

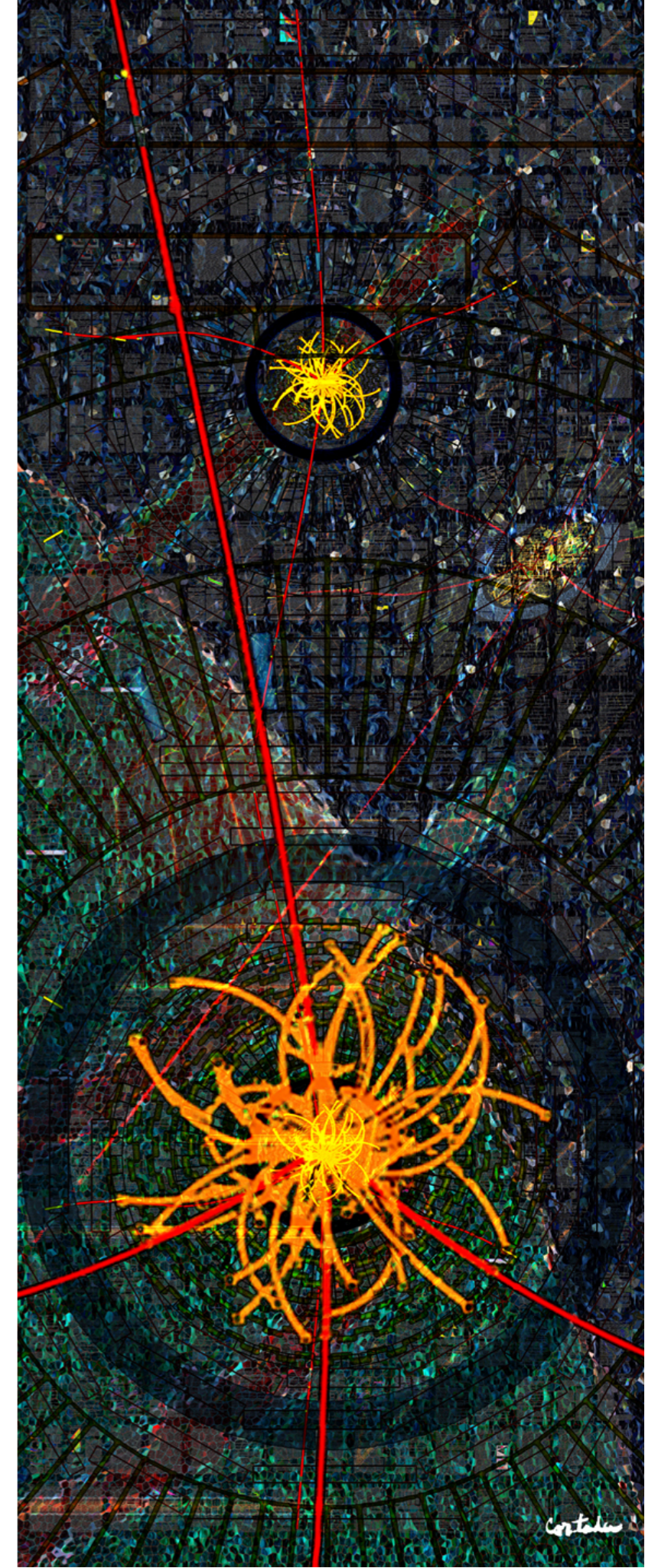
Physics with CMS at Large Hadron Collider

Shahram Rahatlou

14 September 2021

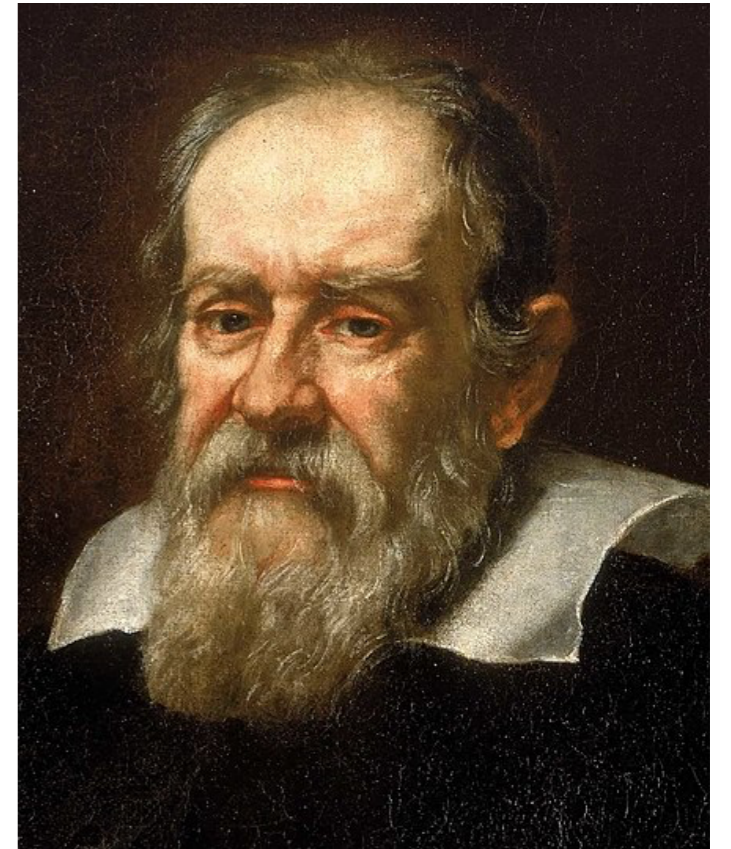


SAPIENZA
UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA



Scientific Method

- ▷ Galileo was the father of the scientific method
 - Observe **phenomena** in Nature with experiments
 - Make **hypothesis** about laws of Nature (models)
 - Make quantitative **predictions**
 - Verify predictions with new **experiments**
 - Successful predictive models promoted to be a new **theory**
 - Never stop **verification and falsification** of existing theories
 - taking advantage of theoretical and technological advancements



XVI Century

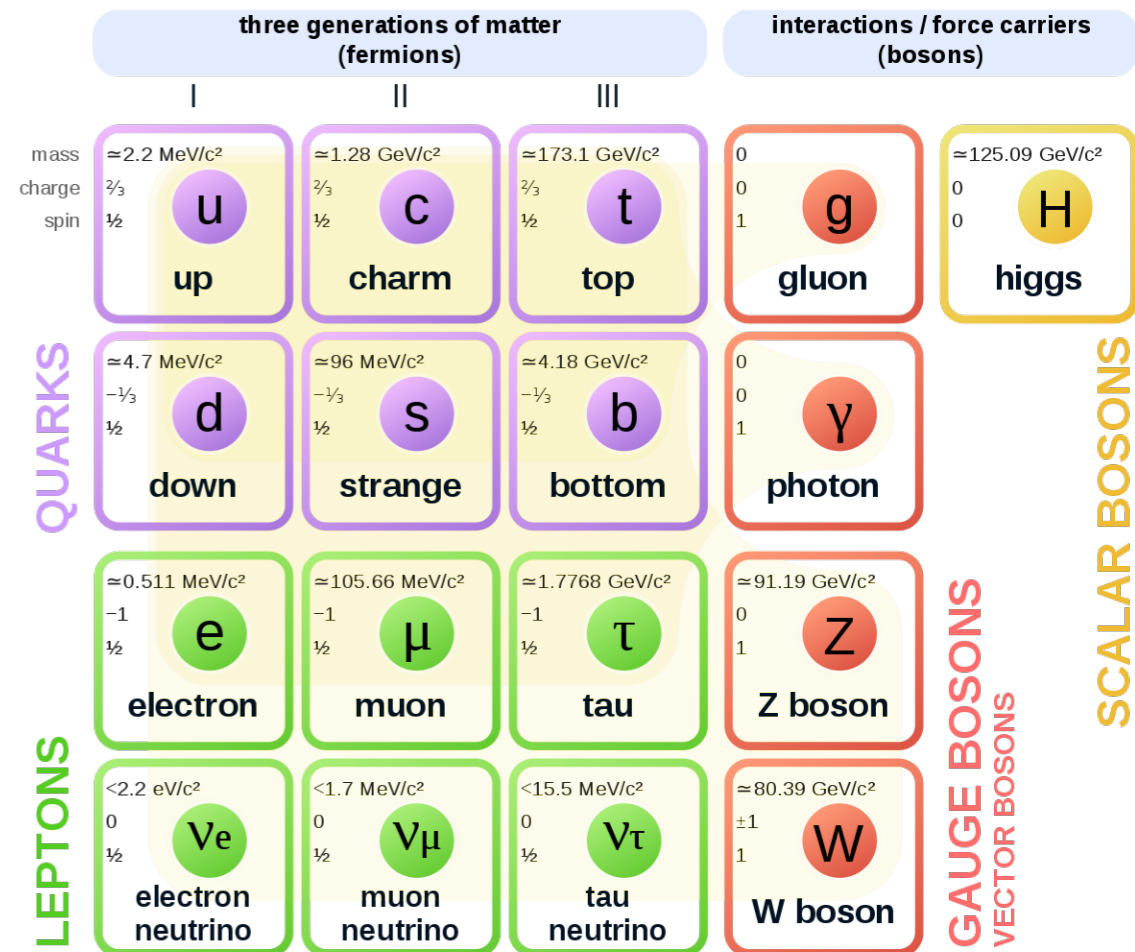
Standard Model

- ▷ Extremely predictive theory since its inception
- ▷ Last missing piece discovered almost 10 years ago
 - Compare to gravitational waves and general relativity
- ▷ Has successfully resisted 50 years of falsification

▷ *We already know it is incomplete*

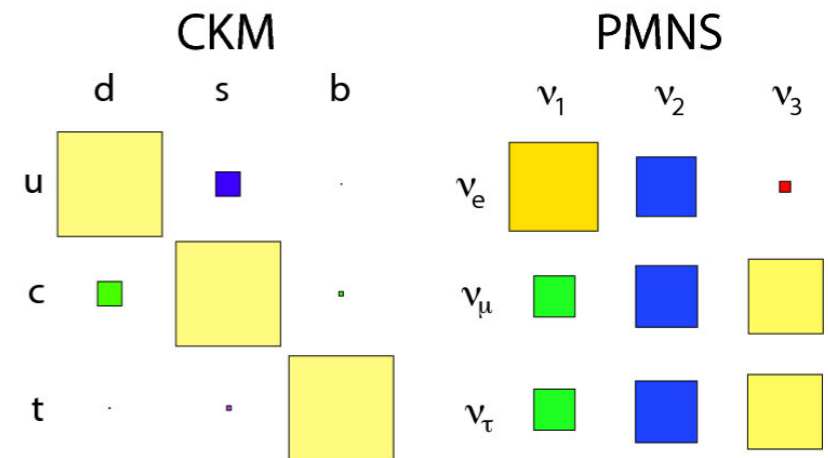
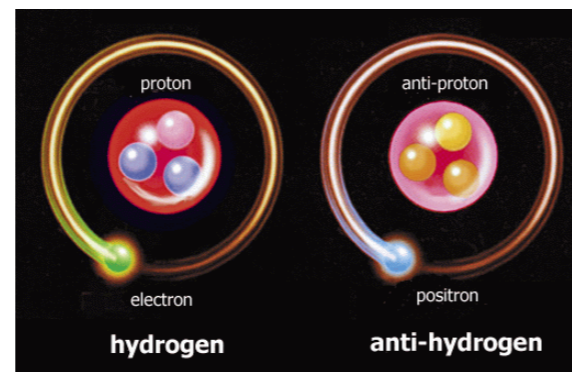
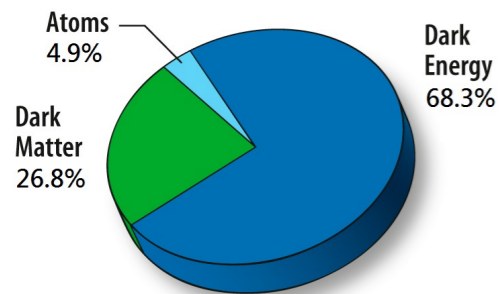
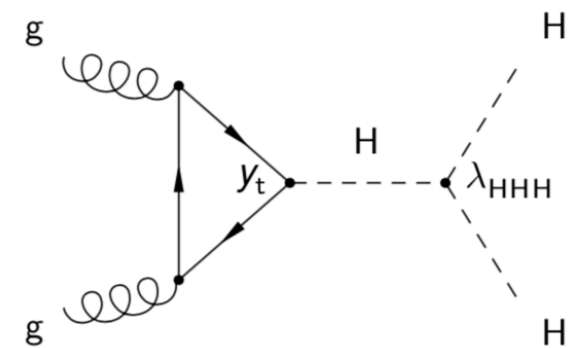
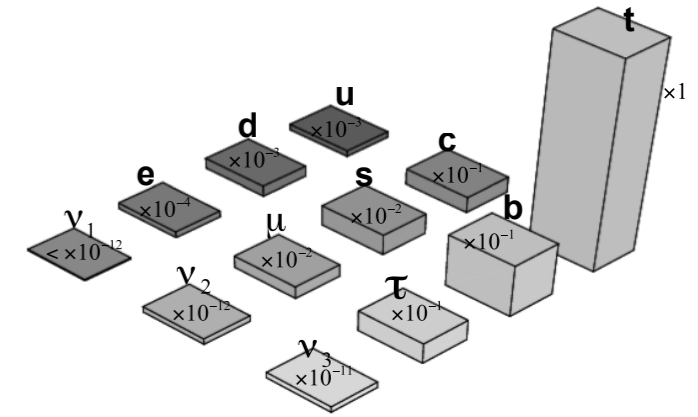
- e.g. neutrinos are massive

▷ It cannot address some basic curiosities and questions about our Universe



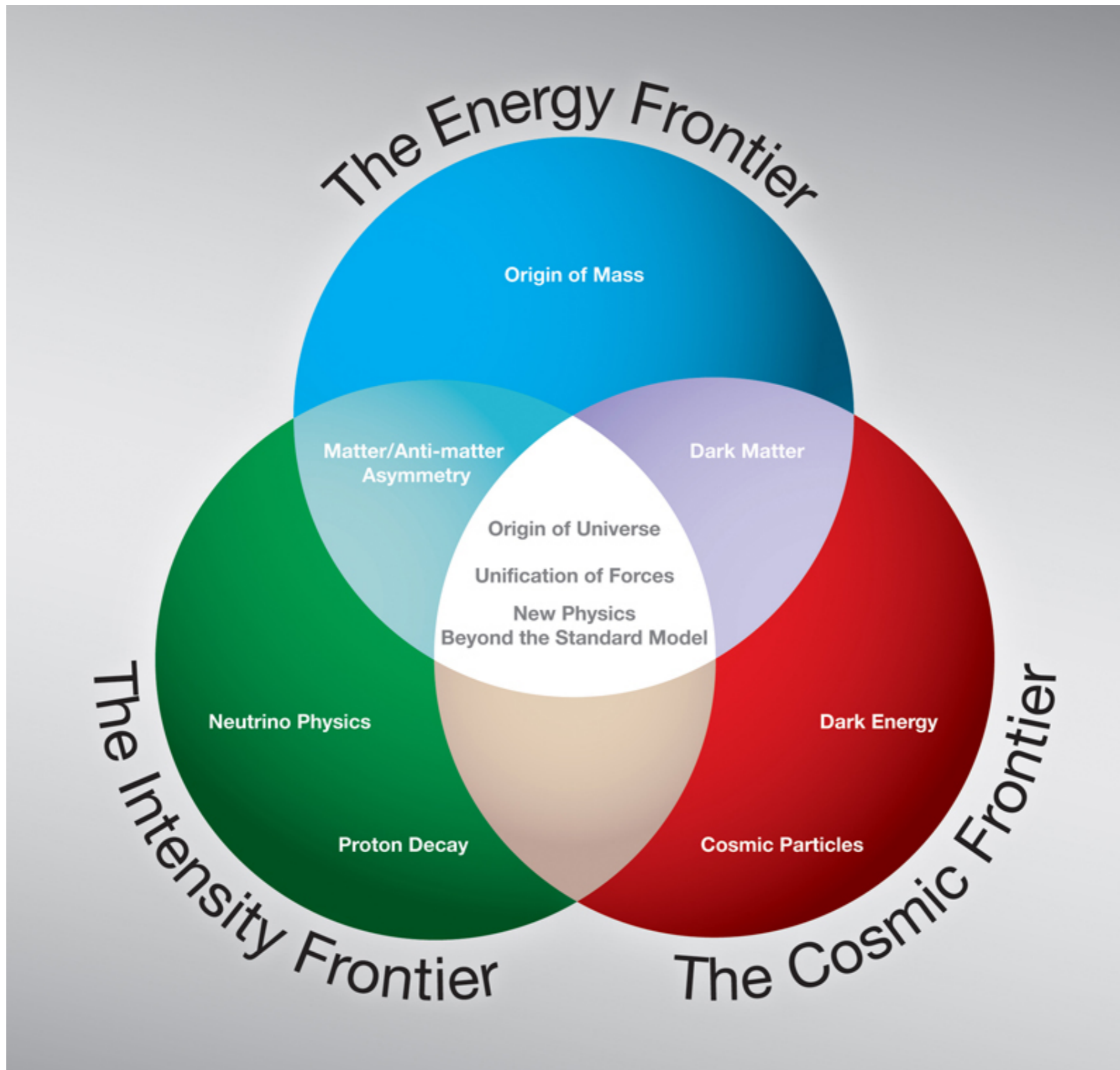
Questions and Curiosities

- ▷ What is the origin of mass?
- ▷ Have we found *the* Higgs boson?
- ▷ What is the origin of mass hierarchy?
- ▷ Do all leptons behave equally?
- ▷ Where is all the anti-matter in *our Universe*?
- ▷ What is Dark Matter?

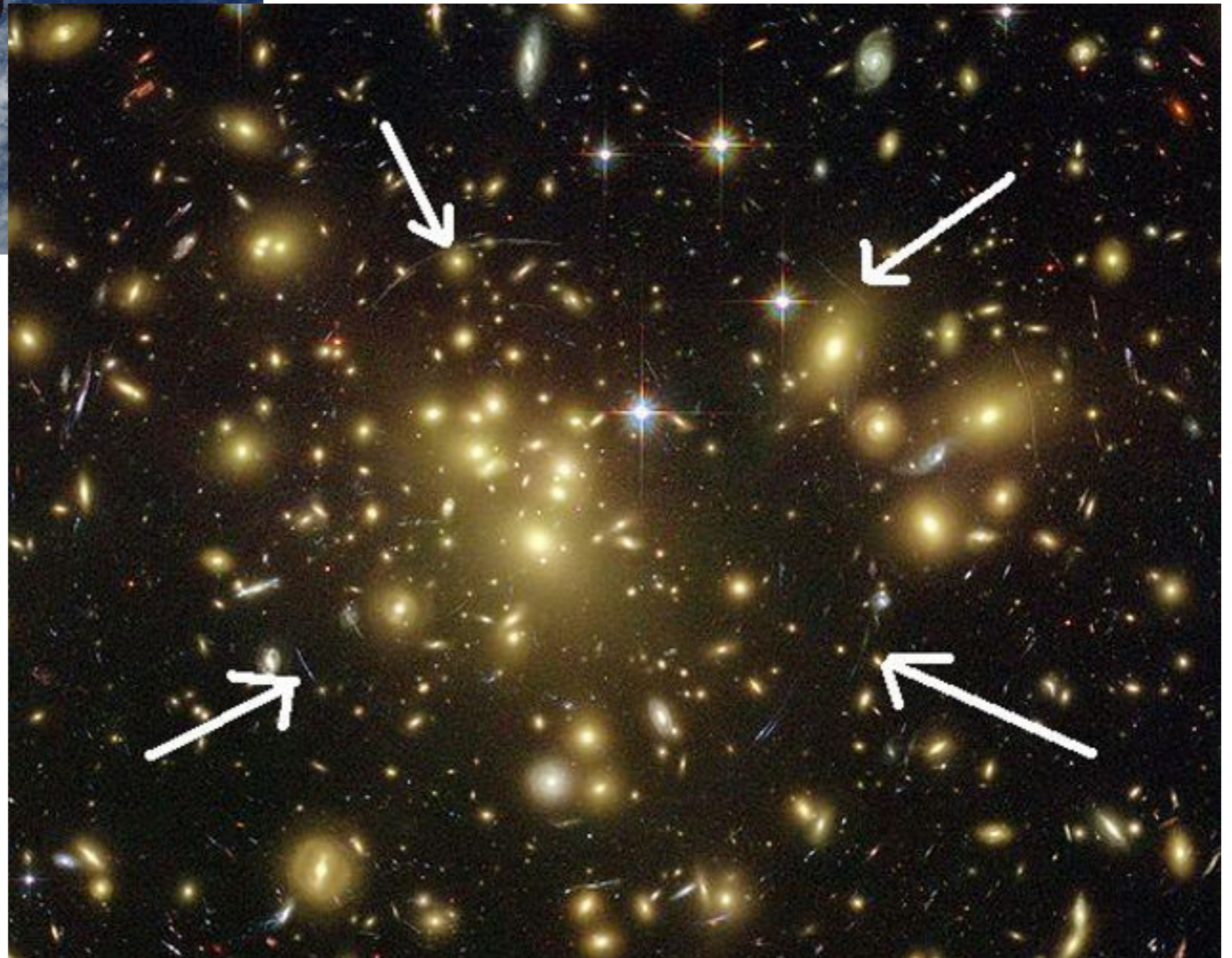
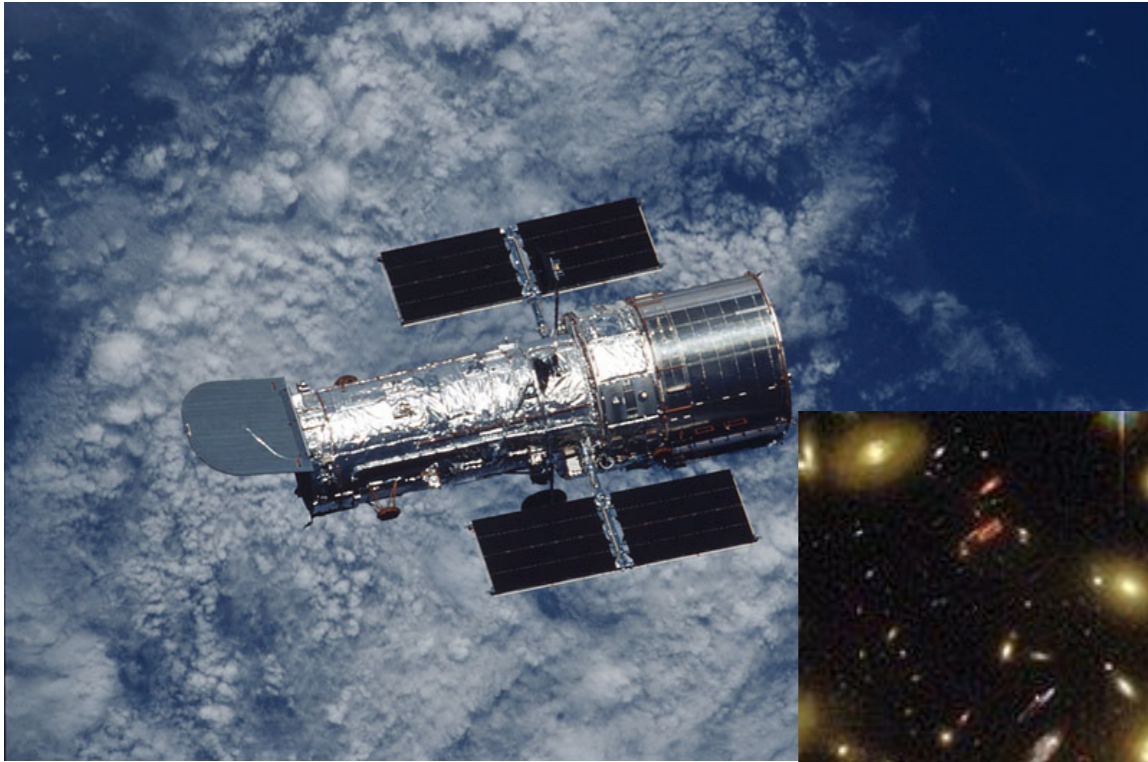


LHC provides broad spectrum of measurements to tackle almost all these questions!

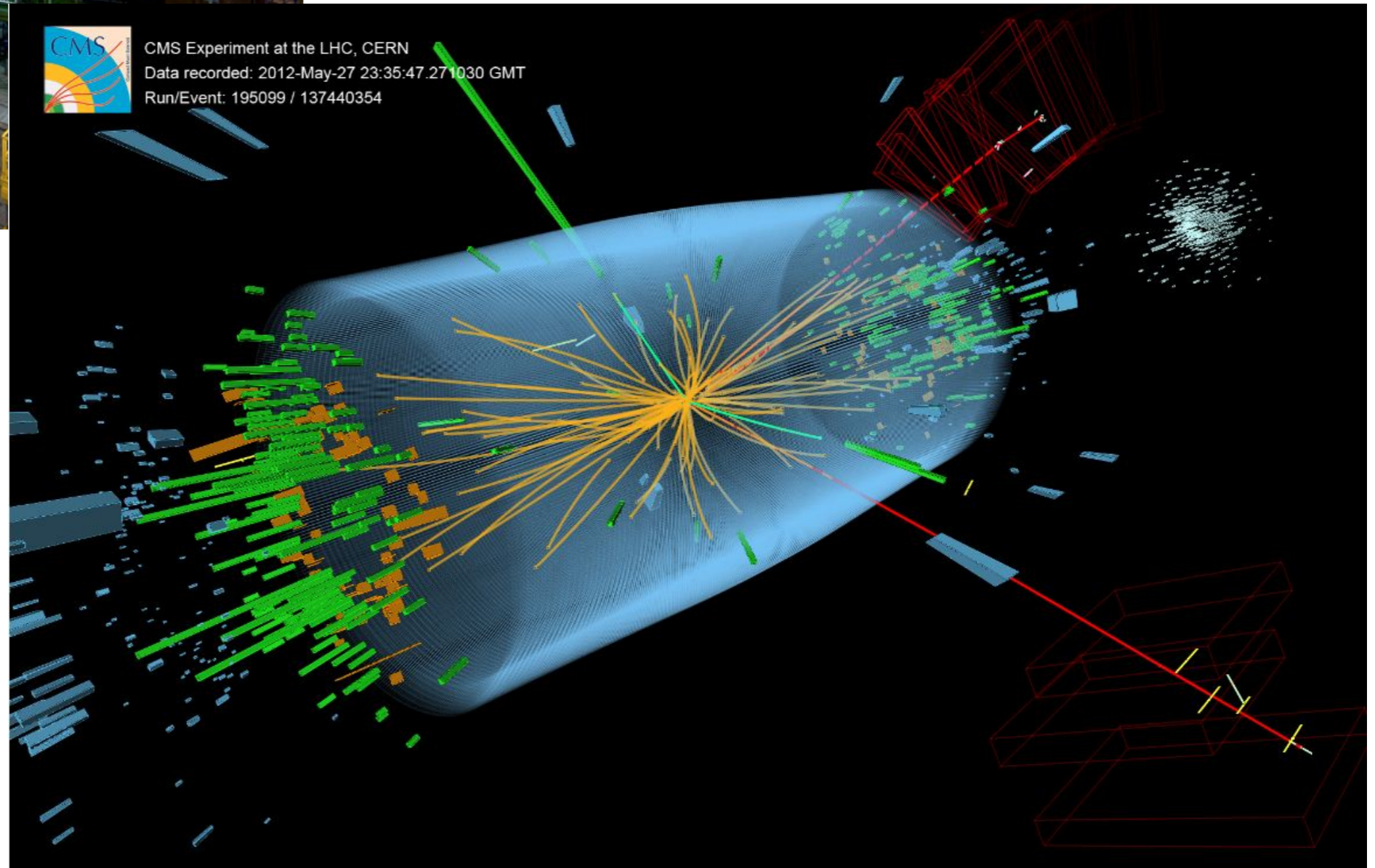
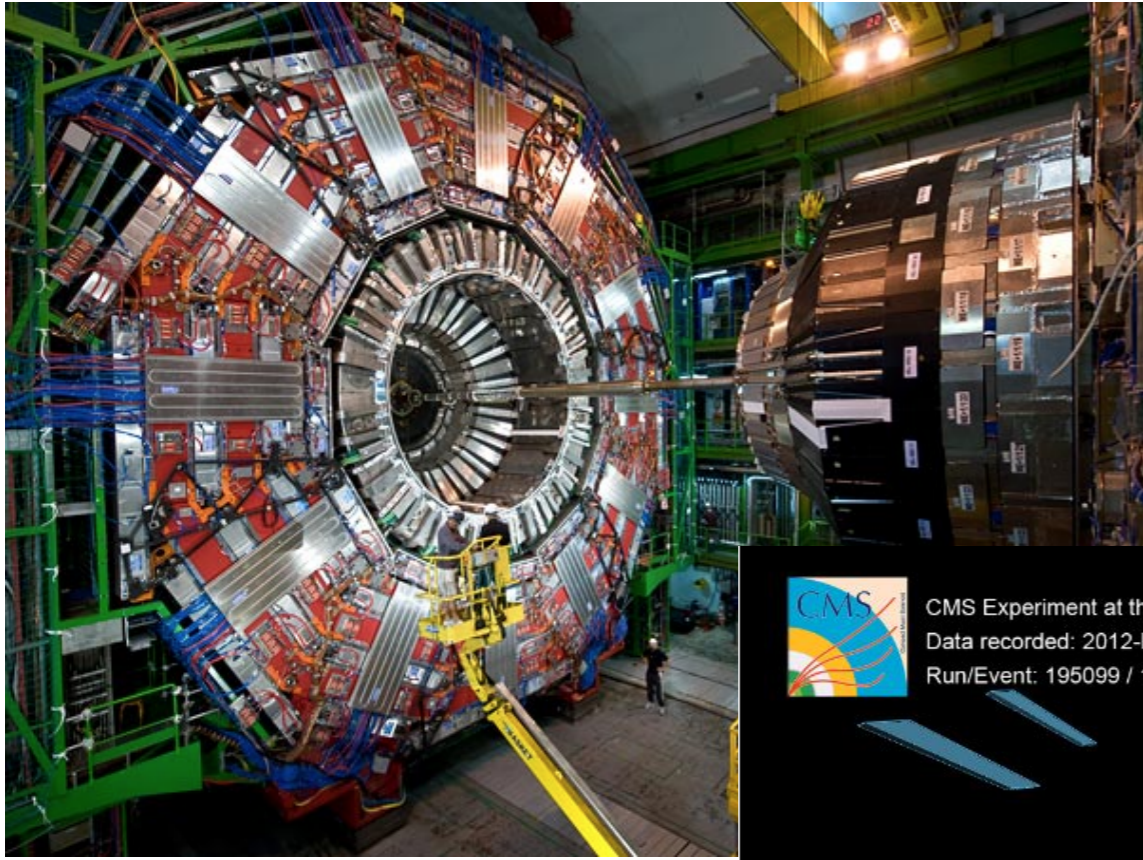
Multi-prong Approach



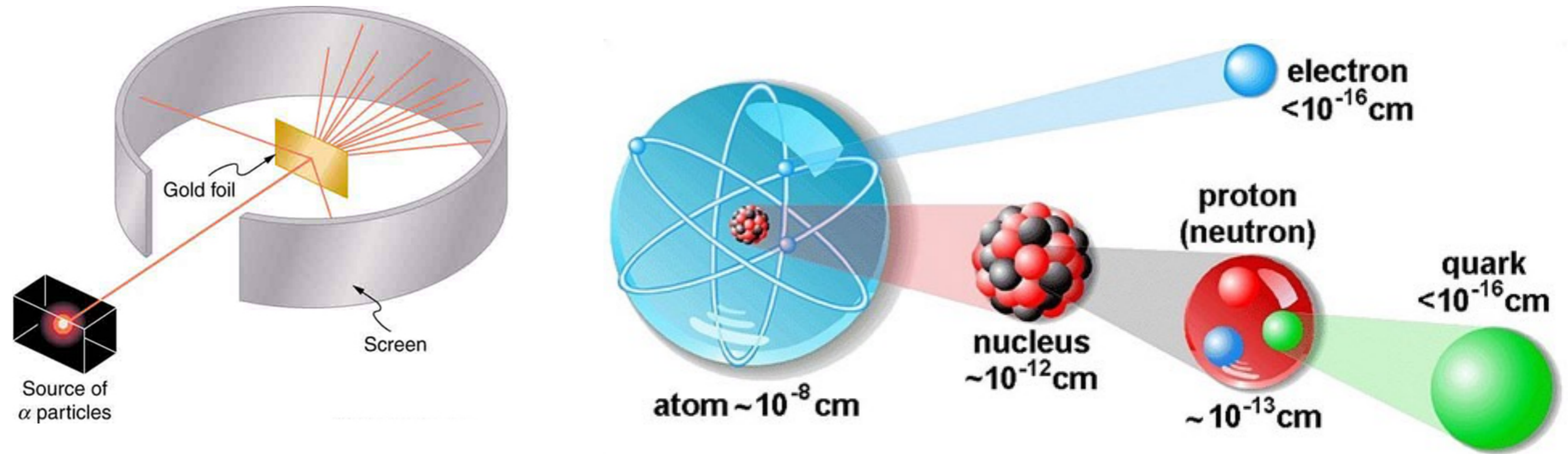
From Telescopes...



... To Particle Detectors



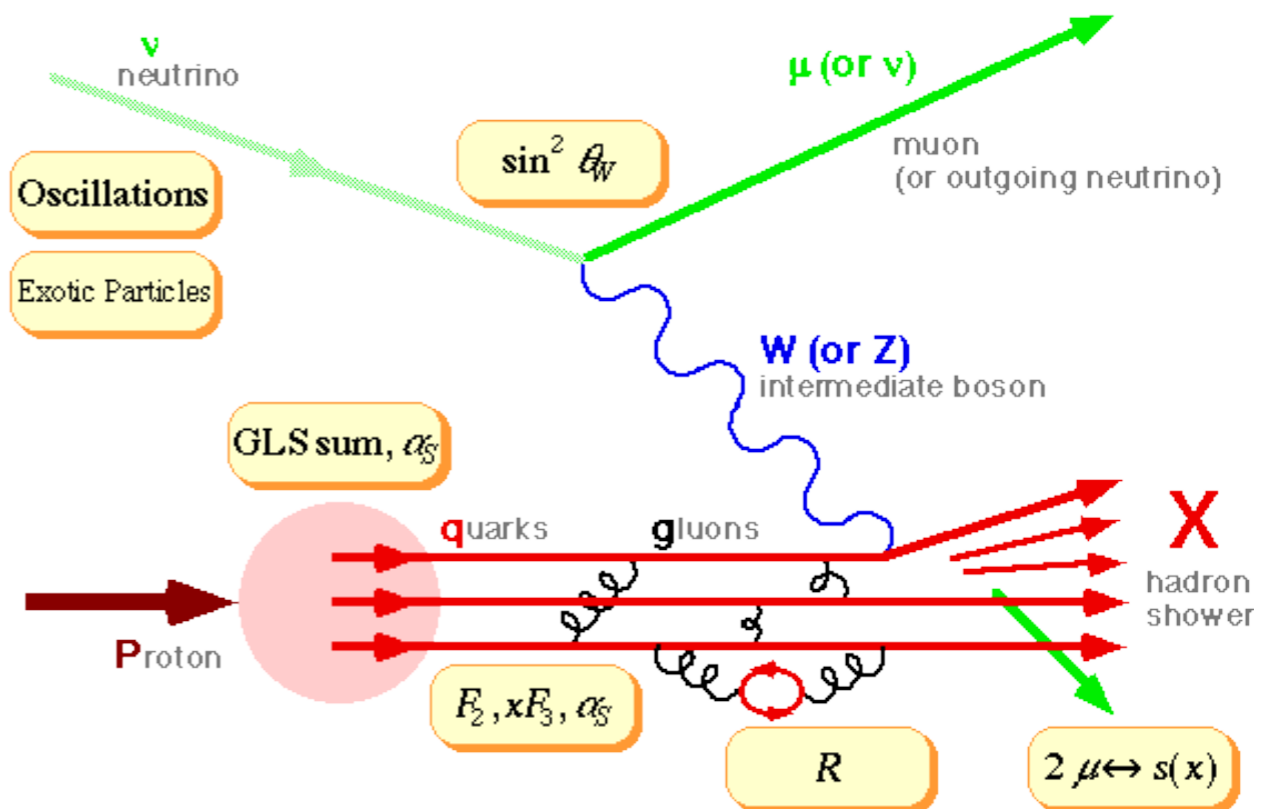
Frontier of Energy



▷ Particle-Wave duality key to probe structure of matter

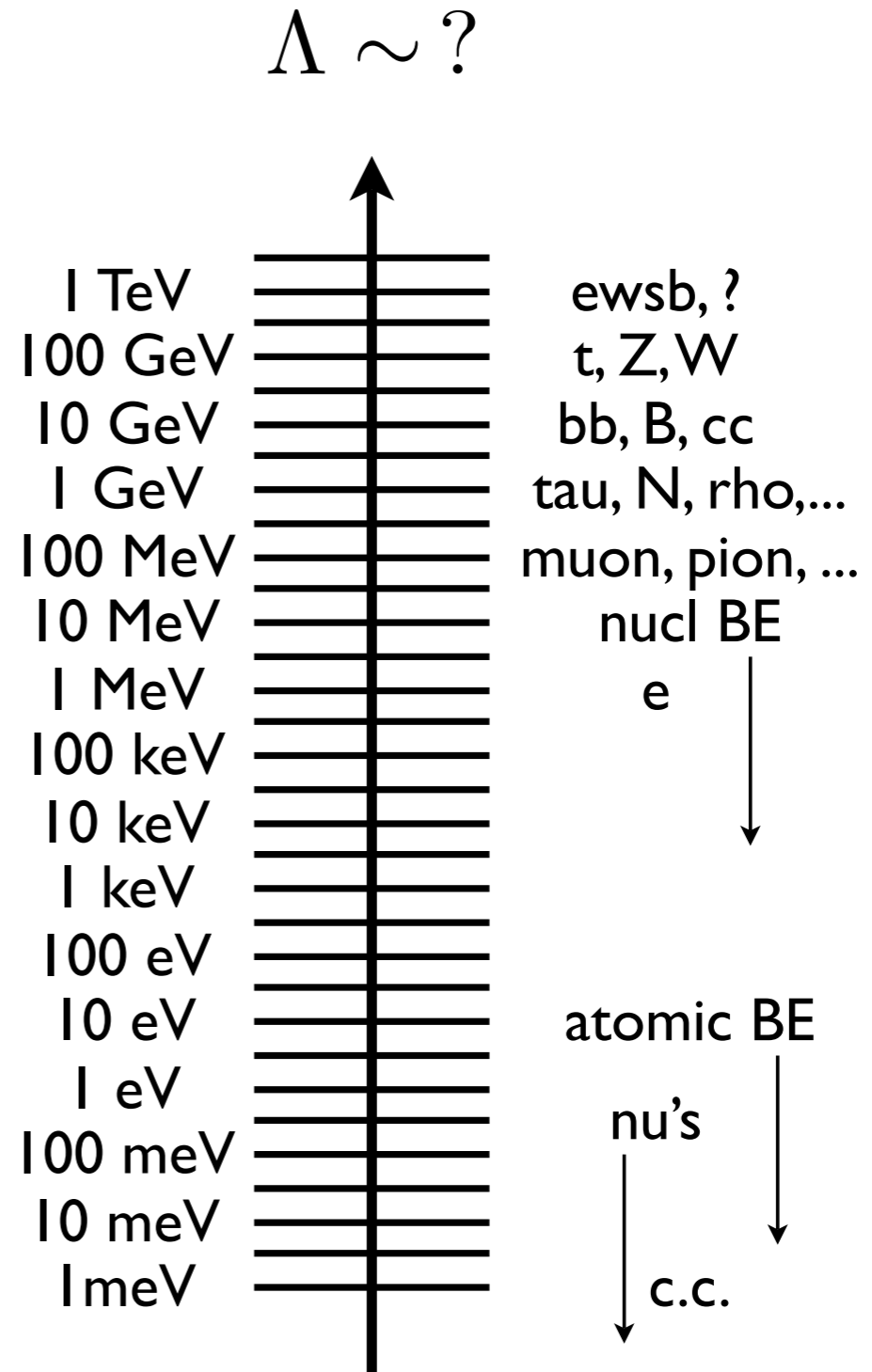
▷ Higher energy means

- smaller wave length $E \approx 1/\lambda$
 - probe smaller constituents
- higher temperature $E = kT$
 - recreate conditions closer to big bang



Scale of New Phenomena

- ▷ Since birth of particle physics, experiments have explored many orders of magnitude in energy
- ▷ *New phenomena* appeared at *higher energy* scales
- ▷ Standard Model and Electroweak symmetry breaking occurs up to TeV scale
- ▷ How to determine scale of new physics beyond Standard Model?



Evolution of Particle Colliders

- Direct production of new particles typically searched at hadron colliders

- Increase of energy to access new production channels

- ▶ Lack of discovery implies new particles are heavier

- Accumulating data to probe weakly interacting particles

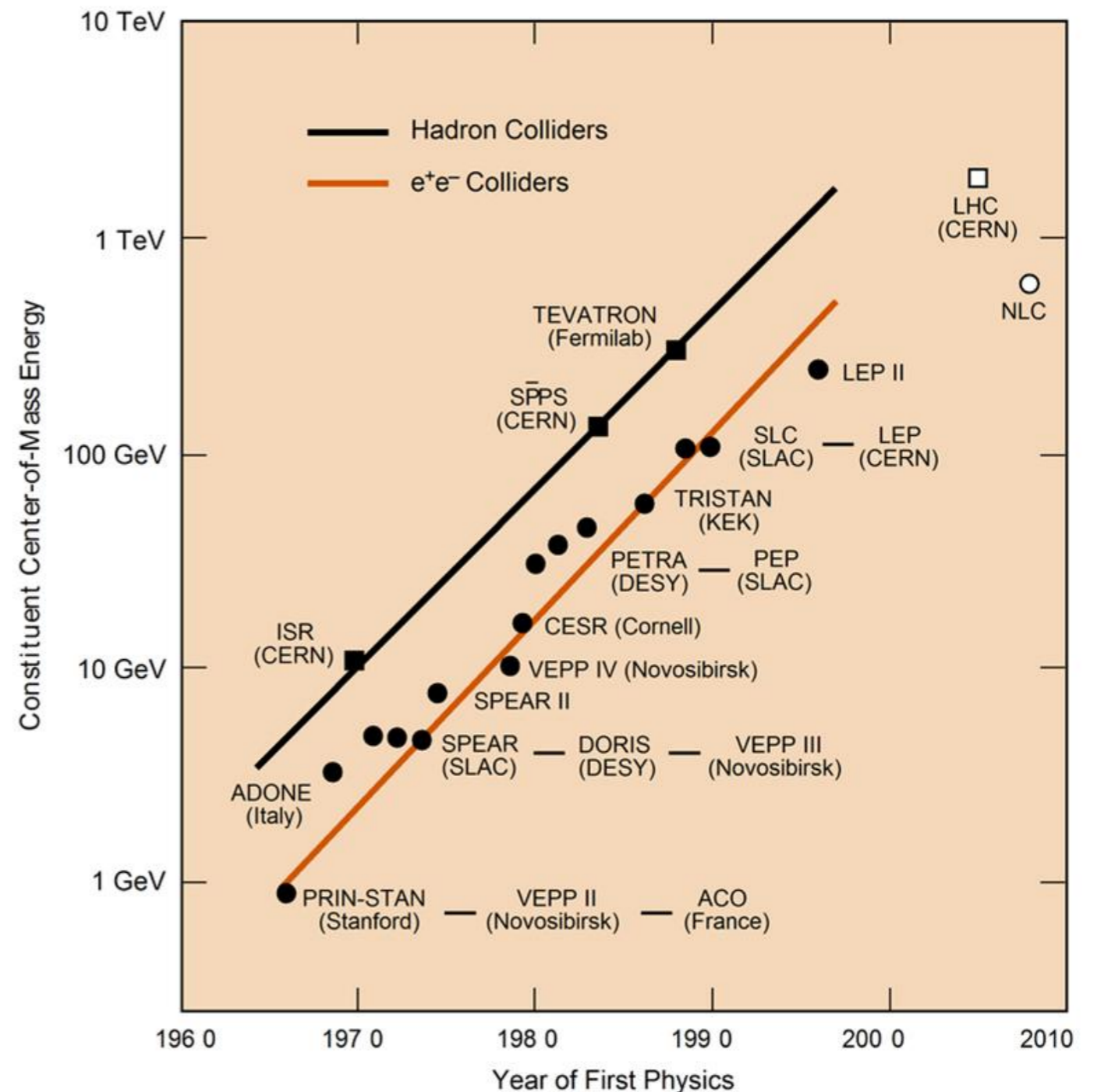
- ▶ Particles are produced but with small cross section

- Alternatives

- Lepton colliders if we know

where to look for

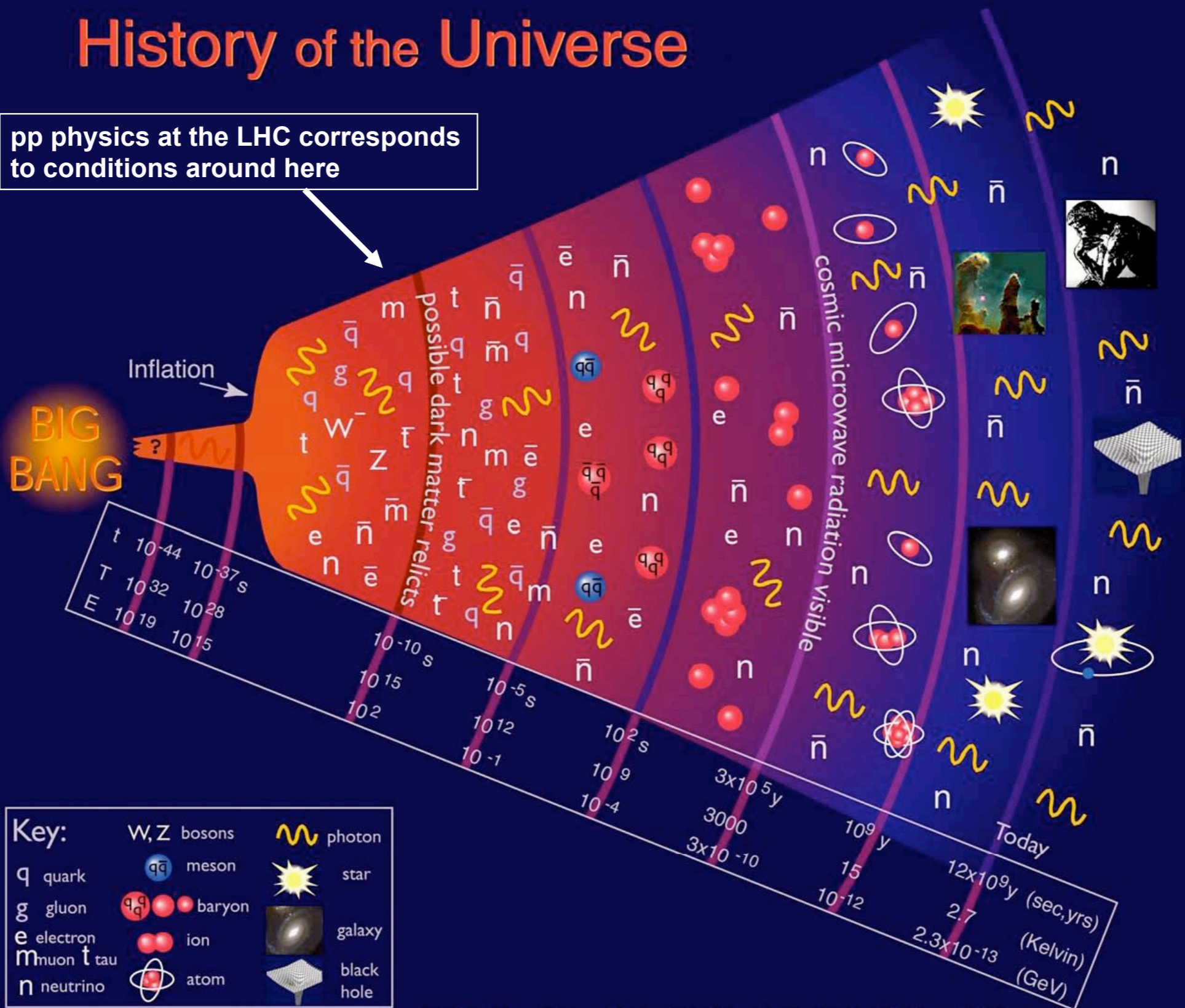
LHC (CERN)
13 TeV (2015)



Probing The Universe

History of the Universe

pp physics at the LHC corresponds to conditions around here



Particle Data Group, LBNL, © 2000. Supported by DOE and NSF

Large Hadron Collider

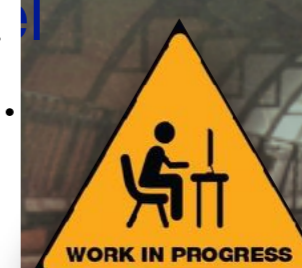
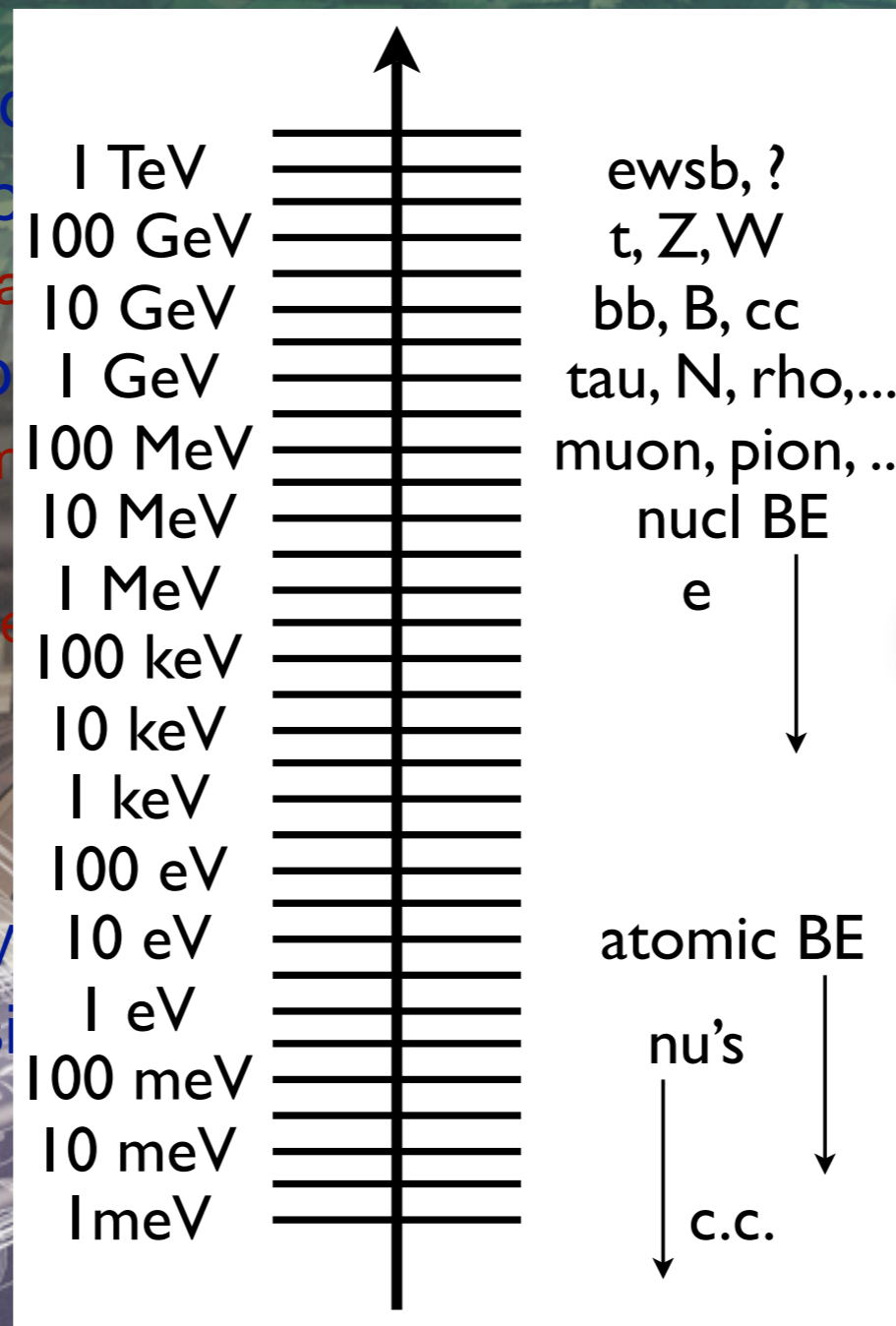
- ▷ Provide ultimate test of our understanding of the universe
- ▷ A new machine at the frontier of energy
 - Unexplored territory, not just precision test

▷ Primary objectives

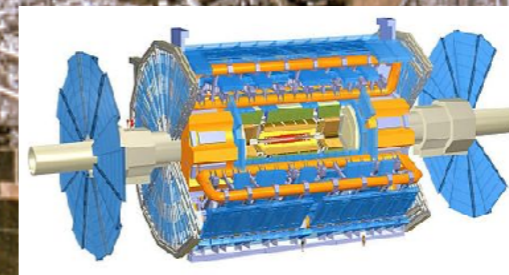
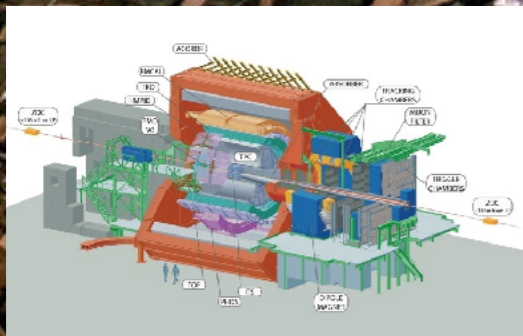
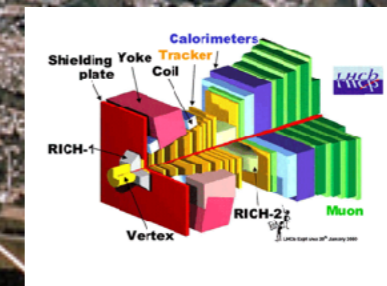
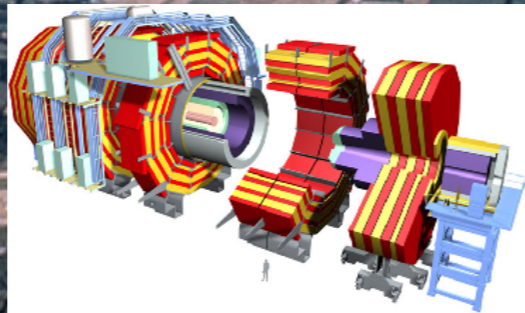
- Find Higgs boson precisely
- If found, measure its properties
 - decay rates, spin, quantum numbers
- Search for new phenomena
 - New bosons and fermions
 - Compositeness
 - Dark matter candidates

▷ Many questions arise

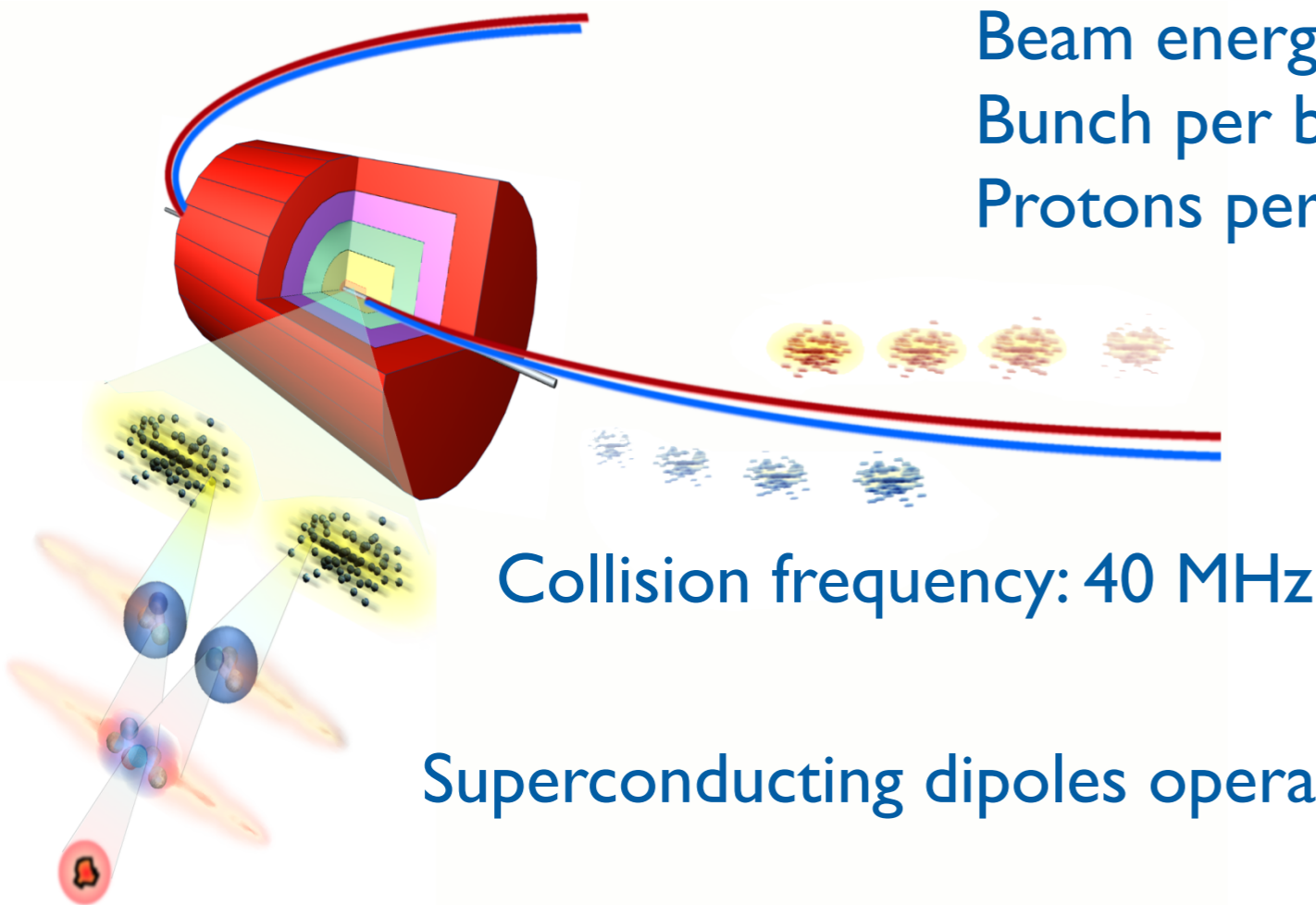
- Why so large?
- Why such high energy?
- How to discriminate signals?



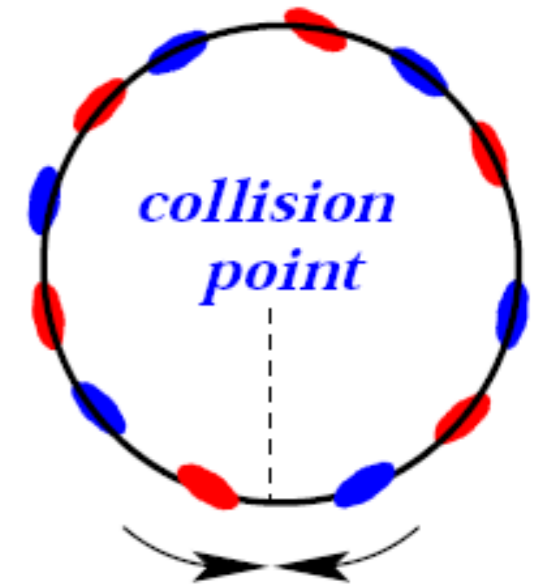
Four Experiments at LHC



Facts About LHC



Beam energy: 7 TeV
Bunch per beam: 2835
Protons per beam: 10^{11}



Collision frequency: 40 MHz

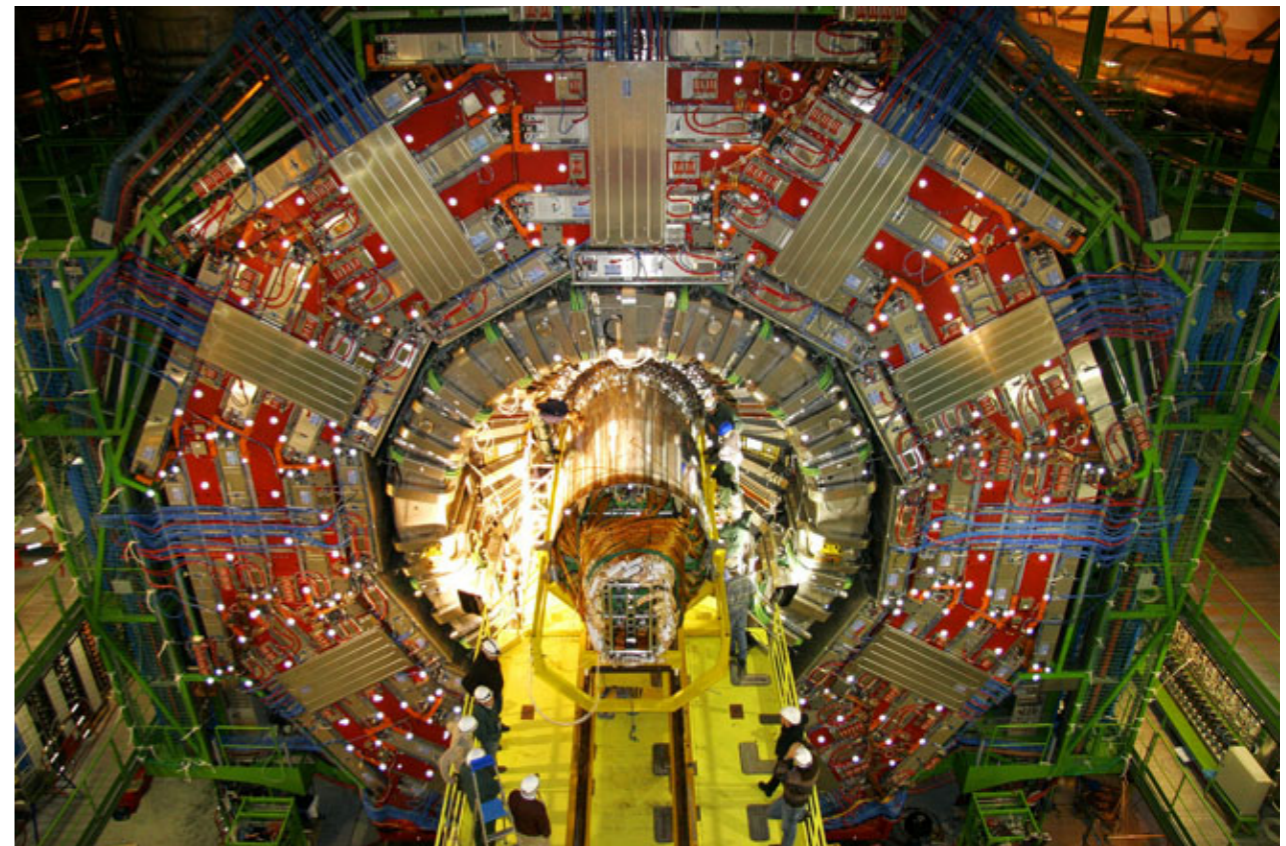
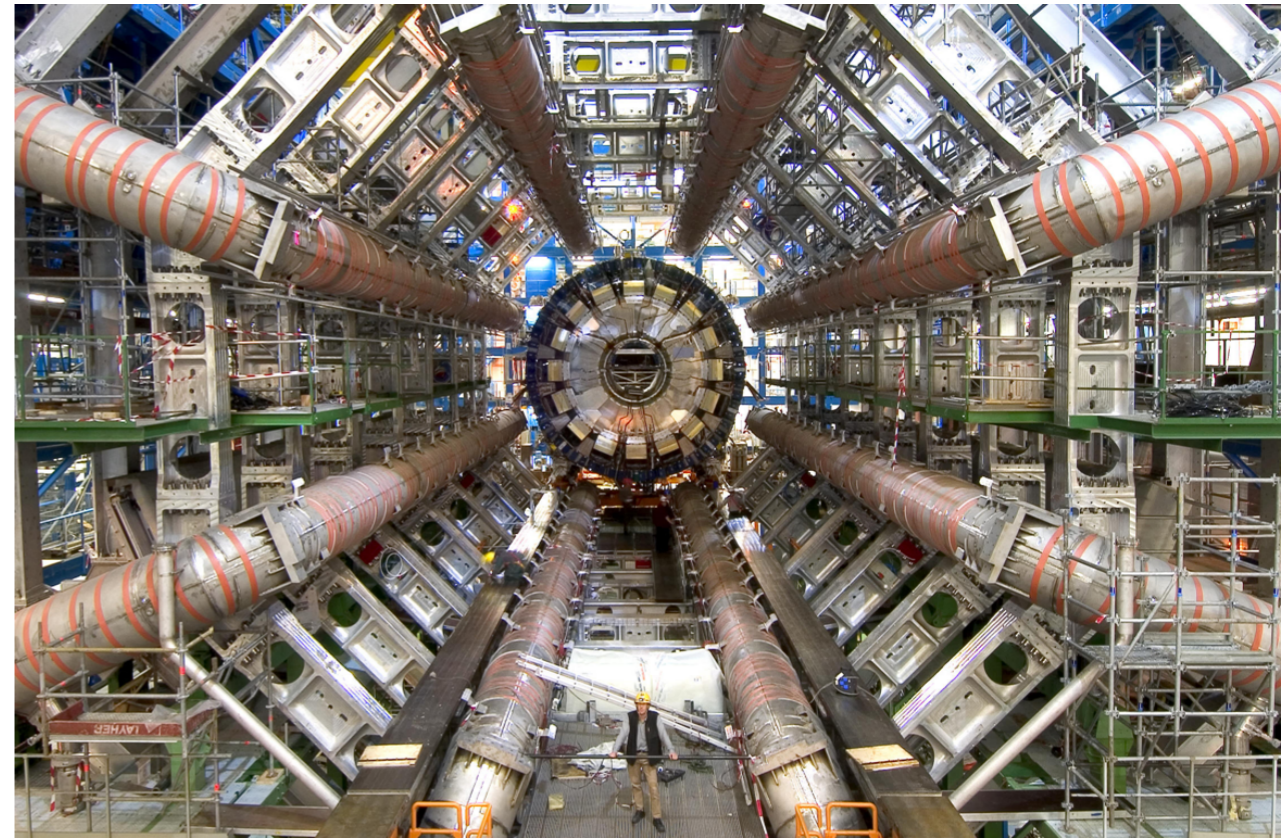
Superconducting dipoles operated at 1.9 K

- ▷ Energy stored in LHC magnets when operating at 14 TeV: 10.4 GJ
 - Enough to melt 12 tons of Copper!
 - The kinetic energy of an A380 at 700 km/hour
- ▷ Kinetic energy of 1 proton bunch: 129 kJ
- ▷ Kinetic energy of beam: 362 MJ

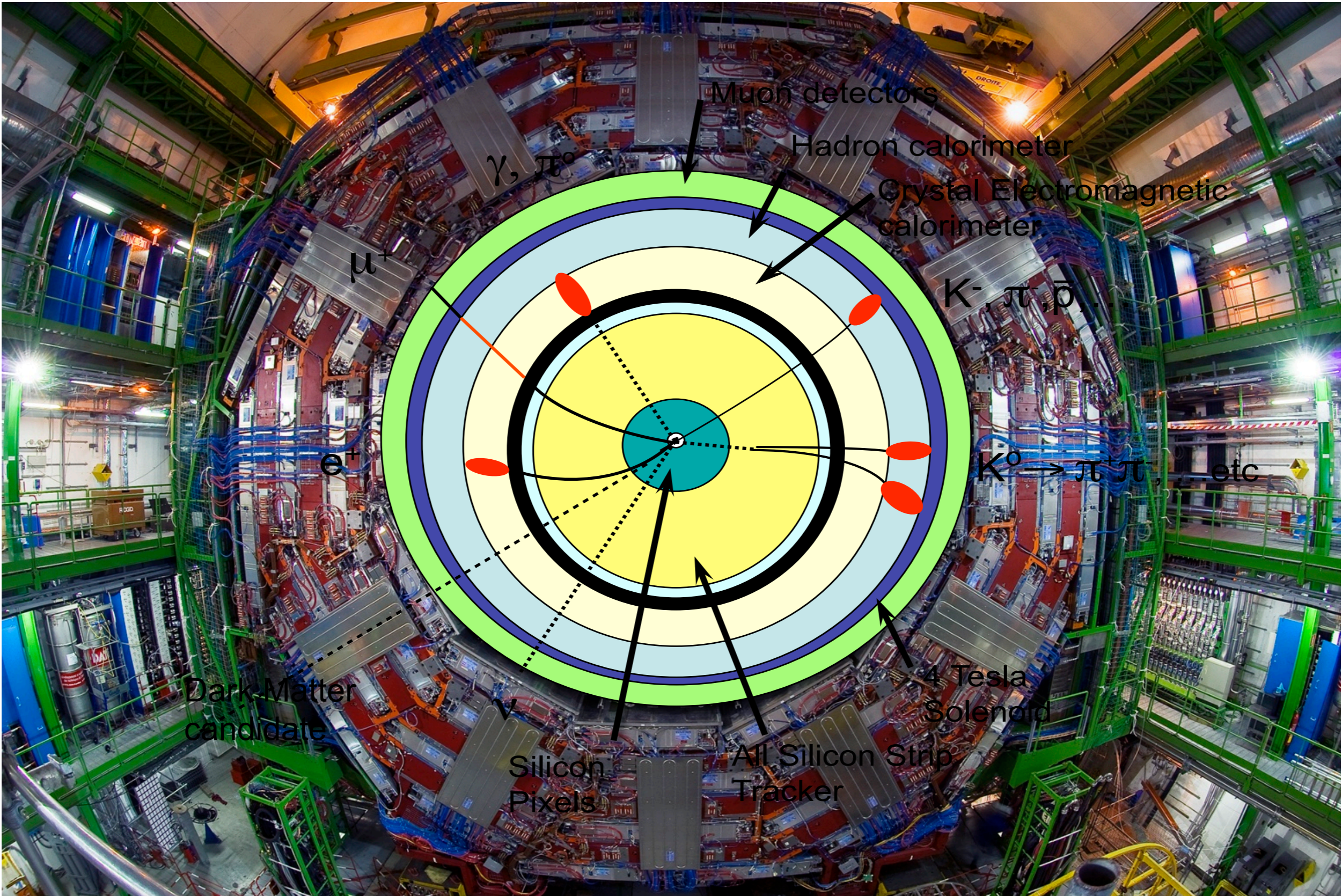


Gigantic Digital Camera

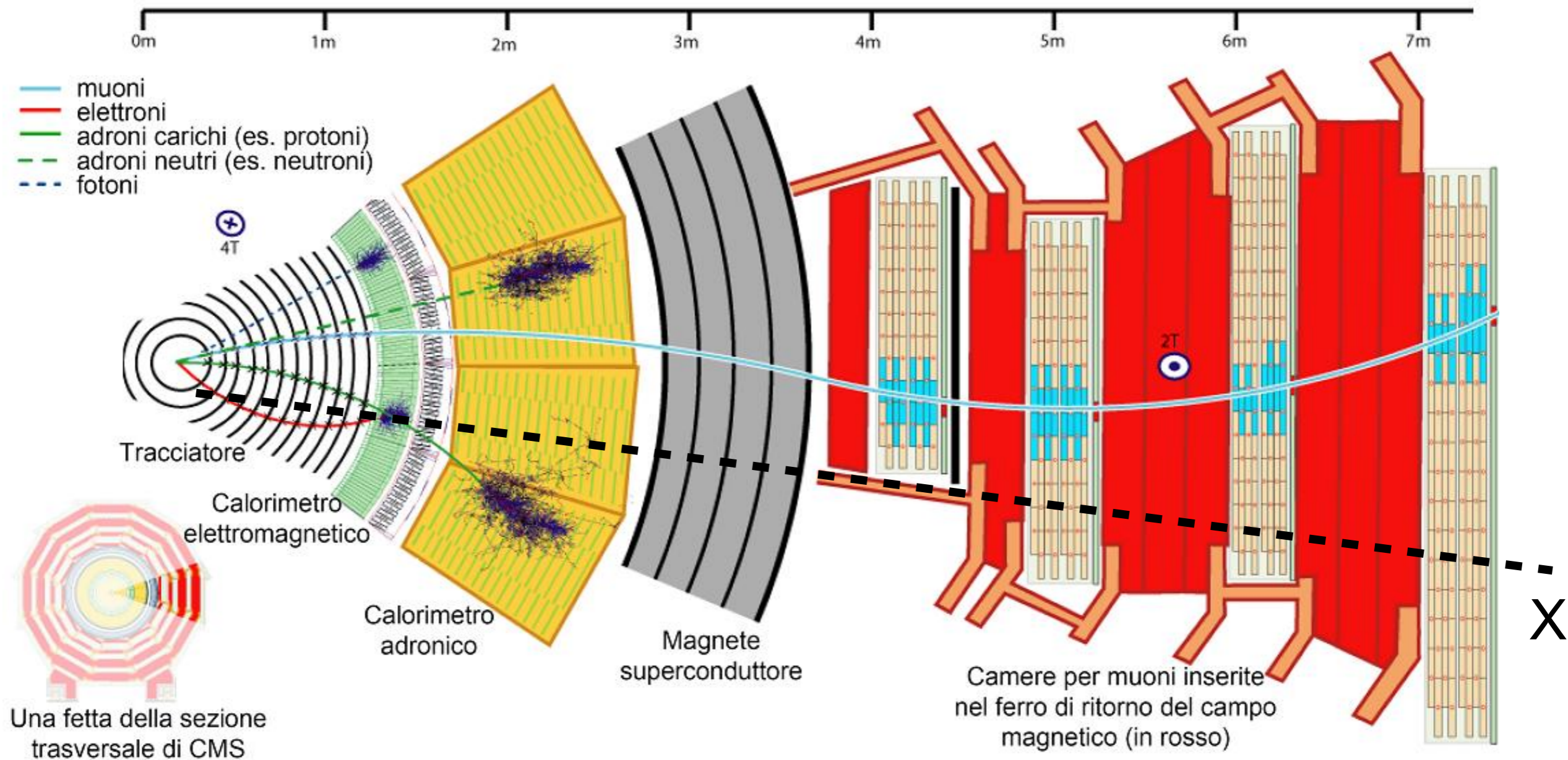
- ▷ Very heavy digital camera
 - 40 million pictures per second
 - Almost 100 million pixels
 - 3D pictures
- ▷ >100'000 of CPUs used to quickly filter data
 - 10'000 pictures selected each second
- ▷ Only 1000 pictures stored on disk
 - pictures selected within 100 ms
- ▷ 22 million GigaByte of data each year (>1 million DVD)
 - Data hosted and analysed at computing centers worldwide



Compact Muon Solenoid



Particle Identification



- ▷ Detectors record signals from hadrons, charged leptons, and photons
- ▷ Relativistic kinematics with **energy** and **momentum conservation**

Energy Frontier after Higgs Discovery

▷ Intense scrutiny of Higgs and Yukawa sector

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\psi}D\psi$$

$$+ |D_{\mu}\phi|^2 - V(H)$$

$$+ Y_{ij}\psi_i\psi_j\phi + \text{h.c.}$$

Precision Electroweak and
QCD

Higgs properties
Higgs self interaction

Higgs coupling to bosons and fermions
CKM matrix and CP Violation

▷ While keeping a wide open eye on new phenomena

$$+ \mathcal{L}_{\text{New}}$$

New light and heavy particles
Lepton flavour universality violation
Leptoquarks
SUSY
Long-lived particles
Dark matter

Means of Falsification

- ▷ Multiple and redundant measurements of well known quantities
 - different methods
 - different contexts
 - different technologies

The Known Knowns
- ▷ Measurement of very small and precise predictions
 - variety of such observables across the spectrum
 - typically referred to as indirect search for New Physics
 - At LHC now merging with standard Physics thanks to amount of data

The Known Unknowns
- ▷ Search for the exotic
 - chasing more or less crazy ideas by theory friends
 - often motivated by some big question
 - Taking advantage of capabilities of detectors for unconventional signatures

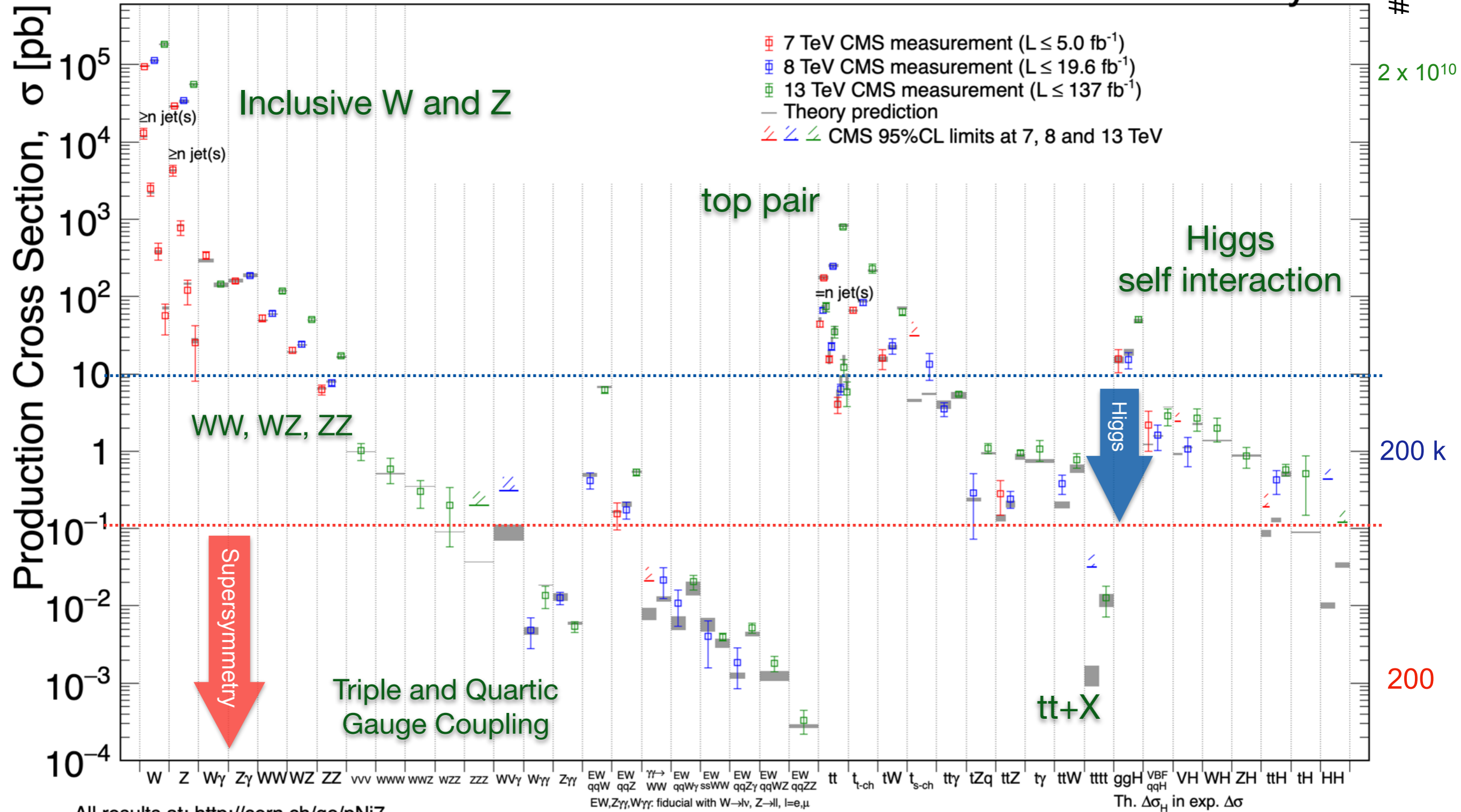
The Unknown Unknowns
- ▷ New computational tools for more efficient data mining and increasing sensitivity
- ▷ New technologies to improve detection techniques and try new avenues

New Physics through Precision

produced so far

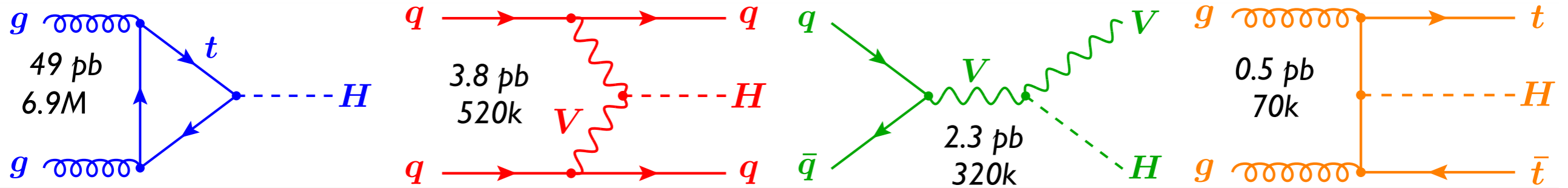
June 2021

CMS Preliminary

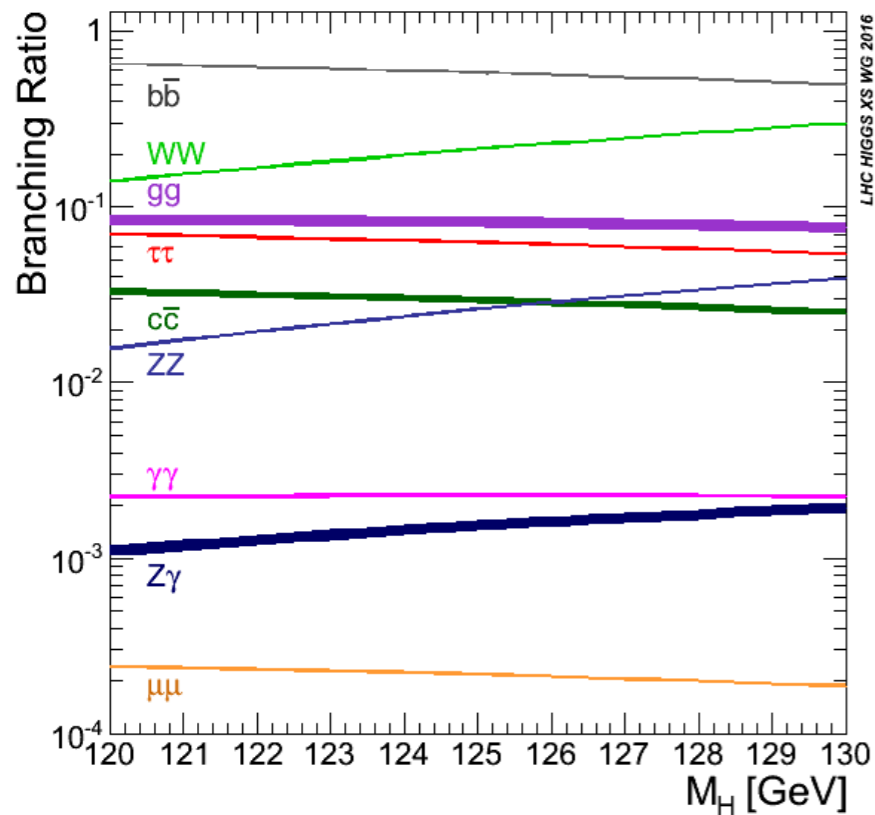


All results at: <http://cern.ch/go/pNj7>

Vector boson scattering



σ [pb]
 #Higgs produced during
 Run-2



Production

Decay

	ggF	VBF	VH	ttH
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$	●	●	●	●
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	●	●	●	●
$H \rightarrow WW$	●	●	●	●
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	●	●	●	●
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	●	●		●
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	●	●	●	●
$H \rightarrow \text{inv}$	●	●	●	

More than 250 event categories

Higgs

From Discovery to Precision

$$Y_{ij} \psi_i \psi_j \phi$$

Higgs Physics

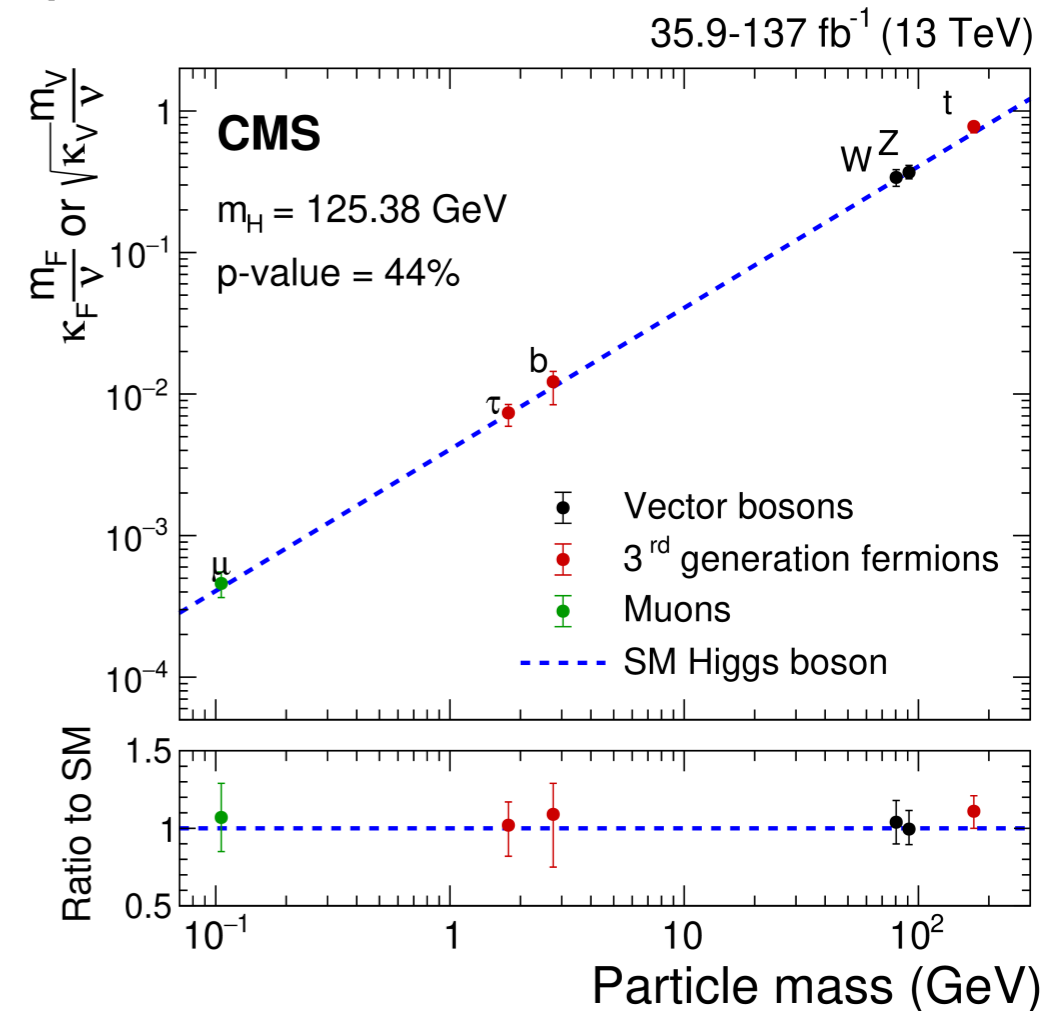
- ▷ A standard candle of Standard Model in just a decade since its discovery
 - compare to top, W, and Z
- ▷ Higgs now used as a probe in searches for new phenomena
 - FCNC in top decays
 - Search for Supersymmetry
 - Search for Dark Matter WIMP candidates
 - Decay of heavy new particles to H+X

- ▷ Couplings to 3rd generation established
 - taus in 2017, top and b in 2018

- ▷ Coupling to 2nd generation under way!
 - evidence for muons, tackling also charm

- ▷ So far it **walks** and **talks** like the Standard Model Higgs

- ▷ *Falsification of the Higgs mechanism a critical component of High Energy Frontier program*



Means of Falsification

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- different contexts
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The Known Knowns

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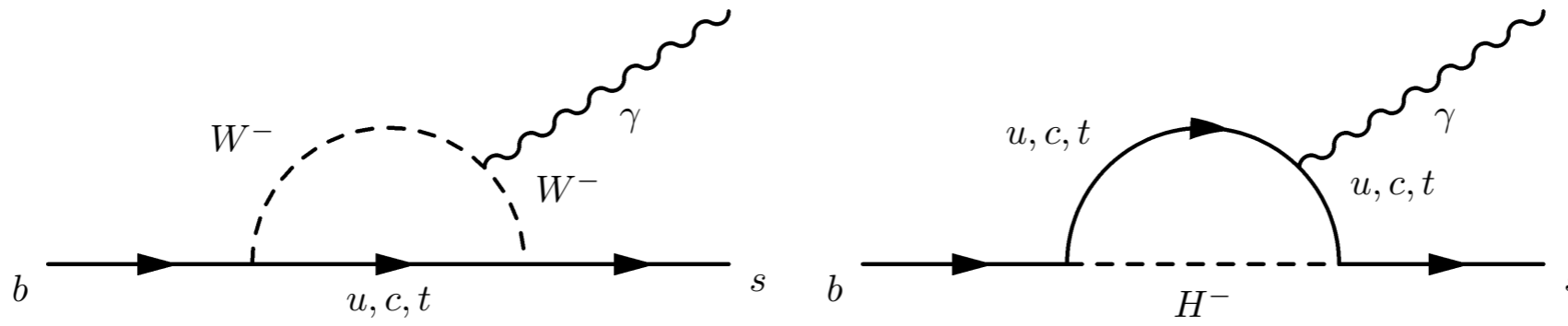
The Known Unknowns

▷ Search for the exotic

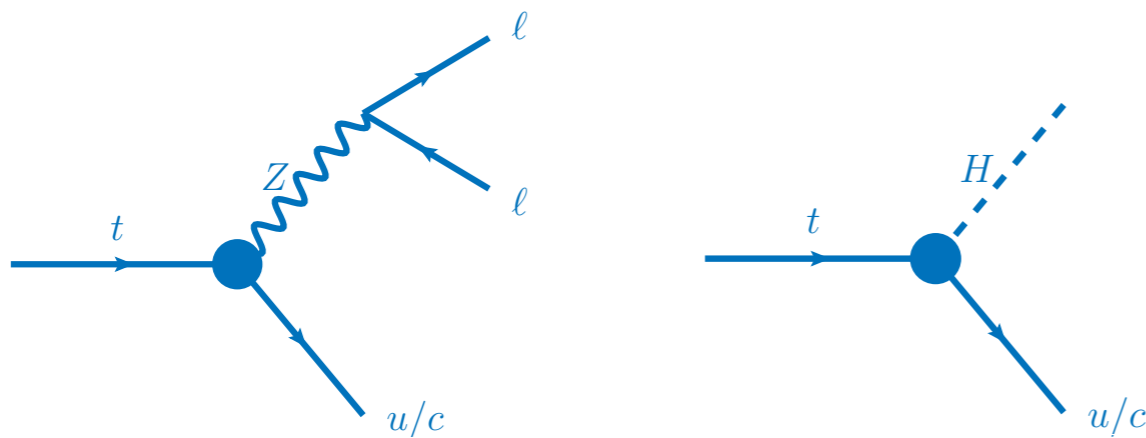
- chasing more or less crazy ideas by theory friends
 - often motivated by some big question
- Taking advantage of capabilities of detectors for unconventional signatures

The Unknown Unknowns

Flavor Changing Neutral Currents



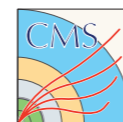
- ▷ Forbidden in Standard Model at tree level
- ▷ Typically small predicted rates and hence sensitive to new particles in strong and electroweak penguin loops
- ▷ Rich area of probe in b, c, s, and now also top decays using Higgs!



SM

$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow qH) \sim 10^{-15}$$

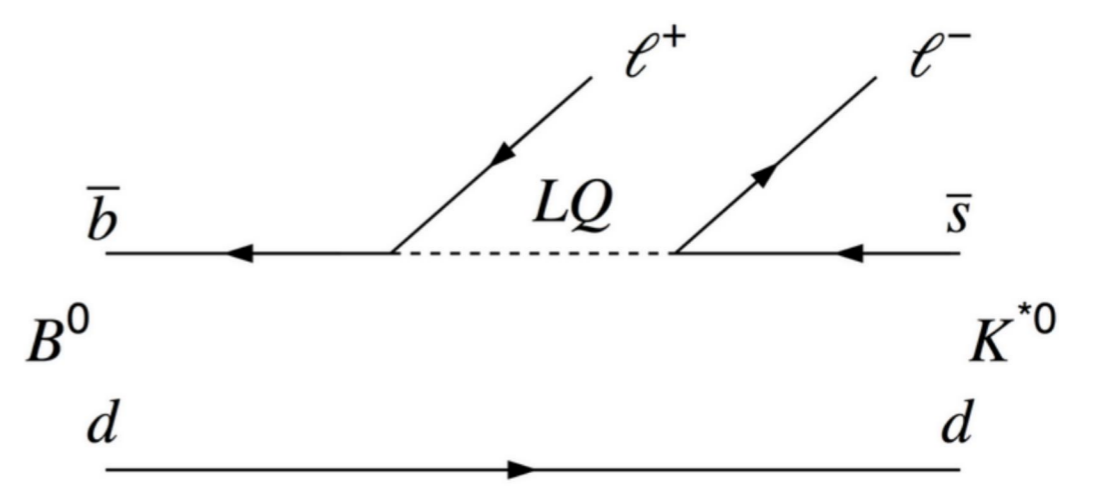
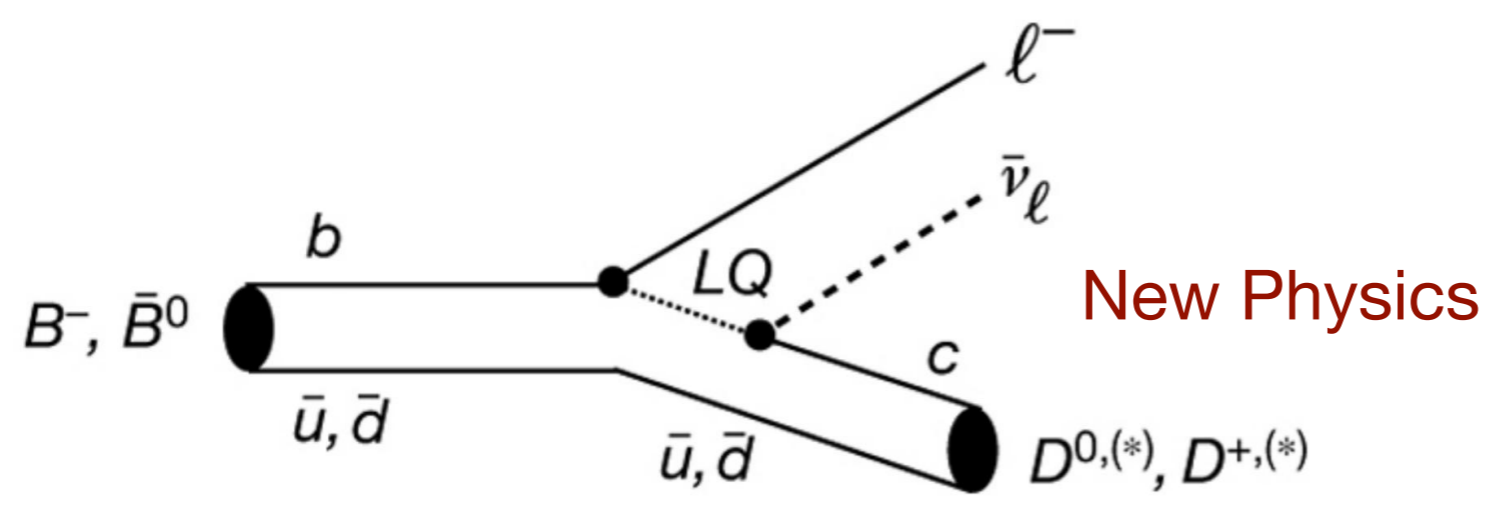
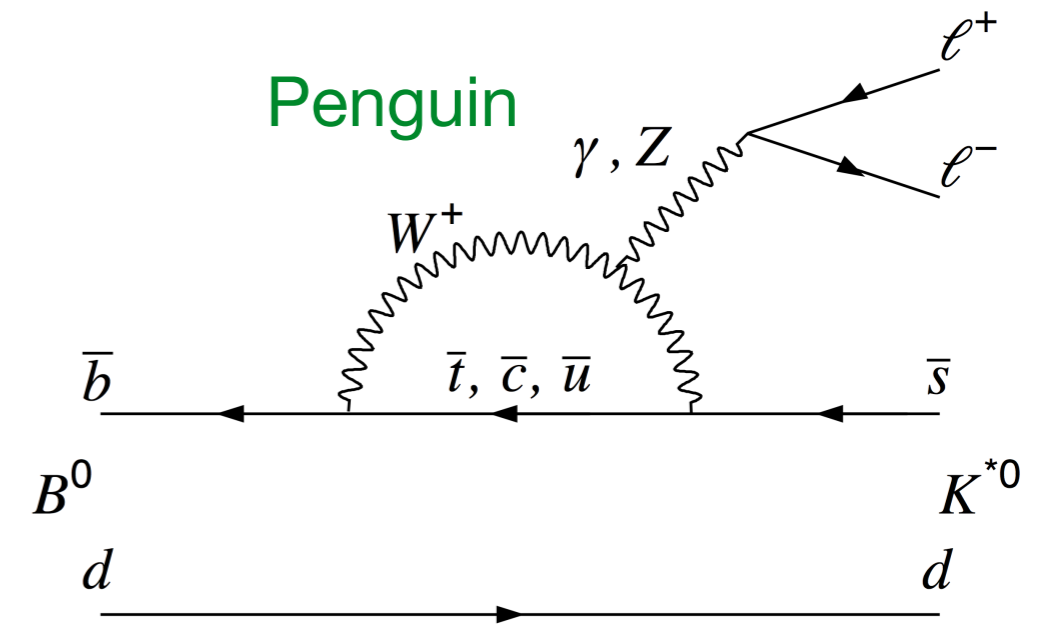
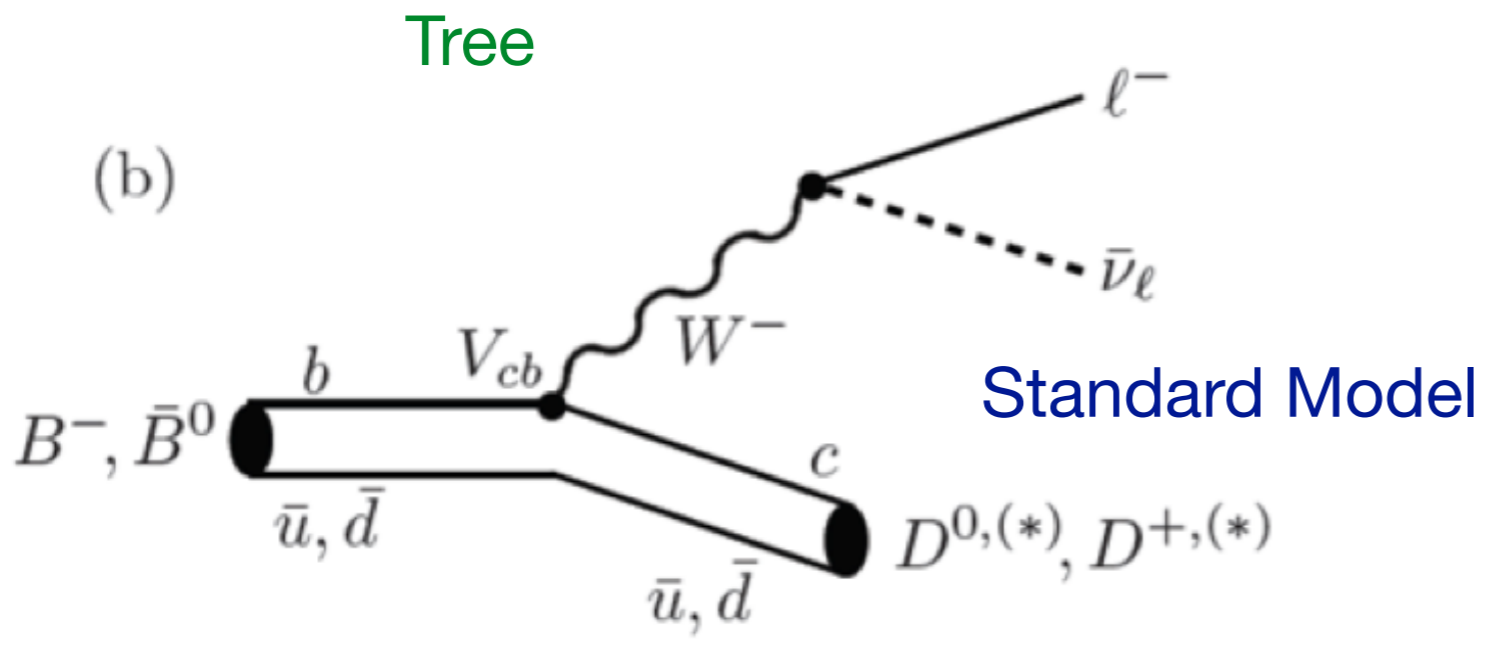
$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow qZ) \sim 10^{-14}$$



New CMS-PAS-TOP-20-007

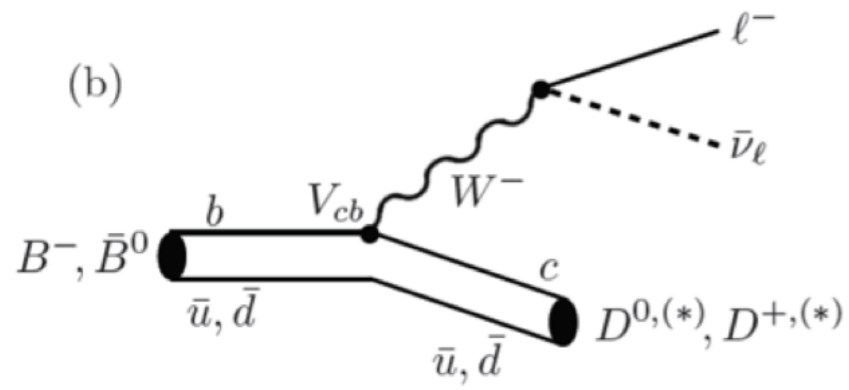
$$B(t \rightarrow Hu) < 1.9 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$B(t \rightarrow Hc) < 7.3 \times 10^{-4}$$

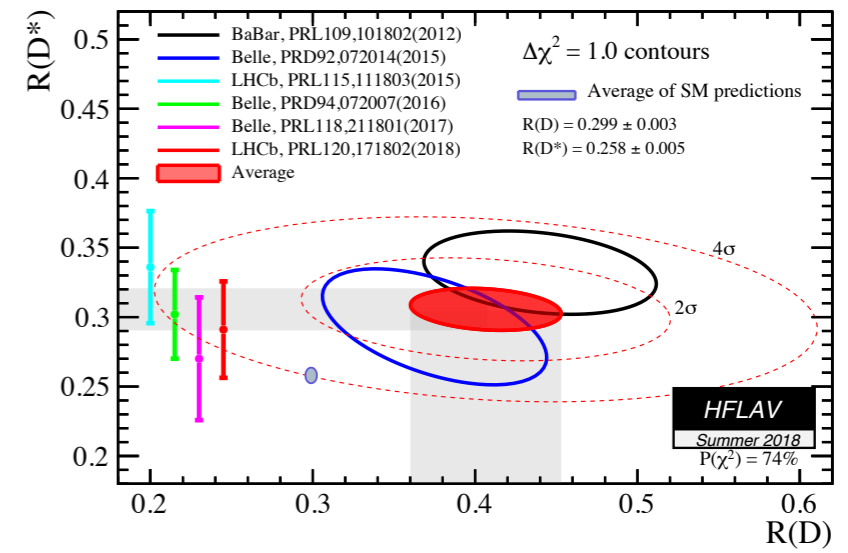


Lepton Flavor Universality

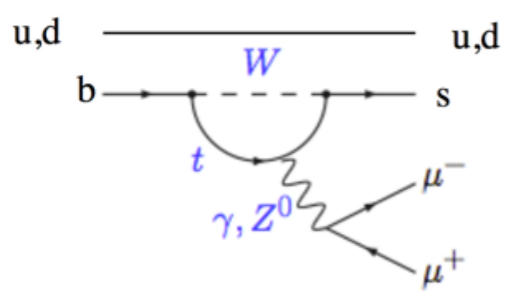
Long Standing Anomalies



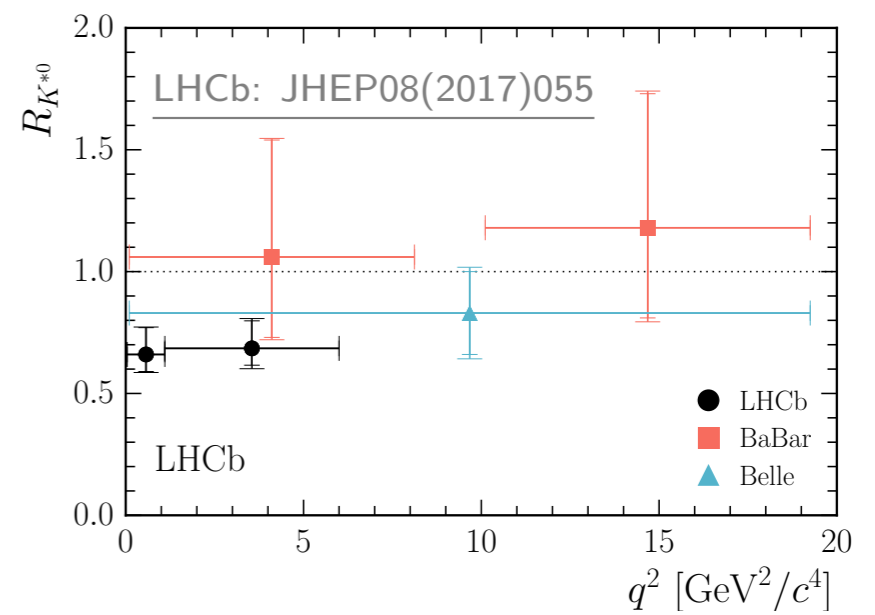
$$R(D^*) = \frac{BF(B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu)}{BF(B \rightarrow D^* \mu \nu)}$$



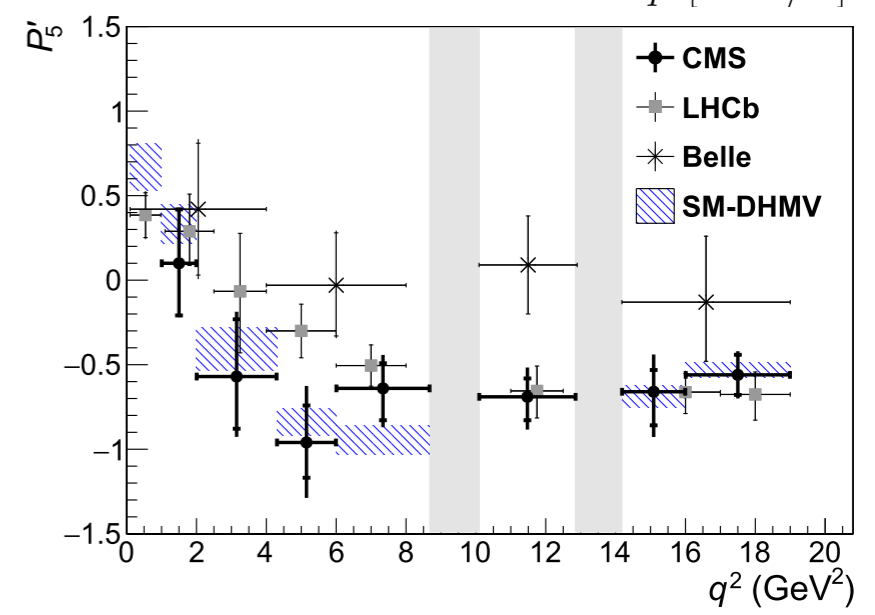
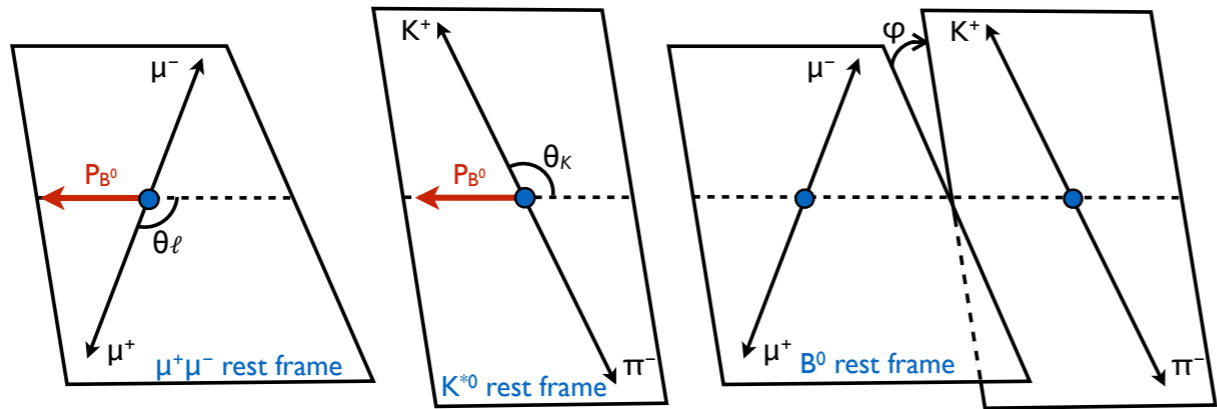
muons / electrons [b → s]



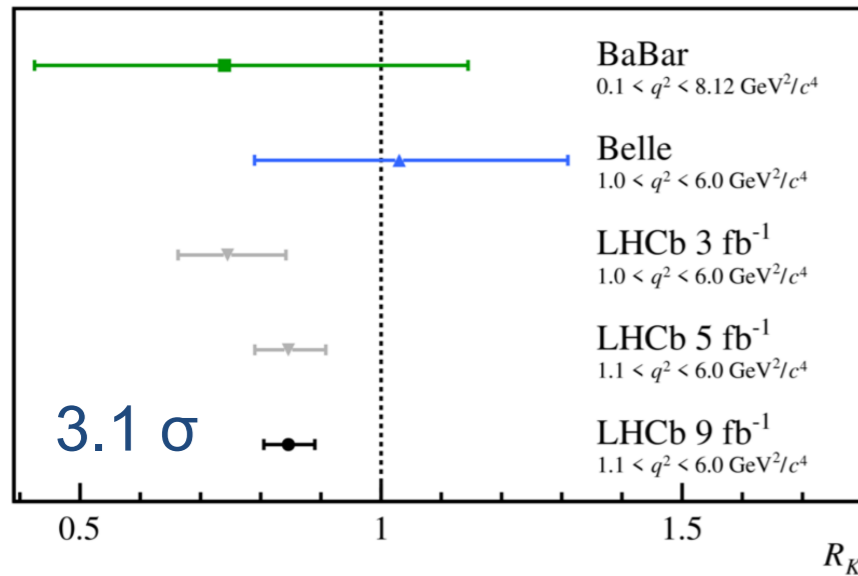
$$R_K = \frac{BR(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)}{BR(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ e^+ e^-)}$$



$$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}(K^+ \pi^-) \mu^+ \mu^-$$

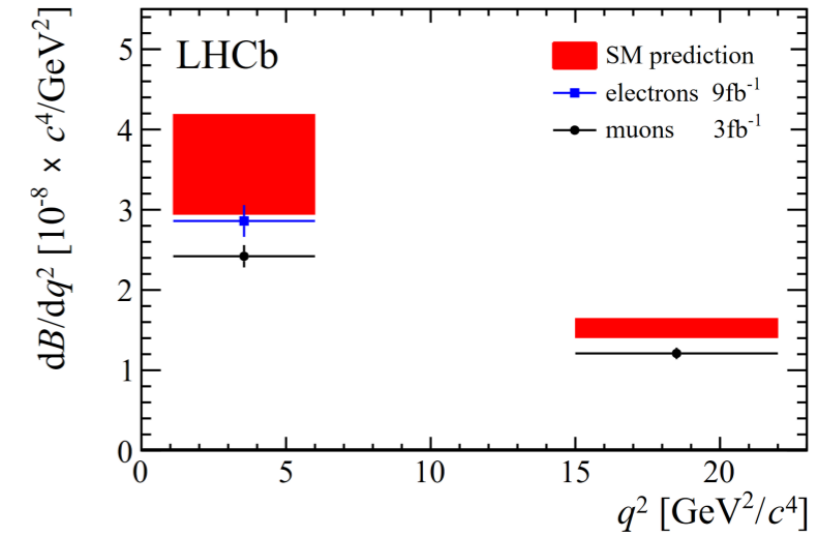


Anomaly stands still



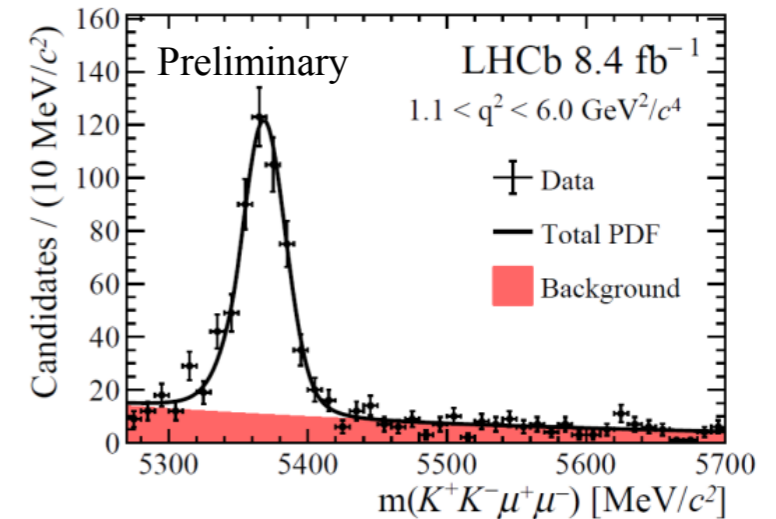
$$R_K = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu\mu) / \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ J/\psi(\mu\mu))}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ ee) / \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ J/\psi(ee))} = \frac{N(K^+ \mu\mu)}{N(K^+ J/\psi(\mu\mu))} \cdot \frac{N(K^+ J/\psi(ee))}{N(K^+ ee)} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon(K^+ J/\psi(\mu\mu))}{\varepsilon(K^+ \mu\mu)} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon(K^+ ee)}{\varepsilon(K^+ J/\psi(ee))}$$

$$R_K = 0.846^{+0.044}_{-0.041}$$

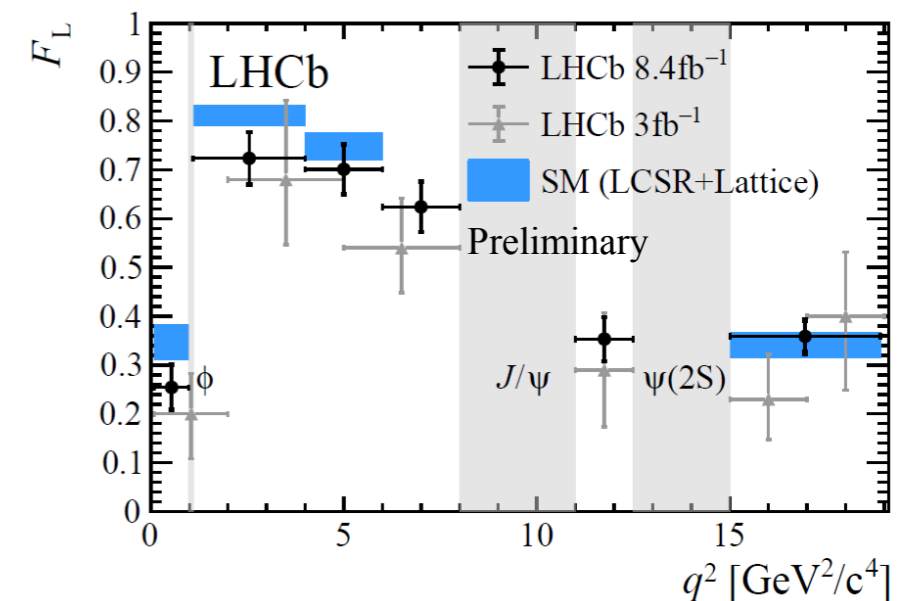


▷ New angular analysis in $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi \mu^+ \mu^-$

- Discrepancy wrt predictions similar to $K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$
- CP Asymmetries and averages compatible with SM



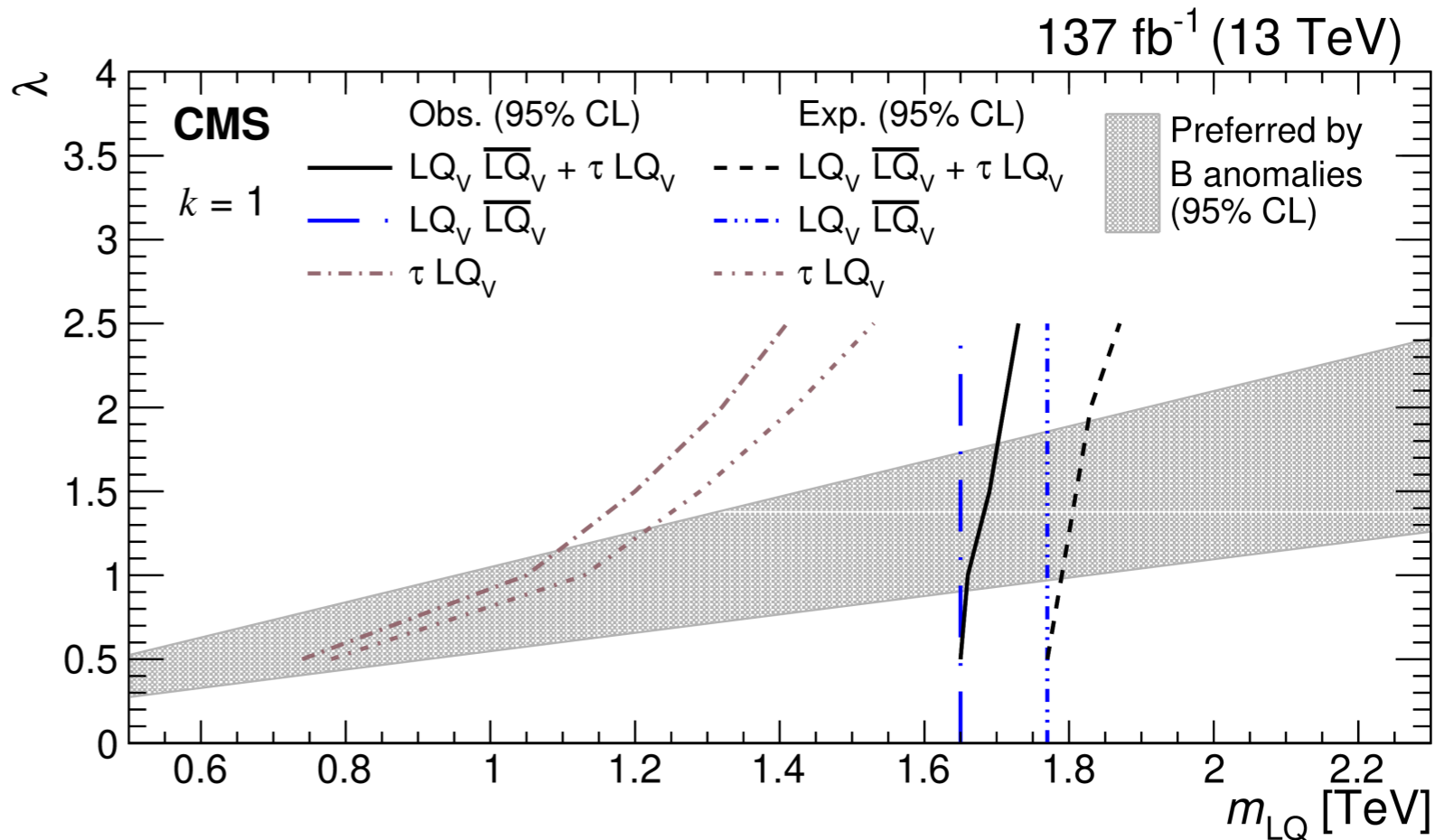
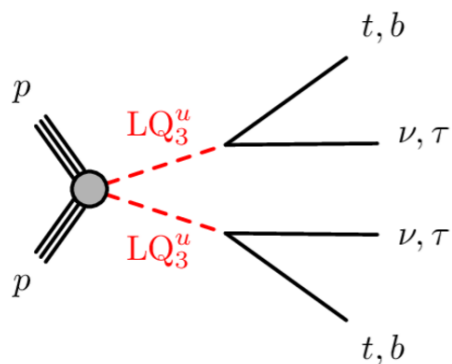
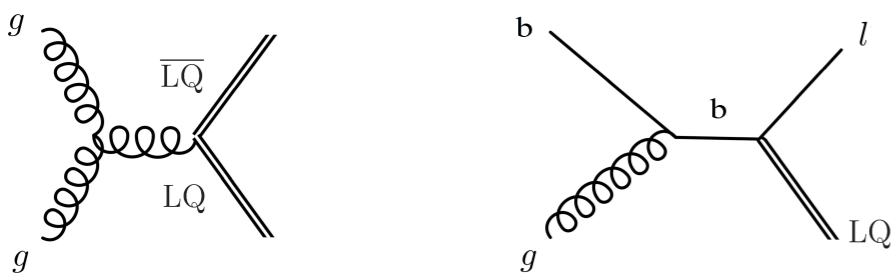
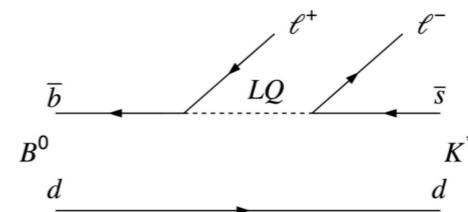
$$\frac{1}{d(\Gamma + \bar{\Gamma})/dq^2 d\cos\theta_l d\cos\theta_K d\phi} \frac{d^3(\Gamma + \bar{\Gamma})}{dq^2 d\cos\theta_l d\cos\theta_K d\phi} = \frac{9}{32\pi} \left[\frac{3}{4}(1 - F_L) \sin^2 \theta_K (1 + \frac{1}{3} \cos 2\theta_l) + F_L \cos^2 \theta_K (1 - \cos 2\theta_l) + S_3 \sin^2 \theta_K \sin^2 \theta_l \cos 2\phi + S_4 \sin 2\theta_K \sin 2\theta_l \cos \phi + A_5 \sin 2\theta_K \sin \theta_l \cos \phi + \frac{4}{3} A_{FB}^{CP} \sin^2 \theta_K \cos \theta_l + S_7 \sin 2\theta_K \sin \theta_l \sin \phi + A_8 \sin 2\theta_K \sin 2\theta_l \sin \phi + A_9 \sin^2 \theta_K \sin^2 \theta_l \sin 2\phi \right]$$



Tackling Anomalies at High Mass

► Tree-level explanation of B anomalies with preferred coupling to 2nd and 3rd generations

– Pair- and single-production of leptoquarks



CMS

Leptoquarks

- scalar LQ (pair prod.), coupling to 1st gen. fermions, $\beta = 1$
- scalar LQ (pair prod.), coupling to 1st gen. fermions, $\beta = 0.5$
- scalar LQ (pair prod.), coupling to 2nd gen. fermions, $\beta = 1$
- scalar LQ (pair prod.), coupling to 2nd gen. fermions, $\beta = 0.5$
- scalar LQ (pair prod.), coupling to 2nd gen. fermions, $\beta = 1$
- scalar LQ (pair prod.), coupling to 2nd gen. fermions, $\beta = 0.5$
- scalar LQ (pair prod.), coupling to 3rd gen. fermions, $\beta = 1$
- scalar LQ (single prod.), coupling to 1st gen. fermions, $\beta = 0, \lambda = 1$
- scalar LQ (single prod.), coupling to 3rd gen. fermions, $\beta = 1, \lambda = 1$

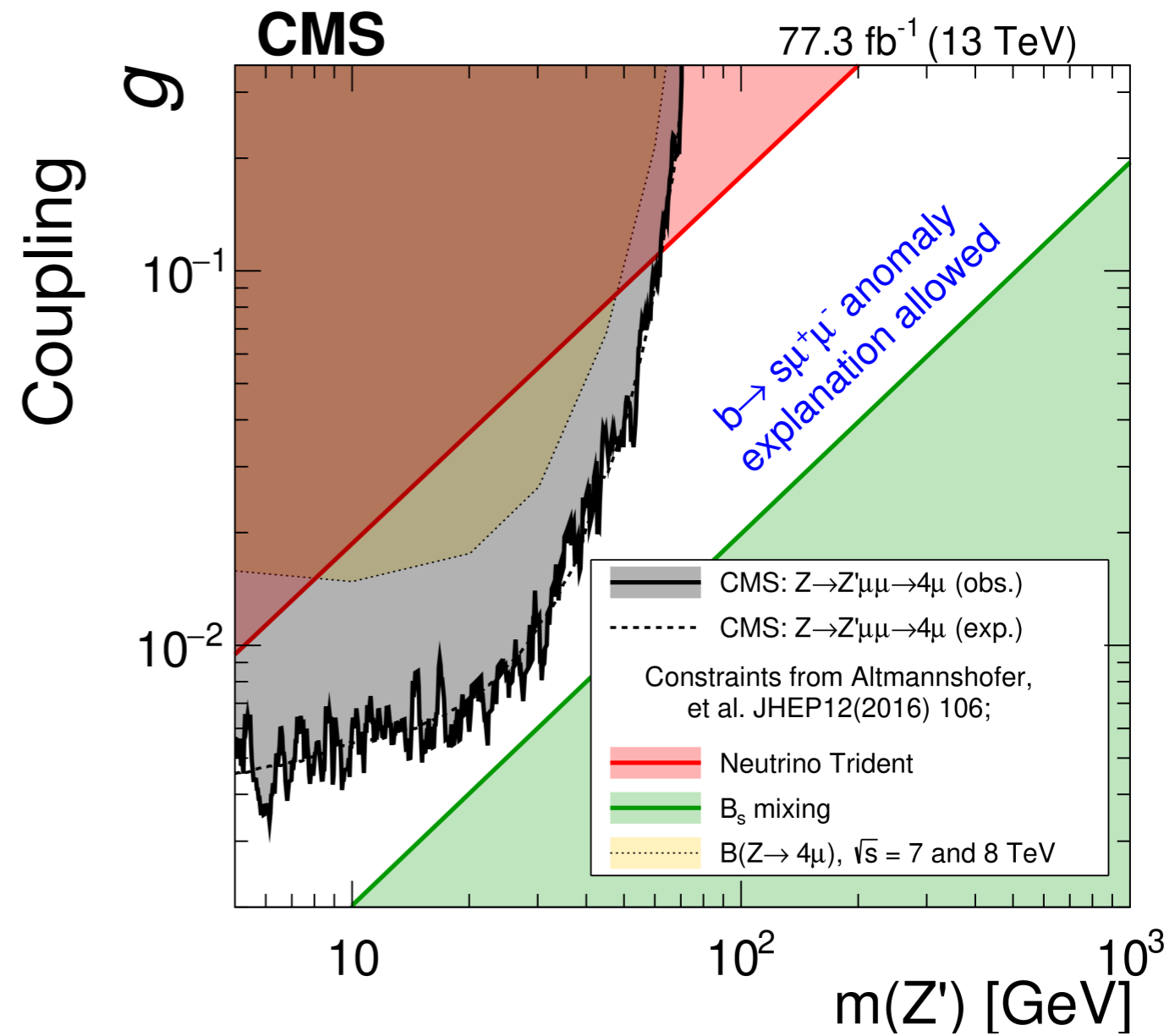
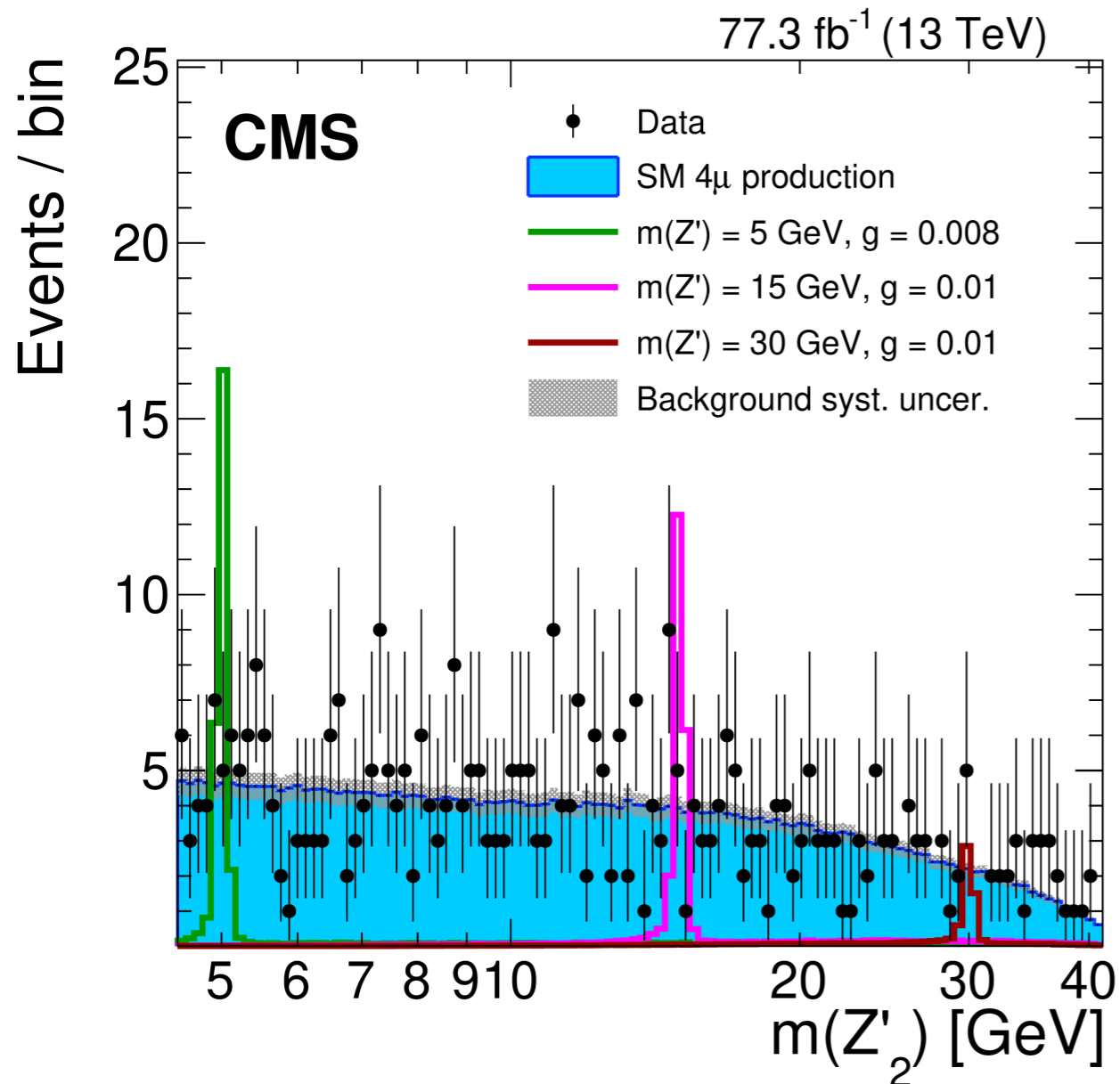
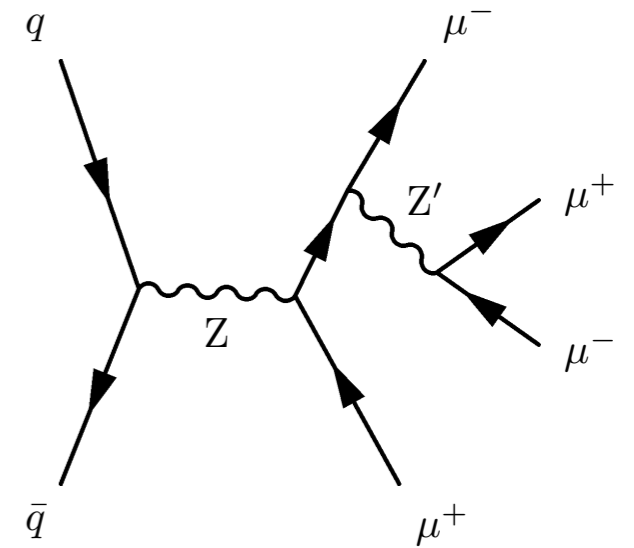
M	<1.44	1811.01197 (2e + 2j)	36 fb ⁻¹
M	<1.27	1811.01197 (2e + 2j; e + 2j + E _T ^{miss})	36 fb ⁻¹
M	<1.53	1808.05082 (2μ + 2j)	36 fb ⁻¹
M	0.8–1.5	1811.10151 (1μ + 1j + E _T ^{miss})	77 fb ⁻¹
M	<1.29	1808.05082 (2μ + 2j; μ + 2j + E _T ^{miss})	36 fb ⁻¹
M	<1.02	1811.00806 (2τ + 2j)	36 fb ⁻¹
M	1–1.6	EXO-20-004 (≥ 1j + E _T ^{miss})	101 fb ⁻¹
M	<0.74	1806.03472 (2τ + b)	36 fb ⁻¹

Selection of observed exclusion limits at 95% C.L. (theory uncertainties are not included).

Light Z' boson

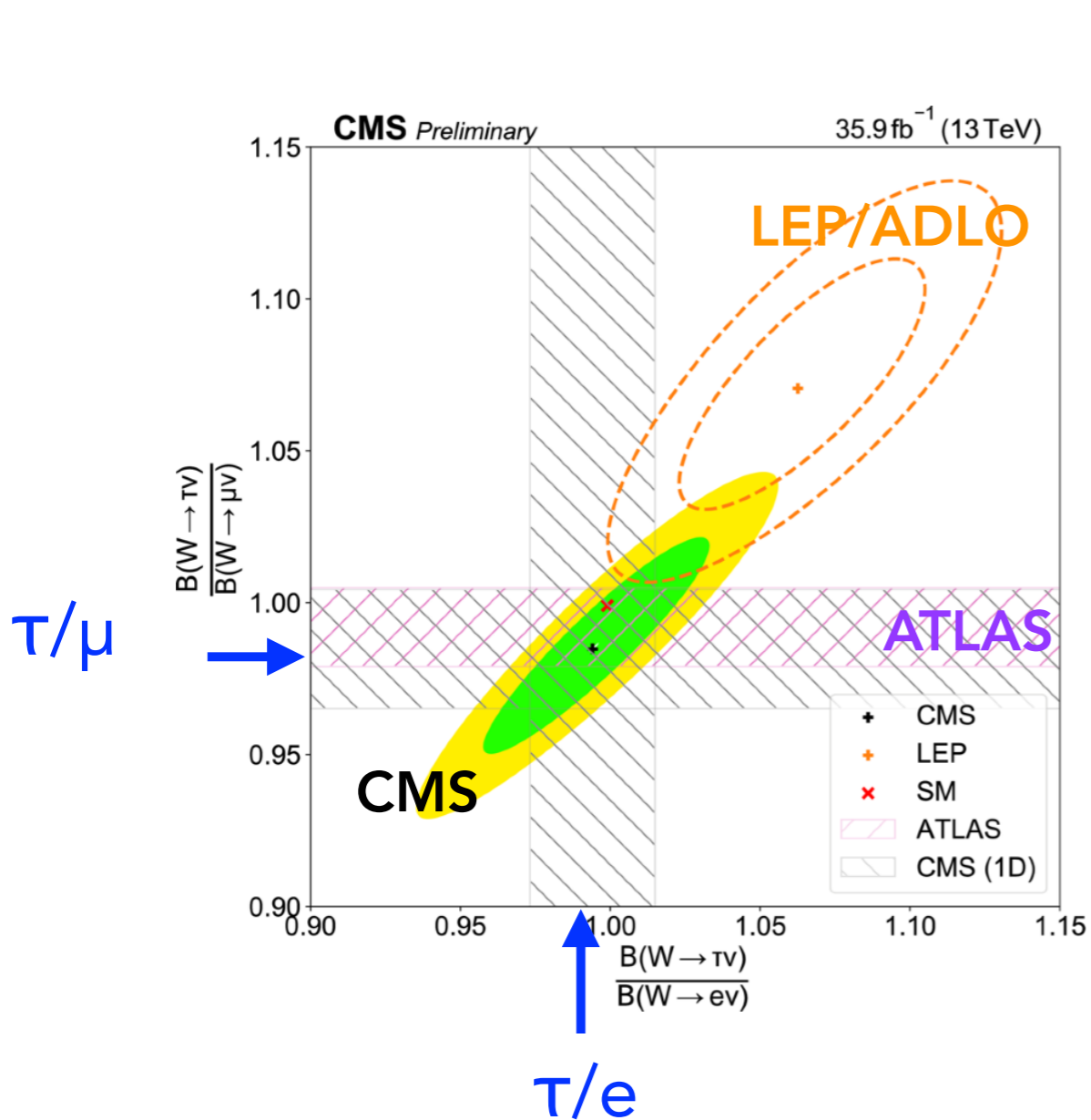
- ▷ Search for new gauge boson below the Z mass
 - New ideas taking advantage of 2017 data

EXO-18-008

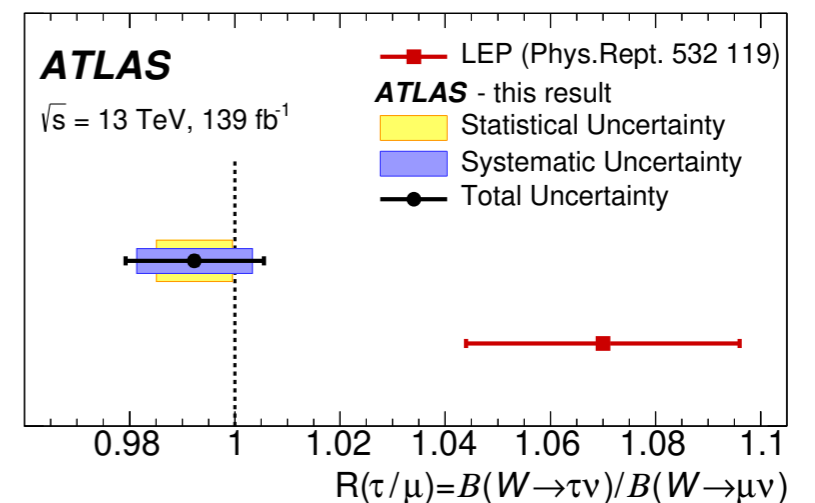
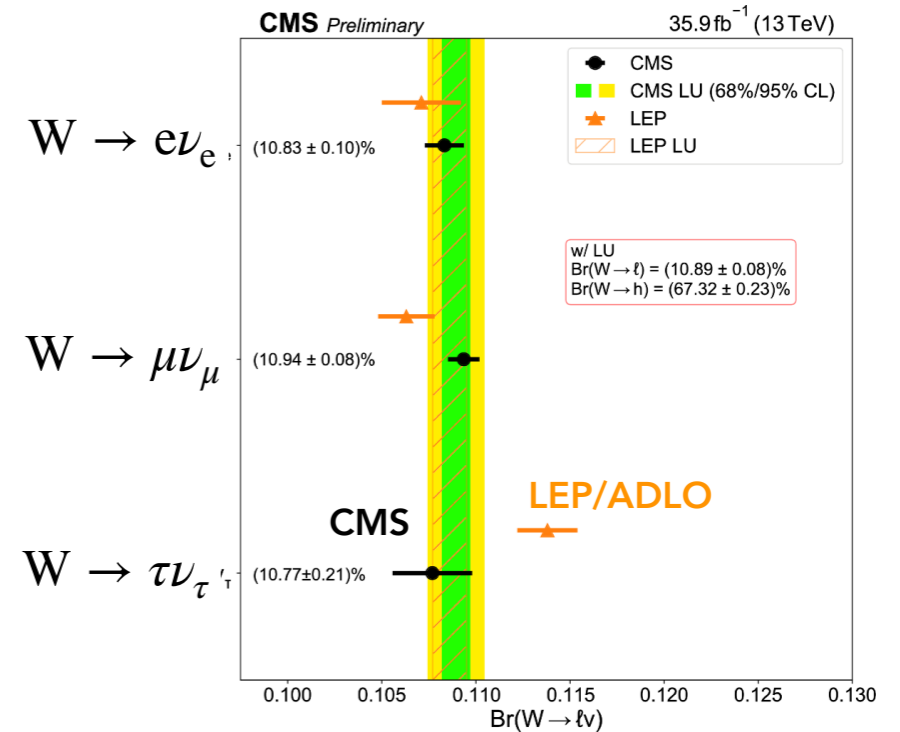


Lepton Universality in W decays

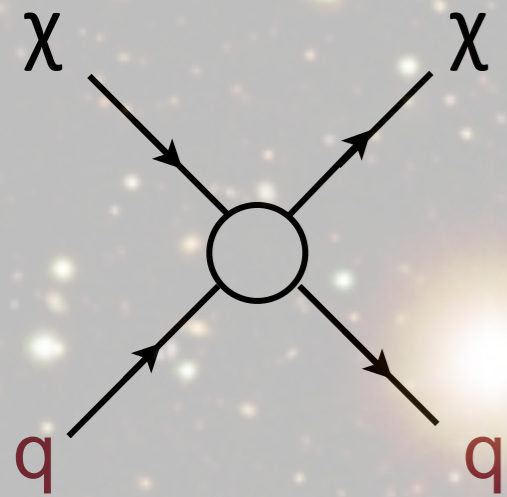
▷ Compare W branching fraction in e, μ, τ



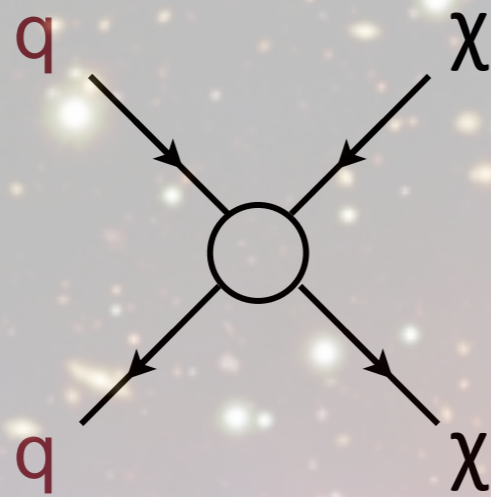
Branching fractions $W \rightarrow e, \mu, \tau$



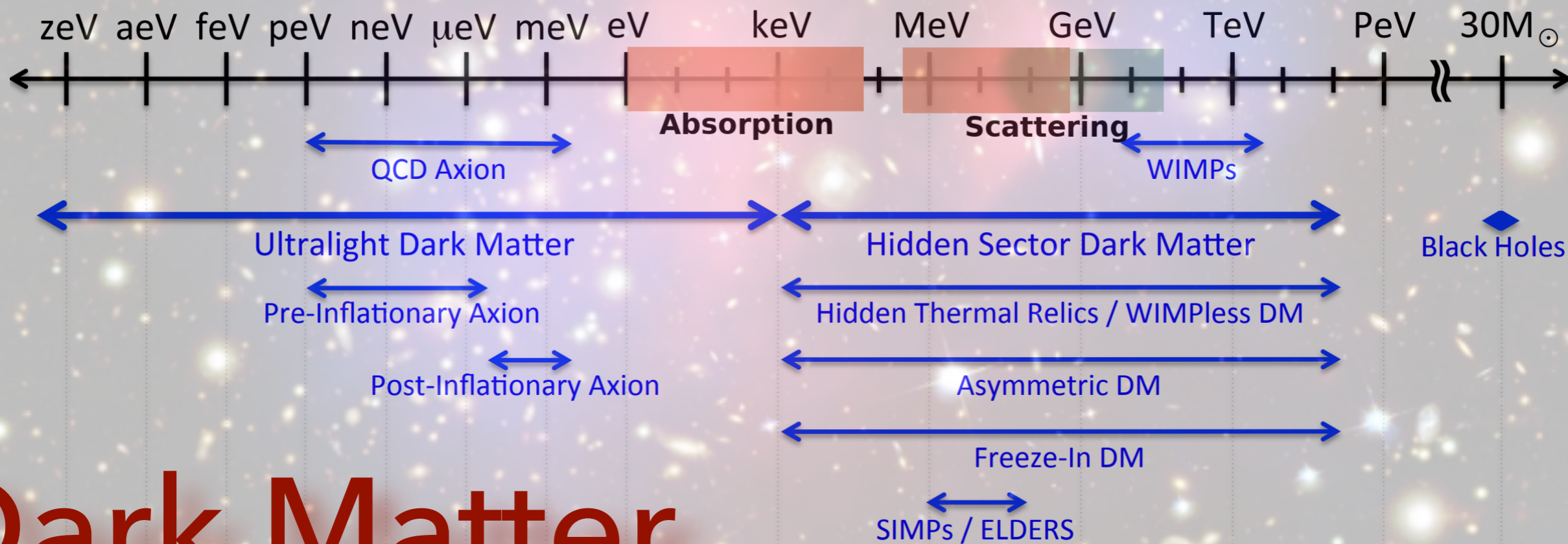
▷ Very good agreement between LHC and Standard Model



Direct Detection

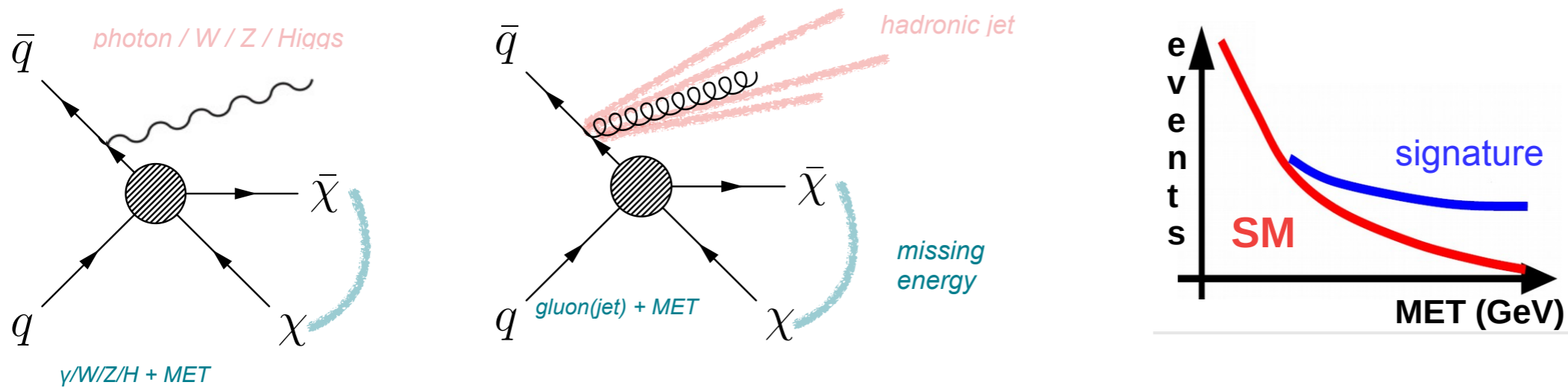


Production at Colliders



Dark Matter
 The known unknown

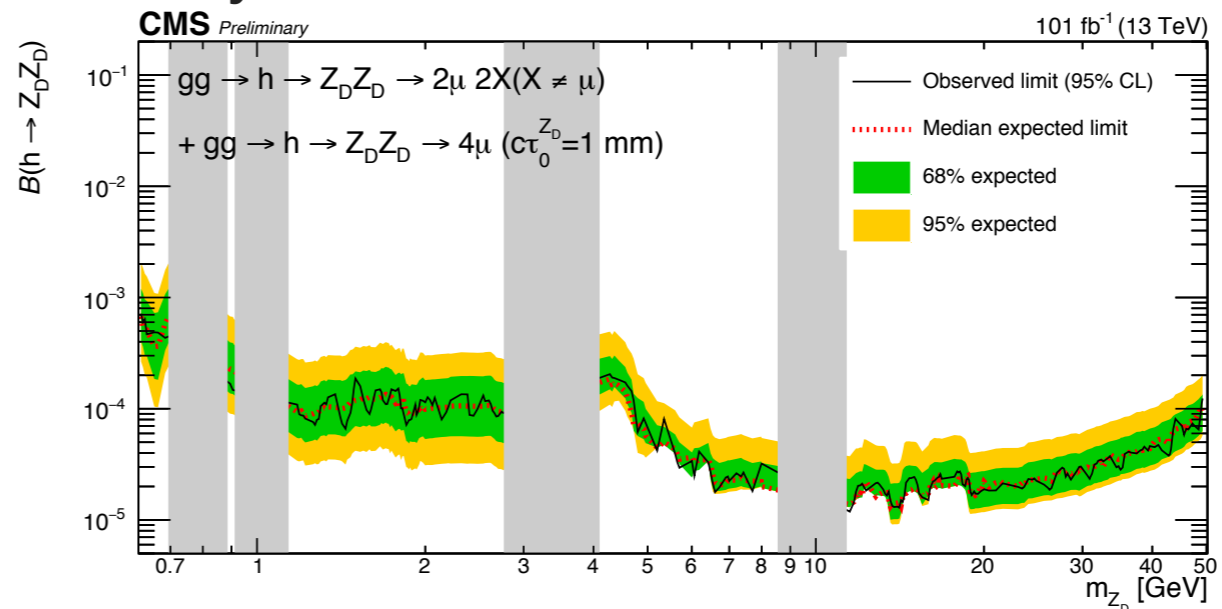
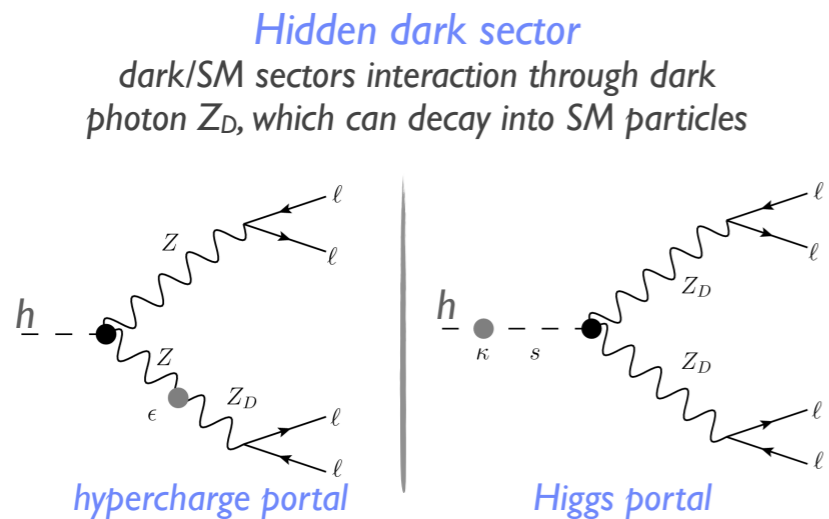
Dark candidates at LHC



▷ In addition to classic MET + SM-object(s) search, also constraining mediator mass and coupling in simplified models



▷ Search for hidden sector also at very low mass



Means of Falsification

▷ Multiple and redundant measurements of well known quantities

- different methods
- different contexts
- different technologies

The Known Knowns

▷ Measurement of very small and precise predictions

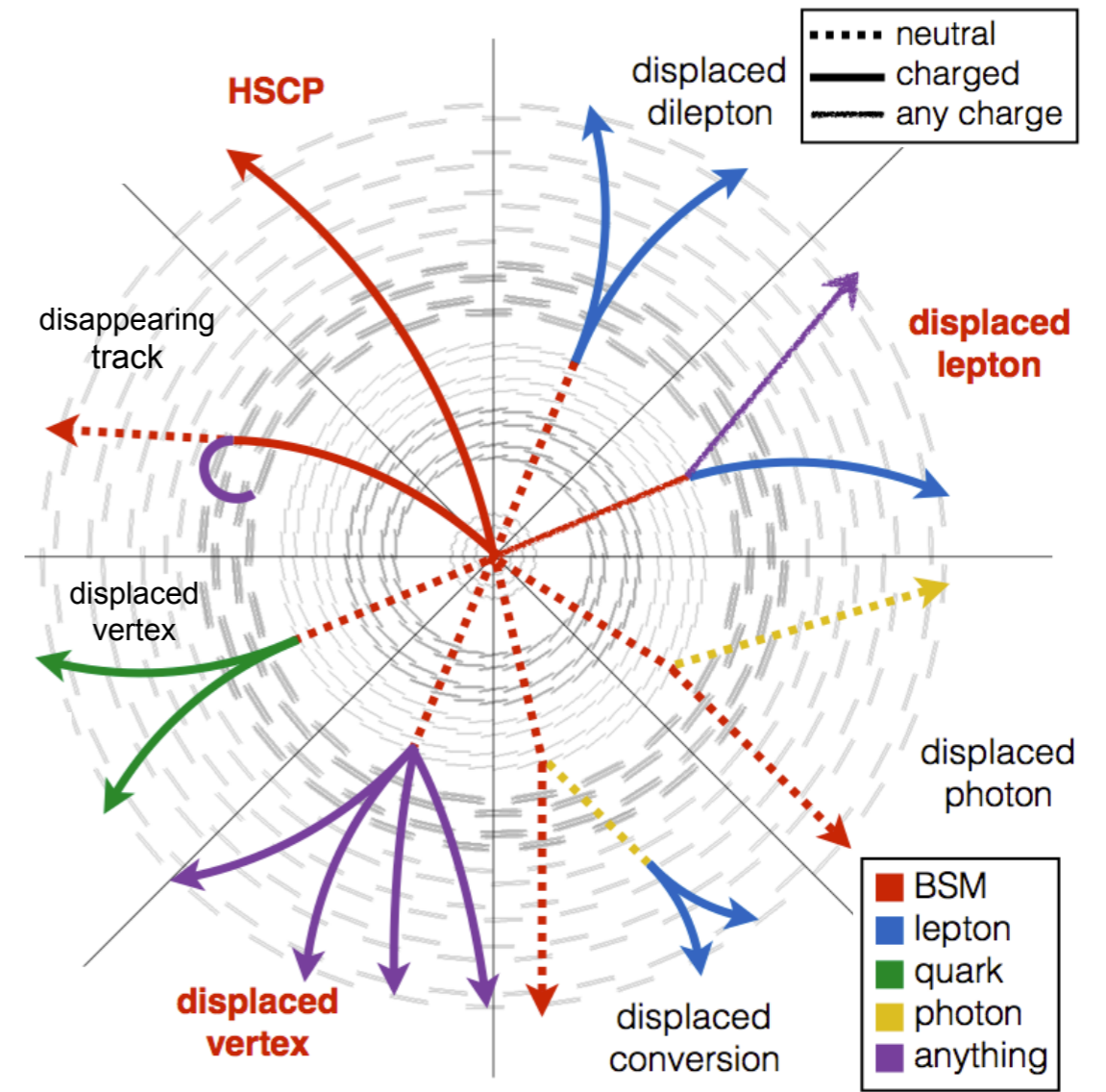
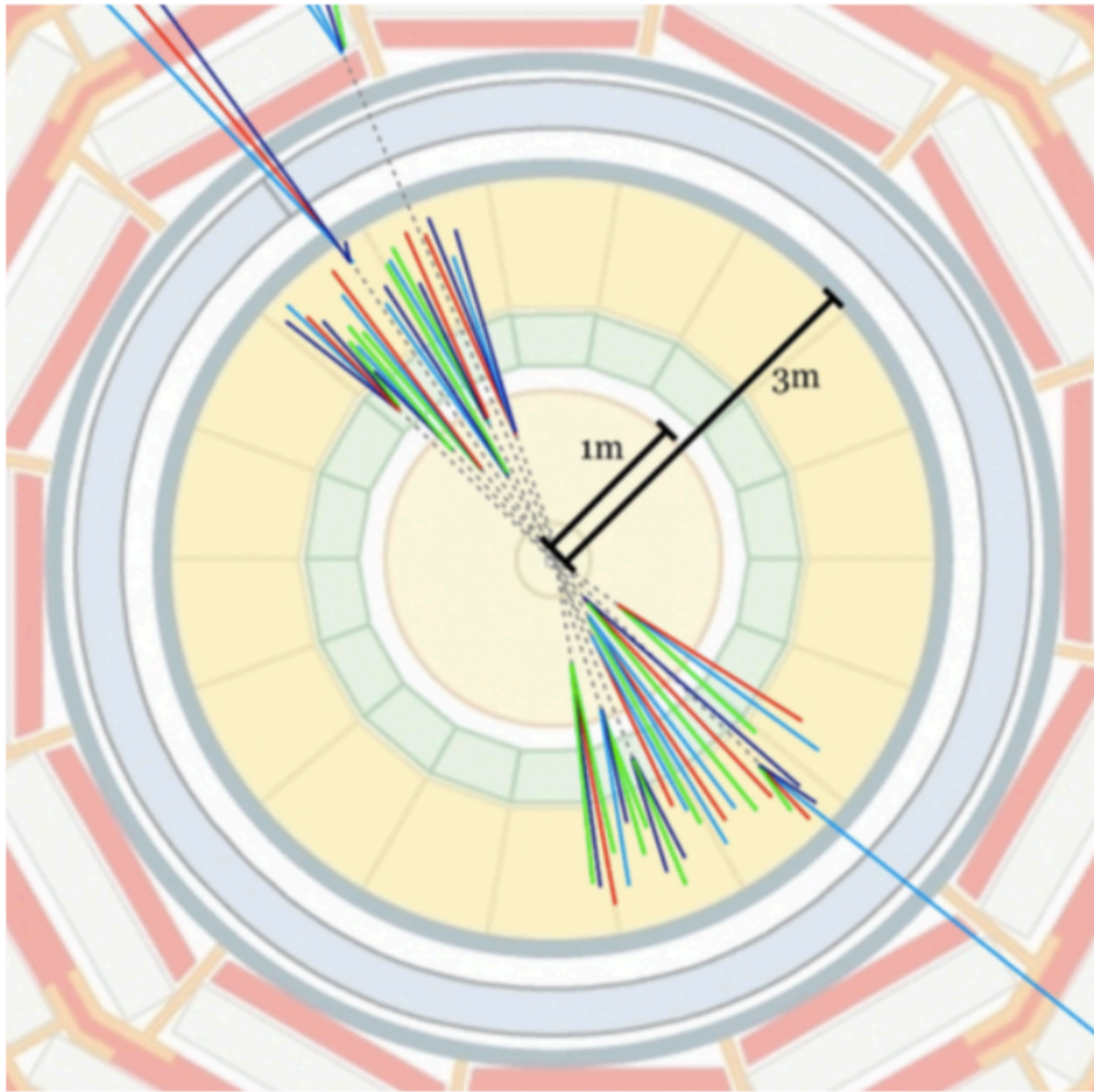
- variety of such observables across the spectrum
- typically referred to as indirect search for New Physics
- At LHC now merging with standard Physics thanks to amount of data

The Known Unknowns

▷ Search for the exotic

- chasing more or less crazy ideas by theory friends
 - often motivated by some big question
- Taking advantage of capabilities of detectors for unconventional signatures

The Unknown Unknowns



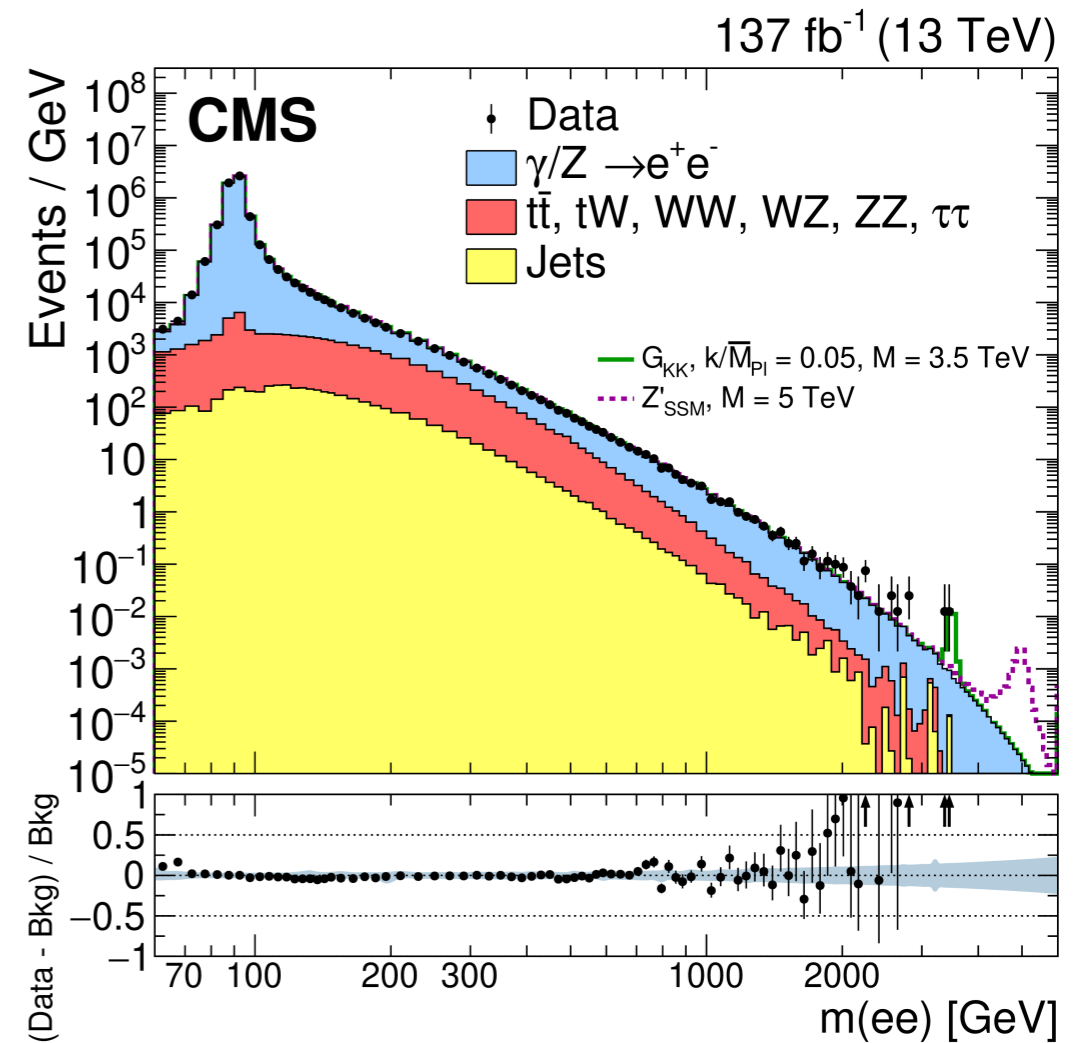
Credits: J. Antonelli

Exotic Phenomena

Exotica Timeline

- ▷ Two-body resonances from day one: leptons, photons, jets
 - detector effects not critical
 - sensitive to bumps right away
- ▷ Increase complexity and multiplicity of final state
 - better understanding and calibration of detector
- ▷ Final states with X + MET
- ▷ Really exotic signatures such as long-lived particles
 - control of detector conditions over longer period
 - ultimate calibration and alignment
 - optimisation of dedicated algorithms

Detector Understanding (time)



The Higgs or A Higgs?

- ▷ In BSM models with more Higgs bosons, some can resemble *the* Higgs
- ▷ Direct search for additional light and heavy Higgs bosons

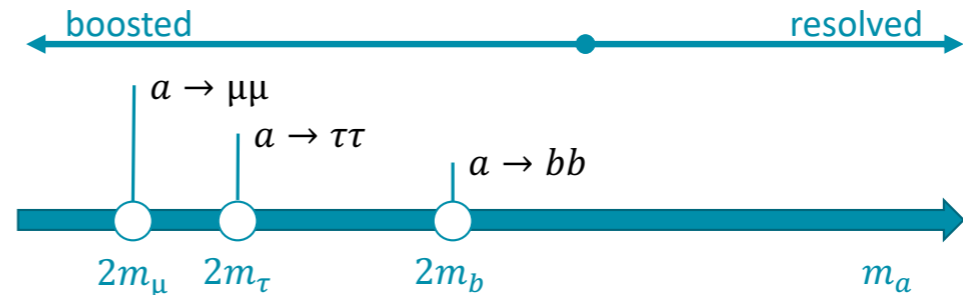
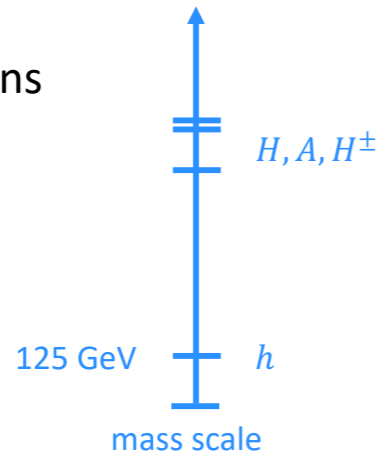
2HDM has 5 Higgs bosons

h : "SM" Higgs

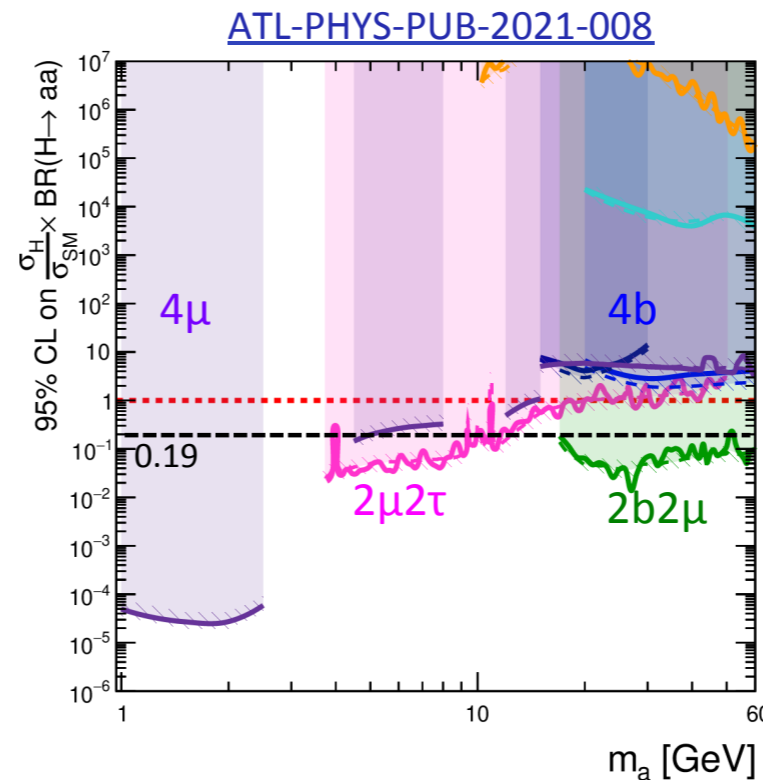
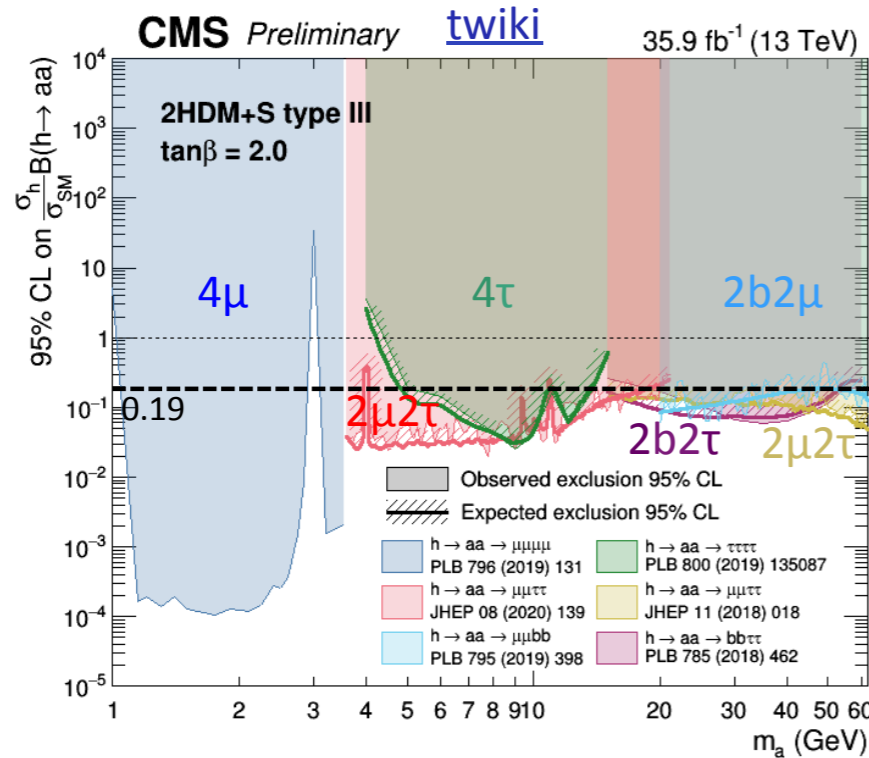
H : heavy Higgs

A : pseudoscalar

H^\pm : charged Higgs



2HDM+S



ATLAS Preliminary

March 2021

Run 1: $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

Run 2: $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

2HDM+S Type-III, $\tan\beta = 2$

--- expected $\pm 1 \sigma$

— observed

Run 1 20.3 fb⁻¹ H → aa → μμττ

PRD 92 (2015) 052002

Run 1 20.3 fb⁻¹ H → aa → γγγγ

EPJC 76 (2016) 210

Run 2 36.1 fb⁻¹ H → aa → μμμμ

JHEP 06 (2018) 166

Run 2 36.1 fb⁻¹ H → aa → bbbb

JHEP 10 (2018) 031

Run 2 36.1 fb⁻¹ H → aa → bbττ

PRD 102 (2020) 112006

Run 2 36.7 fb⁻¹ H → aa → γγγγ

PLB 782 (2018) 750

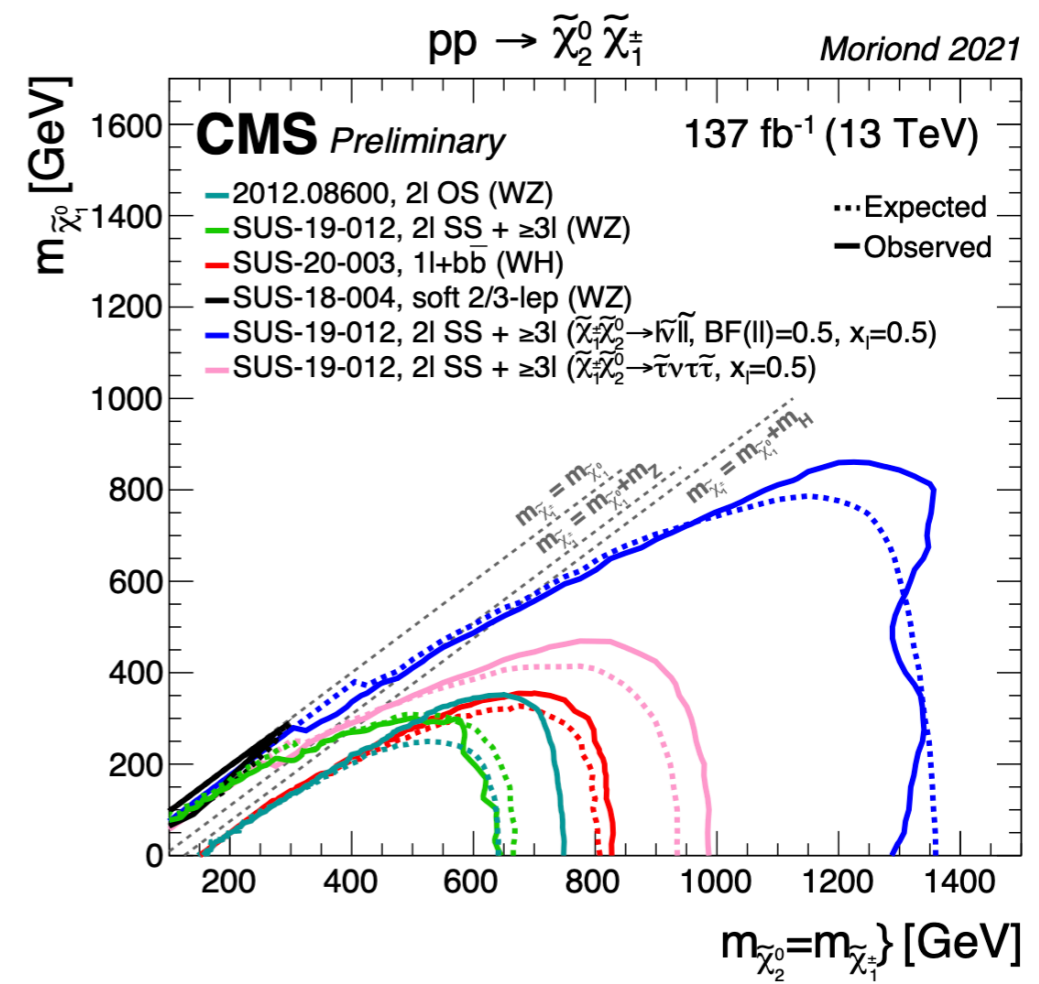
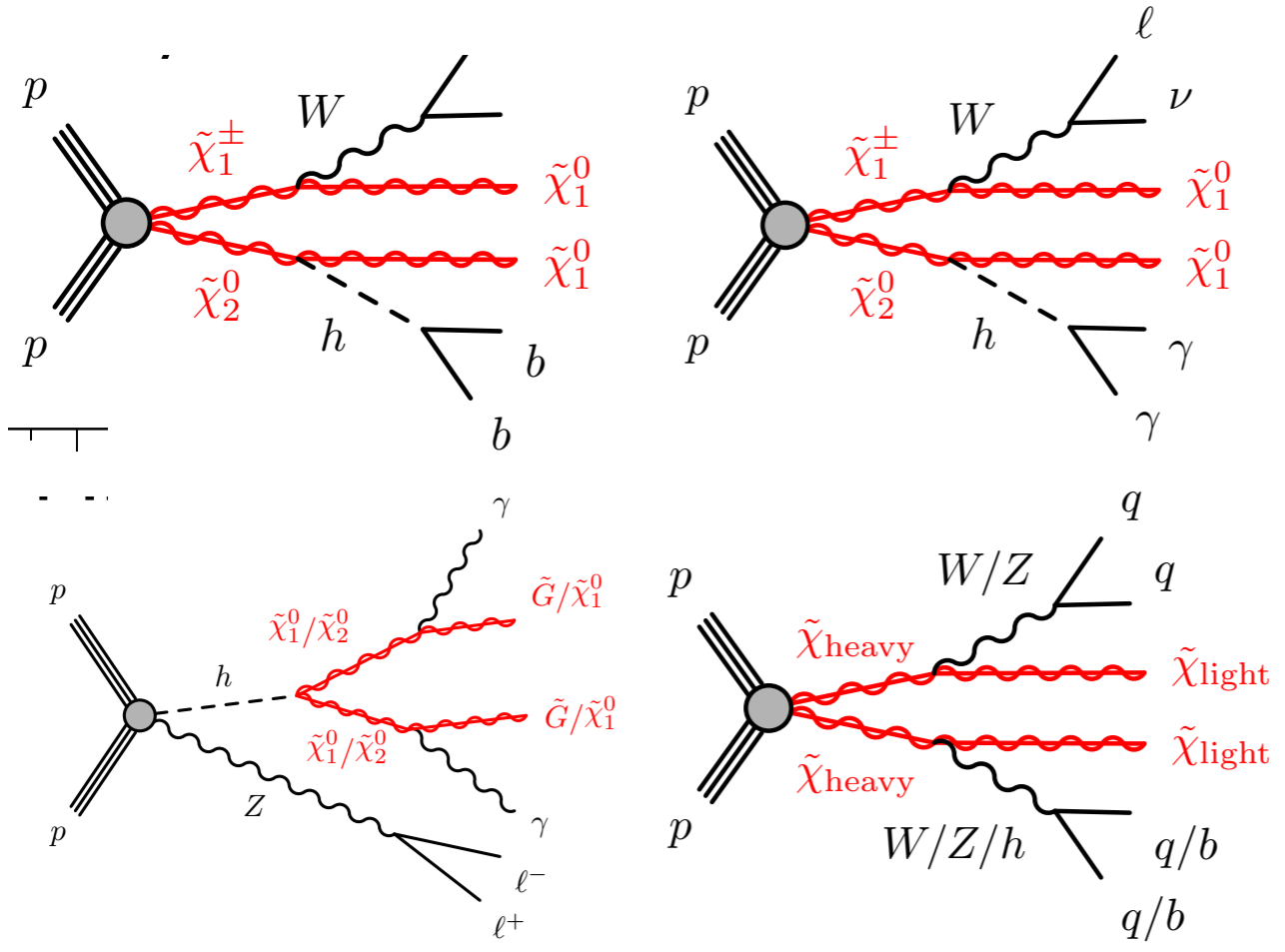
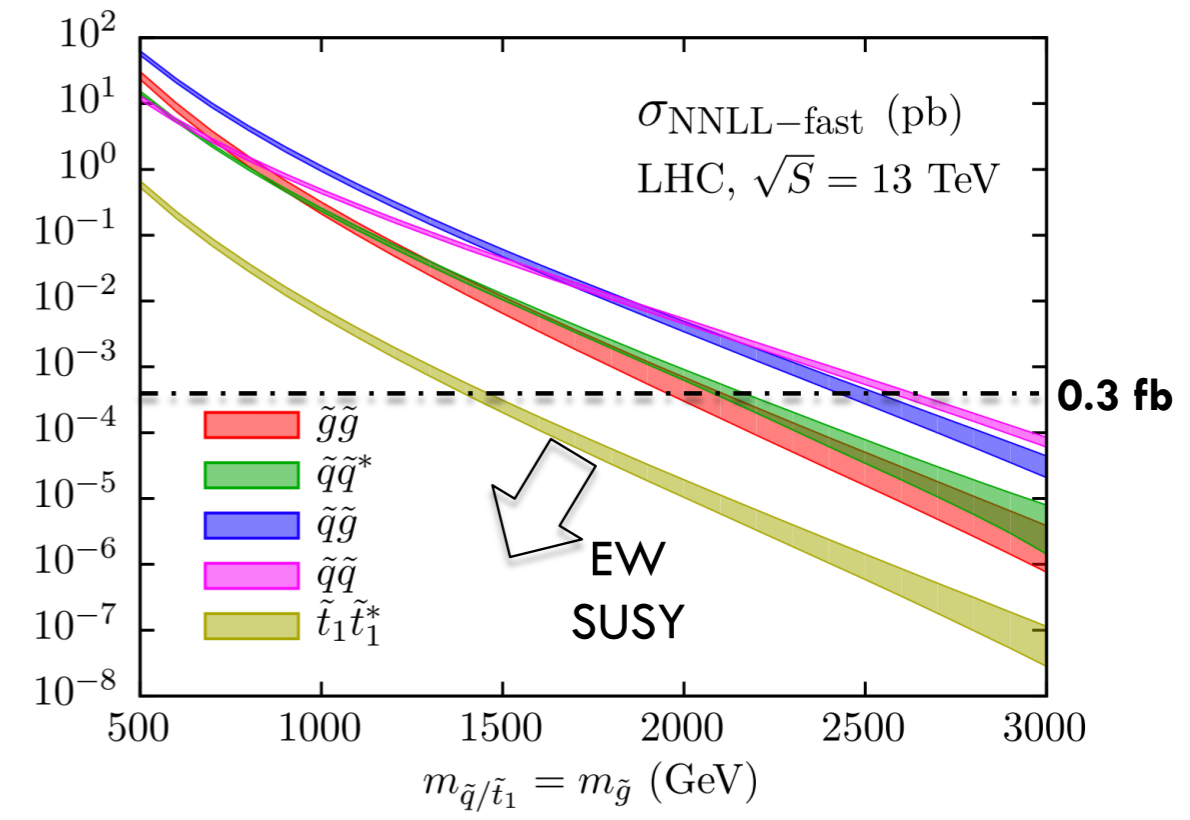
Run 2 139 fb⁻¹ H → aa → bbμμ

ATLAS-CONF-2021-009

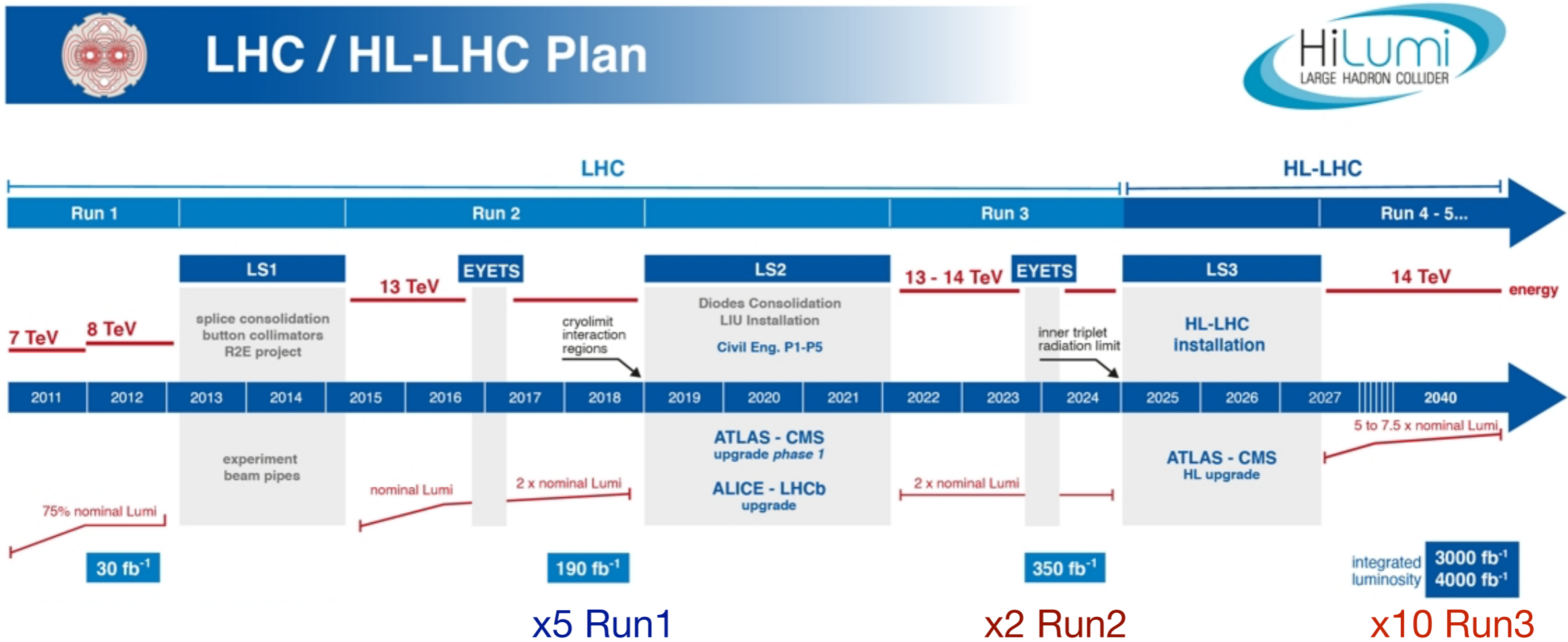
- ▷ So far no excess or evidence and only exclusion in theory parameter space
- ▷ High-Luminosity LHC two provide x20 increase in statistics

Supersymmetry

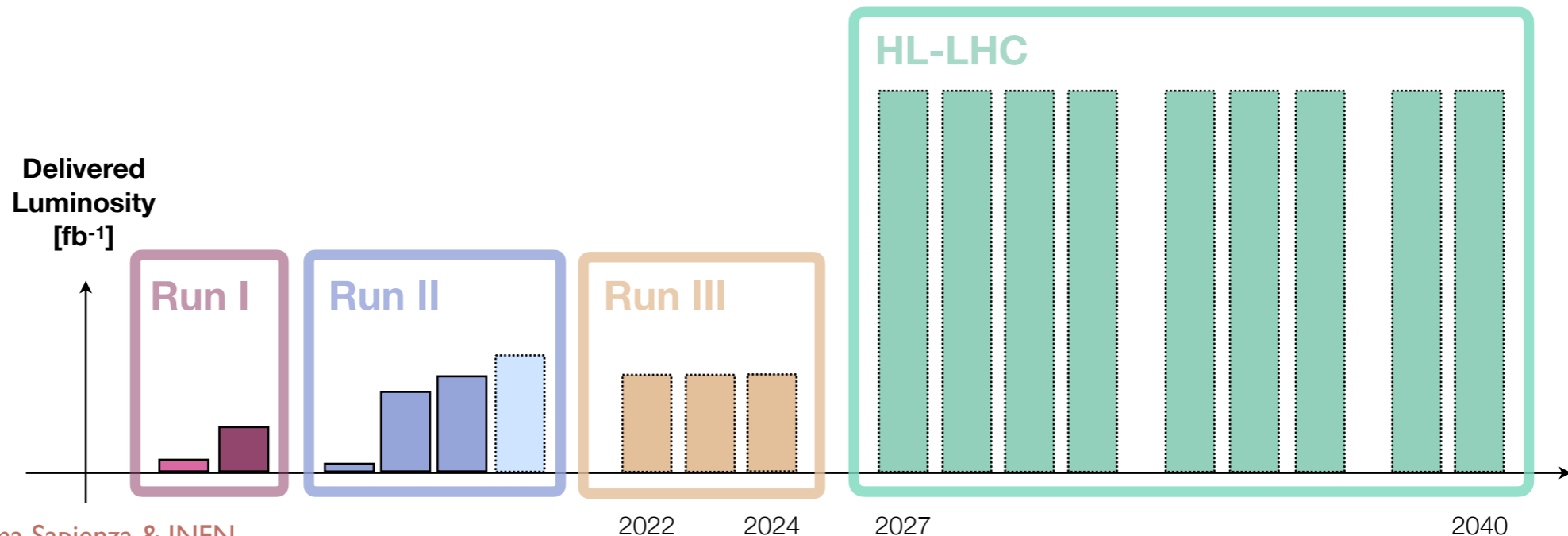
- ▶ Many new searches targeting both strong and electroweak production
 - No significant excess observed so far
- ▶ Strong SUSY searches targeting masses ~ 2 TeV
- ▶ Searches now using also $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and exotic Higgs decays in electroweak production



Towards High Luminosity

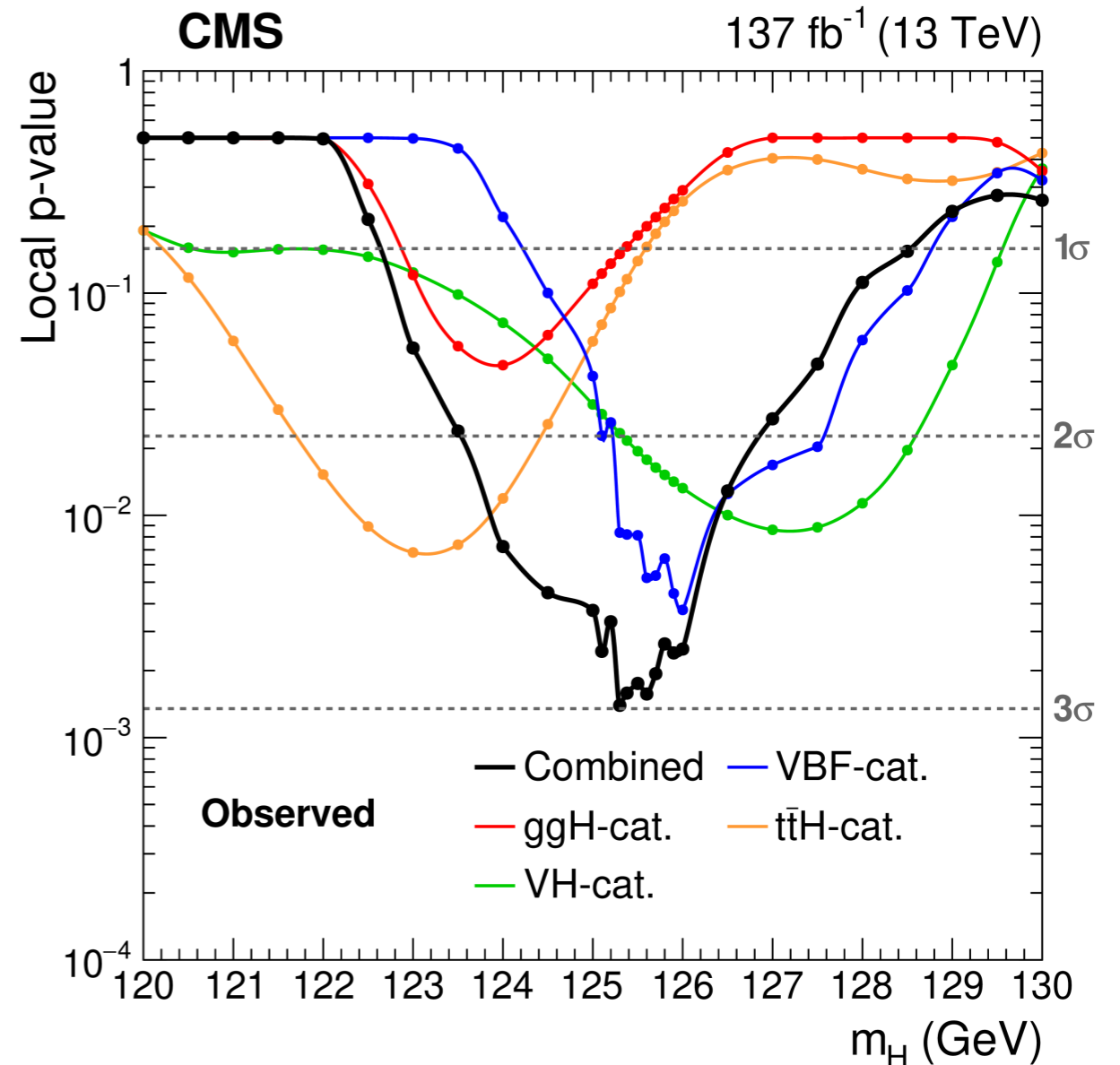
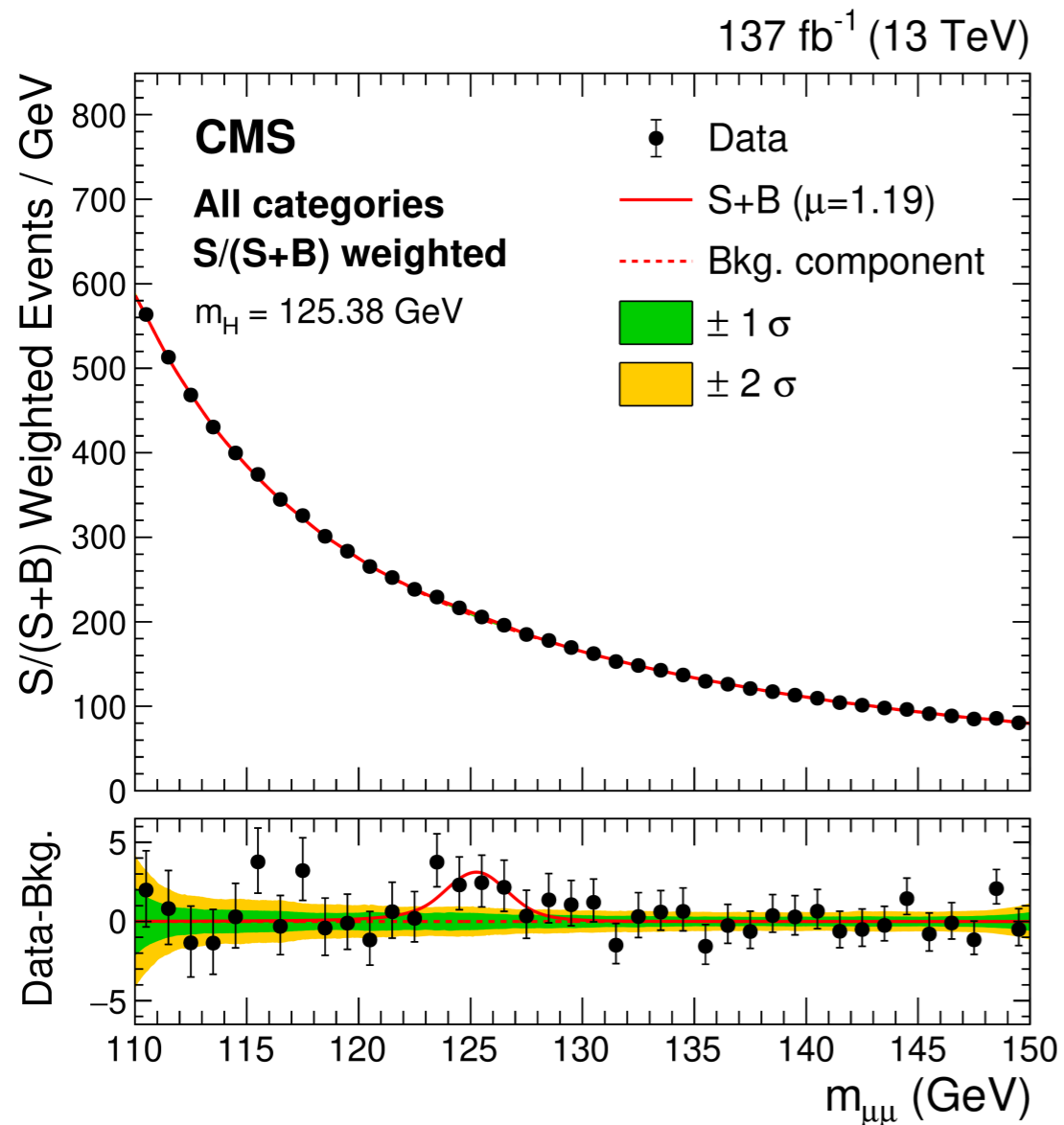


Data sample to increase by x20 in next 20 years



Rare Higgs Decays

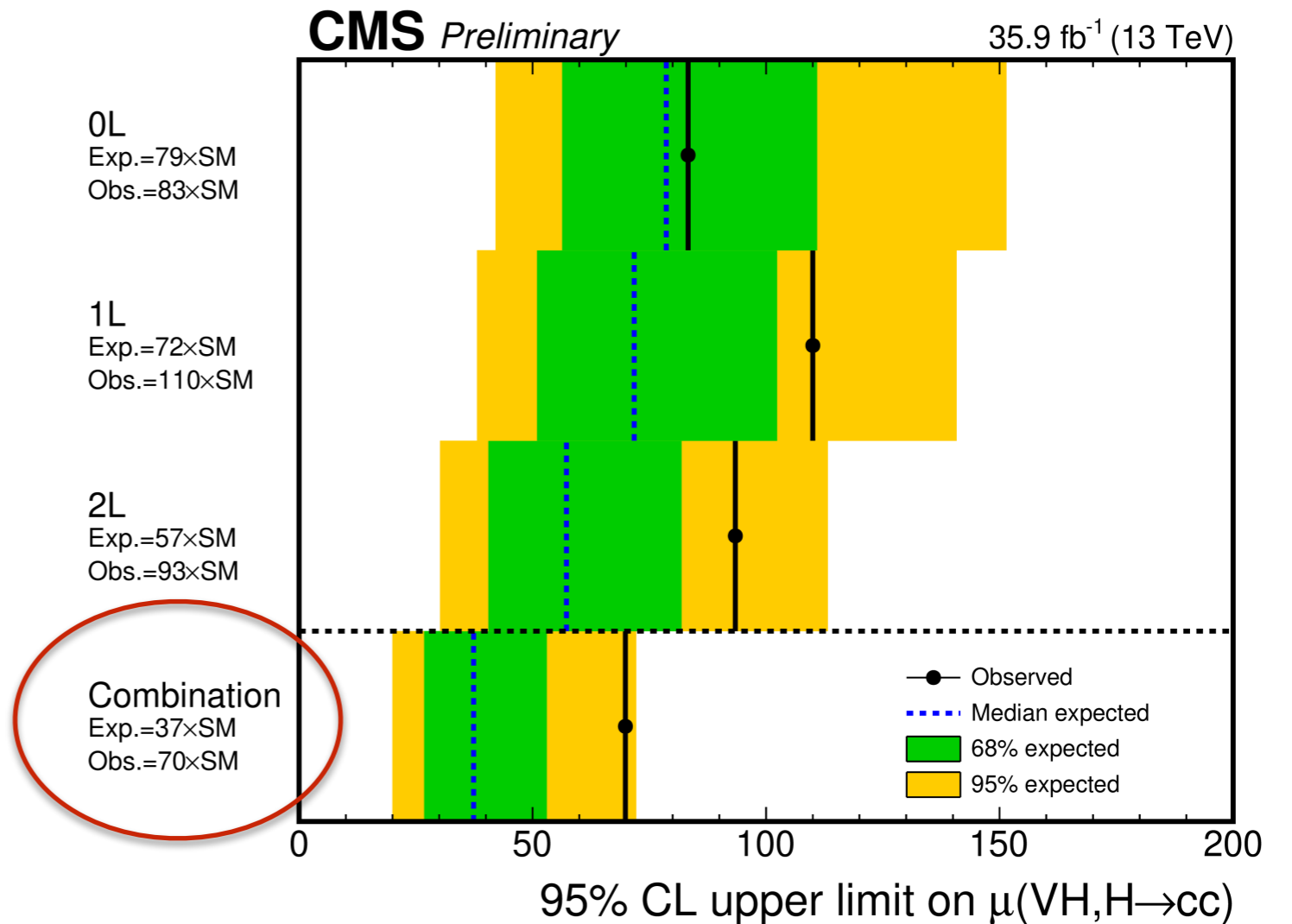
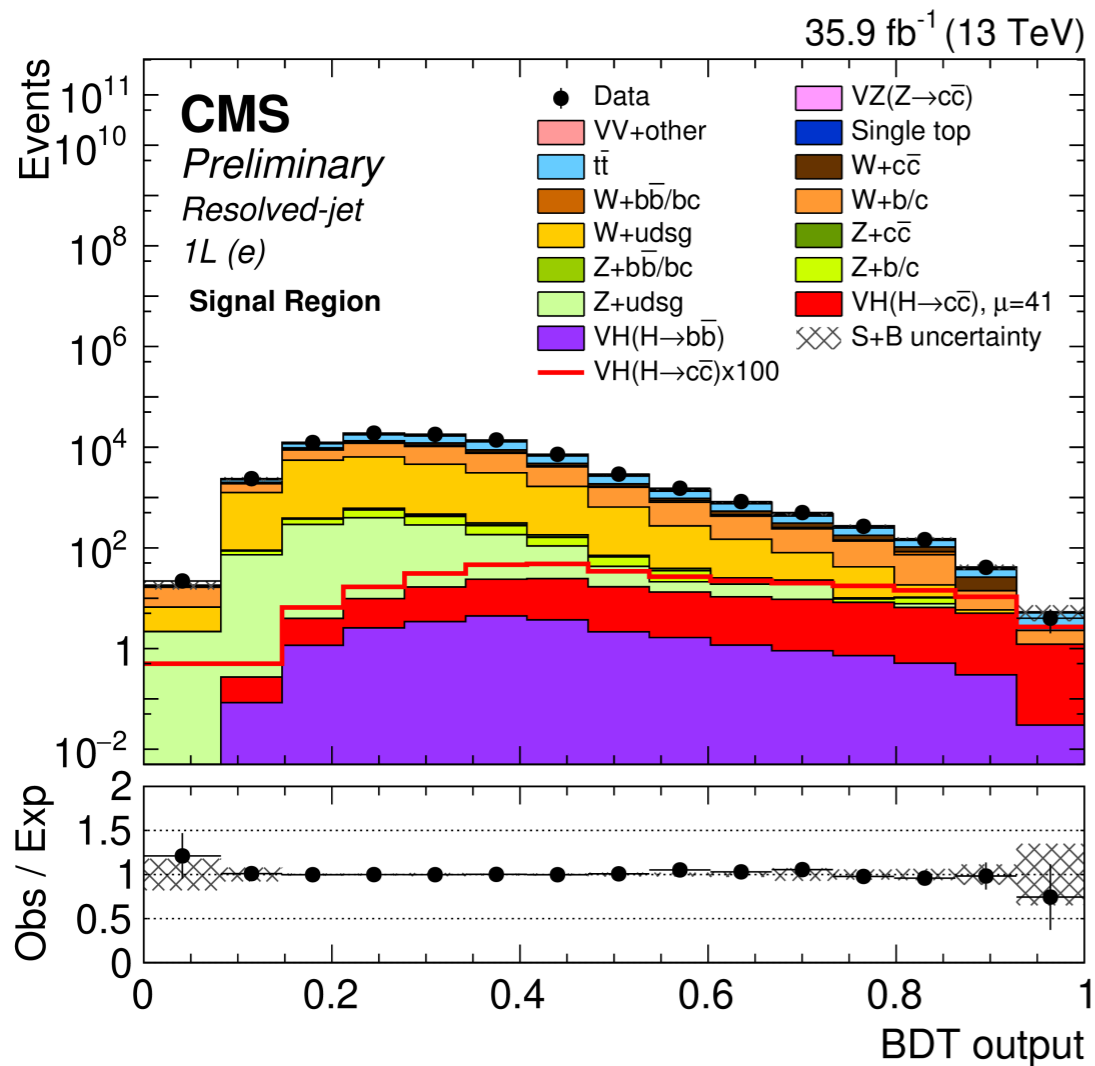
▷ First evidence for $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ thanks to excellent detector performance



▷ First results now also on more challenging decay modes
– Higgs to $Z\gamma$

Sensitivity to charm coupling

▷ First CMS analysis for $H(c\bar{c}) + W/Z$

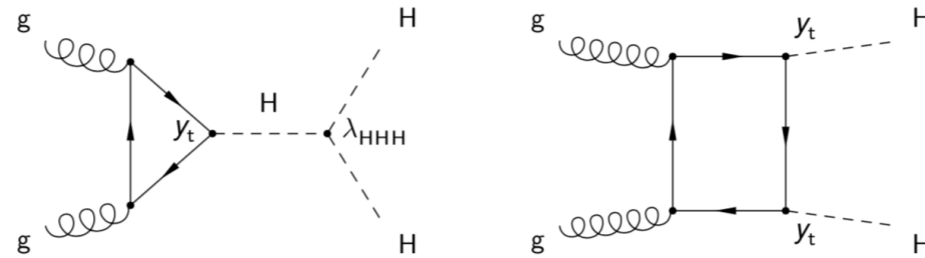


▷ Run3 and HL-LHC needed for first evidence of this challenging decay

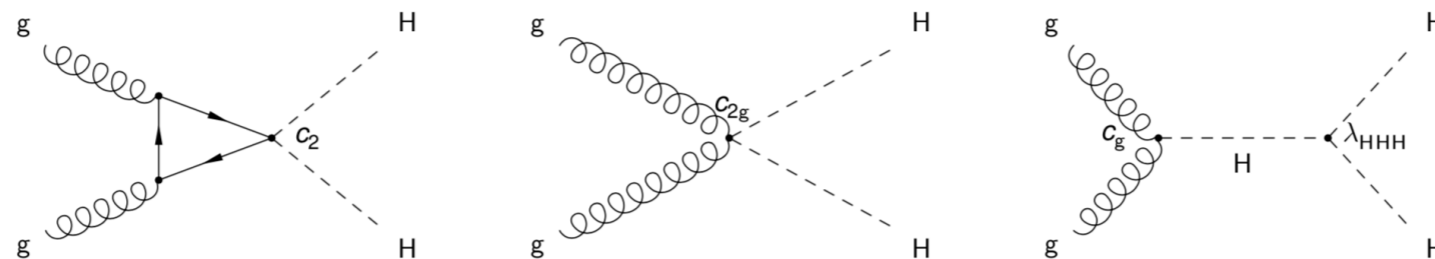
Higgs Self-Interaction

► Understanding Higgs sector requires **measurement** of its **self-interaction**

Standard Model



New Physics



► Promising for next phase of LHC operation

- currently limited by statistics
- room for even more sophisticated data analysis techniques with machine learning

Run II 2016, 35.9 fb⁻¹

Expected 12.8
Observed 22.2

bbZZ, 138 fb⁻¹

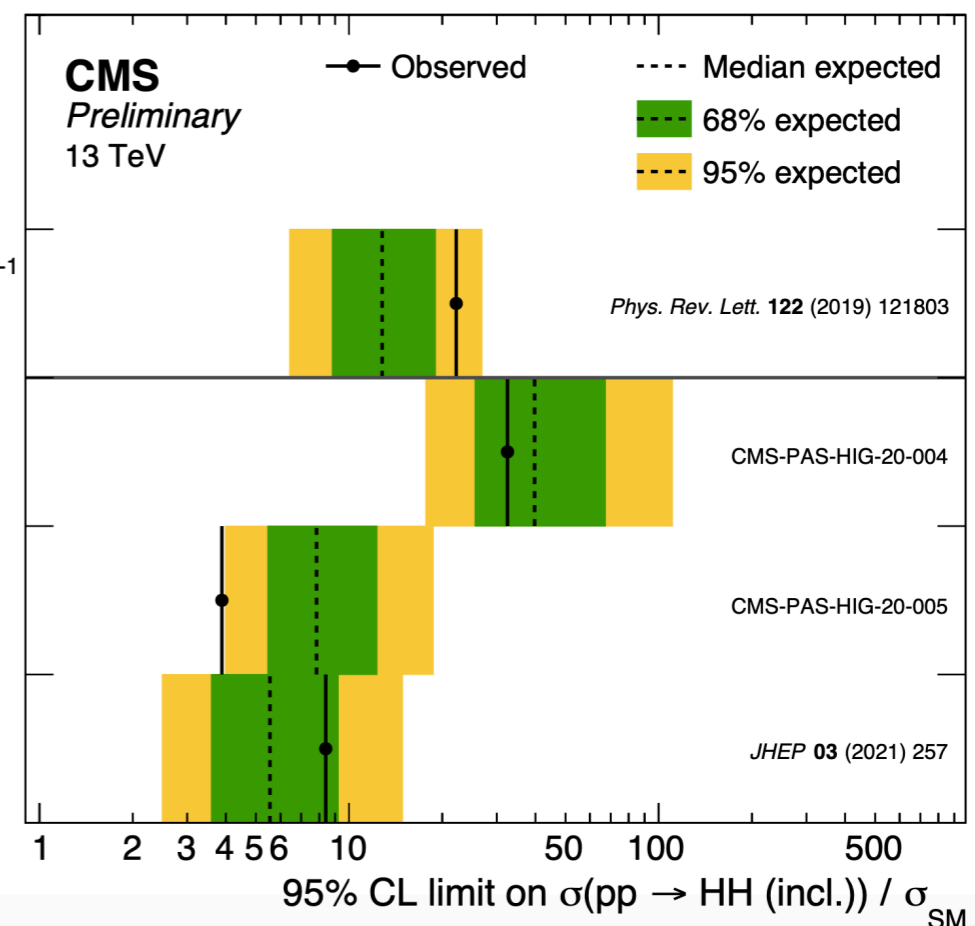
Expected 39.8
Observed 32.5

bbbb, 138 fb⁻¹

Expected 7.84
Observed 3.88

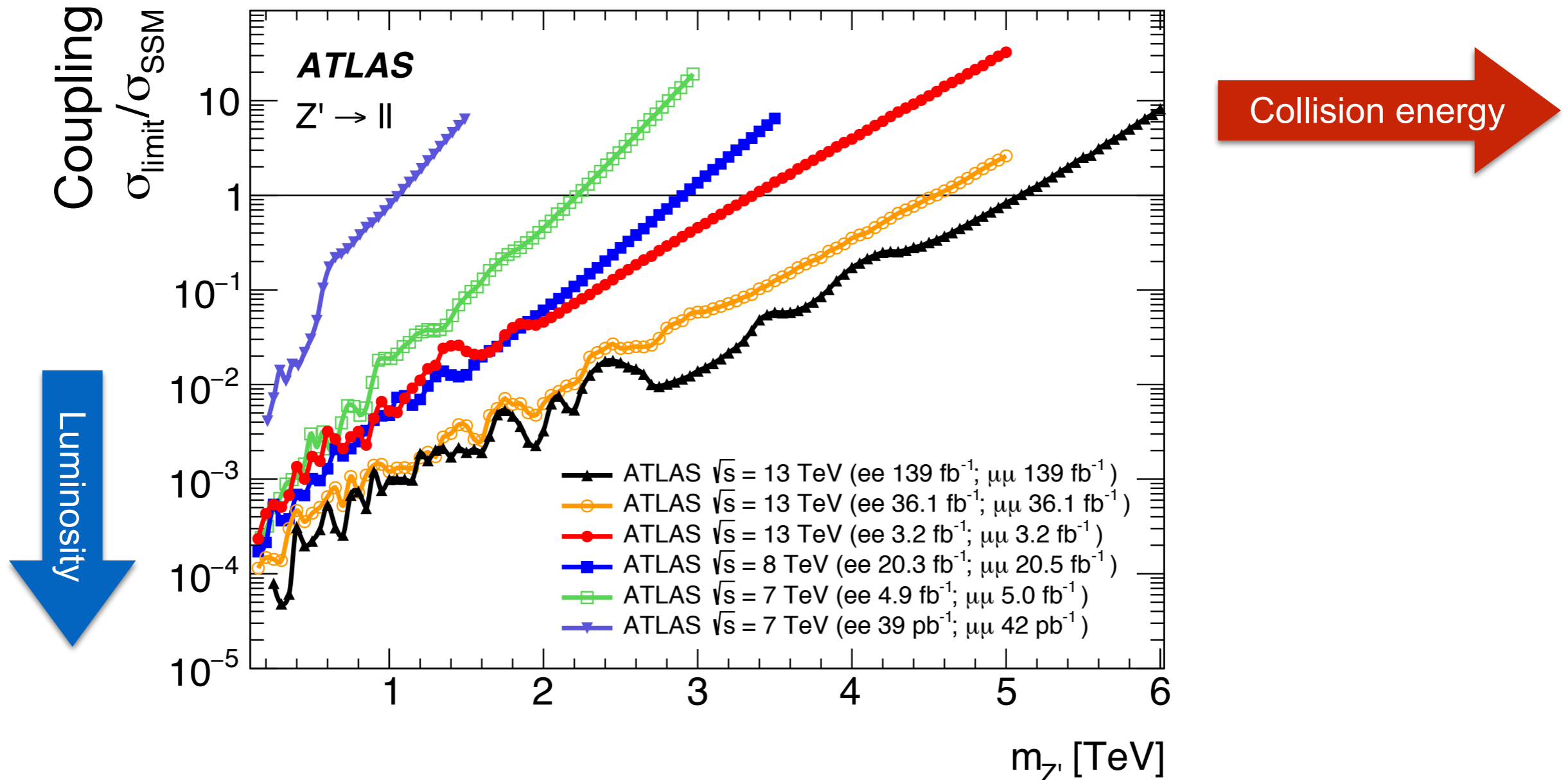
bbγγ, 138 fb⁻¹

Expected 5.55
Observed 8.40



Energy vs Luminosity

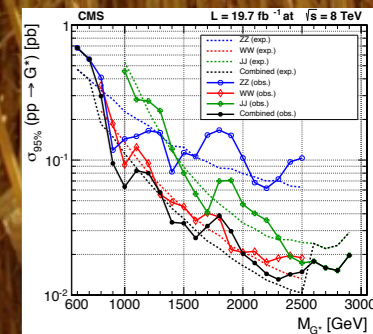
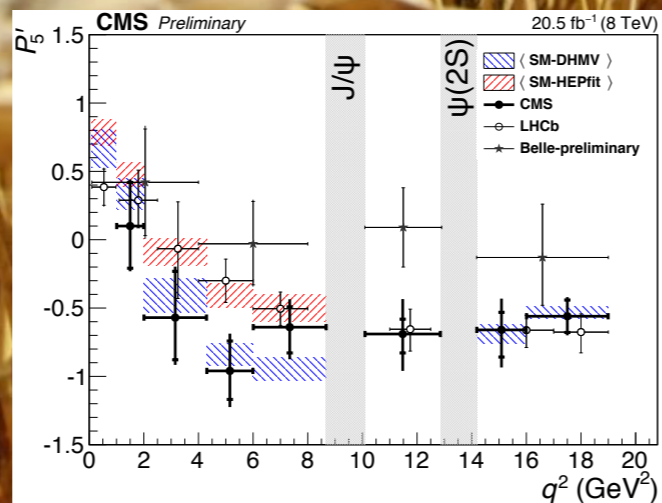
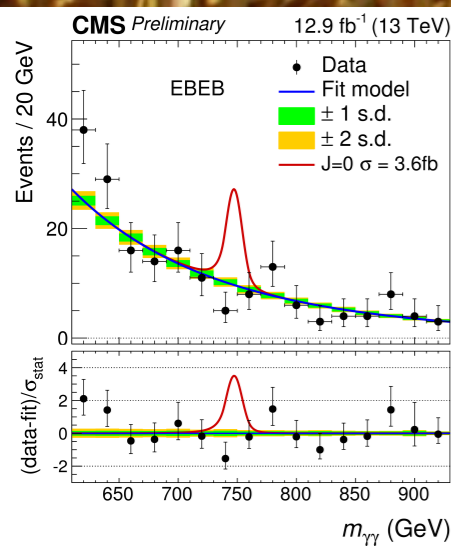
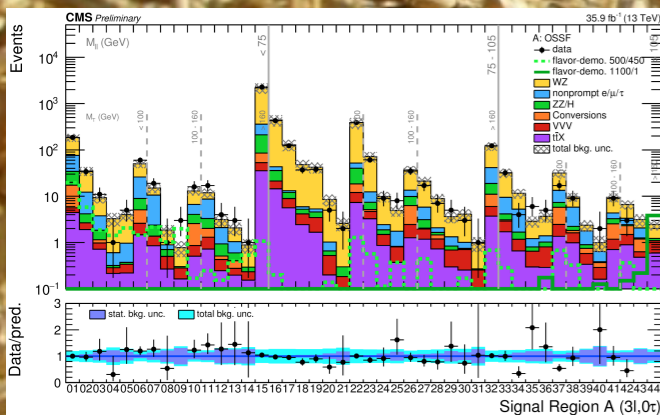
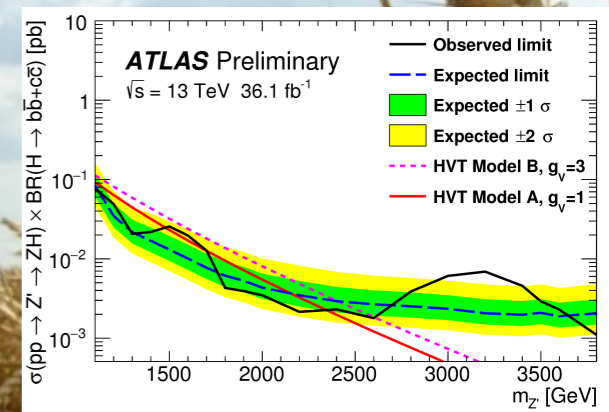
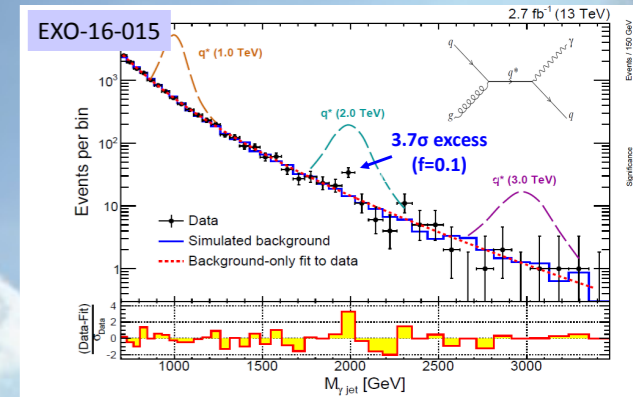
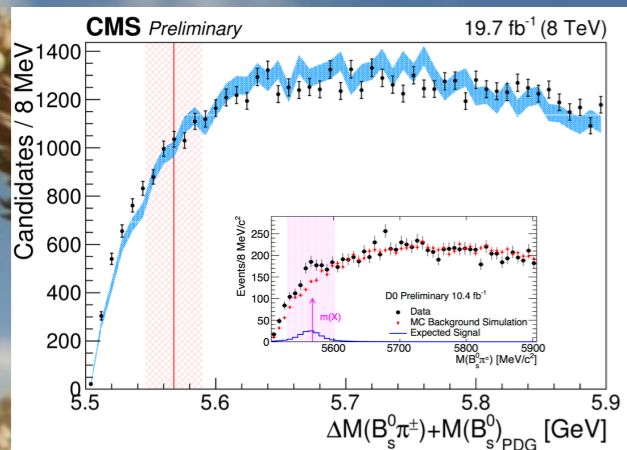
- ▷ Biggest jump in mass limits with increased energy at start of Run2
 - Assuming maximal coupling to SM particles
 - Most searches published with 36 fb^{-1} of data
- ▷ With **Run3** data **focus** on exploring **weakly coupled** phenomena



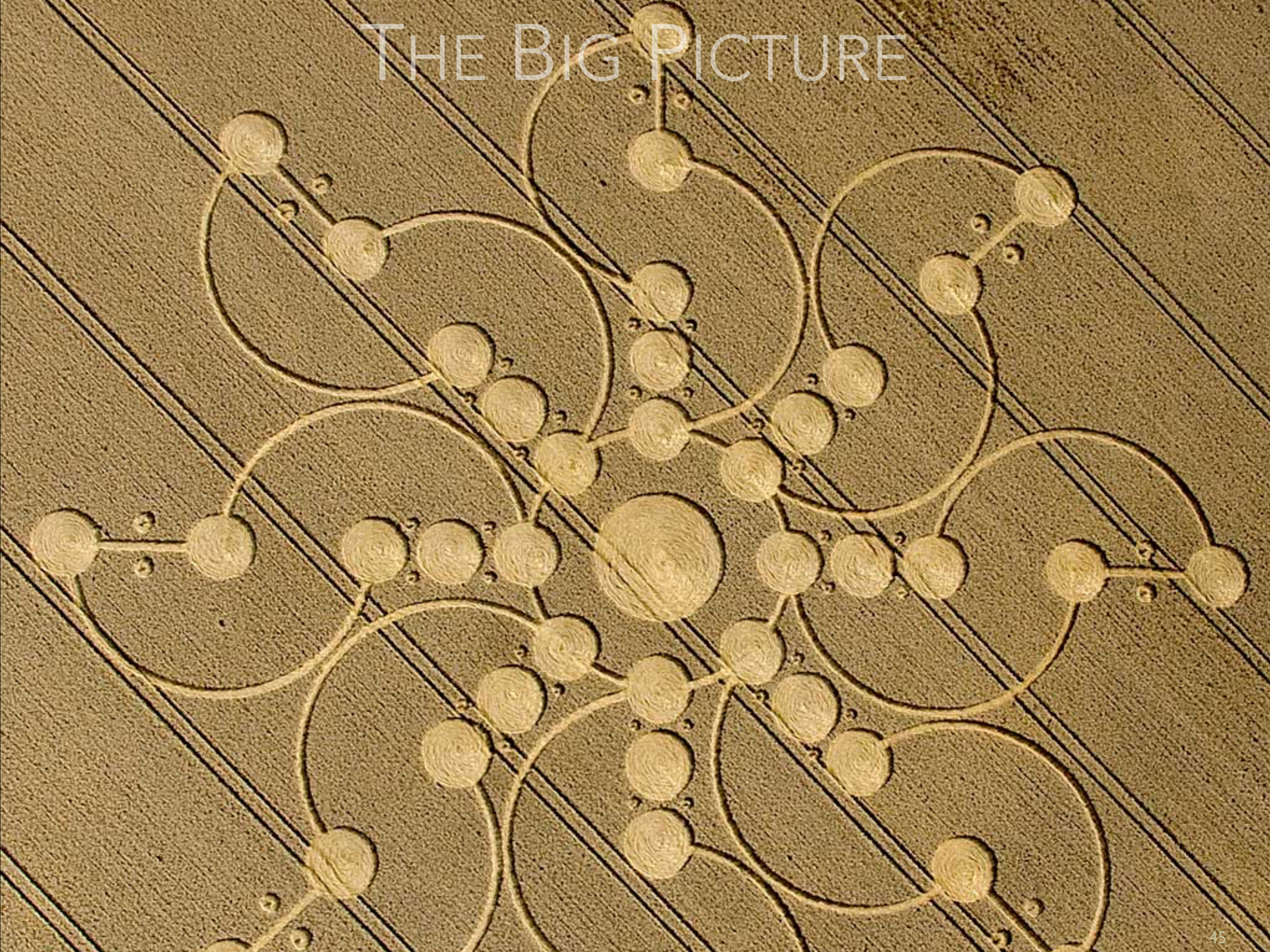
HIGH LUMINOSITY PROGRAM



HINTS AND FLUCTUATIONS



THE BIG PICTURE



Outlook

- Standard Model continues to stand strong
- Higgs coupling to 2nd generation fermion ahead of schedule
 - Take a look at physics TDRs released 15 years ago
- Flavor anomaly still there and to be pursued at low and high mass
 - Redundant measurements and revamped interest for Z' and LQ
- Bridging the gap between Searches and Standard Model physics
 - Top, W, Z, Higgs entering precision era in pp and constraining new physics
- *Upgraded detectors key for a successful physics program at high luminosity*
- *Human ingenuity assisted by Artificial Intelligence putting us further ahead of statistics-only pace*
- *Exploration of new territory for the first time without solid theoretical guidance*