

The ATLAS LAr Calorimeter Commissioning for the LHC Run 3

BTTB10

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Calorimeter Group

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June 23 2021

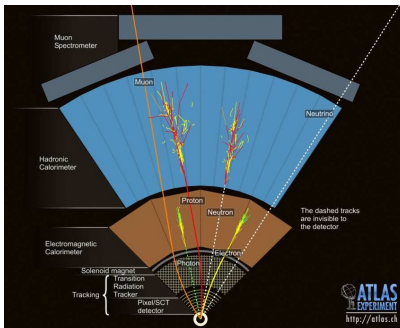
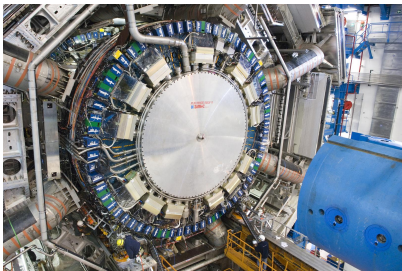


Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 LAr Phase-1 Upgrade
- 3 Commissioning
- 4 Run 3 and the Future

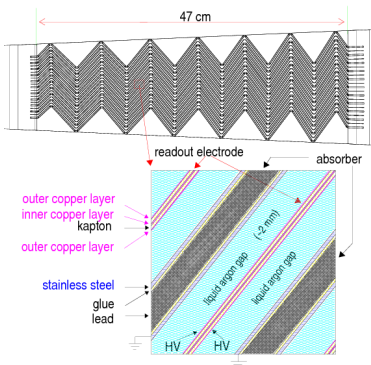
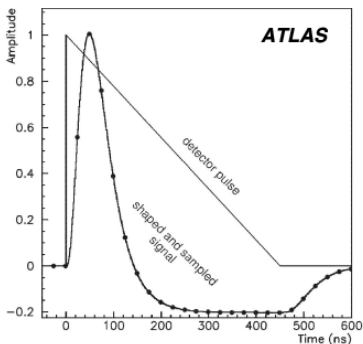
The ATLAS Detector

- The ATLAS experiment is one of the 4 main experiments at the LHC
- General purpose detector used to probe SM and BSM physics
 - Liquid Argon (LAr) calorimeter used to measure the energies of electrons, photons, and hadrons



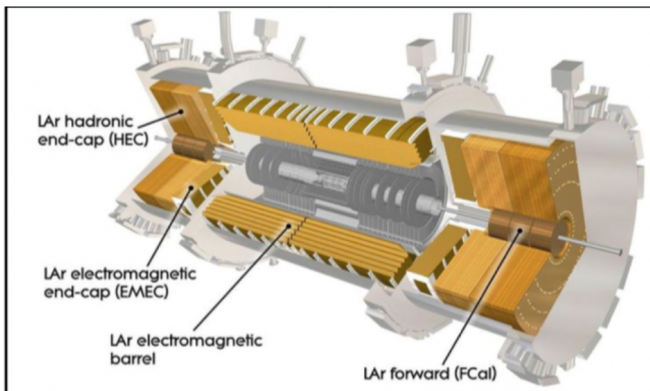
The LAr Calorimeter

- Sampling calorimeter using LAr as the active material and an absorber in an accordion geometry
 - Absorber changes depending on location in ATLAS
- Absorber causes a particle shower that ionizes the LAr
- Electric current is read out and a triangular pulse is amplified and shaped into a bipolar pulse digitized at 40 MHz

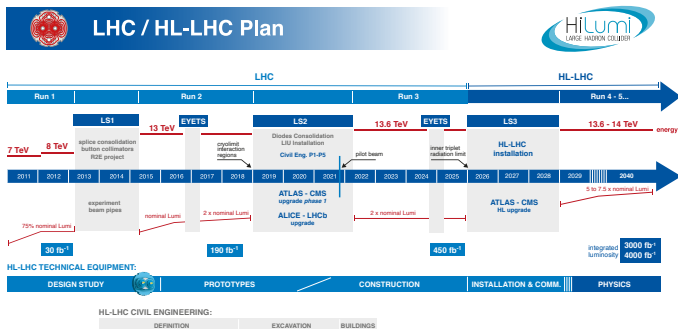


LAr Geometry

- Electromagnetic calorimeter in barrel ($|\eta| < 1.5$) and endcap ($1.375 < |\eta| < 3.2$) use Pb as an absorber
- Hadronic endcap calorimeter ($1.5 < |\eta| < 3.2$) and forward calorimeter ($3.0 < |\eta| < 4.9$) use a Cu and W absorber



LS2 and Run 3

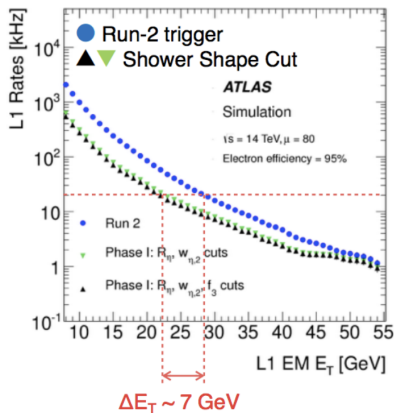


- Run 2 ended in 2018 and lead to Long Shutdown 2 (LS2)
- Preparation for the start of Run 3 ongoing, first 13.6 TeV p-p collisions in early July!
- Twice the peak instantaneous luminosity (\mathcal{L}) in Run 3 wrt. Run 2
 - $\mathcal{L} \sim 2.2 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ and $\langle \mu \rangle \sim 80$

LAr Phase-1 Upgrade Motivations

- Upgrades to the LAr calorimeter and trigger path in LS2
- Double the pileup expected in Run 3 but the ATLAS L1 trigger will be kept at 100 kHz
- Increased granularity in the calorimeter to allow for better discrimination of physics objects
 - L1 rate can be maintained without increasing trigger thresholds

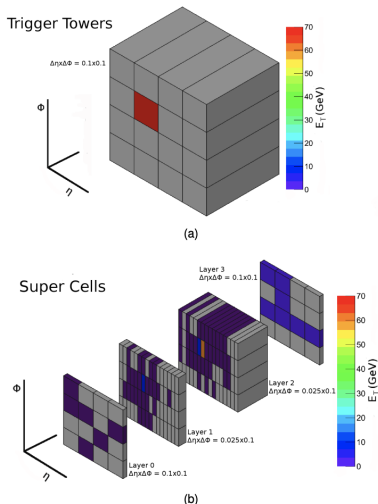
ATLAS-TDR-022



LAr Phase-1 Upgrade Overview

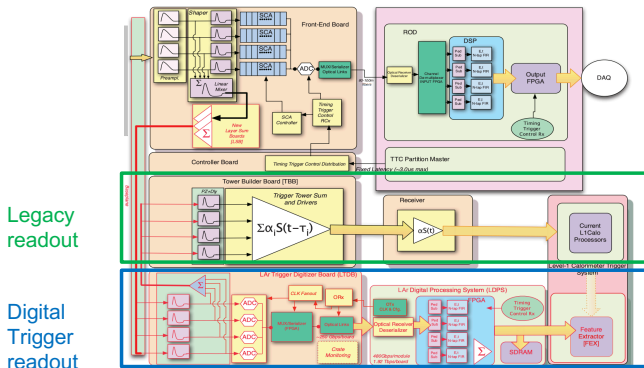
- Trigger towers were used in Run 2
- Super cells to be used for Run 3
 - 4 layers: presampler, front, middle, and back
 - Front and middle layers are 0.025×0.01 in $\Delta\phi \times \Delta\eta$
 - Better granularity
- Addition of a new phase-1 digital trigger readout
 - Super cells computed with new digital trigger readout

ATLAS-TDR-022



LAr Phase-1 Upgrade Overview

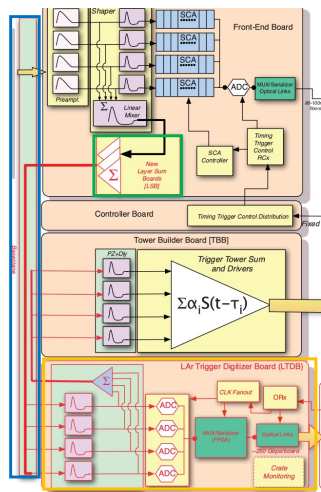
- Both legacy and digital trigger readouts to be kept operational during commissioning
- Eventually plan to move to digital trigger readout only



LAr Phase-1 Upgrade - Front-end

- 2328 **Layer Sum Boards (LSBs)** replaced on Front end Boards (FEBs)
 - Sums signals of cells within one layer into super cells
- 124 **LAr Trigger Digitizer Boards (LTDB)** added as part of the digital trigger front-end
 - Digitizes signals from super cells and send information to TBB and digital trigger back-end
- **Baseplane** replaced due to a higher number of signals transmitted
 - New slots were also needed for LTDBs

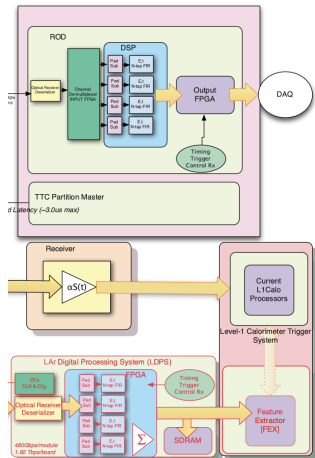
ATLAS-TDR-022



LAr Phase-1 Upgrade - Back-end

- 30 LAr Digital Processing Blade (LDPB) used to compute energies and send them to the level 1 system at 40 MHz
 - Four LAr Trigger prOcessing Mezzanines (LATOMEs)
 - One LAr Carrier (LArC) board
 - One Intelligent Platform Management Controller (IPMC) in ATCA crate
- 116 LATOMEs receive inputs from LTDBs, compute energies, and send them to the level 1 system
- LArCs provide Trigger, Timing, and Control (TTC) signals to LATOMEs and readout to TDAQ path
- IPMCs provide management for the various boards on the ATCA crates

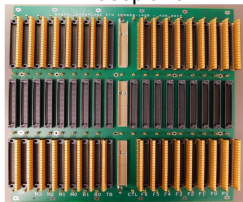
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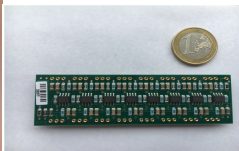
LAr Phase-1 Upgrade - Hardware

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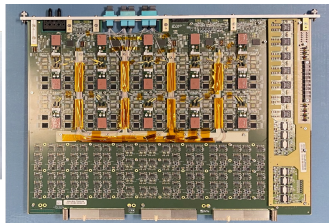
Baseplane



LSB



LTDB



LArC



LATOME



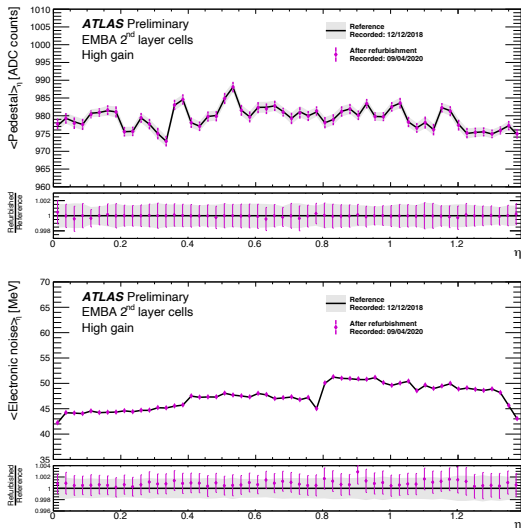
IPMC



Front-end Commissioning

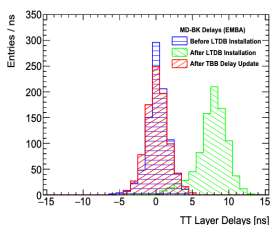
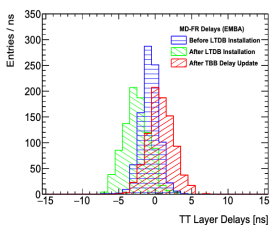
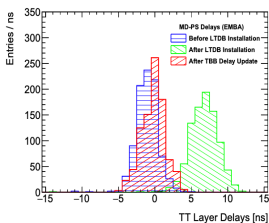
- FEBs expected to have similar performance wrt. Run 2
- Can compare Run 2 values and post-installation values
- Pedestal ADC counts and electronic noise compared
 - Averaged over all cells in η -slice
- No significant change seen after phase-1 upgrade

LAr LS2 public results



Legacy Readout Timing Differences

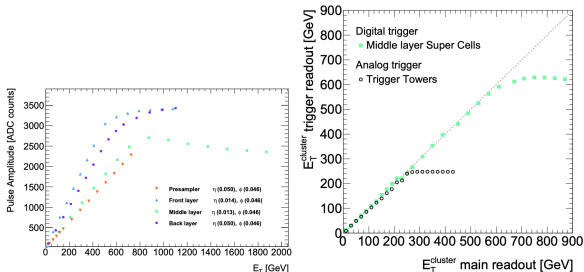
- Timing on Tower Builder Boards (TBB) used in legacy readout changed after LTDB installation
 - Signals now pass through the LTDB where supercell signals are added for each layer and used as inputs to TBB
- Correction to TBB delays needed to ensure correct timing
 - Timing difference between middle layer used as metric



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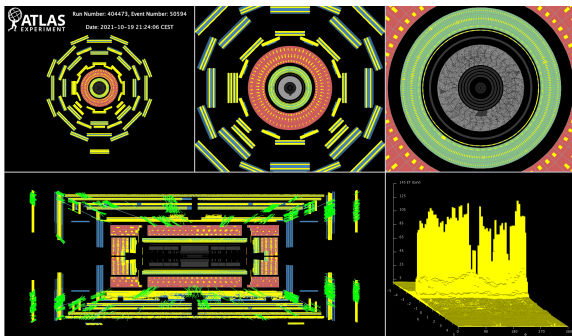
Digital Trigger Commissioning

- Energy calculated by the digital trigger is proportional to ADC counts given by LTDBs
- Peak ADC value computed as a function of injected E_T for select supercells
 - Saturation at ~ 800 GeV due to limitations of analog electronics
 - Good linearity is seen!
- The calculated energies from digital trigger readout can be compared with the values seen by the main readout
 - Good agreement and higher saturation point for digital trigger!



2021 Pilot Beam Run

- First time beams were seen after Run 2 at the LHC in October 2021
- The LAr calorimeter was fully operational with the phase-1 upgrades
- Beam splashes used to further validate the phase-1 upgrades
 - Protons accelerated and focused on a collimator magnet



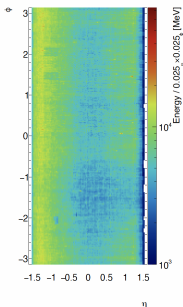
Run 3 public event displays

2021 Pilot Beam Results

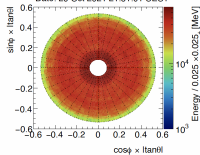
LAr 2021 pilot beam public results

- Energies computed using the main readout for for barrel and endcap
 - 1.3 PeV measured by LAr
- Main readout energies compared with energies from digital trigger readout and good agreement can be seen!

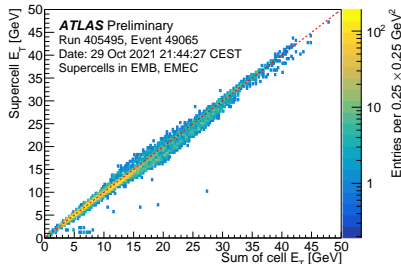
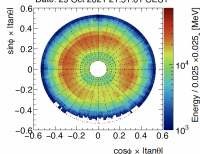
ATLAS Preliminary LAr Barrel
Run 405495 Event 50896
Date: 29 Oct 2021 21:51:01 CEST



ATLAS Preliminary LAr Endcap C
Run 405495 Event 50896
Date: 29 Oct 2021 21:51:01 CEST

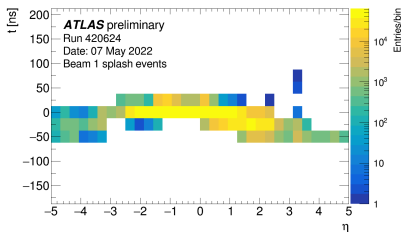
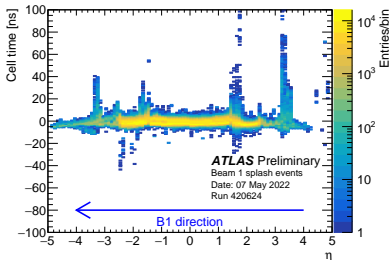


ATLAS Preliminary LAr Endcap A
Run 405495 Event 50896
Date: 29 Oct 2021 21:51:01 CEST



Run 3 Beam Splashes - Timing Analysis

- Beam splashes used to align timing of main readout to ns level
- Timing in digital trigger currently aligned at BCID level (25 ns)
 - To be aligned at the ns level in the future



LAr May 2022 beam splash public results

The Start of Run 3

Run 3 public event displays

- The phase-1 upgrade of the ATLAS LAr calorimeter was successfully completed!
- The 2021 pilot beam was used to validate and help commission the new digital trigger system
- Run 3 has already started with beam splashes, and p-p collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 900$ GeV
- Commissioning period is still ongoing but LAr will be ready to collect data during Run 3!

