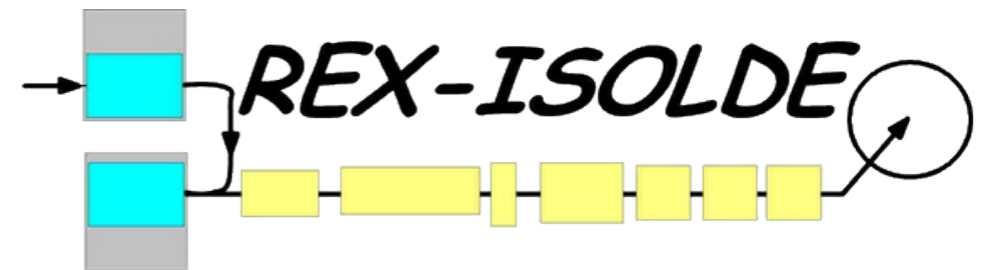


Octupole collectivity: Coulomb excitation of ^{224}Ra

Liam P. Gaffney



UNIVERSITY OF
LIVERPOOL

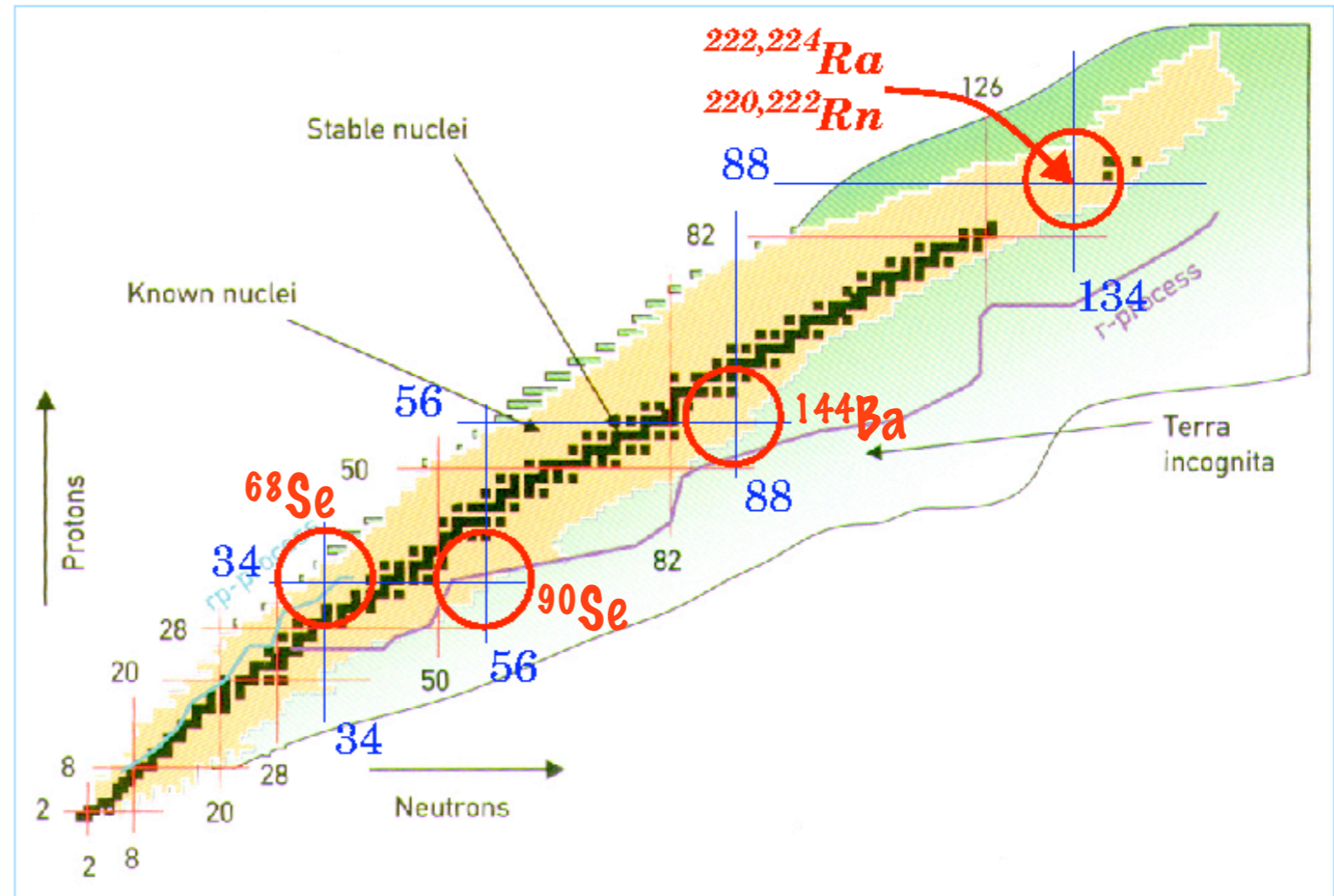
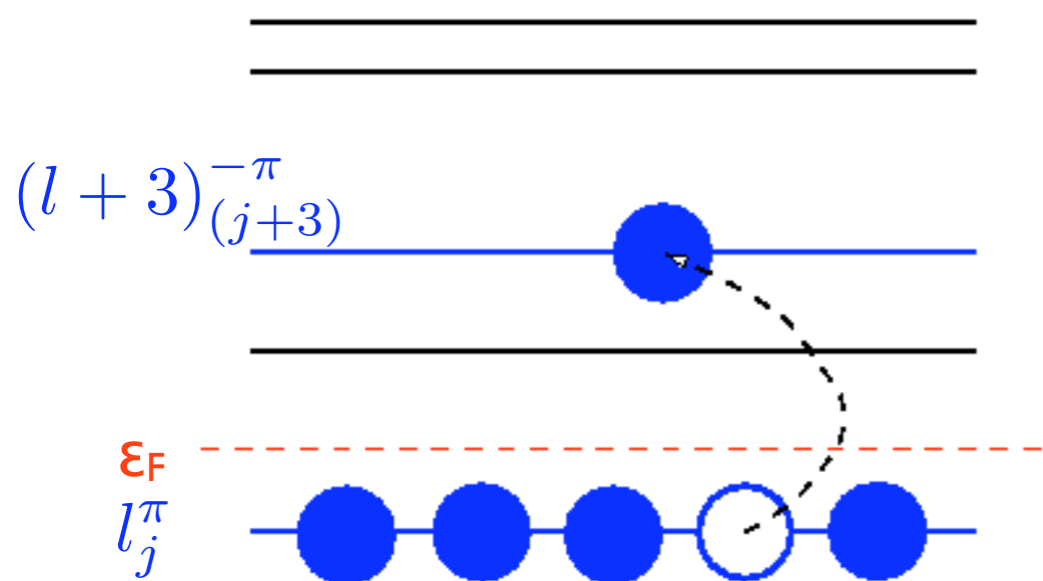


Octupole Collectivity

Octupole correlations enhanced at the magic numbers: **34, 56, 88, 134**

Microscopically...

Intruder orbitals of opposite parity and $\Delta J, \Delta L = 3$ close to the Fermi level



$^{220,222}\text{Rn}$ and $^{222,224}\text{Ra}$ lie near $Z=88, N=134$

$$\pi \left(f_{7/2} \rightarrow i_{13/2} \right) \quad \nu \left(g_{9/2} \rightarrow j_{15/2} \right)$$

Octupole Collectivity

Macroscopically...

Nuclei take on a “pear” shape

Reflection asymmetric

- β_3 -vibration
- β_2 -deformation + β_3 -softness
- Static β_3 -deformation?

Signatures...

Odd-even staggering, negative parity

Parity doublets in odd-A nuclei

Enhanced E1 transitions

Large E3 strength $\rightarrow B(E3; 0^+ \rightarrow 3^-) = \langle 0^+ || E3 || 3^- \rangle^2$

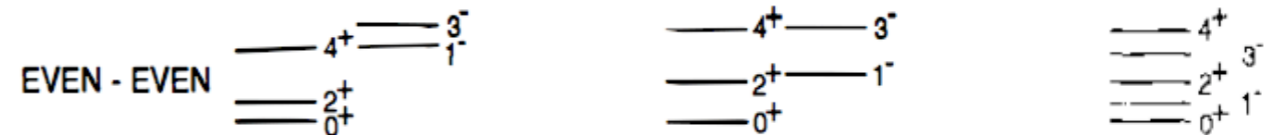
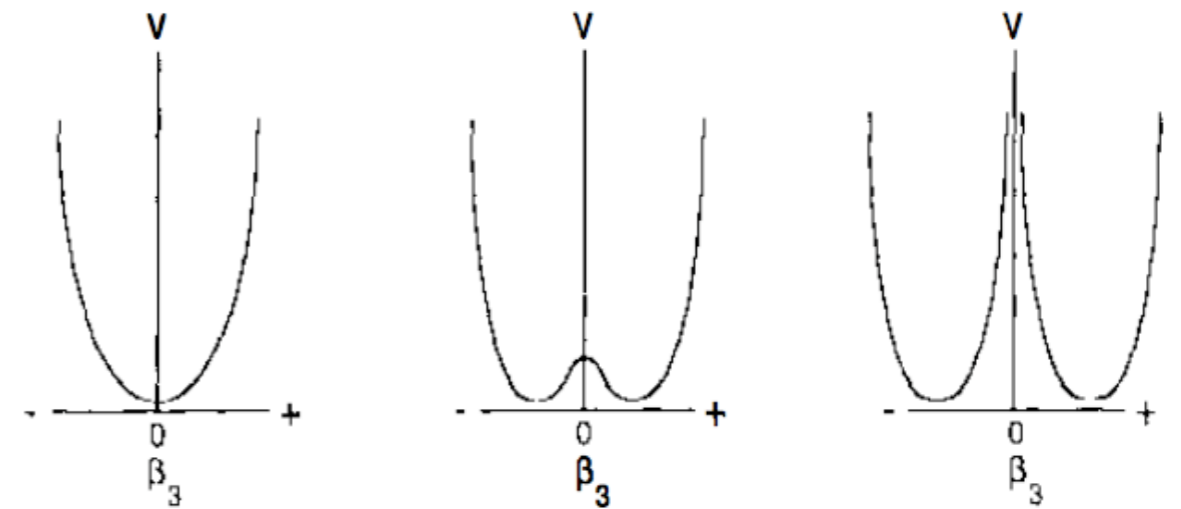
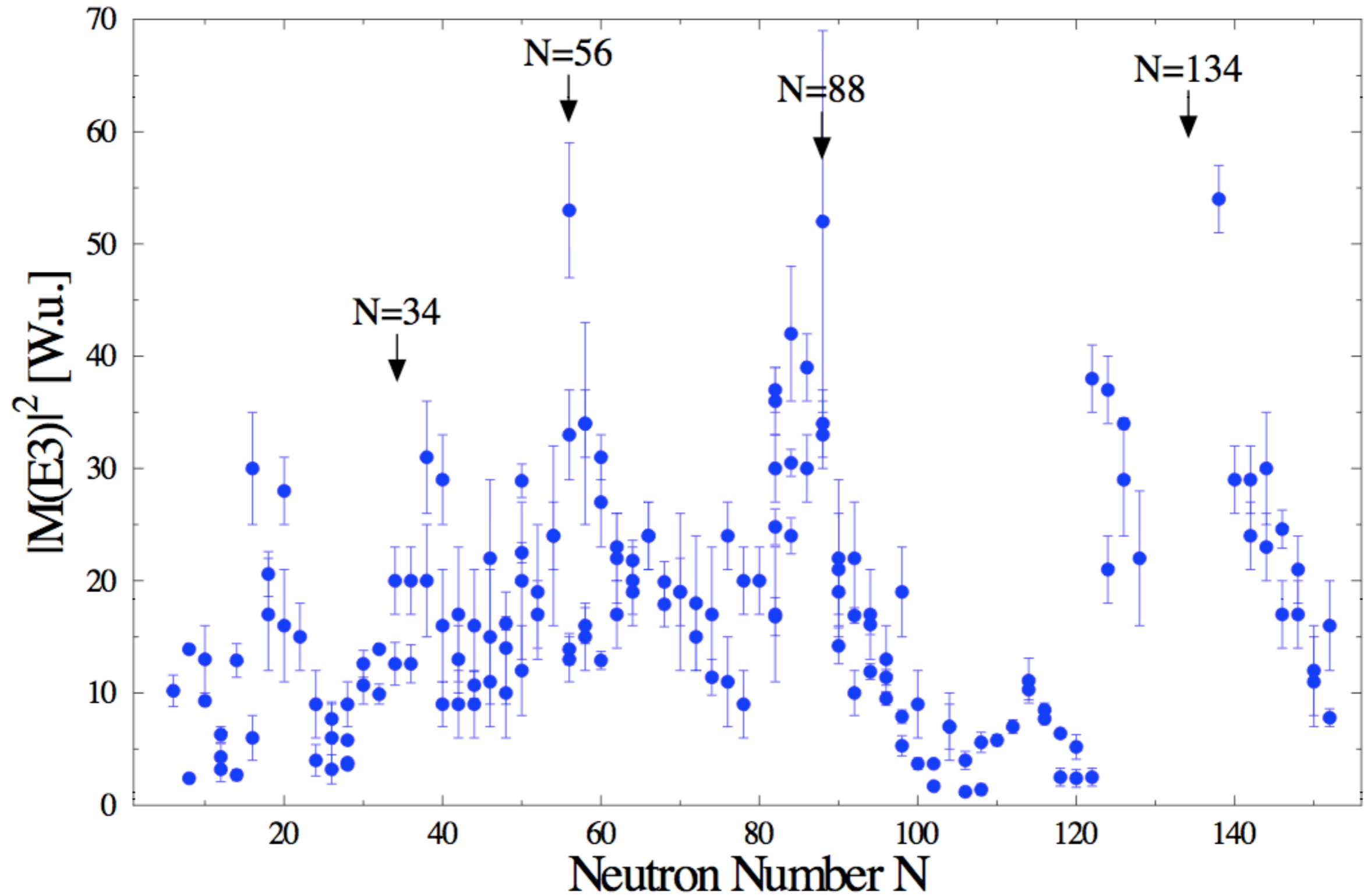


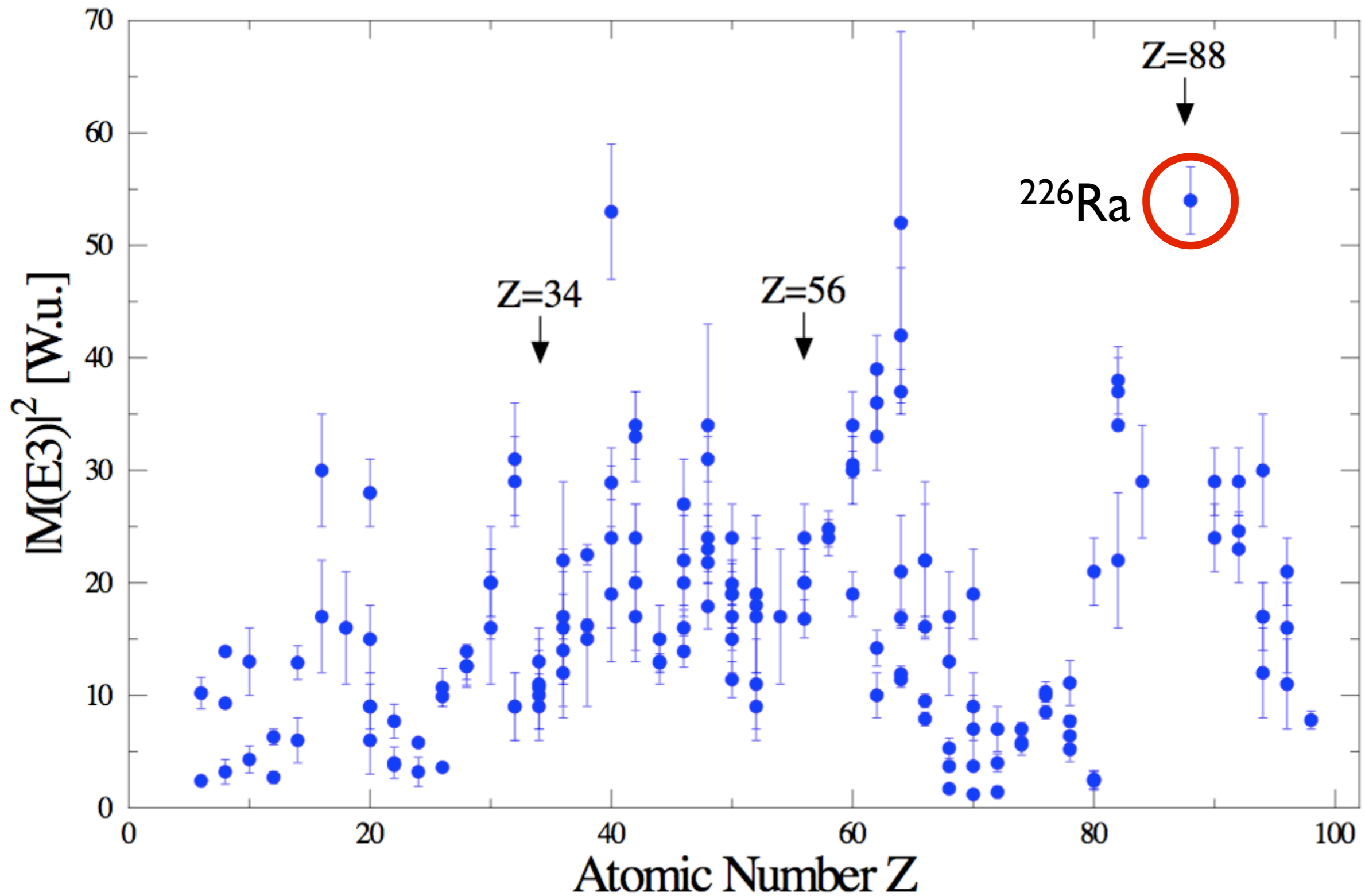
Image: I. Ahmed and P.A. Butler, Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci (1993) 43

2^L deformation -- β_L
 L=2: Quadrupole, oblate/prolate shapes
 L=3: Octupole, reflection asymmetry

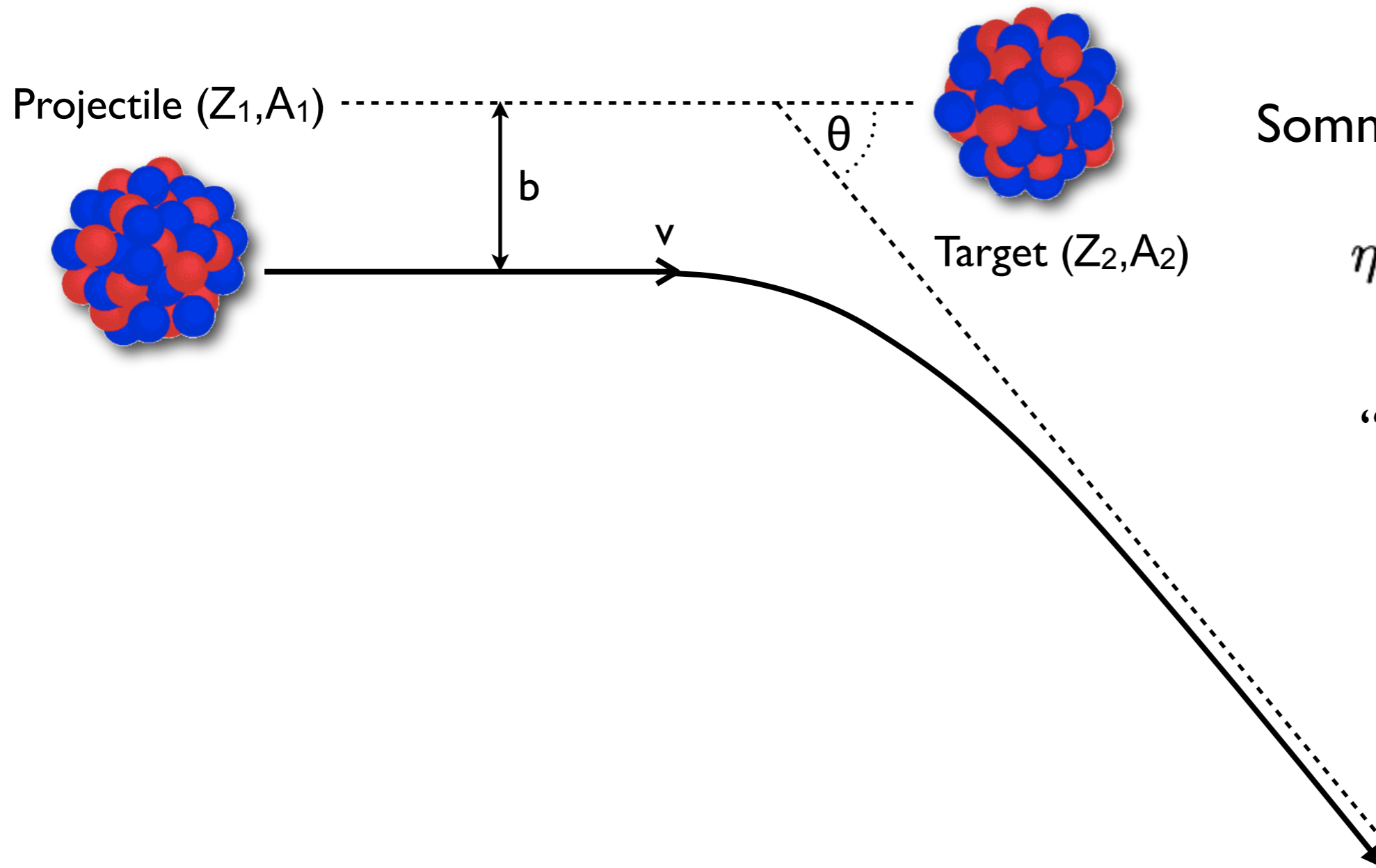
Octupole Collectivity



Octupole Collectivity



Coulomb Excitation



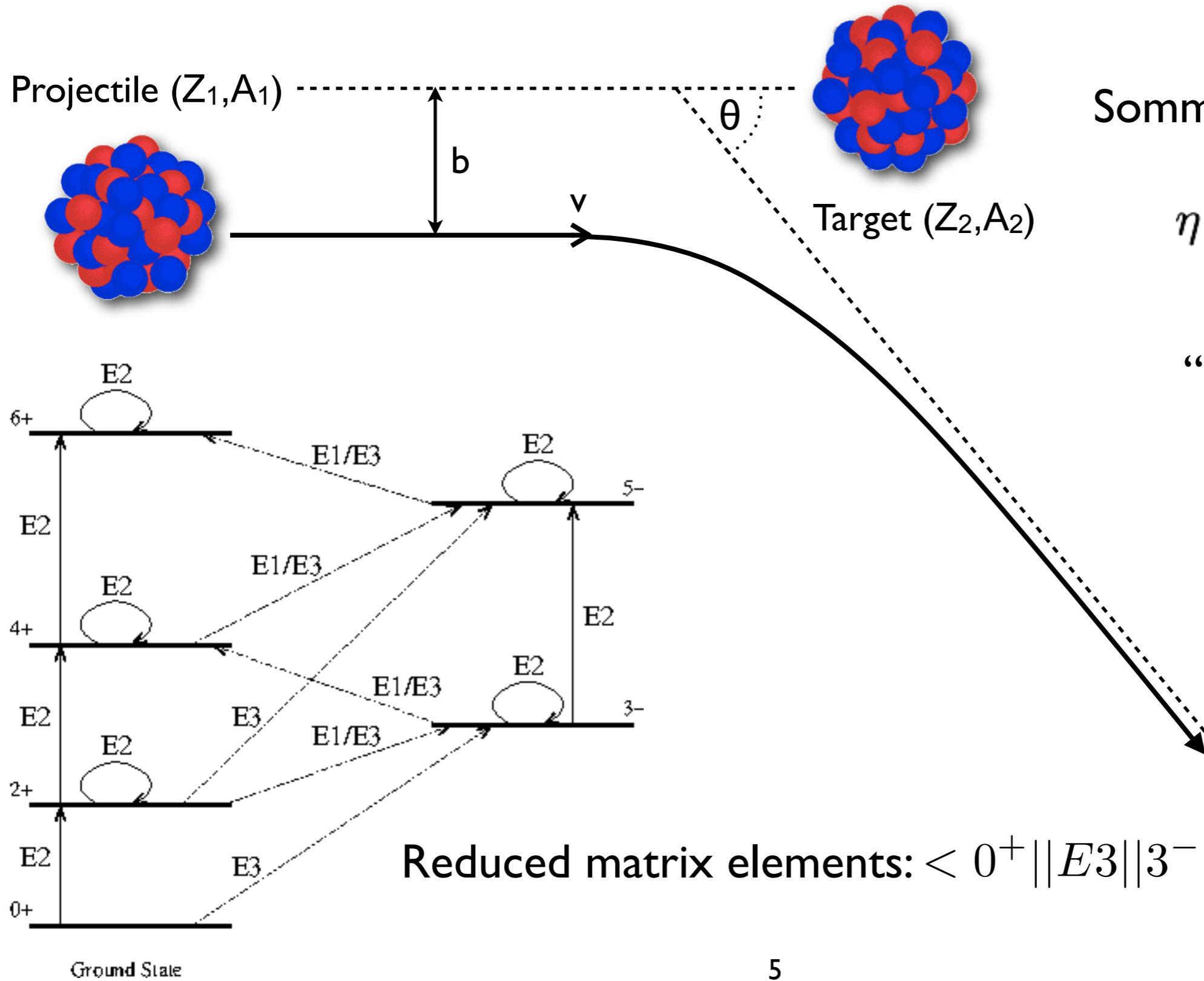
Sommerfeld parameter:

$$\eta = \frac{Z_1 Z_2 e^2}{\hbar v}$$

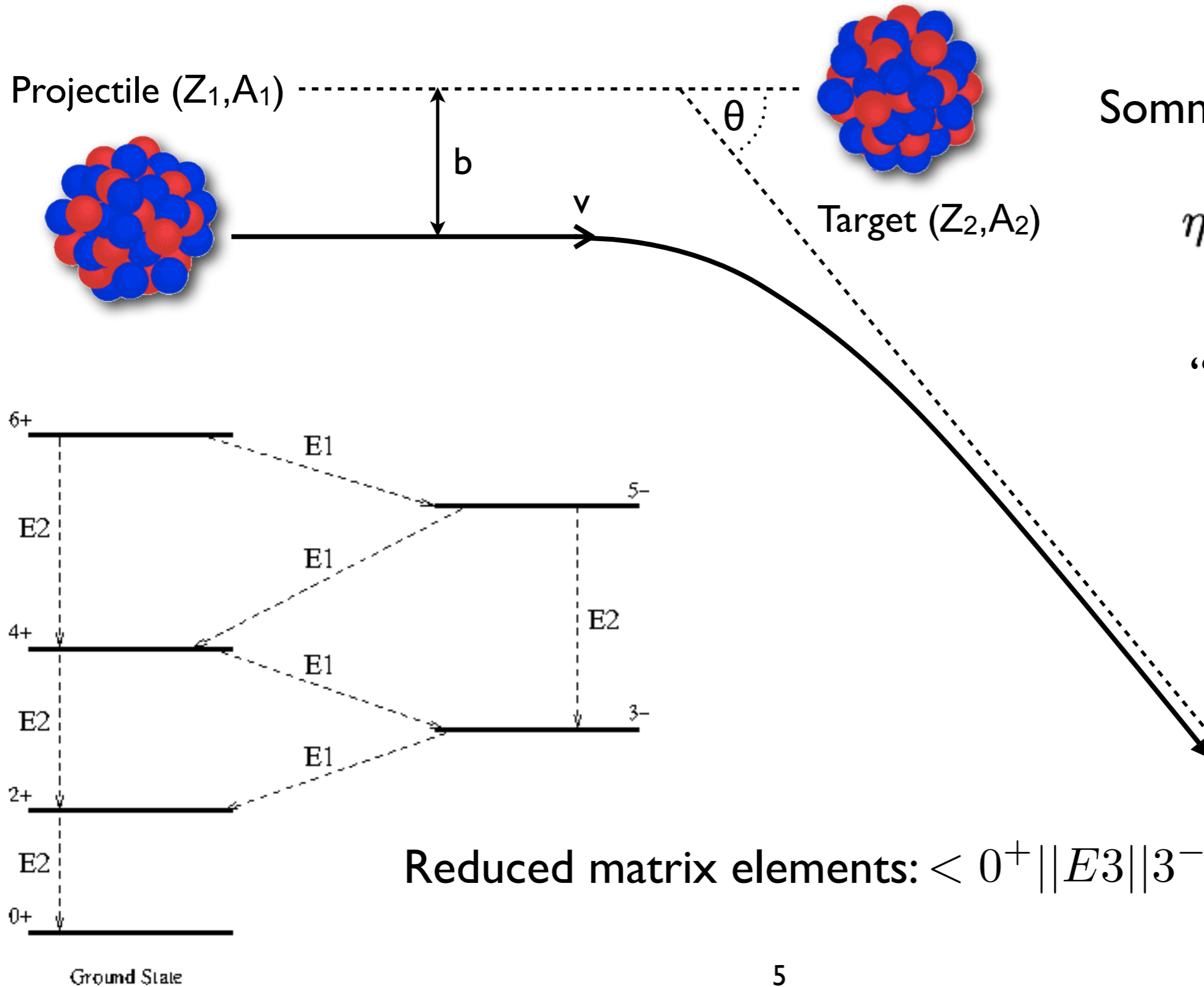
“Safe” Coulex:

$$\eta \gg 1$$

Coulomb Excitation



Coulomb Excitation



Sommerfeld parameter:

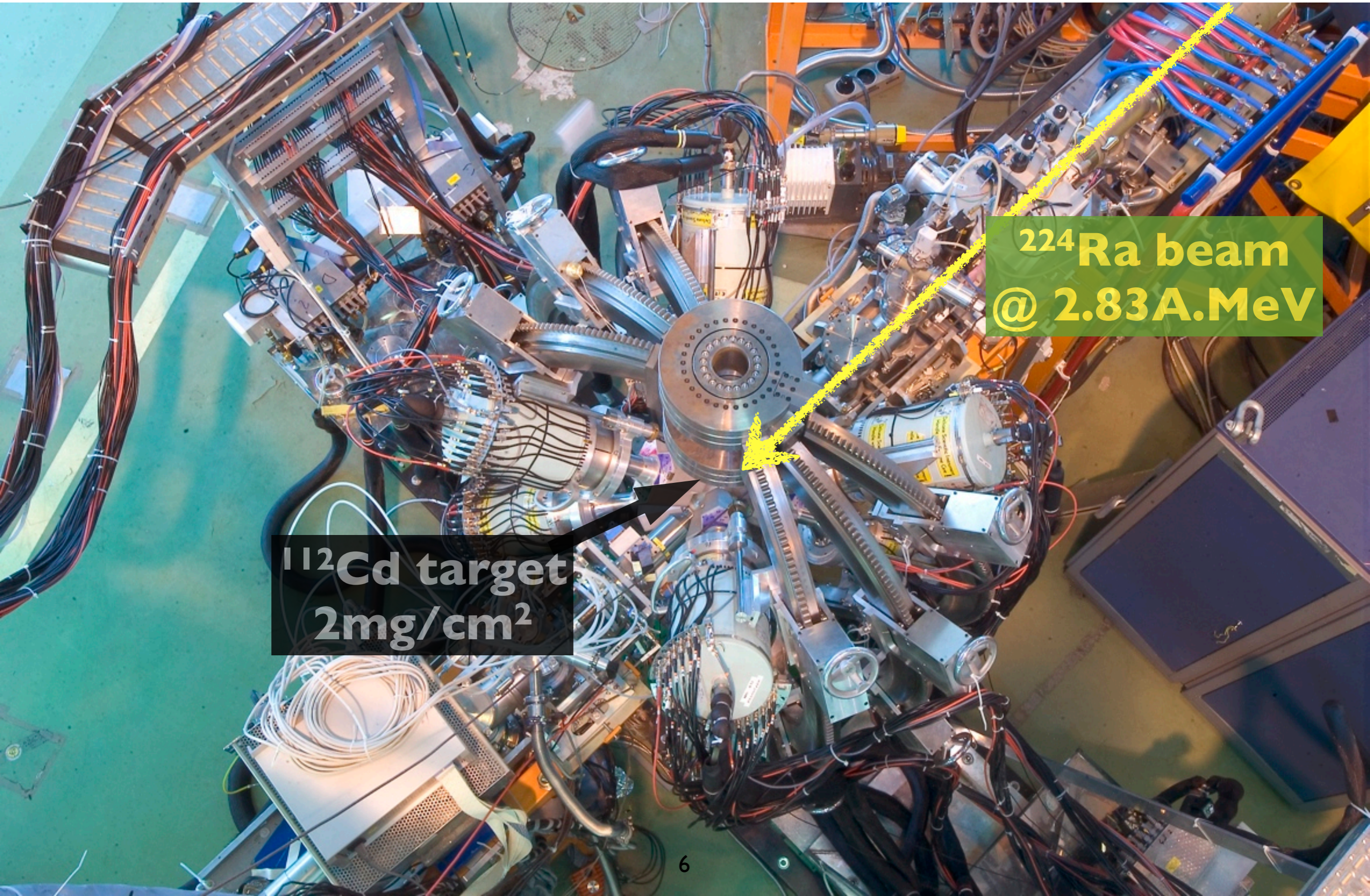
$$\eta = \frac{Z_1 Z_2 e^2}{\hbar v}$$

“Safe” Coulex:

$$\eta \gg 1$$

Reduced matrix elements: $\langle 0^+ || E3 || 3^- \rangle$

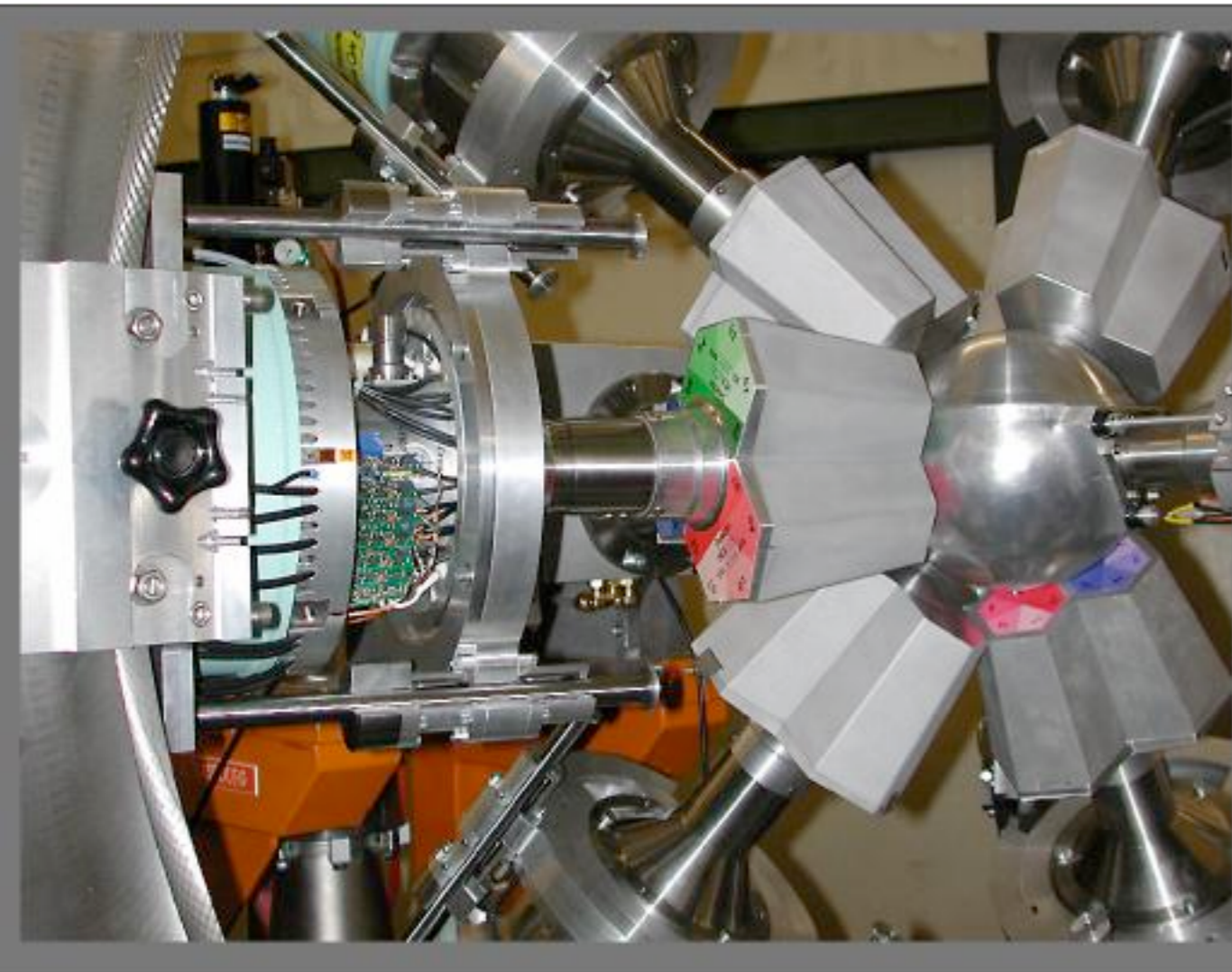
MINIBALL



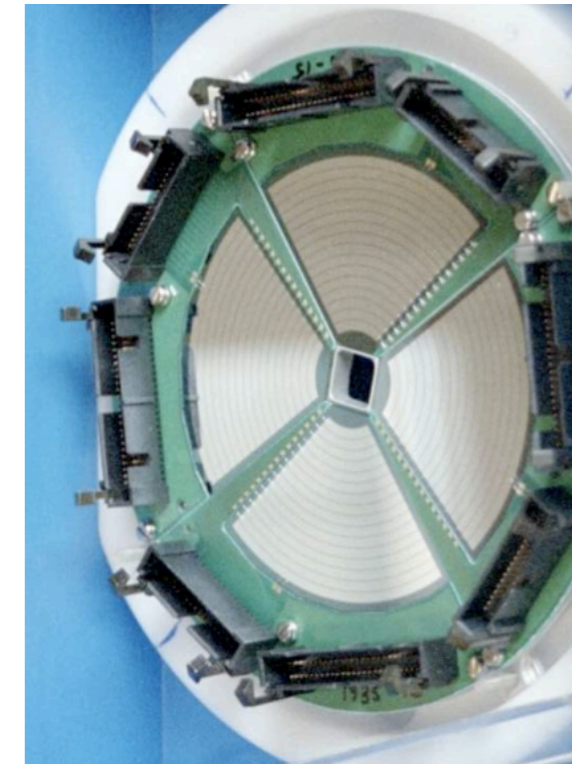
^{224}Ra beam
@ 2.83 A.MeV

^{112}Cd target
2mg/cm²

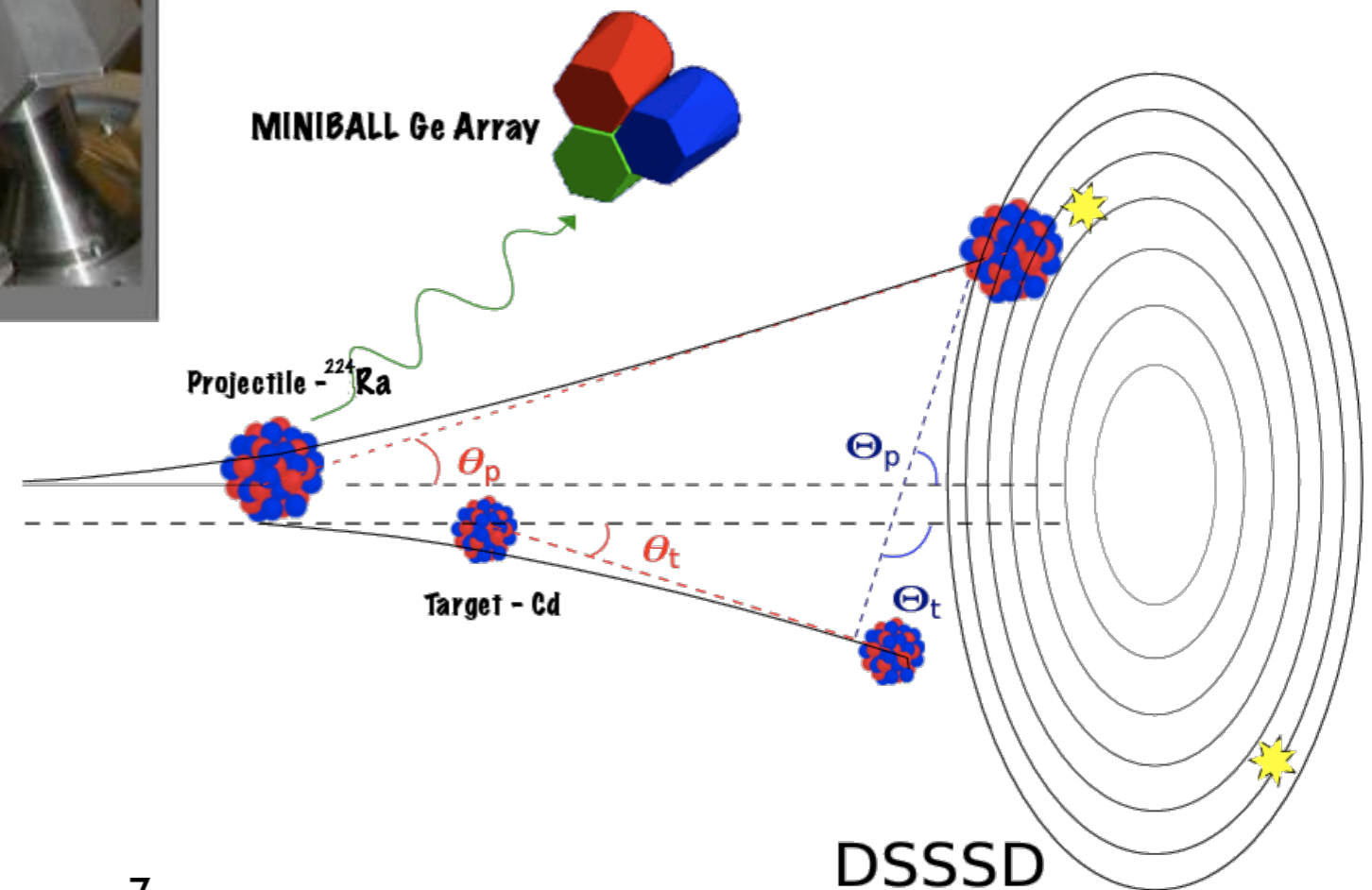
MINIBALL



- Particle ID in a Double-Sided Si Strip Detector.
- Event by event Doppler correction.
- $17^\circ < \theta_{\text{lab}} < 54^\circ$



- Array of HPGe of 8 triple clusters
- 6-fold segmentation for positioning
- $\epsilon > 7\%$ for 1.3MeV γ -rays

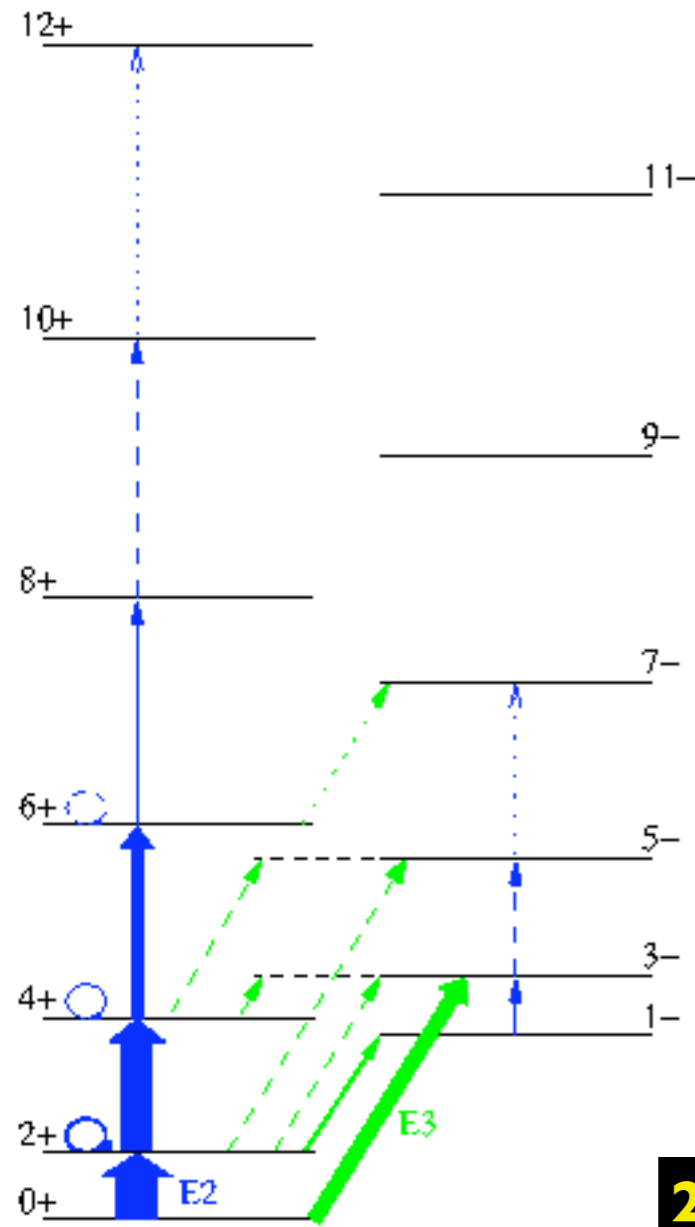


The experiment - ^{224}Ra

<u>12+</u>	<i>1413.7</i>		
		<u>1220.7</u>	11-
<u>10+</u>	<i>1067.4</i>		
		<u>906.2</u>	9-
<u>8+</u>	<i>754.8</i>		
		<u>640.9</u>	7-
<u>6+</u>	<i>479.2</i>		
		<u>433.1</u>	5-
<u>4+</u>	<i>250.8</i>	<u>290.4</u>	3-
		<u>216.0</u>	1-
<u>2+</u>	<i>84.4</i>		
<u>0+</u>	<i>0.0</i>		

^{224}Ra

The experiment - ^{224}Ra

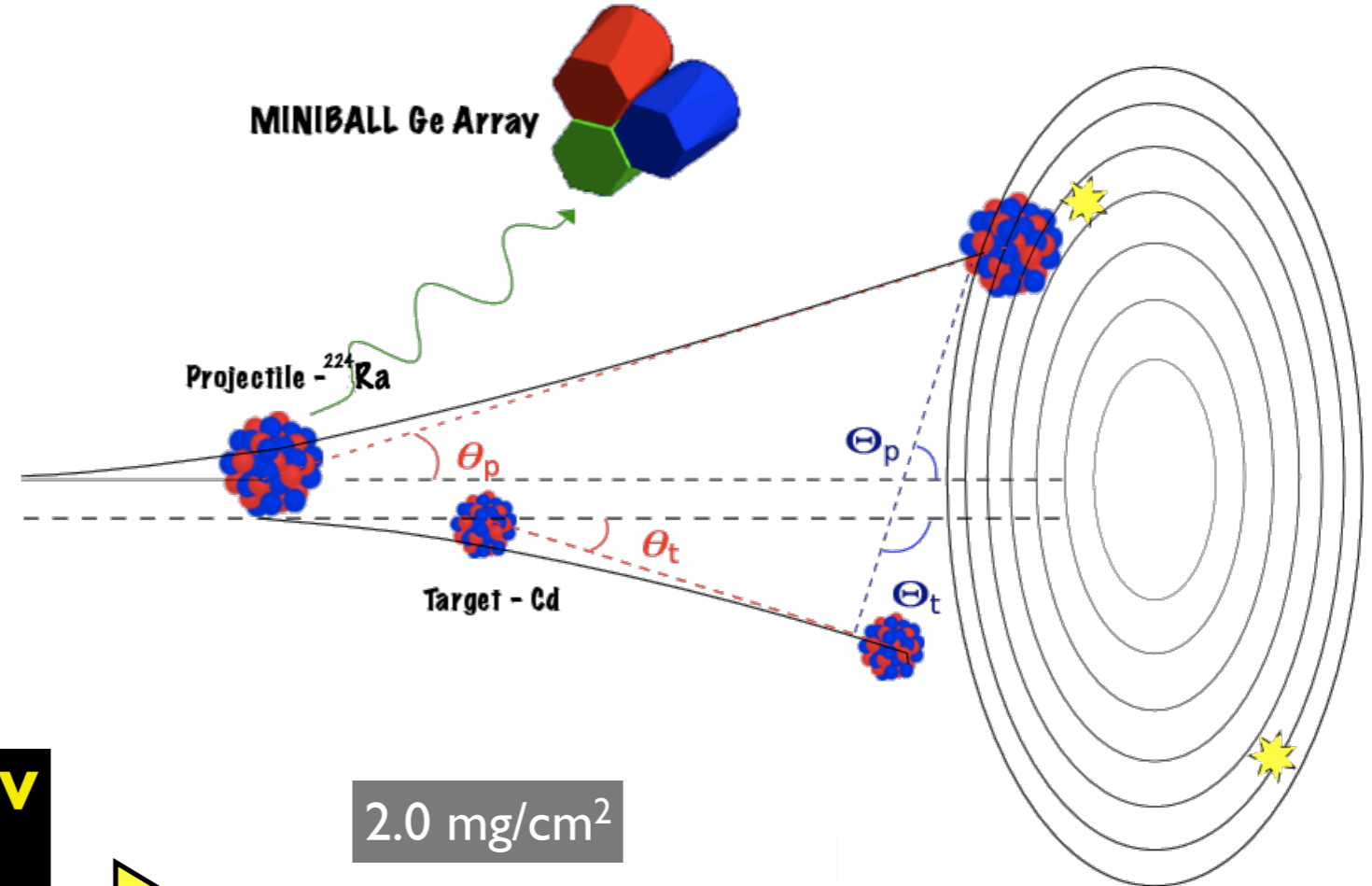


^{224}Ra

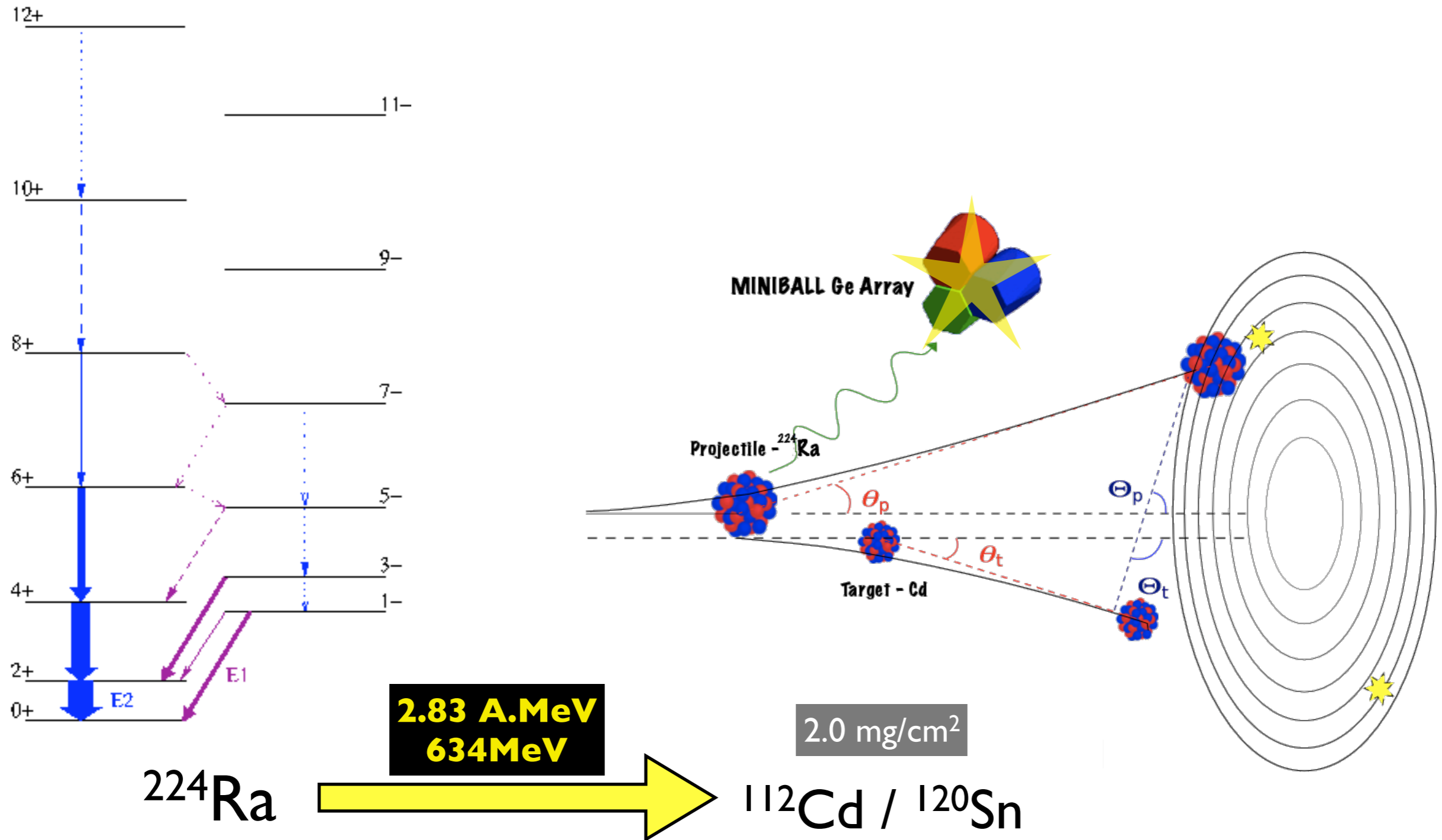
**2.83 A.MeV
634MeV**



$^{112}\text{Cd} / ^{120}\text{Sn}$



The experiment - ^{224}Ra

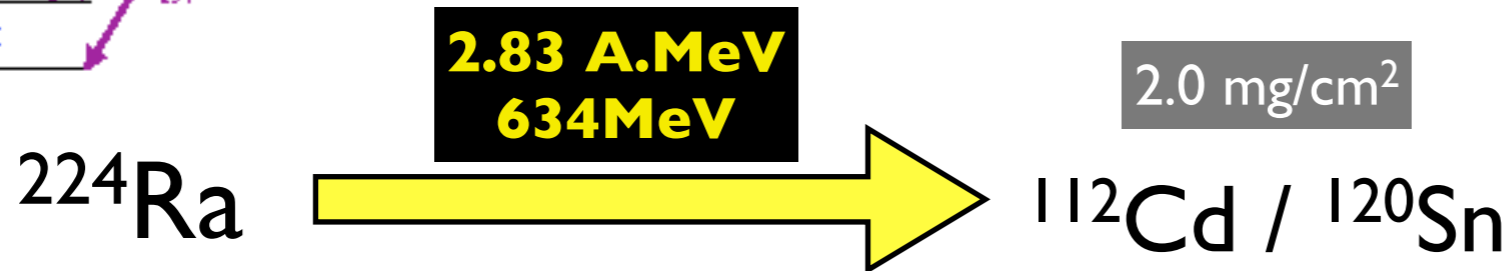
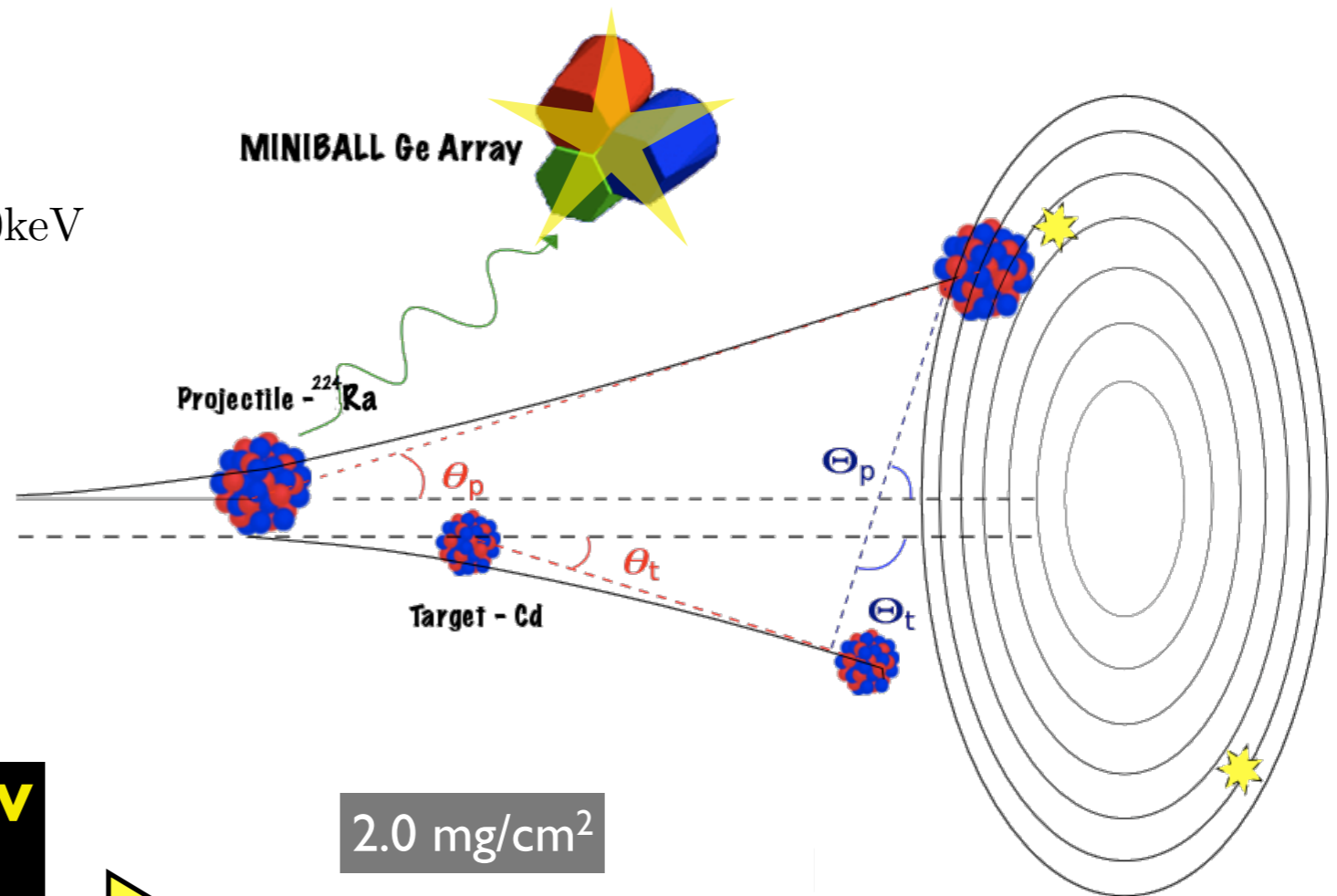
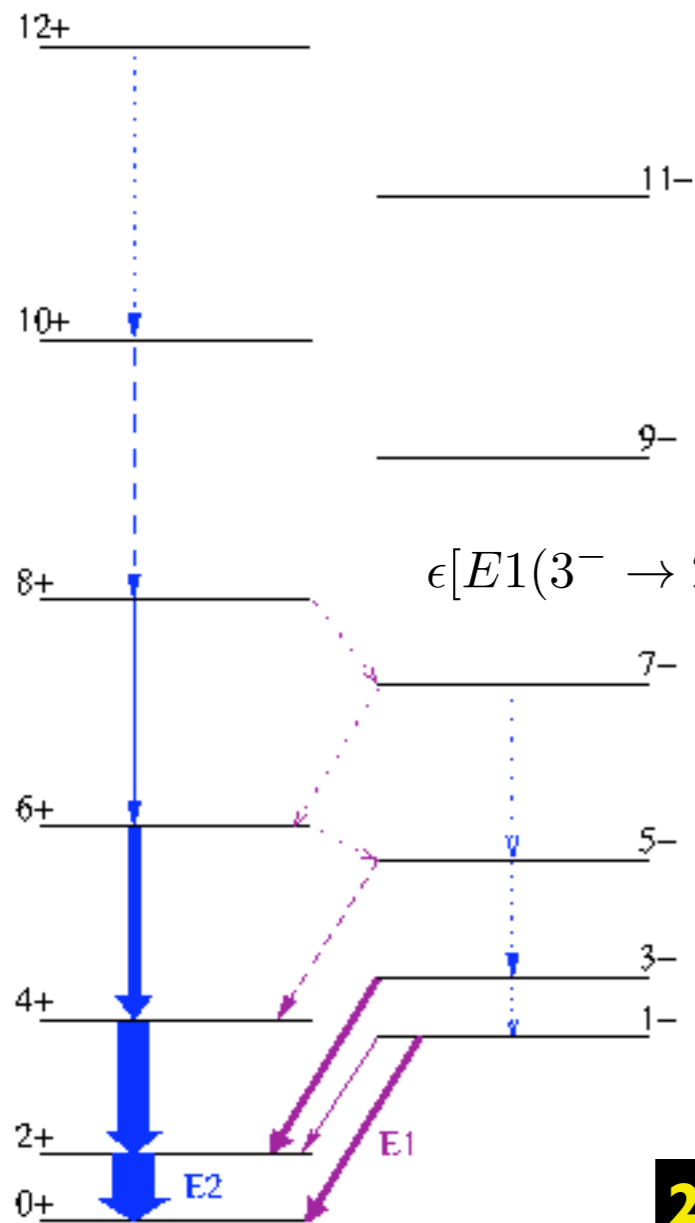


The experiment - ^{224}Ra

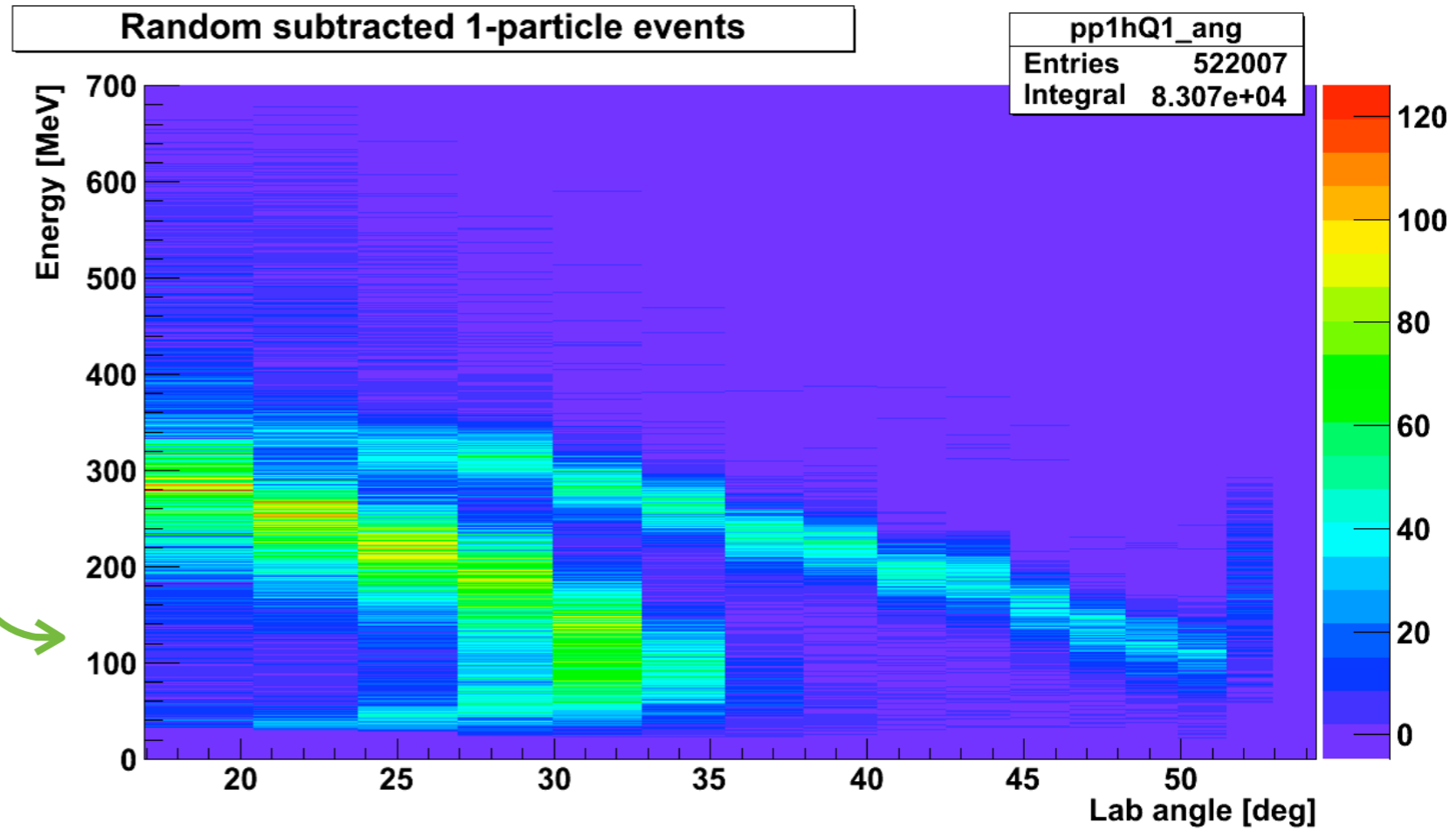
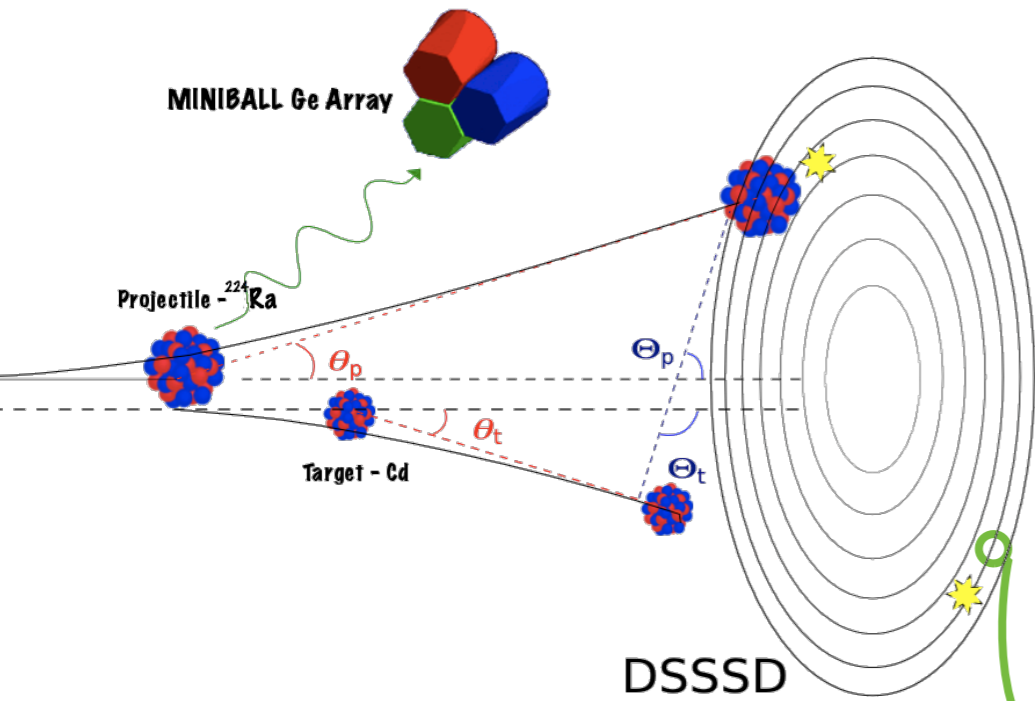
$$N[^{224}\text{Ra}(3^-)] \propto Y[E1(3^- \rightarrow 2^+)]$$

$$\propto B(E3 \uparrow; 0^+ \rightarrow 3^-)$$

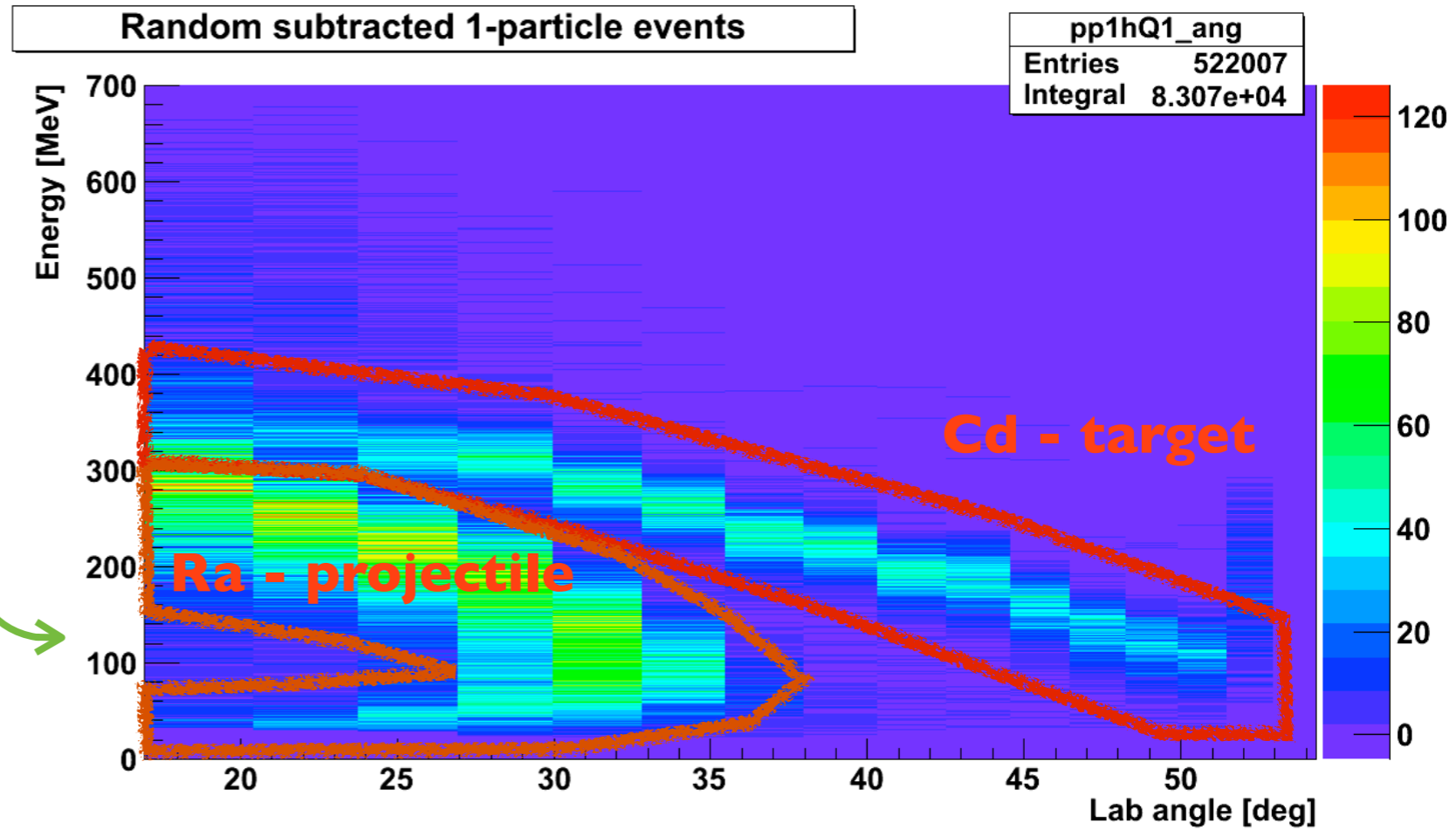
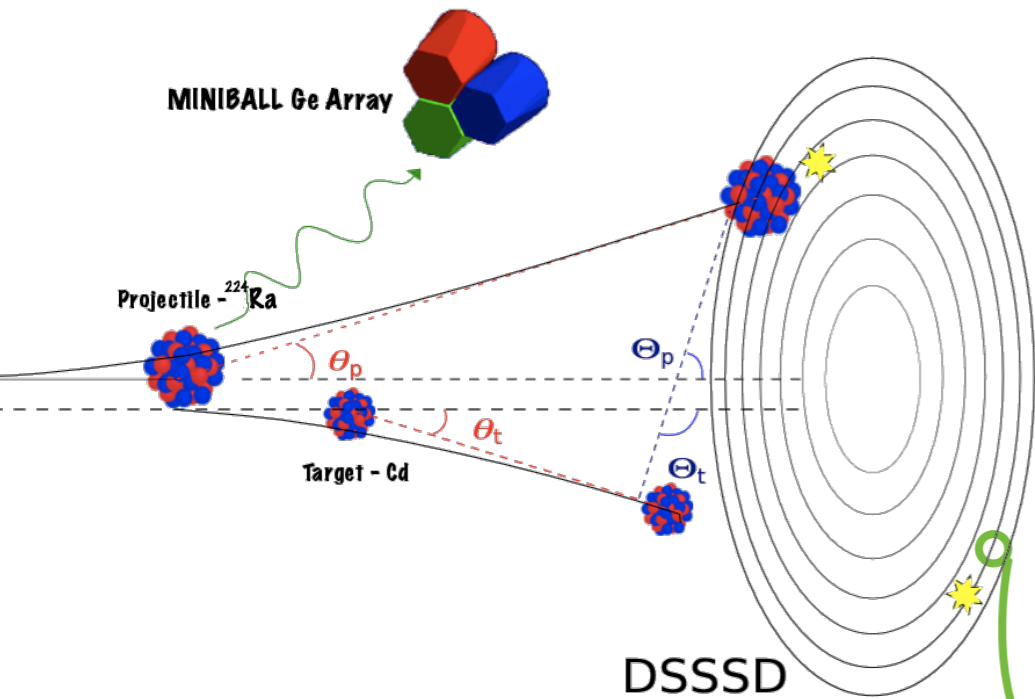
$$\propto \beta_3$$



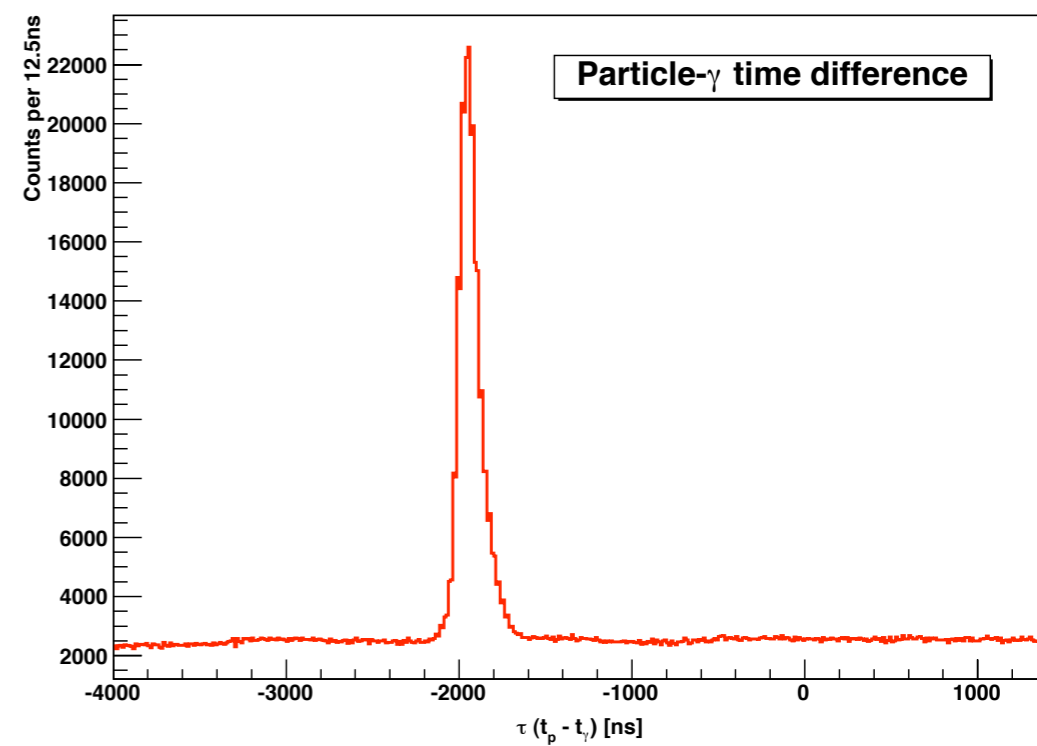
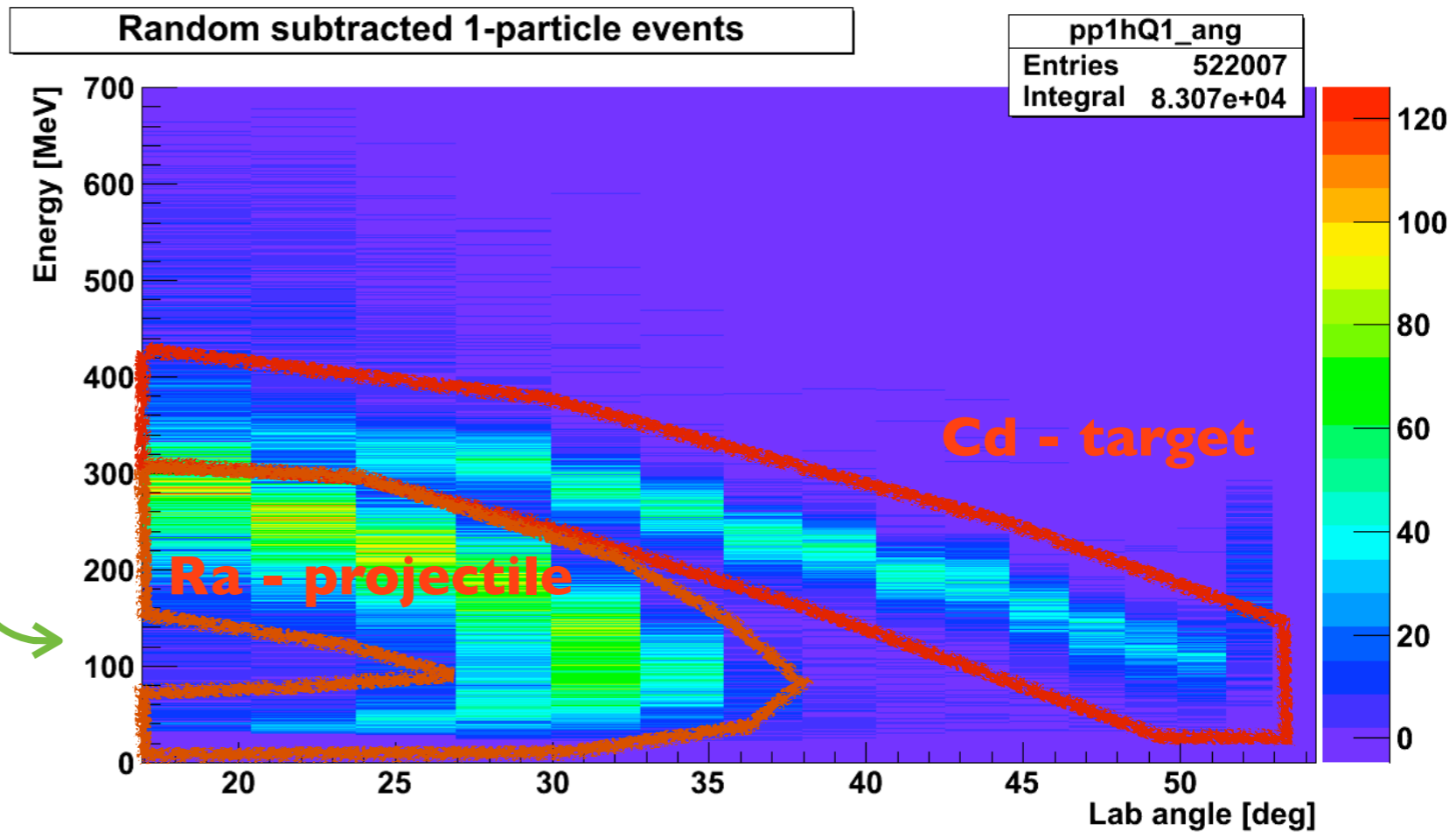
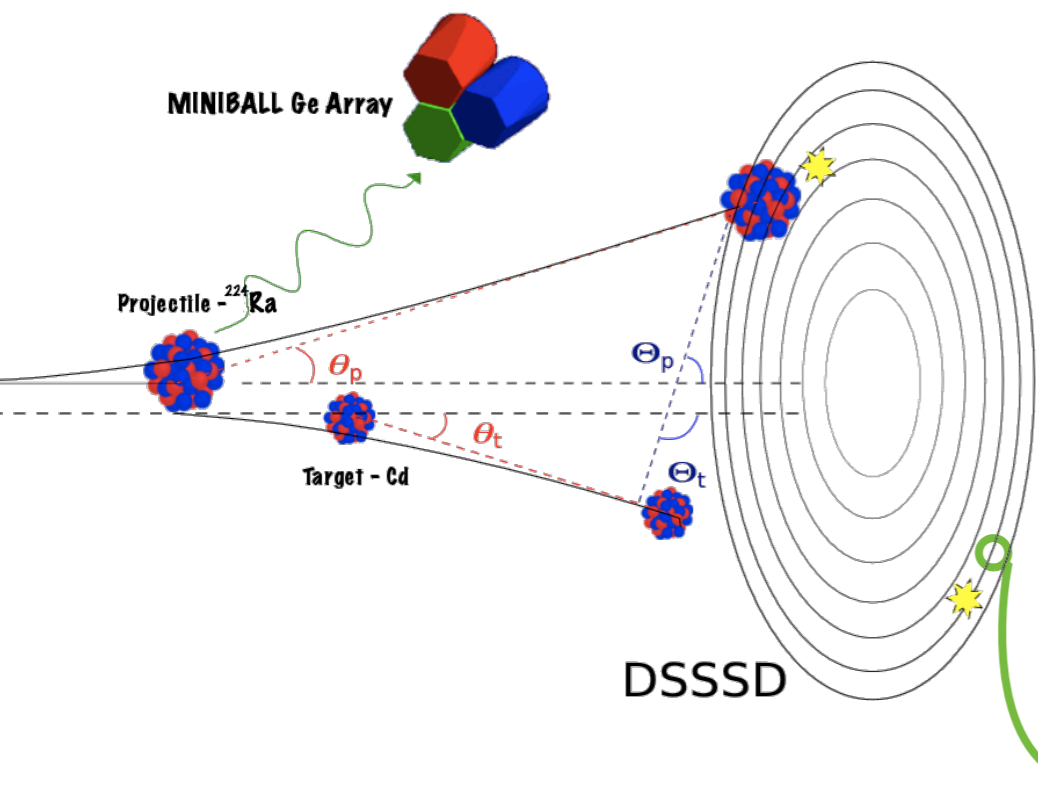
Analysis - ^{224}Ra



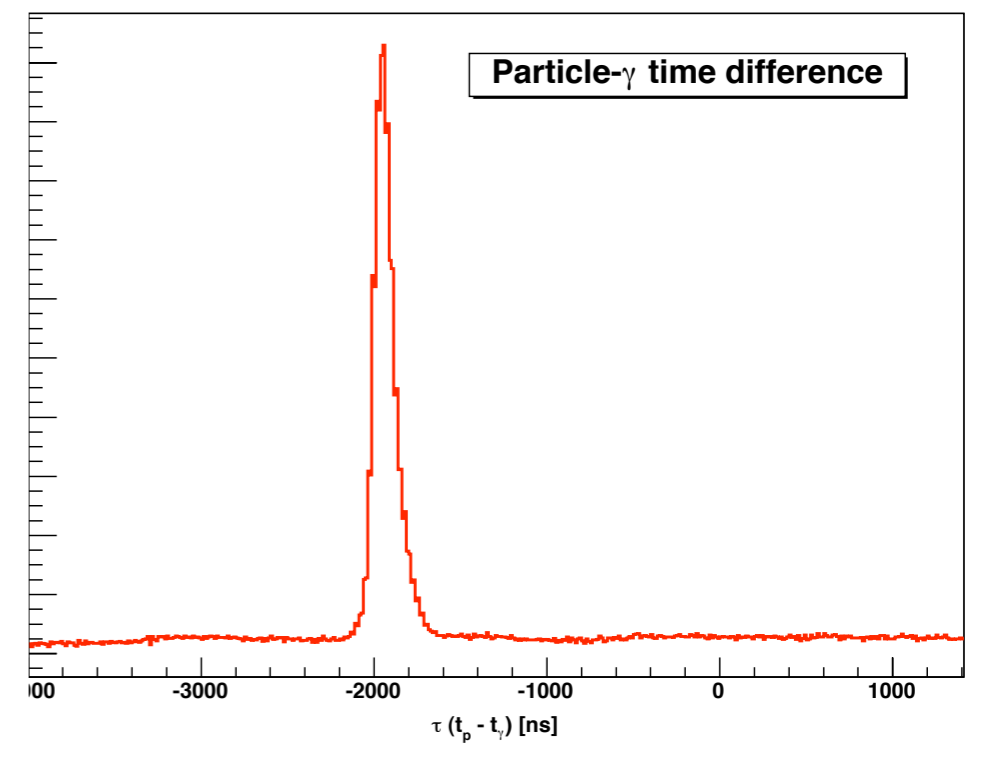
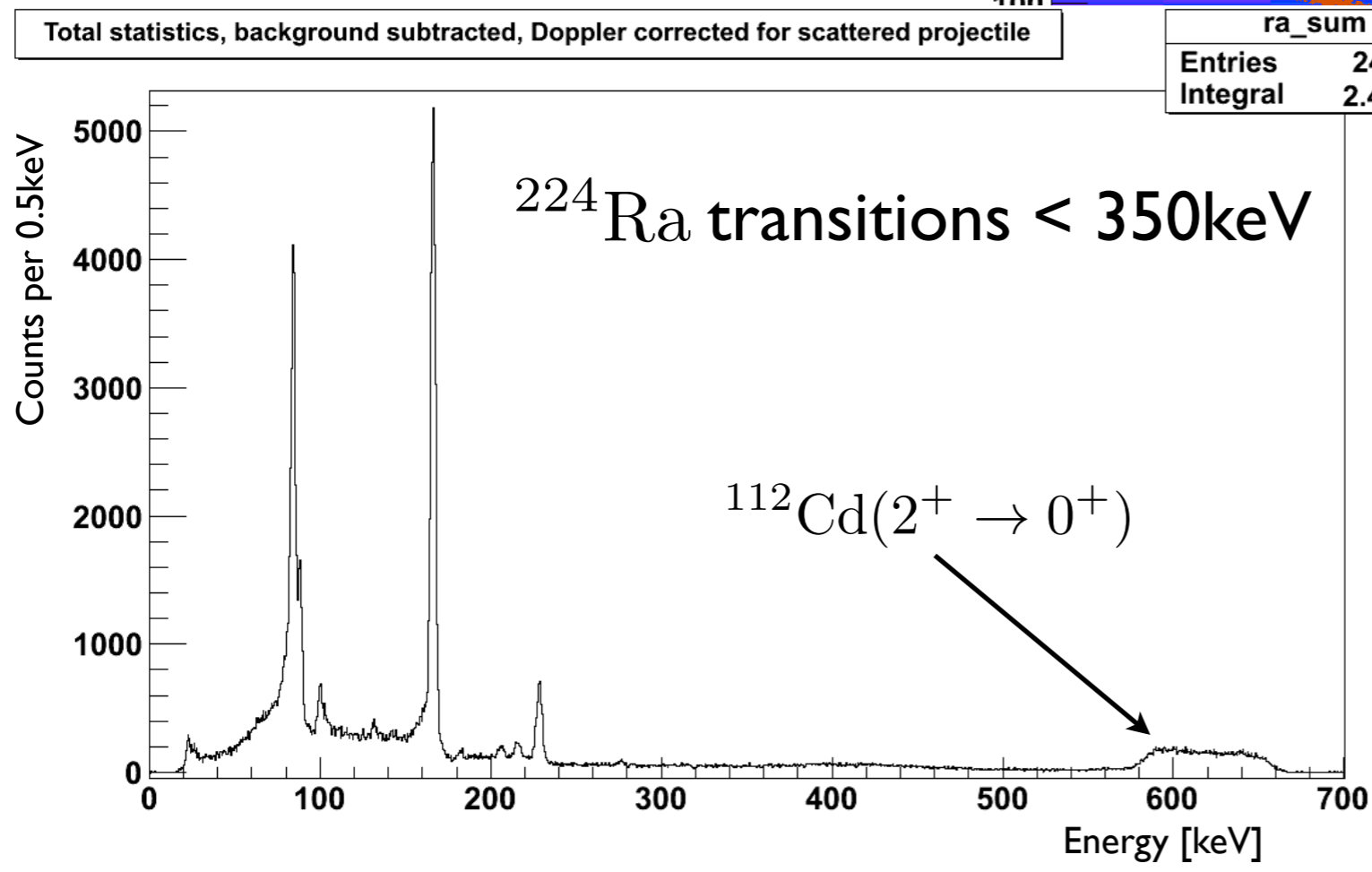
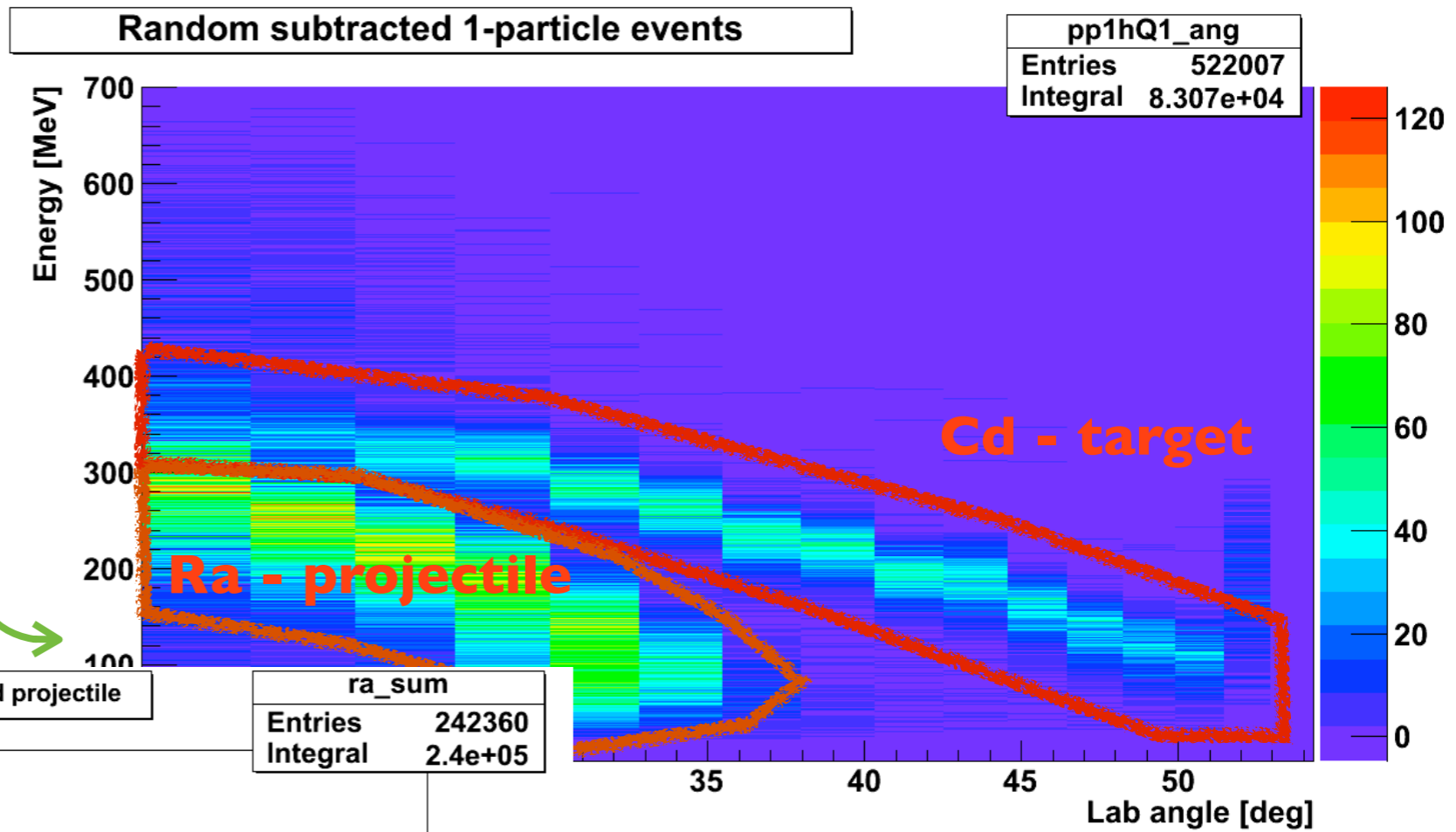
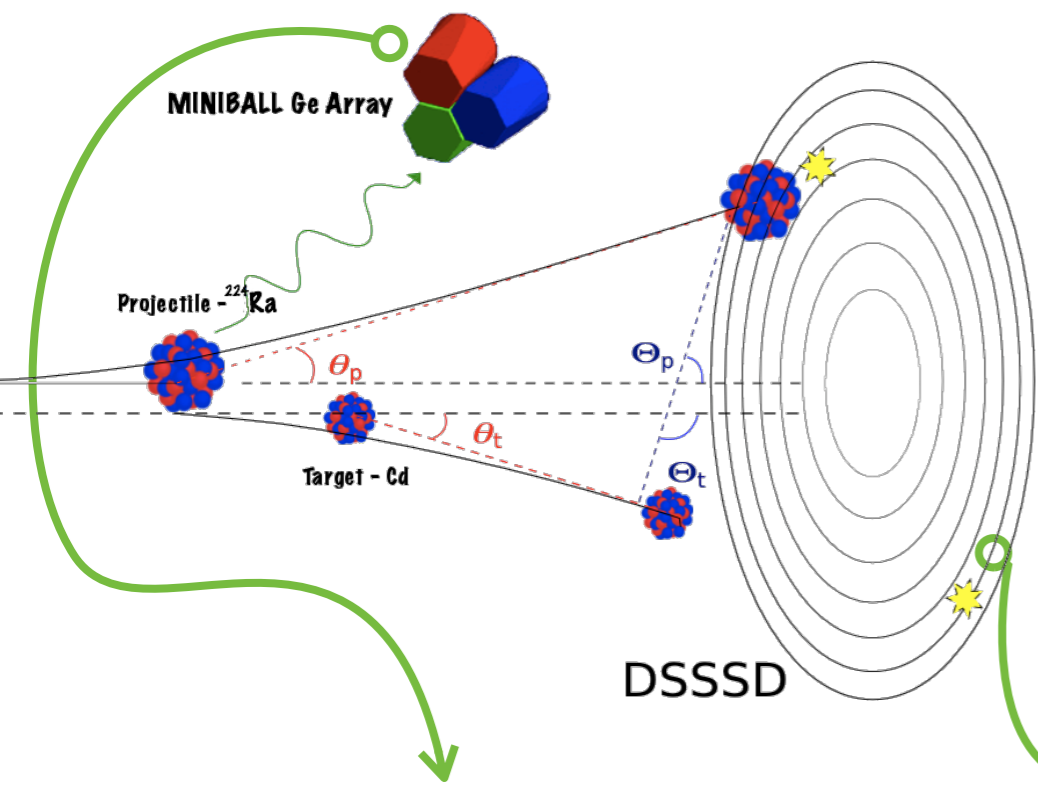
Analysis - ^{224}Ra



Analysis - ^{224}Ra



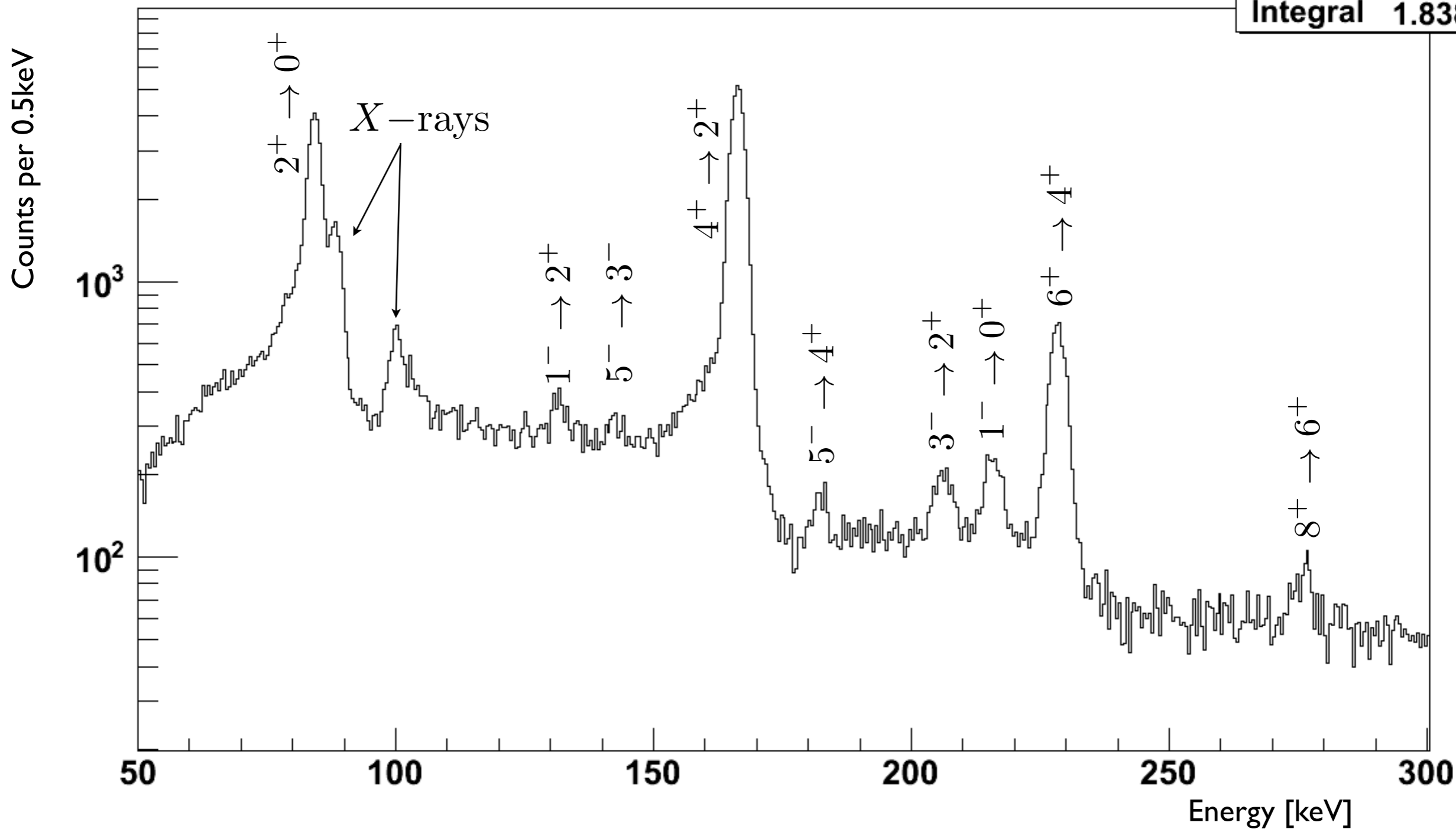
Analysis - ^{224}Ra



Analysis - ^{224}Ra

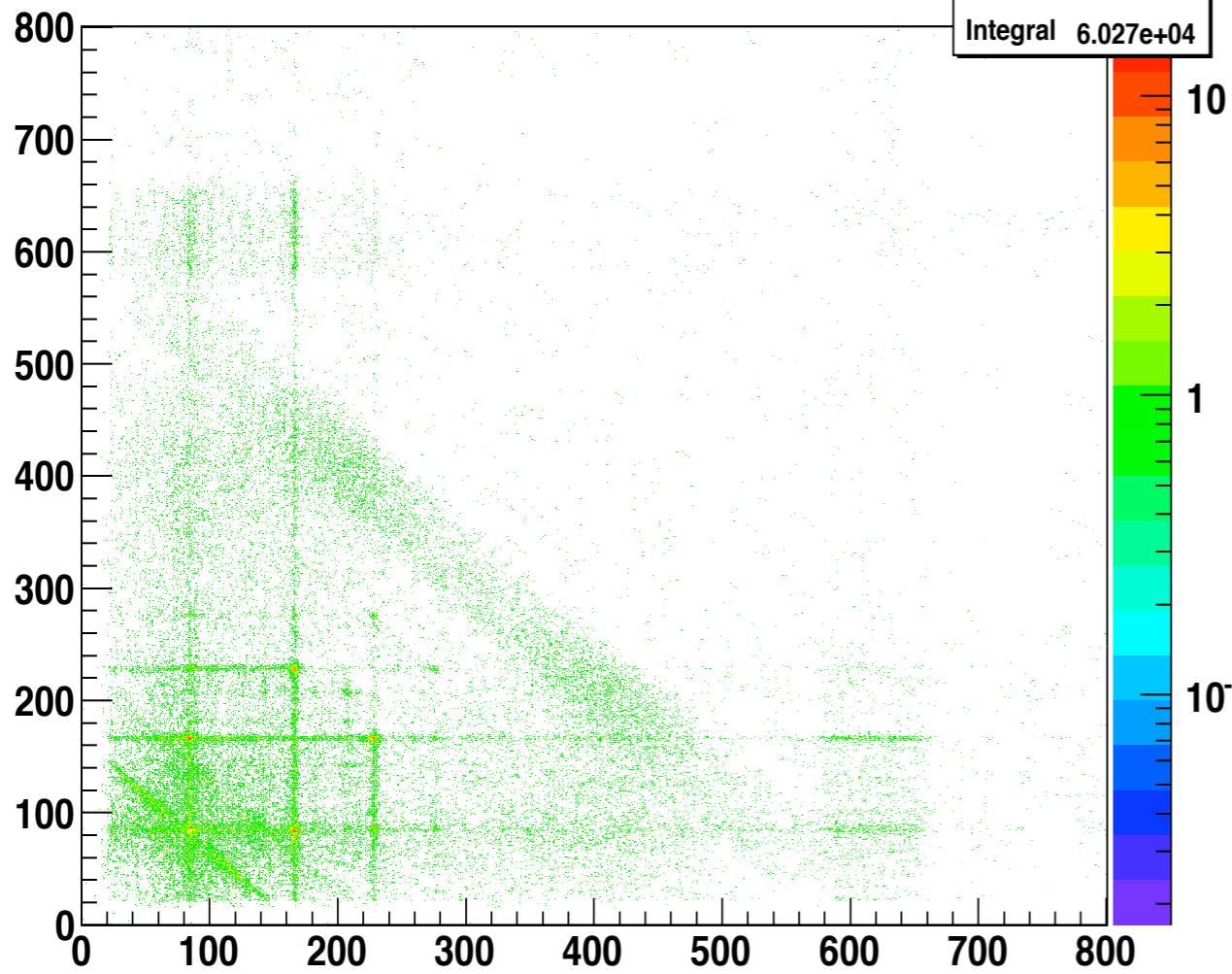
Total statistics, background subtracted, Doppler corrected for scattered projectile

ra_sum	
Entries	242360
Integral	1.838e+05

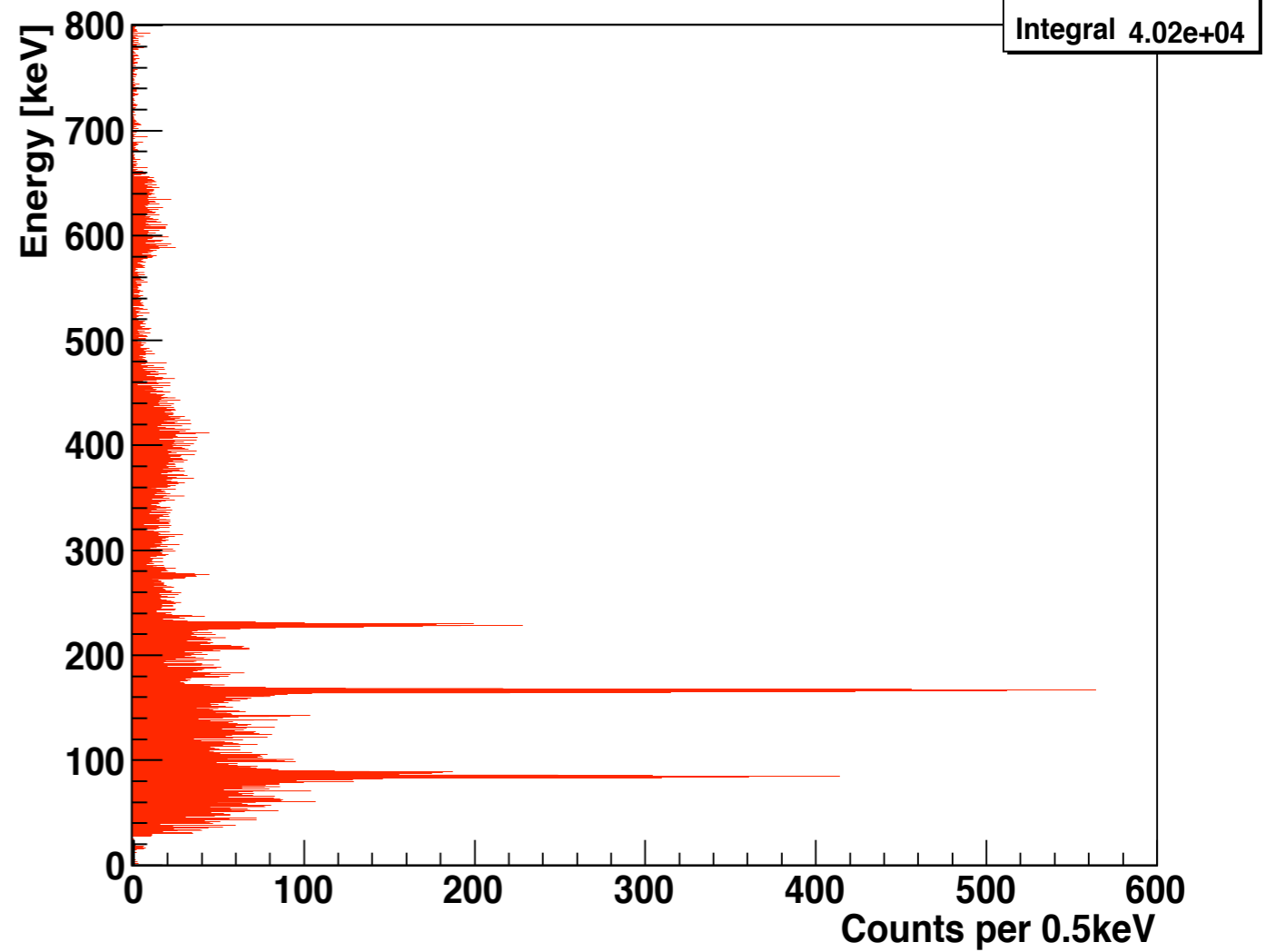


Analysis - ^{224}Ra

γ - γ matrix, DC for Ra



γ - γ matrix, background subtracted, DC for Ra

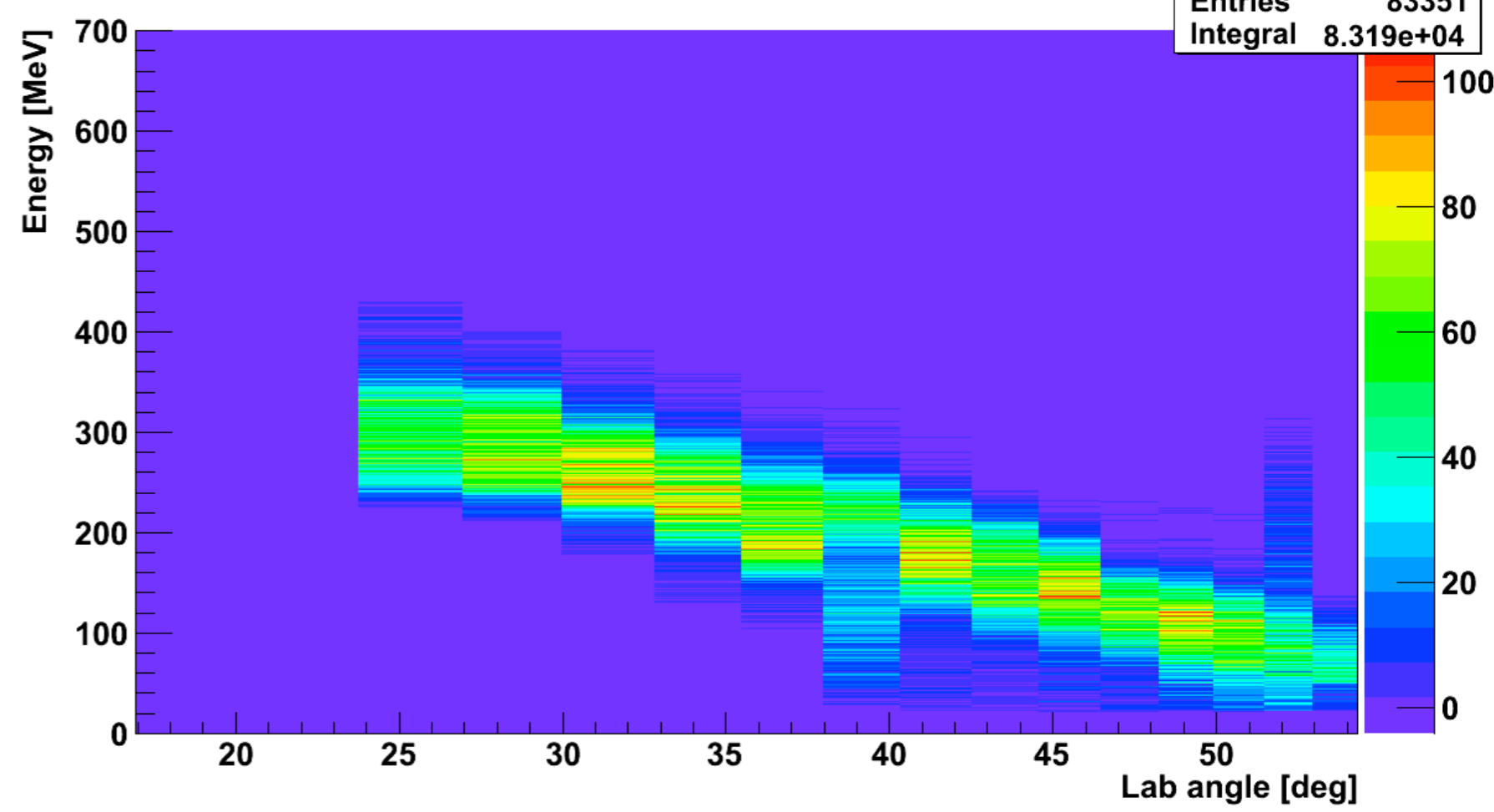


Analysis - ^{224}Ra

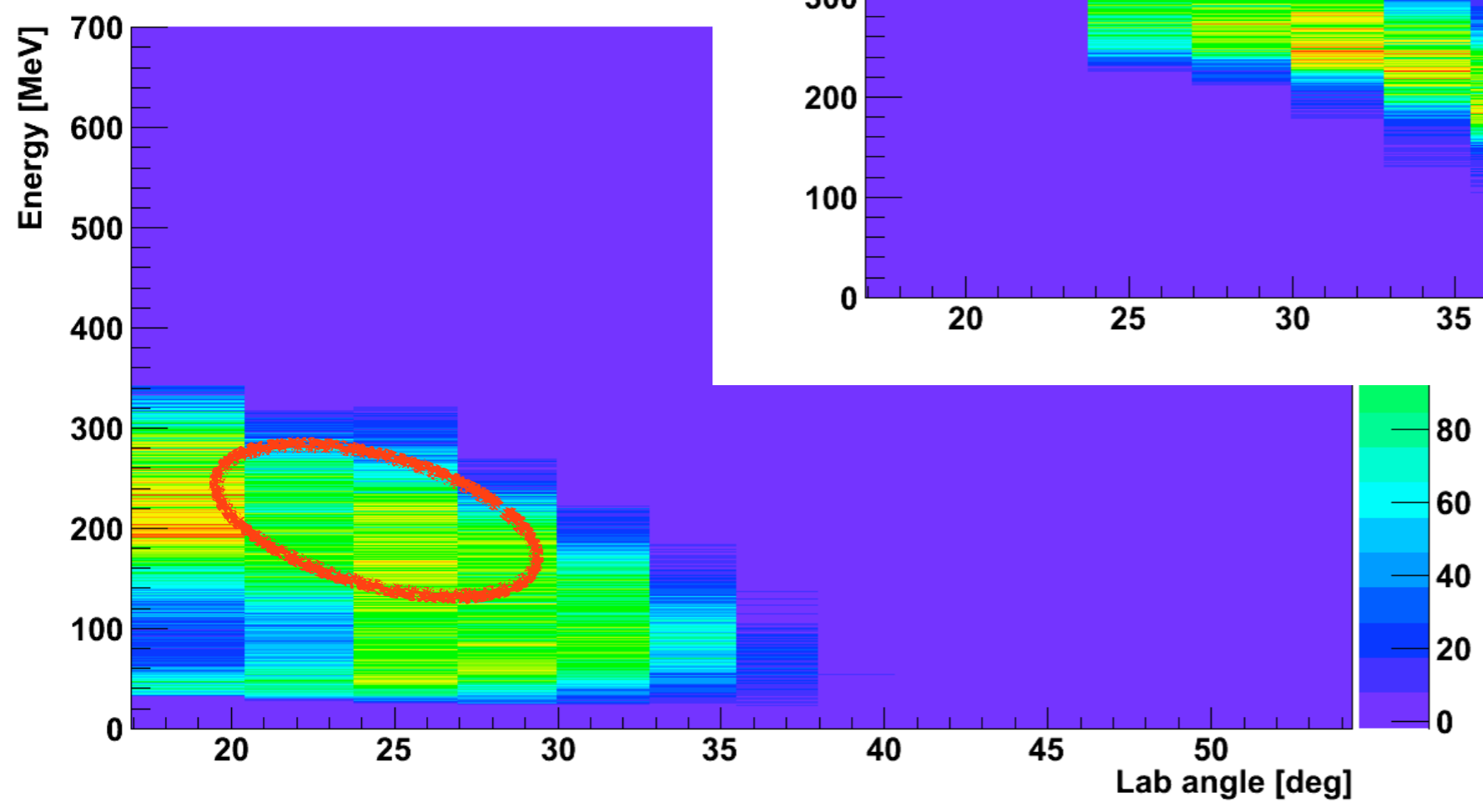
4 “experiments”

- Detection of Cd only
- Detection of Ra at low CoM scattering angle

Cadmium-like 1-particle events



Radium-like 1-particle events

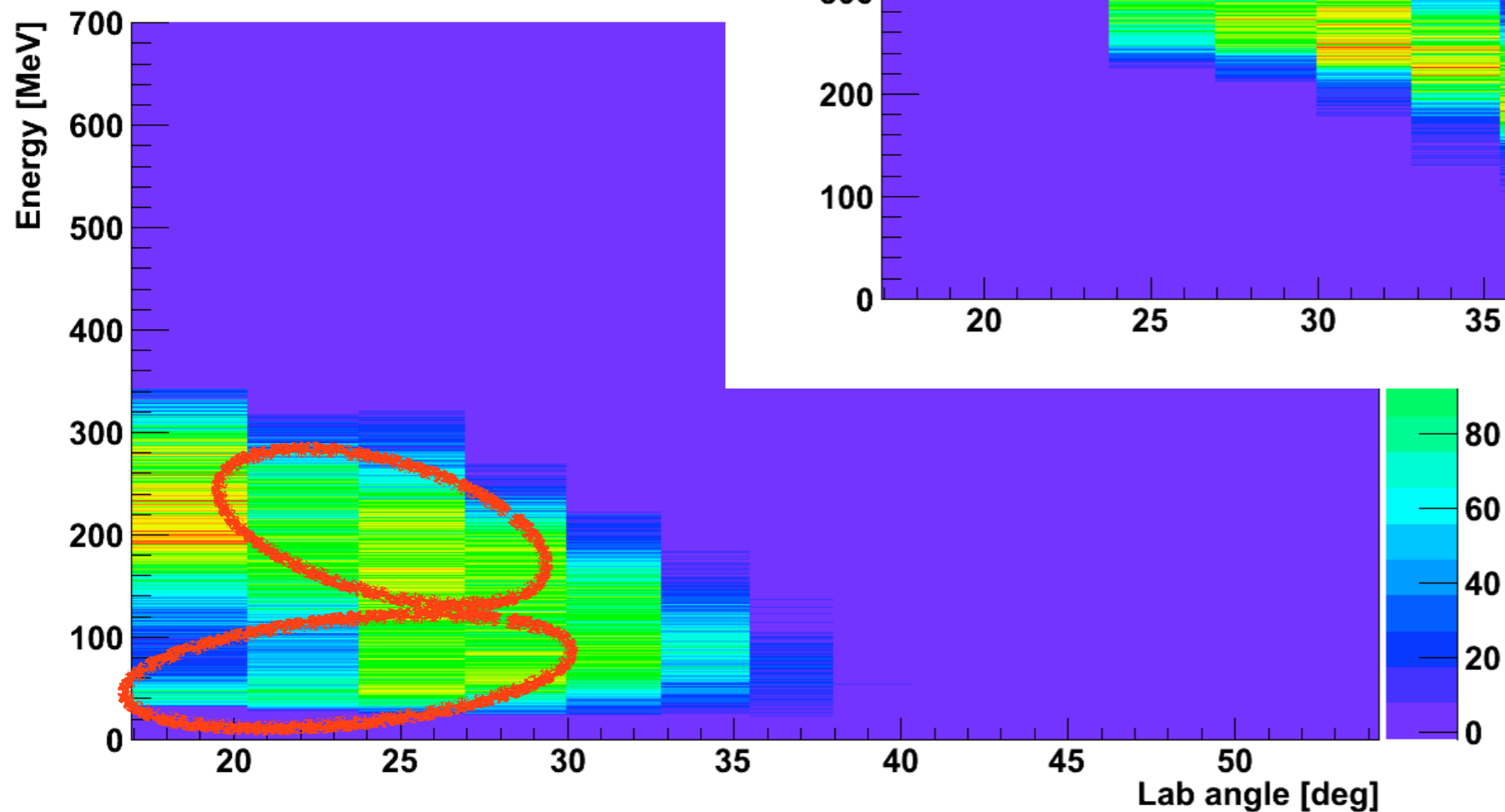


Analysis - ^{224}Ra

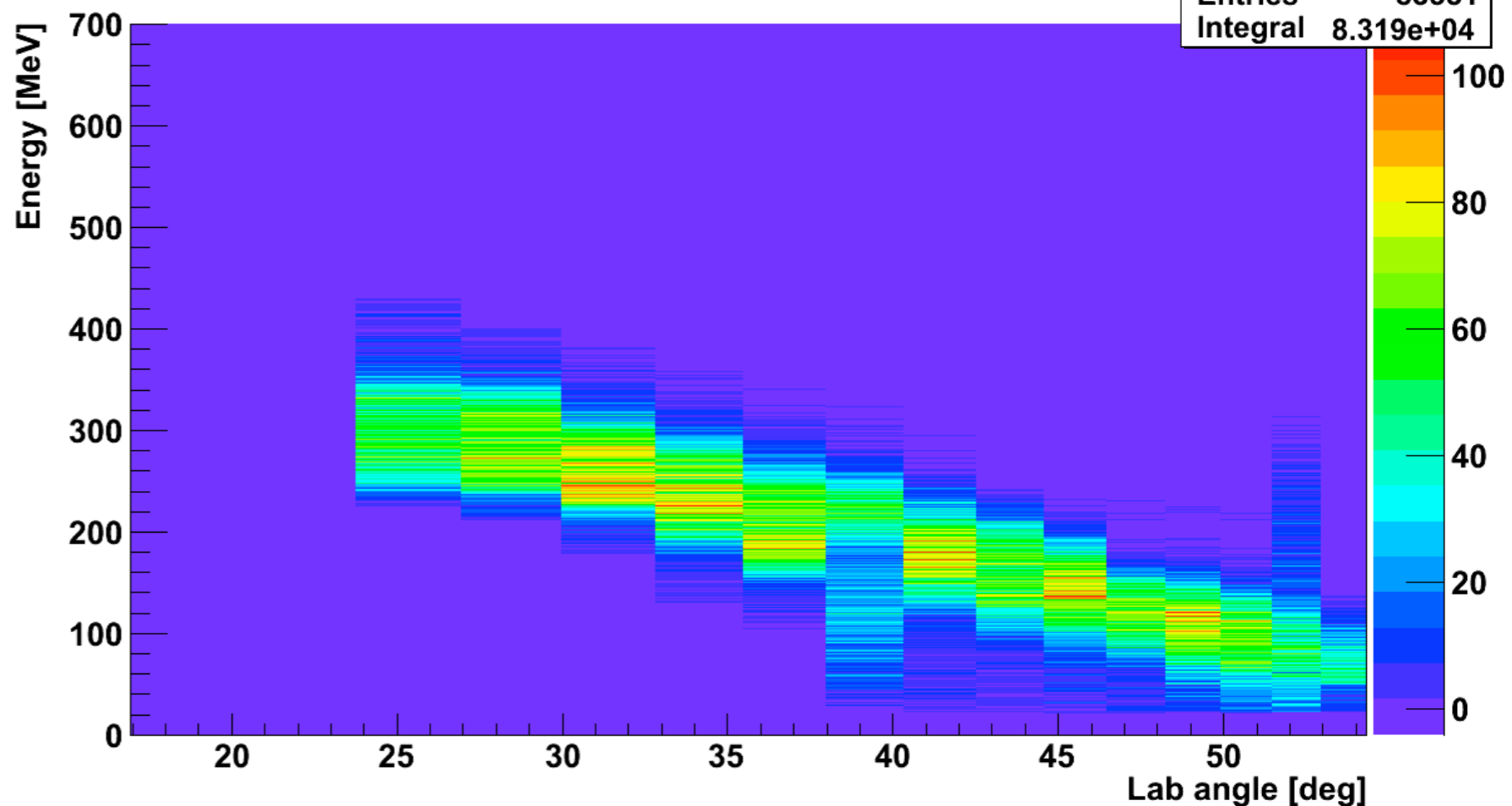
4 “experiments”

- Detection of Cd only
- Detection of Ra at low CoM scattering angle
- Detection of Ra at high CoM
- Detection of Ra and Cd (2-p)

Radium-like 1-particle events



Cadmium-like 1-particle events



Gosia Analysis

72 Matrix elements -- 34 experimental data points

“Experiment”	Number and type of data
Multi-nucleon transfer ^[1,2] $^{226}\text{Ra}(^{58}\text{Ni}, ^{60}\text{Ni})^{224}\text{Ra}$ $^{232}\text{Th}(^{136}\text{Xe}, ^{128}\text{Te})^{224}\text{Ra}$ Alpha, alpha-prime ^[3] $^{226}\text{Ra}(\alpha, \alpha' 2n)^{224}\text{Ra}$ Alpha-decay ^[4] $^{228}\text{Th} \rightarrow \alpha$	Branching ratios (1-, 3-, 5-) -- 3 (+3 limits)
Delayed-coincidence ^[5,6]	Lifetimes (2+, 4+) -- 2
Cd only detection $23.9^\circ < \theta_{\text{lab}} < 54.3^\circ$	γ -ray yield -- 9
Ra, high CoM branch $22.2^\circ < \theta_{\text{lab}} < 29.9^\circ$	γ -ray yield -- 6
Ra, low CoM branch $23.9^\circ < \theta_{\text{lab}} < 29.9^\circ$	γ -ray yield -- 6
2-particle events $17.1^\circ < \theta_{\text{lab}} < 54.3^\circ$	γ -ray yield -- 8
Total	34

[1] Poynter *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **232**, 447 (1989)

[2] J.F.C. Cocks *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **645**, 61 (1999)

[3] Marten-Tölle *et al.*, Z. Phys. A **336**, 27 (1990)

[4] W. Kurcewicz, *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **289** (1977)

[5] W.R. Neal and H.W. Kraner, Phys. Rev. **137**, B1164 (1965)

[6] H. Ton *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **155**, 235 (1970)

Gosia Analysis

72 Matrix elements -- 34 experimental data points

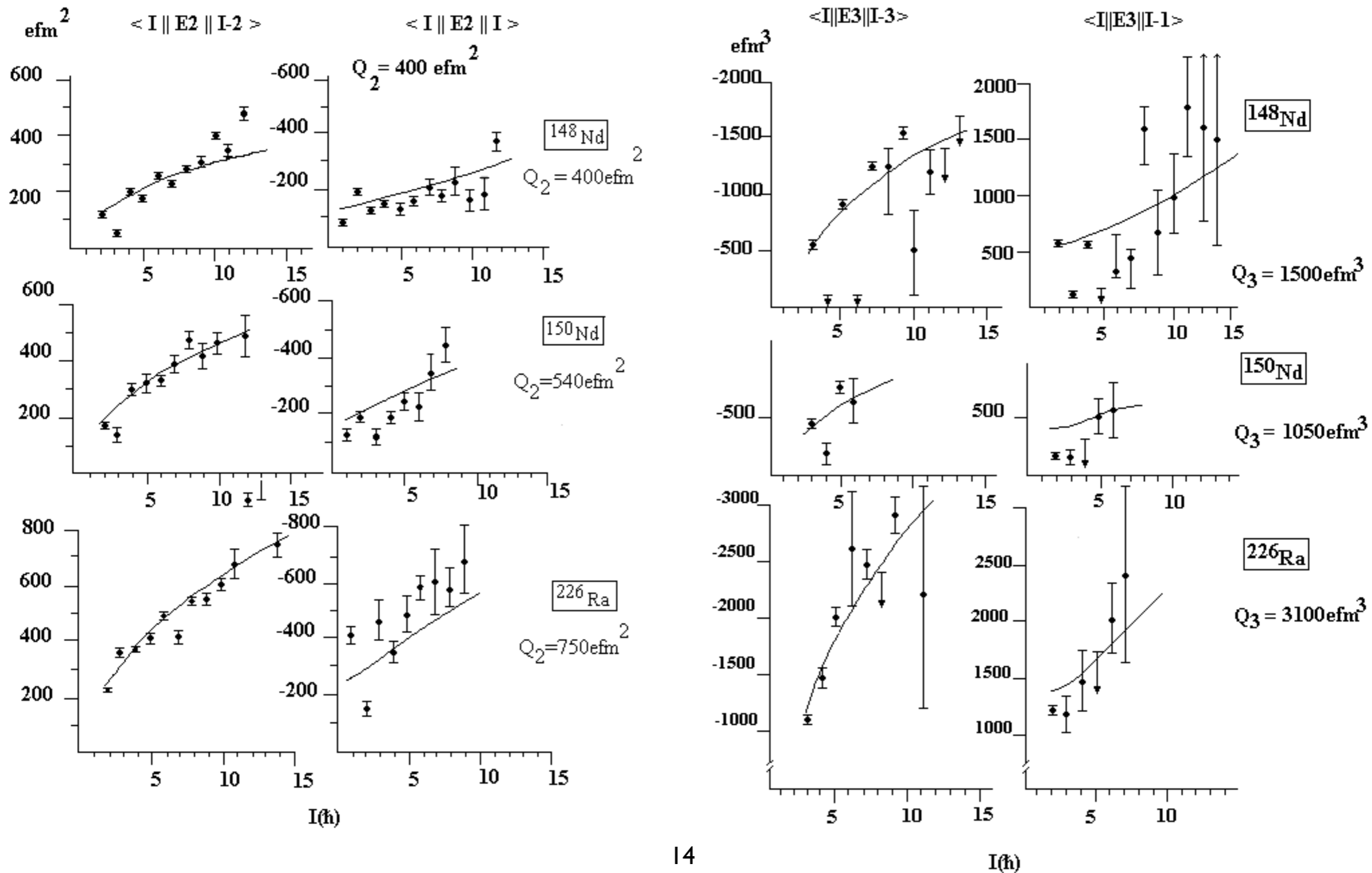
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2-particle events $17.1^\circ < \theta_{\text{lab}} < 54.3^\circ$	γ -ray yield -- 8
Total	34

Huge parameter space - Reduce number of matrix elements by using rigid rotor

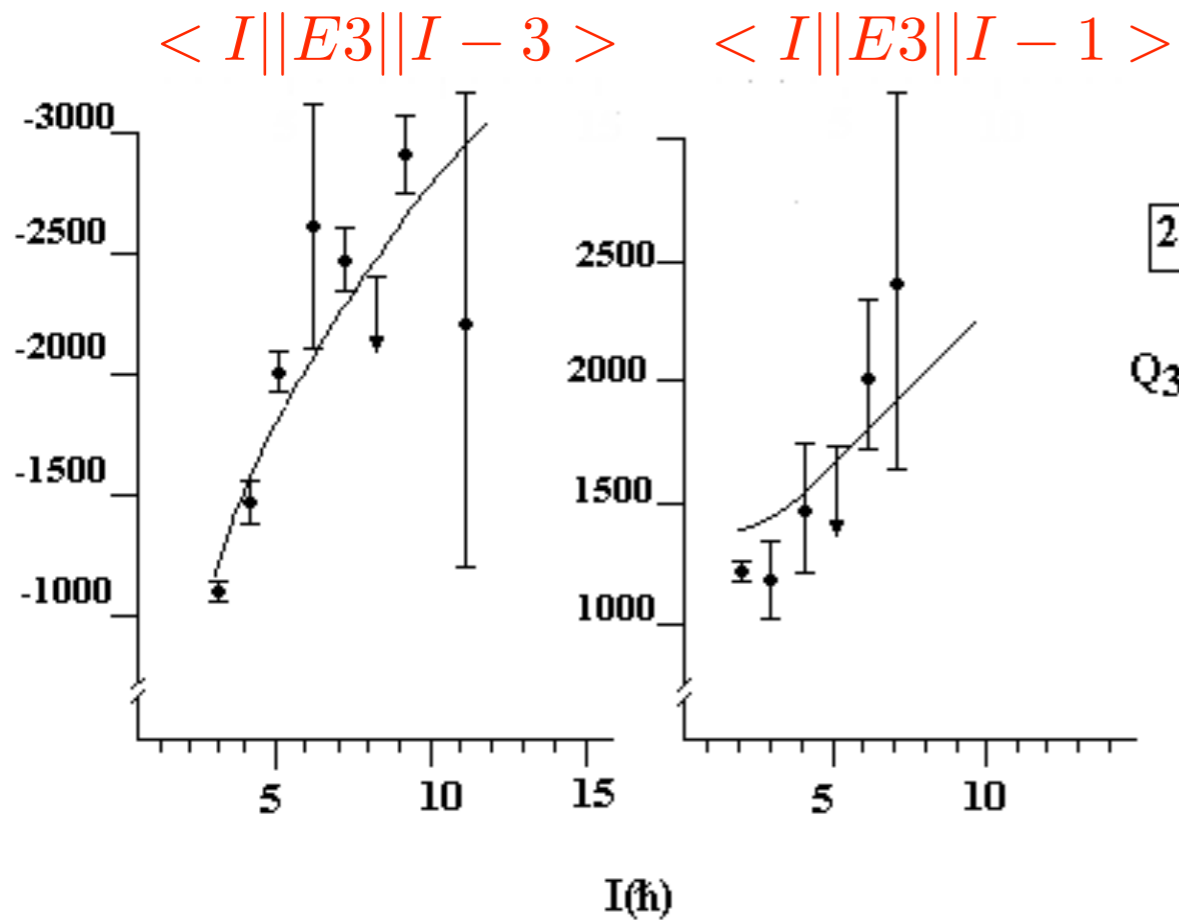
$$\langle I || E\lambda || I' \rangle = (2I + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} (I0\lambda0 | I'0) Q_\lambda a_\lambda$$

- [1] Poynter *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **232**, 447 (1989)
- [2] J.F.C. Cocks *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **645**, 61 (1999)
- [3] Marten-Tölle *et al.*, Z. Phys. A **336**, 27 (1990)
- [4] W. Kurcewicz, *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **289** (1977)
- [5] W.R. Neal and H.W. Kraner, Phys. Rev. **137**, B1164 (1965)
- [6] H. Ton *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **155**, 235 (1970)

Gosia Analysis



Gosia Analysis



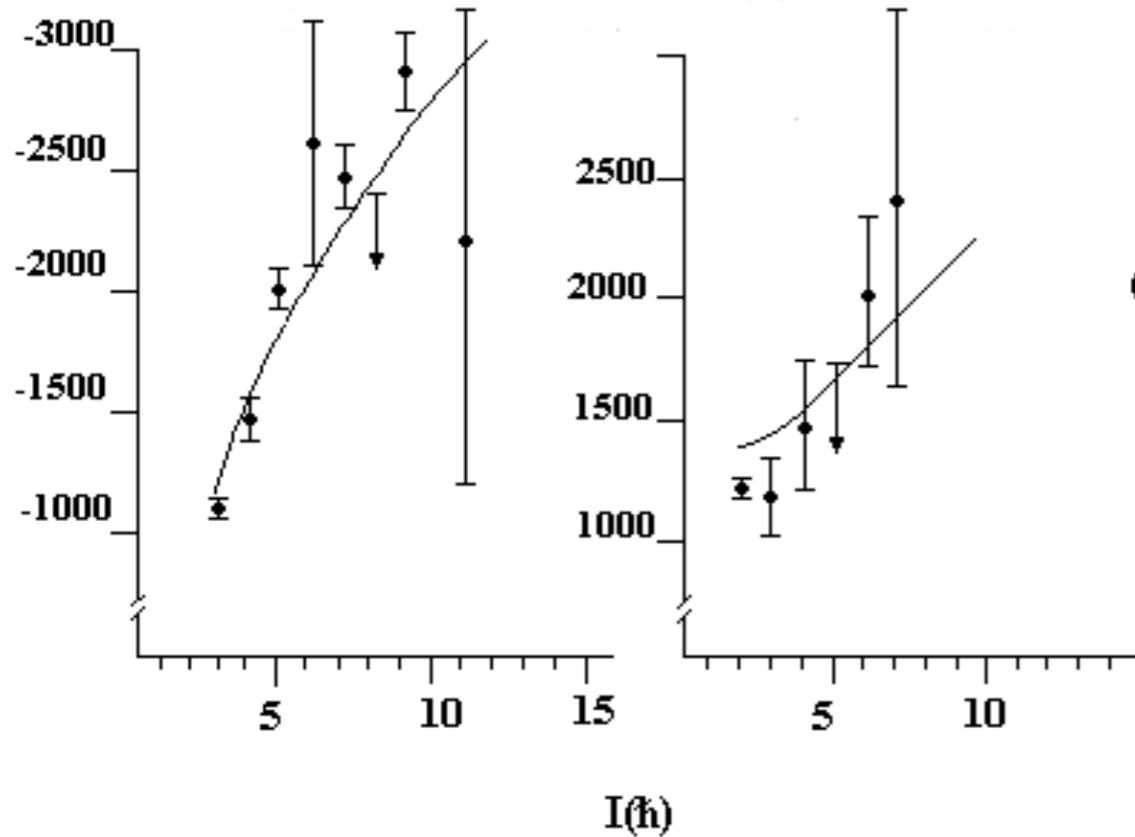
Measured E3 matrix elements [$\text{e}\cdot\text{fm}^3$]

Stretched: $\langle I || E3 || I - 3 \rangle$

Un-stretched: $\langle I || E3 || I - 1 \rangle$

Gosia Analysis

$\langle I || E3 || I - 3 \rangle$ $\langle I || E3 || I - 1 \rangle$



^{226}Ra
 $Q_3 = 3100 \text{ efm}^3$

Measured E3 matrix elements [$\text{e}\cdot\text{fm}^3$]

Stretched: $\langle I || E3 || I - 3 \rangle$

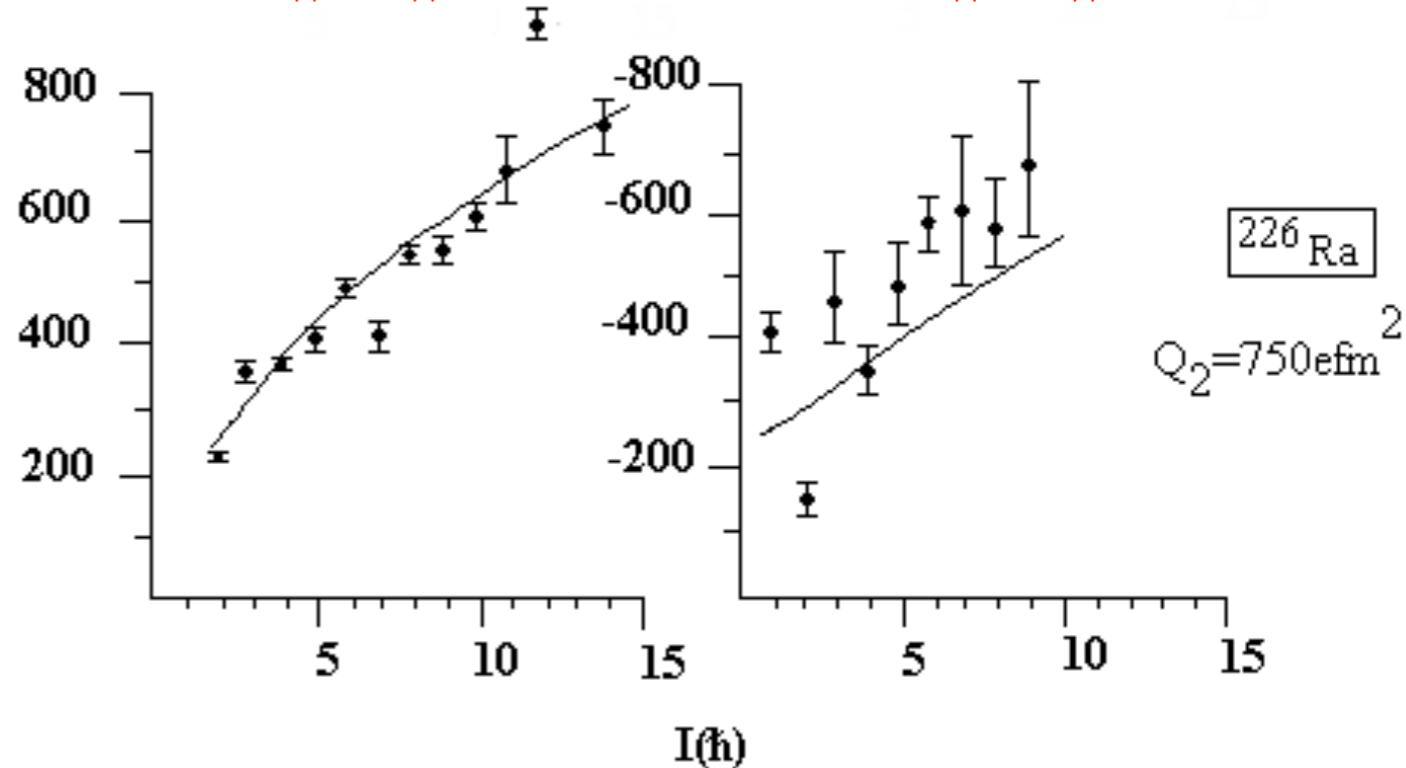
Un-stretched: $\langle I || E3 || I - 1 \rangle$

Measured E2 matrix elements [$\text{e}\cdot\text{fm}^2$]

Transitional: $\langle I || E2 || I - 2 \rangle$

Diagonal: $\langle I || E2 || I \rangle$

$\langle I || E2 || I - 2 \rangle$ $\langle I || E2 || I \rangle$



^{226}Ra
 $Q_2 = 750 \text{ efm}^2$

Gosia Analysis

72 Matrix elements -- 34 experimental data points

“Experiment”	Number and type of data
Multi-nucleon transfer ^[1,2] $^{226}\text{Ra}(^{58}\text{Ni}, ^{60}\text{Ni})^{224}\text{Ra}$ $^{232}\text{Th}(^{136}\text{Xe}, ^{128}\text{Te})^{224}\text{Ra}$ Alpha, alpha-prime ^[3] $^{226}\text{Ra}(\alpha, \alpha'2n)^{224}\text{Ra}$ Alpha-decay ^[4] $^{228}\text{Th} \rightarrow \alpha$	Branching ratios (1-, 3-, 5-) -- 3 (+3 limits)
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Total	34

Huge parameter space - Reduce number of matrix elements by using rigid rotor

$$\langle I || E\lambda || I' \rangle = (2I + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} (I0\lambda0 | I'0) Q_\lambda a_\lambda$$

- Q_2 coupled for states $I_i > 6\hbar$ -- 12 MEs
- Q_1 coupled for states $I_i > 6\hbar$ -- 6 MEs
- Q_3 coupled for states $I_i > 6\hbar$ -- 11 MEs
- All E4 matrix elements fixed -- 17 MEs
- 26 matrix elements + 4 normalisation constants = **30** parameters in fit

[1] Poynter *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B **232**, 447 (1989)

[2] J.F.C. Cocks *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **645**, 61 (1999)

[3] Marten-Tölle *et al.*, Z. Phys. A **336**, 27 (1990)

[4] W. Kurcewicz, *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **289** (1977)

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[6] H. Ton *et al.*, Nucl. Phys. A **155**, 235 (1970)

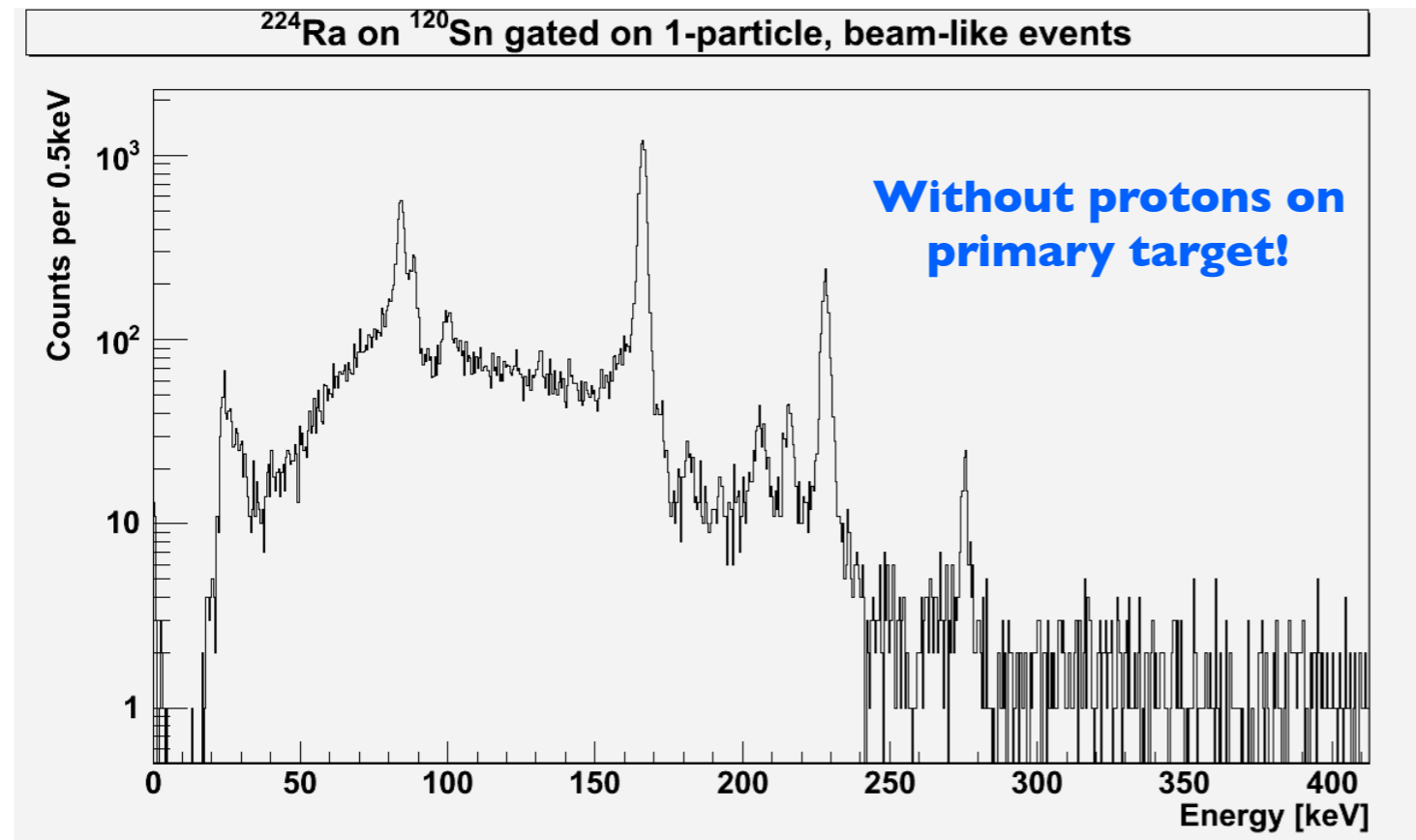
Outlook and “to do”s

$T_{1/2}(^{228}\text{Th}) = 1.913$ years

$Z(\text{Cd}) = 48$

$T_{1/2}(^{224}\text{Ra}) = 3.66$ days

$Z(\text{Sn}) = 50$



~25 more data points in the fit from yield information
+ 4 normalisation constants

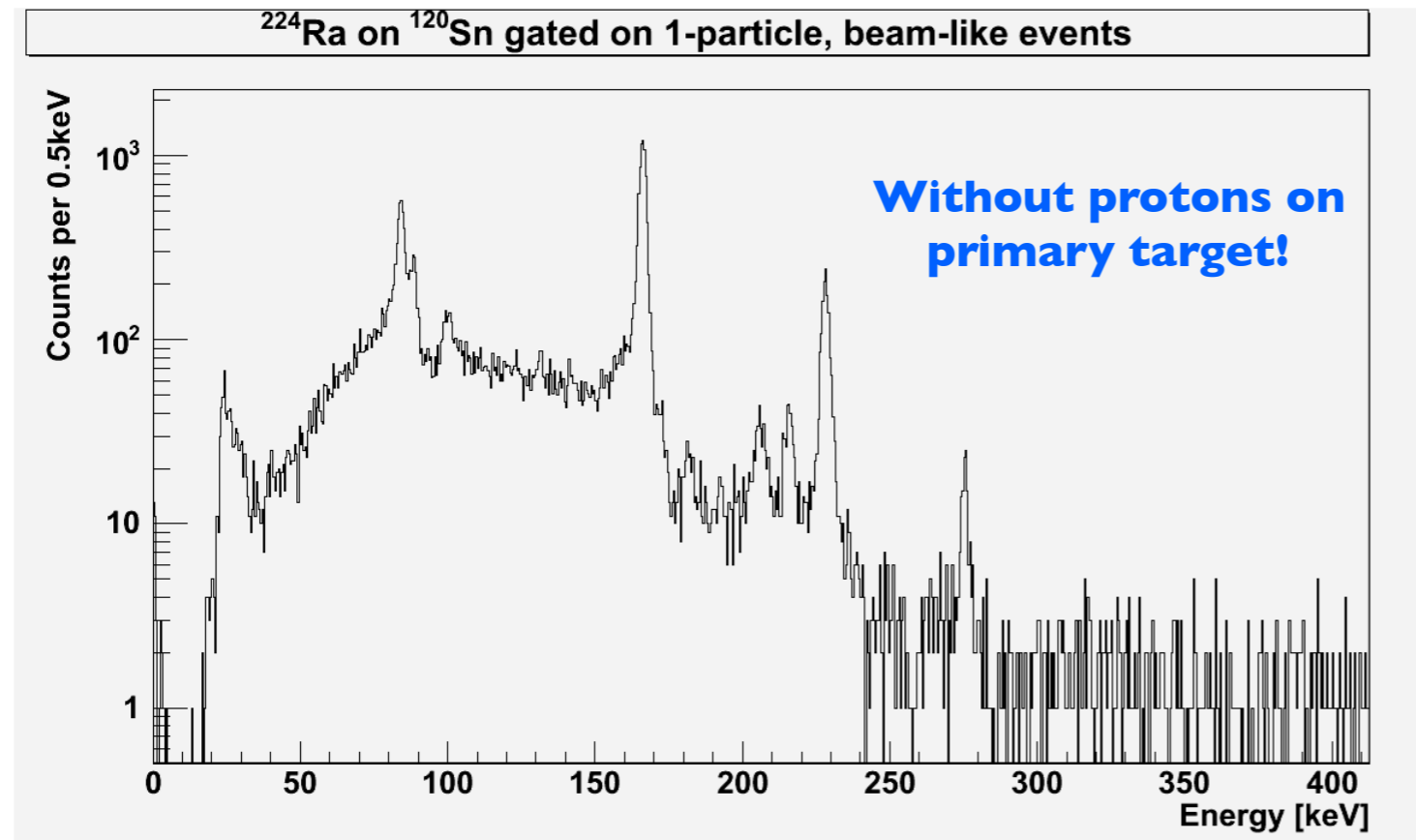
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~25 more data points in the fit from yield information
+ 4 normalisation constants

Use ^{112}Cd excitation for normalisation... - 4 parameters

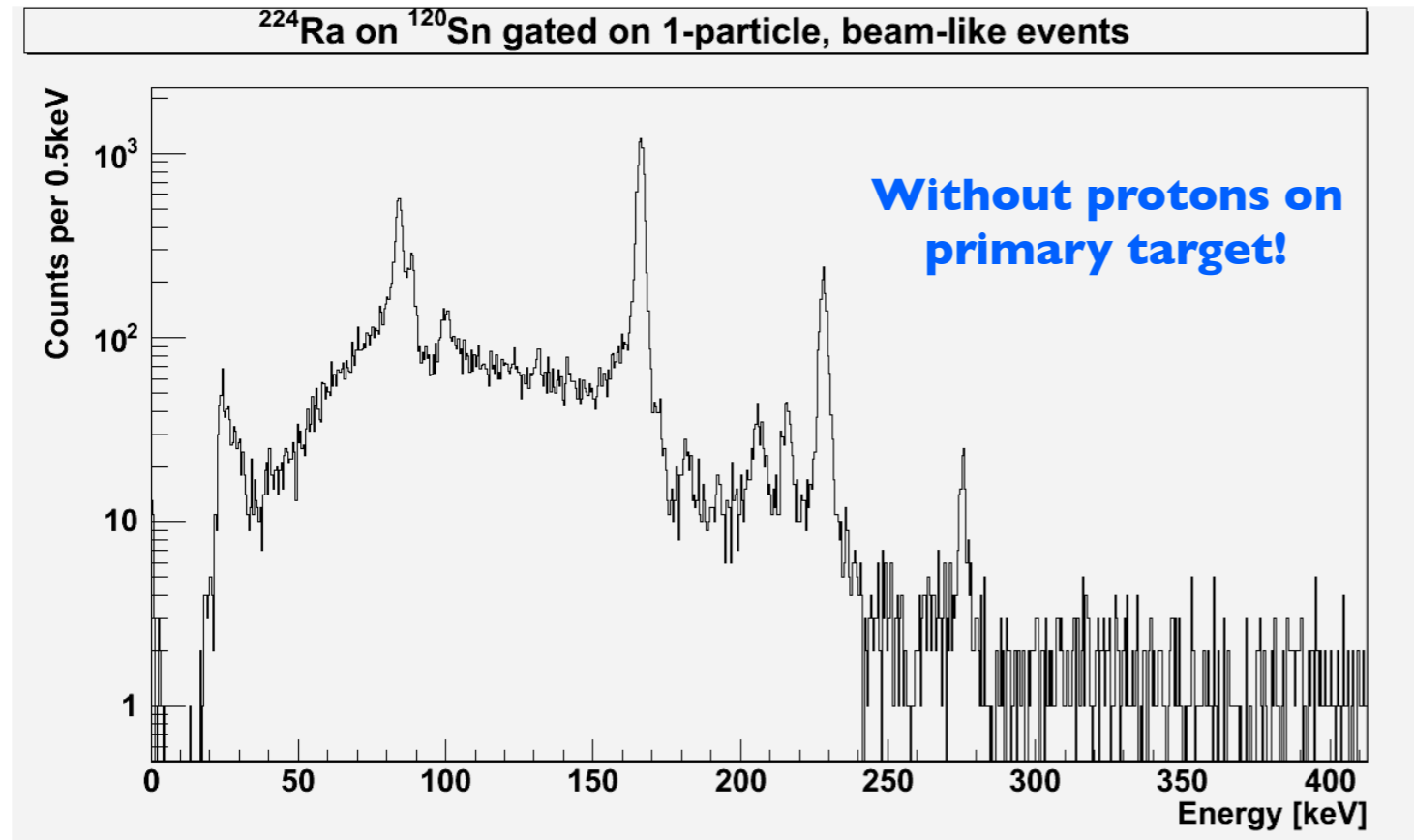
Outlook and “to do”s

$T_{1/2}(^{228}\text{Th}) = 1.913$ years

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~25 more data points in the fit from yield information
+ 4 normalisation constants

Use ^{112}Cd excitation for normalisation... - 4 parameters

Extract $B(E3; 0^+ \rightarrow 3^-)$ for ^{224}Ra !

Outlook and “to do”s

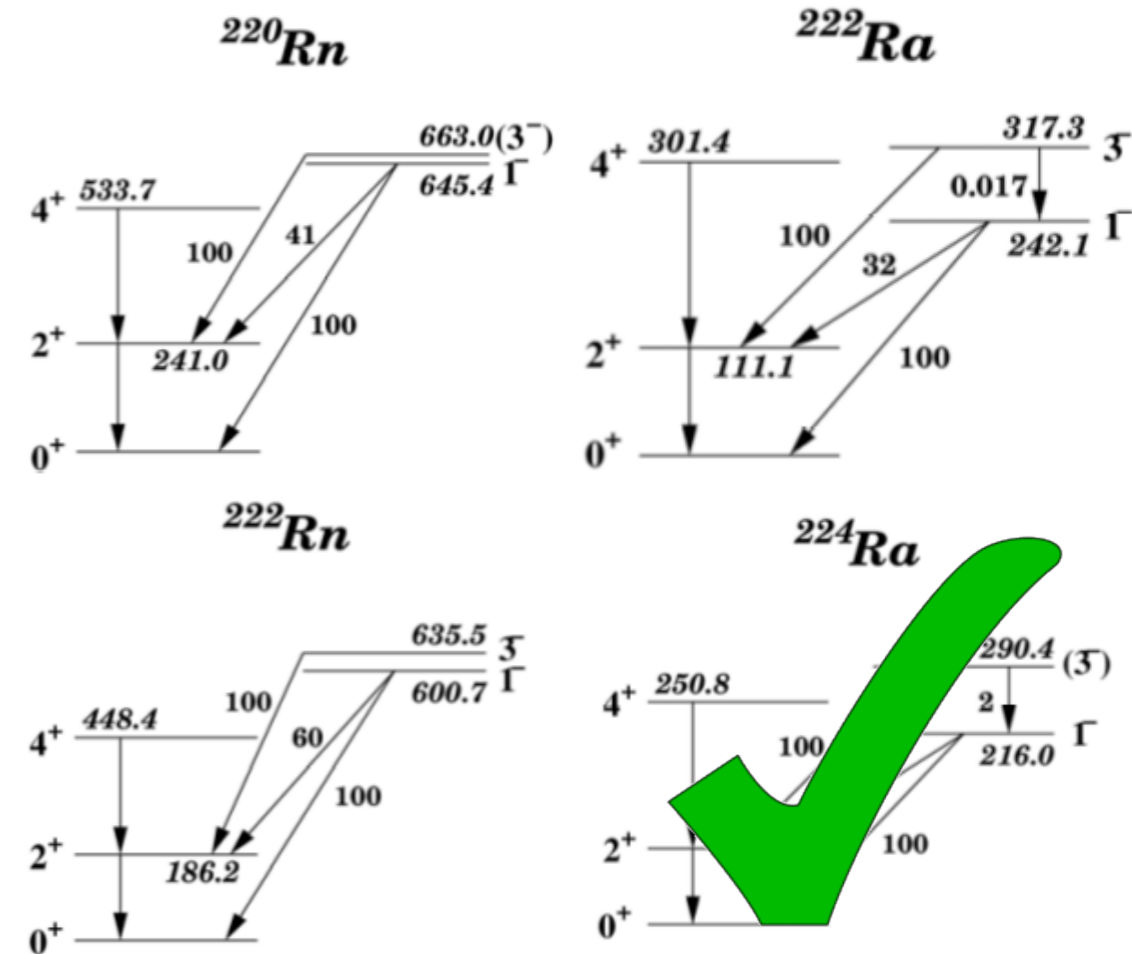
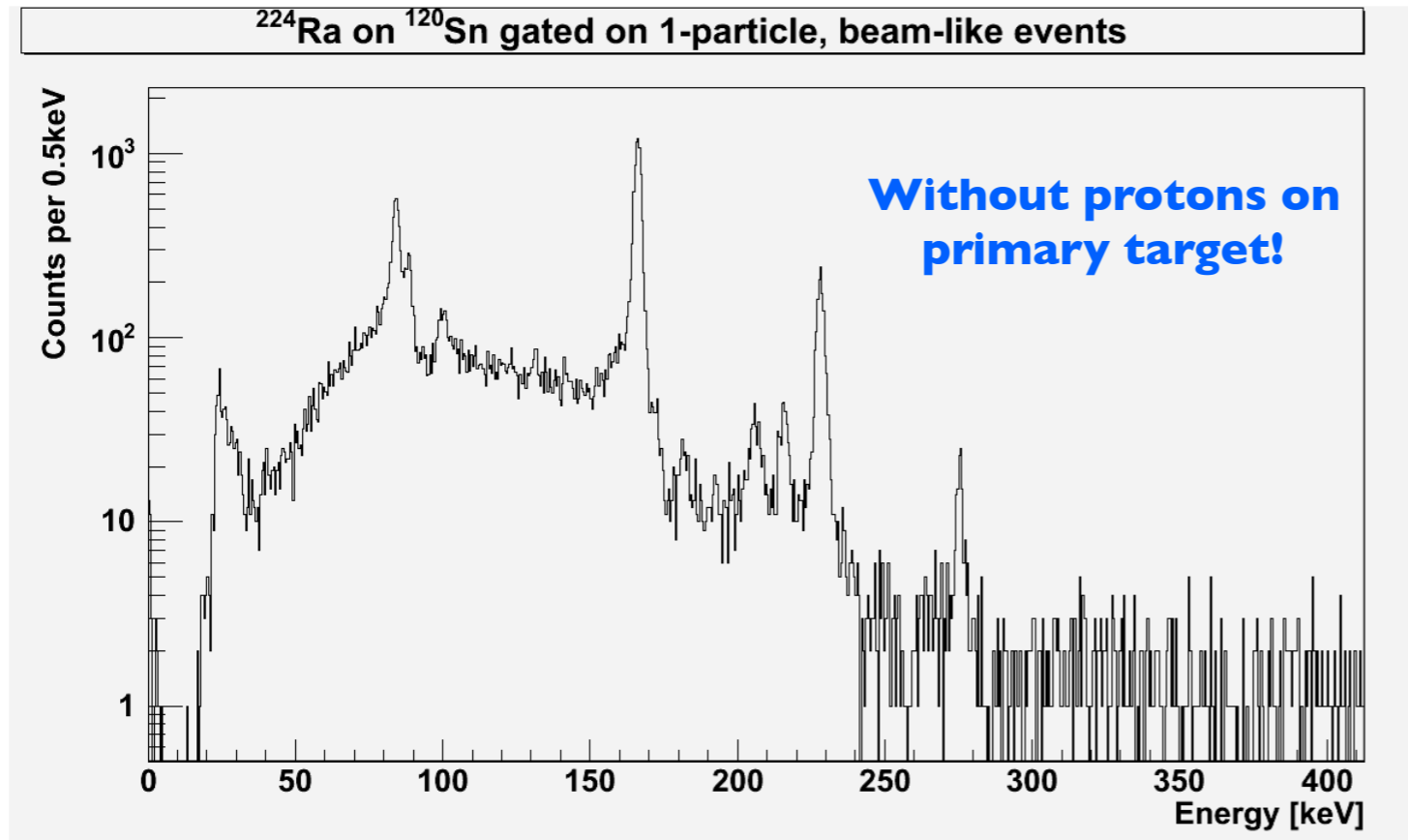
$$T_{1/2}(^{228}\text{Th}) = 1.913 \text{ years}$$

$$T_{1/2}(^{224}\text{Ra}) = 3.66 \text{ days}$$

$$Z(\text{Cd}) = 48$$

$$Z(\text{Sn}) = 50$$

Proposal included $^{220,222}\text{Rn}$ and ^{222}Ra



~25 more data points in the fit from yield information
+ 4 normalisation constants

Use ^{112}Cd excitation for normalisation... - 4 parameters

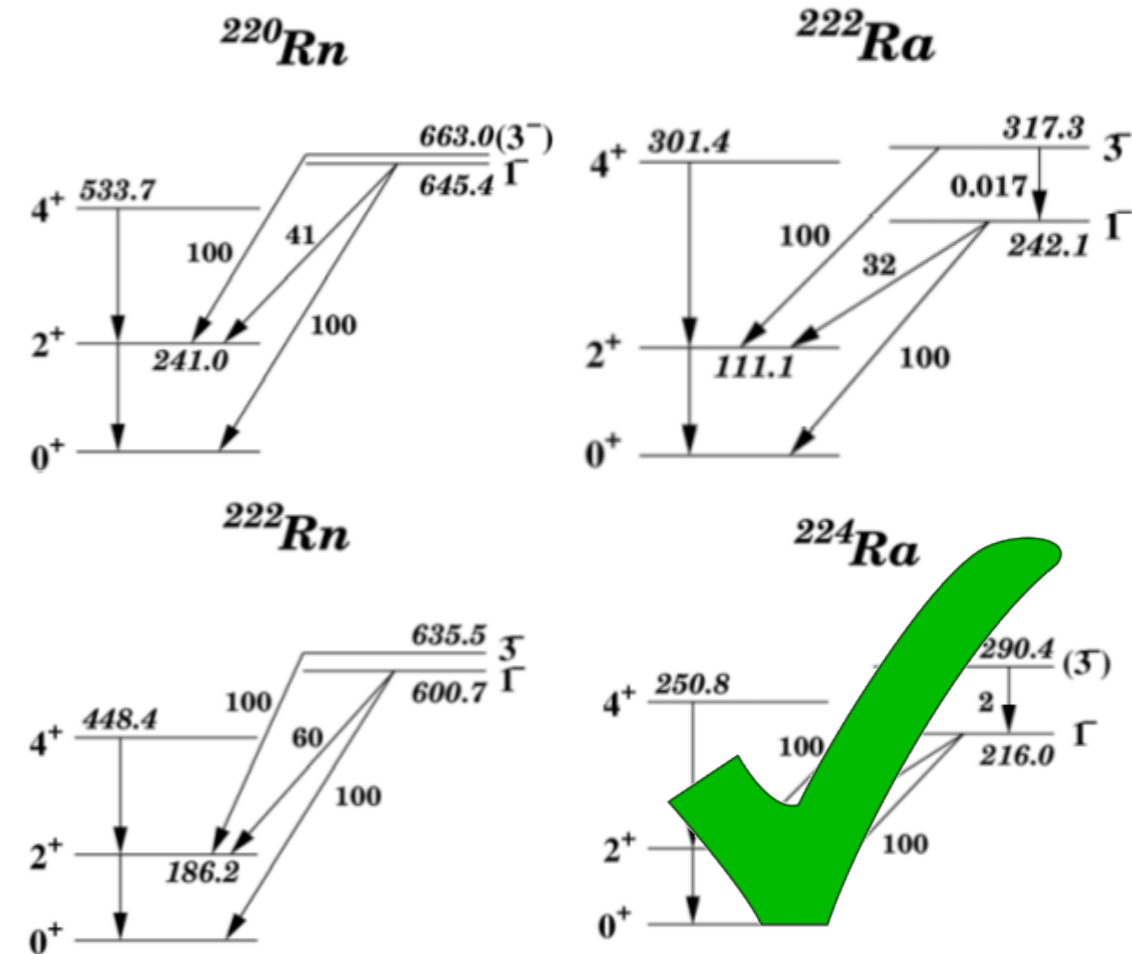
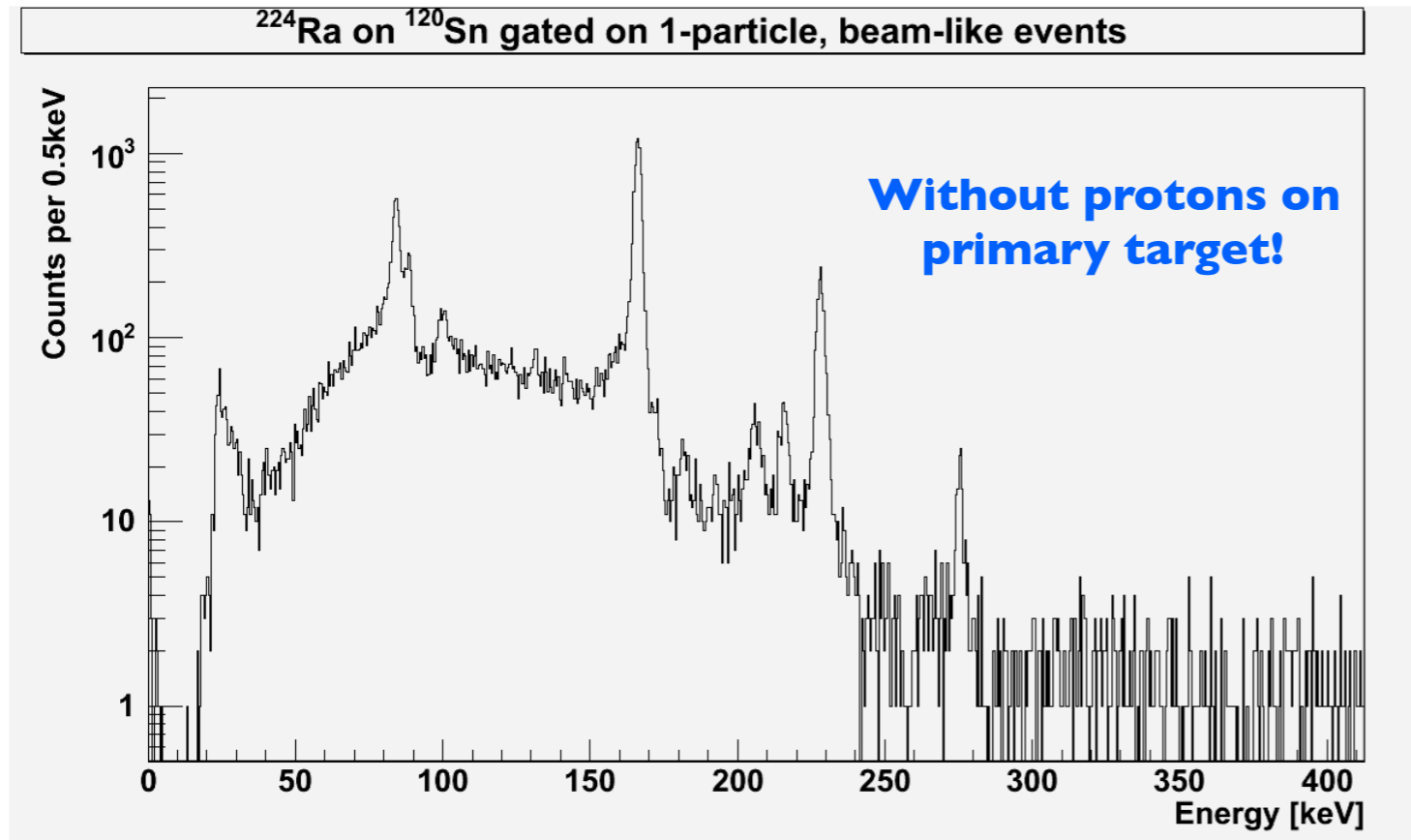
Extract $B(E3; 0^+ \rightarrow 3^-)$ for ^{224}Ra !

Outlook and “to do”s

$T_{1/2}(^{228}\text{Th}) = 1.913$ years
 $T_{1/2}(^{224}\text{Ra}) = 3.66$ days

$Z(\text{Cd}) = 48$
 $Z(\text{Sn}) = 50$

Proposal included $^{220,222}\text{Rn}$ and ^{222}Ra



~25 more data points in the fit from yield information
 + 4 normalisation constants

Use ^{112}Cd excitation for normalisation... - 4 parameters

Extract $B(E3; 0^+ \rightarrow 3^-)$ for ^{224}Ra !

To be continued...

Collaborators

L. P. Gaffney, P.A. Butler, M. Scheck
University of Liverpool, UK

D. Cline
E. Kwan, C.Y. Wu
T.E. Cocolios, J. Pakarinen, D. Voulot, F. Wernander
A. Blazhev, M. Seidlitz, N. Warr
N. Bree, J. Diriken
T. Grahn
M. Zielinska

University of Rochester, US
Lawrence Livermore Laboratory, US
CERN-ISOLDE, Switzerland
University of Köln, Germany
KU Leuven, Belgium
University of Jyväskylä, Finland
HIL University of Warsaw, Poland

and the ISOLDE and MINIBALL collaborations

Thank you!



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