

### A Decade of MoMath: TENacity, InTENsity, PoTENtial

Cindy Lawrence, Executive Director and CEO National Museum of Mathematics





2012 to 2022

How we got here

What keeps us here

**Ongoing challenges** 

- 1. **TENacity**
- 2. **PreTENse**
- **3.** ConTENt
- 4. AtTENtion
- 5. InTENsity

6.

- AtTENdance
- 7. CompeTENcy
- 8. PoTENcy
- 9. ExTENsion
- **10. PoTENtial**

Past

Present

Future





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**TENacity** 

# **A Museum of Mathematics??**

"Poor business idea.""Everyone hates math.""Nobody will come.""Destined to fail.""It just doesn't add up!"

## **TENacity**



Can we build this on a circular track for museum use?



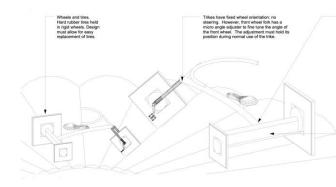
## "Impossible!"



## **TENacity**

Or...

# "It's just an engineering problem."



Trike frame. This drawing is conceptual, and is not meant to show final form.

General aesthetic design goal is for a graceful, streamlined appearance, curved in plan to approximate curve in trike path.

A low center of gravity is desirable. Bike must be stable without possibility of overtuning below a speed of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_feet per second. Design will include a speed governor (not shown), such as a centrifugal clutch.

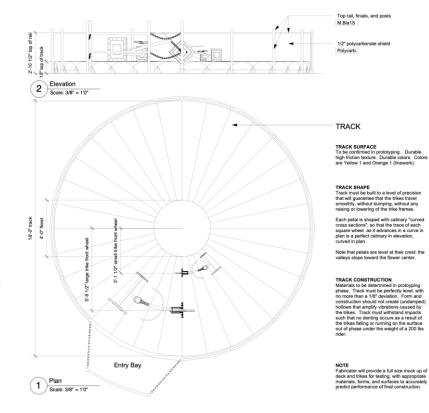
Bike weight to be kept as low as possible

Frame must be extremely rigid in <u>all</u> deformation modes in order to guarantee proper trike performance.

The trikes shown are longer than the Midway trikes, with the front and back wheels out of phase instead of in phase. This design is currently being explored by Momath as a way to improve performance.

Rear wheel axles are at different heights. A gear box links their movement.

TRIKE FINISHES Same as Math Midway M.Red1G M.Gm1G P.Pur1 P.Blu1















## **TENacity**





**TENacity** 

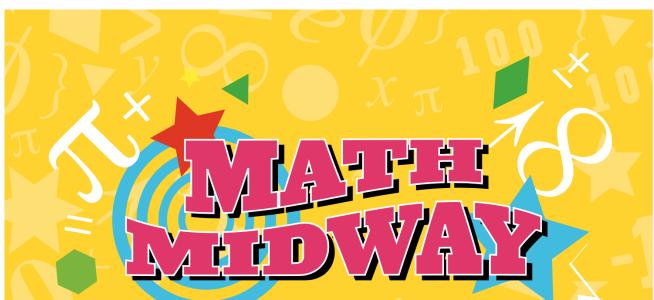
People lose money  $\rightarrow$ Philanthropy slows  $\rightarrow$ Museums have less money  $\rightarrow$ Exhibit projects come to a halt  $\rightarrow$ Exhibit fabricators have no work

Build a traveling exhibit of math? That's usually a two-to-three year project...





## ...completed in 4.5 months!



An infinite amount of fun!

## **TENacity**



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#### momath.org June 14, 2009





## **TENacity**







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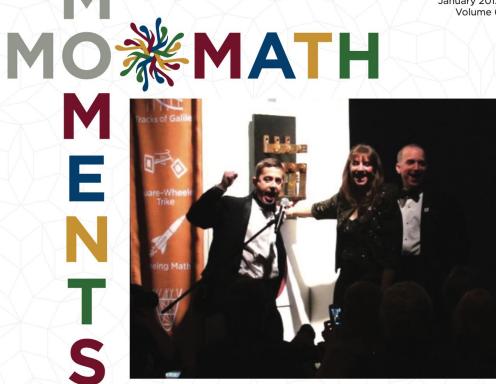






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The Newsletter of **The National Museum of Mathematics** January 2012 Volume 6



Whitney, Lawrence, and Nissen count down at the 12-12-12 Opening Ceremony.



MoMath's first visitors on 12-15-12 await entry to the Museum

**Opening Ceremony: Turning on the Museum** 





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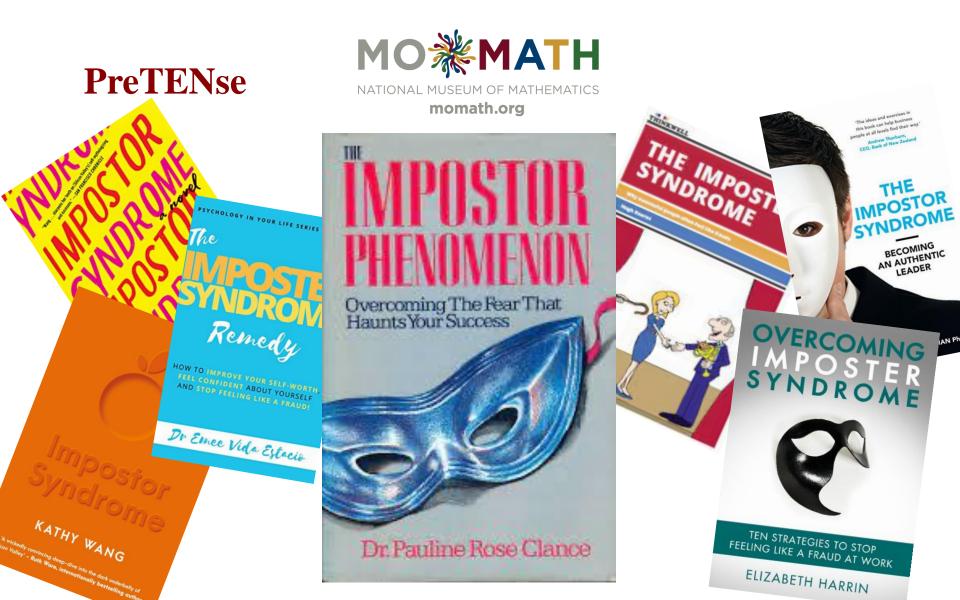
6.

- AtTENdance
- 7. CompeTENcy
- 8. PoTENcy
- 9. ExTENsion
- **10. PoTENtial**



Present

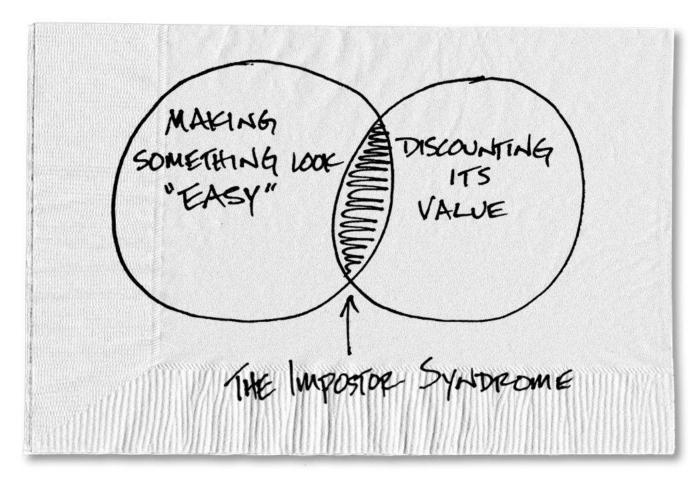




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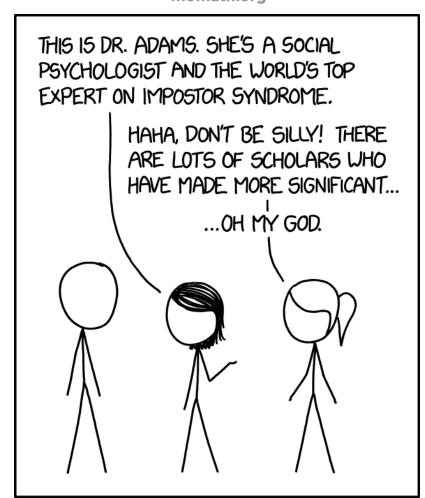


## **PreTENse**



## **PreTENse**









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## ConTENt



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#### Theorem

Let the parabola *P* defined as  $y = x^2$  be plotted on the Cartesian plane.

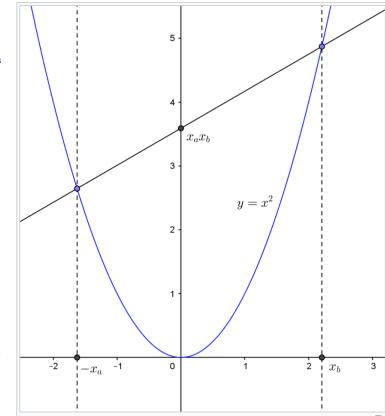
Let  $A = (x_a, y_a)$  and  $B = (x_b, y_b)$  be points on the curve f(x) so that  $x_a < x_b$ .

Then the line segment joining AB will cross the *y*-axis at  $-x_a x_b$ .

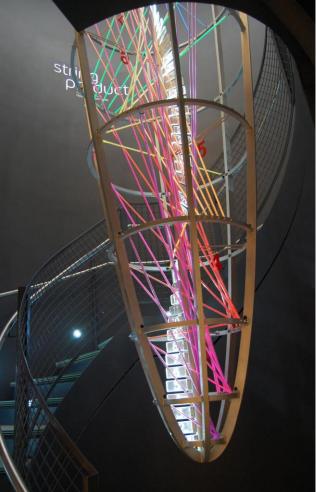
Thus *P* can be used as a nomogram to calculate the product of two numbers  $x_a$  and  $x_b$ , as follows:

- (1) Find the points  $-x_a$  and  $x_b$  on the *x*-axis.
- (2) Find the points A and B where the lines  $x = -x_a$  and  $x = x_b$  cut P.
- (3) Lay a straightedge on the straight line joining A and B and locate its y-intercept c.

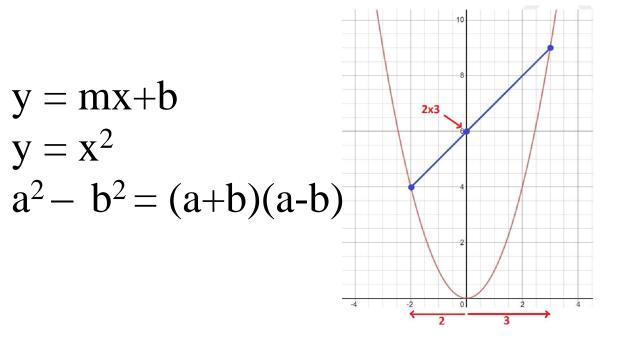
Then  $x_a x_b$  can be read off from the *y*-axis as the position of *c*.











a = 2 b = 3







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588

3 x 4

9×7

h.org	1 x	2 x	3 x	4 x
	1 x 1 = 1	$2 \times 1 = 2$	3 x 1 = 3	$4 \times 1 = 4$
	1 x 2 = 2	$2 \times 2 = 4$	$3 \times 2 = 6$	$4 \times 2 = 8$
	$1 \times 3 = 3$	$2 \times 3 = 6$	$3 \times 3 = 9$	4 x 3 = 12
	$1 \times 4 = 4$	$2 \times 4 = 8$	3 x 4 = 12	$4 \times 4 = 16$
	$1 \times 5 = 5$	$2 \times 5 = 10$	3 x 5 = 15	$4 \times 5 = 20$
	$1 \times 6 = 6$	2 x 6 = 12	3 x 6 = 18	$4 \times 6 = 24$
	$1 \times 7 = 7$	$2 \times 7 = 14$	3 x 7 = 21	$4 \times 7 = 28$
	$1 \times 8 = 8$	$2 \times 8 = 16$	$3 \times 8 = 24$	$4 \times 8 = 32$
	$1 \times 9 = 9$	$2 \times 9 = 18$	$3 \times 9 = 27$	$4 \times 9 = 36$
	$1 \times 10 = 10$	$2 \times 10 = 20$	$3 \times 10 = 30$	$4 \times 10 = 40$
	$1 \times 11 = 11$	$2 \times 11 = 22$	$3 \times 11 = 33$	$4 \times 11 = 44$
	1 x 12 = 12 @ActivitiesForKids.com	2 x 12 = 24 ©ActivitiesForKids.com	3 x 12 = 36 ©ActivitiesForKids.com	4 x 12 = 48 @ActivitiesForKids.com
	5 x	6 x	7 x	8 x
	5 x 1 = 5	6 x 1 = 6	7 x 1 = 7	8 x 1 = 8
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	$5 \times 6 = 30$	$6 \times 6 = 36$	$7 \times 6 = 42$	8 x 6 = 48
	5 x 7 = 35	6 x 7 = 42	$7 \times 7 = 49$	8 x 7 = 56
	$5 \times 8 = 40$	6 x 8 = 48	$7 \times 8 = 56$ $7 \times 9 = 63$	8 x 8 = 64
	$5 \times 9 = 45$ $5 \times 10 = 50$	$6 \times 9 = 54$ $6 \times 10 = 60$	$7 \times 9 = 63$ $7 \times 10 = 70$	8 x 9 = 72 8 x 10 = 80
	$5 \times 10 = 50$ 5 x 11 = 55	$6 \times 10 = 60$ $6 \times 11 = 66$	$7 \times 10 = 70$ 7 × 11 = 77	$8 \times 10 = 80$ 8 x 11 = 88
	$5 \times 12 = 60$	$6 \times 12 = 72$	$7 \times 12 = 84$	$8 \times 12 = 96$
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	9 x	10 x	11 x	12 x
	9 x 1 = 9	10 x 1 = 10	11 x 1 = 11	12 x 1 = 12
	9 x 2 = 18	$10 \times 2 = 20$	11 x 2 = 22	$12 \times 2 = 24$
	$9 \times 3 = 27$	$10 \times 3 = 30$	$11 \times 3 = 33$	$12 \times 3 = 36$
	$9 \times 4 = 36$	$10 \times 4 = 40$	$11 \times 4 = 44$	$12 \times 4 = 48$
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	9 x 6 = 54 9 x 7 = 63	$10 \times 6 = 60$ $10 \times 7 = 70$	$11 \times 6 = 66$ $11 \times 7 = 77$	$12 \times 6 = 72$ $12 \times 7 = 84$
	$9 \times 8 = 72$	$10 \times 7 = 70$ $10 \times 8 = 80$	$11 \times 7 = 77$ $11 \times 8 = 88$	$12 \times 7 = 04$ $12 \times 8 = 96$
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	9 x 10 = 90	10 x 10 = 100	$11 \times 10 = 110$	12 x 10 = 120
	9 x 11 = 99	10 x 11 = 110	11 x 11 = 121	12 x 11 = 132
	9 x 12 = 108	10 x 12 = 120	11 x 12 = 132	12 x 12 = 144
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2×6

7\*1

4 x 4







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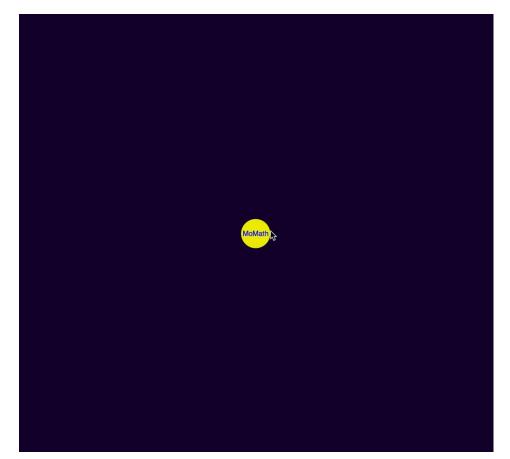


## Math Square









## venus.momath.org





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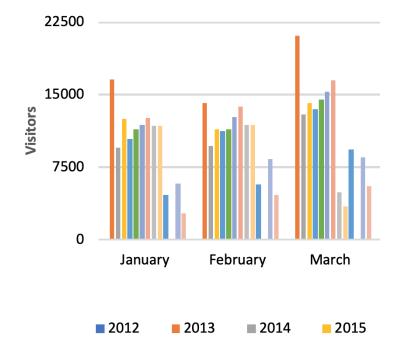
Past

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Future



## **AtTENtion**



# What happened in March of 2013?





# CBS Sunday morning with Mo Rocca morocca.momath.org







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## Hey, December 5, 2013 is coming up...that's a special date...





# The date 5-12-13... $5^2 + 12^2 = 13^2$ Hey...isn't the Flatiron Building a right triangle?





Hey! It's not just a right triangle... It's a 5-12-13 right triangle!





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### August 17, 2015 pythagorizevideo.momath.org





## **InTENsity**

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## **InTENsity**

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# Los Angeles Times



New York's Flatiron Building is based on a right triangle. So the National Museum of Mathematics is using it to celebrate its one-year anniversary, on a date that is a Pythagorean triple. (Los Angeles Times)

SCIENCE NOW DISPATCHES FROM FRONT LINES OF SCIENCE, MEDICINE, HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT

#### Some squares sum squares to celebrate Pythagoras

By Geoffrey Mohan December 5, 2013

If you enjoy Pi Day (3/14) and Avogadro's Number Day (10/23), then get this: today is a Pythagorean triple date.

You'd have to be a serious math nerd to recognize that the sum of the squares of 5 and 12 equals the square of 13. Which is exactly what the co-founders of the National Museum of Mathematics (MoMath) noticed.

So, along with some 2,000 fellow math geeks and museum staff, MoMath co-founder Cindy Lawrence will help surround the most well-known right-triangle-based edifice in the country -- New York's Flatiron Building -- and execute a glow-stick proof of the ancient Greek mathematican's famed theorem.

"You know about a 5-12-13 right triangle?" Lawrence asked, hopefully. "So, we decided we would celebrate to-

day as Pythagoras Day, since it's one of the few days in the calendar that works out to be a Pythagorean triple. And then we knew the Flatiron Building was roughly a right triangle, and we thought: well, maybe we should do something with that."

## LA Times:

Some squares sum squares...





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Hey, there's also August 17, 2015... Are there any 17-8-15 triangular buildings in NYC?

1000





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Nope. This is useless information, but the Triangle Pub in Seattle is exactly an 8-15-17 right

triangle...





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Hey, we know the people who run the Pacific Science Center. Hmmm...





#### August 17, 2015







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#### August 15, 2017







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#### Momath.org August 15, 2017







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### **AtTENdance**



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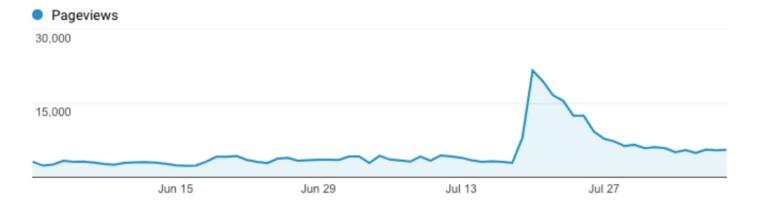
#### August 2018 buzzfeed.momath.org







On July 19, MoMath was featured in a video on BuzzFeed that went viral. By August 9, the video had logged over 15 million views. The release of the video had a noticeable effect on both foot traffic and website visitors. In the case of the website, the effect of the BuzzFeed Bounce on page views is clearly visible:



### **AtTENdance**



This is the largest spike in page views since the opening days of the Museum. The highest peak was during opening week (~38k peak), with a secondary spike (~28k peak) in March 2013 when the Museum was featured on CBS Sunday Morning with Mo Rocca. Smaller spikes (~12k and ~11k, respectively) were observable in October 2013 and March 2015, but the BuzzFeed Bounce is by far the largest spike in activity since the earliest days of the Museum.







#### MoMath welcomed its one millionth visitor in June 2019.

Date	Cumulative Total	Day Total
6/1/2019	999678	214
6/2/2019	999945	267
6/3/2019	1000397	452
6/4/2019	1000958	561
6/5/2019	1001482	524
6/6/2019	1002083	601

Subject: Evening Report 6/3/19 Date: June 3, 2019 at 5:14:27 PM EDT

Today: 452

Year to date: 76,738

Last year: 72,543

Total visitors: 1,000,397

### **AtTENdance**





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#### June 2019

# One million visitors!





### **AtTENdance**

## MILLION MILLIMETER MARCH







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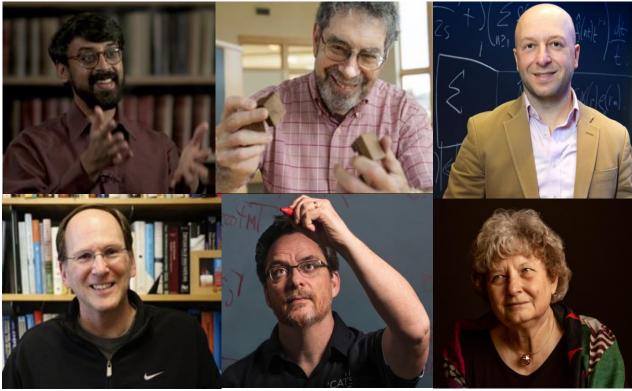
#### Senior leadership team







### Distinguished Visiting Professor for the Public Dissemination of Mathematics







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#### Student interns







#### Exponent Fellows (and one special guest)







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#### March 2014

OUTCOME I: CHILDREN KNOW THAT MATHEMATICS CAN BE A PROCESS OF DISCOVERY / MORE THAN JUST FINDING THE CORRECT ANSWER.

OUTCOME 2: CHILDREN FEEL POSITIVELY ABOUT MATH AND BELIEVE IT IS FUN, EXCITING, AND INTERESTING.

OUTCOME 3: CHILDREN LEARN ABOUT AT LEAST ONE MATHEMATICAL IDEA OR CONCEPT.

OUTCOME 4: CHILDREN ENGAGE IN AUTHENTIC MATHEMATICAL THINKING, USING LOGIC AND REASONING TO IDENTIFY AND SOLVE A PROBLEM.

OUTCOME 5: CHILDREN EXPRESS INCREASED INTEREST IN MATH BY EXPLORING AT LEAST ONE RELATED CONCEPT AT HOME INSPIRED BY THEIR EXPERIENCES WITH THE EXHIBITS.

Randi Korn & Associates, Inc.





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#### January 2018

#### **Key Findings**

- Visitor engagement at MoMath is high, indicated by long exhibit dwell times in the Museum, the high number of exhibits with which visitors engage, and high levels of staff interaction with visitors.
- Visitors have overwhelmingly positive changes in their perception of math after even a single visit to the Museum.
- Most visitors emerge from their visit to MoMath with a new understanding about the value of math.
- By introducing cultural references in the visual arts, architecture, and history, the Museum reduces anxiety among visitors who have an uncomfortable relationship with mathematics.
- The high level of physical interactivity at MoMath has been and will continue to be absolutely key to the success of the Museum.
- Almost 50% of weekend visitors to MoMath are adults without children — illustrating that MoMath appeals to all ages.

Audience Research and Analysis





#### January 2019 what was visitors' level of engagement with exhibits at the museum?

Visitor engagement with MoMath exhibits was high, as indicated by long dwell times in the museum, the high number of exhibits with which visitors engaged, and high levels of staff interaction.

## WHAT WERE VISITORS' PERCEPTIONS OF MATH IN THE CONTEXT OF THE EXHIBITS?

Visitors' perceptions of math in the context of their museum experience with exhibits were overwhelmingly positive, as indicated by positive changes in their perception of math upon exiting the museum and their perception of the museum's main messages.

#### WHAT, IF ANY, NEW LEARNING EMERGED FROM VISITORS' EXPERIENCE?

Most visitors emerged with some new learning from their experience with exhibits, ranging from isolated facts to more detailed descriptions of math.

Randi Korn & Associates, Inc.





#### January 2019

#### CONCLUSION

Summative evaluation demonstrates that MoMath visitors have engaging, accessible, and relatable exhibit experiences with math that are different from their everyday, more mundane, math experiences at school, work, or home. Evaluation findings also demonstrate the essential role staff play in facilitating these exhibit experiences for visitors as well as the types of exhibits—those with accessible, interactive problems to solve—that support visitors' engagement and learning. And, in RK&A's 30-year experience with timing and tracking studies in museums, the higher than normal median dwell times in the museum and with individual exhibits not only indicate high levels of visitor engagement but also suggest that MoMath's approach to exhibit design paired with skilled staff facilitation is quite successful and worthy of further exploration. Finally, the fact that visitors' perceptions of math began to shift from negative to positive after a single visit is highly encouraging and serves as a wonderful entry point into new learning about the value of math.





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#### **ExTENsion**

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#### **MoMath Exhibits Around the World**





#### **ExTENsion**

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### **MoMath Programs Around the World**







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## Past

Present







#### The Limit Does Not Exist

A Program for Teen and Tween Girls Who Like Math



Join a diverse group of women in mathematics as they share their personal career journeys and experiences and answer your questions. This is your chance to hear from *real* mathematicians, with *real* stories, about what it's *really* like to study math after high school and have a math-focused career — **it's a girls' world after all!** 



### **PoTENtial**

## Bending the Arc

#### An intimate discussion with accomplished Black mathematicians

#### **Moderator and Host**



John Urschel, former NFL (Baltimore Ravens) professional, current MIT Math PhD candidate, and MoMath Trustee



Monica C. Jackson Interim Deputy Provost & Dean of Faculty, Mathematics & Statistics, American University



William A. Massey Edwin S. Wilsey Professor, Department of Operations Research and Financial Engineering, Princeton University

#### **Featured Panelists**



James McLurkin Senior Hardware Engineer, Google



Jelani Nelson Professor in the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, UC Berkeley (Photo by Yaphet Teklu)



Ashia Wilson Assistant Professor in Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, MIT







Colorful

## A picture is worth 10<sup>3</sup> words!

LUI
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- 1. Exhibits
- 2. Additions Shop
- 3. Composite Gallery
- 4. Visitors
- Hands-on

Collaborative

- 5. Math Encounters
- 6. Family Fridays
- 7. MathHappenings
- 8. Music and Dance
- 9. NYC Math Festival
- **10.** Annual Galas

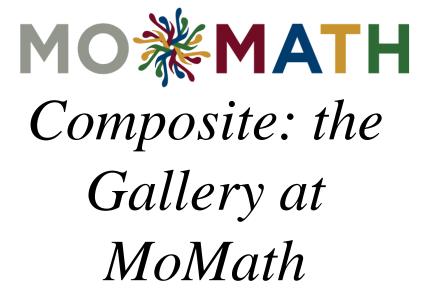
Engaging

Creative













# MO**¾MATH** Visitors

ve All the Facts

Annie Duke

MoMath welcomes the cast of

AGN





Family Fridays

FRIDAYS





# MathHappenings





# NYC Math Festival





# Annual Galas







# 11 East 26<sup>th</sup> Street New York City USA





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# Thank you!

