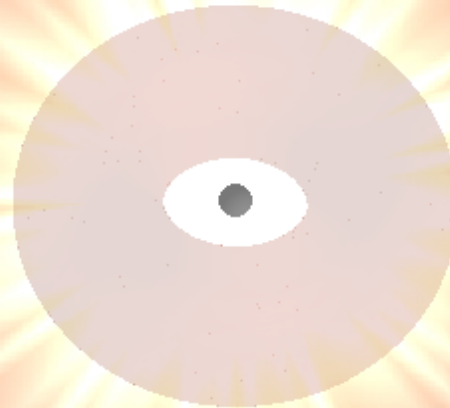
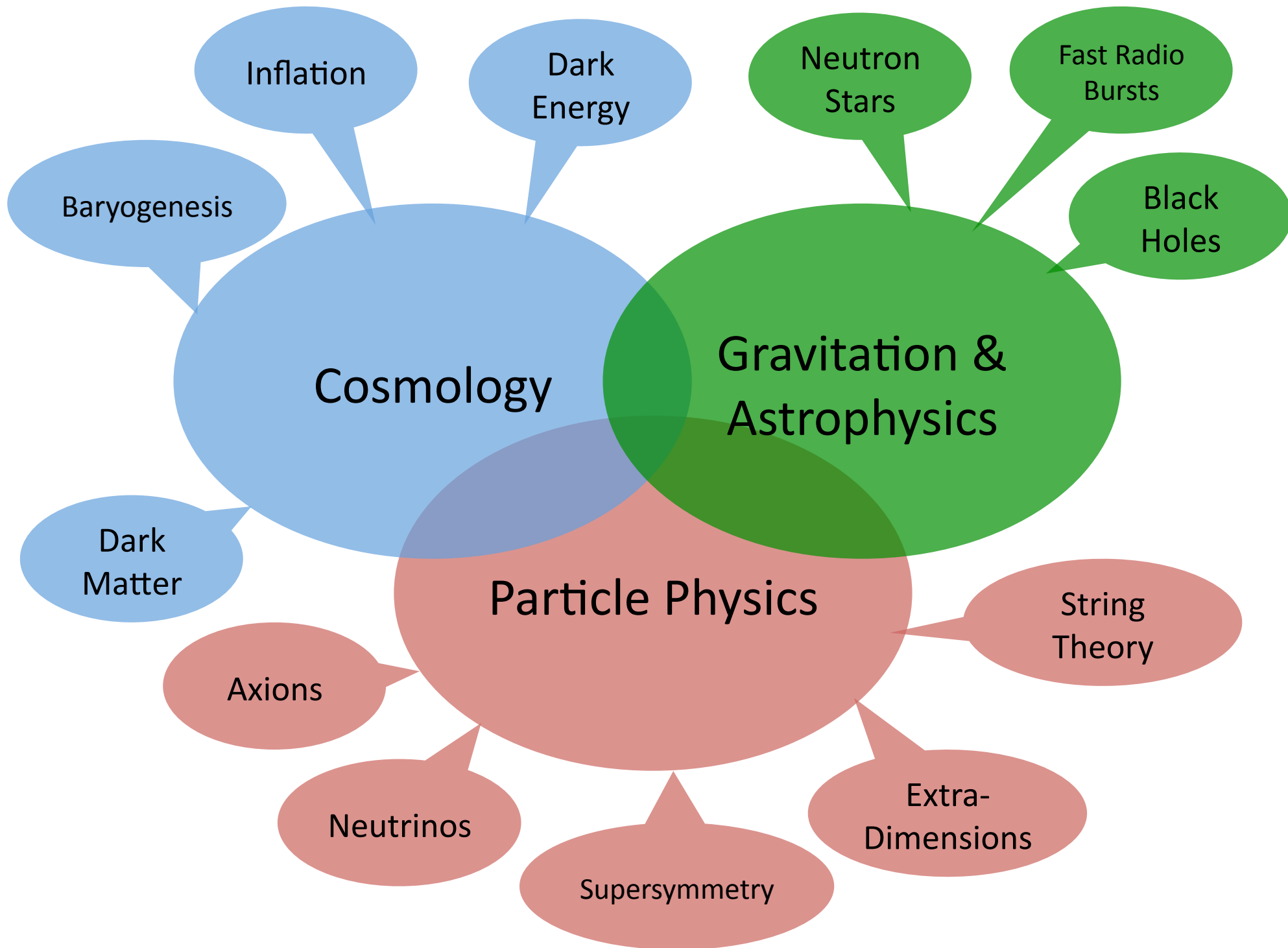


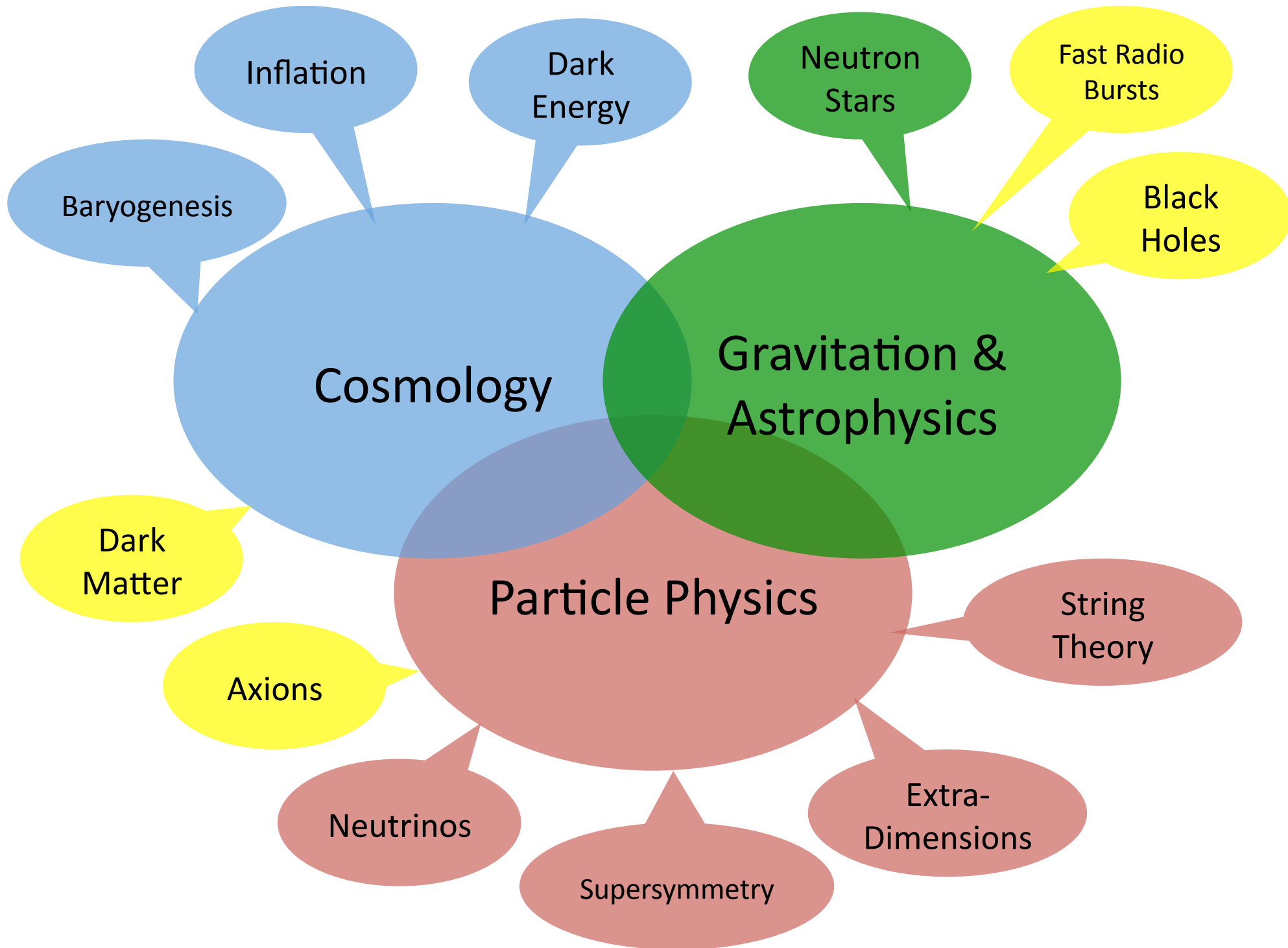
Shining black hole bombs



João G. Rosa

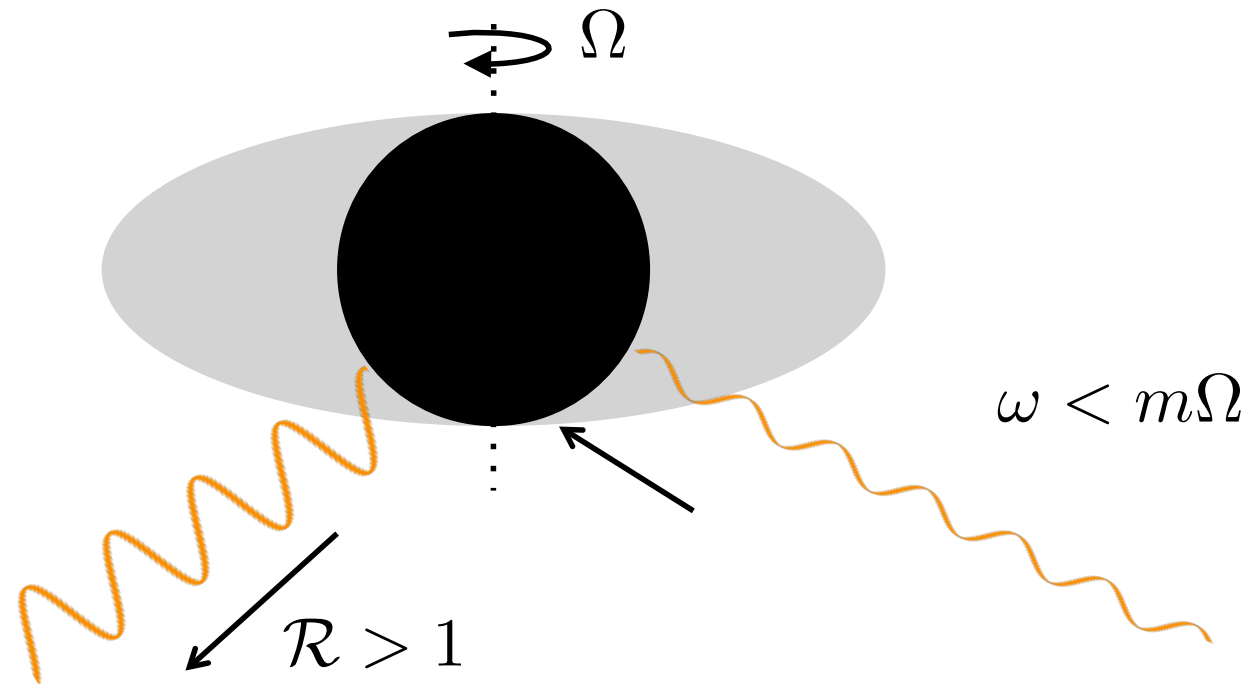
Centro de Física da Universidade de Coimbra
(Astrophysics & Cosmology; Hadron Physics & Fundamental Physics)





Black hole superradiance

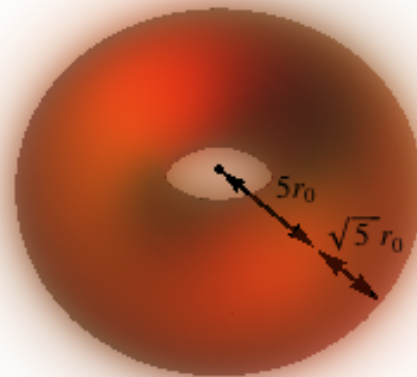
Low frequency waves are amplified by scattering off a spinning black hole:



Black hole superradiant instabilities

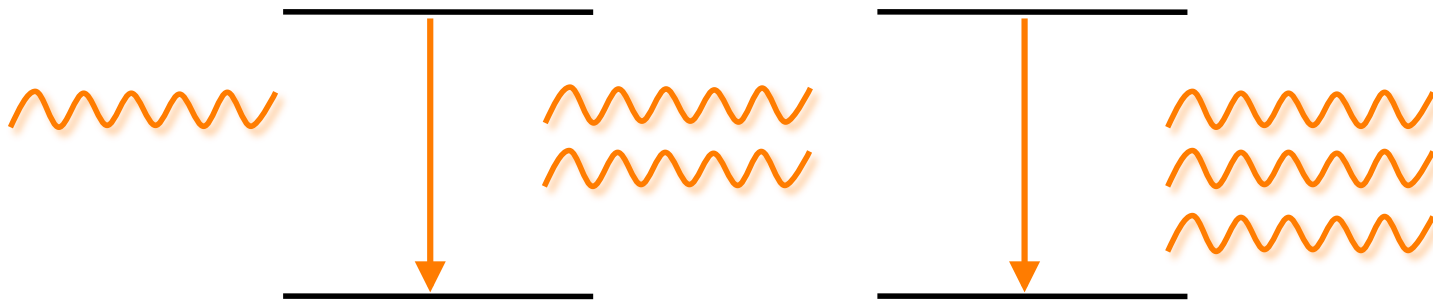
Massive particles are confined in gravitational bound states around the BH

Superradiance makes occupation numbers grow exponentially fast

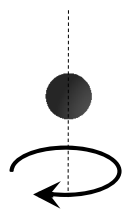


Effect requires low mass bosonic particles, like the QCD axion!

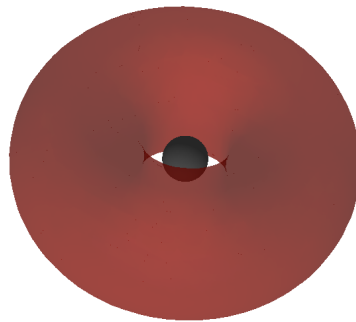
Axion-black hole lasers



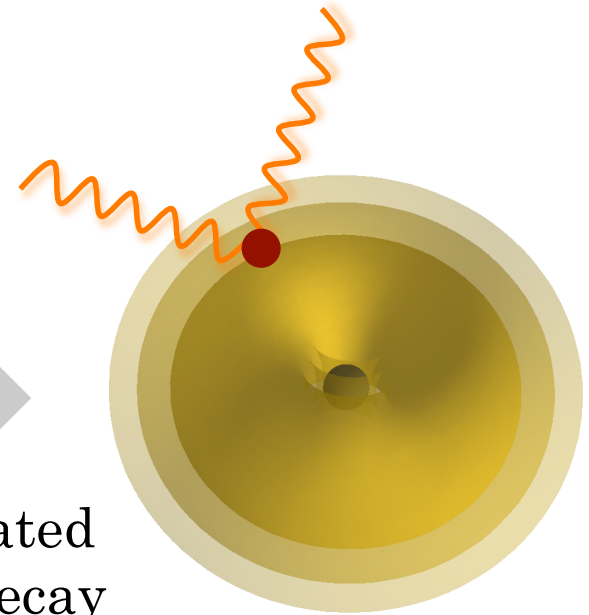
Axions decay into photon pairs:



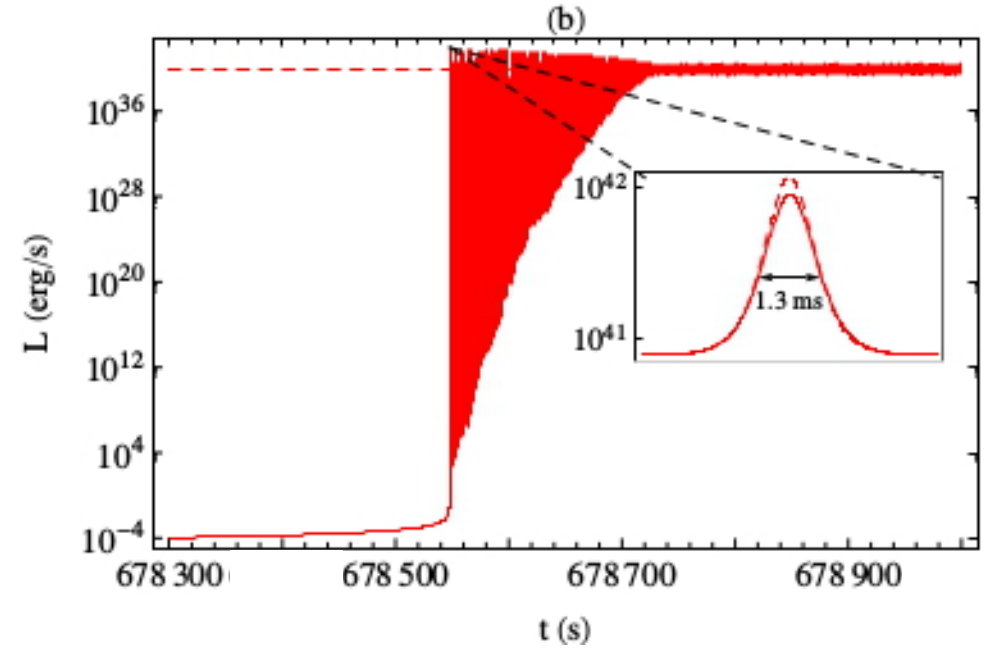
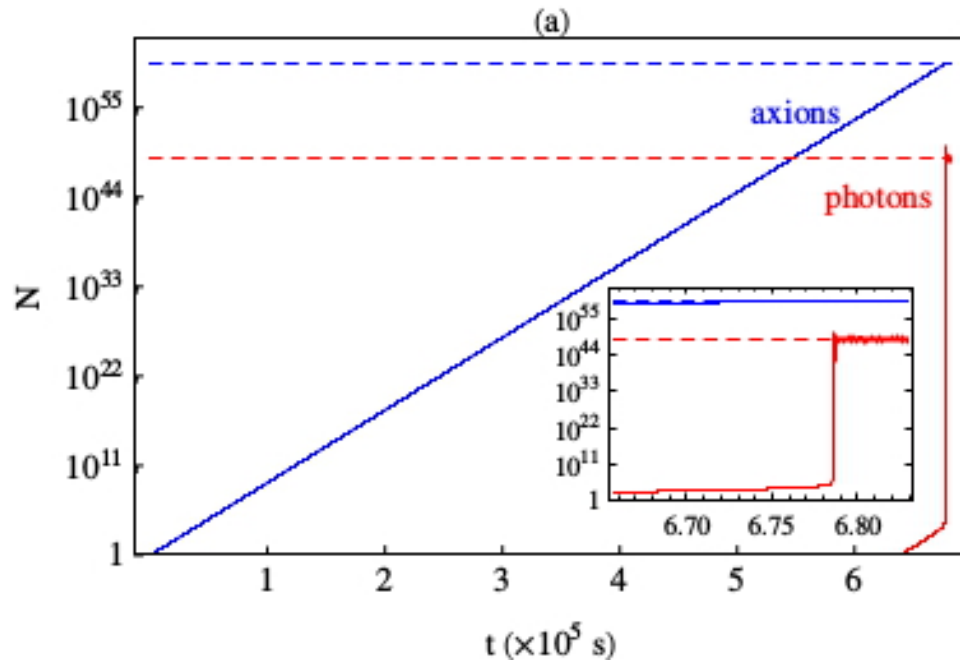
superradiant
instability



stimulated
axion decay



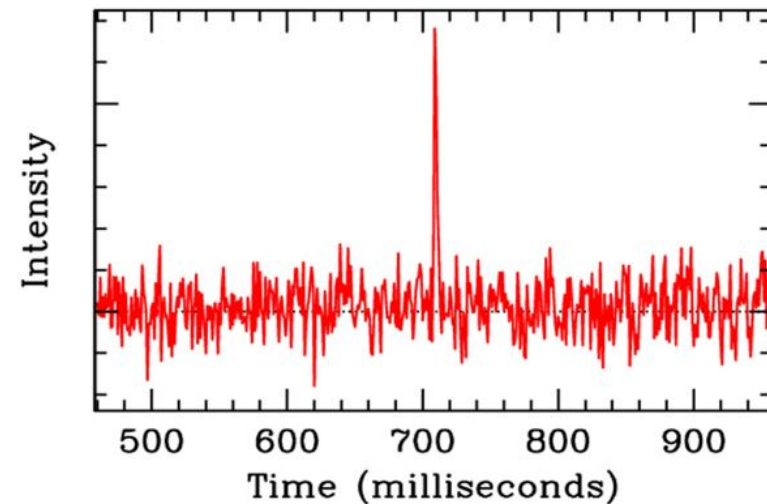
Fast Radio Bursts



$$M_{BH} = 8 \times 10^{23} \text{ kg}$$

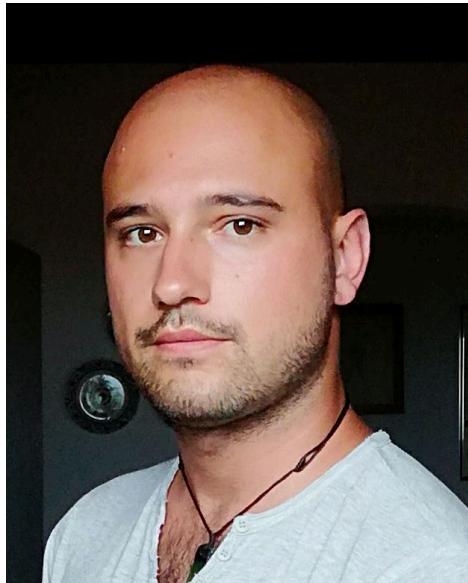
$$m_{\text{axion}} = 10^{-5} \text{ eV}/c^2$$

$$f \simeq 1 \text{ GHz}$$



Credit: NBI, University of Copenhagen

Please check the poster for more information
and talk to my PhD students:



Marco Calzà



Paulo Ferraz