

Kinematics dependent jet transport coefficient in cold nuclear matter

Thursday 5 May 2022 09:00 (20 minutes)

Extracting the non-perturbative transport coefficient \hat{q} is an important approach to quantify the nuclear medium property probed by the jets traversing the medium. Electron-nucleus (eA) and proton-nucleus (pA) collisions provide a clean environment to delicately study the jet transport coefficient in cold nuclear matter and to test the theoretical framework of jet-medium interaction, and may in turn be instructive for the study of quark-gluon plasma (QGP).

Within the theoretical framework of the higher-twist expansion, we perform the first global extraction of the \hat{q} in cold nuclear matter from the experimental data mainly on various types of transverse momentum broadening in eA and pA collisions. Our global analysis suggests a universal \hat{q} in cold nuclear matter as a function of Bjorken x and probing scale Q^2 . Moreover, this kinematic dependence can be converted into the jet energy dependence, which is of great interest in the study of jet quenching in QGP.

Utilizing the extracted $\hat{q}(x, Q^2)$ and its uncertainty determined from a Hessian analysis, we further study relevant observables in future experiments of electron-ion collisions (EIC), including the transverse momentum broadening for single hadron and heavy-quarkonium (J/ψ) productions, as well as the nuclear enhancement of the transverse momentum imbalance for di-hadron and heavy-meson ($D\bar{D}$) pair productions. The future EIC is expected to provide a more precise understanding of the kinematic dependence of the \hat{q} in cold nuclear matter due to the wide kinematic coverage and high-precision measurements.

Submitted on behalf of a Collaboration?

No

Primary authors: RU, Peng (South China Normal University); KANG, Zhongbo (UCLA); WANG, Enke (South China Normal University); XING, Hongxi (South China Normal University); ZHANG, Ben-Wei (Central China Normal University)

Presenter: RU, Peng (South China Normal University)

Session Classification: WG4: QCD with Heavy Flavours and Hadronic Final States

Track Classification: WG4: QCD with Heavy Flavours and Hadronic Final States