

LHC Higgs Working Group WG3 (BSM) – Extended Higgs Sector subgroup meeting

Jul 6, 2021, 3:00 PM → Jul 7, 2021, 6:00 PM Europe/Zurich

CERN

Searches for a light pseudoscalar in L2HDM

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On behalf of Eung Jin Chun

Outline

- Limited parameter space for muon g-2 in L2HDM

$$\text{FNAL: } \Delta a_\mu = (251 \pm 59) \times 10^{-11}$$

Updated from 1409.3199, 1605.06298

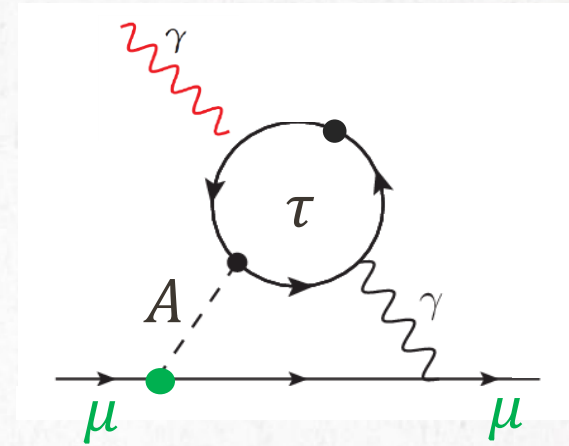
- LHC searches yet to be explored

$$pp \rightarrow H^\pm(H)A \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu(\tau^+ \tau^-) \tau^+ \tau^- \quad 1507.08067$$

$$pp \rightarrow h \rightarrow A(\tau\tau)A(\mu\mu) \quad 1707.07928$$

$$pp \rightarrow H^\pm(H)A \rightarrow W^\pm(Z)A(\tau\tau)A(\mu\mu) \quad 1807.05379$$

$$pp \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- A(\tau\tau) \quad ??$$



Leptophilic 2HDM

- 2HDM of type-X:

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = y_u \bar{q}_L \Phi_2^* u_R + y_d \bar{q}_L \Phi_2 d_R + y_l \bar{l}_L \Phi_1 e_R + h.c.$$

- 2HDM Higgs bosons: $h(125), H, H^\pm, A$

- In the alignment limit: $\sin(\beta - \alpha) \rightarrow 1; \cos(\beta - \alpha) \rightarrow 0, \text{ or } 2/t_\beta$

$$\begin{cases} \Phi_2 \rightarrow s_\beta(v + h) - c_\beta H - i c_\beta A \\ \Phi_1 \rightarrow c_\beta(v + h) + s_\beta H + i s_\beta A \end{cases}$$

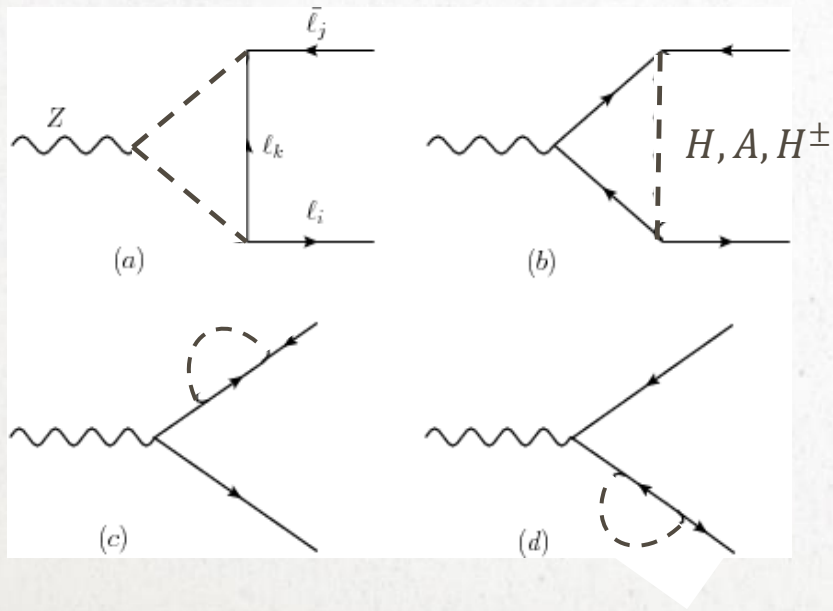
$$\mathcal{L}_Y = \kappa_f \frac{m_f}{v} \bar{f} h f + \frac{m_q}{v} \frac{1}{t_\beta} \bar{q}(H \pm i\gamma_5 A)q + \frac{m_l}{v} t_\beta \bar{l}(H + i\gamma_5 A)l \rightarrow \text{Leptophilic at large } \tan\beta$$

- Muon g-2 favored (2σ): $m_H \approx m_{H^\pm} \gg m_A = (10 - 50)\text{GeV}, t_\beta = (35 - 70)$

Lepton Universality in $Z \rightarrow ll$

- One-loop corrections mediated by extra Higgs bosons.

Hollik, Kuehn, 1991



LEP EWWG, 0509008

$$\frac{\Gamma_{Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-}}{\Gamma_{Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-}} = 1.0009 \pm 0.0028,$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_{Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-}}{\Gamma_{Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-}} = 1.0019 \pm 0.0032,$$

with correlation +0.63

$$\delta_{\mu\mu} \simeq 0,$$

$$\delta_{\tau\tau} = \frac{2g_L^e \text{Re}(\delta g_L^{2\text{HDM}}) + 2g_R^e \text{Re}(\delta g_R^{2\text{HDM}})}{g_L^{e2} + g_R^{e2}},$$

Constraining large $\tan\beta$

and big hierarchy:

$$m_A \ll m_H \approx m_{H^\pm} \text{ and } m_\phi \gg m_Z$$

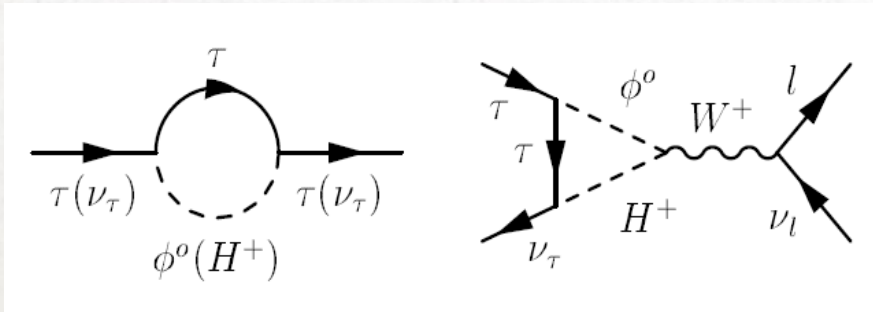
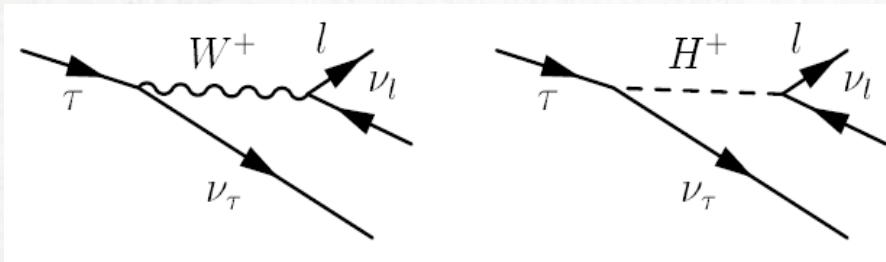
Lepton Universality in τ/μ Decays

- Tree-level contribution from H^\pm .
- One-loop corrections mediated by A, H, H^\pm .

HFAG, 1612.07233

$$\frac{\tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu}{\mu \rightarrow e\nu\nu}, \frac{\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu}{\mu \rightarrow e\nu\nu}, \frac{\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu}{\tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu} \quad \frac{(\tau \rightarrow \nu\pi/K)}{(\pi/K \rightarrow \mu\nu)}$$

Krawczyk, Temes, 0410248



$$\left(\frac{g_\tau}{g_\mu}\right) = 1.0011 \pm 0.0015$$

$$\left(\frac{g_\tau}{g_e}\right) = 1.0029 \pm 0.0015$$

$$\left(\frac{g_\mu}{g_e}\right) = 1.0018 \pm 0.0014$$

$$\left(\frac{g_\tau}{g_\mu}\right)_\pi = 0.9963 \pm 0.0027$$

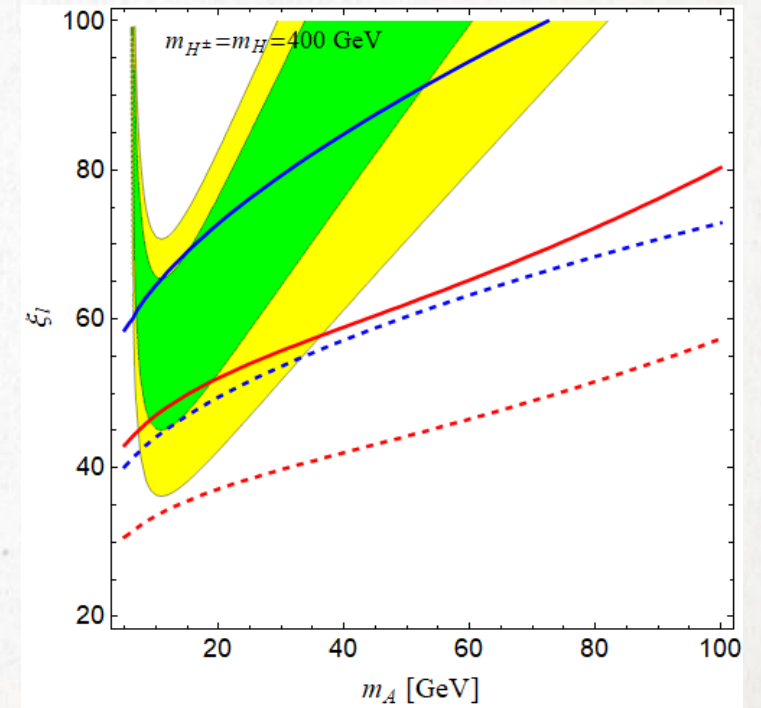
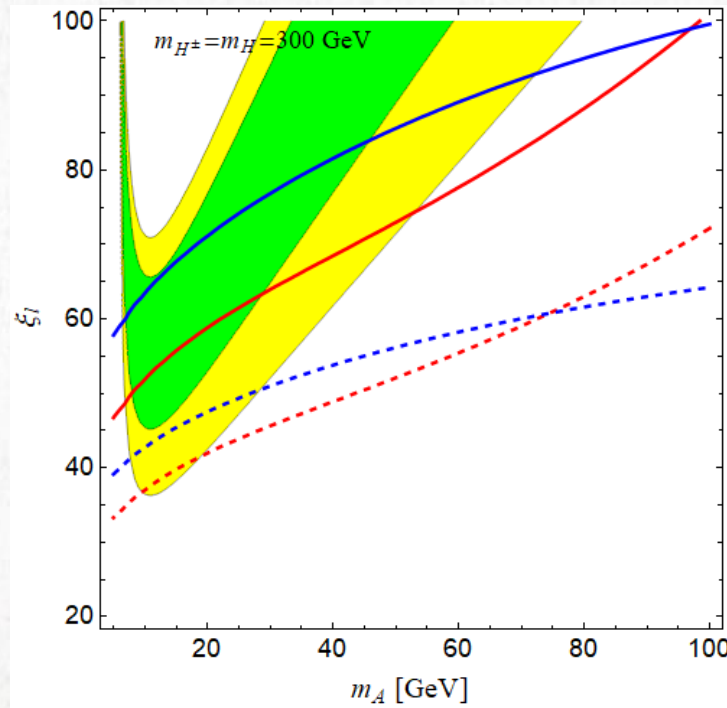
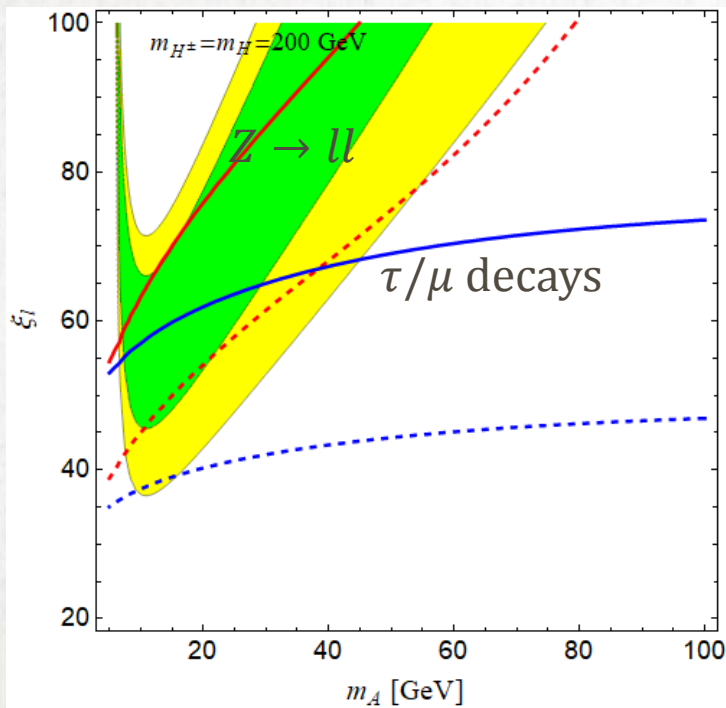
$$\left(\frac{g_\tau}{g_\mu}\right)_K = 0.9858 \pm 0.0071$$

$$\delta_{\text{tree}} = \frac{m_\tau^2 m_\mu^2}{8m_{H^\pm}^4} t_\beta^4 - \frac{m_\mu^2}{m_{H^\pm}^2} t_\beta^2 \frac{g(m_\mu^2/m_\tau^2)}{f(m_\mu^2/m_\tau^2)}$$

$$\delta_{\text{loop}} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \frac{m_\tau^2}{v^2} t_\beta^2 \left[1 + \frac{1}{4} (H(x_A) + s_{\beta-\alpha}^2 H(x_H) + c_{\beta-\alpha}^2 H(x_h)) \right]$$

Muon g-2 in L2HDM

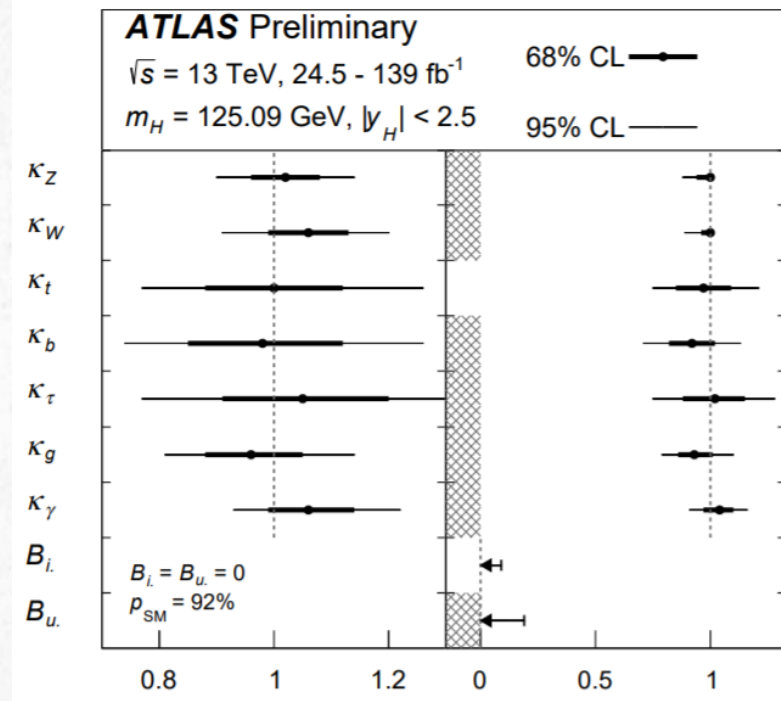
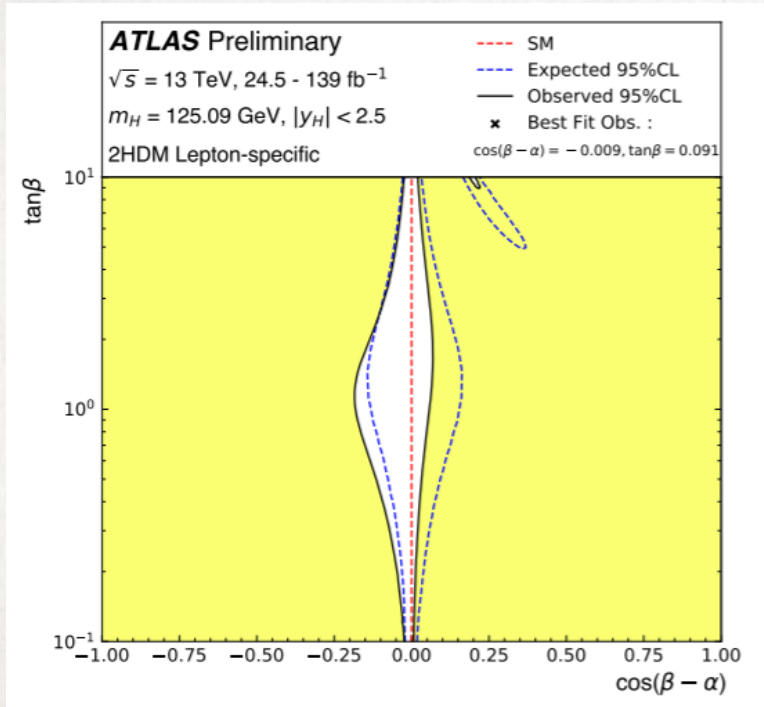
FNAL: $\Delta a_\mu = (251 \pm 59) \times 10^{-11}$



(*) $m_A \gtrsim 10 \text{ GeV}$ for $B(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu)$

EJC, Jinsu Kim, JHEP 07 (2016) 110

Higgs precision at LHC



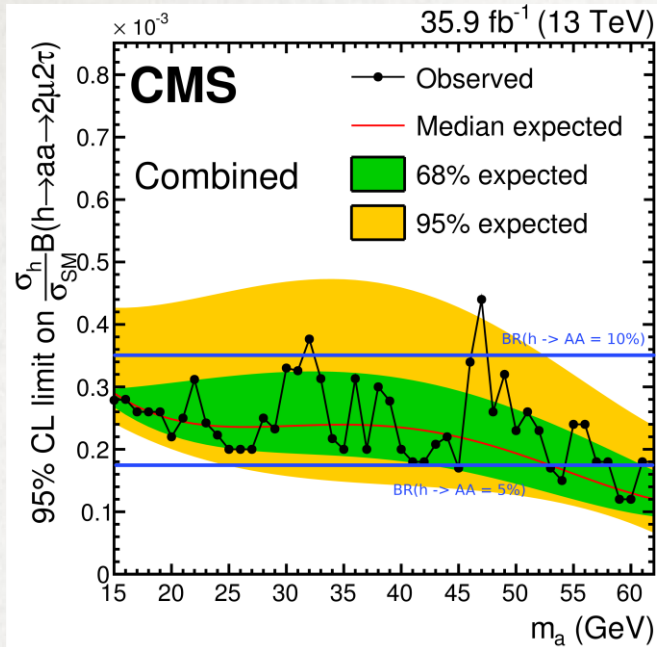
$$c_{\beta-\alpha} \rightarrow 0; \text{ or } \frac{2}{t_\beta}$$

$$\kappa_q = +\frac{c_\alpha}{s_\beta} = s_{\beta-\alpha} + \frac{c_{\beta-\alpha}}{t_\beta} \rightarrow 1$$

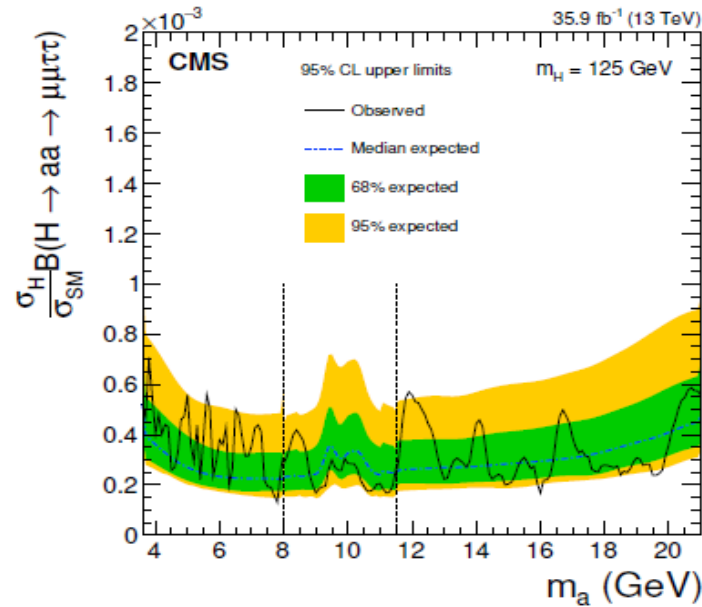
$$\kappa_l = -\frac{s_\alpha}{c_\beta} = s_{\beta-\alpha} - c_{\beta-\alpha}t_\beta \rightarrow \pm 1$$

ATLAS-CONF-2020-027

LHC Search: $pp \rightarrow h \rightarrow AA \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$



CMS 1805.04865



CMS 2005.08694

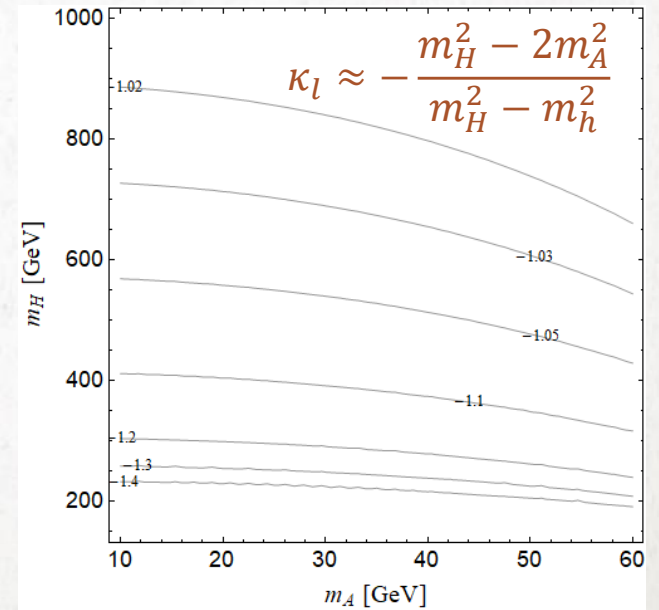
$$B(h \rightarrow AA \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau) = 0.35\% B(h \rightarrow AA)$$

$$B(h \rightarrow AA) = 6\% \left(\frac{g_{hAA}}{0.007v} \right)^2 \sqrt{1 - 4 \frac{m_A^2}{m_h^2}}$$

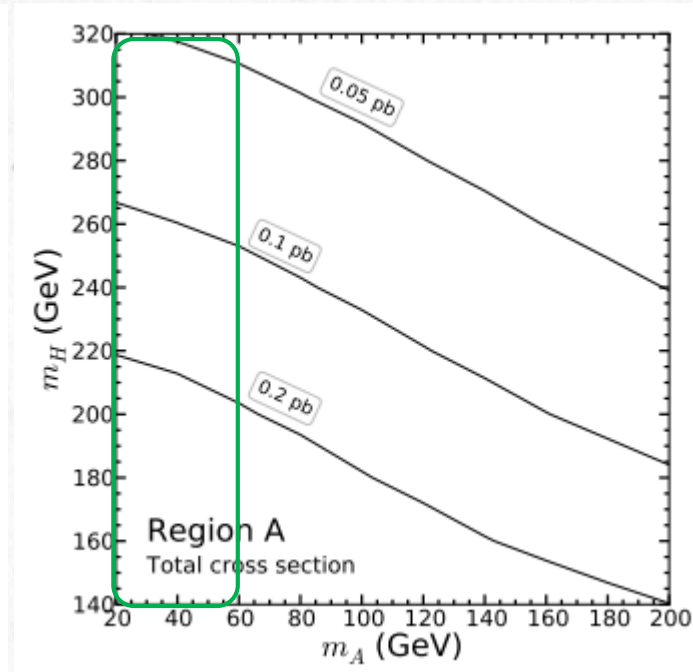
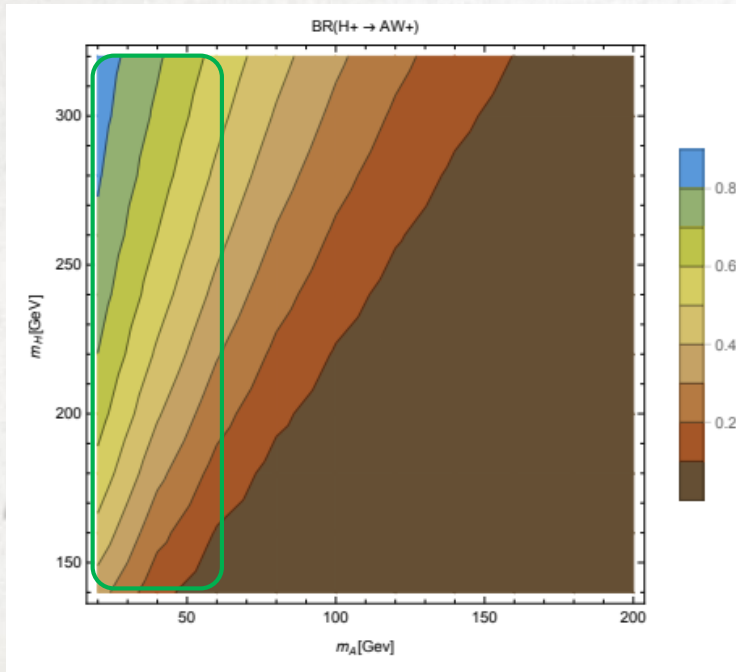
$$\frac{g_{hAA}}{v} = \lambda_3 + \lambda_4 - \lambda_5 + O\left(\frac{1}{t_\beta^2}\right)$$

$$\approx -(1 + \kappa_l)m_H^2 + \kappa_l m_h^2 + 2m_A^2$$

$$\frac{g_{hAA}}{v} \approx 0 \Rightarrow$$



LHC Search: $pp \rightarrow AH, AH^\pm \rightarrow 4\tau, 3\tau$



	point A	point B	point D
m_A [GeV]	20	40	40
m_H [GeV]	200	200	260
total σ_{gen} [fb]	270.980	241.830	100.430
$n_\ell \geq 3$	6.606	16.681	7.110
$n_\tau \geq 3$	0.894	2.602	0.888
$E_T > 100$ GeV	0.201	0.547	0.209
$n_b = n_j = 0$	0.098	0.314	0.121
S/B	0.1	0.5	0.2
$S/\sqrt{B}_{25\text{fb}^{-1}}$	0.6	1.9	0.7

$$H^\pm \rightarrow A W^\pm, \tau\nu$$

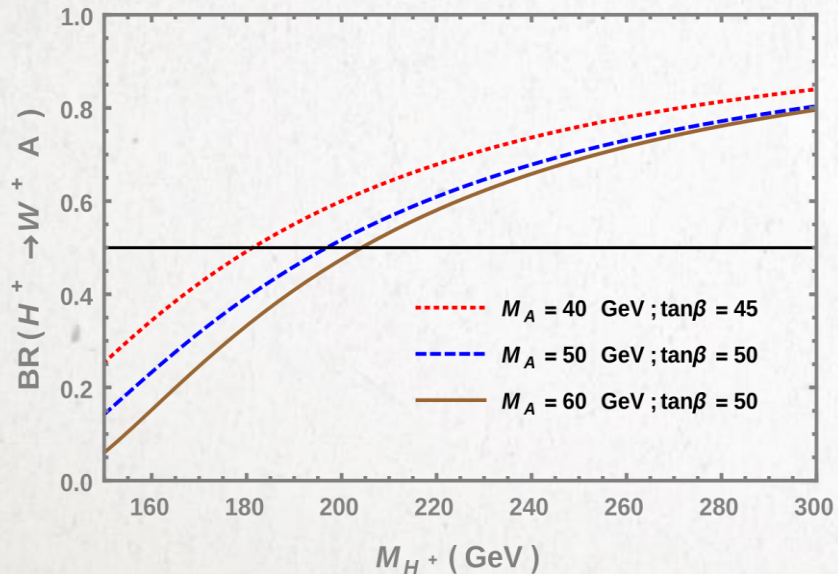
$$H \rightarrow A Z, \tau\tau$$

EJC, Z. Kang, M. Takeuchi, Y-L S. Tsai, 1507.08067

LHC Search: $pp \rightarrow AH/AH^\pm \rightarrow A(\mu\mu)A(\tau\tau)Z/W^\pm$

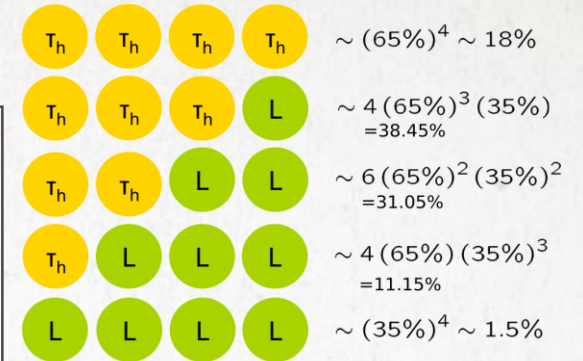
$$\Gamma(H^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm A) \sim \frac{m_{H^\pm}}{16\pi} \left(\frac{m_{H^\pm}}{v}\right)^2$$

$$\Gamma(H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau) \sim \frac{m_{H^\pm}}{16\pi} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}m_\tau}{v} \tan\beta\right)^2$$



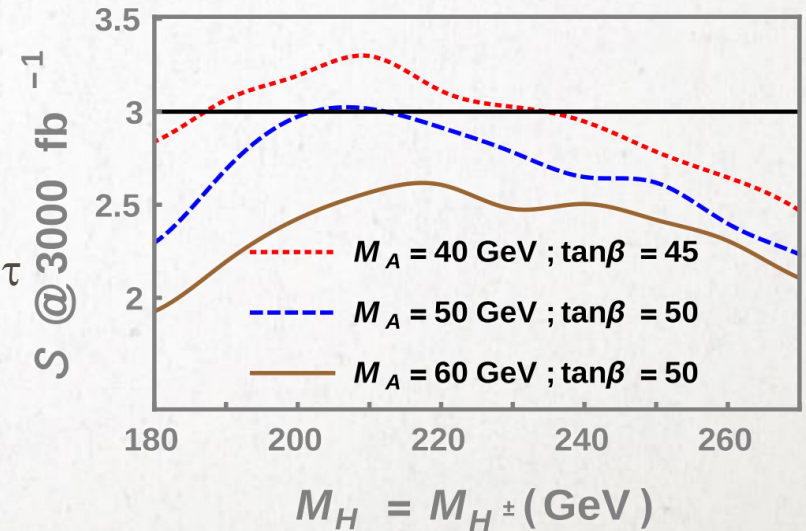
Possible Signatures

- $pp > H^\pm A > (W^\pm A) A > 1L + 4\tau$
- $pp > HA > (ZA) A > 2L + 4\tau$

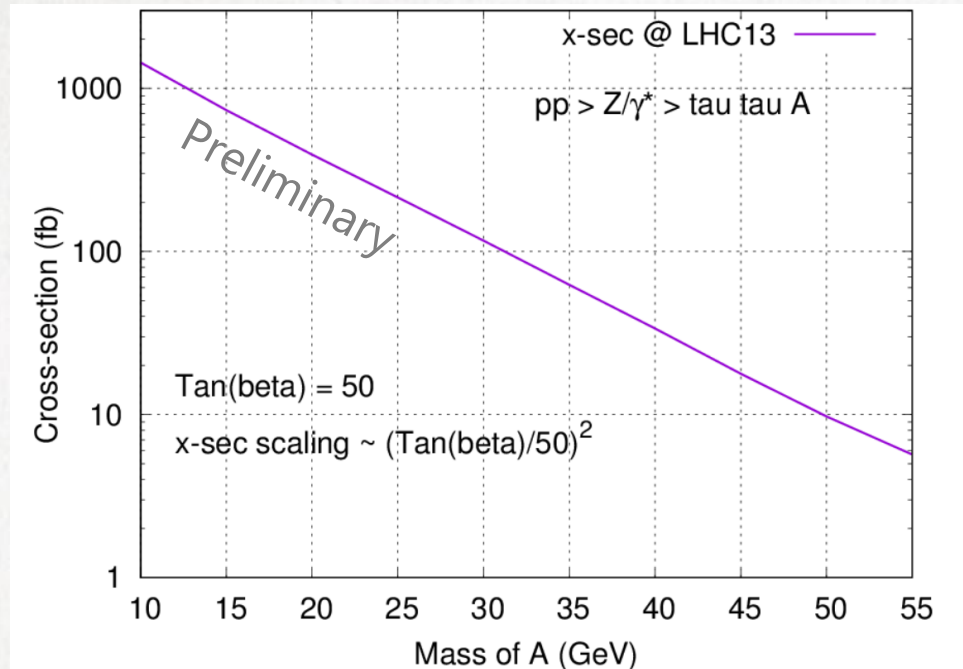


- Also: $Z/W > jj$ & $A > \mu\mu$**
- $pp > H^\pm A > (W^\pm A) A > jj \mu\mu + 2\tau$
 - $pp > HA > (ZA) A > jj \mu\mu + 2\tau$

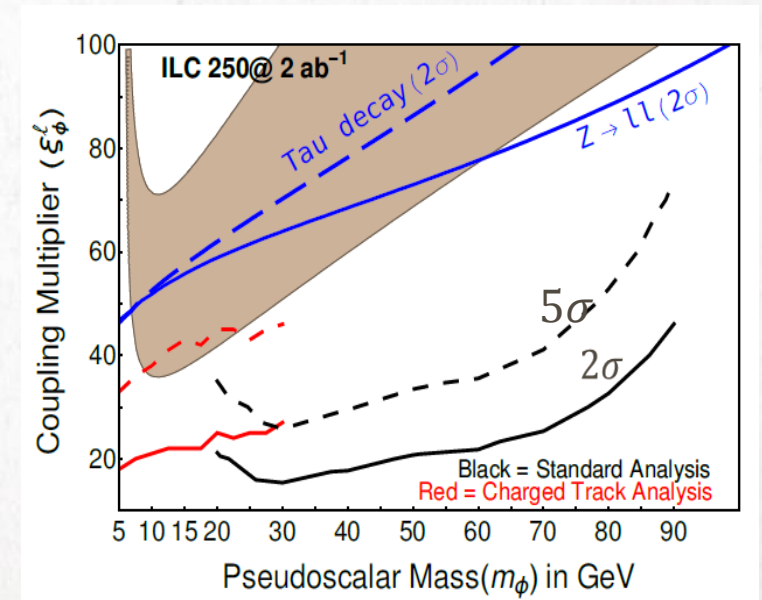
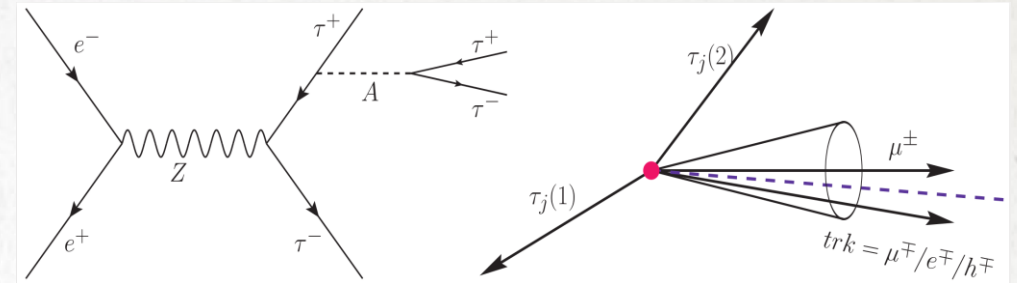
$$IM(jj \mu\mu) = m_{H^\pm}$$



LHC Search: $pp \rightarrow \tau\tau A(\tau\tau)$?



(*) Lepton collider can cover all the region



EJC, T. Mondal, 1909.09515; 2104.03701

Summary

- The muon $g-2$ explanation in L2HDM requires $m_{H^\pm} \approx m_H \gg m_A = (10 - 50)\text{GeV}$, $\tan\beta = 35 - 70$.
- Precision determination of the (wrong-sign) tau-Yukawa coupling will provide an additional limit on the spectrum.
- Stay tuned for the current search $pp \rightarrow h \rightarrow AA(\mu\mu\tau\tau)$ depending on \mathcal{G}_{hAA} .
- Dedicated search for $pp \rightarrow AH^\pm, AH \rightarrow 3\tau, 4\tau$ & $3\tau, 4\tau + W/Z$
- A direct probe with $pp \rightarrow \tau\tau A(\tau\tau)$ should be studied carefully.

BACP UP

2HDM

	ξ_h^u	ξ_h^d	ξ_h^ℓ	ξ_H^u	ξ_H^d	ξ_H^ℓ	ξ_A^u	ξ_A^d	ξ_A^ℓ
Type-I	c_α/s_β	c_α/s_β	c_α/s_β	s_α/s_β	s_α/s_β	s_α/s_β	$\cot \beta$	$-\cot \beta$	$-\cot \beta$
Type-II	c_α/s_β	$-s_\alpha/c_\beta$	$-s_\alpha/c_\beta$	s_α/s_β	c_α/c_β	c_α/c_β	$\cot \beta$	$\tan \beta$	$\tan \beta$
Type-X	c_α/s_β	c_α/s_β	$-s_\alpha/c_\beta$	s_α/s_β	s_α/s_β	c_α/c_β	$\cot \beta$	$-\cot \beta$	$\tan \beta$
Type-Y	c_α/s_β	$-s_\alpha/c_\beta$	c_α/s_β	s_α/s_β	c_α/c_β	s_α/s_β	$\cot \beta$	$\tan \beta$	$-\cot \beta$

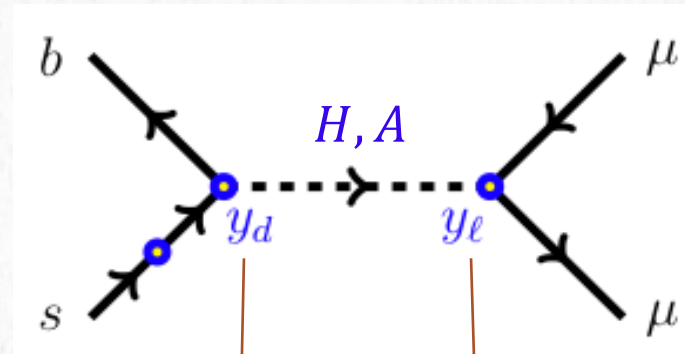
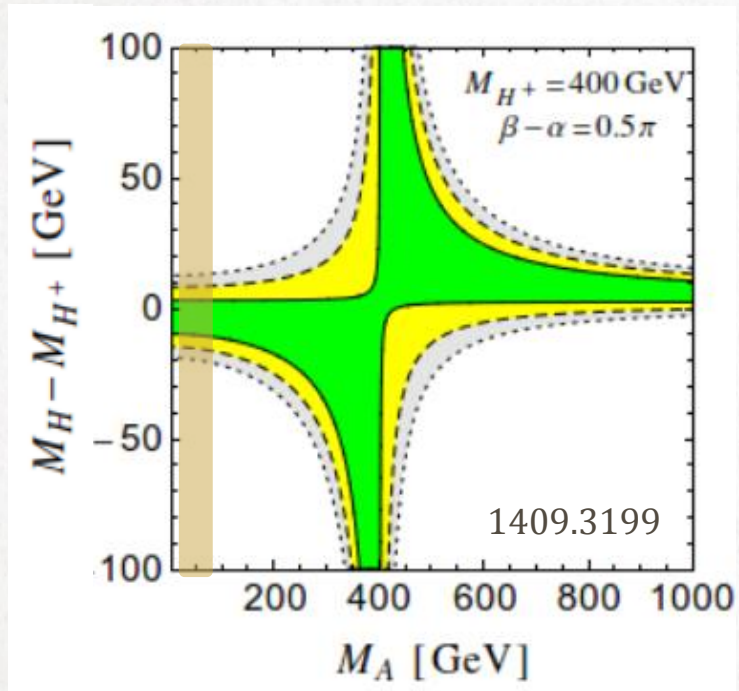
Tau decay in 2HDM

$$\delta_{\text{tree}} = \frac{m_\tau^2 m_\mu^2}{8m_{H^\pm}^4} t_\beta^4 - \frac{m_\mu^2}{m_{H^\pm}^2} t_\beta^2 \frac{g(m_\mu^2/m_\tau^2)}{f(m_\mu^2/m_\tau^2)},$$

$$\delta_{\text{loop}} = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \frac{m_\tau^2}{v^2} t_\beta^2 \left[1 + \frac{1}{4} \left(H(x_A) + s_{\beta-\alpha}^2 H(x_H) + c_{\beta-\alpha}^2 H(x_h) \right) \right],$$

where $f(x) \equiv 1 - 8x + 8x^3 - x^4 - 12x^2 \ln(x)$, $g(x) \equiv 1 + 9x - 9x^2 - x^3 + 6x(1+x) \ln(x)$ and $H(x_\phi) \equiv \ln(x_\phi)(1+x_\phi)/(1-x_\phi)$ with $x_\phi = m_\phi^2/m_{H^\pm}^2$.

EWPT and $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$



$$1/t_\beta$$

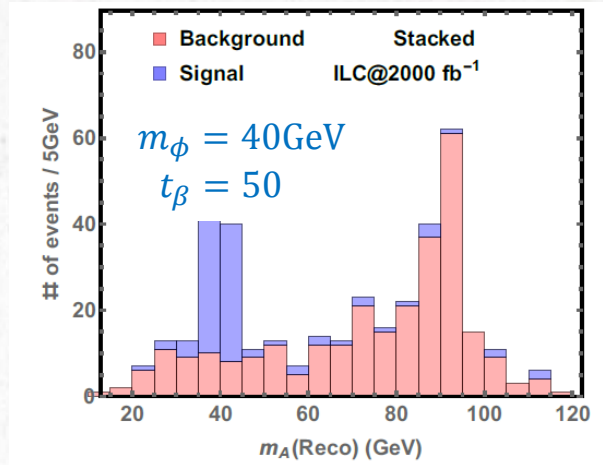
$$t_\beta$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{m_A^2} \Rightarrow m_A \gtrsim 10 \text{ GeV}$$

ILC Study

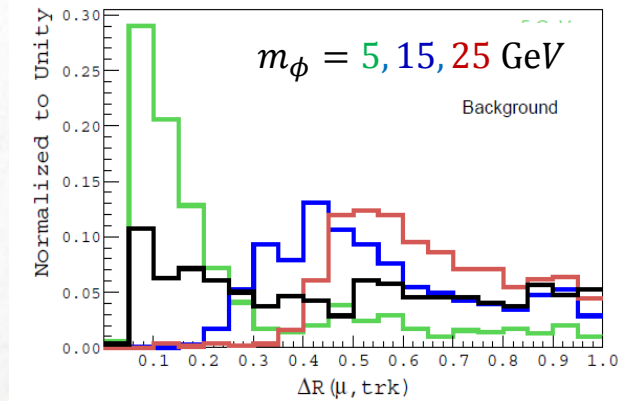
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-\phi \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-(\tau^+\tau^-)$

1909.09515



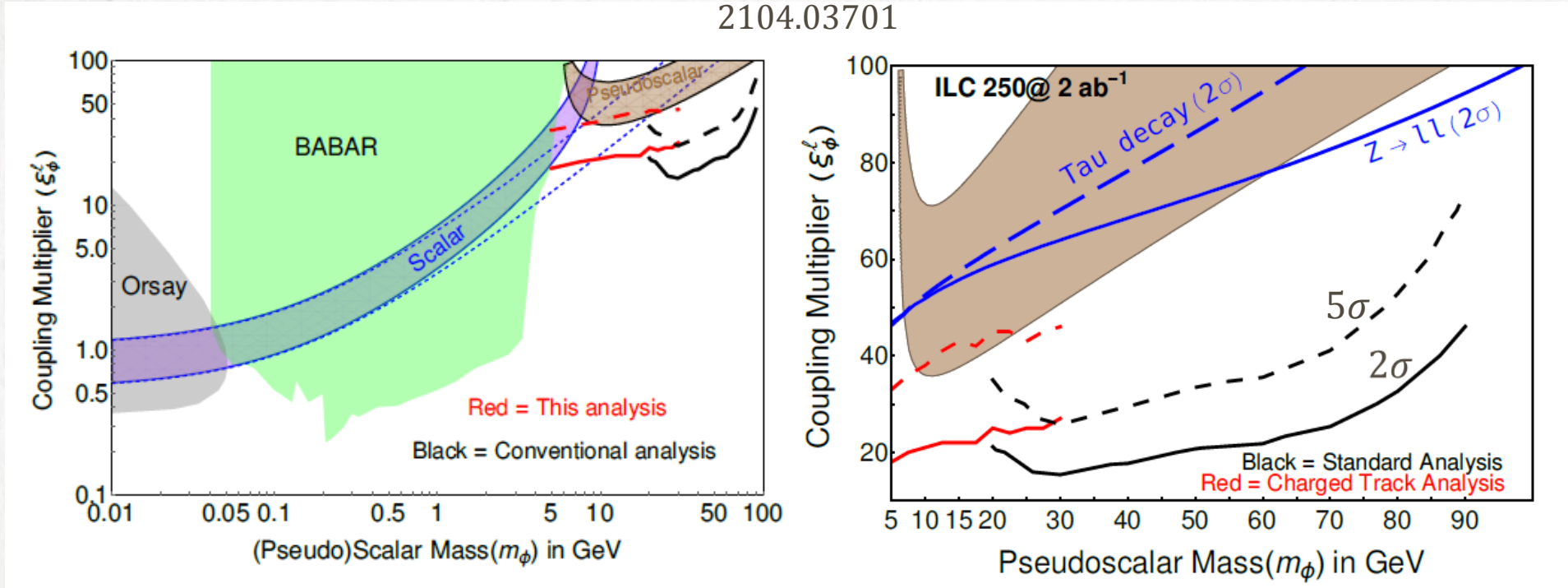
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-\phi(\tau\tau)$ 2104.03701

$$\phi(\tau\tau) = \mu^\pm + \text{trk}^\mp (\mu^\mp / e^\mp / h^\mp)$$



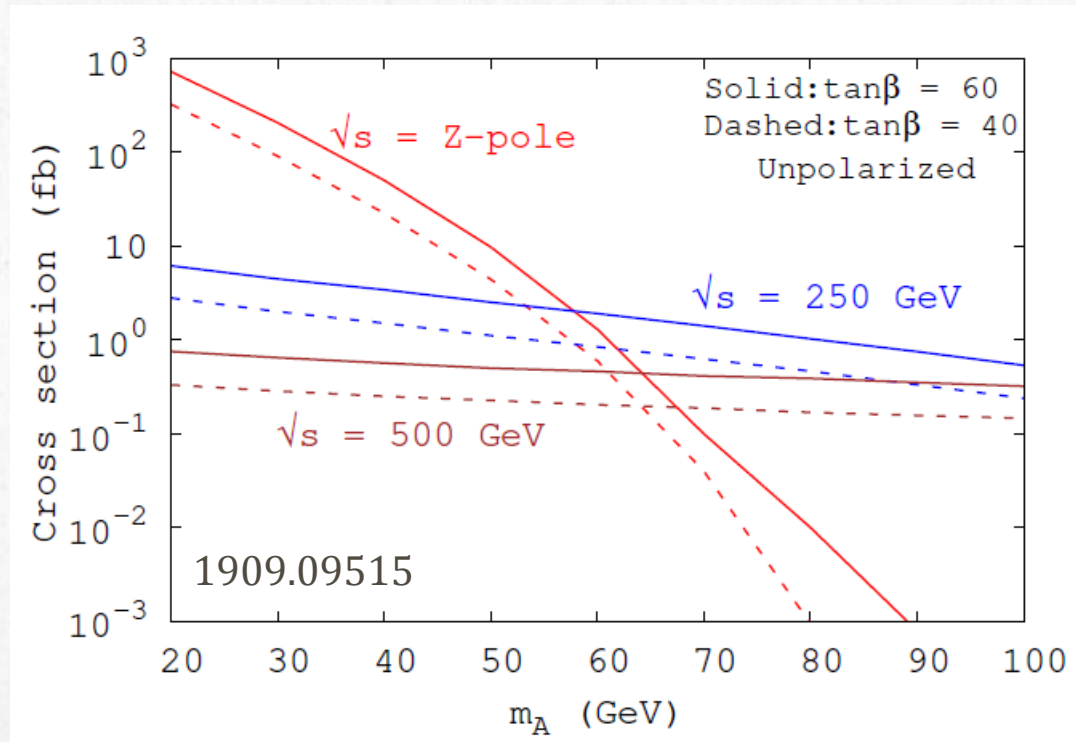
ILC Reach

2104.03701



Yukawa production at ILC

$$y_\tau \phi \bar{\tau} \tau \text{ where } y_\tau = \frac{m_\tau}{v} \xi_l \quad (\xi_l = \tan\beta \sin\theta)$$

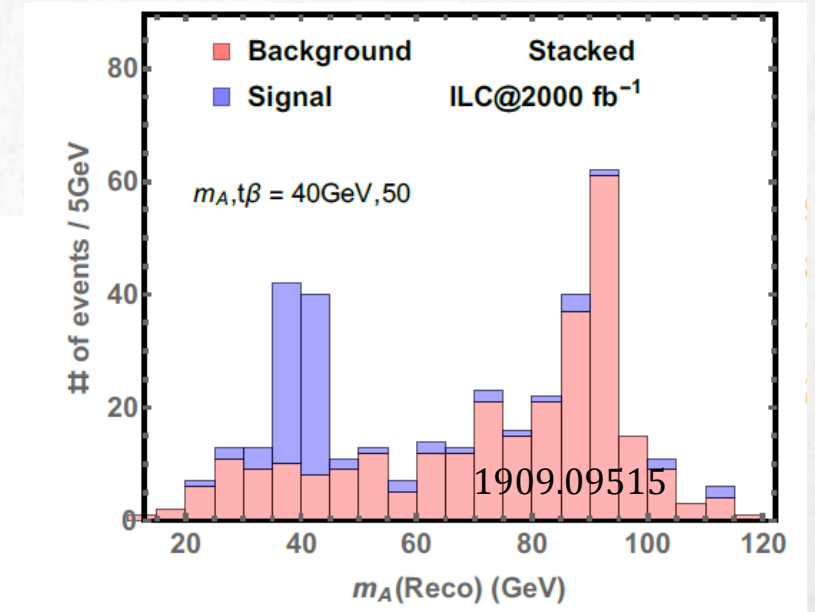


ILC search (I)

- Signal: $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^*(\gamma^*) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \phi(\tau^+\tau^-)$
- Background: $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\tau, 2\tau 2j$
- Events: $4\tau = 3j_\tau + X(j_\tau/j/l_\tau)$ with $E > 20$ GeV
- Mass reconstruction: $m(j_{\tau 1}j_{\tau 2})$ from $E_{j_{\tau 1}} < E_{j_{\tau 2}} < E_{j_{\tau 3}}$

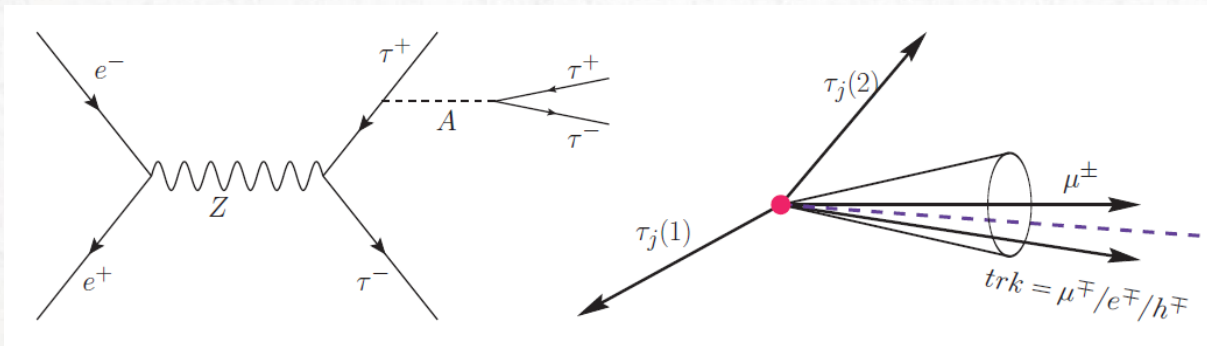
Pre-selection cut : Energy > 20 GeV. $ \eta < 2.3$				
$\mathcal{L} = 2000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	Signal	Background		Significance
		4τ	$2\tau 2j$	
Pre-selection cut	106 [100%]	242 [100%]	98[100%]	5.5
Collinear approx $0 < z_i < 1.1$	91 [86.0%]	217[89.7%]	69[70.4%]	5.1
$m_A \pm 10\text{GeV}$	66 [62.3%]	32 [14.9%]	10[10.2%]	8.5

Table 2. Cut flow for $m_A = 40$ GeV and $\tan \beta = 50$ with integrated luminosity of 2000 fb^{-1} .

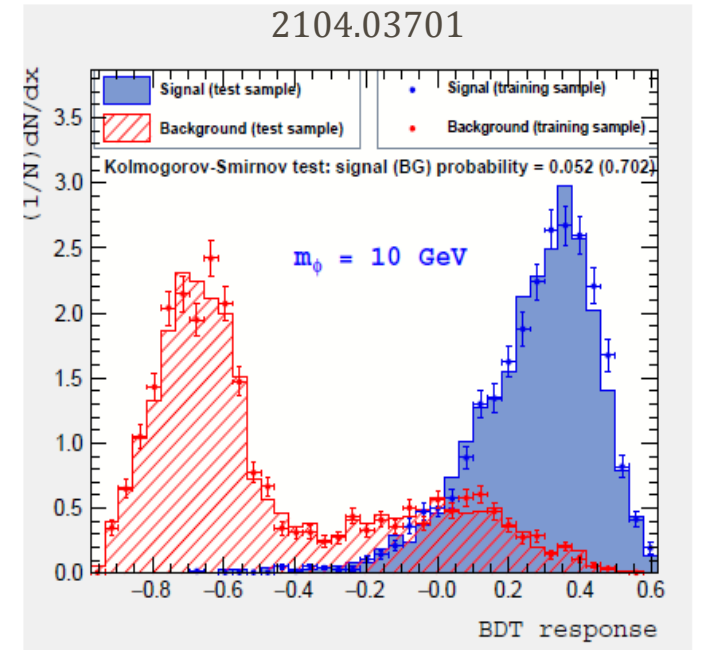


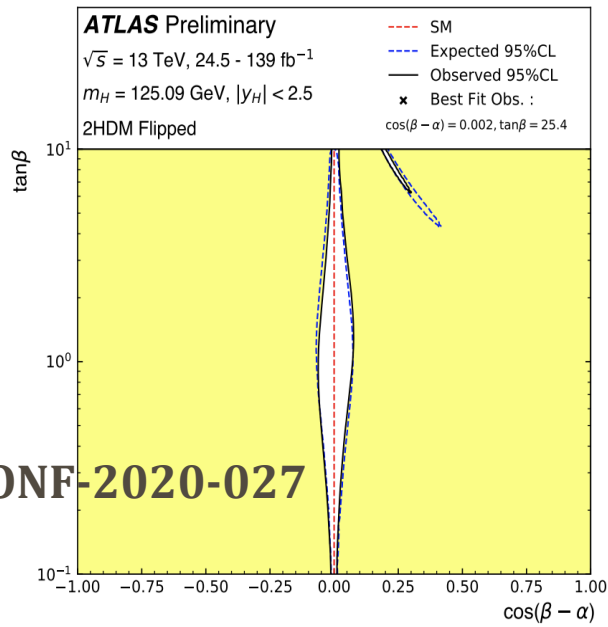
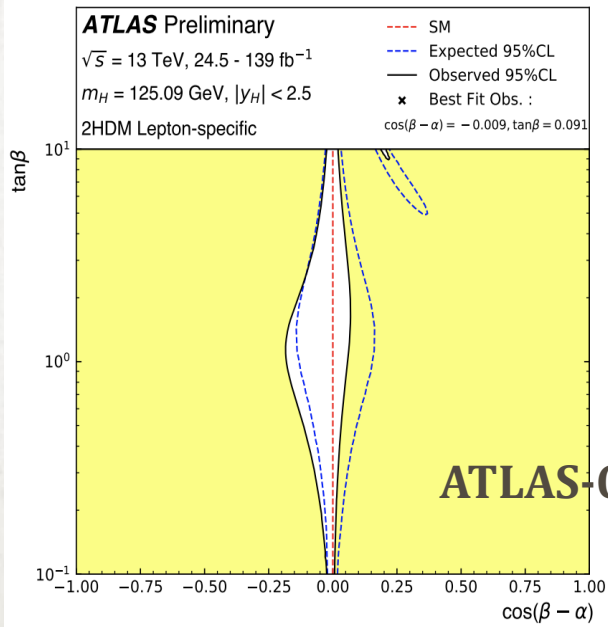
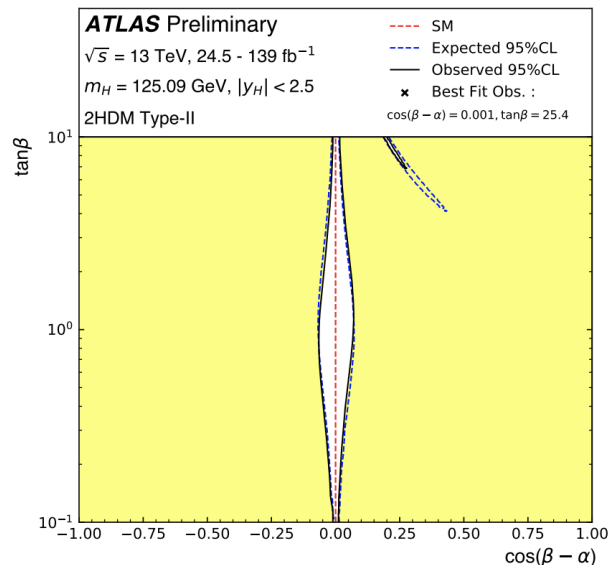
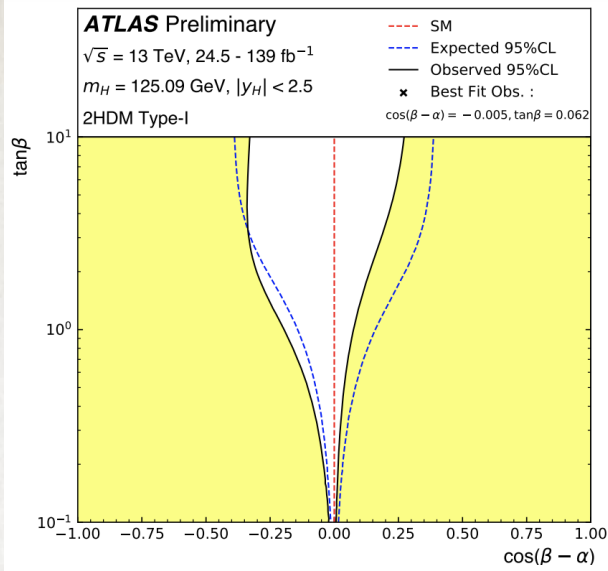
ILC search (II)

- Can we go down to see a lighter particle?
- $\phi(\tau\tau)$ becomes too energetic/collimated.
- Signal events: $\phi(\tau\tau) = \mu^\pm + trk^\mp (\mu^\mp / e^\mp / h^\mp)$

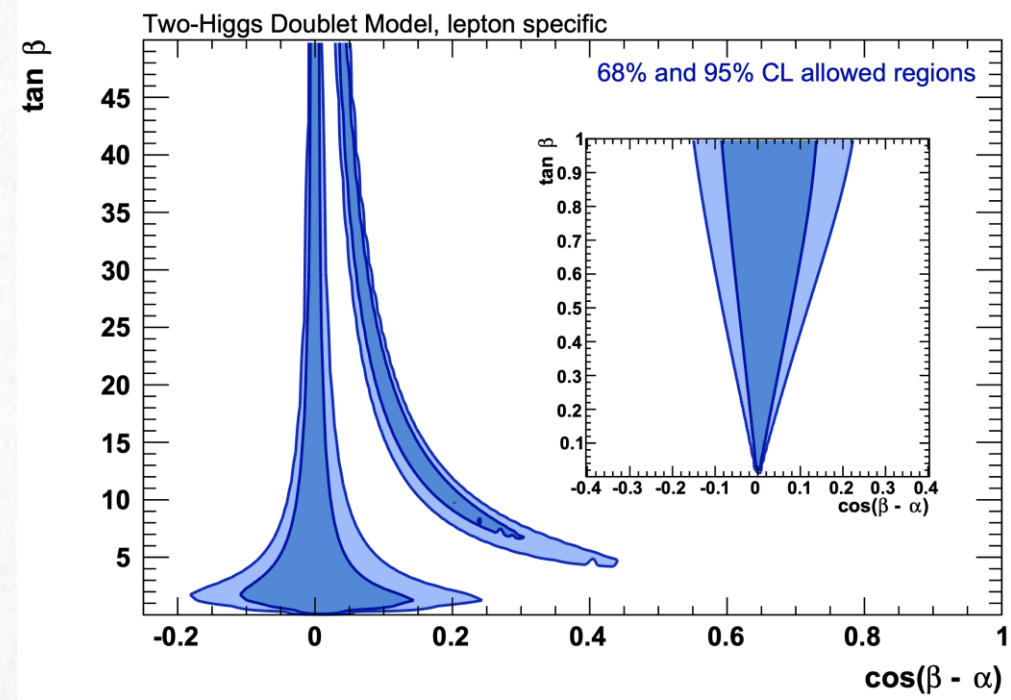


- Background: $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z(\gamma^*) Z(\gamma^*) \rightarrow 2\mu 2\tau, 4\tau$





ATLAS-CONF-2020-027



arXiv:1803.01853
GFitter