

Charmless b -hadron decays (BnoC)

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21 May 2021

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**XUNTA
DE GALICIA**

The IGFAE participates in 5 BnoC analyses:

1. $B_S^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$

IGFAE: B. Adeva, J. Dalseno, A. Pereiro

Milano-Biccoca: J. García Pardiñas

Warwick: M. Kenzie

2. $B^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$

IGFAE: J. Dalseno, P. Baladrón

3. $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

IGFAE: J. Dalseno

Glasgow: L. Eklund, D. Friday, P. Soler

4. $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$

IGFAE: J. Dalseno

UCAS: W. Qian, Y. Yang

Warwick: T. Gershon, T. Latham

5. $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- K^+$

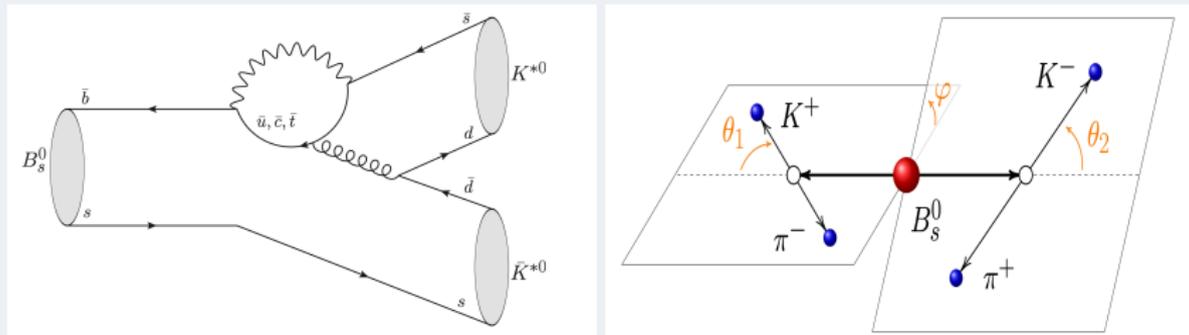
IGFAE: J. Dalseno

CBPF: M. Cruz Torres, J. De Miranda, A. dos Reis

UFRJ: J. Otalora Goicochea

$$\gg B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}(892)\bar{K}^{*0}(892)$$

$b \rightarrow s\bar{d}$ transition through gluonic penguin diagram at LO.



Final states reconstructed from kaons and pions: $K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$, $\bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$

LHCb measured a high scalar contribution! Main contribution from very wide spin-0 resonances, such as $K_0^*(700)$ and $K_0^*(1430)$.

The aim is to perform a time-dependent flavour-tagged amplitude analysis.

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- * Triple Product Asymmetries can be measured, and they are predicted in the SM to be 0. Any deviation from this value would imply New Physics.
- * Previous results show a potential flavour anomaly (2.6σ) in the comparison of A_0 between $B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\bar{K}^{*0}$ and $B_d^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\bar{K}^{*0}$.

» Development of HLT2 lines

We are also developing and optimising High Level Trigger lines for the Run 3.

Jeremy:

$$* B^+ \rightarrow h^+ h^- h^+ \pi^0$$

Pablo:

$$* B^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 h^+ h^- h^+$$

Asier:

$$* B_S^0 \rightarrow h^+ h^- h^+ h^-$$

$$* B^0 \rightarrow h^+ h^- h^+ h^-$$

With $h^\pm = K^\pm, \pi^\pm$