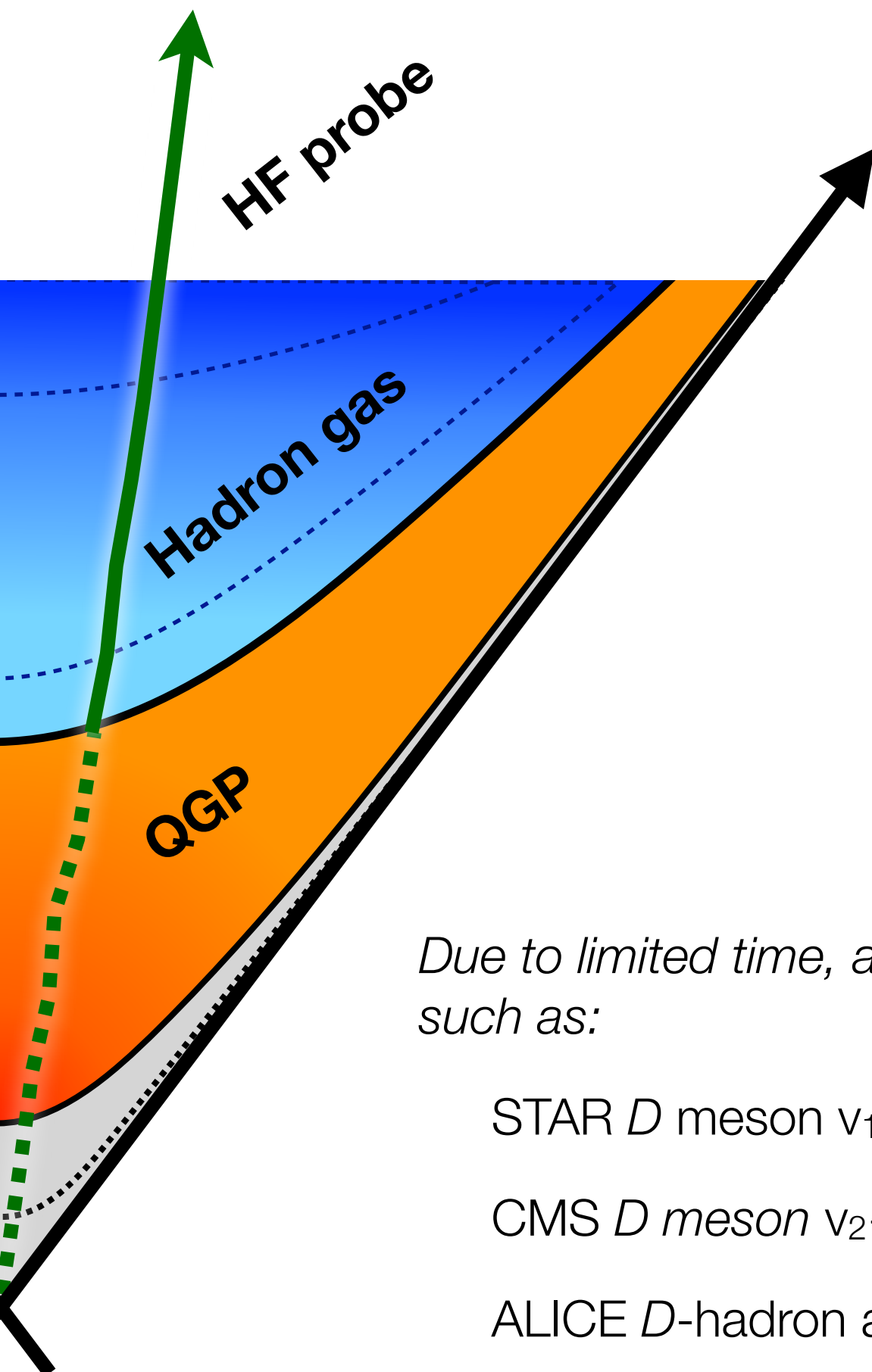
- p_T - and multiplicity-dependent Λ_c^+ / D^0 enhancement in pp collisions, significantly different from Pythia Monash
- Pythia with CR can qualitatively describe p_T dependence but not the multiplicity dependence
- SH model can quantitatively describe the results

Λ_c^+ / D^0 in A-A



- Λ_c^+ / D^0 show increasing trend with increasing $\langle N_{part} \rangle$ at low $4 < p_T < 6$ GeV
- Similar Λ_c^+ / D^0 at high p_T in pp , $p+Pb$ and $Pb+Pb$

Summary



- Thanks to tremendous experimental efforts, charm and bottom hadron R_{AA} / v_2 measurements are pushed to unprecedented kinematic coverage and precision
- Systematic data-model comparisons lead to improved modeling and tighter estimation of medium property
- Measurements of D_s^+ / D^0 , Λ_c^+ / D^0 , B_s^0 / B^+ , B_c^+ / B^+ provide valuable insight into hadronization heavy flavor quark in Pb+Pb and high multiplicity pp

Due to limited time, a lot of interesting results cannot be covered in my talk, such as:

STAR D meson v_1 ,

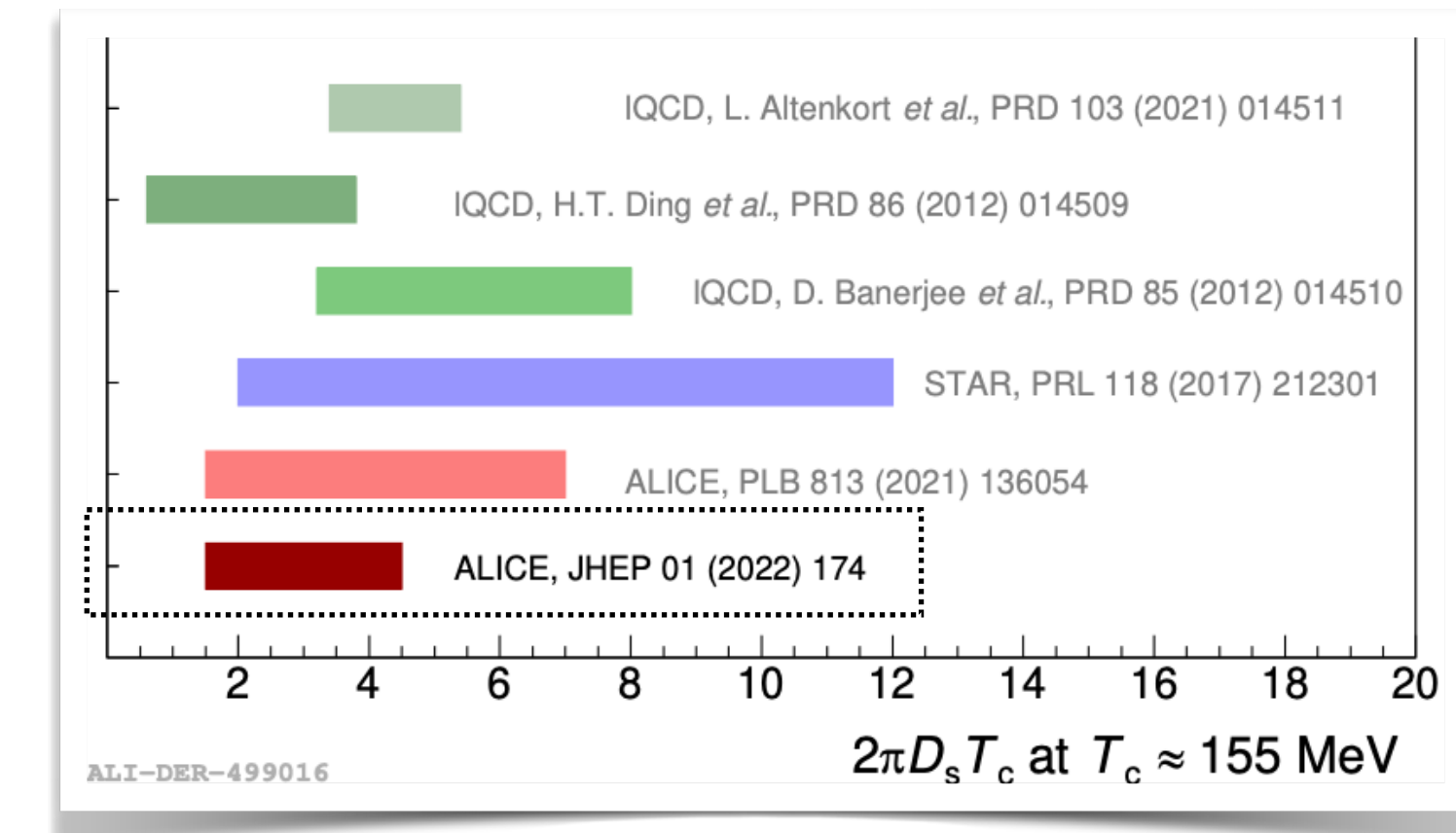
CMS D meson $v_2\{4\}/v_2\{2\}$, D meson v_3

ALICE D -hadron angular correlation

ATLAS HF muon pair correlation, muon v_3

LHCb HF probes in p +Pb

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Special thanks to A. Dainese, S. Lim, X. Dong, J. Nagle, P. Onyisi, M. Rybar for suggestions and discussions

SQM2022 experimental open HF hadron parallel talks

Charm production: constraint to transport models and charm diffusion coefficient with ALICE

Martin Andreas Volkl

Constraining hadronization processes with charm baryons in pp and p-Pb collisions with ALICE

Jinjoo Seo

Beauty production in heavy-ion collisions with ALICE at the LHC

Stefano Politano

ALICE determines the scattering parameters of D mesons with light-flavor hadrons

Emma Chizzali

ALICE

Measurement of non-prompt and prompt D^0 azimuthal anisotropy in Pb-Pb collisions at 5.02 TeV

Milan Stojanovic

New insights on heavy flavor dynamics and hadronization from small to large collision systems from Λ_c^+ production with CMS

Soumik Chandra

Studies of heavy flavor dynamics using B^+ , B_s^0 and B_c mesons with CMS

Florian Damas

CMS

Multiplicity-dependent production of heavy mesons with strangeness in small systems at LHCb

Chenxi Gu

PHENIX Probing QCD Matter Through Heavy Flavor and Quarkonium at RHIC

Rachid Nouicer

Heavy flavor and hard probes of the Quark Gluon Plasma with ATLAS

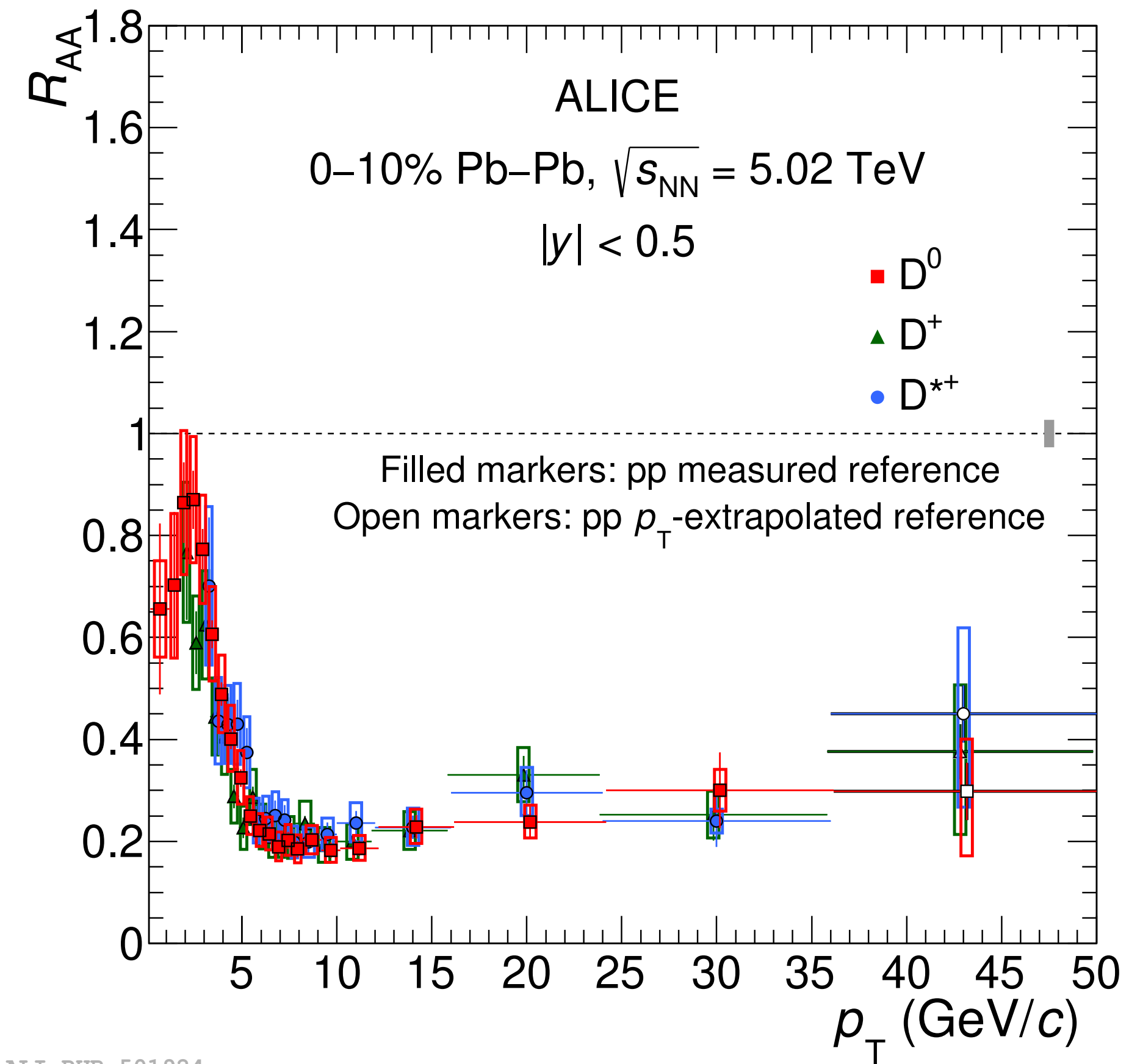
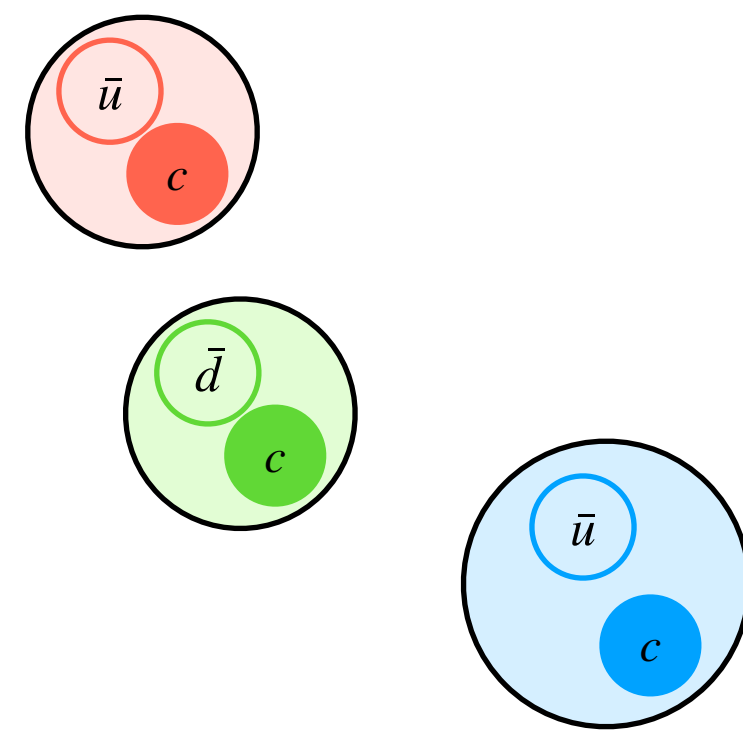
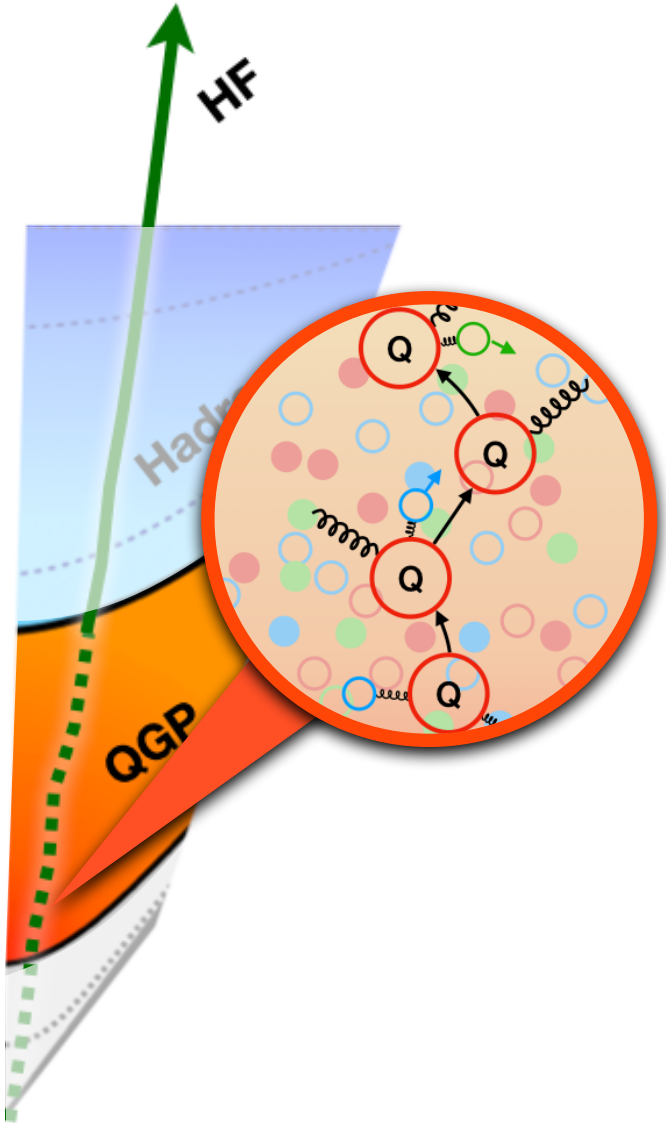
Wenkai Zou

LHCb/PHENIX/ATLAS

Backup Slides

Charm-hadron in medium — D^0 , D^+ and D^{*+}

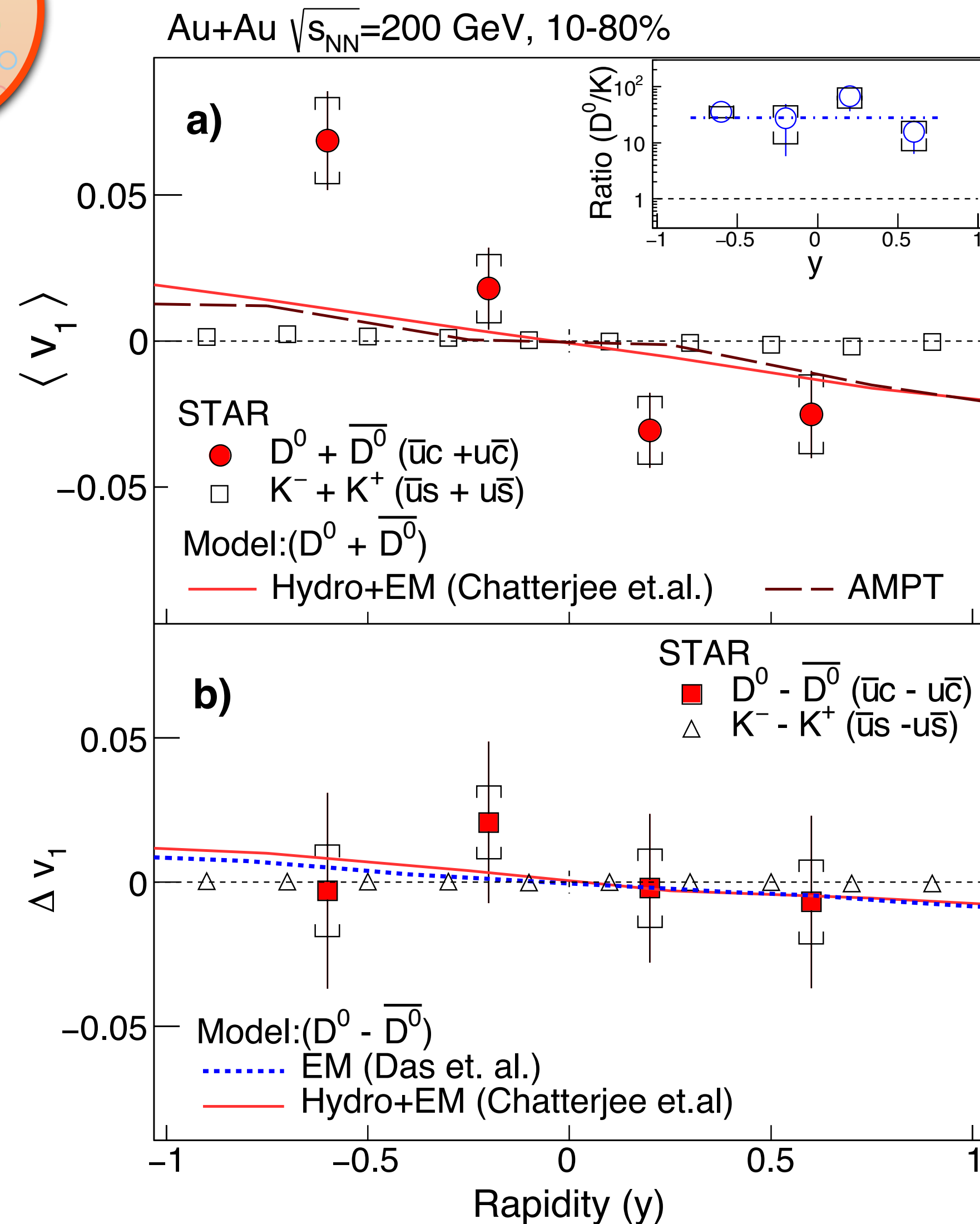
[JHEP01\(2022\)174](#)



ALI-PUB-501924

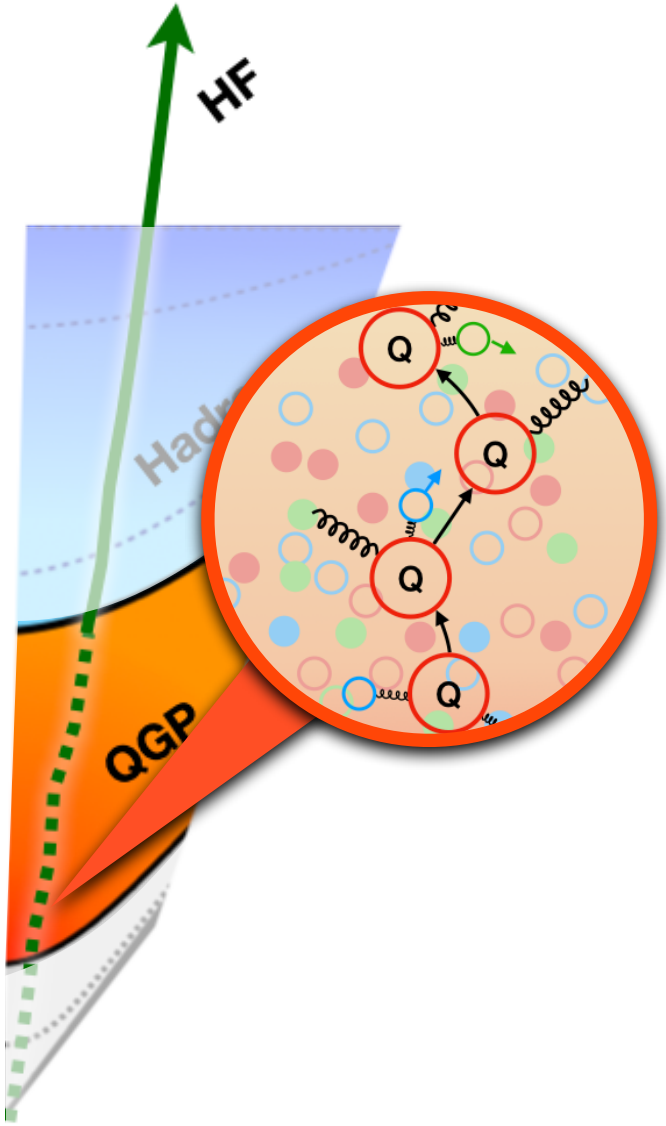
Charm-hadron in medium — v_1

[PRL 123 \(2019\) 162301](#)

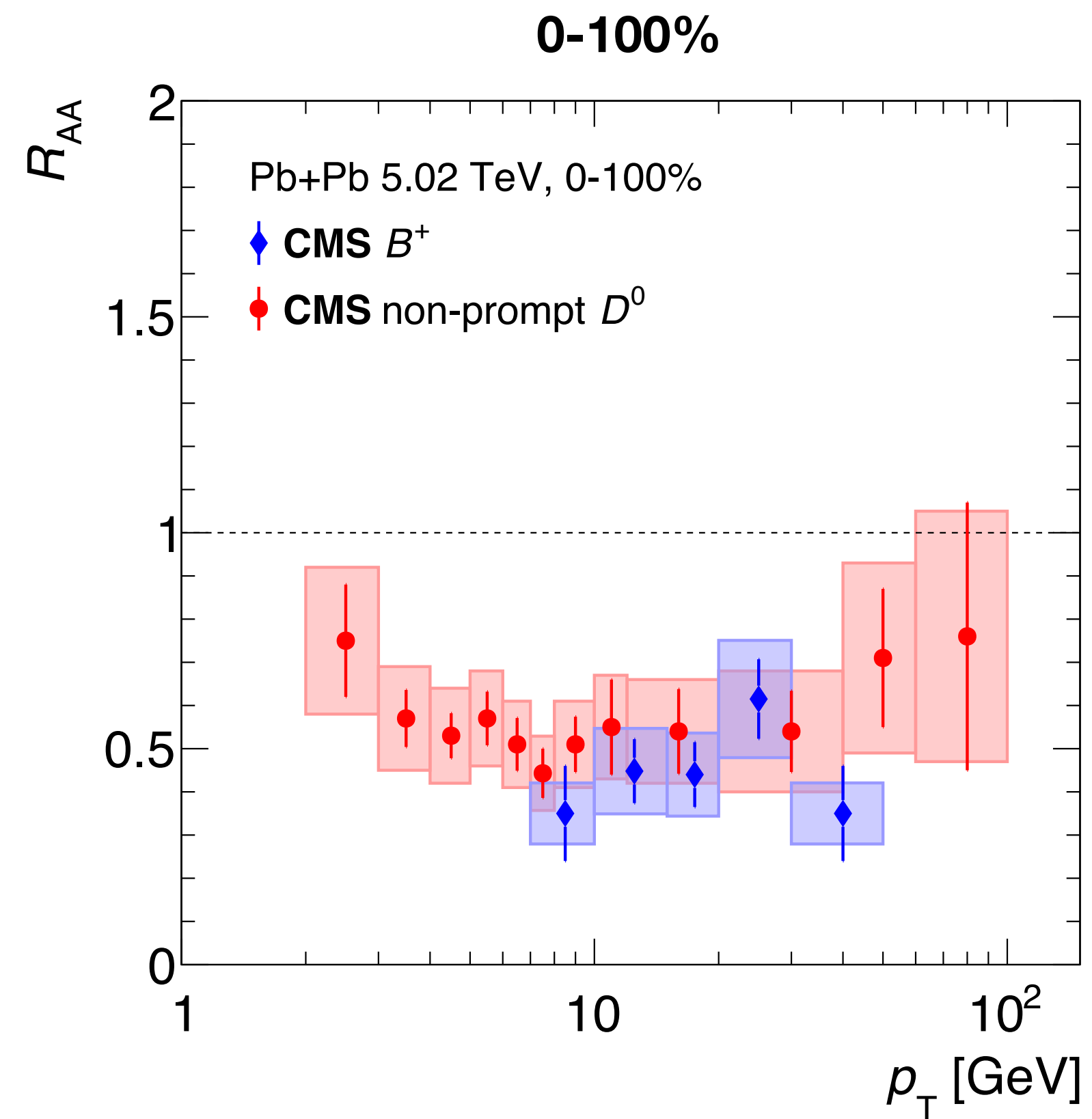


- $v_1(D^0)$ 25 times larger than $v_1(K)$
- Negative $v_1(D^0)$ slope qualitatively described by hydro with an initially tilted QGP source and AMPT
- $v_1(D^0)$ has better sensitivity to the T-dependence diffusion coefficient. Δv_1 between D^0 and \bar{D}^0 offers a unique access to the initial B-field.

Bottom-hadron in medium — B hadron vs. B decay

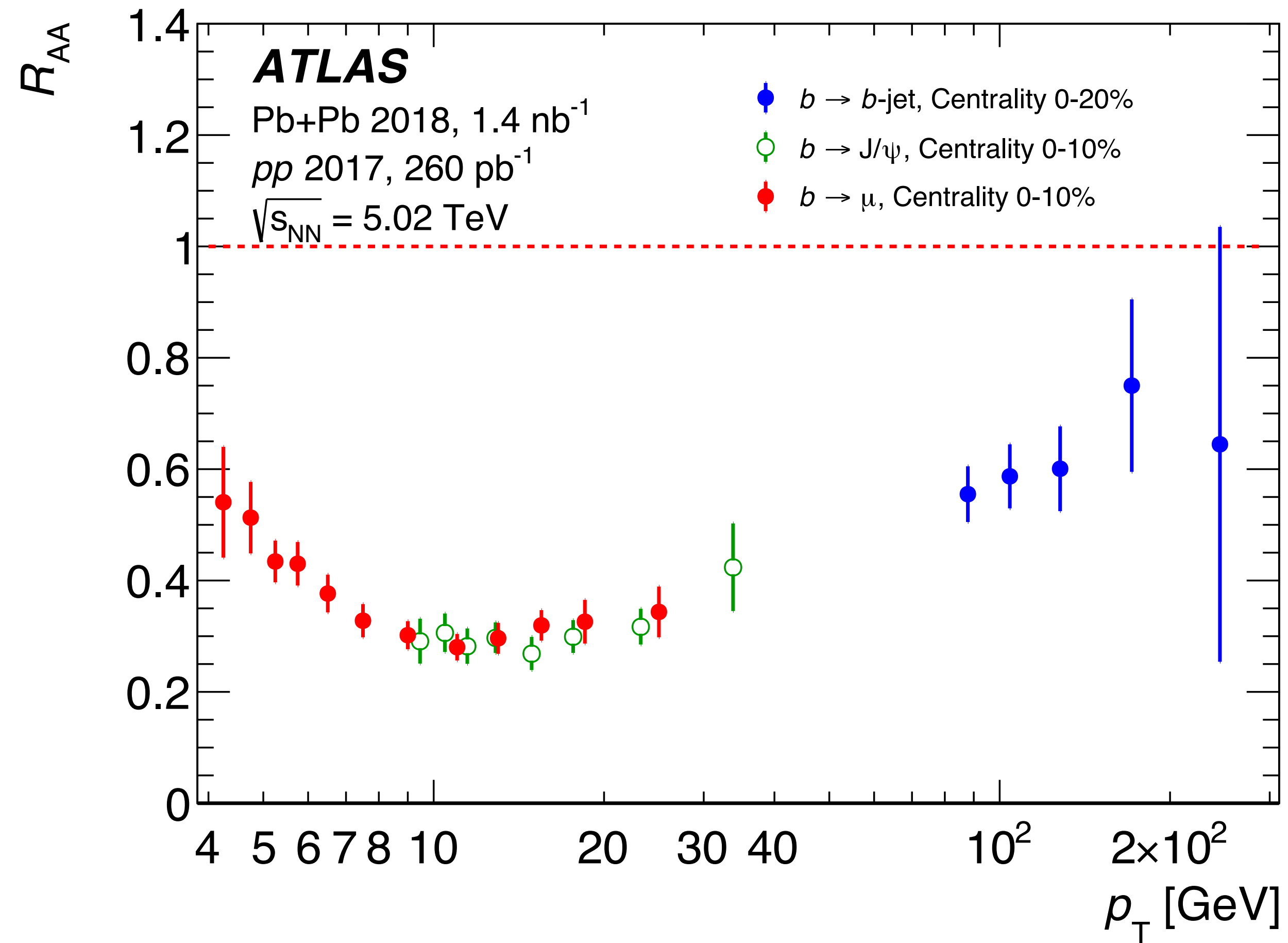
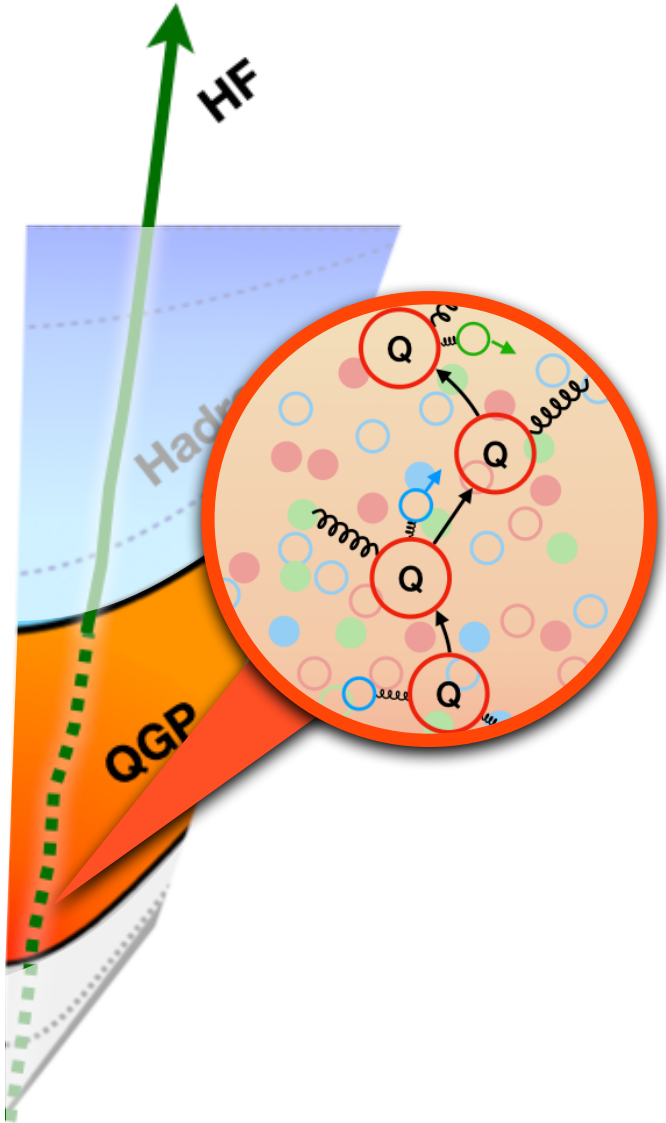


CMS B^+ : [PRL 119 \(2017\) 152301](#)
CMS non-prompt D^0 : [PRL 123 \(2019\) 022001](#)

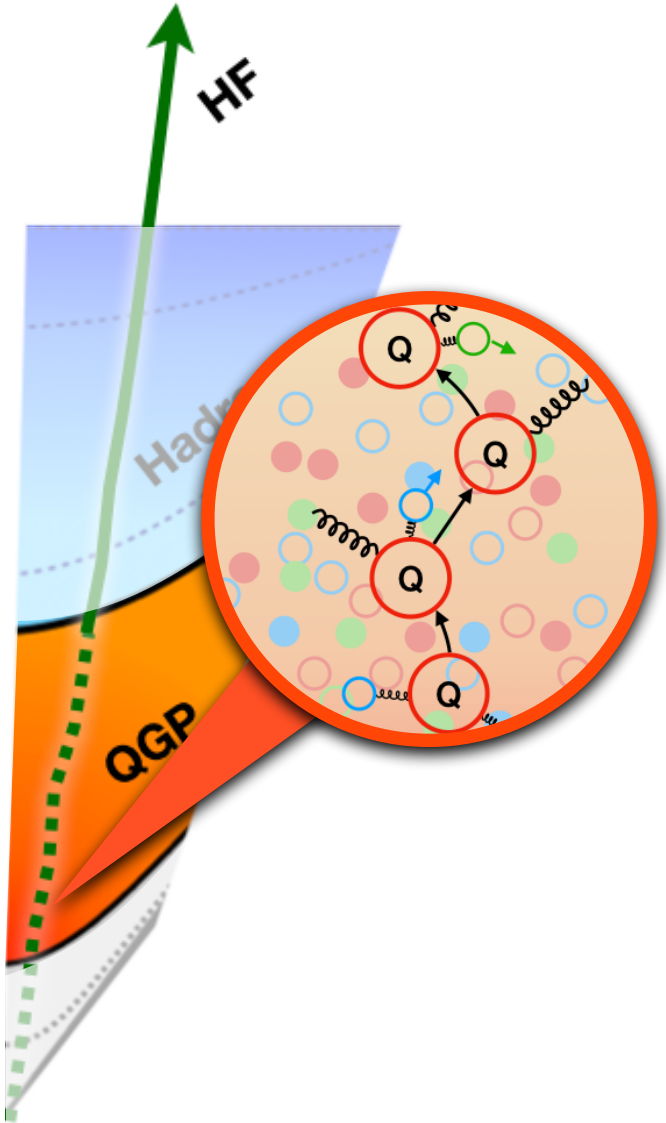


HF jets vs open bottom hadron decays

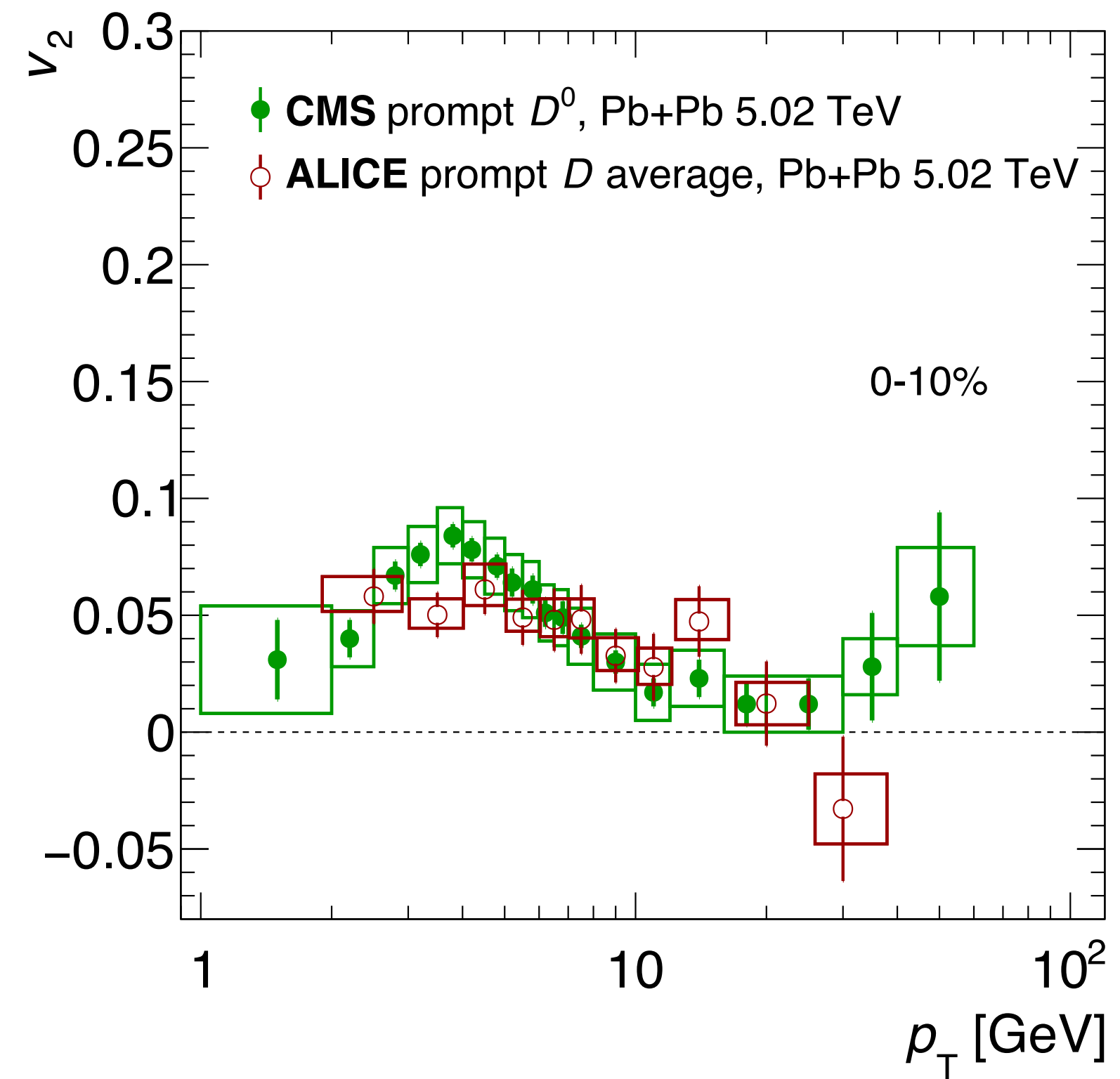
[arXiv:2204.13530](https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.13530)



Prompt D v_2 in central collisions

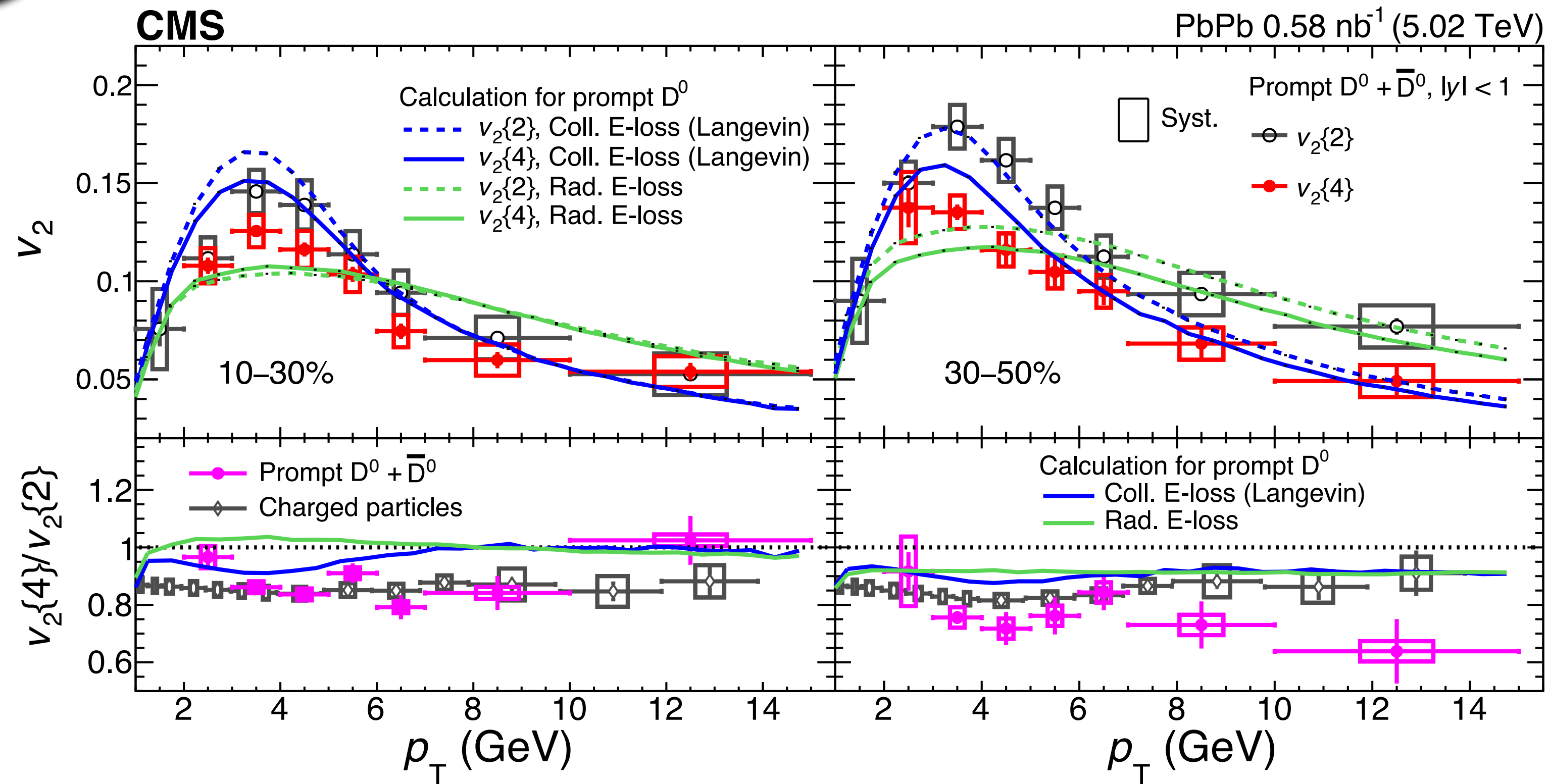


CMS: [PLB 816 \(2021\) 136253](#)
ALICE: [PLB 813 \(2021\) 136054](#)

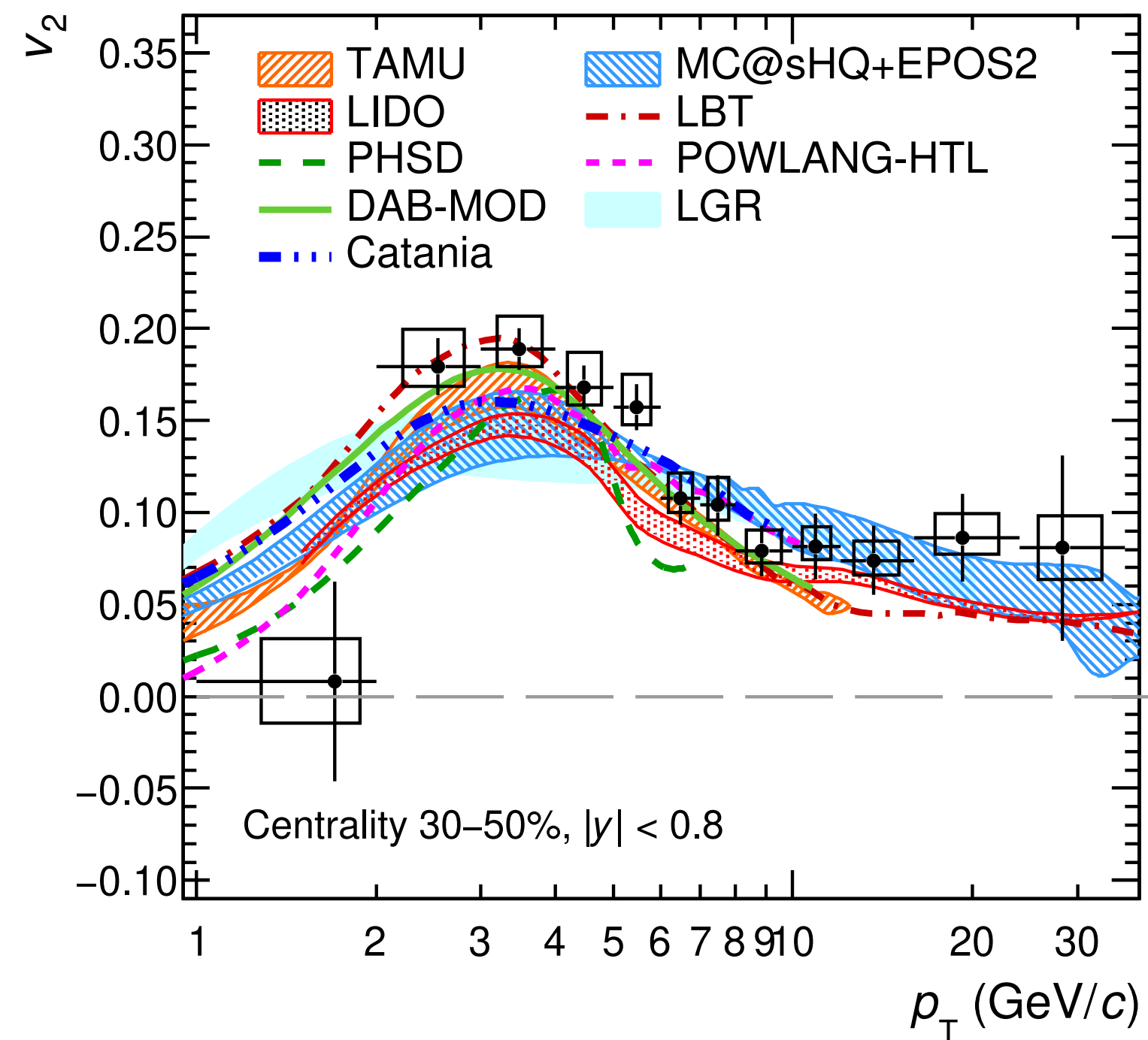
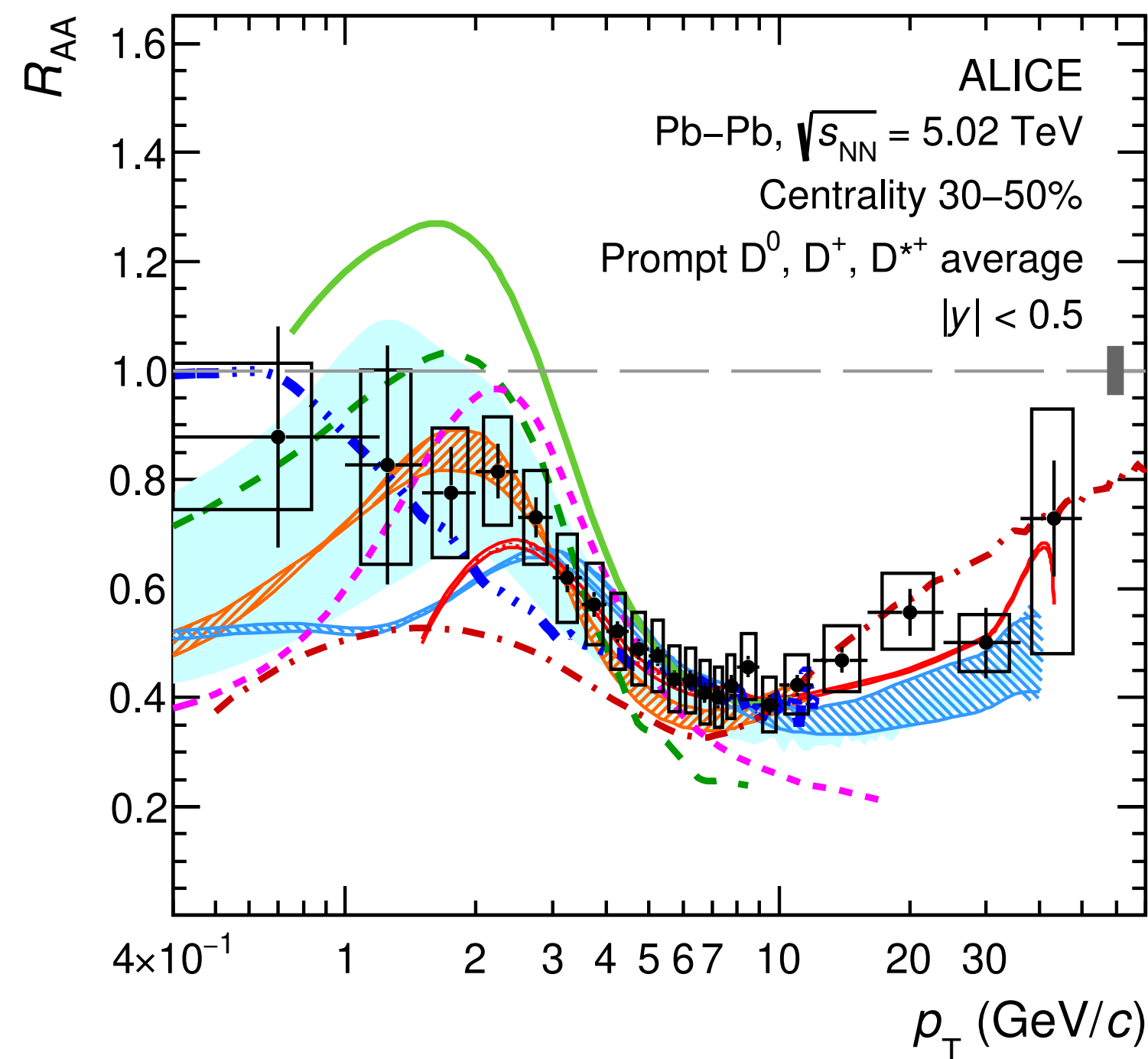
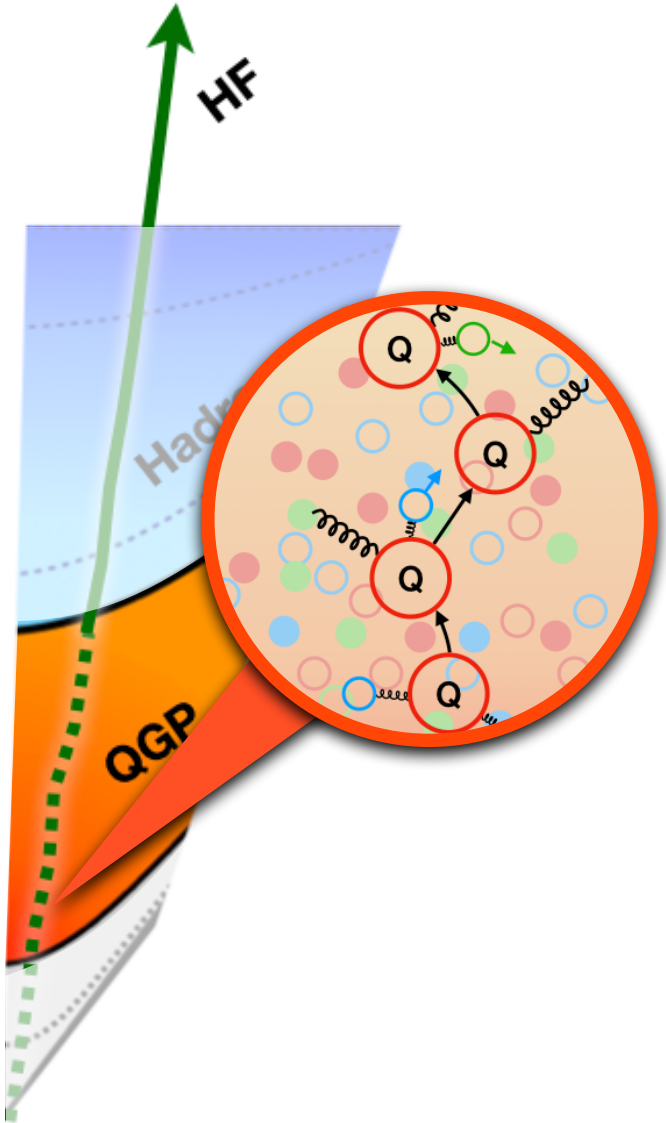


Prompt D meson $v_2\{2\}$ vs. $v_2\{4\}$

[arXiv:2112.12236](https://arxiv.org/abs/2112.12236)



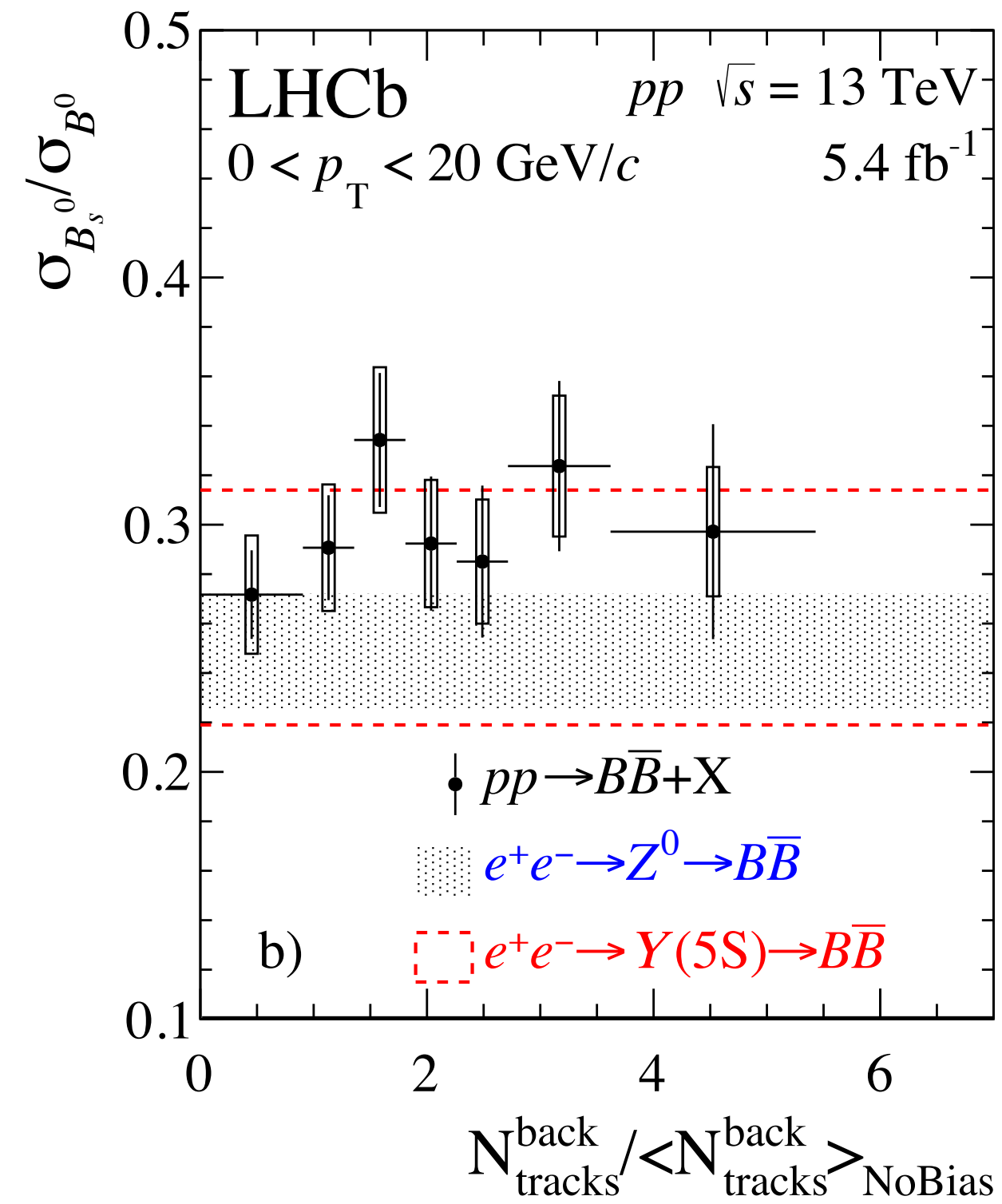
D meson measurements vs. models — 30-50%



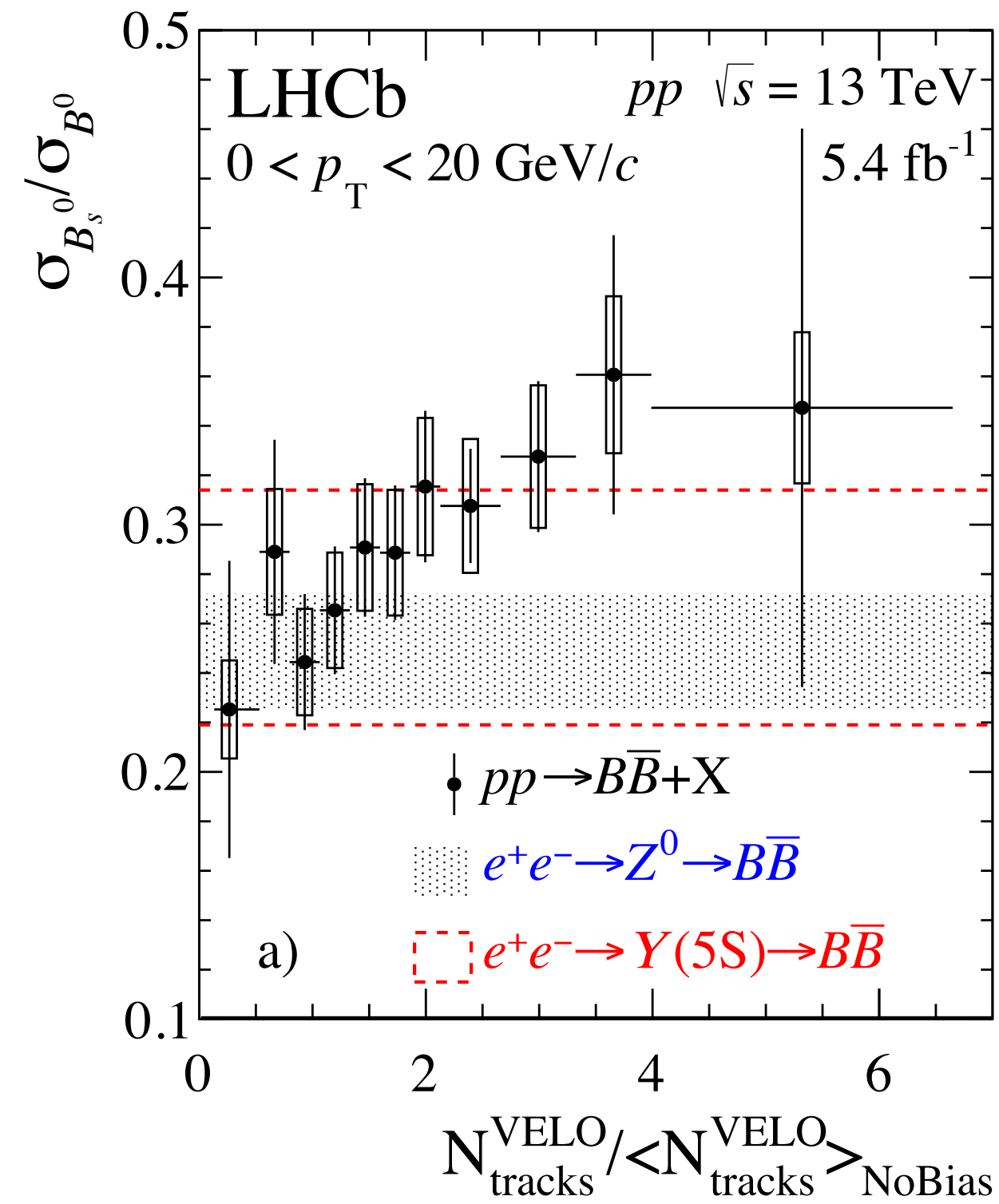
ALI-PUB-501956

B_s^0/B^0 in pp

LHCb Bs: [arXiv:2204.13042](https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.13042)

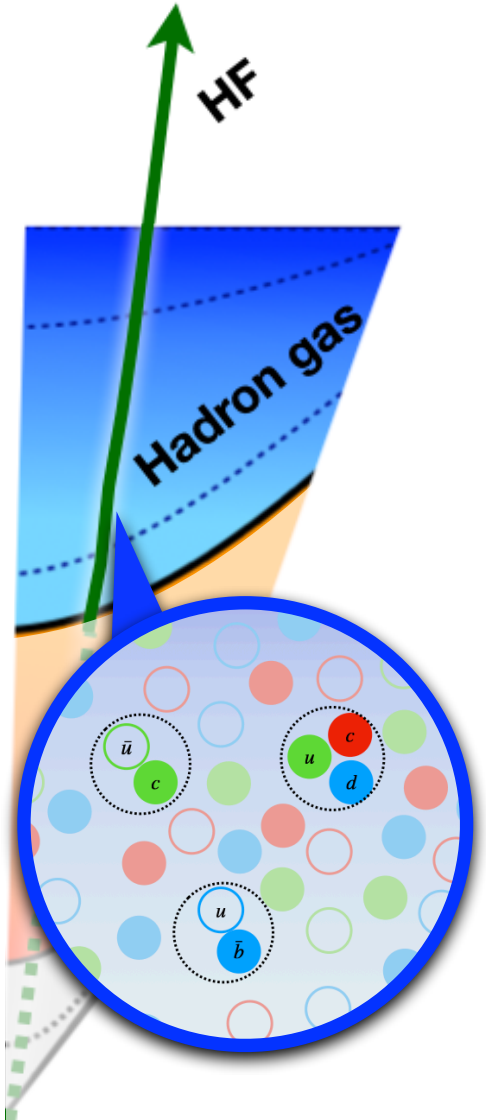


Backward VELO multiplicity

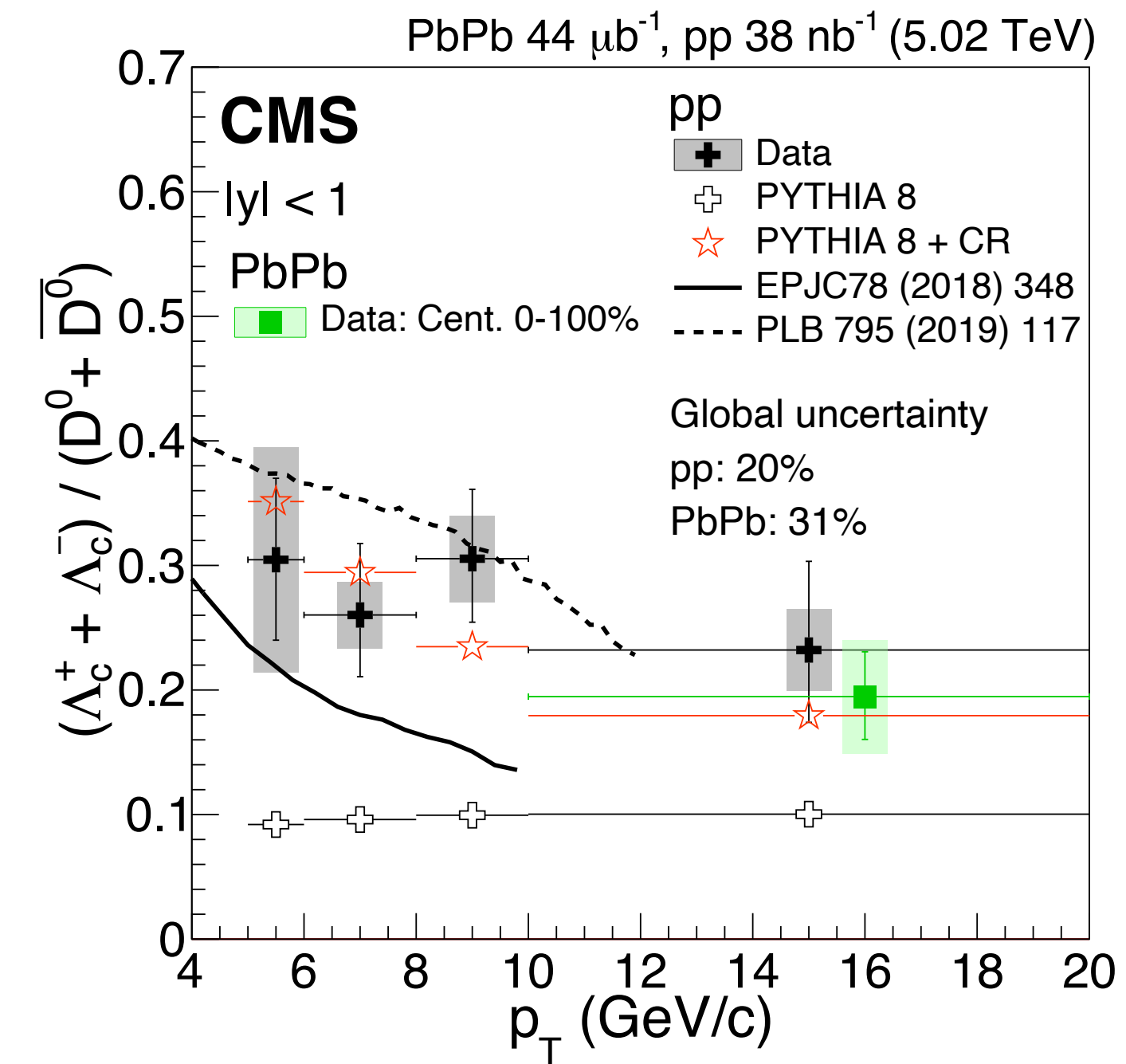
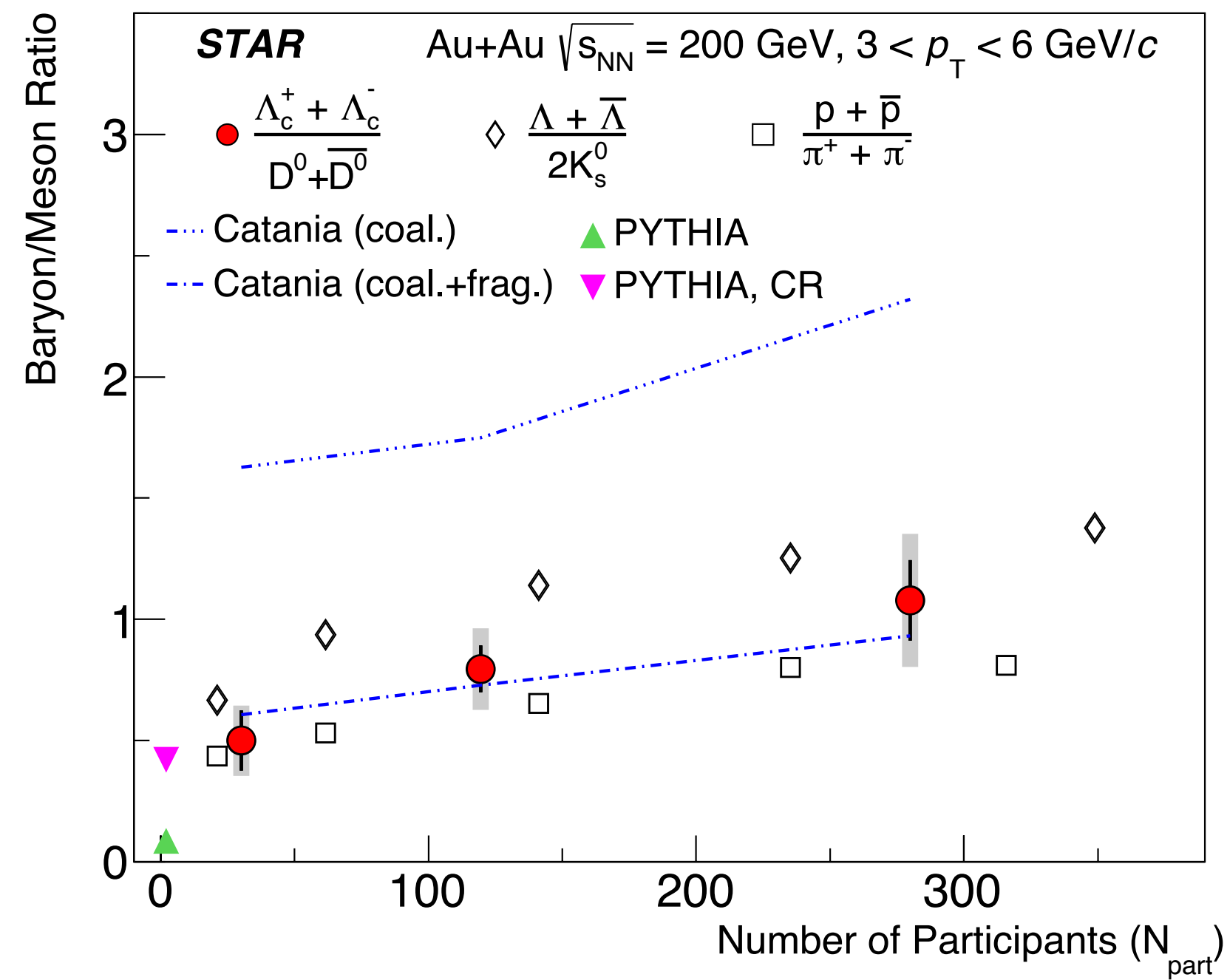


Full VELO multiplicity

- B_s^0/B^0 is enhanced in high multiplicity pp events with full tracking multiplicity
- Being flat wrt. backward multiplicity indicates the enhancement is due to B_s^0 local particle density



Λ_c^+ / D^0 in A-A

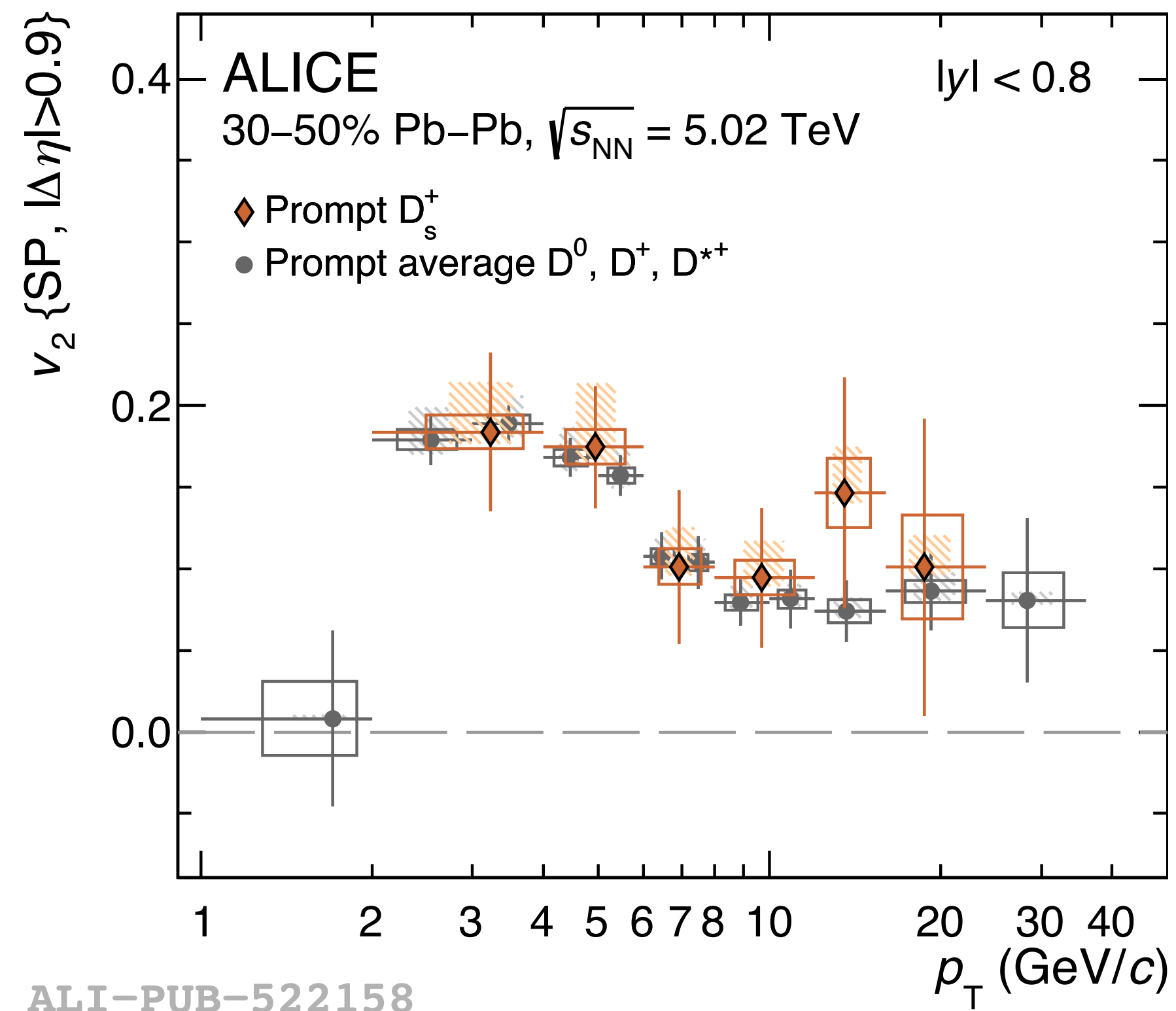


STAR and CMS results are consistent with ALICE/LHCb results:

- PYTHIA with CR can describe Λ_c^+ / D^0 in pp and peripheral Pb+Pb
- Λ_c^+ / D^0 stays the same at high p_T in pp and Pb+Pb

D_s^+ v_2 in Pb+Pb

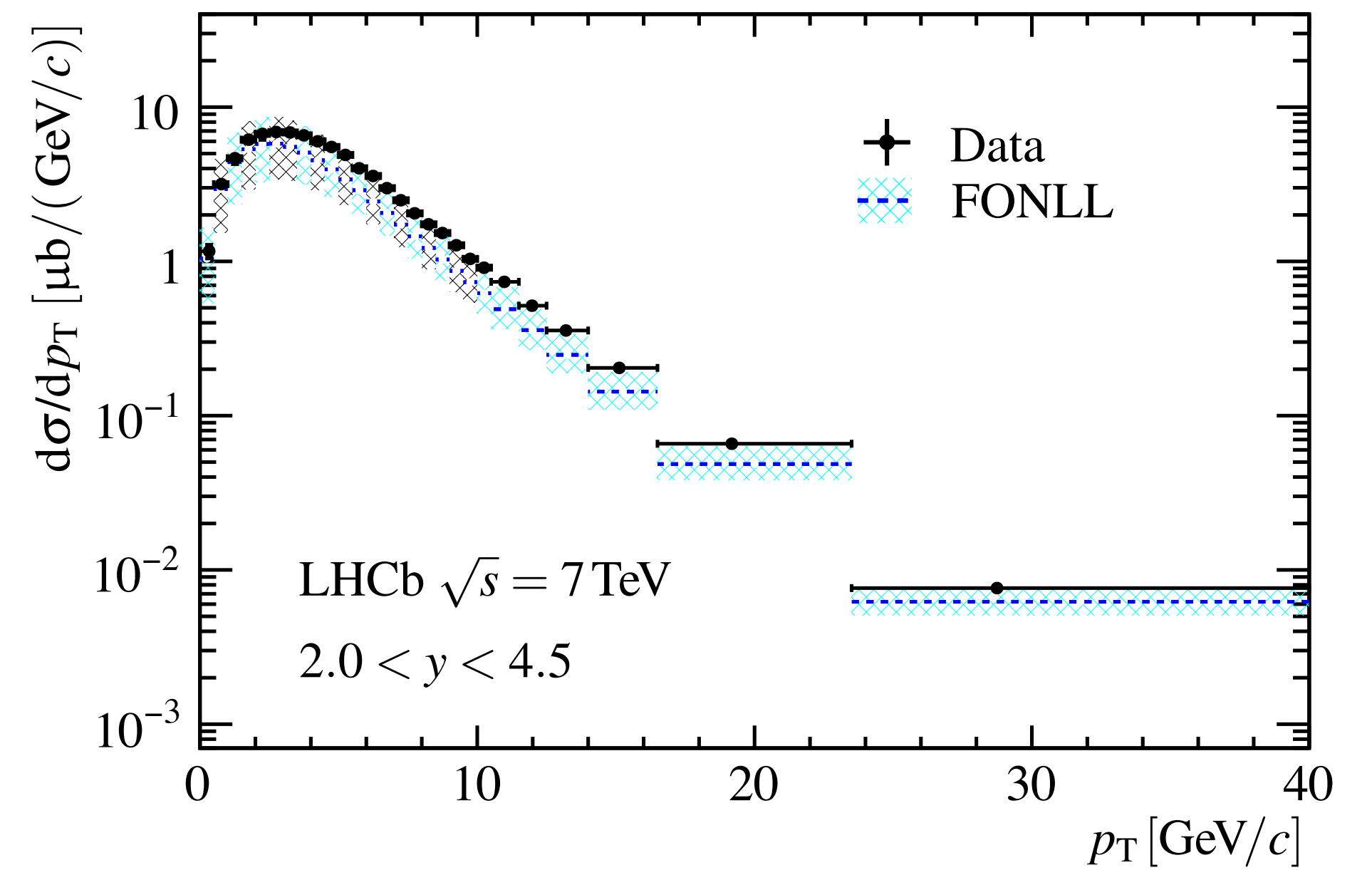
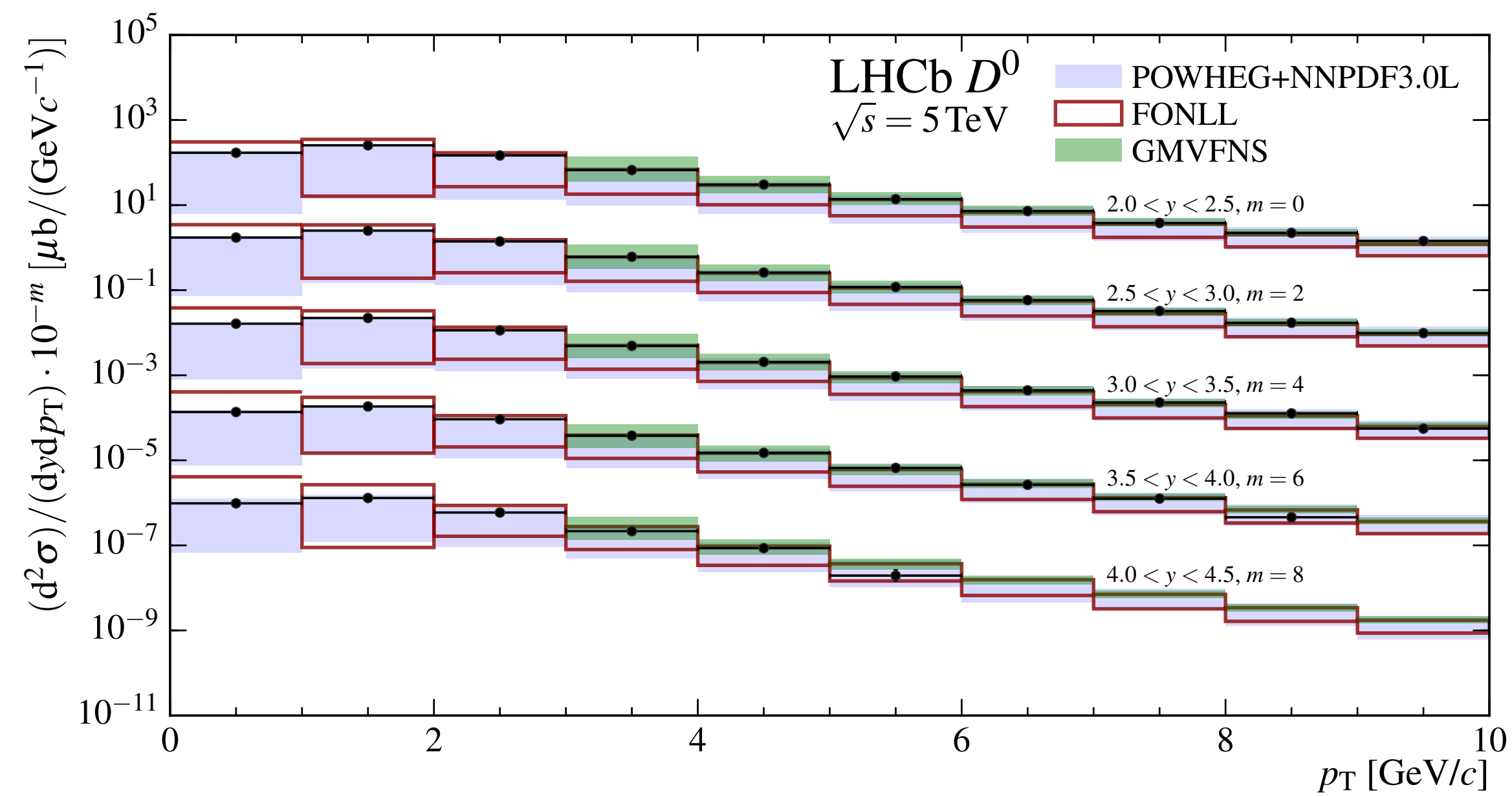
[Phys. Lett. B 827 \(2022\) 136986](#)



- No significant difference between D_s^+ v_2 and average prompt D meson v_2

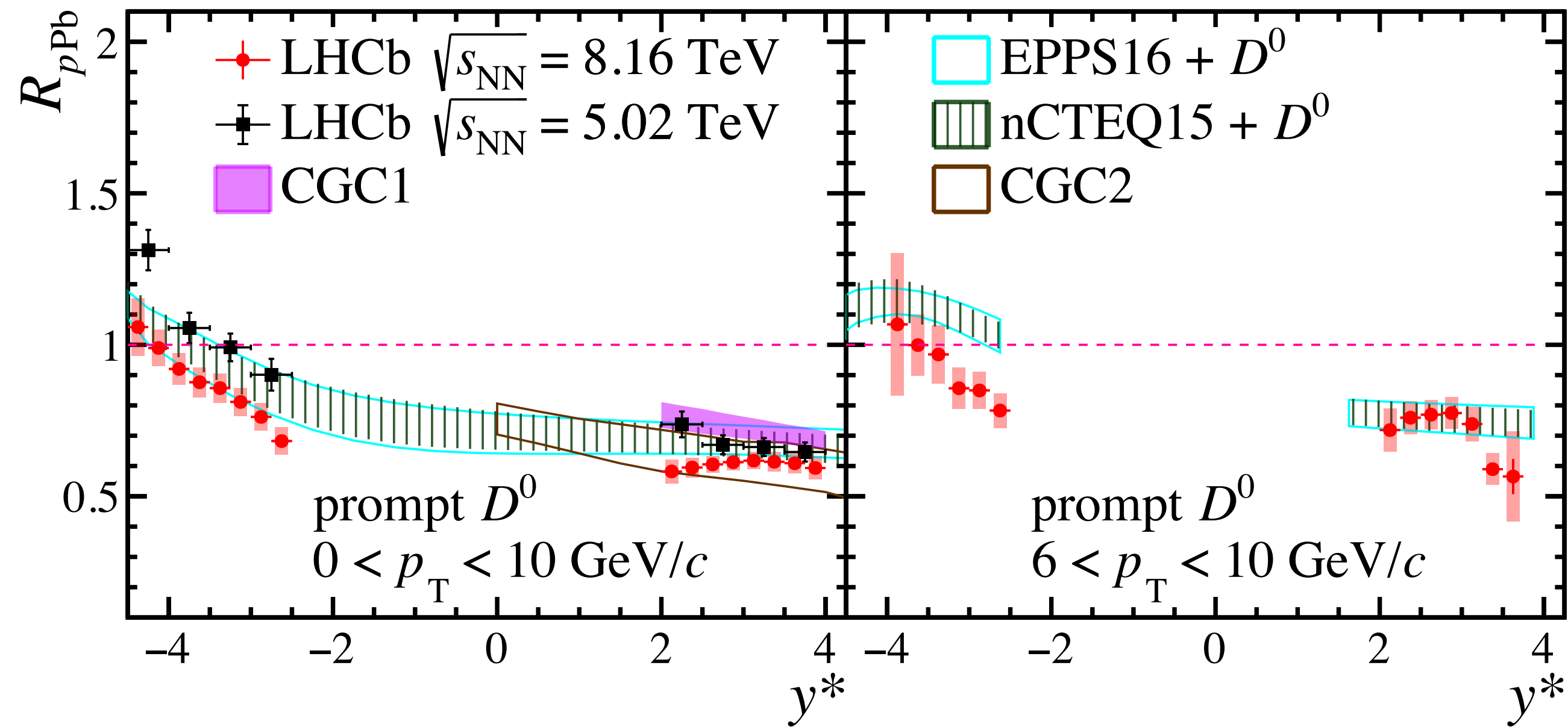
LHCb D/B cross sections in pp

[JHEP 06 \(2017\) 147](#)
[JHEP 12 \(2017\) 026](#)

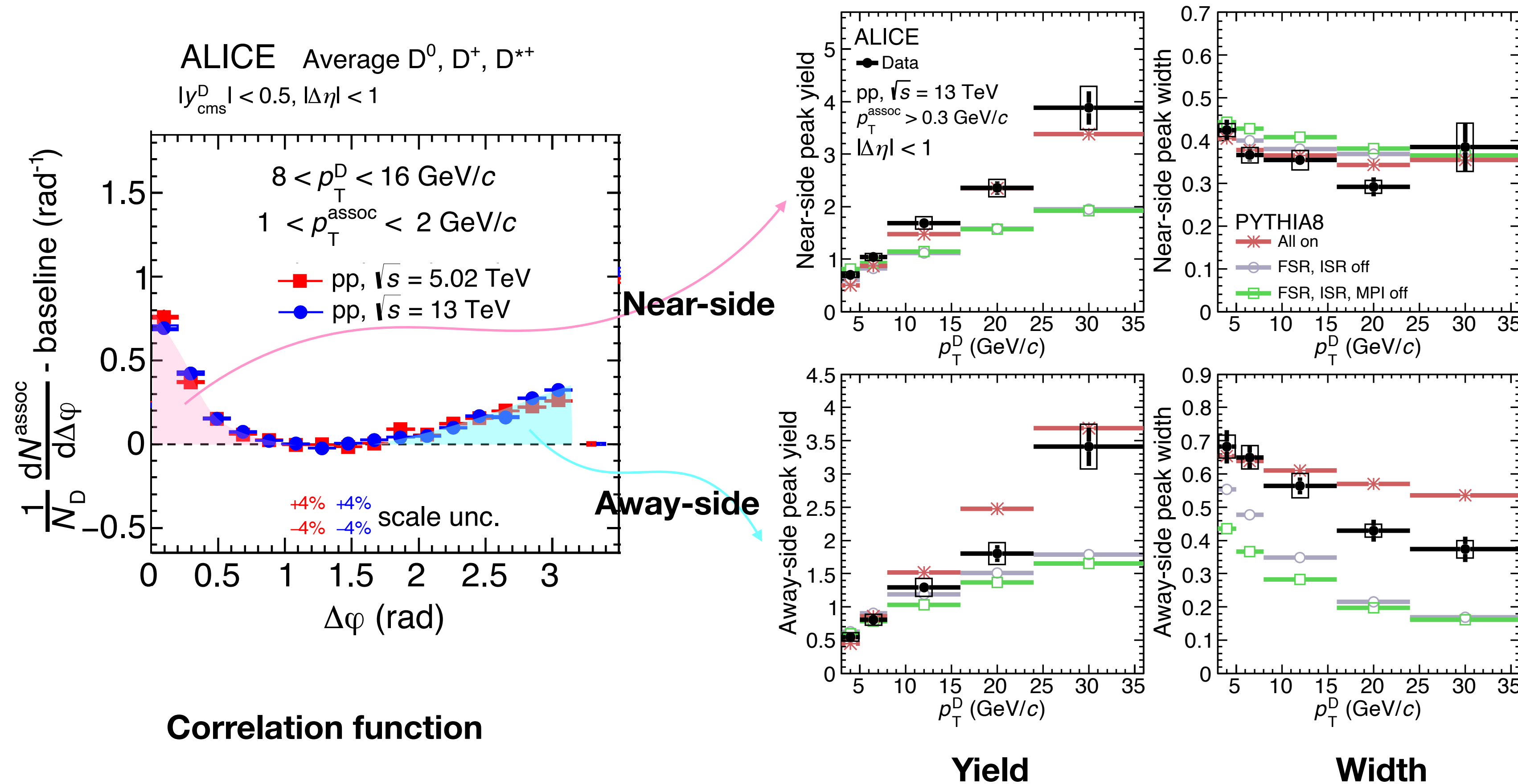


D in p+Pb

[arXiv:2205.03936v2](https://arxiv.org/abs/2205.03936v2)



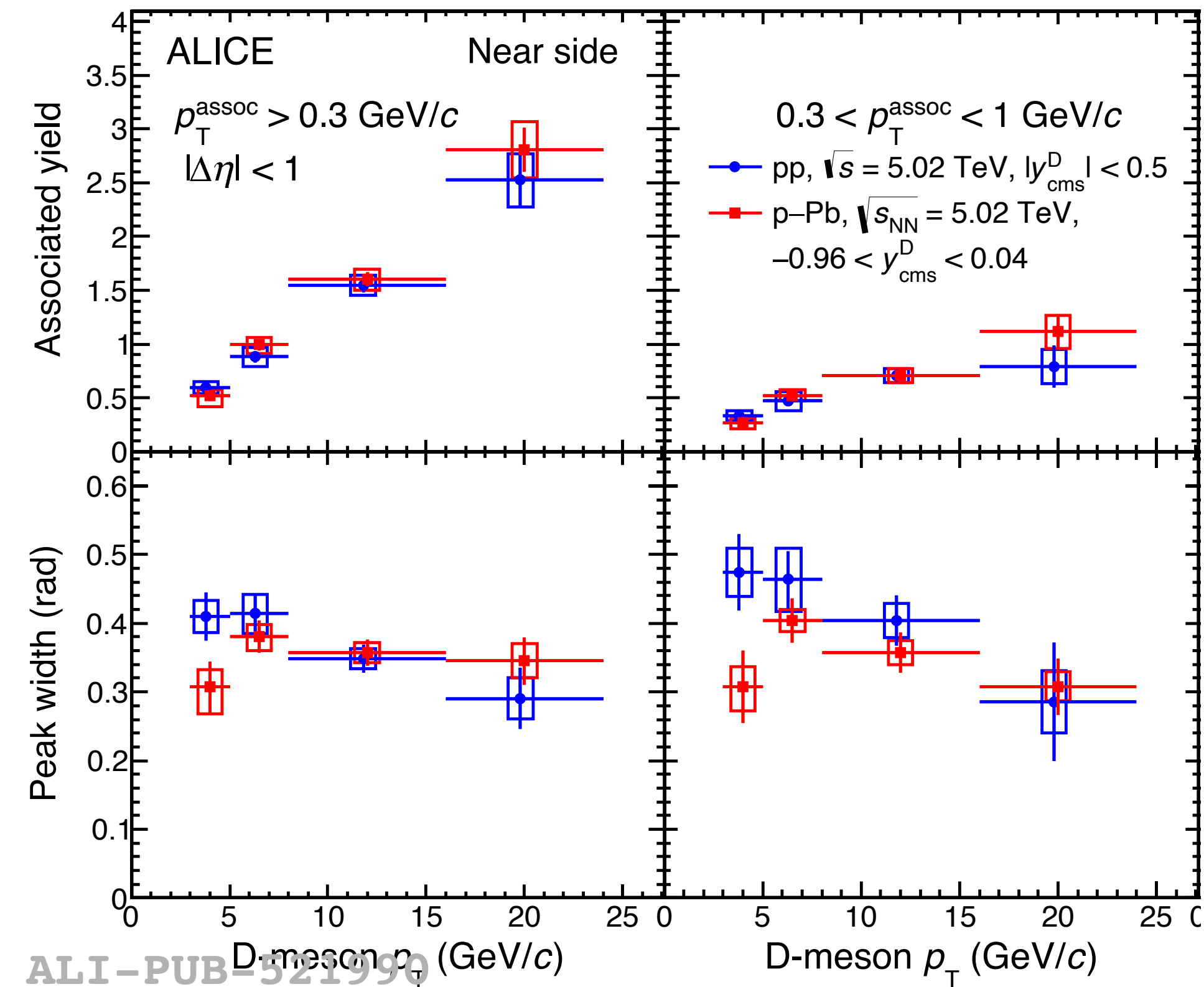
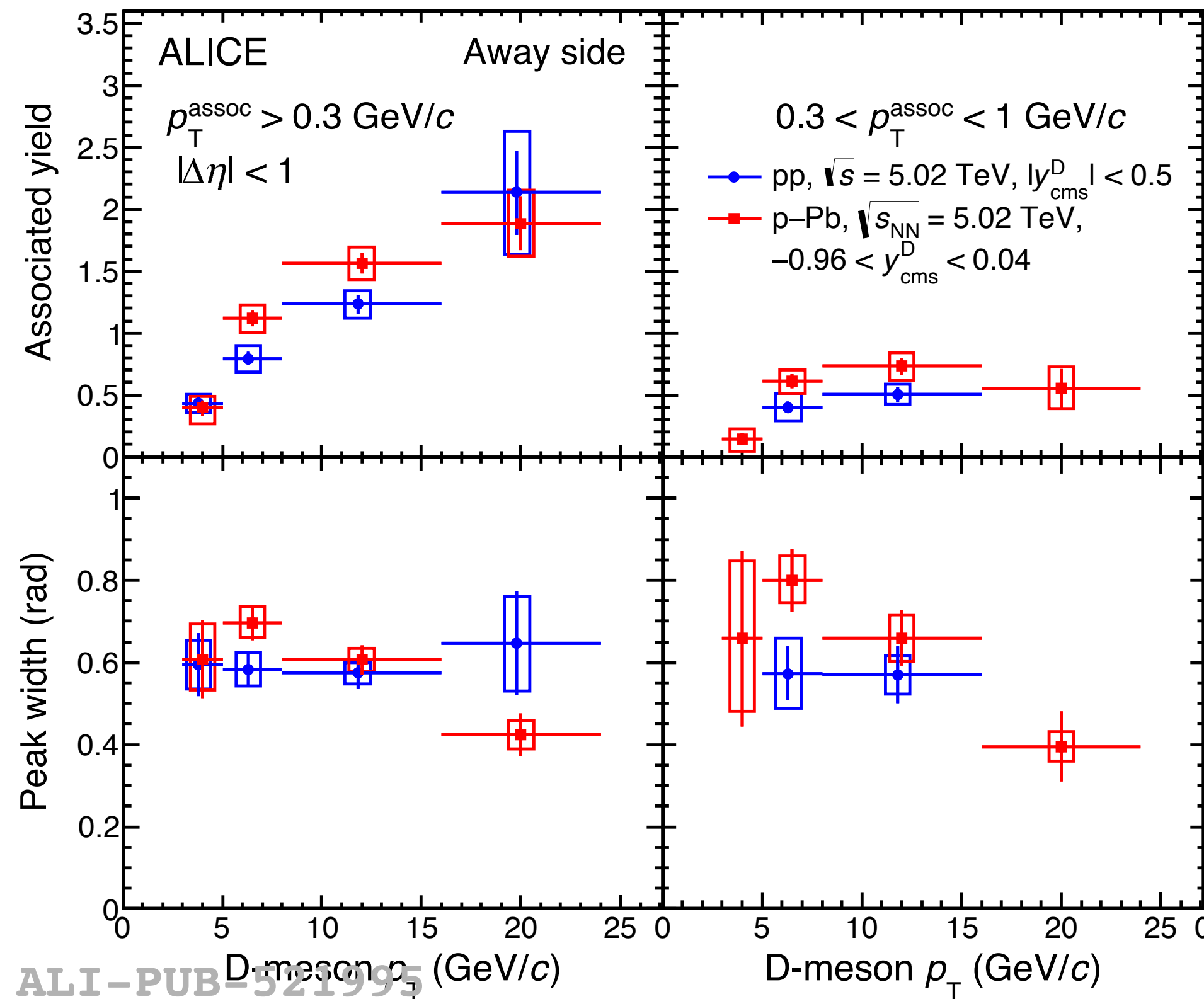
D-charged particle correlation in pp



- PYTHIA8 with FSR, ISR and MPI can describe well prompt D -charged particle correlation function

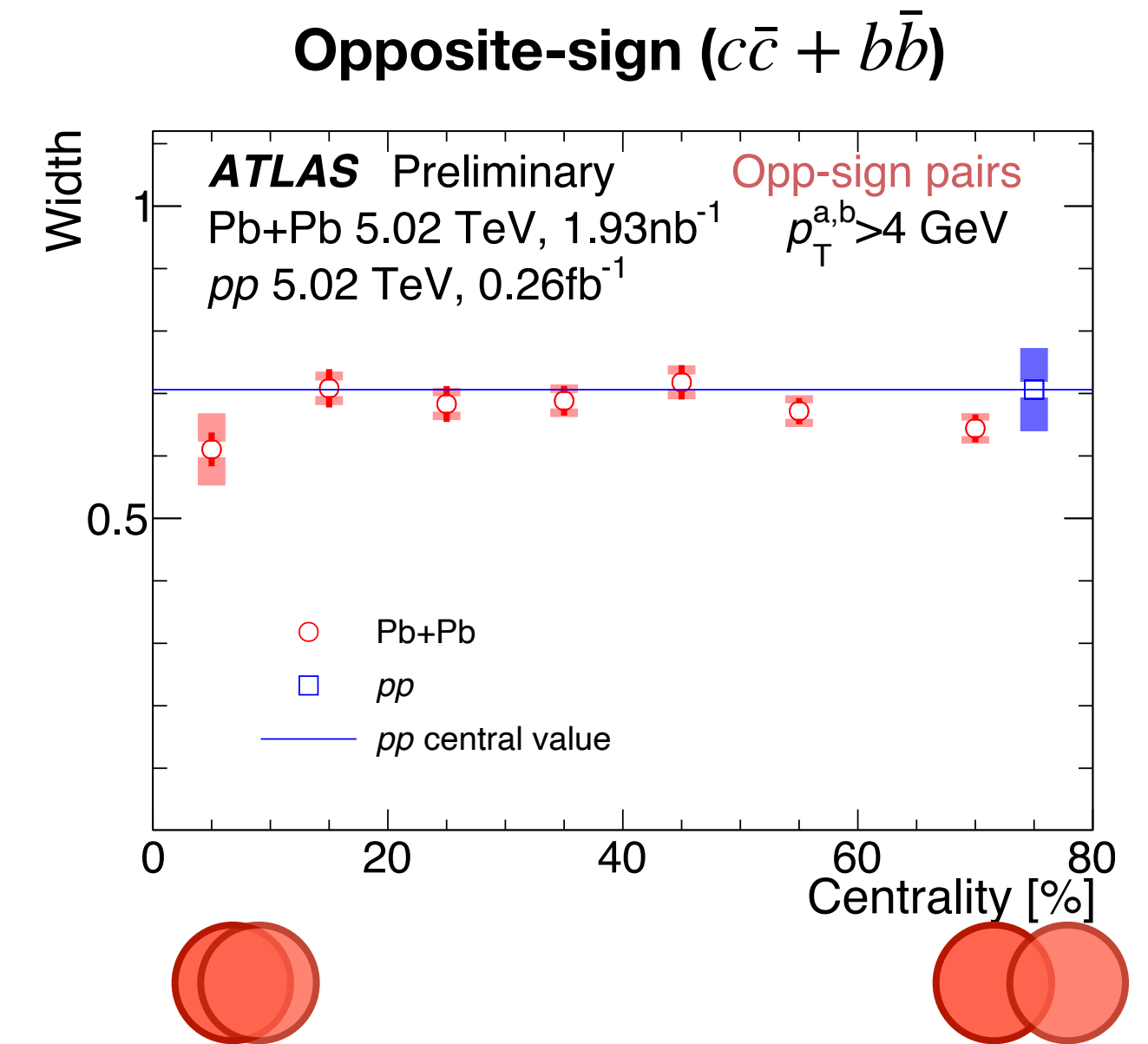
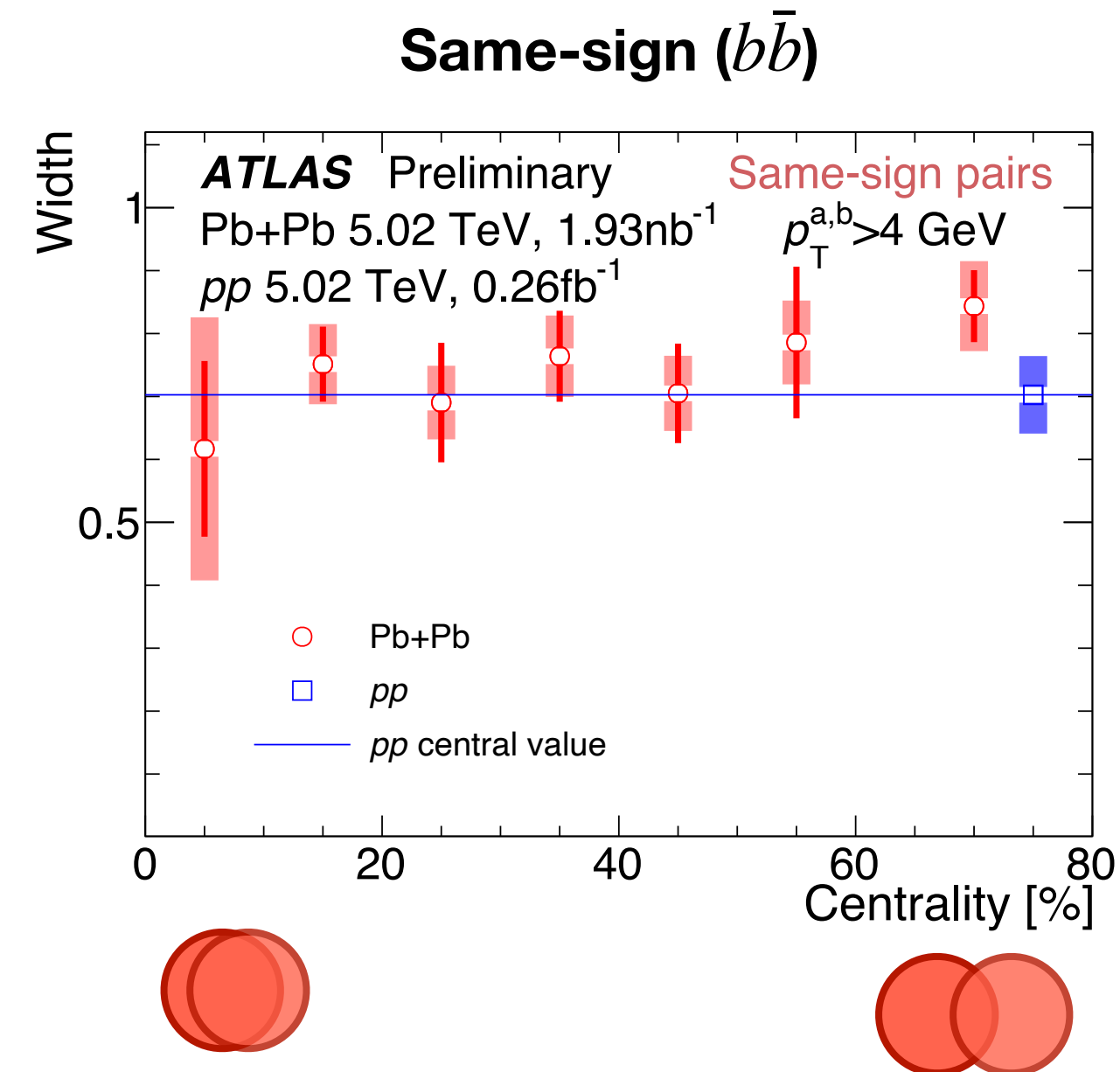
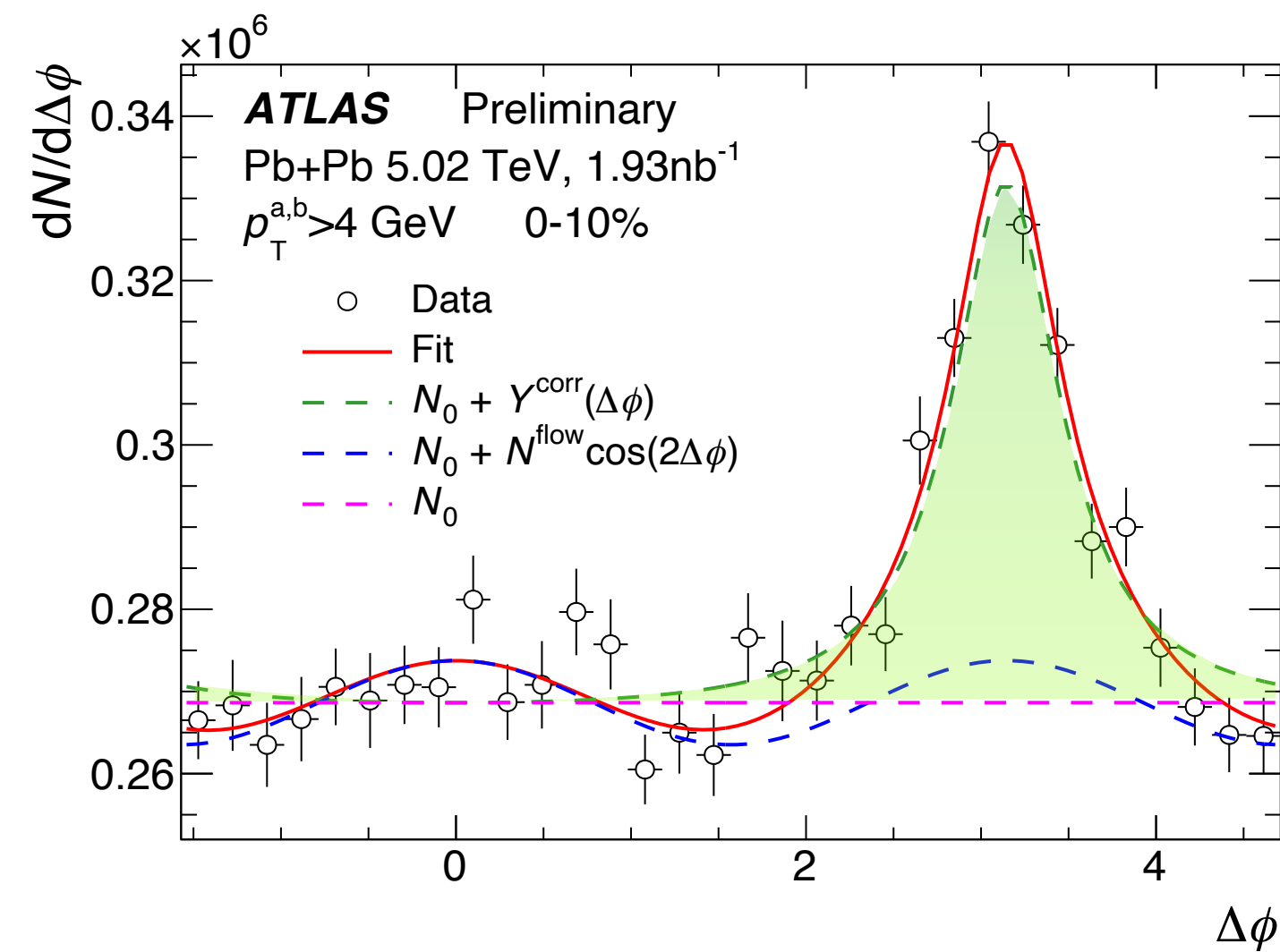
Extracted feature

D-charged particle correlation in pp and $p+Pb$



HF pair correlation in Pb+Pb

ATLAS-CONF-2022-022



- Comparable width between different centralities and between Pb+Pb and pp
- Centrality-independent width indicates small angular deflection