

ESA Perspective on Cold Atoms in Space

Community Workshop on Cold Atoms in Space
23 September 2021



European Leadership in Space and Economy Connections



Maintaining European leadership in space

Best Space Earth Climate System; Scientific excellence; Technological break-throughs; Prepares Europe for ambitious international human spaceflight and robotic missions; System Architect role, able to invite international partners

Promoting space business & commercial initiatives

- Refuelling and in-orbit assembly => COMS market, constellations, robotic exploration
- Space mining: Earth moon, asteroids

Pushing our technological boundaries

Quantum sensors; power systems; in-orbit assembly and fuelling; autonomous operations; deep-space quantum-optical communications; cryogenic sampling and preservation; autonomous operations; safe Earth atmosphere re-entry;



Asteroid mining



Voyage 2050 sets sails



Icy Moons of the giant planets

From temperate exoplanets to the Milky Way

New physical probes of the early Universe

Necessary Technology development: cold atom interferometry, new power and heat sources, cryogenic sample return, X-ray interferometry, solar sails
Builds on European Leadership in key science and technology areas: deep space exploration (Huygens, Rosetta), search for life (e.g. ExoMars & Mars Sample Return)



Quantum Technology Leadership

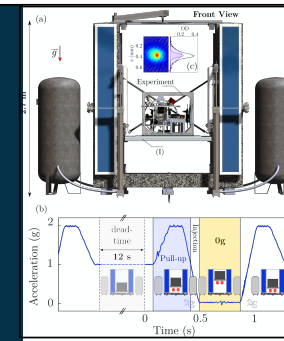
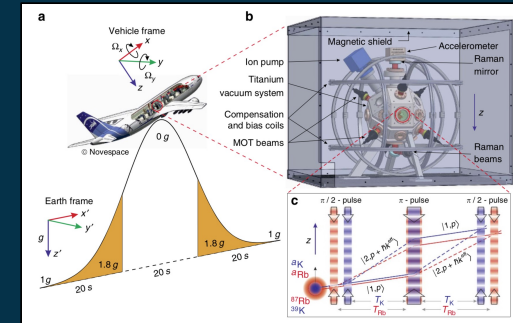
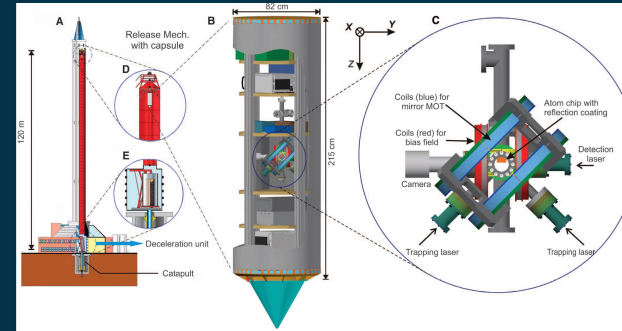


- Quantum Accelerometer
 - Enables the Quantum mission for climate to provide measurements of new climate variables of unprecedented quality
 - Possible use in Icy moon mission
 - Enables fundamental physics missions
 - To be demonstrated on a pathfinder mission
- Space Atomic/Optical Clocks
 - To test Fundamental Physics in space (Gravitational red-shift, time variation of fundamental constants, tests of SME)
 - Differential geopotential measurements to cm level resolution over the geoid
 - Clock comparisons over intercontinental distances
 - Universal time scales: UTC, TAI...
 - Technology towards future GNSS systems.
- Deep space optical/quantum communication
 - Develop a deep space optical link with connectivity to HyDRON with future extension
 - Enables high data rate deep space quantum enabled optical communications
 - Enables synergies with quantum key developments



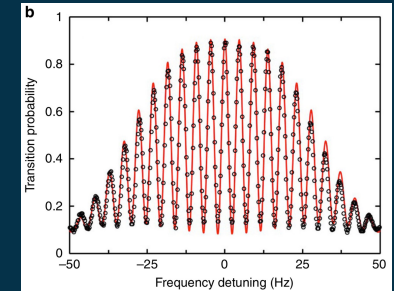
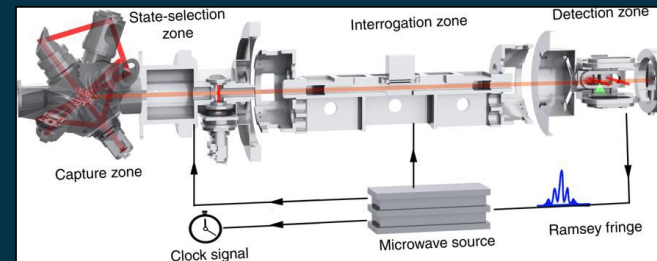
Road to Space (Microgravity Environment on Ground since 2007)

- Drop tower (Bremen)
 - up to 9s free falling
 - 2-3 drops per day
- Airbus 0-g (Novespace)
 - 20s free falling
 - 30 parabolas per flight
- Einstein Elevator (LP2N)
 - 0.4s free falling
 - Launch every tens seconds

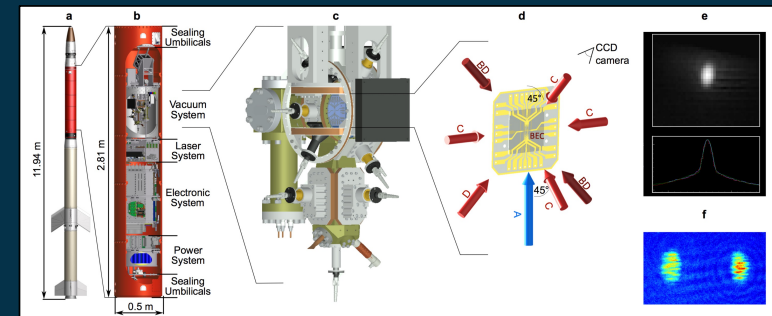


Road to Space

- In-Orbit Laser cooled 87-Rb Atomic Clock (Chinese Academy of Sciences), 2016



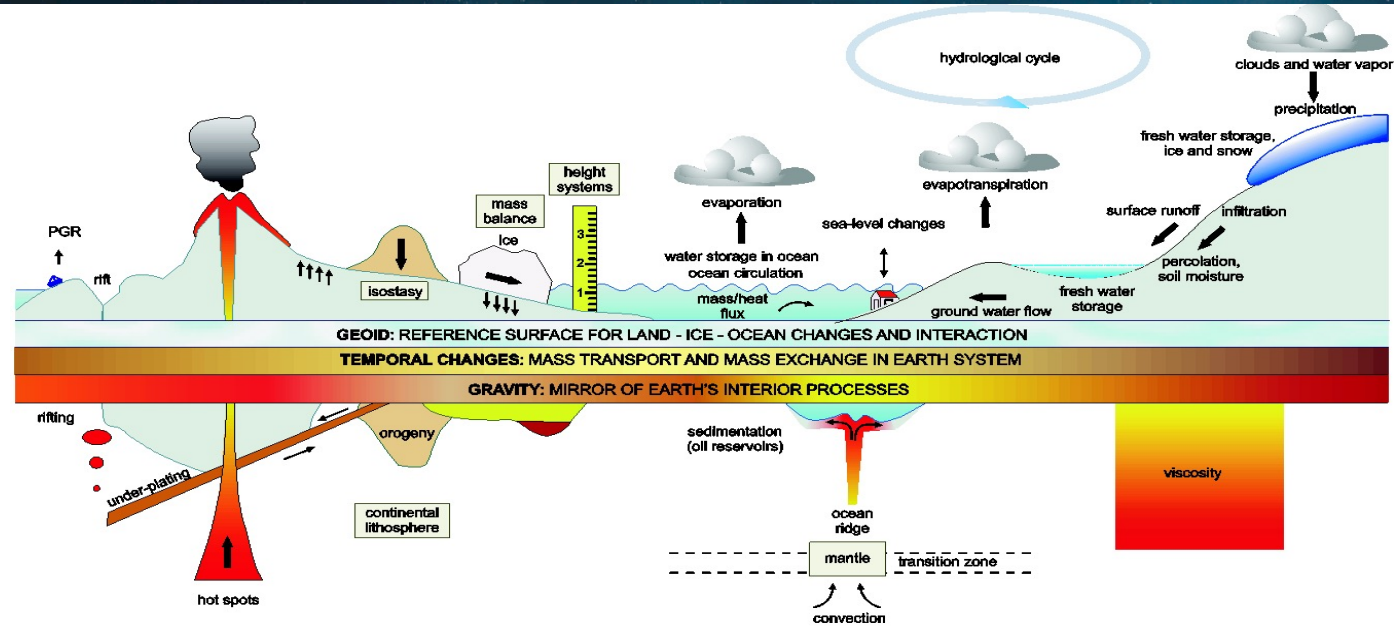
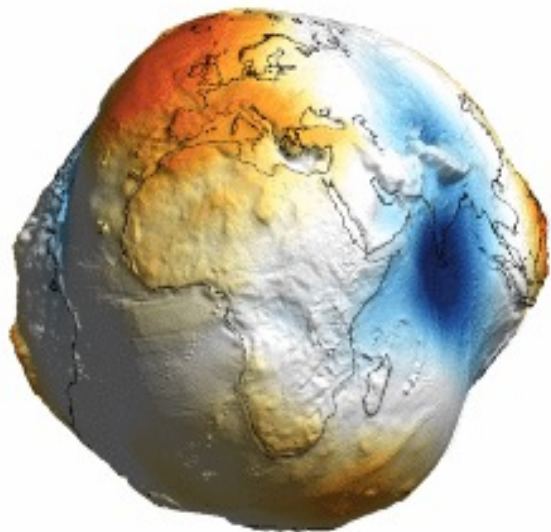
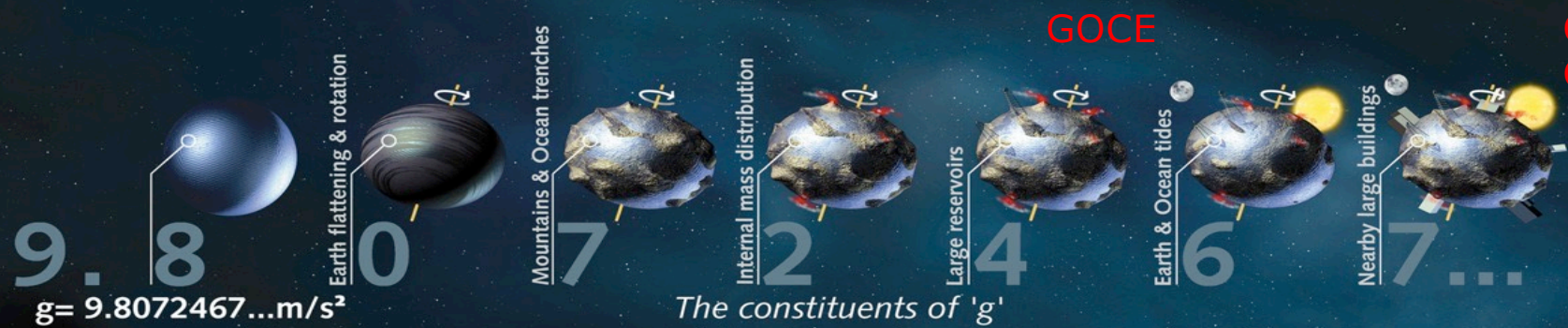
- MAIUS (DLR / Hannover), 2017: Sounding Rockets: First BEC in space



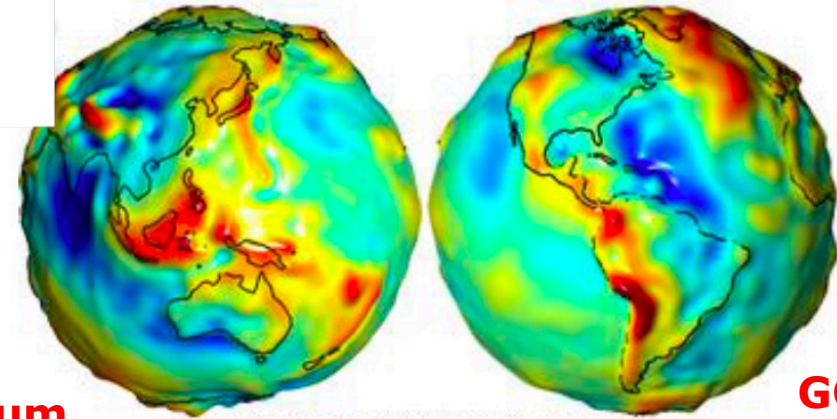
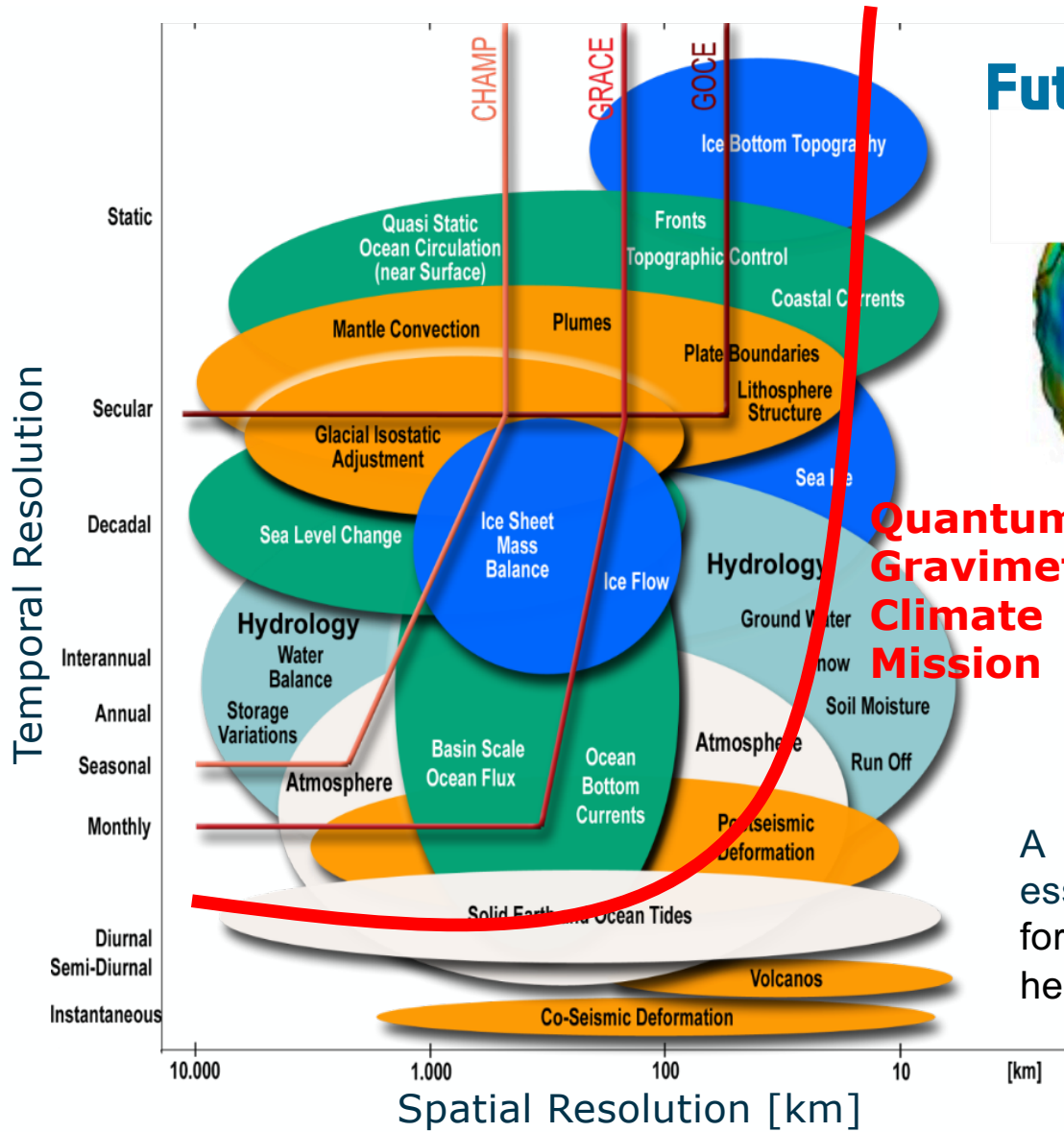
- Cold Atom Lab (NASA-JPL), 05/2018: Aboard the ISS



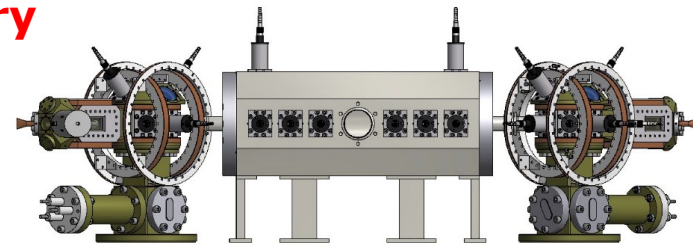
Higher resolution on Earth Gravity with Quantum Climate Mission



Future needs for Climate Monitoring



GOCE

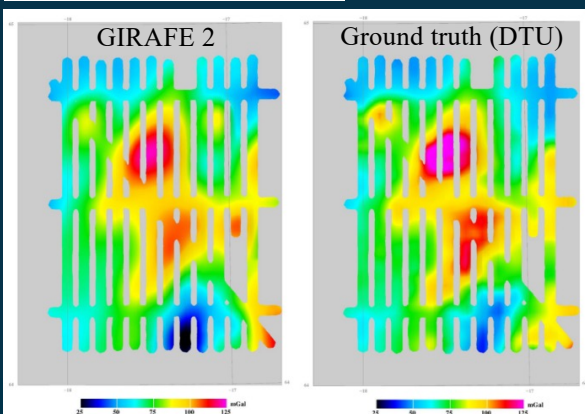
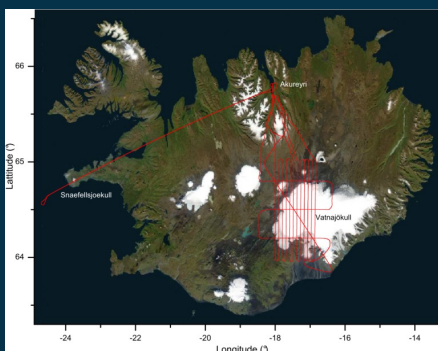


A cold atom Climate gravimetry mission will provide essential new climate variables of unprecedented quality for ground water, mass balance of ice sheets and glaciers, heat and mass transport, with huge benefits for humanity.

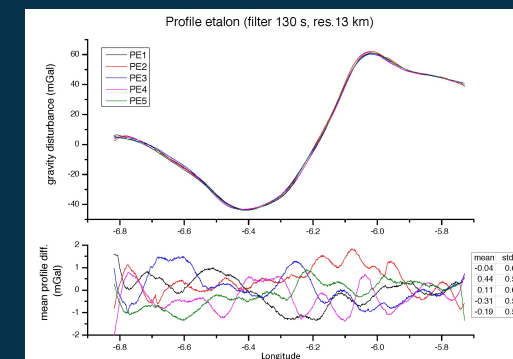
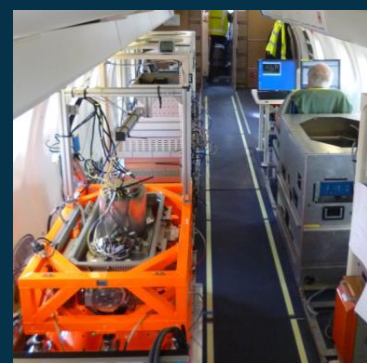
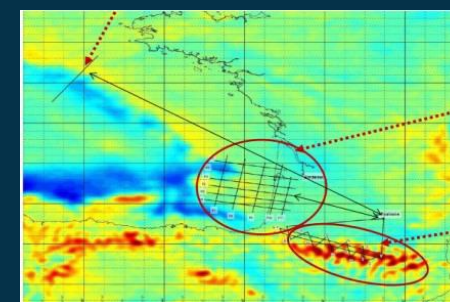


EOP Campaigns

1. CryoVex/KAREN 2017 Campaign:
First successful airborne survey of a matter wave gravimeter

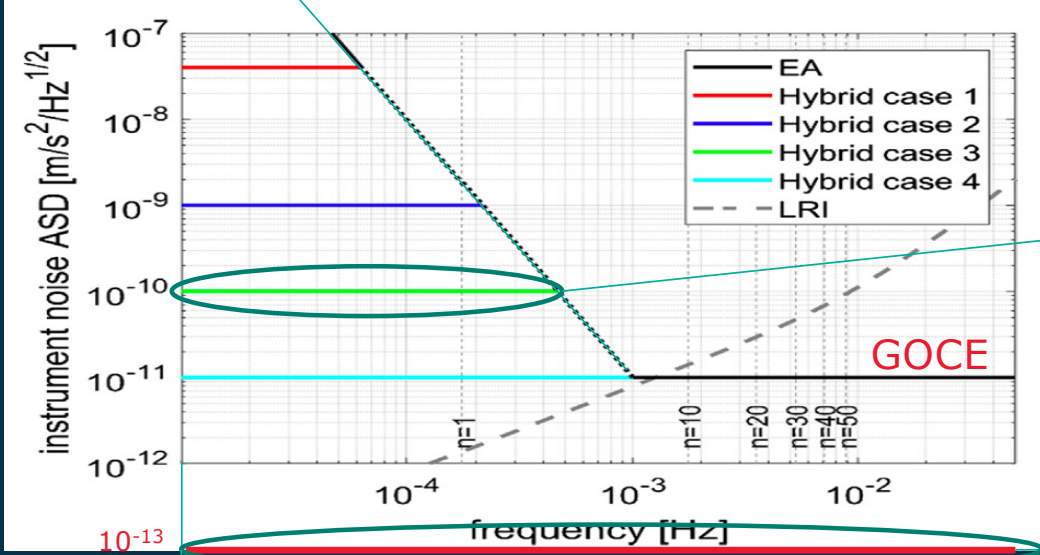


2. Airgravi Campaign (CNES-ESA):
Reaching state of the Art of standard campaign

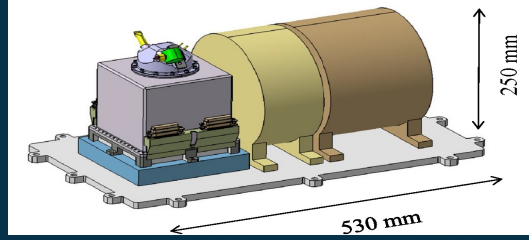


Precision Challenges for Cold Atom Sensors for EOP & fundamental physics community

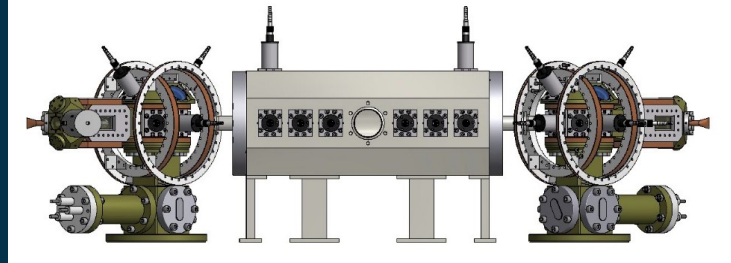
airborne



Quantum Pathfinder Mission



Quantum Climate & Icy Moon Mission



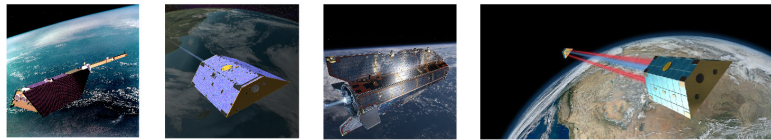
Fundamental Physics and Quantum Gravity Wave Mission



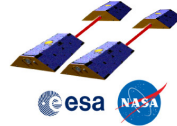
Quantum Space Mission Roadmap



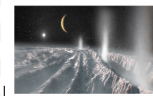
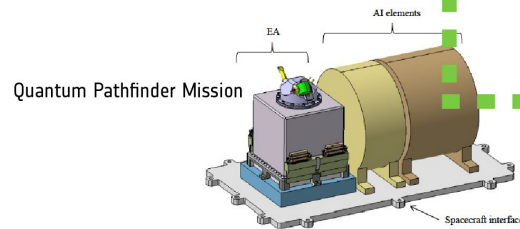
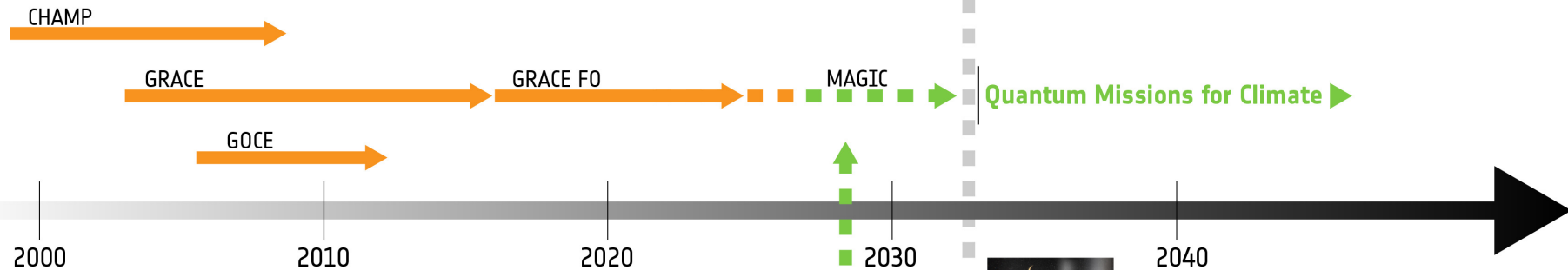
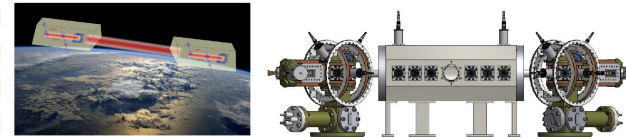
Conventional Technologies



Future constellations



Quantum Technological Breakthrough



Space Exploration - Mission to Icy Moon ▶
 (Autonomous guidance, gravity mapping of planets, comets for mining, cryogenic sample return, deep-space quantum communication,...)

Fundamental Physics Missions ▶
 (e.g. STE-QUEST, QPPF, iSOC,...)

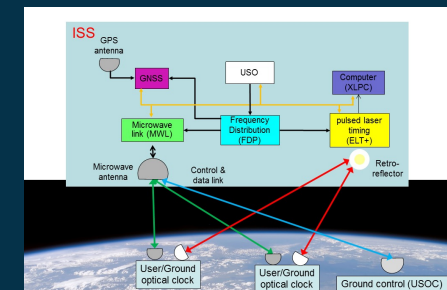
Gravitational Wave Observatory ▶
 (e.g. SAGE, AEDGE,...)



Space Clock Roadmap



- ACES
 - Absolute measurement of the gravitational red-shift at a precision $< 50 \cdot 10^{-6}$ after 300 s and $< 2 \cdot 10^{-6}$ after 10 days of integration time.
 - Time variations of the fine structure constant α at a precision level of $\alpha^{-1} \cdot d\alpha / dt < 1 \cdot 10^{-17} \text{yr}^{-1}$ down to $3 \cdot 10^{-18} \text{yr}^{-1}$ in case of a mission duration of 3 years.
 - Search for anisotropies of the speed of light at the level $\delta c / c < 10^{-10}$.
 - Launch to ISS in 2022 (TBC)
- ISOC Pathfinder
 - Measurement of the Sun gravitational time dilation (red-shift) effect to a fractional uncertainty of $2.5 \cdot 10^{-5}$.
 - Measurement of the Moon gravitational time dilation (red-shift) effect to a fractional uncertainty of $4 \cdot 10^{-3}$.
 - Enabling world-wide searches for time variation of fundamental constants and tests of the Standard Model Extension.
 - Contribution to the realization of atomic time scales to fractional frequency inaccuracy lower than $1 \cdot 10^{-18}$ and synchronized to the few ps level.
 - Enable mapping of the geopotential on the land masses of North America, South America, Africa, Europe, Asia, Australia, with approximately $300 \text{ km} \times 300 \text{ km}$ grid size using transportable $1 \cdot 10^{-18}$ clocks, with a resolution of $0.15 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$ (1.5 cm on the differential geoid height).
 - Inter-and intracontinental differential geopotential measurements with resolution in the gravitational potential U at the level down to $0.05 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$ (0.5 cm on the differential geoid height).
- Future Space Optical Clock
 - Optical frequency reference (Sr clock laser) and femto-second frequency comb generator
 - Sr optical lattice clock physics package



Socio-economic impact

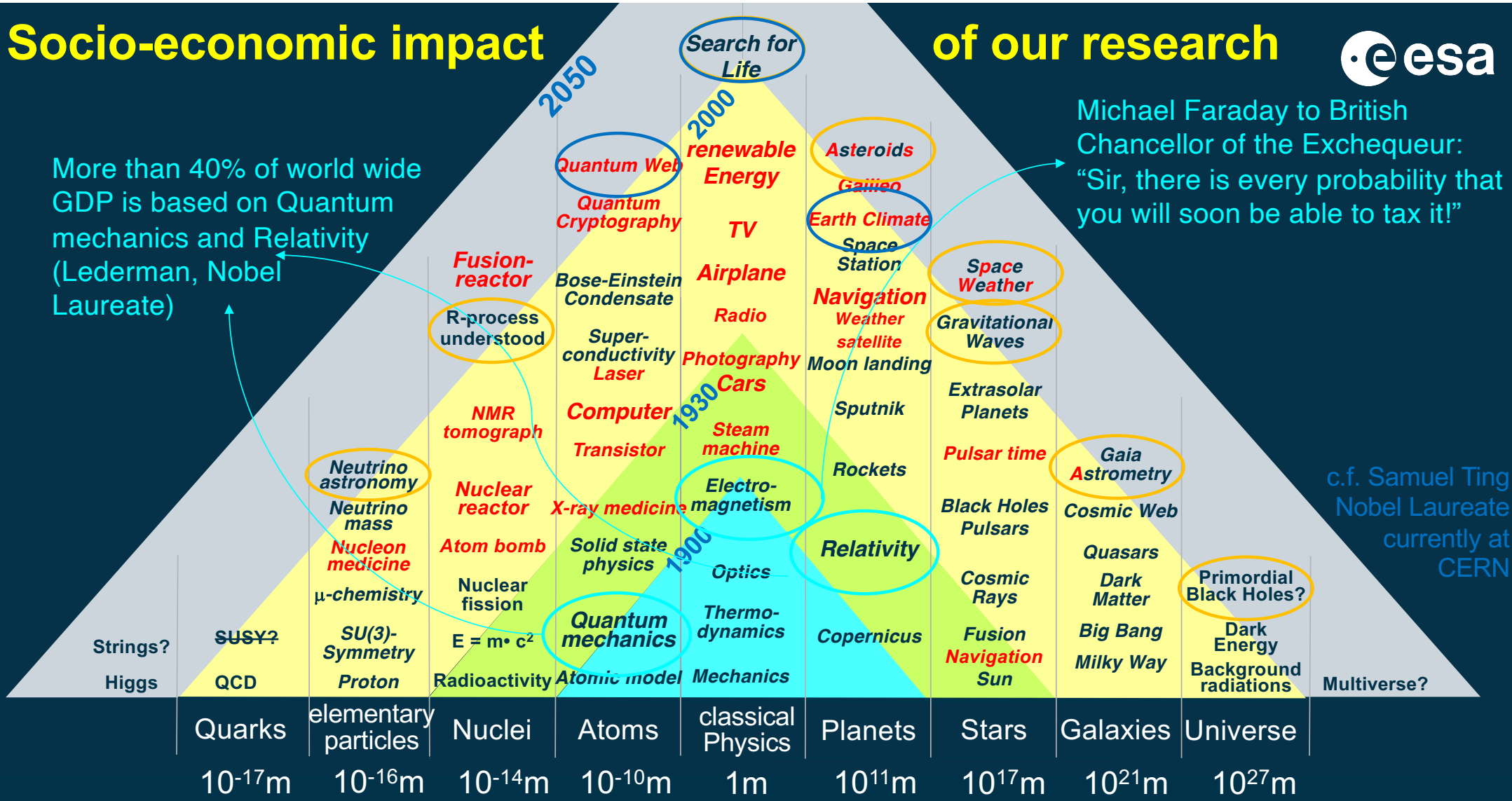
More than 40% of world wide GDP is based on Quantum mechanics and Relativity (Lederman, Nobel Laureate)

of our research



Michael Faraday to British Chancellor of the Exchequer: "Sir, there is every probability that you will soon be able to tax it!"

c.f. Samuel Ting Nobel Laureate currently at CERN



Examples of long-term economic benefits from basic science



- Electromagnetism (Faraday)
- Quantum Mechanics (Fraunhofer Lines, Ultraviolet Catastrophe, Planck/Heisenberg/Einstein et al., electronics ...)
- Relativity (Mercury perihelium, Einstein, GNSS)
- The Maser/Laser (Astrophysical Molecules, fabrication ...)
- The World-Wide Web (ARPA, CERN, Internet of Things ...)
- The iPhone (WIFI, CCDs, Navigation, Lidar ...)
- Glass (Pyrex, Zerodur, ceramic induction stoves, multifocal lenses from X-ray astronomy...)
- Medical applications from astronomy (adaptive optics for eye surgery, cancer detection algorithms, cold plasma healing, ...)
- Dutch company ASML with global SMD market dominance spun out from TNO astronomy group ...
- COSINE company spun out of ESTEC: world leader in X-ray optics and high-tech applications
- Many technologies developed for science/EOP in European Industry used on multitude of spacecraft

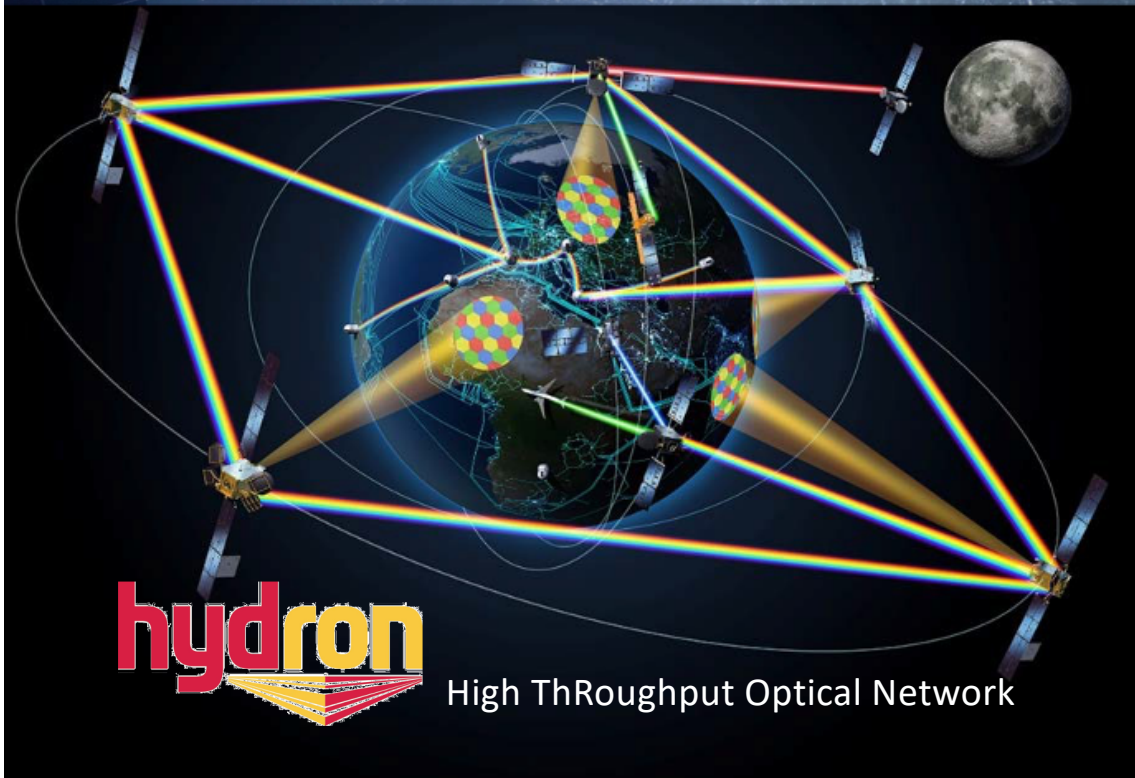


Thank you!

credit: Painting Don Dixon 1986



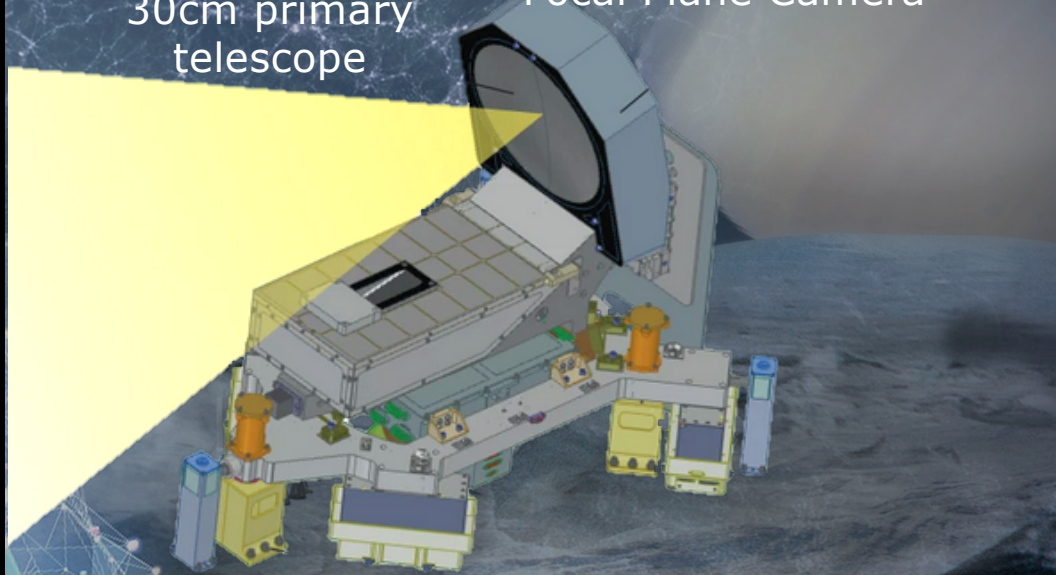
Deep Space quantum-enabled optical communication



hydron

High ThRoughput Optical Network

30cm primary telescope
Single Photon Detector
Focal Plane Camera



DSOC Flight Terminal on Psyche Spacecraft

1 Mbit/s data rate enabled from Saturn with 30cm sending and 1.4m receiving telescope



→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY