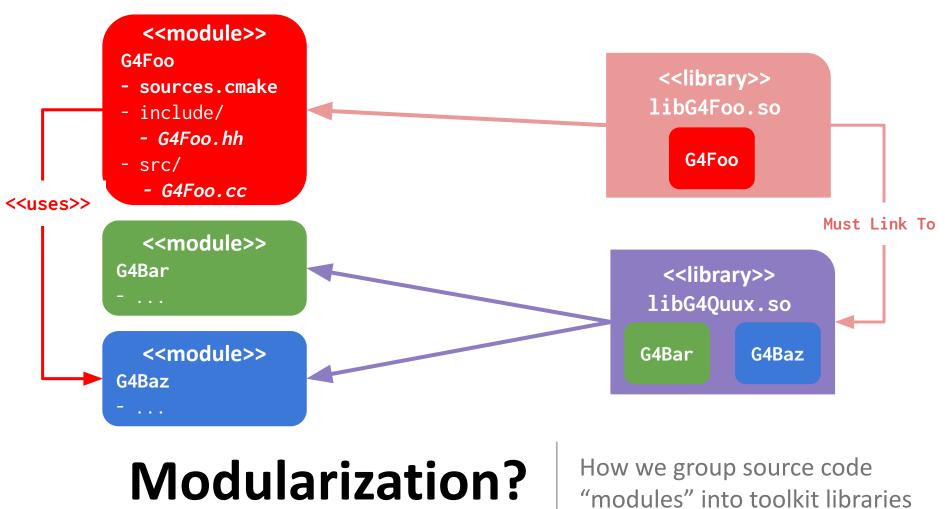


Geant4 Library Modularization Status and Plans



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≣ sour	ces.cmake U 🗙	Module	ĺ	⊥ …
cmake	> ≡ sources.cmake			
1	# – G4baz module	build definition		
2				
	# What sources I	'm built from		
4	geant4_add_modul	e(G4Baz		
5	PUBLIC_HEADERS	<pre># What interfaces I</pre>	expose (more late	r)
	G4Baz.hh			
	SOURCES	# What files to comp:	ile	
8	G4Bar.cc)			
10		external libraries I	use	
11		nk_libraries(G4Baz		
12		interfaces appear in	mine (e.g. G4Stri	ng)
13	G4globman			
14	\${ZLIB_LIBRA			
15		rfaces I only need fo	or implementation	
16	G4leptons) —			
17			Inte	rnal links
18		compile_definitions		
19		aries, but for –D fla	ags are t	to <i>modules</i>
20		include_directories		
21	# - AS LINK_LIDE	aries but for –I flag	not	libraries

•	с		8]		
1 CN	lakeLists.txt U 🗙	Library			
cmak	e > M CMakeLists	s.txt			
1	# – G4quux ca	ategory build			
2					
	# Windows DLL	_ annoyance for allocato	ors		
4	# - (extern s	statics inline)			- 1
5	add_definitio	ons(-DG4QUUX_ALLOC_EXPOR	RT)		- 1
					- 5
	# Compose Lib	orary from Module source	es.cmake		
8	geant4_globa	l_library_target <mark>(NAME</mark> G4	lquux		
	COMPONENTS				
10	bar/sour	ces.cmake _			
11	baz/sour	ces.cmake)			
12					
13	<pre># Possible in</pre>	nterface once modulariza	tion scheme	clear	
14	# and recurs:	ion into deep subdirecto	ries confirm	ned not	
15	# to slow dow	vn config/build			
16					
17	<pre># geant4_add_</pre>	_library(G4quux MODULES	G4bar G4baz)		
18					
19		<pre>nk_libraries etc version</pre>	is. Only modu	ules	
20	# can define	build properties			

CMake commands for Developers/Coordinators

Follows CMake "<u>target</u>" commands and "<u>usage requirements</u>" as far as possible. 3

. . .

CMakeLists.txt — geant4-dev.git [SSH: 192.168.1.68]

M CMakeLists.txt ×

source > M CMakeLists.txt

- 27 add_subdirectory(intercoms)
- 28 add_subdirectory(interfaces)
- 29 add_subdirectory(materials)
- 30 add_subdirectory(parameterisations)
- 31 add_subdirectory(particles)
- 32 add_subdirectory(persistency)
- 33 add_subdirectory(physics_lists)
- 34 add_subdirectory(processes)
- 35 add_subdirectory(readout)
- 36 add_subdirectory(run)
- 37 add_subdirectory(tasking)
- 38 add_subdirectory(track)
- 39 add_subdirectory(tracking)
- 40 add_subdirectory(visualization)
- 12 # Compose l:
- I3 geant4_compose_targets()
- 44

Recurse into subdirs to add modules, libraries Heavy lifting function

- **Must** be here because we can't compose until all modules/libraries are defined
- Checks:

Π …

- No orphan Modules
- Module not composed into >1 Library
- Calculates:
 - Needed CMake add_library calls
 - Needed CMake target_link_library etc calls, e.g.. works out that "libG4Foo" needs to link to "libG4Quux"
- Tests
 - No Module-Module cycles (at CTest time)
 - CMake checks Library-Library cycles

Under The Hood...

Composition still done at Category level (one dir down) as before

Changes for 11.0

- No changes to user code or build scripts(*) for 11.0
 - An internal build change, classic "global" libraries still generated
 - Changes to library composition can only be made after final retirement of GNUMake system for users(*)
- Future changes to library composition would break link-interface, and thus ABI compatibility
 - Probably implies a new major version
 - Makes no change to API
 - We don't (AFAIK) require/enforce ABI compatibility between minor releases
 - On the other hand, studying the library composition naturally involves ABI, so perhaps <u>this checking</u> can be used to <u>report both API and ABI changes</u>!
 - Not saying we enforce compatibility, but useful to know/report changes!

Beyond 11.0: How to compose libs, or, why change?

- Neither "global" (current) or "granular" (1 Module to 1 Library) optimal
 - *"Granular" composition far too small (~145 libraries...)*
 - "Global" composition too big (G4processes), too small ("kernel" functionality split across many libs)
- Criteria for "just right" coming up, but some up front caveats:
 - **DON'T** want CMake option(s) to choose (go ahead, calculate the permutations (and number of CI jobs needed) with 145 libraries!
 - **DO** want pattern to be easily changed when needed
 - ... but don't these conflict?
 - ... Configurable Composition file provides customization point for users (if they really need it), and to enable studies with no source changes

	CMakeLists.txt — geant4-dev.git [SSI	H: 192.168.1.68]		G4LibComp.cmake — geant4-dev	.git [SSH: 192.168.1.68]
M CMal	keLists.txt M ●	··· []	·· ≡ G4Li	bComp.cmake U X	□ …
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	<pre>> M CMakeLists.txt add_subdirectory(intercoms) add_subdirectory(interfaces) add_subdirectory(materials) add_subdirectory(parameterisatio add_subdirectory(particles) add_subdirectory(persistency) add_subdirectory(physics_lists) add_subdirectory(processes) add_subdirectory(readout) add_subdirectory(readout) add_subdirectory(tracking) add_subdirectory(tracking) add_subdirectory(tracking) add_subdirectory(visualization)</pre>	Recurse into these, loading all sources.cmake	source 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	<pre>> \equiv G4LibComp.cmake # - Compose Libraries from Mo # NB: All Modules must be def geant4_add_library(G4global MODULES G4globman G4hepgeometry G4hepnumerics G4heprandom) # Order shouldn't matter as I # NB: Module/library names ir geant4_add_library(G4event MODULE) </pre>	ined by this point ong as lib/module names unique different namespaces JLES G4run)
42 43 44 45 46 47	<pre>Load composition file - could include(\${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_D # - Compose libs geant4_compose_targets()</pre>		16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre># This form needed if deep re geant4_add_library(G4processe MODULE_SOURCES processes/management/sour # and so on)</pre>	

Configurable Composition

In progress: Issues/limitations from -D flags for Allocators, CMake target definitions, export to Geant4Config.cmake

Criteria for composition (for discussion)

- Optional modules (e.g. GDML) should always be in their own Library
 - Library existence => availability, easier to compile/package
- Compose Libraries from modules at similar depth in module DAG?
 - Categories may be a mix of modules across many levels
 - *Hints of "kernel" vs "implementation" layers during migration process*
 - E.g. (abstract) base classes, core/internal algorithms in "libG4kernel", specific implementations, e.g. physics models, at higher level
 - Need to balance against too big, or new "variant", libraries
- Don't compromise performance
 - Mostly for shared libraries, current "global" composition is the baseline
 - <u>Guilherme's presentation from Tuesday</u>: can we reduce interlibrary calls, even hide truly internal symbols?

Test Cases

- 1. Split out G4gdml module from G4persistency library -> libG4gdml.so
 - a. Canonical case, even likely in 11.0 if GNUmake retired
 - b. Longer term would be UI/Vis on basis on external lib used, but a lot more work and tied in with out aspects like compiled in vs plugin drivers.
- 2. Find "layers/generations" in Module DAG (i.e. topological sorting)
 - a. Use this as a guide to prepare different "G4LibComp.cmake" files (NB No changes to source code or category organization needed)
 - b. Build/Profile against "global" baseline, feedback results
 - c. Identify candidate compositions and discuss/decide on results with all WGs
 - d. Roll out agreed new composition in next appropriate minor/major Release
- 3. Related task for all: identify Public/Private APIs of your module(s)

F G4Foo.hh U ●	G4Fo	o.cc 4, U ●	
<pre>source > global > management > include > C+ G4Foo.hh > 1 #ifndef G4F00_HH 2 #define G4F00_HH 3</pre>	1 2	<pre>> global > management > src > G G4Foo.cc > #include "G4Foo.hh" // Only #included here, never intended for use elseev #include "G4DeepThought.hh"</pre>	where!
4 #include "globals.hh"			
		G4String G4Foo::TheAnswer(const G4String& question)	
6 // This is G4Foo's only Public Header/API		{	
7 // Note that use of G4DeepThought is hidden	7	<pre>// Use of G4DeepThought is an implementation detai</pre>	L of G4Foo
8 class G4Foo		<pre>// later on it can change to G4Siri, G4Alexa</pre>	
		G4DeepThought x;	
<pre>10 G4String TheAnswer(const G4String& question);</pre>	10	<pre>x.ReadQuestion(question);</pre>	
11 };	11	G4String answer = x.GetTheAnswer();	
12	12		
13 #endif	13	if(answer == "42")	
	G+ G4De	epThought.hh U	ii îi ⊞ …
	source	> global > management > include > G4DeepThought.hh >	
		#ifndef <u>G4DEEPTH0UGHT HH</u>	
	2	#define G4DEEPTHOUGHT_HH	
	4	// The "Private Header"	
		#include "globals.hh"	
		class G4DeepThought	
		{	
		<pre>void ReadQuestion(const G4String&);</pre>	
	10	G4String GetTheAnswer();	
	11	};	
	12		
	13	#endif	

Identifying Public/Private Module APIs

3784 header files, i.e. **interfaces**, in Geant4. Which of these are intended for **use outside their module**?

Why does this help?

- **Documentation**: Clear which headers/classes are part of Geant4 API, which are implementation details
- Reduce installed size of toolkit • Trivial? but...
- Private API ~ Hidden library symbol
 - Hiding symbols reduces **library size**
 - <u>May improve performance of shared</u> <u>libraries via removal of trampolines</u> (<u>PLT lookups</u>)
- geant4_add_module will provide an interface for declaring private headers after GNUmake removal completed

. sources.cmake - geant4-dev.git វោ 🔲 … ≡ sources.cmake M × source > global > management > ≡ sources.cmake # - G4Foo Module build definition geant4 add module(G4Foo PUBLIC_HEADERS # Headers users of the module can access G4Foo.hh PRIVATE_HEADERS # Headers that can only be used in this module G4DeepThought.hh # Not installed. An Implementation Detail SOURCES G4Foo.cc # Compilation units as usual G4DeepThought.cc # The above is identical in concept to link libraries geant4_module_link_libraries(G4Foo 14 PUBLIC G4globman # I use this module, and return types # that are defined in its PUBLIC_HEADERS PRIVATE G4tasking # I use this module, but only in my SOURCES # You don't need its headers to use me # It is an Implementation Detail of me 21

Summary and Discussion

- 1. CMake tooling for modularization in production with final tweaks incoming
- 2. Some criteria for modularization and workflow defined are these reasonable? What others should be considered?
 - a. Informs decisions on how to proceed with noted Test Cases
- 3. You should start identifying Public/Private APIs of your modules to see if we can reduce installed size of Geant4 or increase performance with symbol hiding