

Phase VII Overview

Alberto Di Meglio – CERN openlab Head

05/07/2021

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"Science for peace"



International organisation close to Geneva, straddling Swiss-French border, founded 1954

Facilities for fundamental research in particle physics

23 member states, 1.2 B CHF budget

~3'200 staff, fellows, trainees, ...

>13'000 associates

Members: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom Candidate for membership: Cyprus, Slovenia Associate members: Croatia, India, Lithuania, Pakistan, Turkey Ukraine Observers: EC, Japan, JINR, Russia, UNESCO, United States of America

Numerous non-member states with collaboration agreement

>2'500 staff members, 645 fellows, 21 trainees

7'000 member states, 1'800 USA, 900 Russia, 270 Japan, ...







1 PB/sec of raw unfiltered data > 2000/disks/sec

ATLAS

ATLAS

CMS

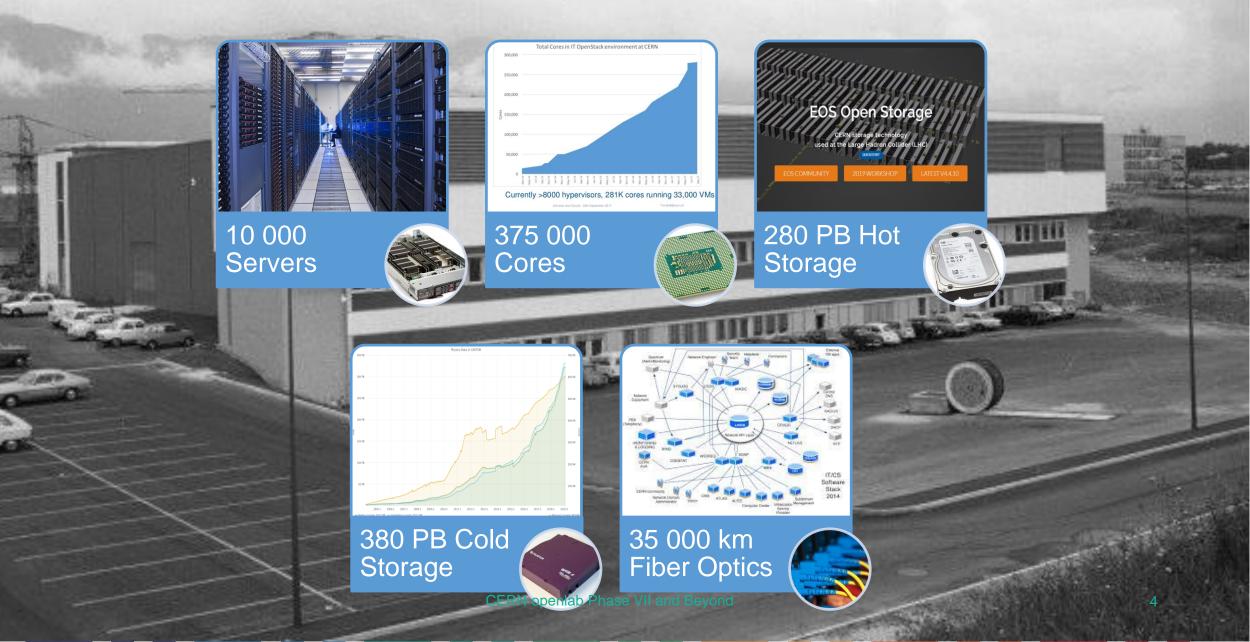
_HCb

CMS



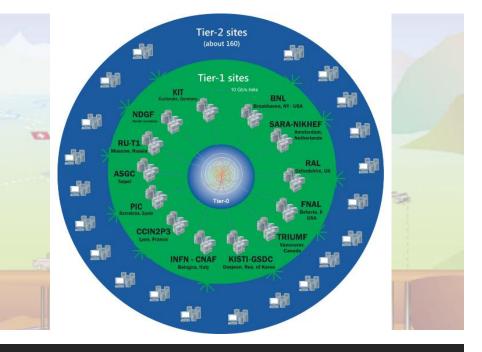


The CERN Data Centre in Numbers



Worldwide LHC Computing Grid





Tier-0 (CERN): •Data recording •Initial data reconstruction •Data distribution

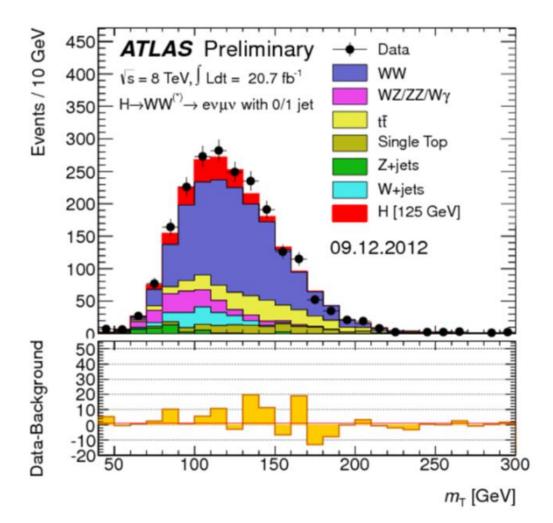
Tier-1 (13 centres): •Permanent storage •Re-processing •Analysis Tier-2 (42 Countries,

- ~170 centres):
- Simulation
- End-user analysis

•~800,000 cores •~800 PB

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The Higgs Boson







The Higgs Boson completes the Standard Model, but the Model explains only about 5% of our Universe

What is the other 95% of the Universe made of? How does gravity really works? Why there is no antimatter in nature?



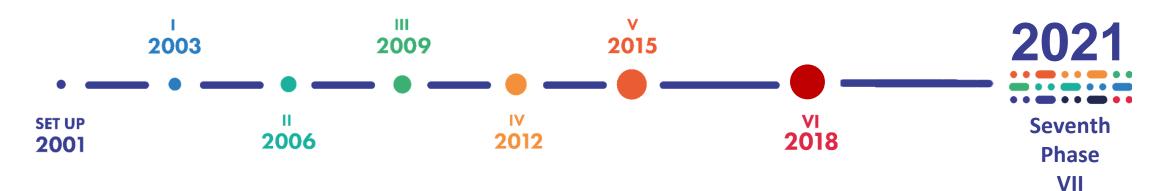
CERN OPENLAB'S MISSION

Our recipe for success

MANAGEMENT Evaluate and test state-**Collaborate** and exchange of-the-art technologies in a ideas with other communities to create challenging environment **JOINT R&D INNOVATION &** knowledge and innovation. and improve them in **KNOWLEDGE TRANSFER** collaboration with industry. Communicate results, Train the next generation of demostrate impact, engineers/researchers, promote COMMUNICATION **EDUCATION** and reach new education and cultural exchanges. audiences.



DRIVING INNOVATION FOR 20 YEARS





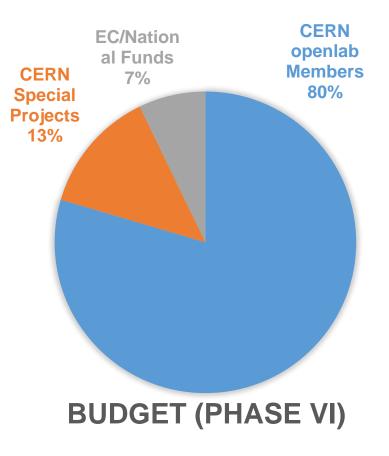


CERN openlab Phase VII and Beyond

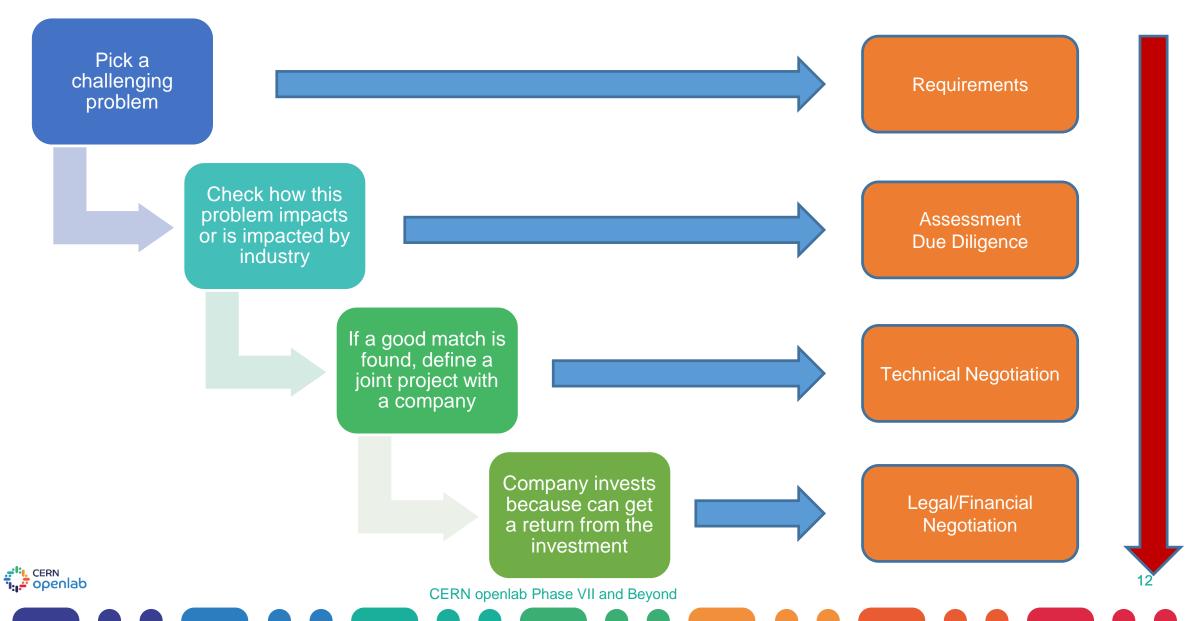
CERN openlab in Numbers (Phase VI)

Phase VI was a very successful phase!

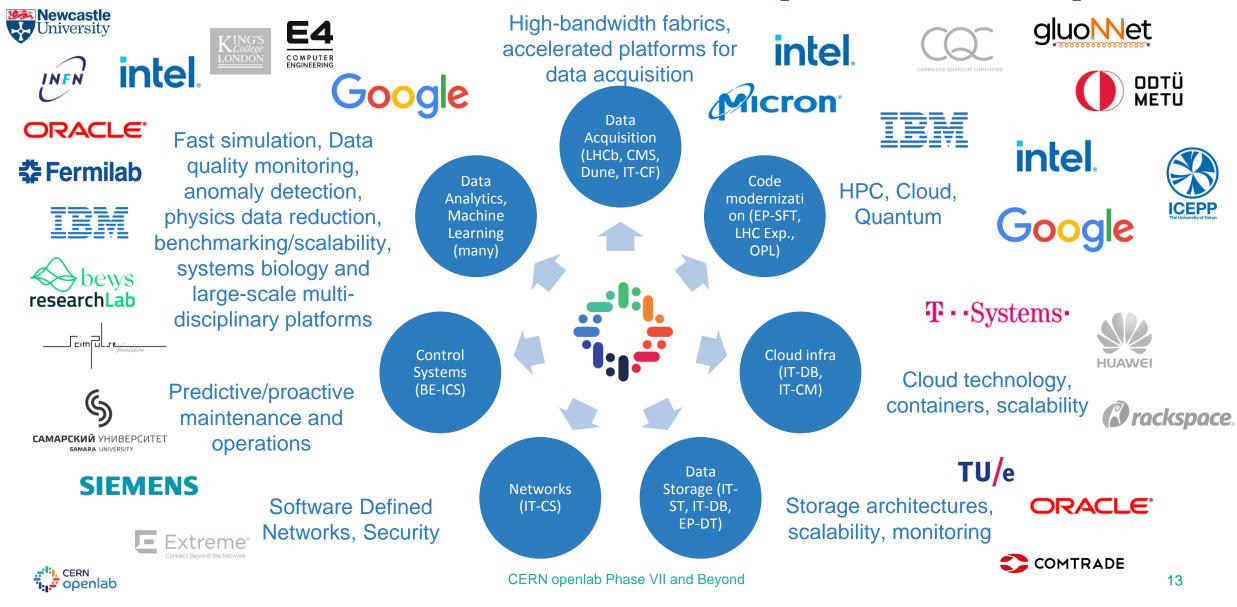
- 16 industry members
- 10 academic/research/no-profit members
- ~35 projects over 3 years
- Grants for 10 TECH/PJAS, 4 DOCT, 18 Fellows, 5 Staff and ~100 Summer Students/Interns across IT, EP, BE
- > 100k visitors to website
- > 5k applications to summer-student programme
- ~ 300 press articles
- > 100 main communications (by CERN and members)
- ~10 peer-reviewed papers per year
- Over 17k followers on our main social media channels.
- CERN openlab channel in the CERN's alumni platform CERN openlab Phase VII and Beyond



Collaboration Model



JOINT R&D PROJECTS (PHASE VI)



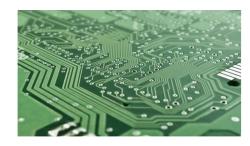
Phase VI: Three Main Areas of R&D



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WHITE PAPER

IN SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH September 2017 Increase data centre performance with hardware accelerators (FPGAs, GPUs, ..) optimized software



Scale out capacity with public clouds, HPC, new architectures



Change the computing paradigms with new technologies like Machine Learning, Deep Learning, Advanced Data Analytics, Quantum Computing



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Main Projects and Results

Data Centre Technologies and Performance

Evaluation of heterogeneous architectures (Intel, IBM, E4 on NVIDIA architectures, Micron, EU-funded project DEEP-EST) Unified programming models (investigations with Intel OneAPI) Performance evaluation and benchmarking Cloud IaaS/PaaS solutions with various providers (Oracle, Google, Microsoft) Storage solutions

Scale Out Capacity

ML/DL training and data analysis at scale with Kubernetes on Google Clouds Large-scale 3D-GAN training/inference with Intel architectures at SURFsara Satellite image processing, segmentation and generation with UNOSAT on T-Systems OTC Initial assessments of HPCaaS, MLaaS and QCaaS solutions on multiple clouds in collaboration with IT-DI-EFP

https://indico.cern.ch/event/1009424/ - 34 talks, 281 registered attendees, peaks of 130 connected

New Computing Paradigms

ML/DL on classic and non-classic (non-Von-Neumann) architectures Efficient use of new hardware architectures and algorithms New algorithms for neutrino experiments with Dune and IBM First Quantum Machine Learning pilots for HEP applications Spin-off of Quantum Computing into the new Quantum Technology Initiative

Working with Other Sciences

Expansion of BioDynamo from local project to open-source collaboration, more use cases (cell dynamics, cancer modelling, in-vitro simulation, epidemiology) Extension of ML/DL algorithms for privacy (HE, SMCP) Open Data Collaborations for Healthcare and Social Sciences Earth Observation applications with UNOSAT and ESA



Phase VII Programmes



XT eXascale Technologies

A comprehensive investigation of HPC and Cloud infrastructures, platforms, frameworks, tools to support key scientific workloads and applications AI-S Artificial Intelligence for Science

Analysis and development of algorithms, optimisation for new architectures, interpretability, synergies between physics and other sciences QTI-C² Quantum Technology Initiative – Computing & Communications

Assess the potential impact of quantum computing for science, investigate QML algorithms and areas of potential quantum advantage, collaborative quantum computing (simulation) platform

MSC Multi-Science Collaborations

Share the expertise and knowledge generated across all activities with other sciences, work with other CERN units to explore novel applications of CERN computing systems and ideas, create collaborations and contribute to common solutions

Phase VII: New Challenges

Phase VII coincides with the LHC Run 3, it's an opportunity to consolidate the investigations started in Phase VI and move forward to HL-LHC

- 1. Exascale Technologies are receiving great attention (and funding). HPC, Clouds and interoperability/portability tools for large-scale heterogenous architectures will keep playing an increasing role in scientific infrastructures. *How can the HEP community use them effectively*?
- 2. Artificial Intelligence (or some of its flavours) is rapidly taking first stage in all data processing applications, but it presents challenges in many directions from large-scale training, to interpretability, up to the ethics of science and technology. How to develop AI applications in HEP research? For which activities? How to deploy and support them?
- **3. Quantum Computing** has recently emerged as a potential future game changer. *Is there a role for it in HEP? How do we build knowledge and expertise and prepare?*
- 4. Scientific Collaborations are key enabling elements for innovation and economies of scale and information technologies, computer and data science are common tools of the trade and present common challenges across most scientific research disciplines.

How do we work together, develop scalable common approaches and tools for international scientific communities?

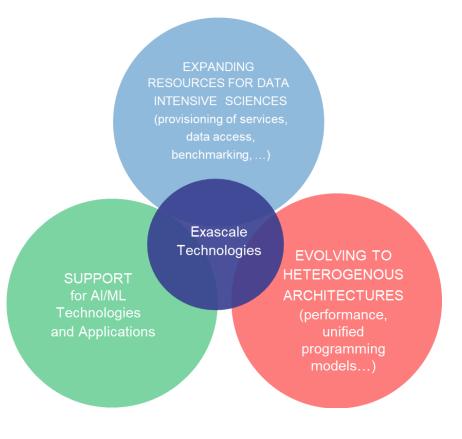


eXascale Technologies (XT): HPC

Lead: Maria Girone

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Key Collaborators

HPC Collaboration CERN, SKAO, GÈANT and PRACE Benchmarking on HPC Data Access on HPC AAI on HPC CERN openlab industry members Intel OneAPI, DAOS Micron DLA IBM Power E4 Innovative Solutions with Nvidia in HPC and AI Collaboration with WLCG, LHC experiments, EP-SFT, EP-DT

Main Projects/Activities

EU funded projects

- **CoE RAISE** (Research on AI- and Simulation-based Engineering at Exascale
- EGI-ACE: Advanced Computing for EOSC HTC to HPC transition

Collaborations (ongoing and in discussion) with Universities and Research Centers

- EU: NTNU HPC-lab, SURFSara, LRZ, CINECA, BSC
- US: Flatiron Institute, University California San Diego, University of Iowa

CERN openlab Phase VII and Beyond

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eXascale Technologies (XT): Clouds

Collaboration with IT-DI-EFP





Key Collaborators

Iaas/PaaS providers: Oracle, Google, Microsoft, Amazon, T-Systems Through EU CloudBank (preferred mechanism) or direct agreements

Main Projects/Activities

Deploy of a series of use-cases in the domain of Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Exp./Th. Physics Simulation, based on:

- Benefit to the scientific programme of the Large Hadron Collider and LHC Experiments
- Need of resources that are not available or not cost-effective on premise

Collect and share information on impact, feasibility, sustainability, cost for future production support

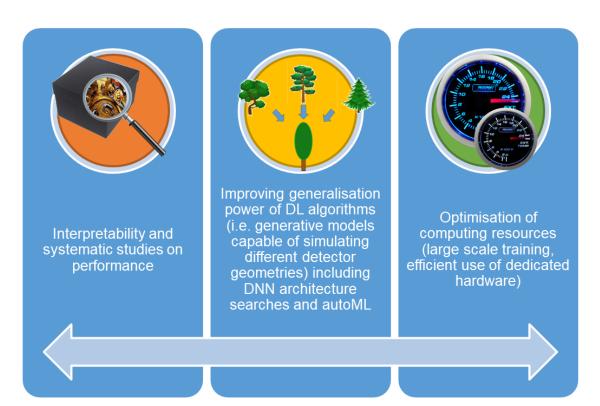


Artificial Intelligence for Science (AI-S)

Lead: Sofia Vallecorsa

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Key Collaborators

Intel, Google, IBM, Microsoft, SURFsara, LRZ, BSC

Main Projects/Activities

Projects (ongoing or in discussion)

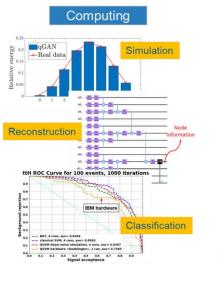
- Boosted 3D-GAN, Low-Precision representation for DL for fast detector simulation(Intel)
- Anomaly Detection for physics and engineering (rare events, accelerators)
- Deep-Learning-based optimization of network traffic (with IT-CS)
- Parallel training of DL algorithms with Google TPUs
- ML/DL and Monte Carlo models acceleration with Graphcore IPUs on MS Azure

Areas of R&D

- **Deep Learning models development** for different steps of the data processing and analysis chain: simulation, anomaly detection, reconstruction and real-time data processing.
- Computing resources optimisation for DL: **highly parallel architectures** (TPUs, IPUs, ...) and HPC clusters multi-GPU and multi-CPU
- Investigations about the DL **models generalisation** capabilities and the **systematic uncertainties** related to the training process and training samples.
- **Auto-ML** studies: study automatised procedures to design the best DL architecture for the specific dataset ²⁰

Quantum Computing and Communication (QTI-C²)

Leads: Sofia Vallecorsa (Computing), Alberto Di Meglio (QTI Coordination/Communication)



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Kev Vault node in

the CERN Data Centre **Key Collaborators**

CQC, IBM, gluoNNet, METU, ICEPP, DESY, SNUBH, IDQ, ETHZ, U. Oviedo, U. Waterloo, CERN-BE

Main Projects/Activities

Quantum Communication and Computing projects are developed in the context of the CERN QTI

Projects

- Quantum classifiers/anomaly deection models (DESY, ETHZ, ICEPP)
- CMS Patatrack Qtrack (Waterloo)
- qGAN models (EPFL, ESA)
- *qGNN for tracking (ATLAS, gluoNNet, METU)*
- Beams steering optimization (with BE, D-Wave, MS)
- QKD and time synchronization for quantum networks (openQKD, White Rabbit)
- Design and deployment of the Quantum Computing (Simulation) Platform (IBM, Atos, E4, INFN, Oviedo, CINECA, plan to grow a distributed collaboration), transition to "productionlike" over the next three years

Main areas of R&D

• Development and characterisation of QML models, quantum simulations, Quantum Reinforcement Learning, algorithms for clustering, noise and error mitigation techniques, quantum computing platforms

Multi-Science Collaborations (MSC)

Leads: Fons Rademakers (BioDynaMo), Alberto Di Meglio (Living Lab, Earth Observation), Sofia Vallecorsa (Earth Observation)



Key Collaborators

ESA, LRZ, TUM, DLR, ECMWF, UNOSAT, Uni Florida, Bocconi, Milano Bicocca, Uni Madrid, SNUBH

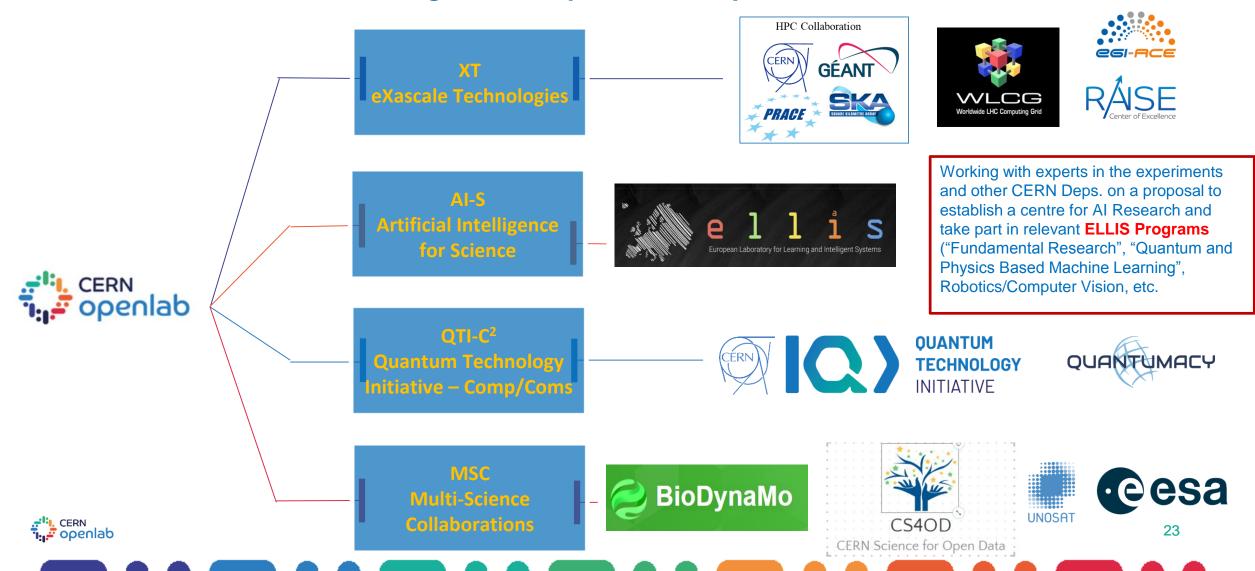
Main Projects/Activities

- **BioDynaMo**, agent-based simulation for medical and social sciences research
- Living Lab, health/privacy applications of ML/DL approaches (Parkinson's detection, large-scale confidential computing)
- CS4OD: Data fusion/analysis over open-source data for medical/social/demographic applications
- **Quantumacy**, QKD infrastructures
- **ESA**: Development of QC-based algorithms for Earth Observation
- **UNOSAT**: Deep Learning for EO, development and optimisation of models targeted to landscape recognition, seismic building damage assessment, etc. from satellite imagery Deep Generative models for the creation of synthetic satellite image datasets to improve training



Framework Initiatives and Projects

Frame the CERN openlab programs within broad initiatives or projects at CERN, HEP or international level to ensure alignment, impact and adoption



Computing/Storage Resources



CERN openlab Phase VII and Beyond

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Communications and Outreach

Lead: Andrew Purcell

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- Communications support for 34 joint R&D projects
 - Projects distributed across departments and experiments.
 - Liaison with 20 external companies/institutions on all comms matters.

• Promotion of education/training activities

- Summer-student programme.
- Webfest (will be public, online event again this year).
- Public talks, workshops, etc.

• Promotion of the CERN openlab concept

- Further increasing awareness of mechanism/opportunities within CERN, across organisation.
- External promotion: value of collaboration, knowledge sharing, new opportunities for collaboration, areas of mutual interest, etc.
- All work summarised in annual report (next version due later this quarter).
- Special activities to mark CERN openlab's 20th anniversary later this year (journal issue, event, and more).

Education & Training

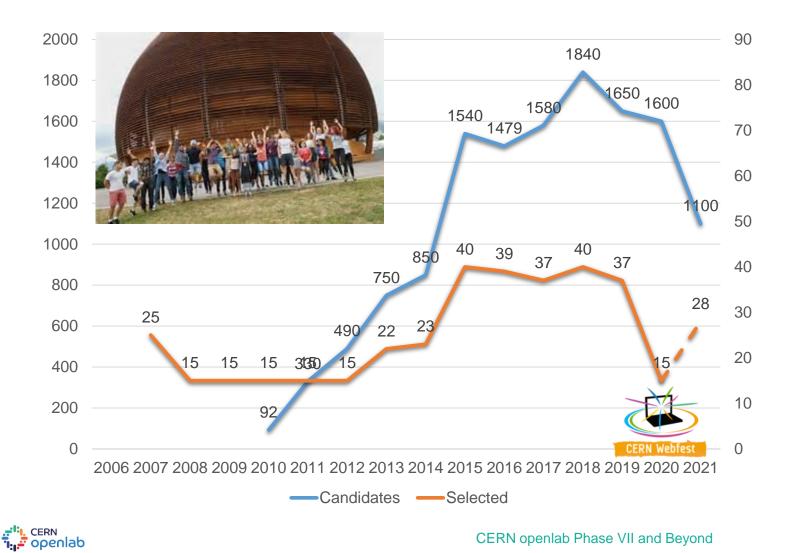
Shared responsibility - Miguel Marquina directly responsible for integration with existing CERN programmes

- 3 Summer Student Programmes (2 in presence, 1 online)
 - Lecture programmes and visits
- 16 Workshops and training events
 - ML/DL, CUDA, oneAPI, Quantum Computing, Computing for healthcare
- 2 Stages d'observation for high-school students (1 in presence, 1 online)
- Participation in the CERN Diversity and Special Needs internship and technical student programmes



Summer Student Programme

Lead: Kristina Gunne



In 2019

- 1650 applicants
- 37 selected students
- Lightning talks session
- Technical reportsIn 2020
 - 1650 applicants
 - 15 selected students
 - Fully online
- Largest Webfest ever (>400 registered participants)
 In 2021
 - Grants for ~30 selected students
 - Fully online





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