

Die Jagd nach Dunkler Materie mit dem XENON1T-Detektor

Manfred Lindner



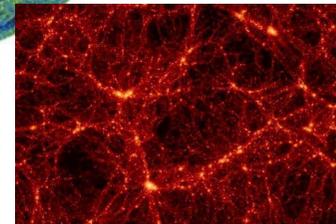
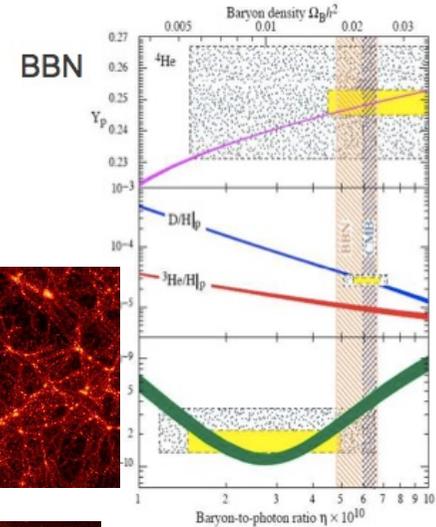
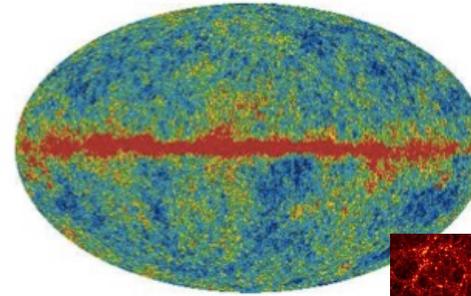
June 28, 2021, Netzwerk Teilchenwelt (virtuell)

A long List of Evidences for Dark Matter...

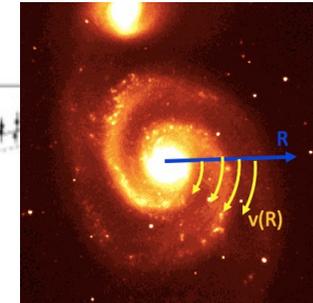
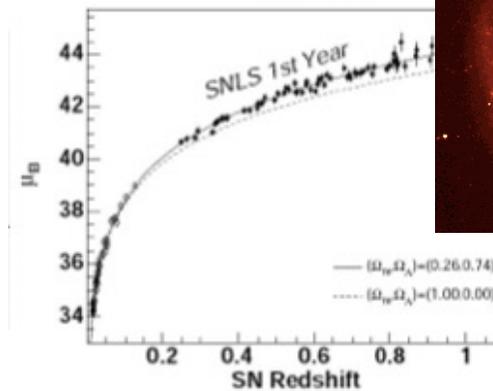
- + Galactic rotation curves
- + Galaxy clusters & GR lensing
- + Bullet Cluster
- + Velocity dispersions of galaxies
- + Cosmic microwave background
- + Sky Surveys and Baryon Acoustic Oscillations
- + Type Ia supernovae distance measurements
- + Big Bang Nucleosynthesis (BBN)
- + Lyman-alpha forest
- + Structure formation
- + ...

- strong evidence for a large dark sector
- evidences: GR-dynamic, GR-static, radiation, ...
- cannot be explained by ordinary matter
- strong astronomy / cosmology groups in cluster!

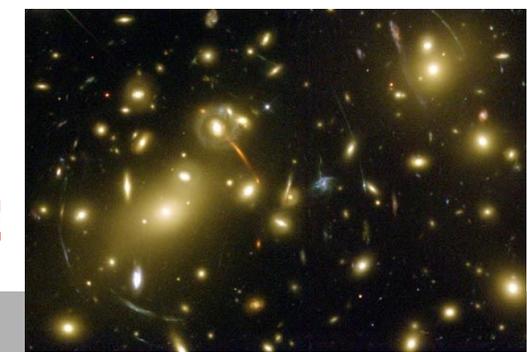
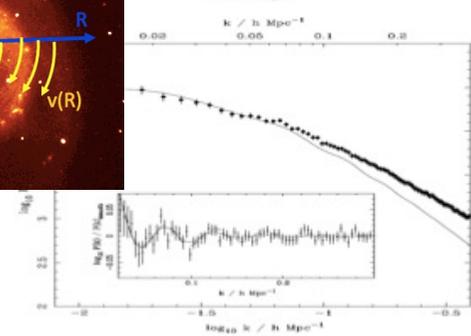
CMB (WMAP)



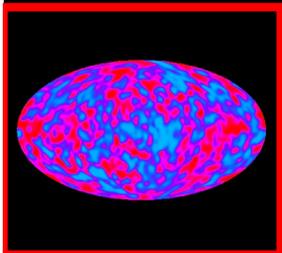
SN 1a



BAO



The cosmic Matter Balance



radiation:
0.005%



chemical elements:
(not H & He) **0.025%**



neutrinos = CvB:
0.17%



stars:
0.8%



H & He:
gas 4%

dark matter: 26.8%
→ something invisible
in addition to CvB

dark energy: 68.3%

Options/questions:

- one or more components?
- gravity or new particles?
- which particle(s)?
- DM+new unstable particles
- ...

?

?

Competing Dark Matter Directions

Gravity

MOND

a simple one
scale
modification
→ fails badly

Other

new GR
modifications

or

a suitable
population
(mass,
number) of
black holes

Particles

BSM physics motivated by SM problems

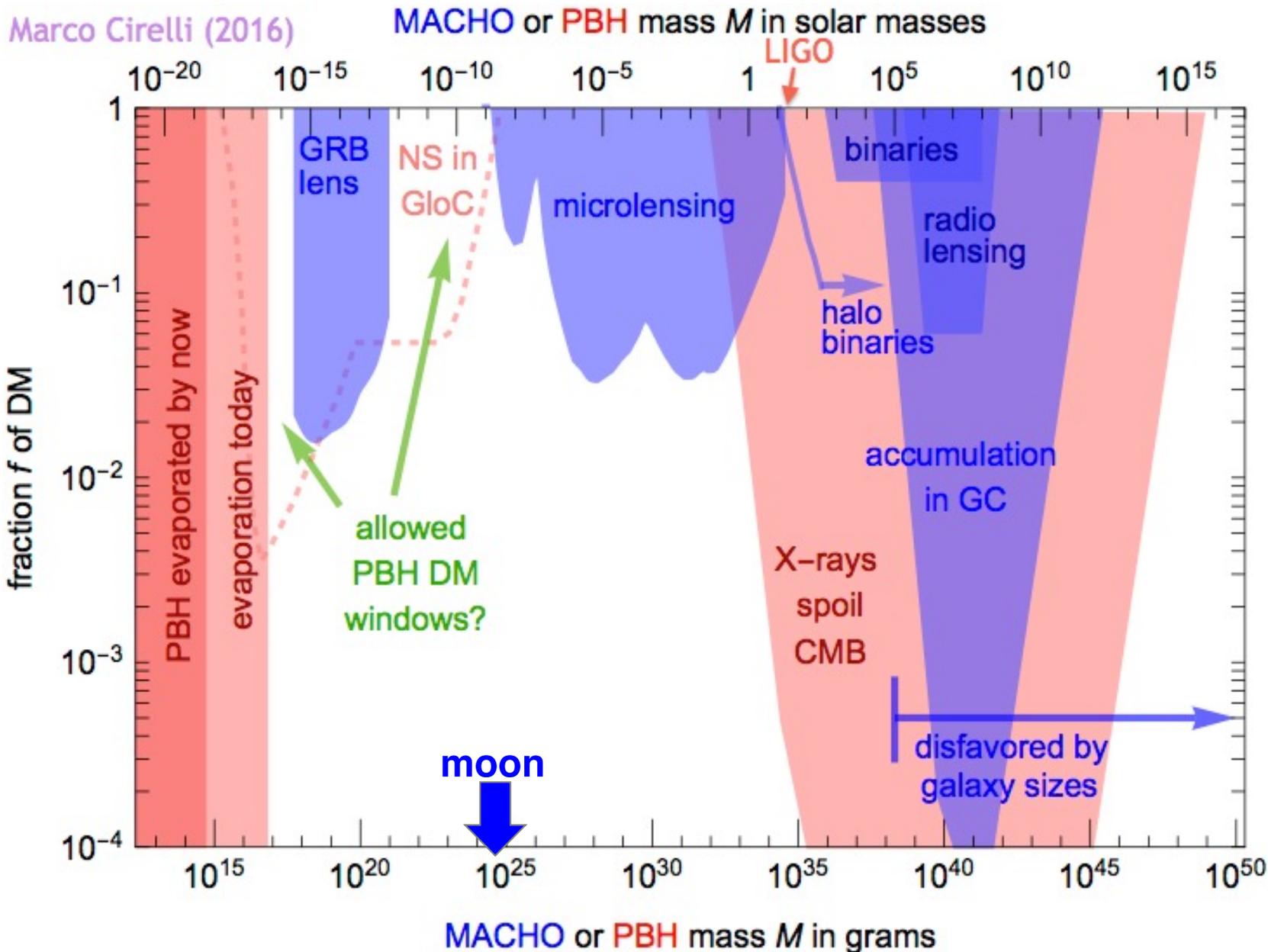
- WIMPs
(neutralinos)
- axions
- sterile ν 's
- ...

Models with correct abundance

- WIMPs
- dark photons
- ALPs
- other new
particles

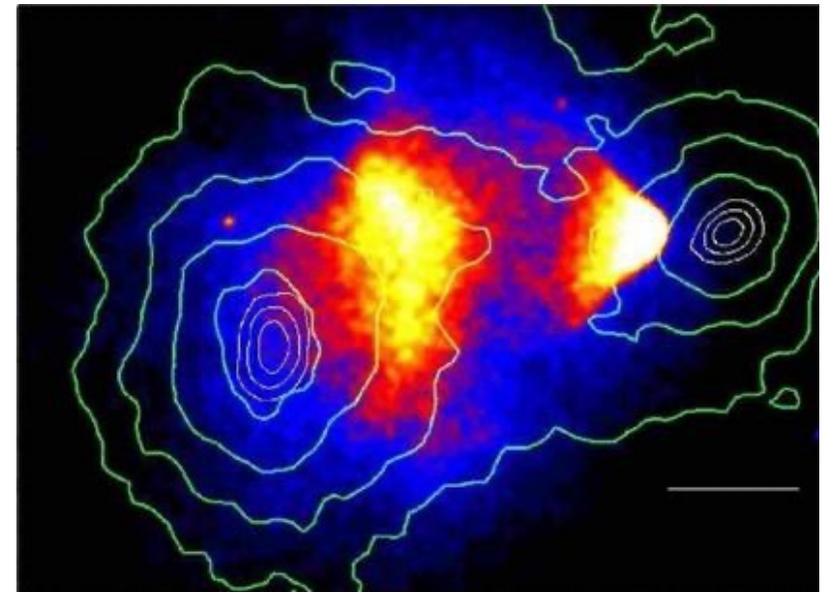
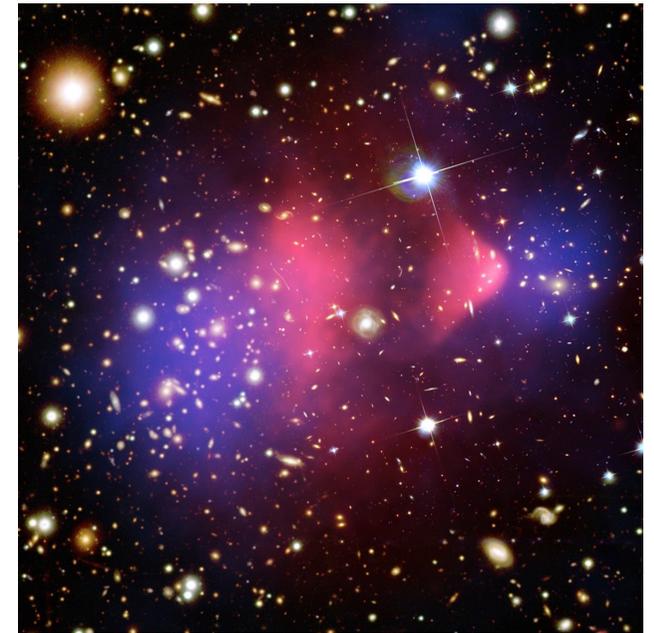
WIMPs combine both
aspects in an attractive
way: **BSM + abundance**

Black Holes as Dark Matter



Is it Particles?

- **bullet cluster (1E 0657-56)**
 - colliding galaxy clusters
 - = stars, gas, DM ; up to 10^6 km/h
 - x-rays from charged particle interactions
 - Dark Matter just traverses w/o scattering
 - displacement of visible matter and GR potential = all matter ($\sim 8\sigma$)
- **Shows that normal particles scatter, but NOT that DM is particles**
- **What is needed:**
 - gravitates \leftrightarrow mass
 - non-baryonic
 - SM neutral
 - no or very limited self-interaction
 - no coupling to massive particle
 - stable or long lived



Back to the Roots: The Standard Model

→ success of renormalizable local quantum field theories in $d=4$

QED	→	QCD	→	SM
$U(1)_{em}$		$SU(3)_C$		$SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$

Symmetry, renormalizability, no anomalies

→ particle content (representations)

gauge sector – fixed by gauge group

scalar sector – must break EW symmetry, $\sim 2_L$

fermions – anomaly free combinations

- various conceptual ingredients = questions:

quantum fields

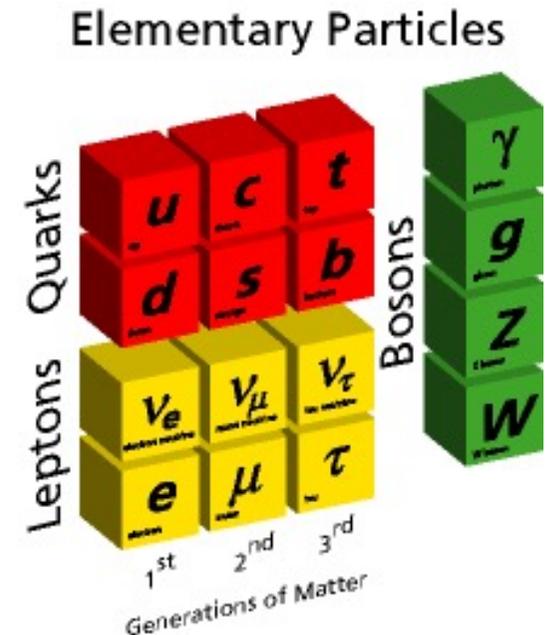
chiral fermions, anomaly free combinations

gauge group, $d=4$, three generations = copies

- many unexplained parameters ... but it works extremely well

- massive neutrinos could have been DM

→ too light, hot DM → something else → ???



Reasons to go Beyond the Standard Model

Theoretical arguments:

SM **does not exist without** cutoff
(triviality, vacuum stability)

Gauge hierarchy problem

Gauge unification, charge quantization

Strong CP problem

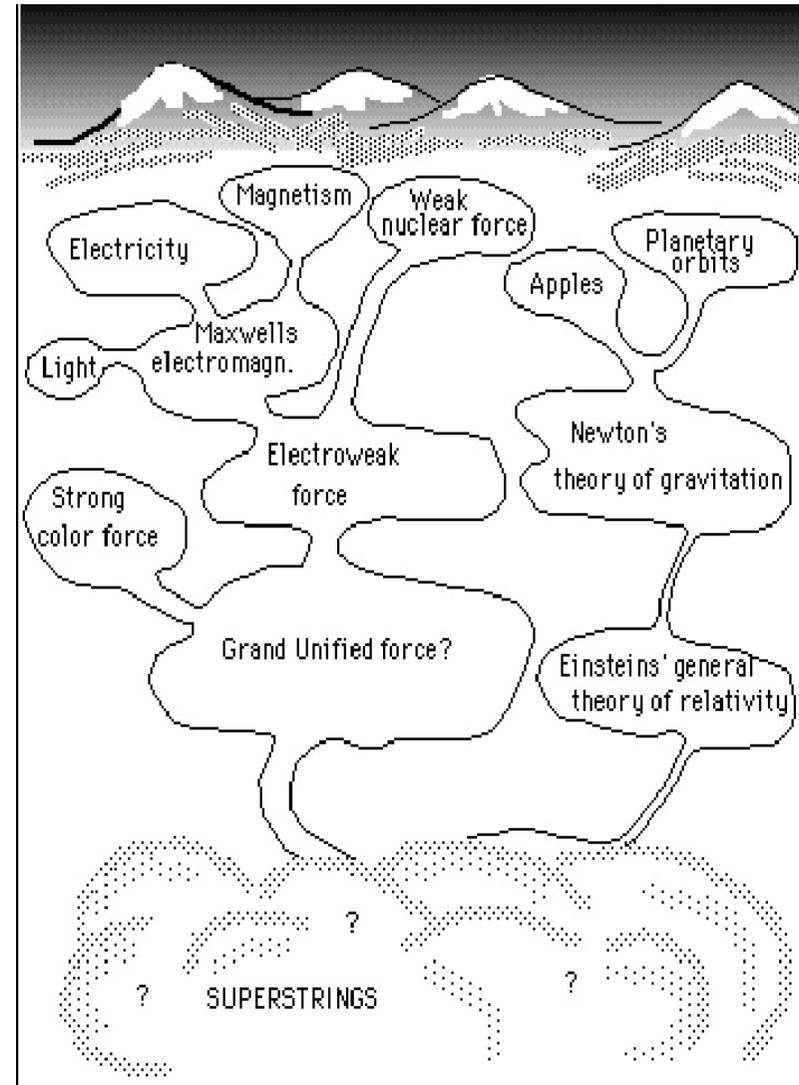
Unification with gravity

Global symmetries & GR anomalies

Why: 3 generations, representations, $d=4$,
many parameters (flavour problem)

Experimental facts:

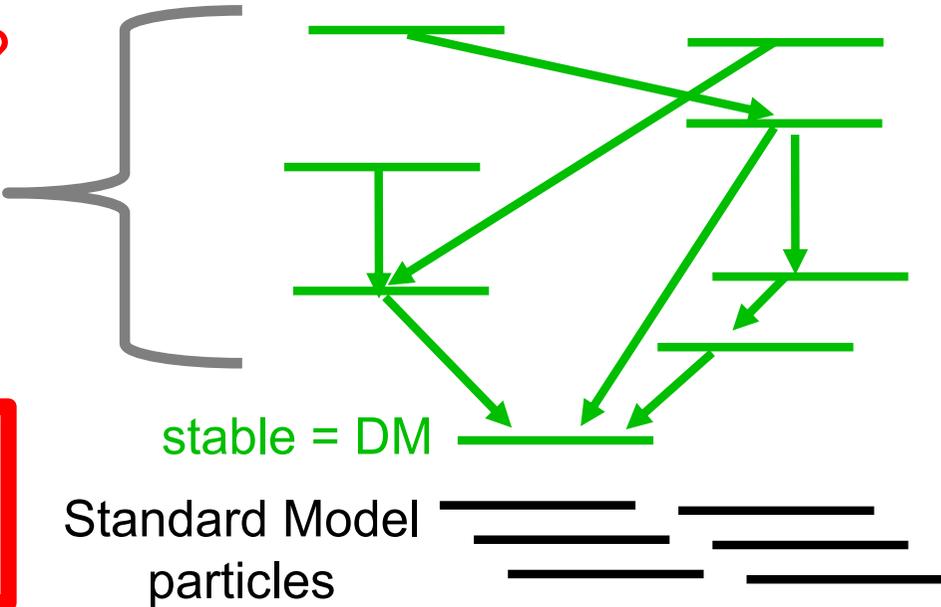
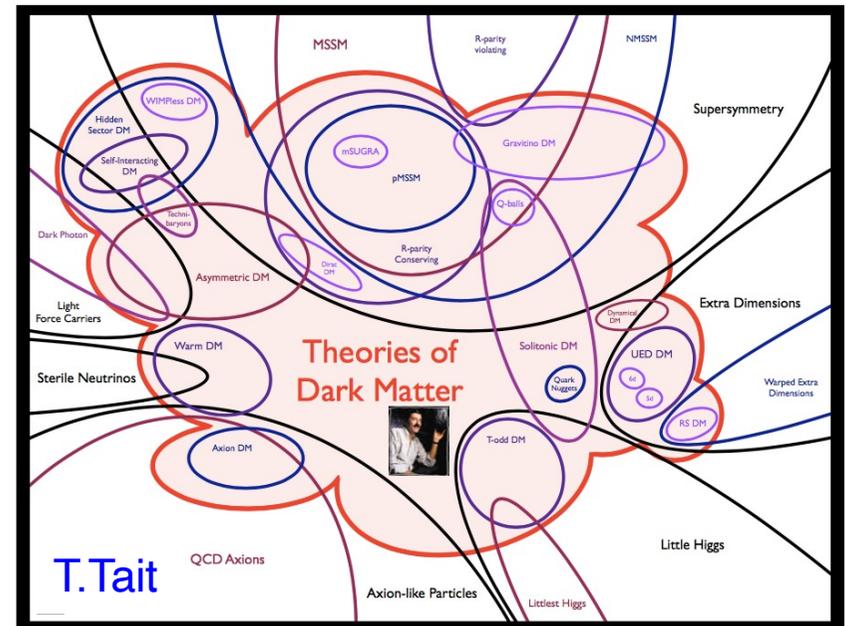
- Electro-weak scale \ll Planck scale
- Gauge couplings almost unify
- Neutrino masses & large mixings
- Flavour: Patterns of masses & mixings
- Baryon asymmetry of the Universe
- Dark Matter
- Inflation
- Dark Energy



→ many options for DM

DM motivated Extensions have other Consequences

- More particles...
- All particles **produced in Big Bang** and later (thermal, decays, ...)
- Some particles may be stable
 → excluded if visible → DM?
- Very long-lived due to **small parameters** → DM → natural?
- Effects of unstable states +/-
 → on the early Universe
 → on collider physics

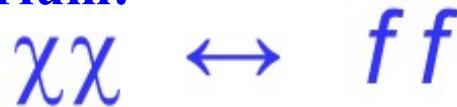


Warning: Your DM model may affect many other known things!

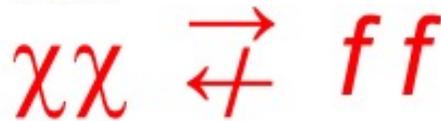
WIMPs seem best motivated: WIMP Miracle

- WIMPs with masses $O(100 \text{ GeV}) \leftrightarrow$ many BSM models \leftrightarrow HP
- miracle: \sim correct abundance:

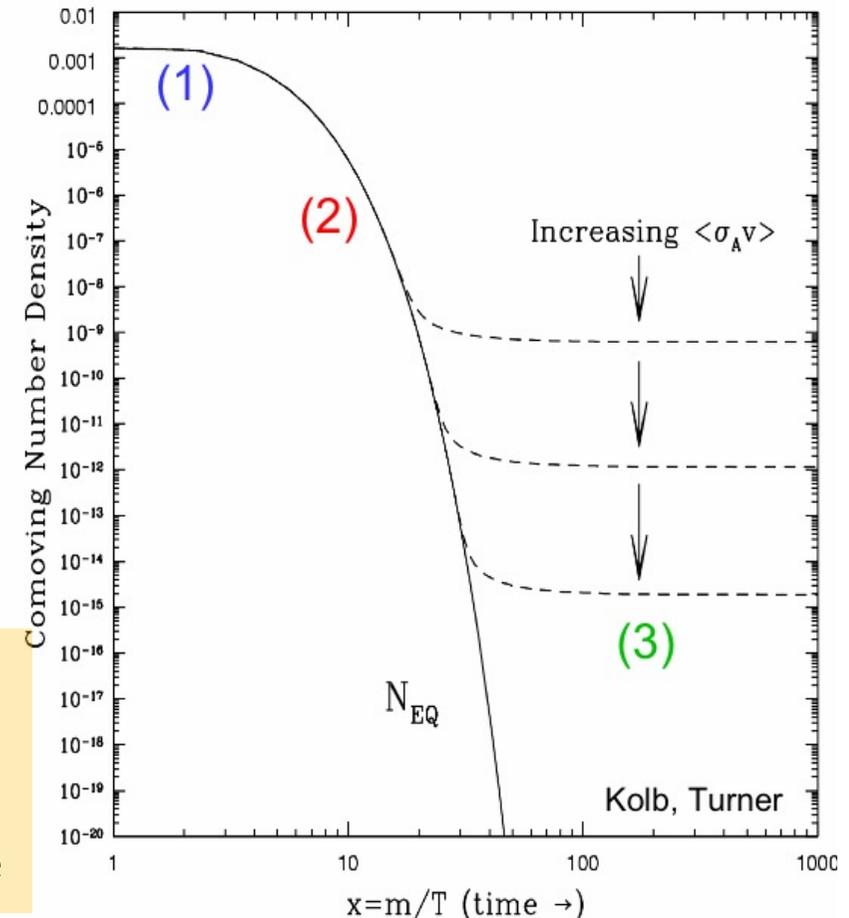
1) Assume a new (heavy) particle χ is initially in thermal equilibrium:



2) Universe cools:



1) “freeze out”

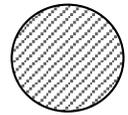


- amount of DM $\sim (\text{x-section})^{-1}$
- natural x-section $\sim 1/\text{m}^2$
 \rightarrow correct abundance from EW scale

- \rightarrow remarkable coincidence: $\Omega_{\text{DM}} \sim 0.2$ for $m_{\text{WIMP}} \sim 100\text{-}1000 \text{ GeV}$
- \rightarrow BSM arguments AND abundance point in the same direction

Generic WIMP Cross Section

- **Quantum mechanics: wavelength $\lambda \sim 1/\text{mass}$**



“size = area” of a particle: $\pi\lambda^2 = \pi/m^2$

→ **cross section: area \times coupling strength**

$$\sigma \sim \underbrace{O(0.001-1.0)^2}_{\text{model parameters}} \underbrace{g_2^2}_{\text{some weak coupling}} \underbrace{\pi/m^2}_{\text{area}}$$

or tuning, symmetry, ...

\leftrightarrow abundance

→ natural range for a 50GeV WIMP: $\sigma \sim 10^{-42} - 10^{-48} \text{ cm}^2$

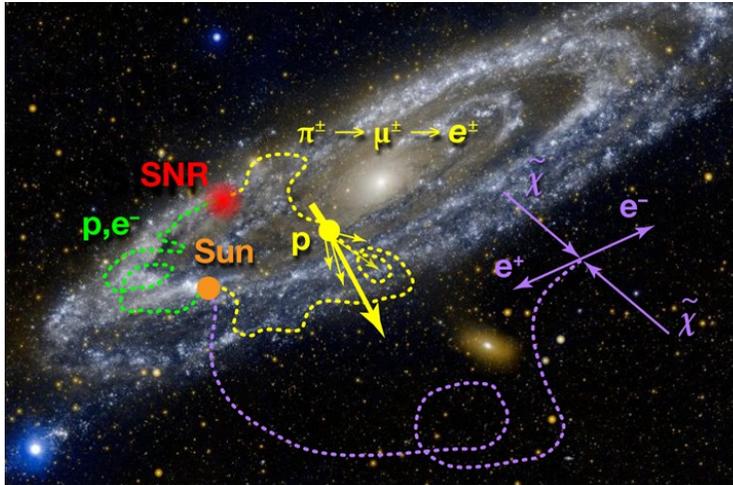
known amount of DM → ~WIMP flux → rate@direct.det.

→ we know size/sensitivity of a detector which can cover the most interesting natural WIMP parameter space

Hunting WIMPS in different Ways

known Standard Model (SM) particles interact with WIMPs: **assumptions...**

indirect detection



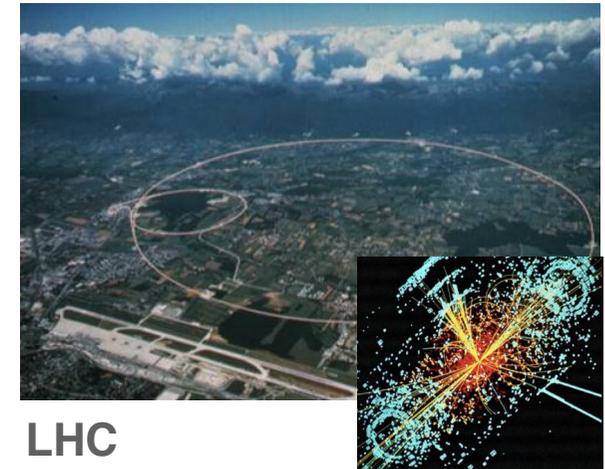
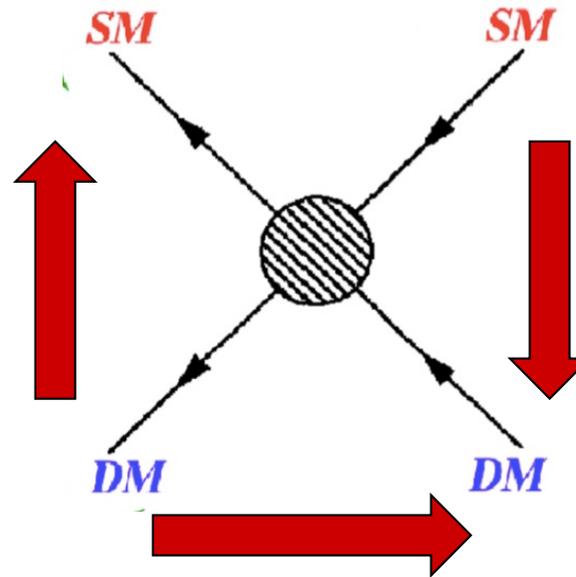
FERMI, PAMELA, AMS, HESS, IceCube, CTA, HAWC...

astronomical uncertainties...

→ is the signal without doubt from DM?

keV lines ↔ atomic physics

colliders



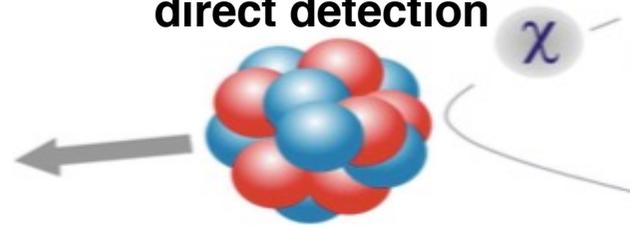
LHC

may detect new particles
- is it DM (lifetime, abundance)?

So far nothing seen...

- impact on theory...
- SUSY → higher scale
- other SB motivated WIMPs
- new ideas/candidates

direct detection



WIMP wind : 220km/s from Cygnus

- modelling
- rare event backgrounds

Direct DM Detection: Billiard with invisible Balls

- WIMPs scatter off atoms in a detector → **detect the signal... or set limits**
 - Maximal momentum transfer → $M_{\text{WIMP}} \sim M_{\text{atom}}$
Additionally: clean, transparent, high density, no free charges, ...
- **liquid Xenon** (ca. -100 degree) ↔ rarest stable element



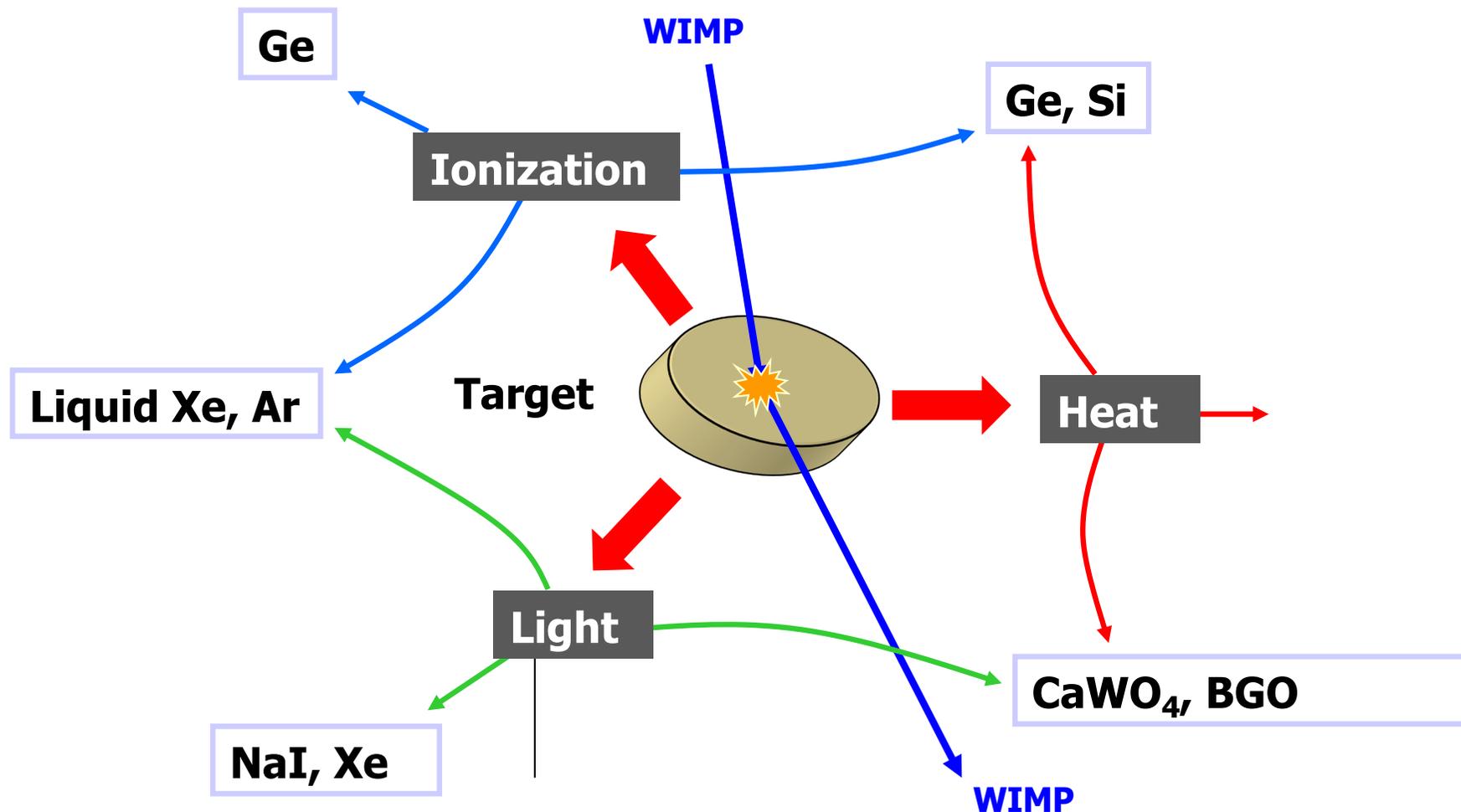
Goal:

- 1) **Maximal signal** ↔ rare process
→ many atoms → big detector
- 2) **Minimal background**
→ requires extremely low radioactive background

- **Signal/limits for WIMPs, axions, ...**
→ **room for surprises!**

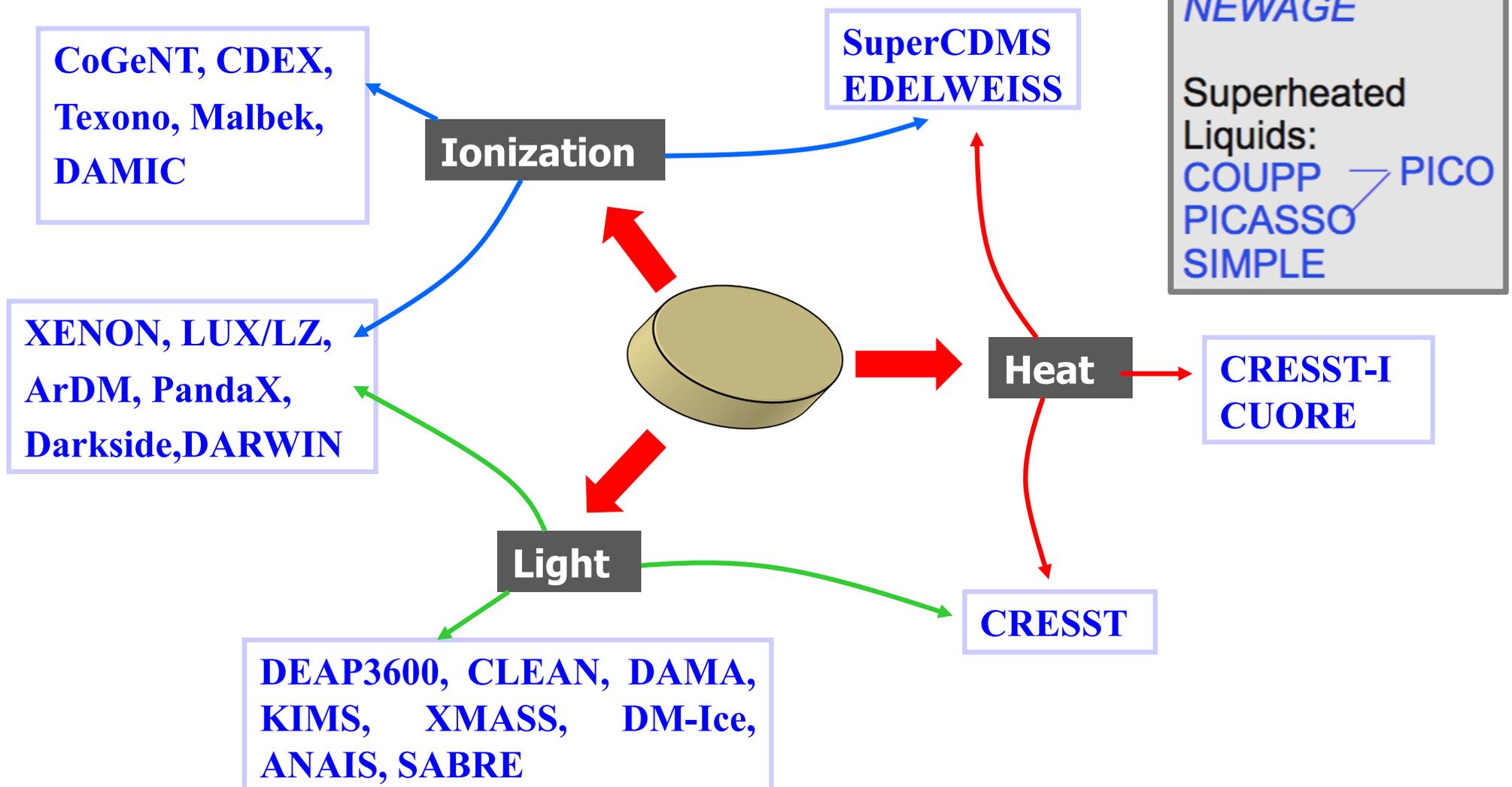
Direct Detection Techniques (WIMPs)

- **Detection of DM = see what the Universe is made of**
→ WIMP wind (known flux) scatters on target atoms → **signal...**



Direct Detection Experiments

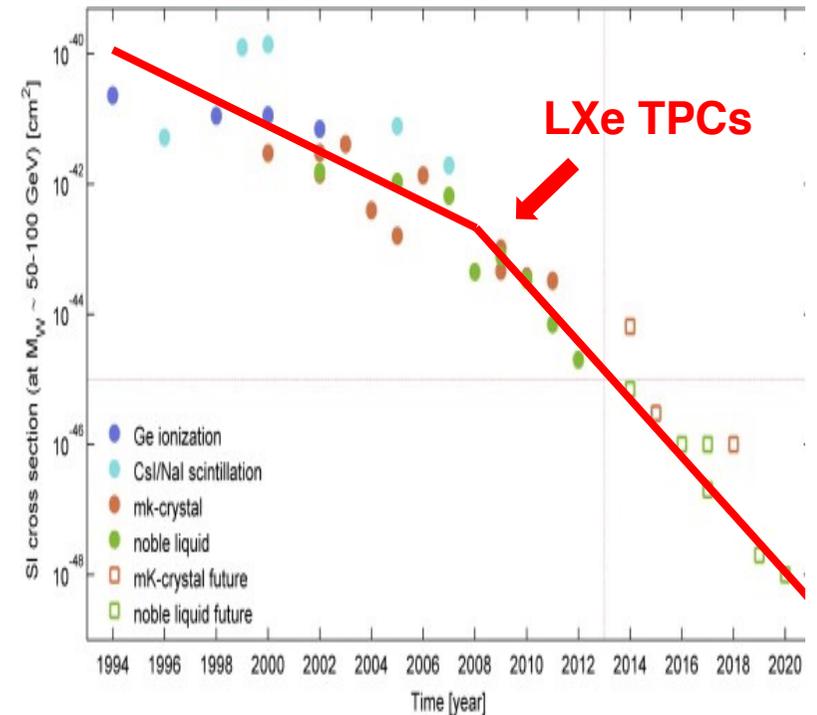
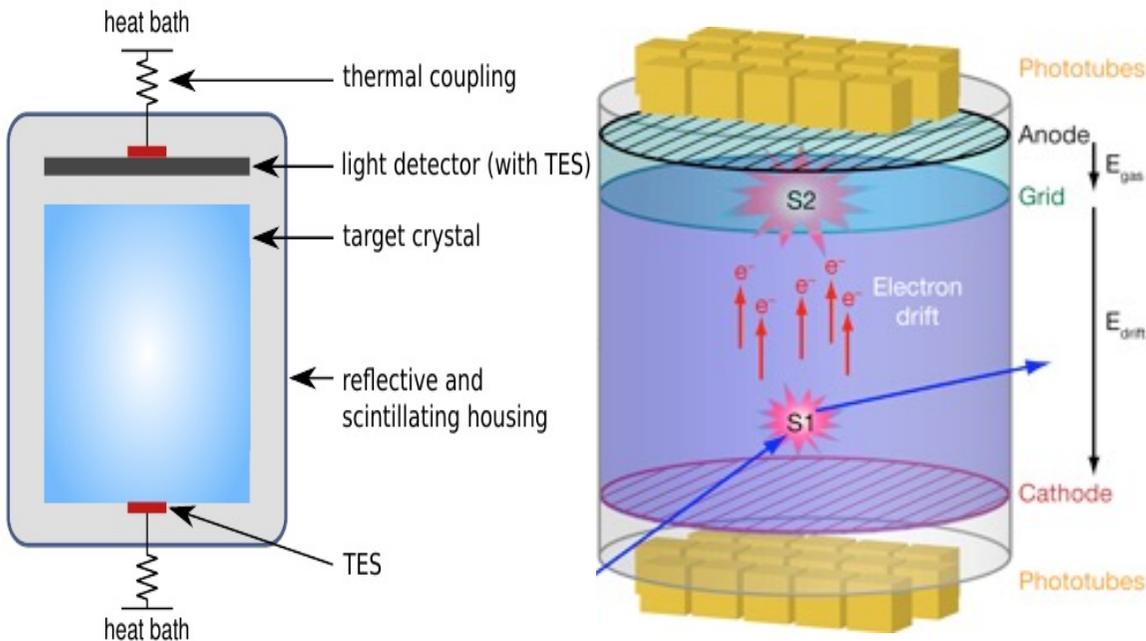
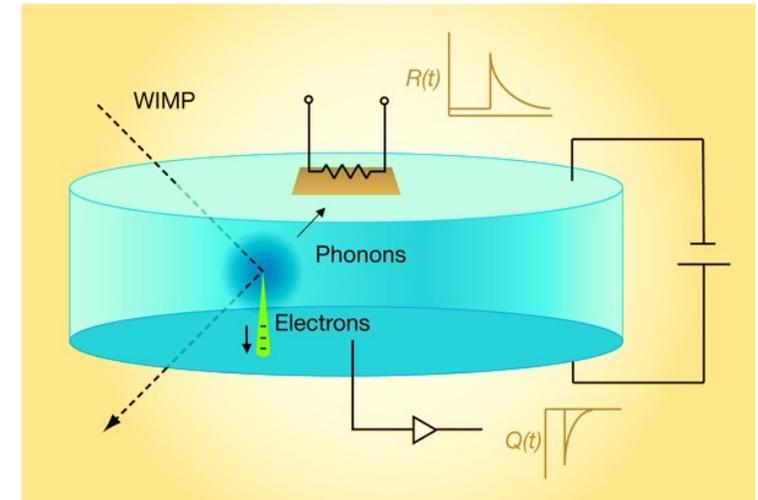
Detection methods: Crystals (NaI, Ge, Si),
Cryogenic Detectors, Liquid Noble Gases



Converting WIMP Scattering into Signals

Light – ionization – heat: 3 examples

- **semiconductor Crystals (Ge)**
→ pulses
- **in crystals (e.g. CaWO_4)**
→ heat + light signal
- **liquid noble gases**
→ light and ionization @TPC



The XENON Collaboration



XENON Collaboration: ~170 scientists

The XENON Dark Matter Program

The XENON program at Gran Sasso, Italy (3600 mwe)



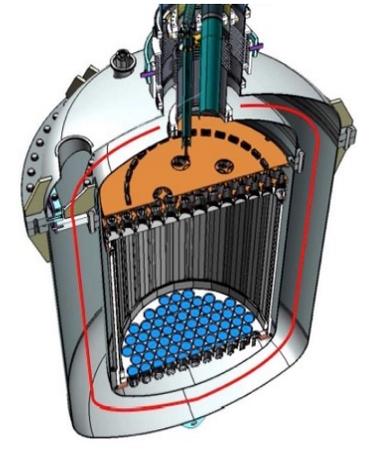
XENON10



XENON100



XENON1T & XENONnT



Period

2005-2007

2008-2016

2012-2018

2020-2024

Total mass

25 kg

161 kg

3200 kg

~8000 kg

Drift length

15 cm

30 cm

100 cm

150 cm

Status

Completed (2007)

Completed (2016)

Running

Construction

**σ_{SI} limit
(@50 GeV/c²)**

$8.8 \times 10^{-44} \text{ cm}^2$

$1.1 \times 10^{-45} \text{ cm}^2$

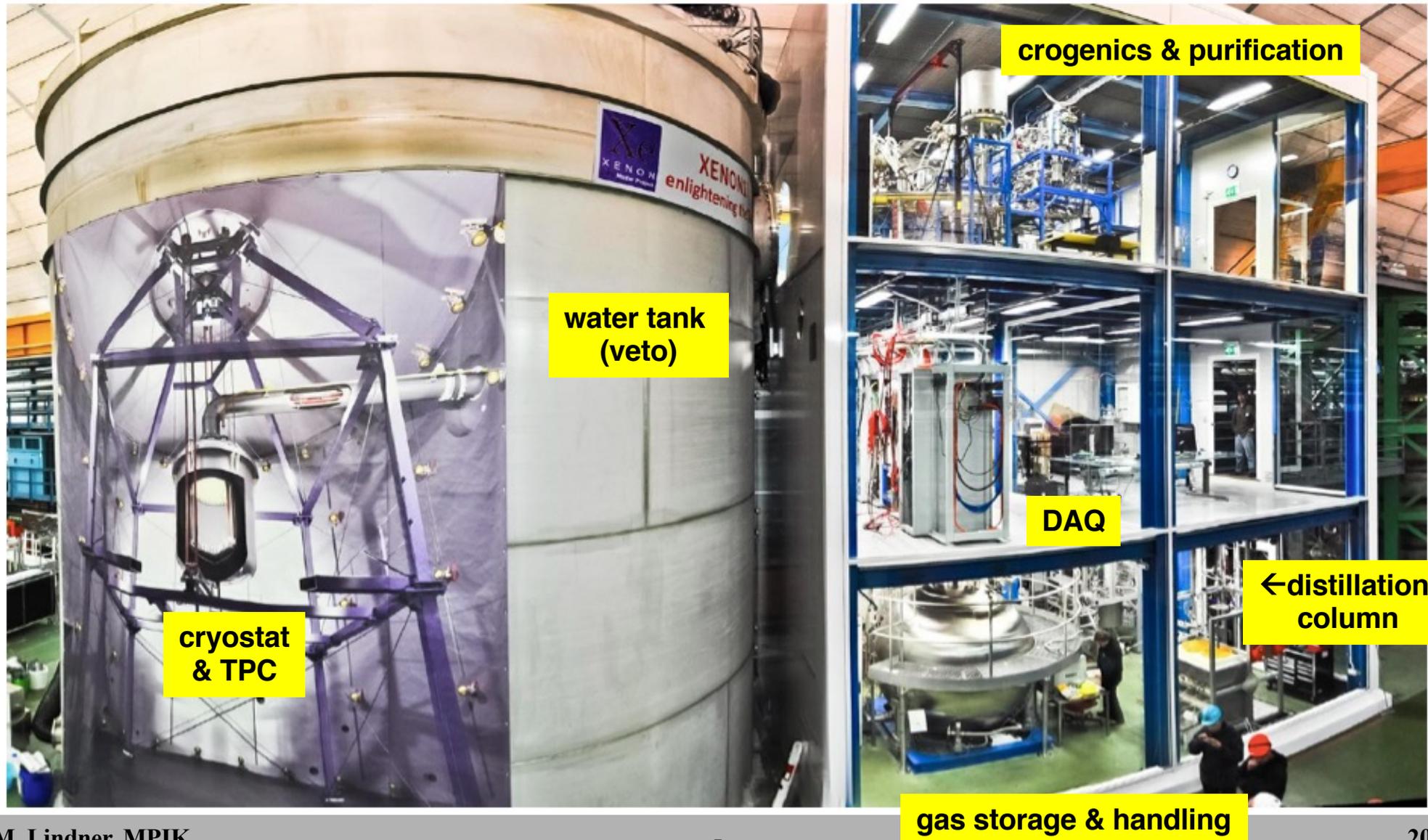
$1.6 \times 10^{-47} \text{ cm}^2$
(2018)

$1.6 \times 10^{-48} \text{ cm}^2$
(2023)

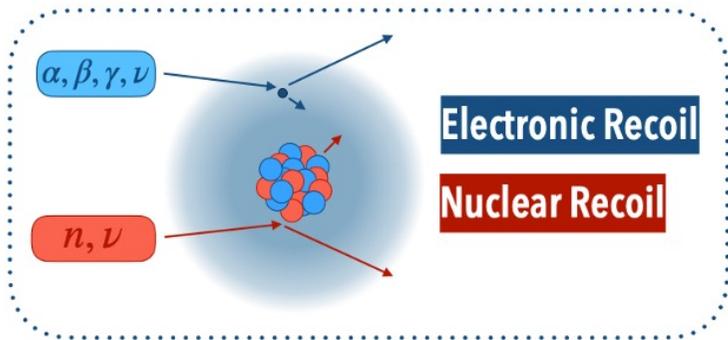
**XENONnT was prepared while XENON1T took data
→ switching gears → filling started recently**

XENON1T @ LNGS: Running until 12/2018

→ Goal: two orders of magnitude improvement in sensitivity with respect to XENON100



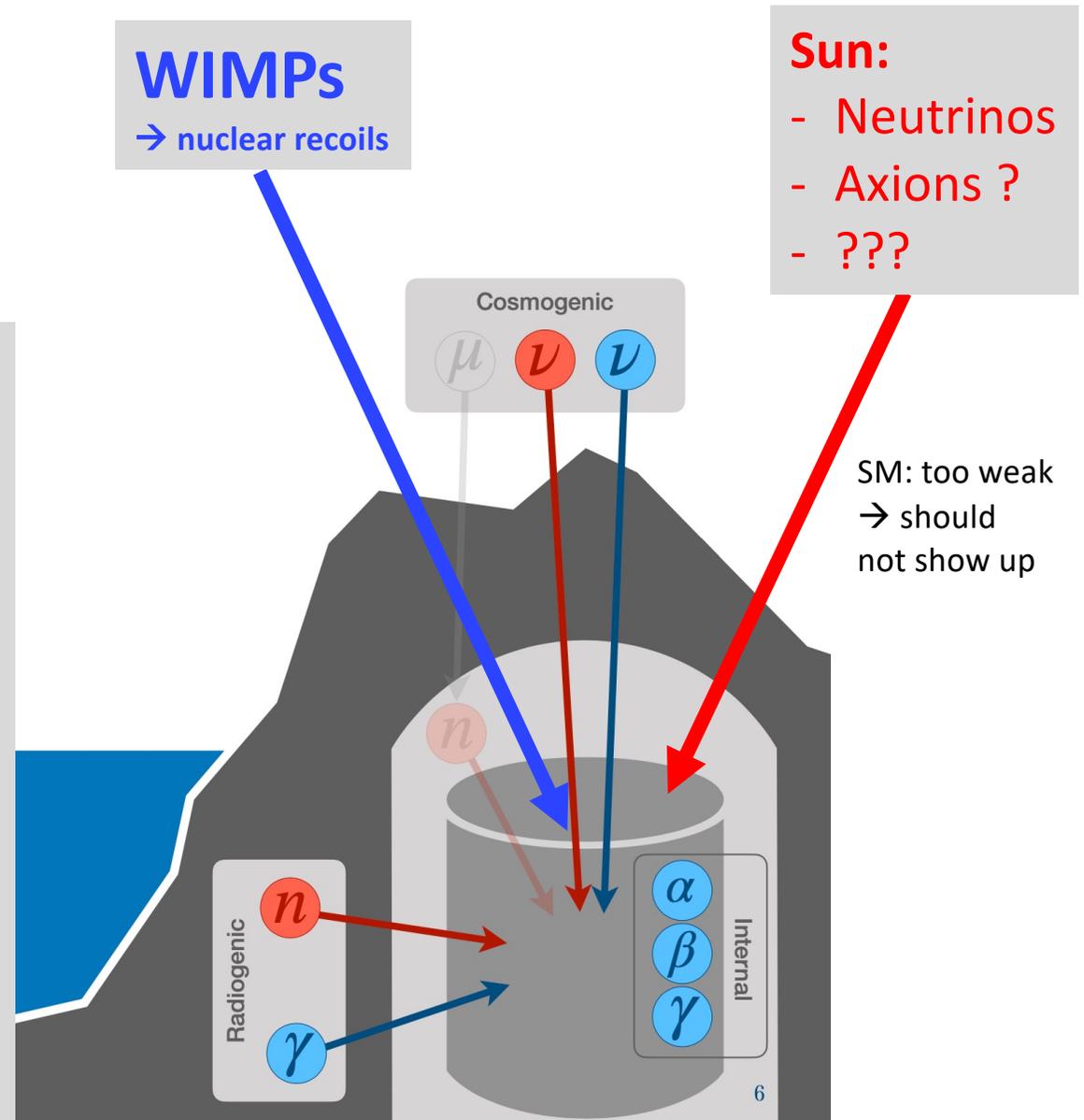
Dark Matter Detectors in UG Laboratories



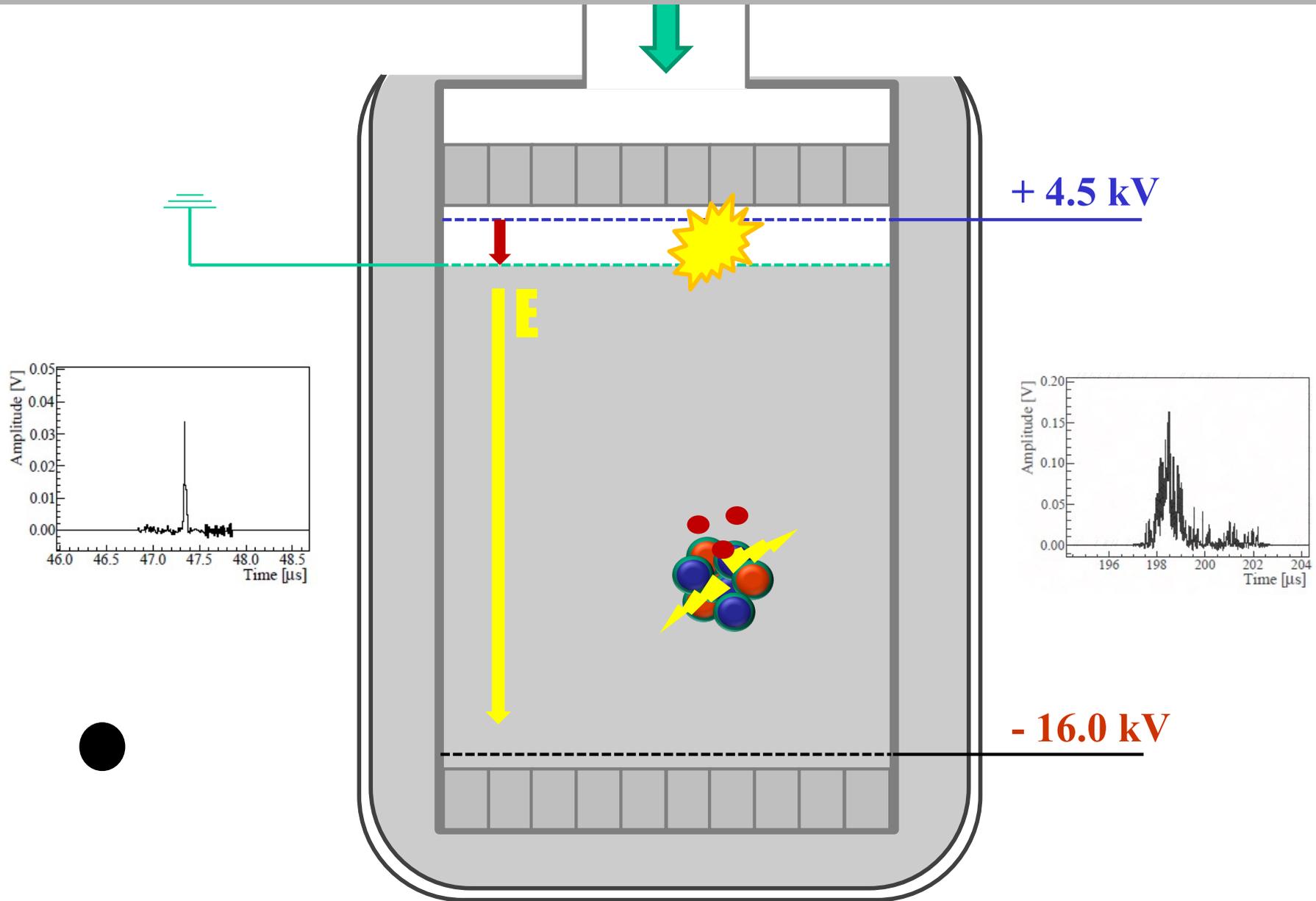
Background reduction

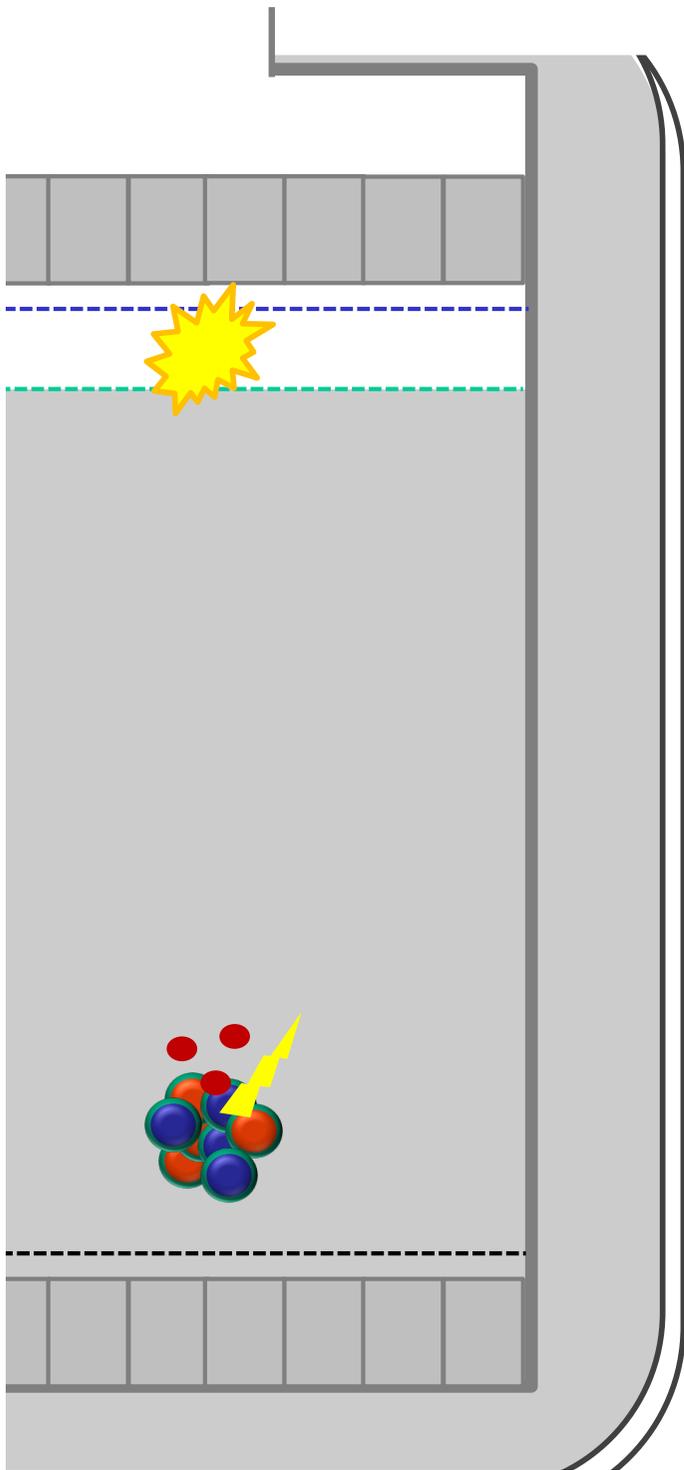
→ extremely challenging:

- material selection
- screening (γ , Rn, ...)
- graded shielding
 - deep underground
 - veto systems
 - water
- cryogenic distillation
- pulse shape analysis
- ...



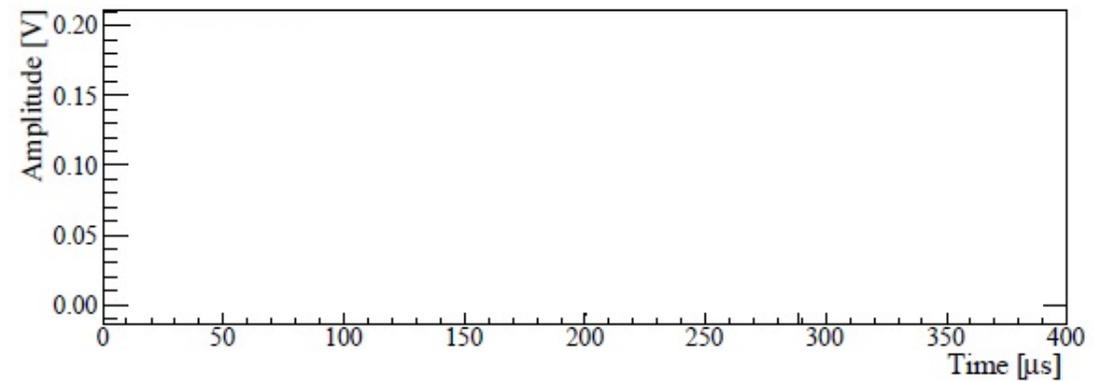
Dual Phase LXe or LAr TPCs





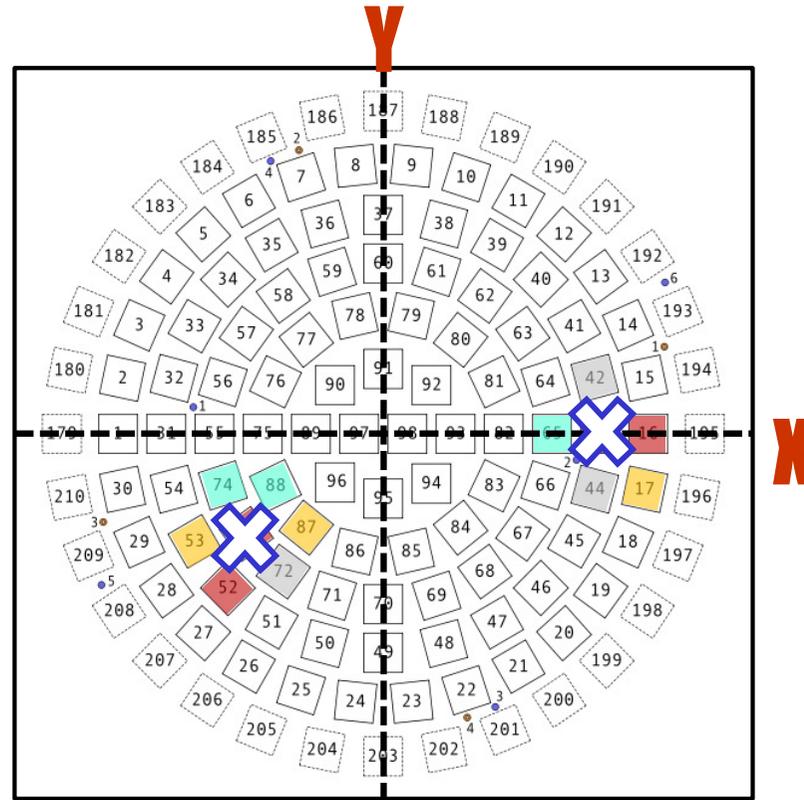
● Rec

Slow motion

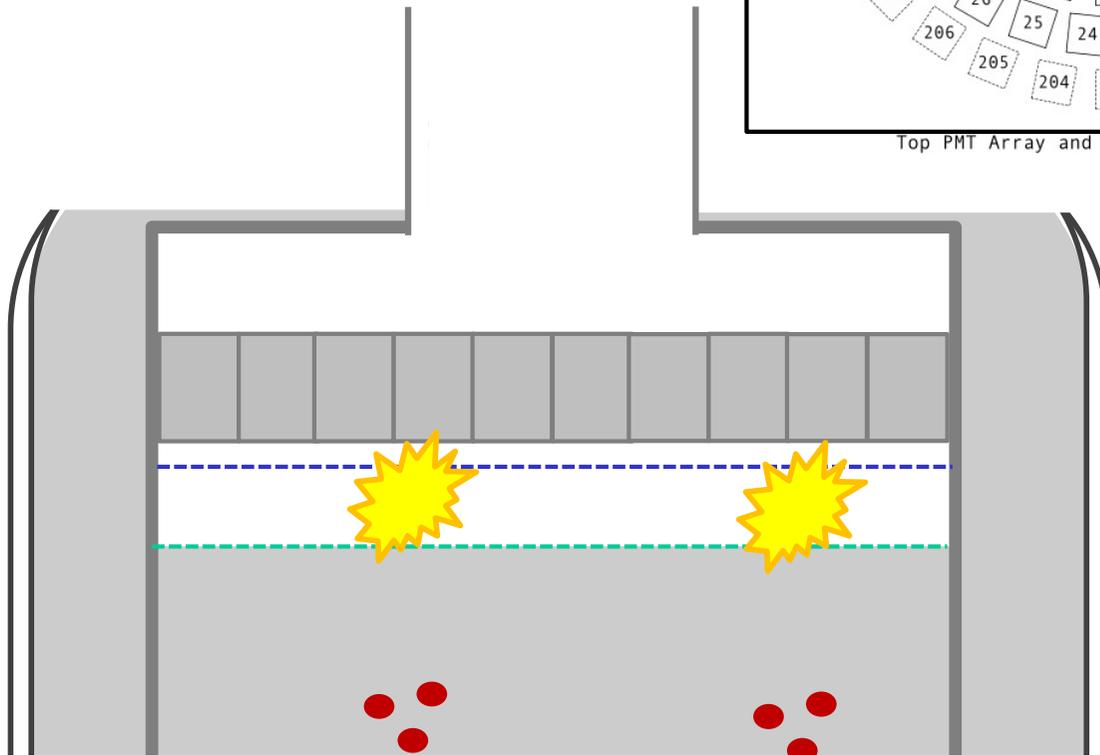


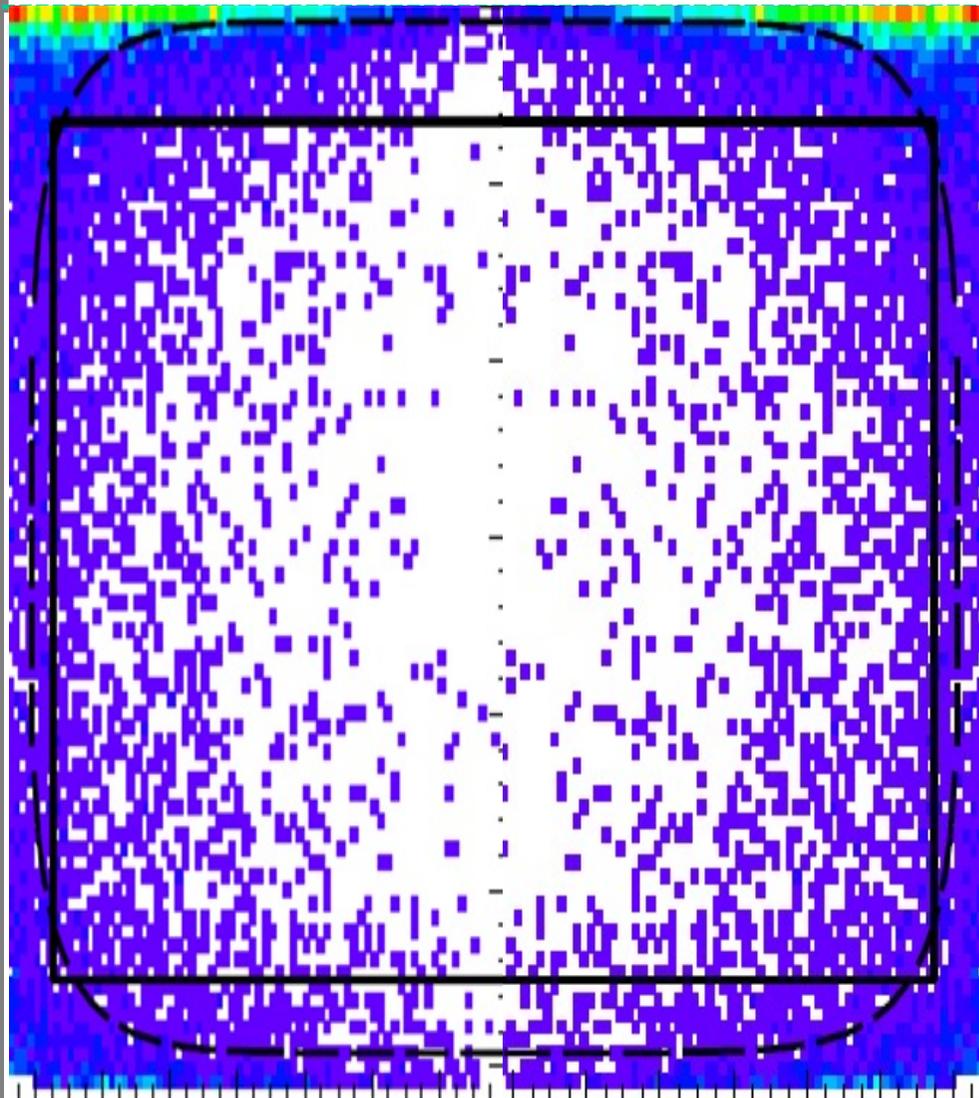
$$z(dt) = v_{Drift} \cdot dt$$

$$v_{Drift} \approx 1,74 \text{ mm}/\mu\text{s}$$



Top PMT Array and Top Shield PMT Array





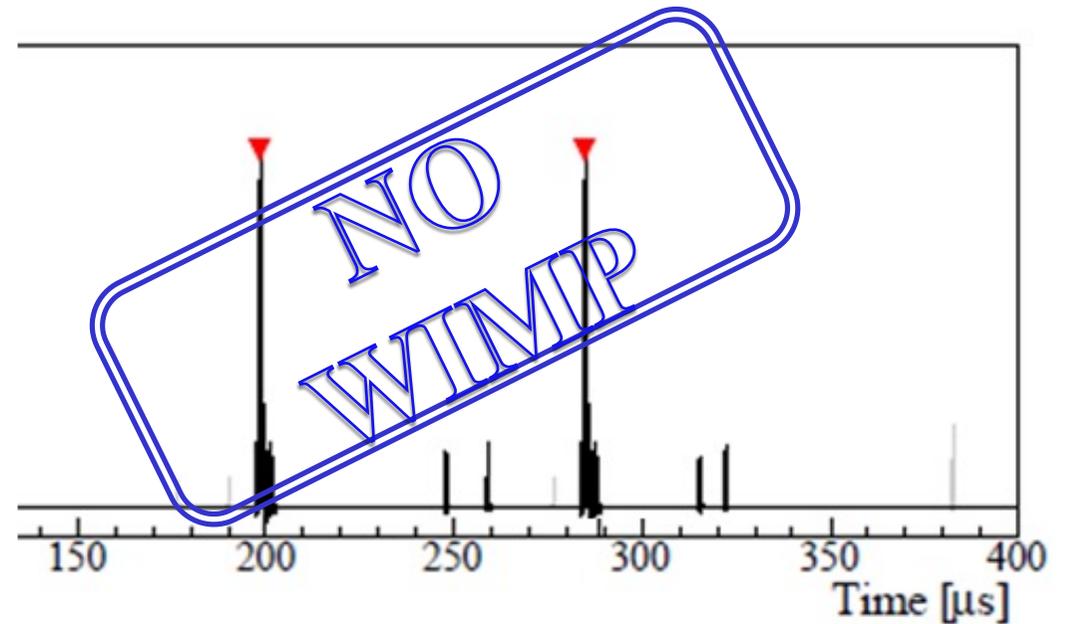
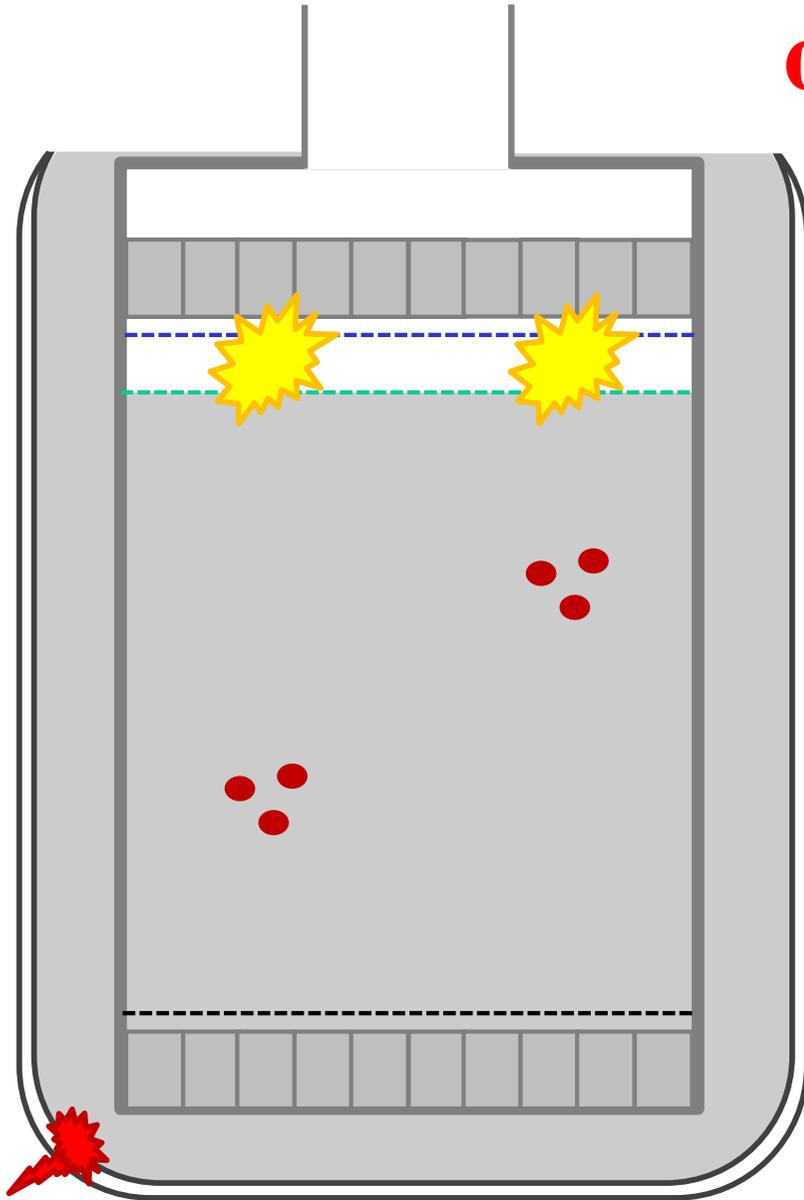
- reconstruct x,y,z

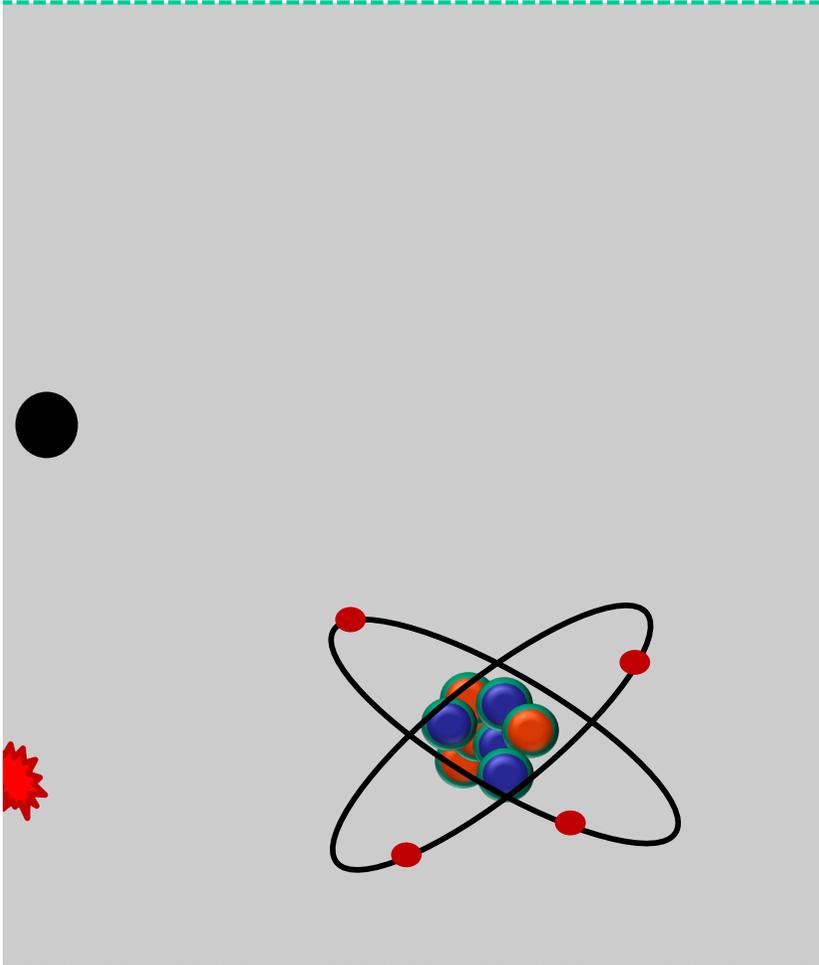
Next:

- fiducialize

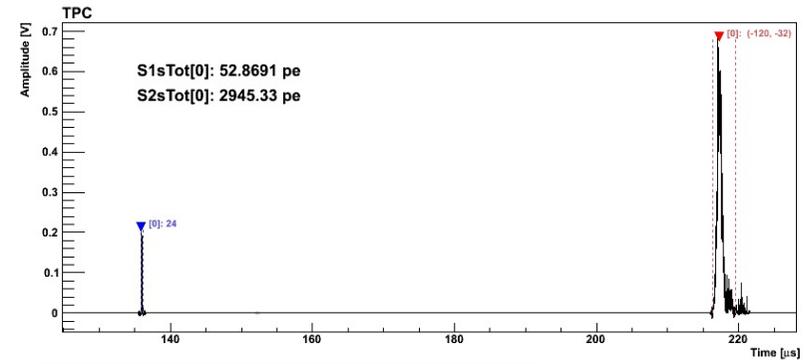
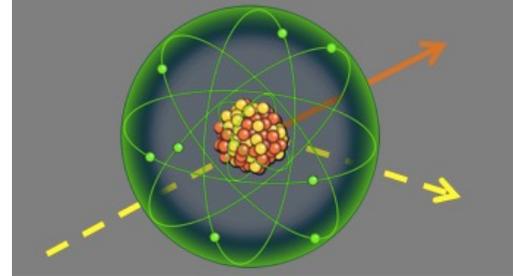
- remove bg events

A WIMP scatters only once (if at all)

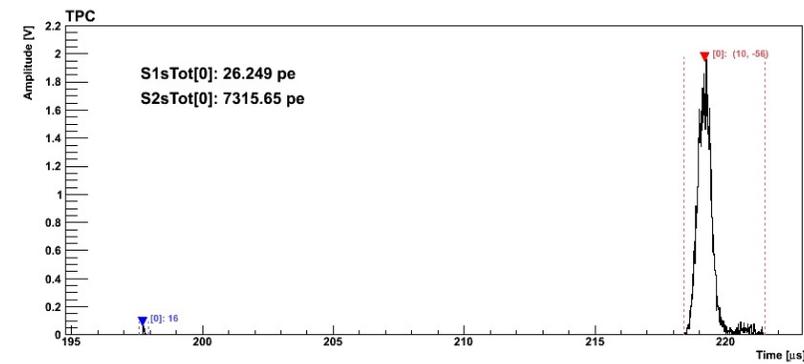
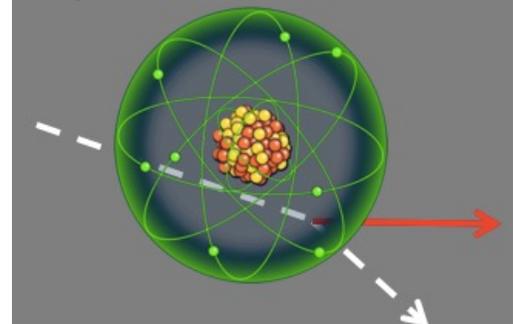




n/WIMPs: nuclear recoils

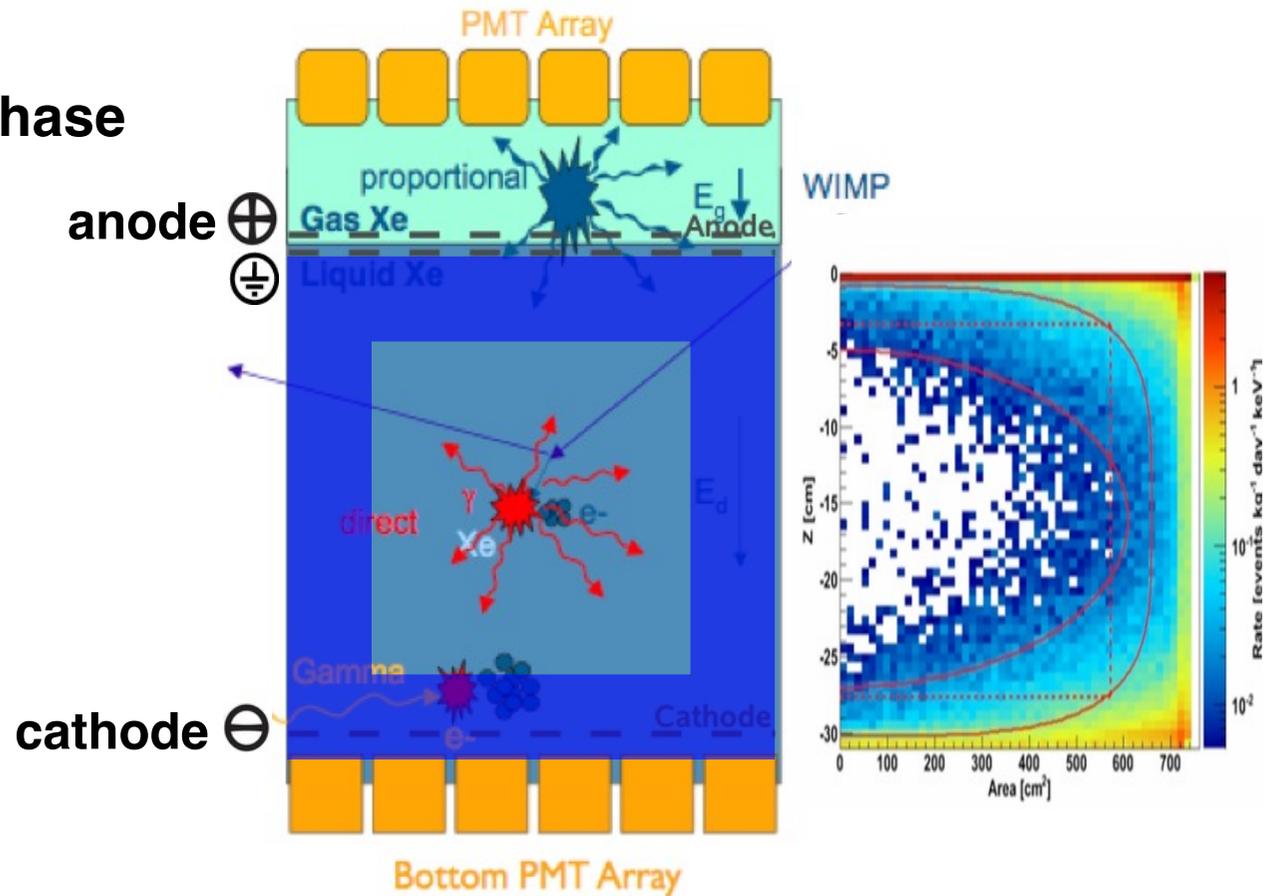
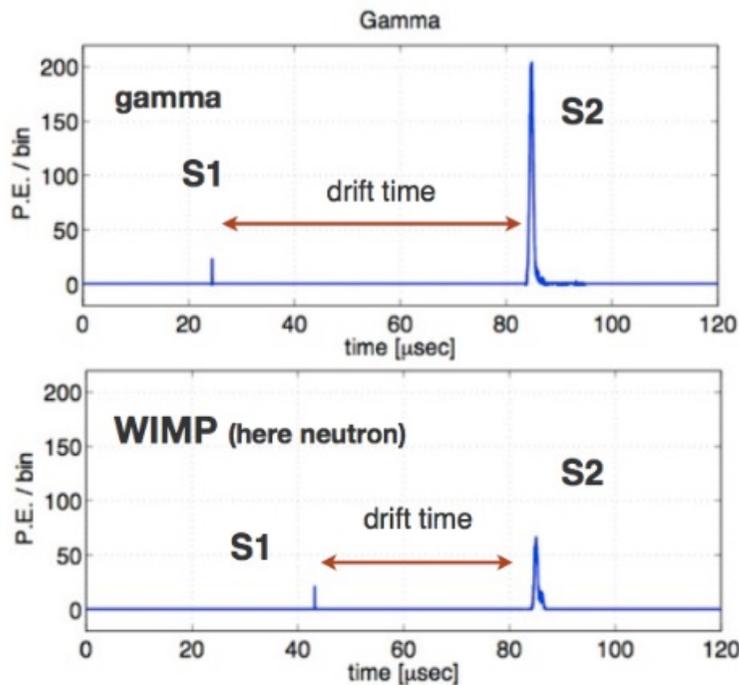


e⁻/γ: electron recoils

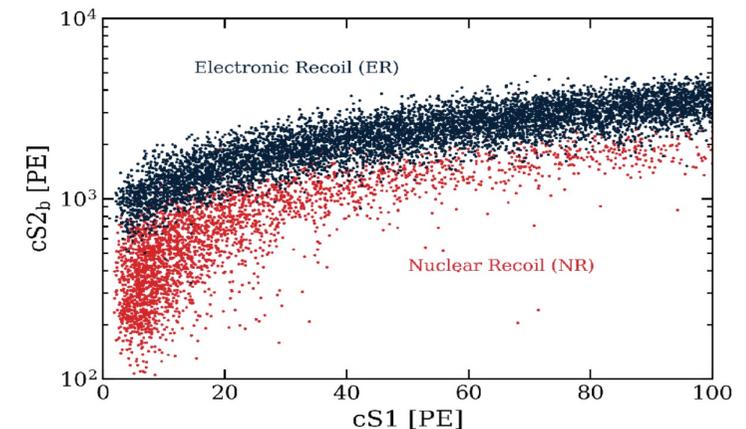


A powerful Device: Dual-Phase TPC

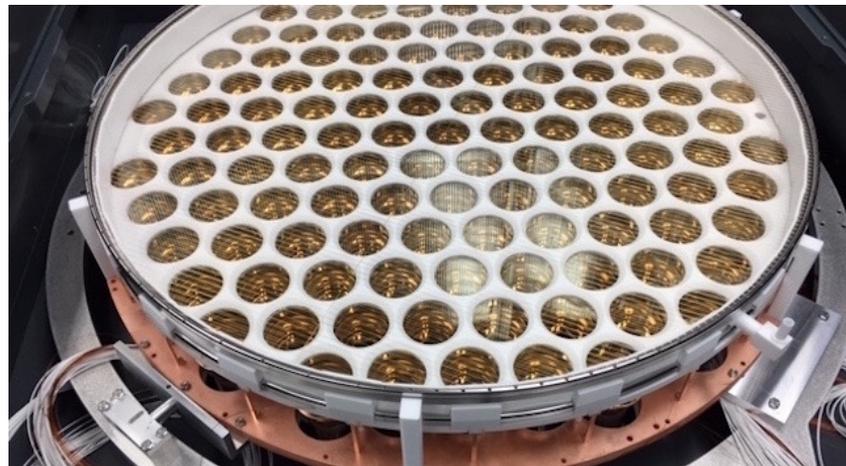
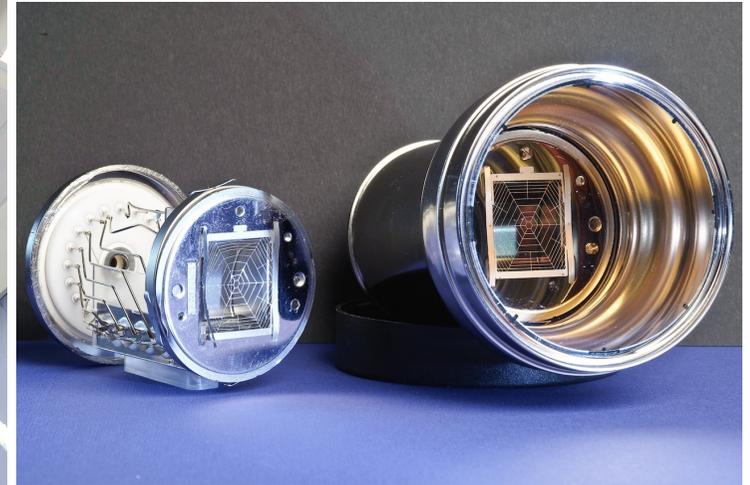
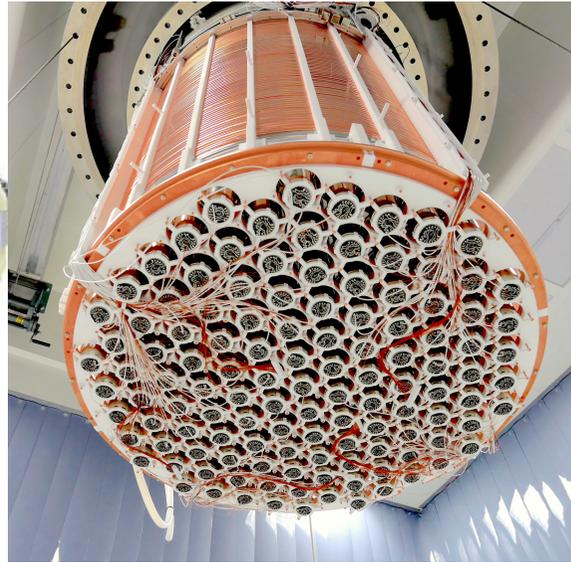
- 1) direct light signal \rightarrow S1
- 2) drift of electrons to gas phase
- 3) 2nd light signal \rightarrow S2



- \rightarrow excellent 3D position reconstruction
- \rightarrow fiducialization = exclude known backgrounds from 'dirty' surfaces
- \rightarrow S2/S1 discrimination of ER / NR

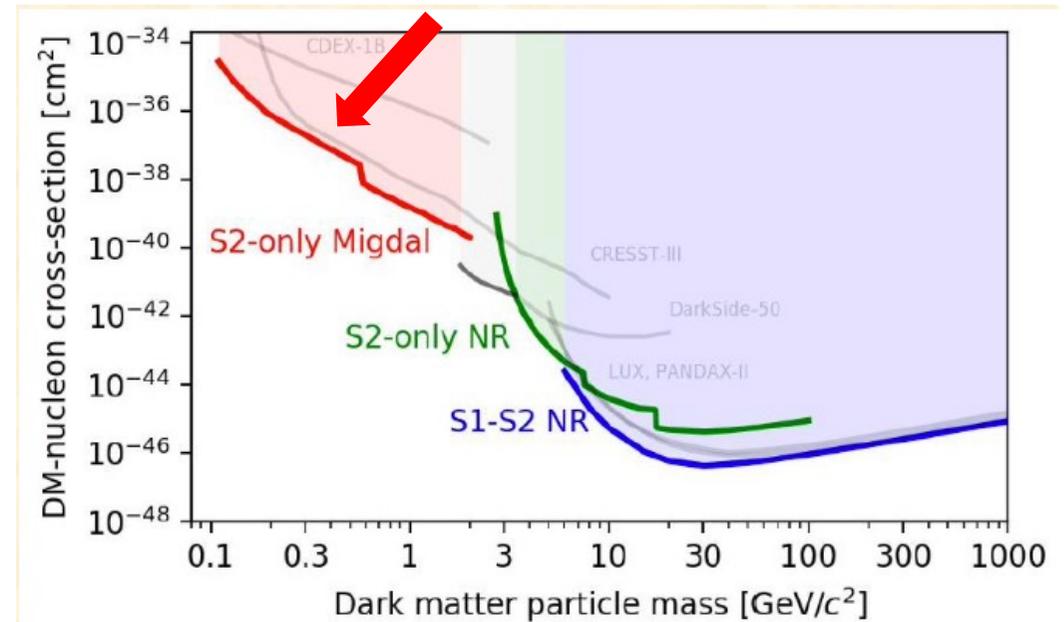
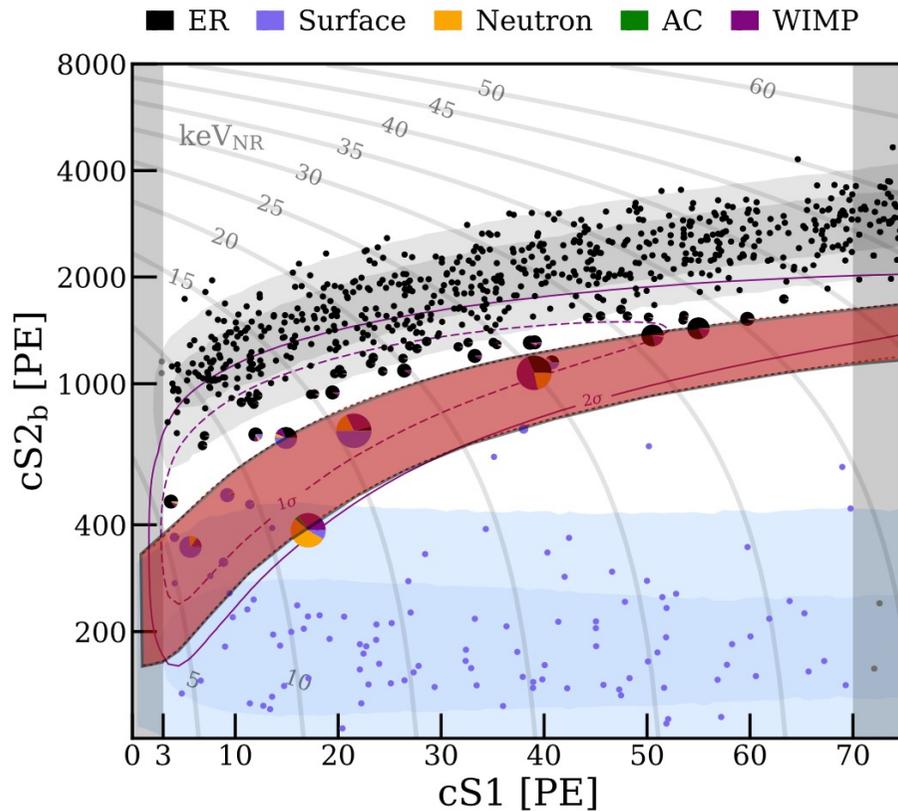


The XENON1T TPC



+ many other sophisticated sub-systems based on lot's of R&D

XENON1T: Nuclear Recoil Searches



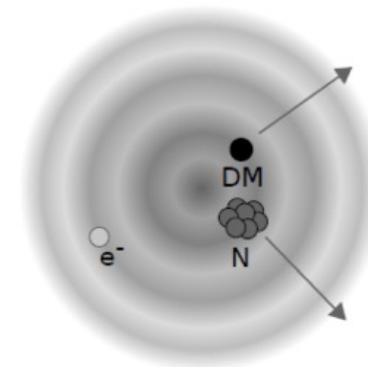
PRL 121, 111302 and PRL 123 251801- Main WIMP search

➔ Most stringent result on SI scattering of WIMP Dark Matter down to $3 GeV/c^2$ masses

PRL 123, 241803 - Migdal effect

PRL 123, 251801 - light dark matter

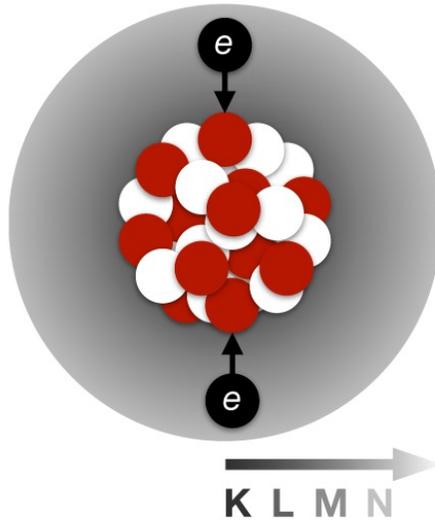
➔ Extends sensitivity to lower WIMP masses



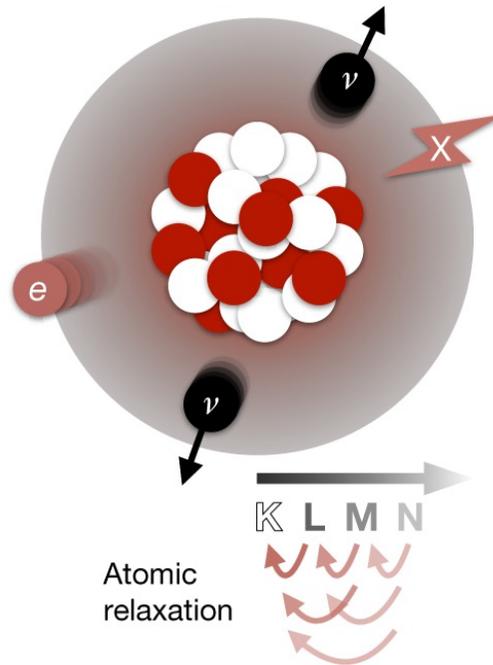
Migdal: ...it takes time for the electron to catch up

Double Electron Capture of ^{124}Xe

Electron capture



Neutrino emission



$$T = 1.8 \pm 0.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.1_{\text{sys}} \times 10^{22} \text{ yr}$$

No rejection significance: 4.4σ

→ about one trillion times the age of the Universe

→ longest half-life ever measured directly

Nature 568 (2019) 7753, 532-535

Search for New Physics with ER Events

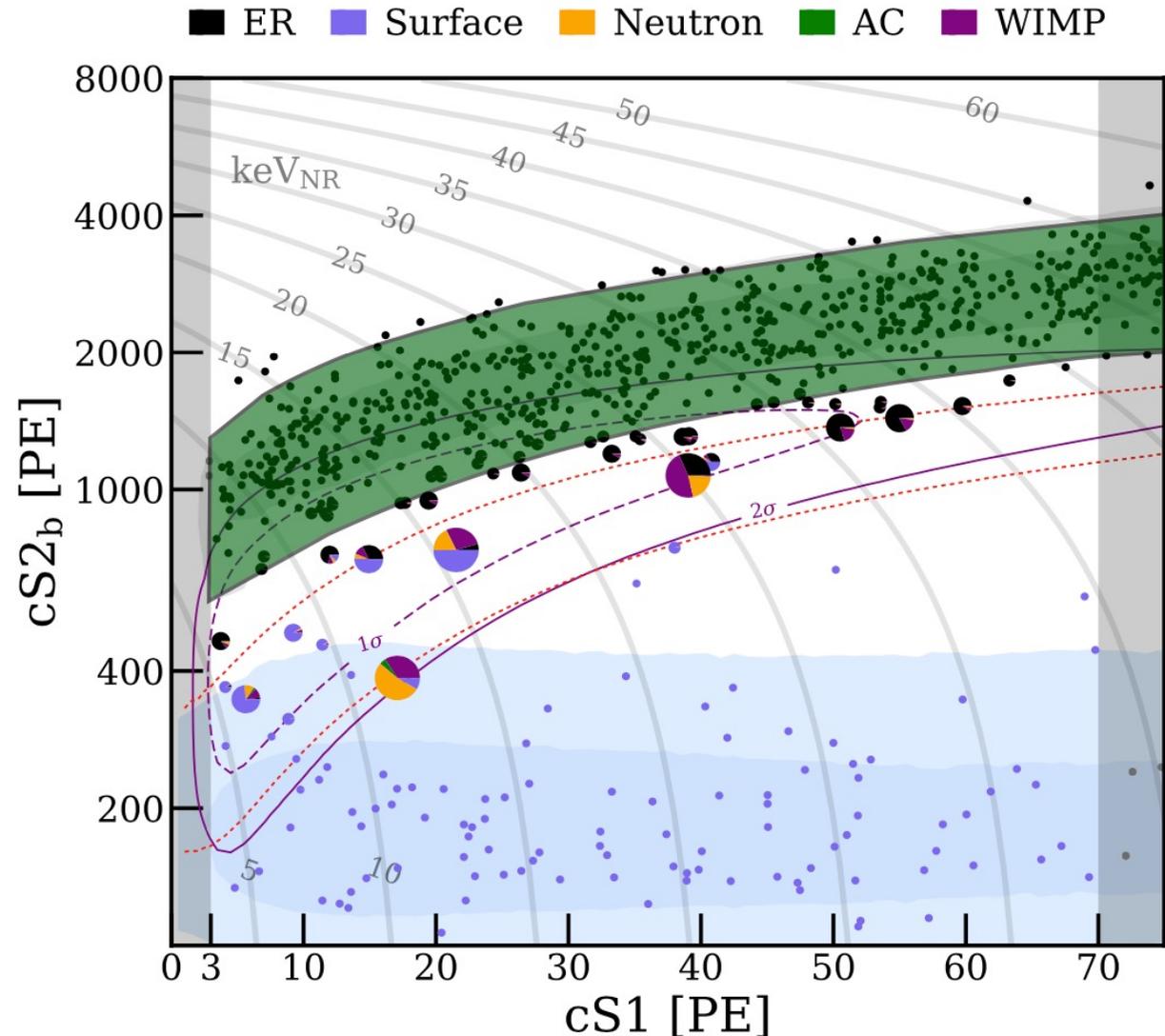
[Phys. Rev. D 102, 072004](#)

Large exposure:
0.65 tonne-years

Unprecedented low
background:
 76 ± 2 events/t/yr/keV

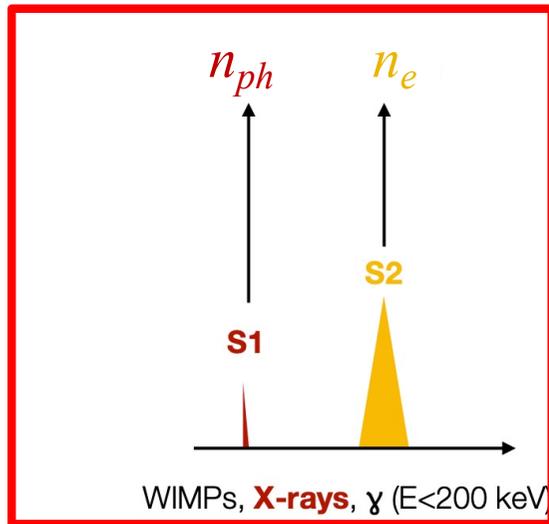
Low threshold:
1 keV_{ee}

→ excess events!?



Energy Reconstruction and Resolution

Combine light and charge

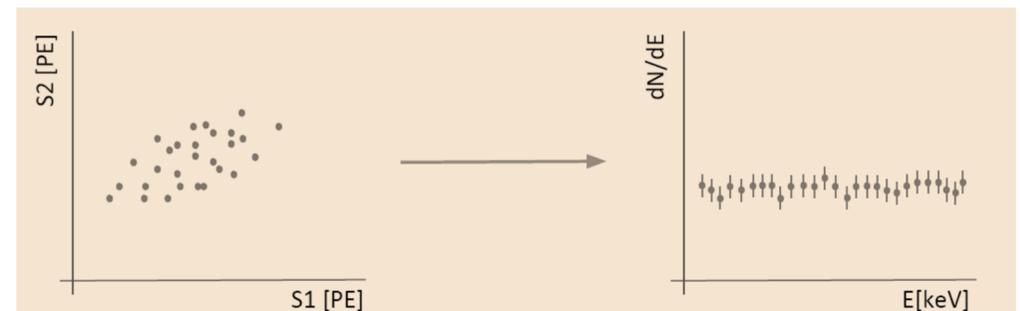
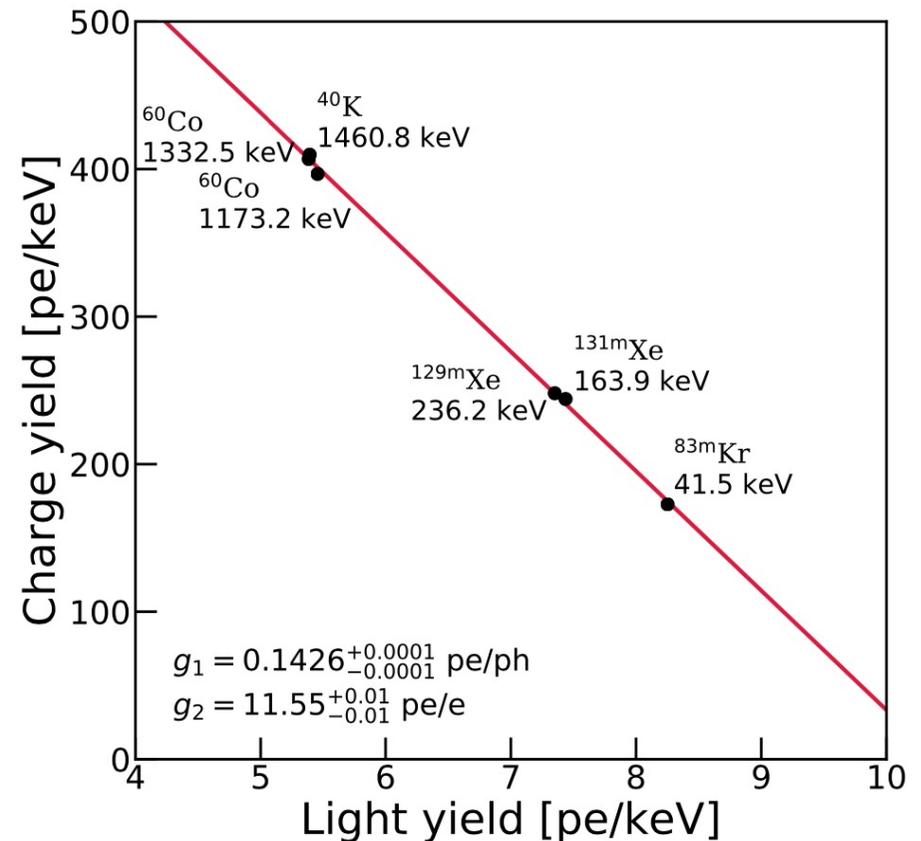


$$E = W \cdot (n_{ph} + n_e)$$

$$= W \cdot \left(\frac{S1}{g_1} + \frac{S2}{g_2} \right)$$

→ detector constants g_1 and g_2

- Anti-correlation between light and charge
→ checked with calibration sources
- Energy resolution < 5 % at 50 keV

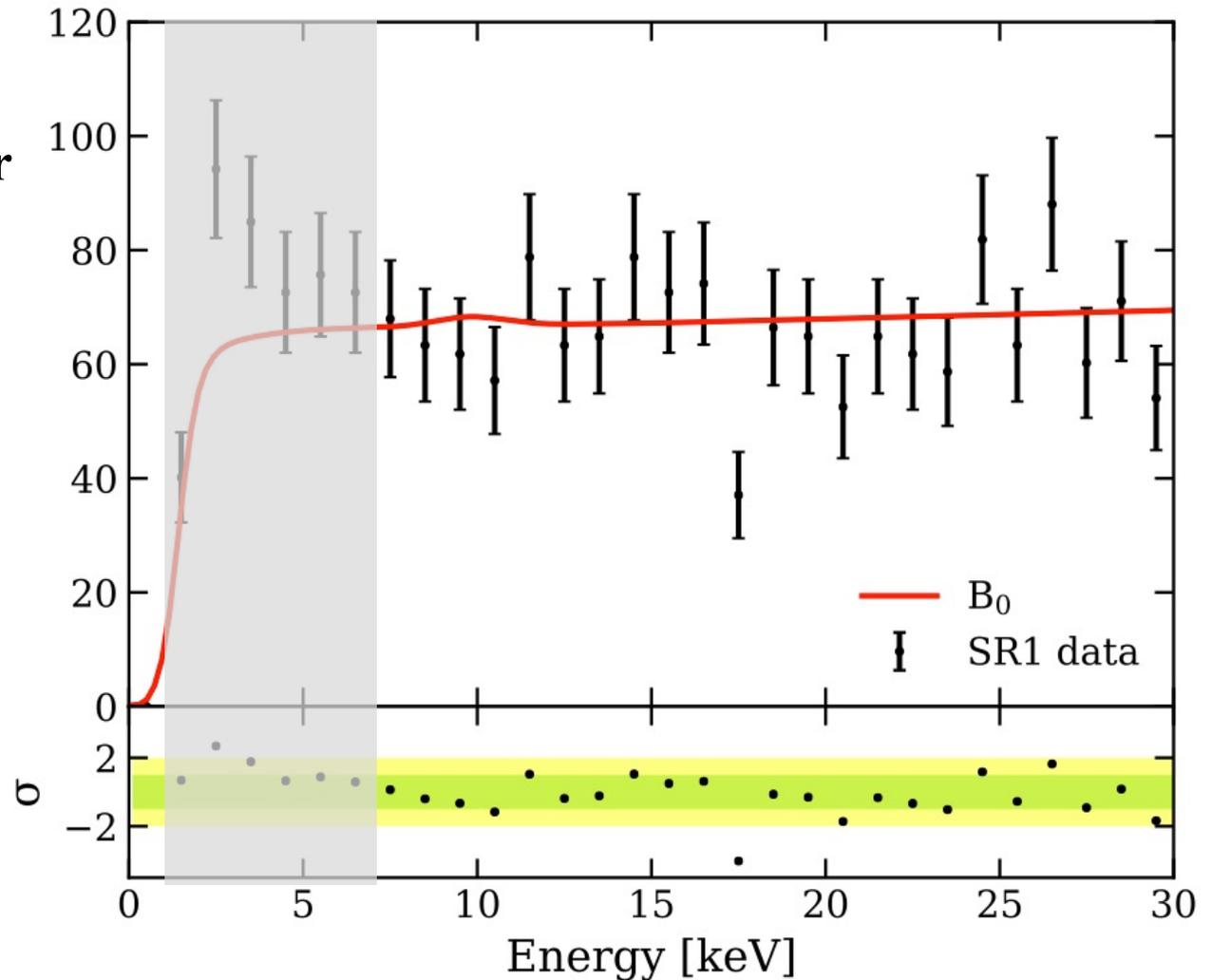


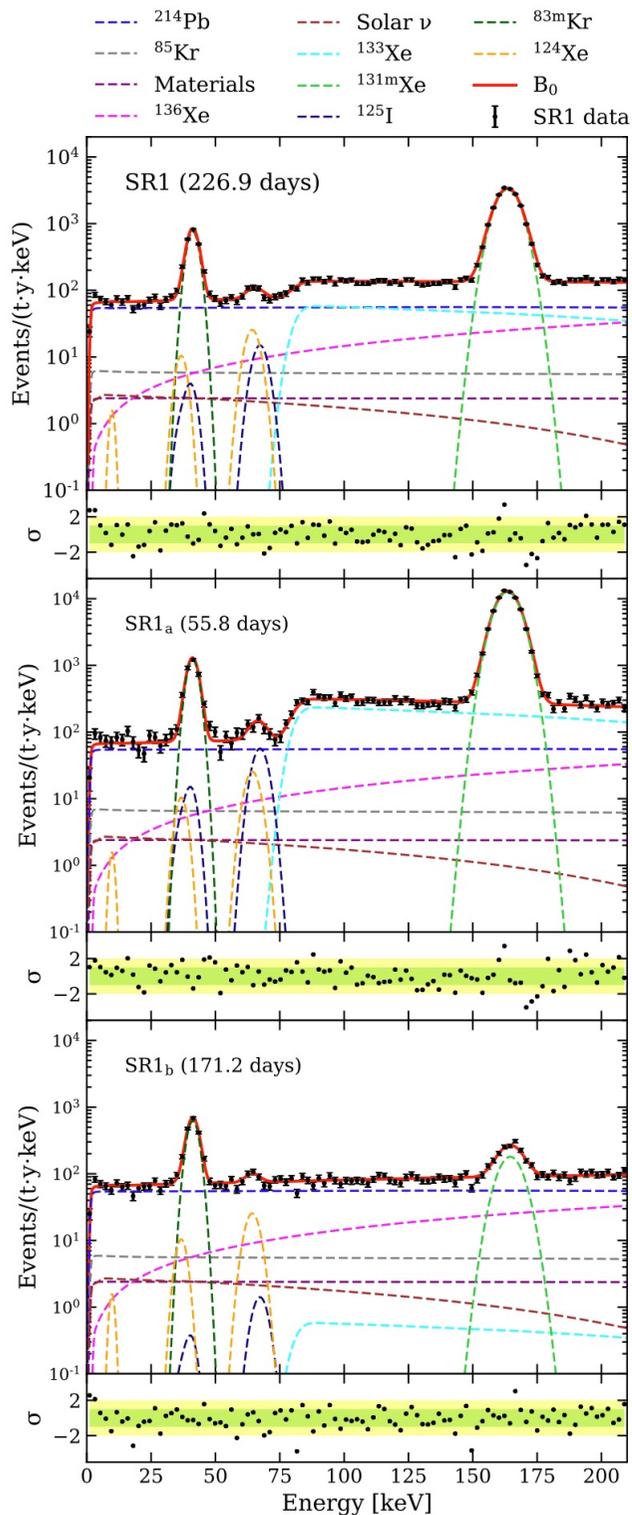
The Result

- Exposure: 0.65 t*y
- Single scatter events within [1,210] keV_{ee}
- Nice agreement at higher recoil energies

→ Excess between 1-7 keV:
285 events observed
(232 ± 15) expected from best-fit

Explanation #1:
3.5σ fluctuation





- Good fit observed over most of the energy range
- Consistent with expectations
- Unbinned maximum likelihood fit profiling over nuisance parameters:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}(\mu_s, \mu_b, \theta) &= \text{Pois}(N | \mu_{tot}) \\
 &\times \prod_i^N \left(\sum_j \frac{\mu_{b_j}}{\mu_{tot}} f_{b_j}(E_i, \theta) + \frac{\mu_s}{\mu_{tot}} f_s(E_i, \theta) \right) \\
 &\times \prod_m C_{\mu_m}(\mu_{b_m}) \times \prod_n C_{\theta_n}(\theta_n), \\
 \mu_{tot} &\equiv \sum_j \mu_{b_j} + \mu_s,
 \end{aligned}$$

→ (76 ± 2) events / (t*y*keV) in [1,30] keV window

Lowest bg rate ever achieved in this energy range

Explanation #2:

Some unexpected new background?

Explanation #3: New Physics

More than O(200) papers in a few months which explain the XENON1T result

- **A signal from where?**
 - **Sun:**
 - neutrinos (exist, but CEvNS too small \leftrightarrow neutrino floor)
 - \rightarrow some non-standard ν interaction with electrons
 - axions or ALPS produced in the sun \leftrightarrow other axion bounds?
 - **DM density/flow**
 - some new particle
 - \rightarrow not WIMPs
 - \rightarrow light and not hot DM? A new light boson?
 - **Diffuse background of invisible particles**
 - \leftrightarrow consistency with other searches/limits
- \rightarrow mostly 3 main directions:
Axions (non-standard), large neutrino magnetic moment, light (dark) bosons

Summary of the current Situation

Excess between 1-7 keV:

285 events observed
(232 ± 15) expected
from best-fit

Interpretations :

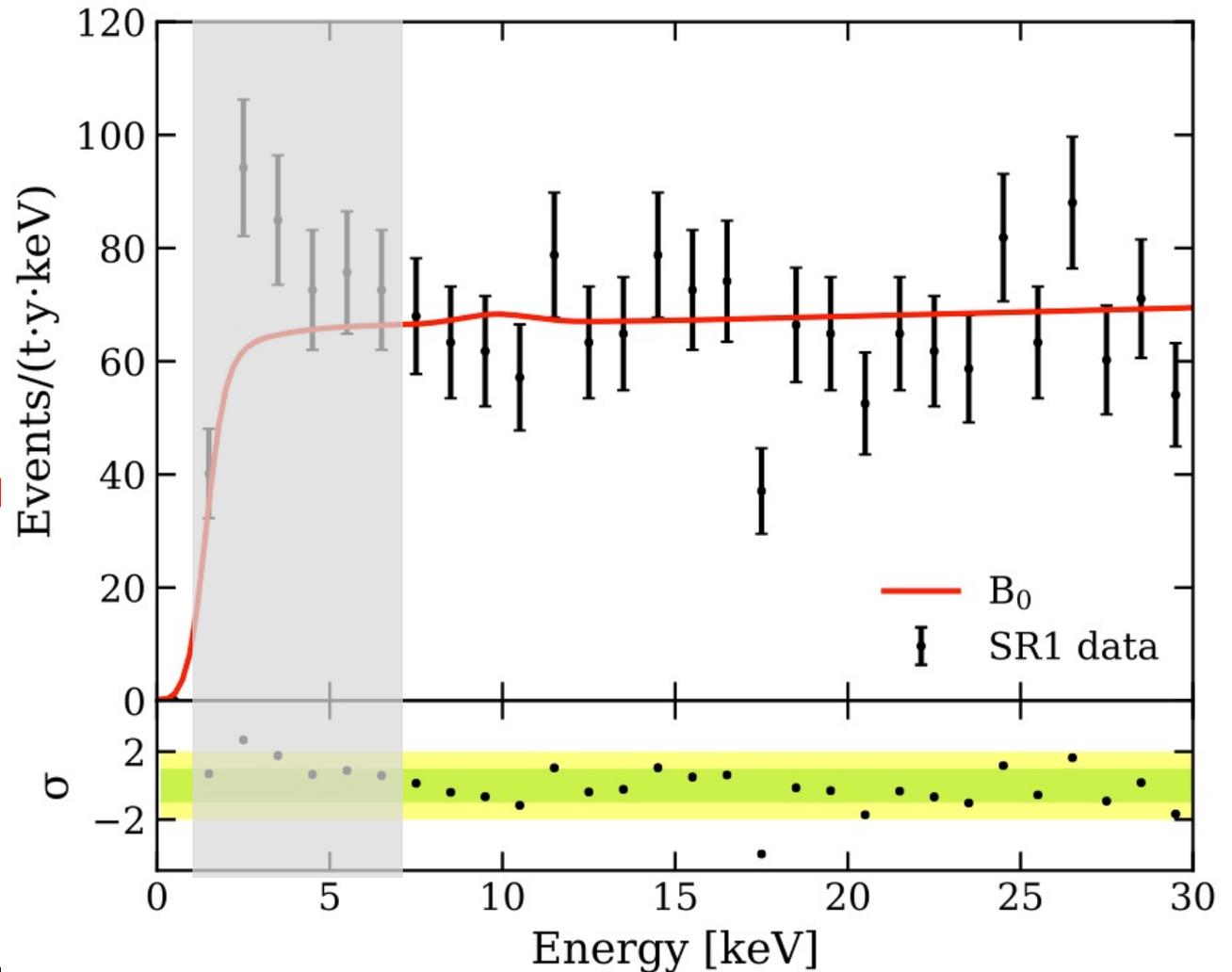
a) A fluctuation

b) Some new background

- Tritium
- ^{37}Ar
- ...

c) New physics

- solar axions
- large ν magnetic mom
- bosonic DM, dark Z, ...



All $\sim 3\sigma \rightarrow$ Collect more data with XENONnT

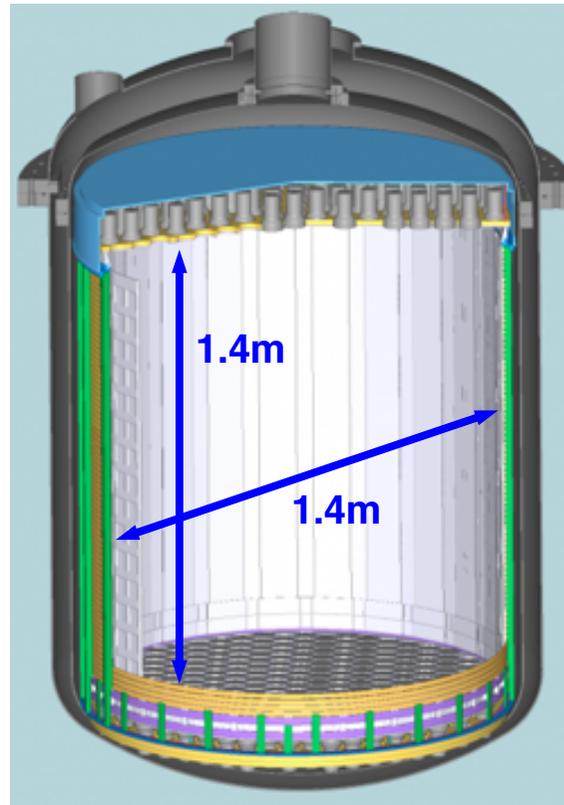
The XENONnT Upgrade

XENON1T



2012-2018
3.2t LXe
running

XENONnT



2019-2023
ca. 8t LXe
under preparation
goal @50GeV: $1.6 \cdot 10^{-48} \text{ cm}^2$

being prepared while XENON1T runs → switching gears
XENONnT assembled and started during COVID times!

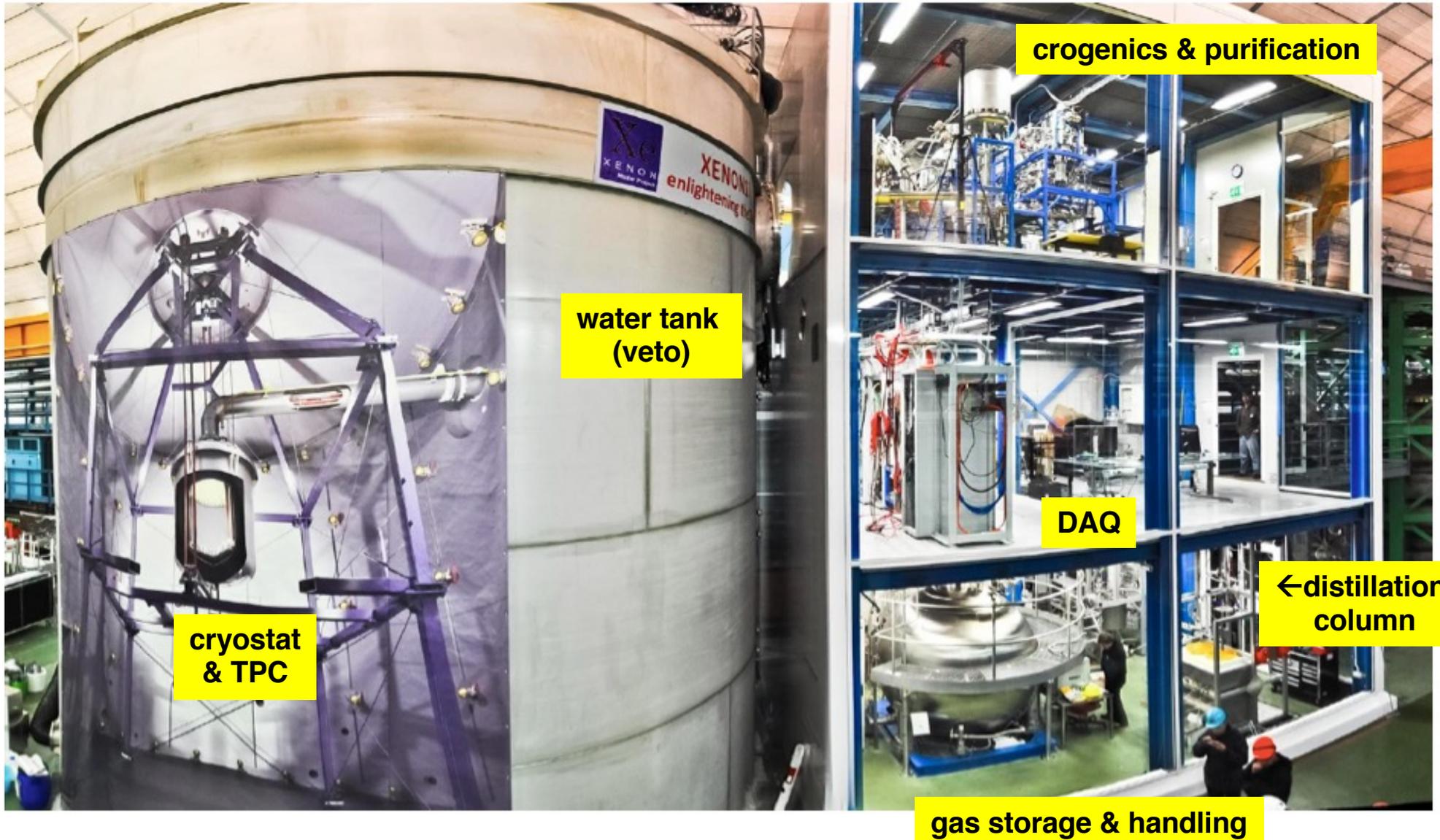
Existed/operational/tested:

muon veto
cryostat support
outer cryostat
in-LXe cabling
LXe storage system (Restox)
cryogenic system
purification system
Kr removal
DAQ & 95% electronics
slow control system
calibration system
> 8t of Xenon gas & 260 PMTs
screening facilities

Added:

230 more PMTs ordered
→ being delivered & tested
new materials
TPC & inner cryostat design
n-veto
 γ and Rn screening
Rn reduction system
improved purification
2nd Restox & more Xenon gas

XENON1T → XENON_nT



Conclusions

- **The WIMP search will continue**
 - XENONnT is getting ready...
- **Direct detection will make good progress soon (XENONnT, LZ, ...)**
 - even better WIMP sensitivity
 - sensitivity to axions, neutrino physics (DEC, $0\nu\beta\beta$, solar ν 's, SN, coherent scattering,...)
 - low E_R excess may be statistics, background or new physics
 - ➔ more pronounced with more data from XENONnT?
 - ➔ annual modulation?
 - ➔ ...
- **Substantial impact even if nothing will be found**