

# Overview on the LHeC and FCC-he: Physics and Accelerator



Christian Schwanenberger

CLUSTER OF EXCELLENCE  
QUANTUM UNIVERSE

DESY and University of Hamburg



XXIX International Workshop on Deep-  
Inelastic Scattering and Related  
Subjects



Circles in a circle  
W Kandinsky



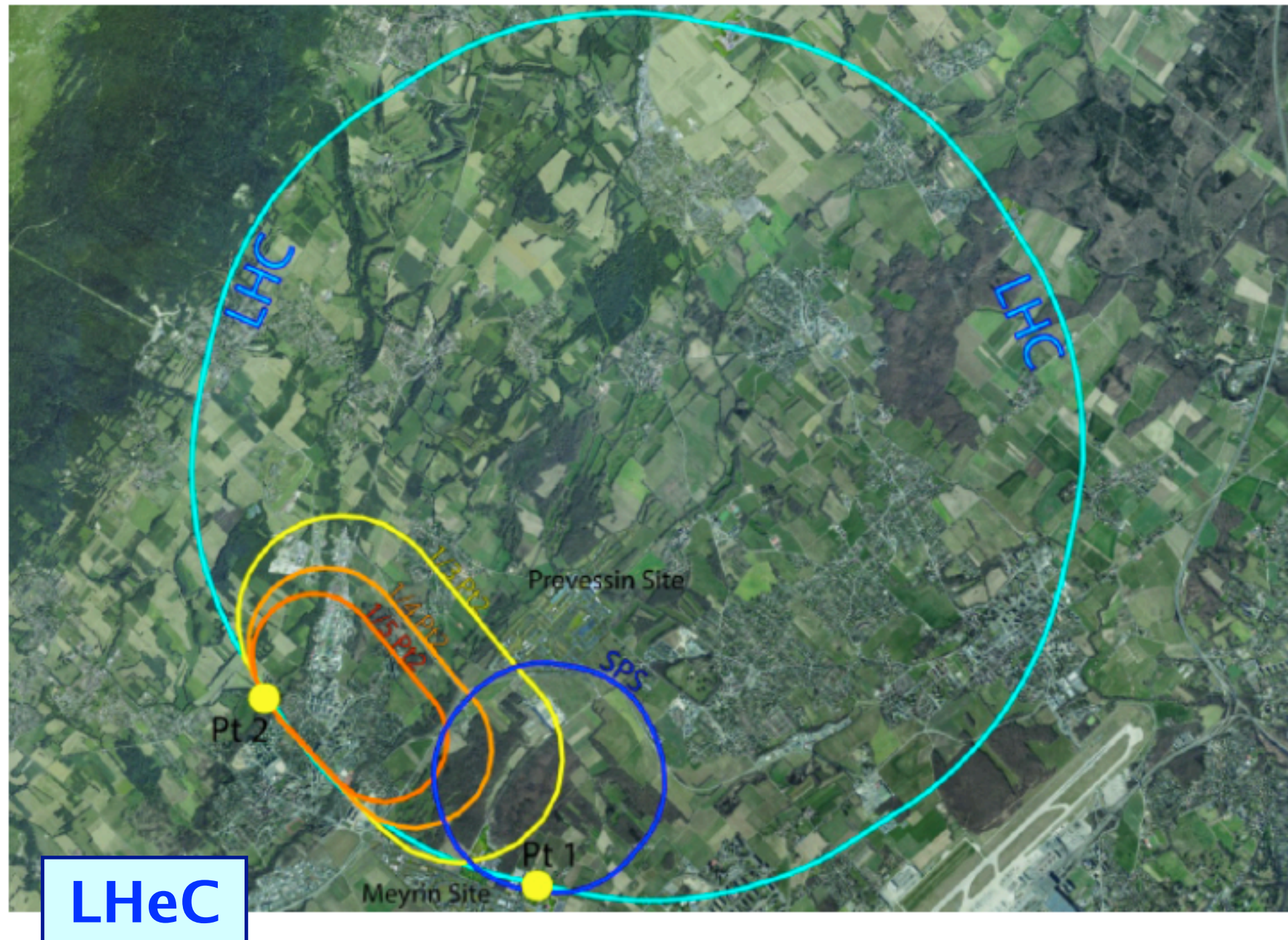
Santiago de Compostela  
03 May 2022



Special thanks to M. Klein



# Linac-Ring Collider, LHeC and FCC-eh



LHeC

- operated **synchronously** with HL-LHC:  
e beam: 50 GeV  $\times$  p beam: 7 TeV:  
 $\sqrt{s}=1.2$  TeV

J. Phys. G 48, 11, 110501 (2021)

- operation: 2035+
- cost: O(1) BCHF
- luminosity of  $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

LHeC CDRs:

arXiv:1206.2913, J. Phys. G 39 075001 (2012)

arXiv:2007.14491, J. Phys. G 48, 11, 110501 (2011)

- operated **synchronously** with FCC-hh:  
e beam: 60 GeV  $\times$  p beam: 50 TeV:  
 $\sqrt{s}=3.5$  TeV

- operation: 2045+
- cost: O(1-2) BCHF

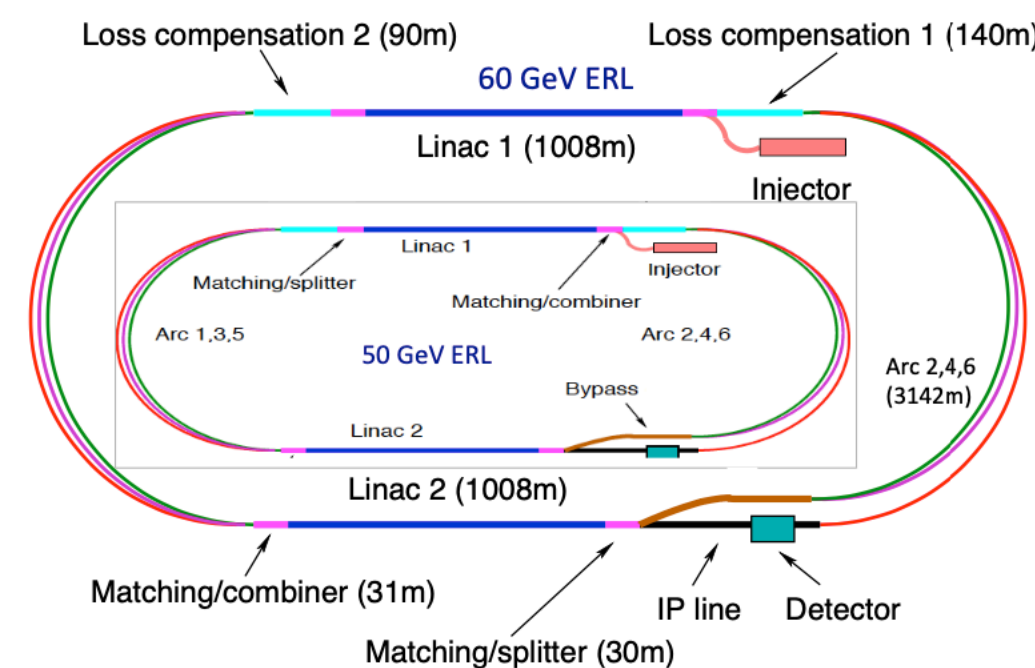
FCC CDR:

Eur. Phys. J. C 79, no. 6, 474 (2019) – Physics

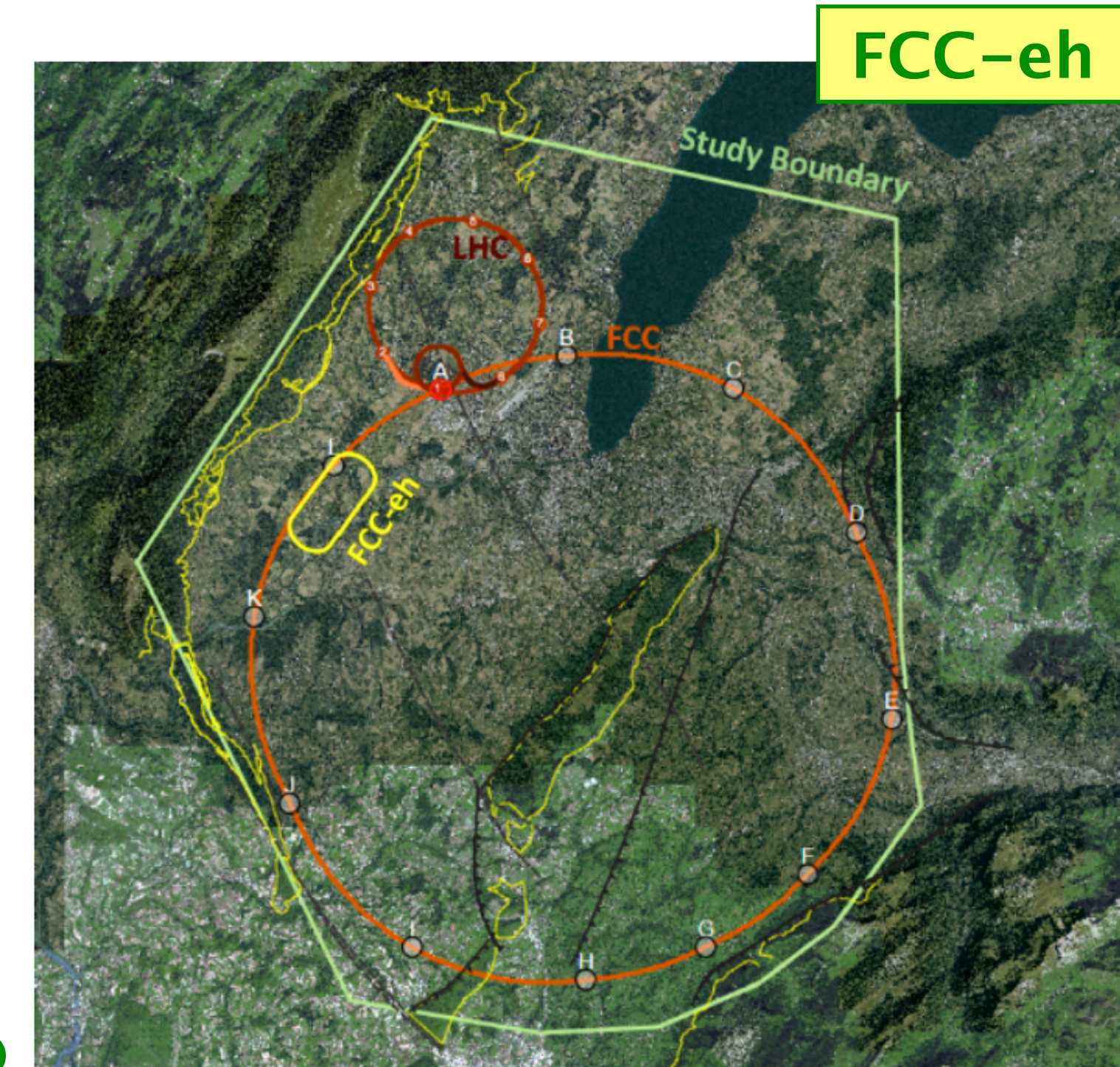
Eur. Phys. J. ST 228, no. 4, 755 (2019) – FCC-hh/eh

## Energy Recovering Linac

e beam: 50, 60 GeV



$$L_{\text{int}} = 1-2 \text{ ab}^{-1} (1000 \times \text{HERA!})$$



FCC-eh



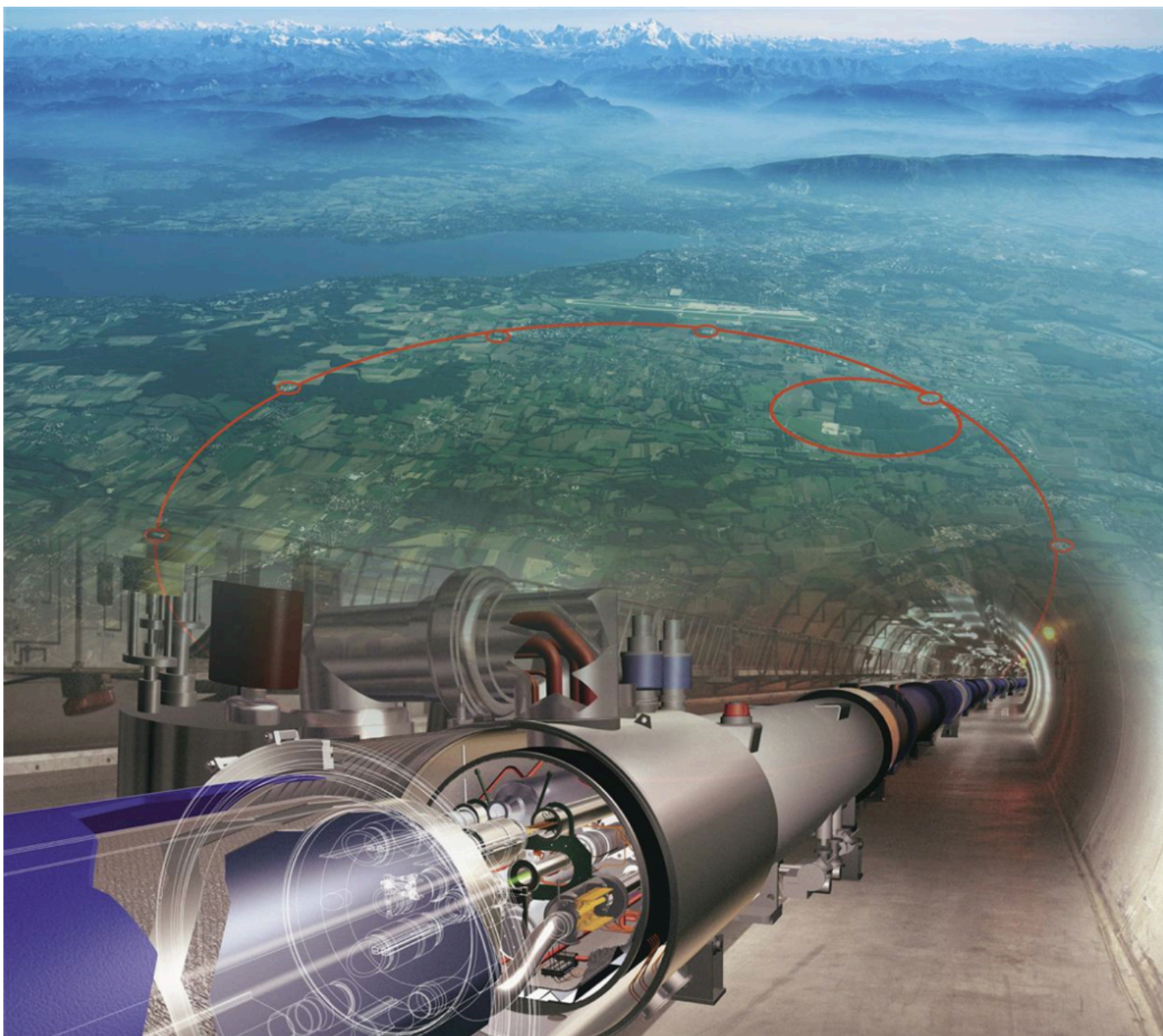
# The Large Hadron–Electron Collider at the HL–LHC

5 pages summary:

ECFA

European Committee for Future Accelerators

## ECFA Newsletter #5



O. Brüning, M. Klein

Following the Plenary ECFA meeting, 13 July 2020

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/933318/>

Summer 2020

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2729018/files/ECFA-Newsletter-5-Summer2020.pdf>

## An Experiment for Electron-Hadron Scattering at the LHC

K. D. J. André<sup>1,2</sup>, L. Aperio Bella<sup>3</sup>, N. Armesto<sup>4,5</sup>, S. A. Bogacz<sup>6</sup>,  
D. Britzger<sup>7</sup>, O. S. Brüning<sup>1</sup>, M. D'Onofrio<sup>2</sup>, E. G. Ferreiro<sup>4</sup>, O. Fischer<sup>2</sup>,  
C. Gwenlan<sup>7</sup>, B. J. Holzer<sup>1</sup>, M. Klein<sup>2</sup>, U. Klein<sup>2</sup>, F. Kocak<sup>8</sup>, P. Kostka<sup>2</sup>,  
M. Kumar<sup>9</sup>, B. Mellado<sup>9,10</sup>, J. G. Milhano<sup>11,12</sup>, P. R. Newman<sup>13</sup>,  
K. Piotrkowski<sup>14</sup>, A. Polini<sup>15</sup>, X. Ruan<sup>9</sup>, S. Russenschuk<sup>1</sup>,  
C. Schwanenberger<sup>3</sup>, E. Vilella-Figueras<sup>2</sup>, Y. Yamazaki<sup>16</sup>

<sup>1</sup>CERN, Esplanade des particules 1, 1211 Geneva 23, CH

<sup>2</sup>University of Liverpool, Oxford Street, UK-L69 7ZE Liverpool, United Kingdom

<sup>3</sup>Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DESY), Notkestr. 85, 22769 Hamburg, Germany

<sup>4</sup>Instituto Galego de Física de Altas Enerxías IGFAE, Universidade de Santiago de Compostela, 15782 Santiago de Compostela, Galicia-Spain

<sup>5</sup>JLab, Newport News, Virginia, USA

<sup>6</sup>Max-Planck-Institut für Physik, Föhringer Ring 6, 80805 München, Germany

<sup>7</sup>Department of Physics, The University of Oxford, Oxford, OX1 3PU, United Kingdom

<sup>8</sup>Bursa Uludag University, Bursa, Turkey

<sup>9</sup>School of Physics and Institute for Collider Particle Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, Wits 2050, South Africa.

<sup>10</sup>Themba LABS, National Research Foundation, PO Box 722, Somerset West 7129, South Africa.

<sup>11</sup>Instituto Superior Técnico (IST), Universidade de Lisboa, Av. Rovisco Pais 1, 1049-001, Lisboa, Portugal

<sup>12</sup>LIP, Av. Prof. Gama Pinto, 2, P-1649-003 Lisboa, Portugal

<sup>13</sup>School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, UK

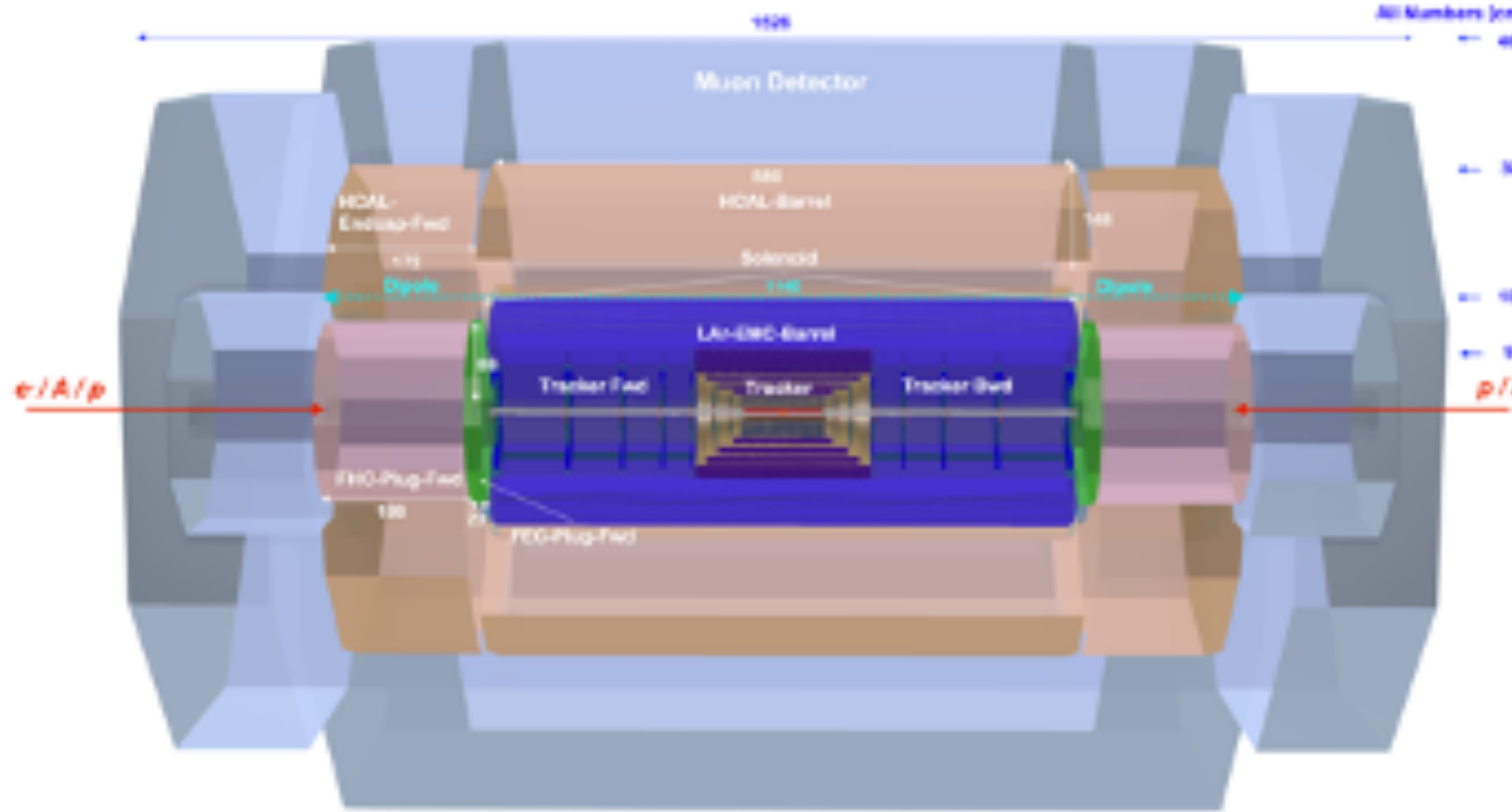
<sup>14</sup>Université Catholique de Louvain, Centre for Cosmology, Particle Physics and Phenomenology, 1348 Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium

<sup>15</sup>Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare (INFN), Sezione di Bologna, Bologna, Italy

<sup>16</sup>Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Rokkōdai-cho 1-1, Nada, 657-8501 Kobe, Japan

Received: date / Accepted: date

**Eur. Phys. J. C 82 (2022) 1, 40**



novel concept of a detector to alternately  
serve eh and hh collisions/physics

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Nuclear and Particle Physics

Volume 48 Number 11 November 2021 Article 110501

The Large Hadron–Electron Collider at the HL-LHC  
LHeC Study Group



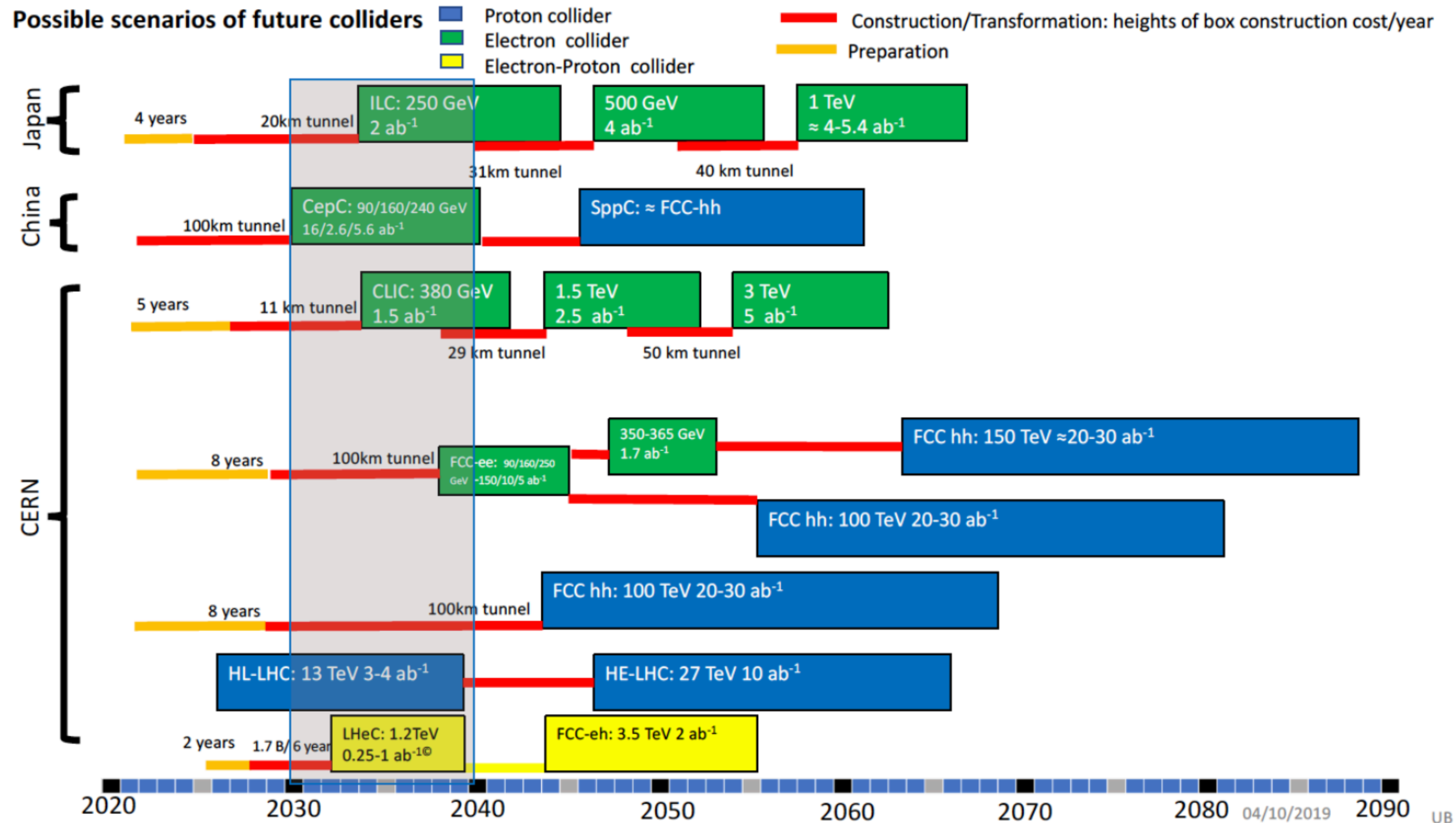
**J. Phys. G 48, 11, 110501 (2021)**

[iopscience.org/jphysg](https://iopscience.org/jphysg)

IOP Publishing



# Timeline of Future Colliders in European Strategy



**CERN/ESG/05b**

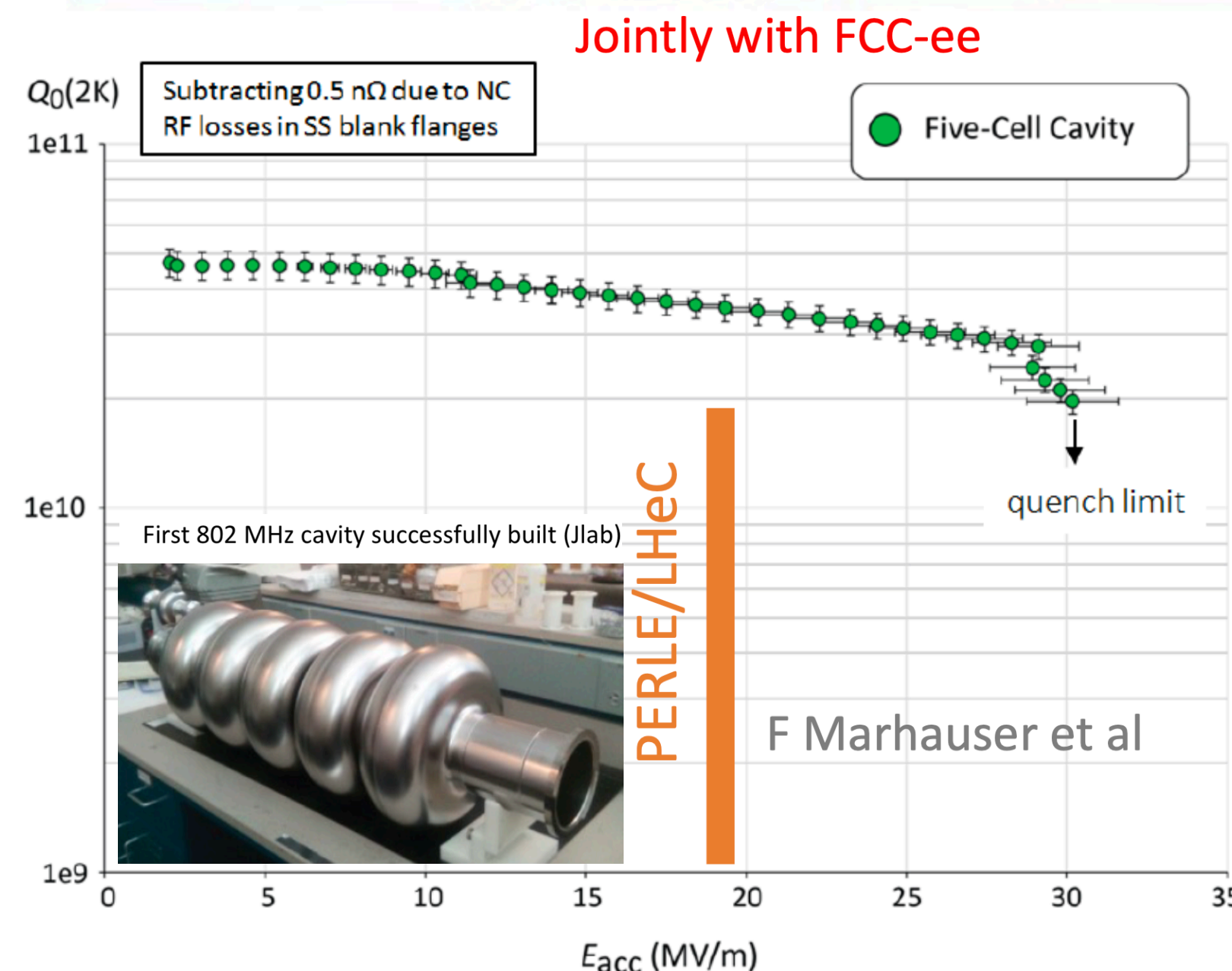
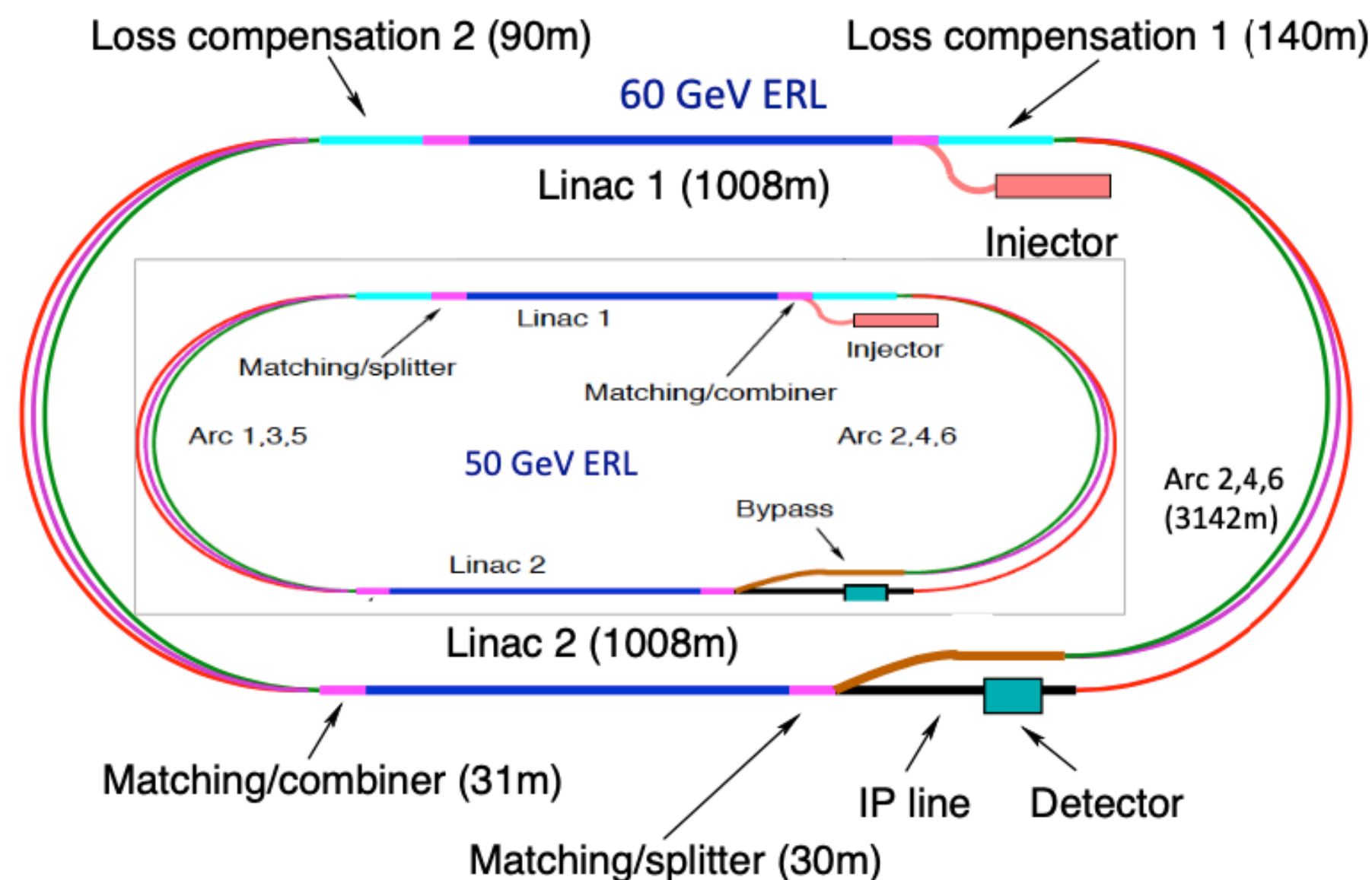
extracted from  
submitted inputs  
by U. Bassler



# Energy Recovering Linac (ERL)

LHeC/FCC-eh: needs high luminosity, high energy:

High ERL power facility  $P = I_e E_e$



- high quality Superconducting Radio Frequency: 802 MHz
- first 5-cell Niobium cavity built at JLAB:  $Q_0 \approx 3 \cdot 10^{10}$

- LHeC Configuration reduced from 60 to 50 GeV
- LINAC: 112 cryomodules with 4 cavities each  
→ total number of cavities: 896 [ILC:  $O(10^4)$ ]
- configuration may be staged with less RF
- tunnel is small part of cost and better not reduced further, synchrotron loss, upgrades...
- ERL reduces power to  $\ll$  GW and dumps at  $<$  GeV

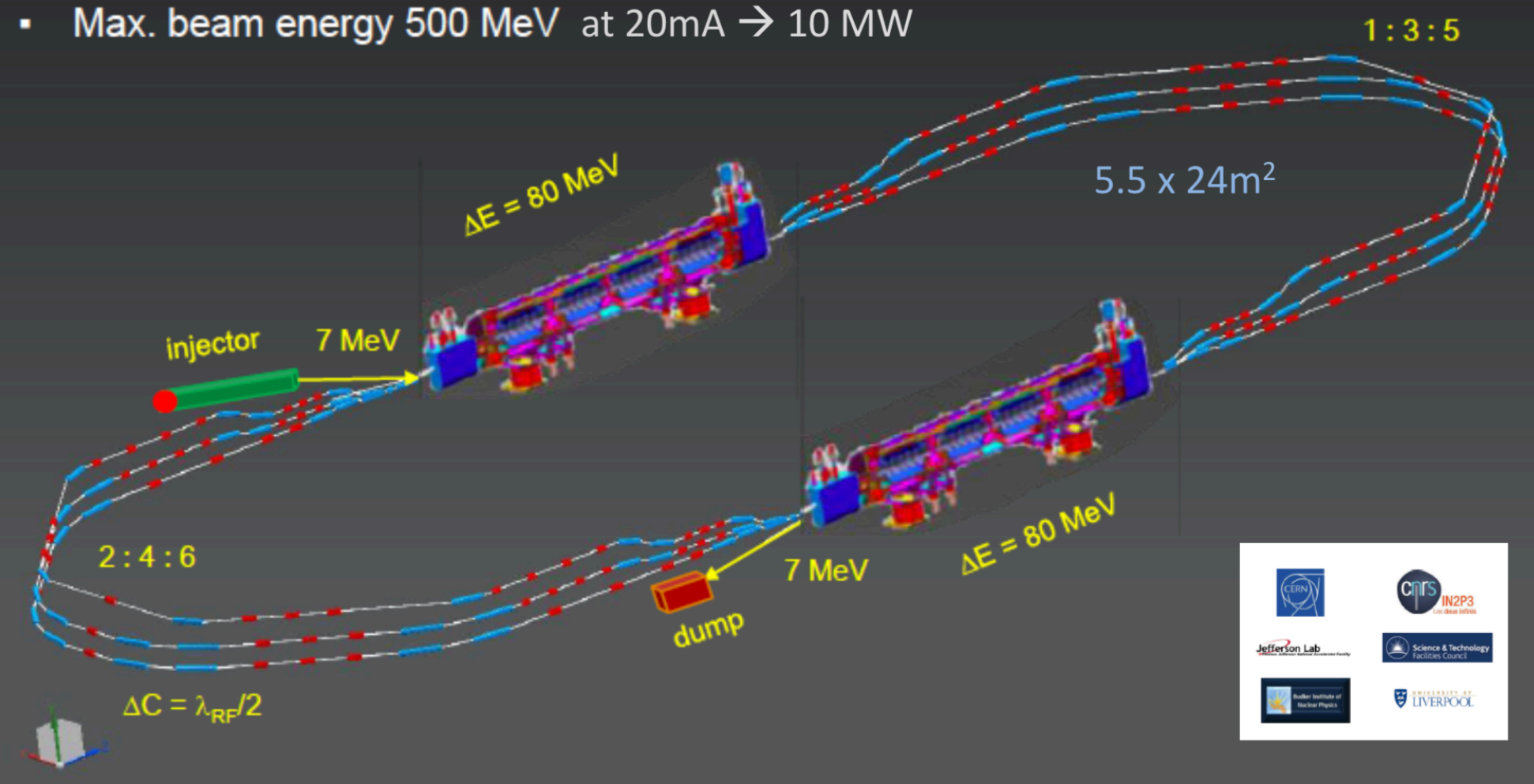
→ novel, “green” revolutionary accelerator technology and save energy





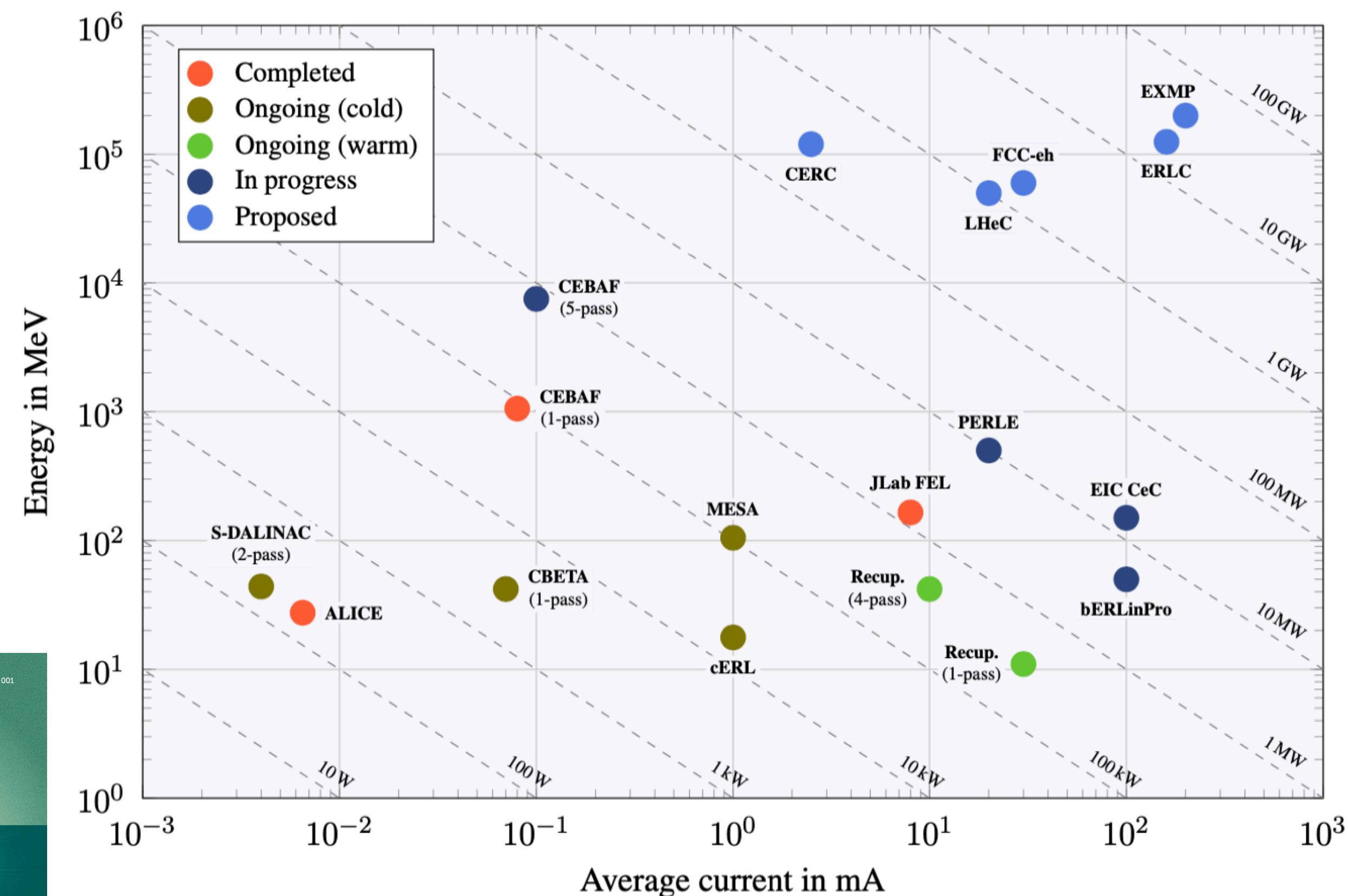
# Powerful ERL for Experiments (PERLE) @ Orsay

- 2 Linacs (Four 5-Cell 801.58 MHz SC cavities)
- 3 turns (160 MeV/turn)
- Max. beam energy 500 MeV at 20mA  $\rightarrow$  10 MW



Status: see talk by  
Achille Stocchi, 05/05

CDR: 1705.08783, J. Phys. G  
CERN-ACC-Note-2018-0086 (ESSP)



PERLE Collaboration (2021): CERN, Cornell, Daresbury, JLab, Liverpool, Novosibirsk (BINP), Orsay (IJC)

- Technology Development Facility at 500 MeV at Orsay for development of ERL with LHeC conditions
  - high lumi particle and nuclear physics experiments
  - part of global ERL developments: included in Europ. Strategy roadmap (ESPP) on Accelerators R&D
  - synergies: ERL Concepts for FCC-ee and ILC
- $\rightarrow$  high precision elastic ep scattering, photo-nuclear reactions, ...

First PERLE Physics Workshop:  
09.05.2022 (by invitation)

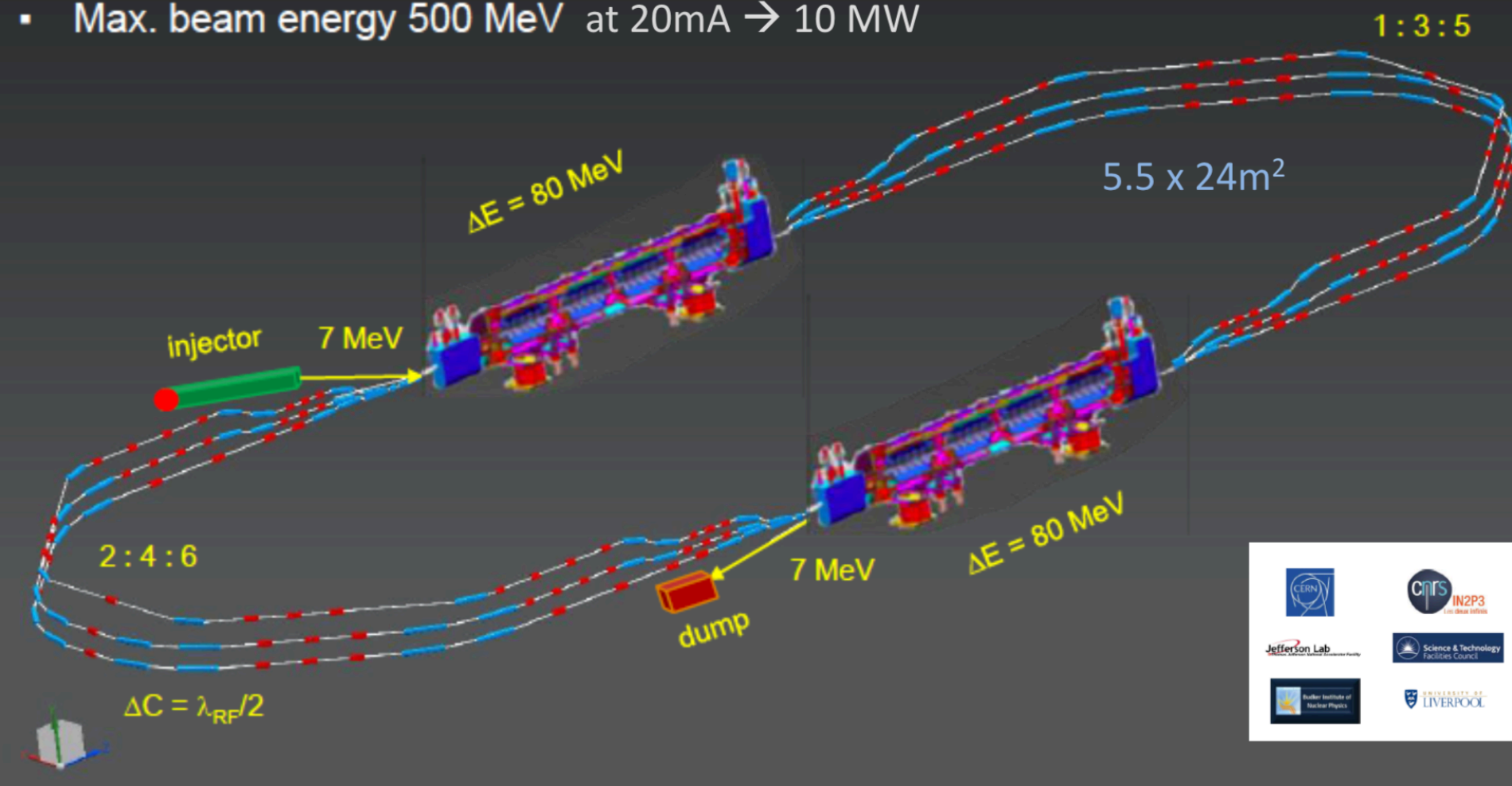
arXiv:  
2201.07895





# Powerful ERL for Experiments (PERLE) @ Orsay

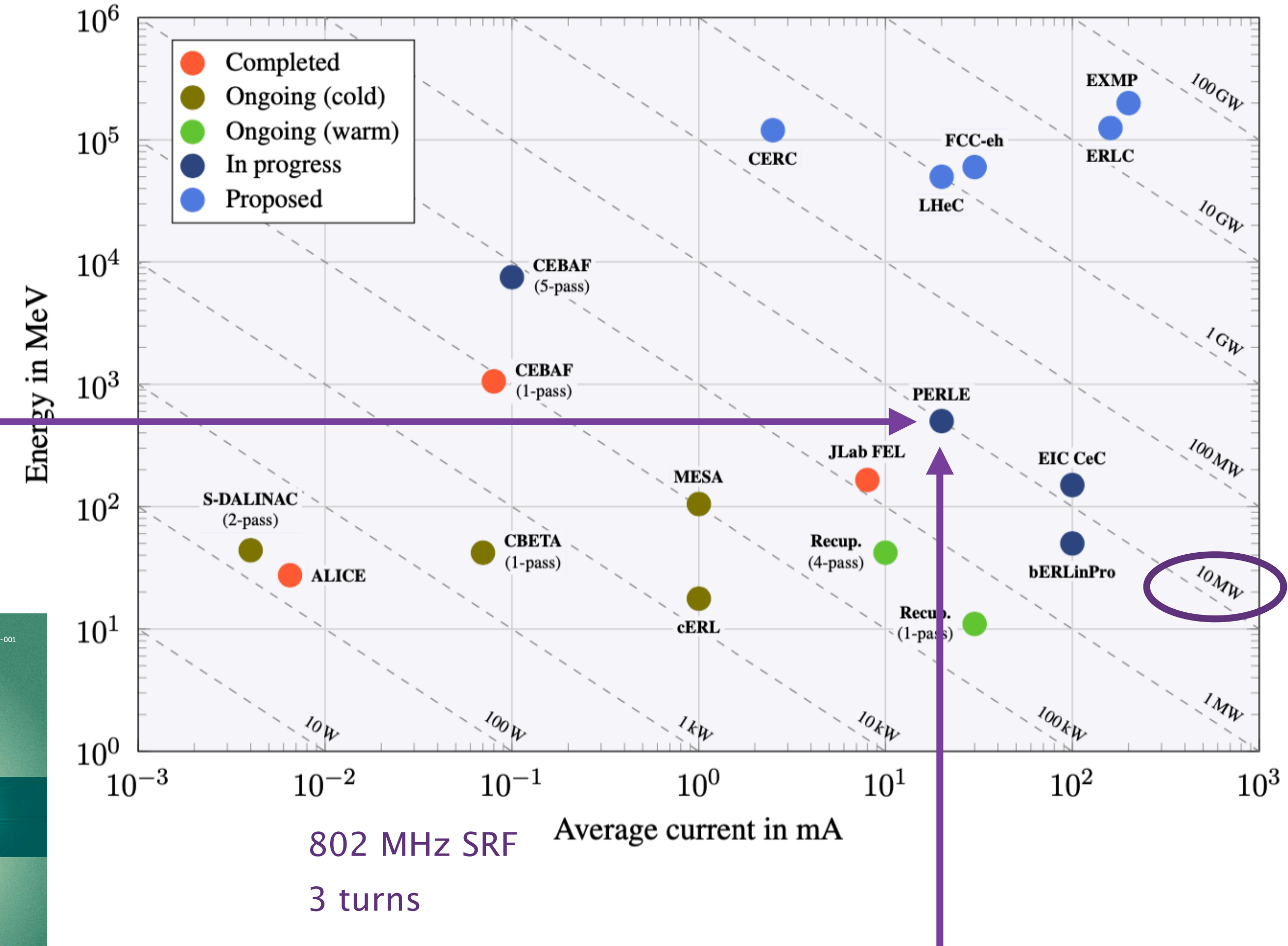
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Achille Stocchi, 05/05

CDR: 1705.08783, J. Phys. G  
CERN-ACC-Note-2018-0086 (ESSP)

$E_e = 500$  MeV



$\rightarrow$  first 10 MW ERL facility

$I_e = 20$  mA

PERLE Collaboration (2021): CERN, Cornell, Daresbury, JLab, Liverpool, Novosibirsk (BINP), Orsay (IJC)

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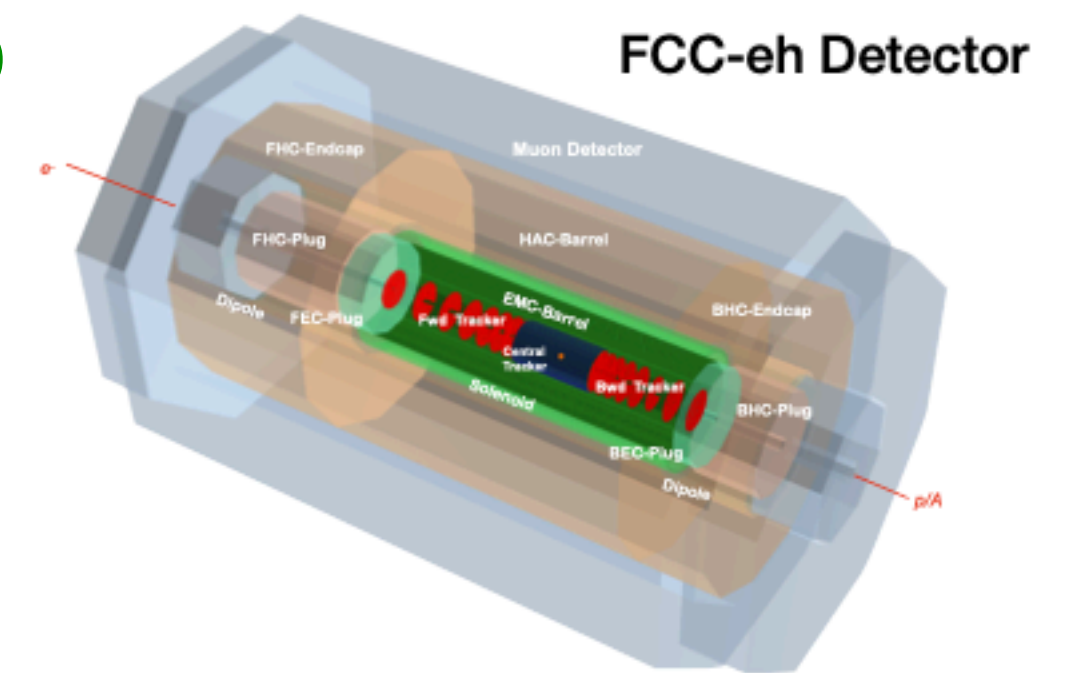
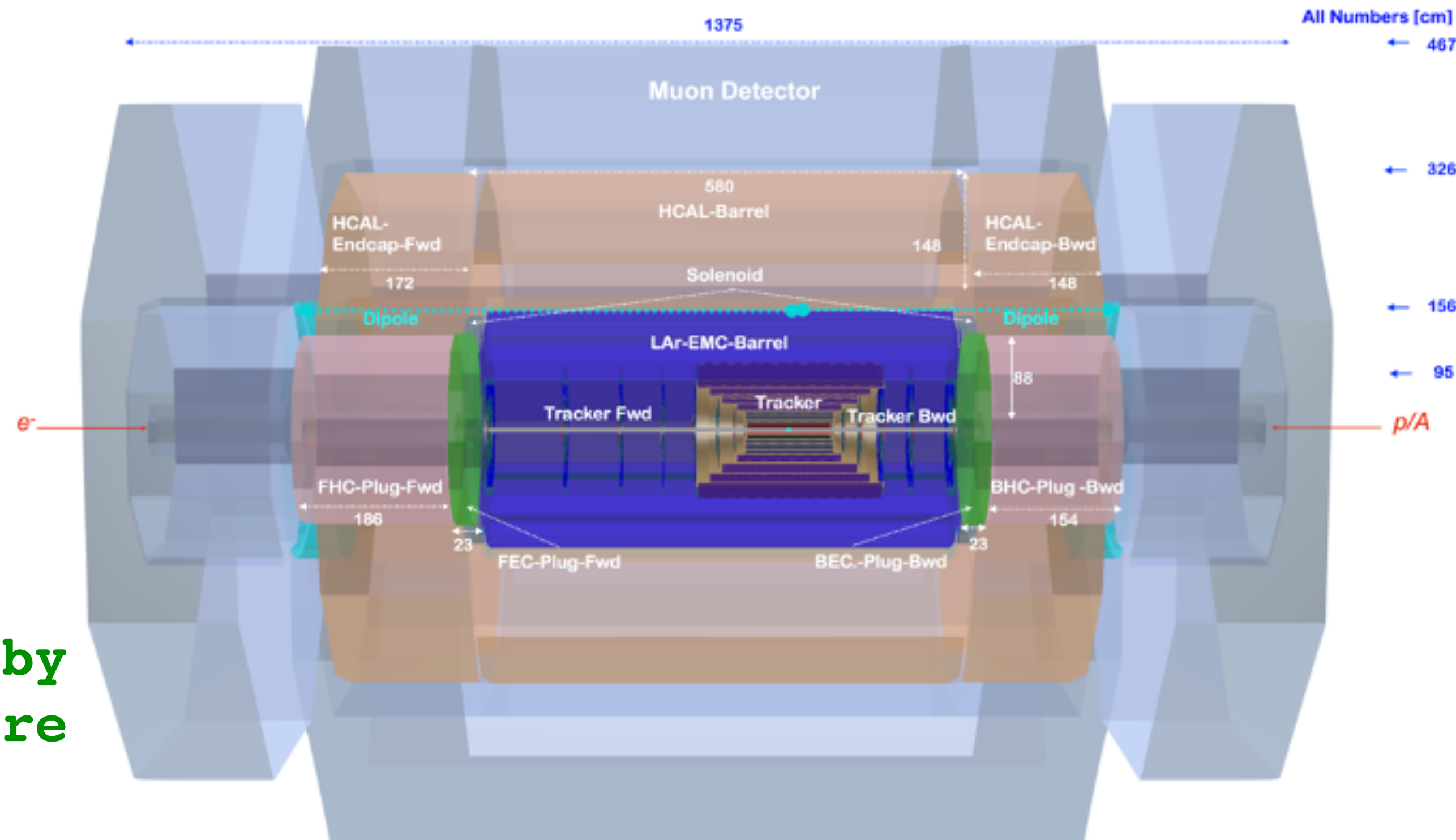
# LHeC Detector Design

forward-backward  
symmetrised detector permits  
alternately eh and hh physics

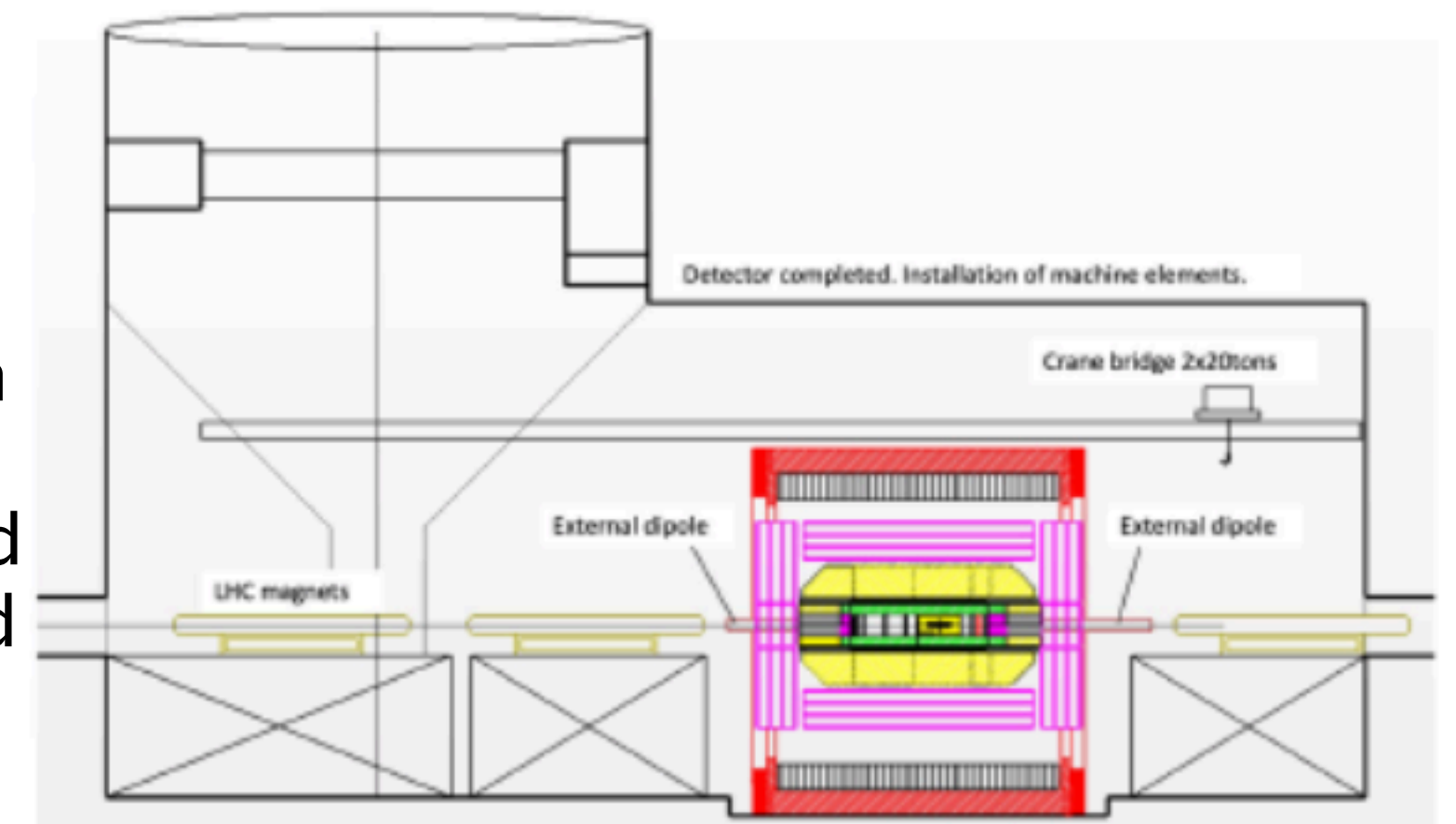
Eur. Phys. J. C 82 (2022) 1, 40

L=13.2 m [FCCeh:19.3 about CMS size]

R=4.8 m  
[6.2 FCCeh]



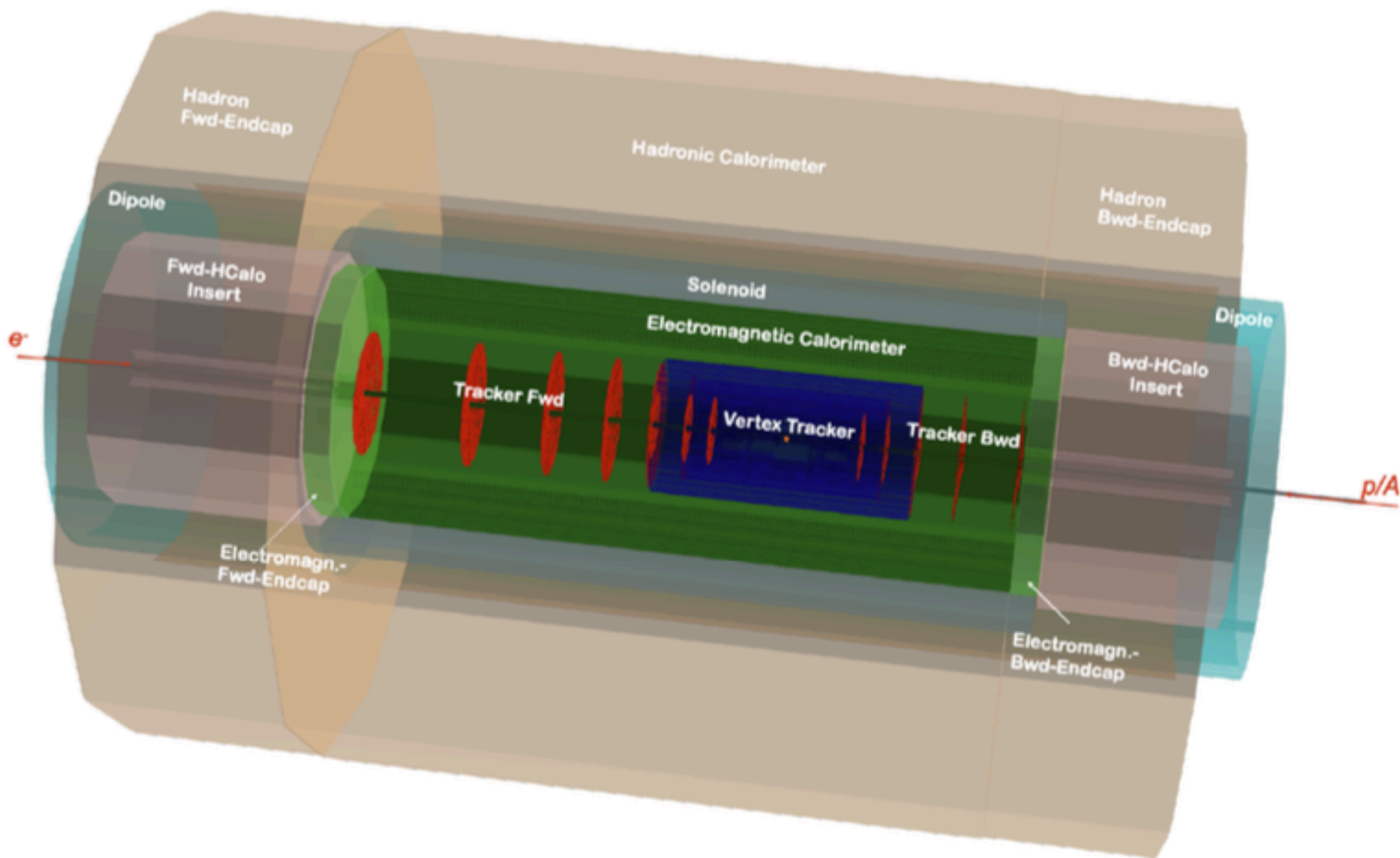
Study of installation (sequence)  
of LHeC detector in IP2 cavern  
using L3 magnet support structure  
[commensurate with 2 year shutdown  
due to modular structure]



- large acceptance, precision device: design is determined by kinematics and high precision demands as from the  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  reaction in CC
- low radiation (1/100 that of pp) enables sensitive technology such as HV CMOS to be used
- the need to ensure head-on ep collisions introduces a long, low field dipole to be inserted before the HCAL, the solenoid is a rather conventional magnet
- complemented by forward (p,n) and backward (e,  $\gamma$ ) tagging detectors



# LHeC Calorimeter Design



Barrel Calorimeters

Calo (LHeC)	EMC		HCAL	
	Barrel	Ecap Fwd	Barrel	Ecap Bwd
Readout, Absorber	Sci,Pb	Sci,Fe	Sci,Fe	Sci,Fe
Layers	38	58	45	50
Integral Absorber Thickness [cm]	16.7	134.0	119.0	115.5
$\eta_{\max}, \eta_{\min}$	2.4, -1.9	1.9, 1.0	1.6, -1.1	-1.5, -0.6
$\sigma_E/E = a/\sqrt{E} \oplus b$ [%]	12.4/1.9	46.5/3.8	48.23/5.6	51.7/4.3
$\Lambda_I / X_0$	$X_0 = 30.2$	$\Lambda_I = 8.2$	$\Lambda_I = 8.3$	$\Lambda_I = 7.1$
Total area Sci [m <sup>2</sup> ]	1174	1403	3853	1209

## LHeC Calorimeters

Complete coverage to  $\pm 5$  in (pseudo)rapidity

Central Region: 2012: LAr, 2020 Sci/Fe option.

Forward Region: dense, high energy jets of few TeV

$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  and other reactions demand resolution of HFS

Backward Region: in DIS only deposits of  $E < E_e$

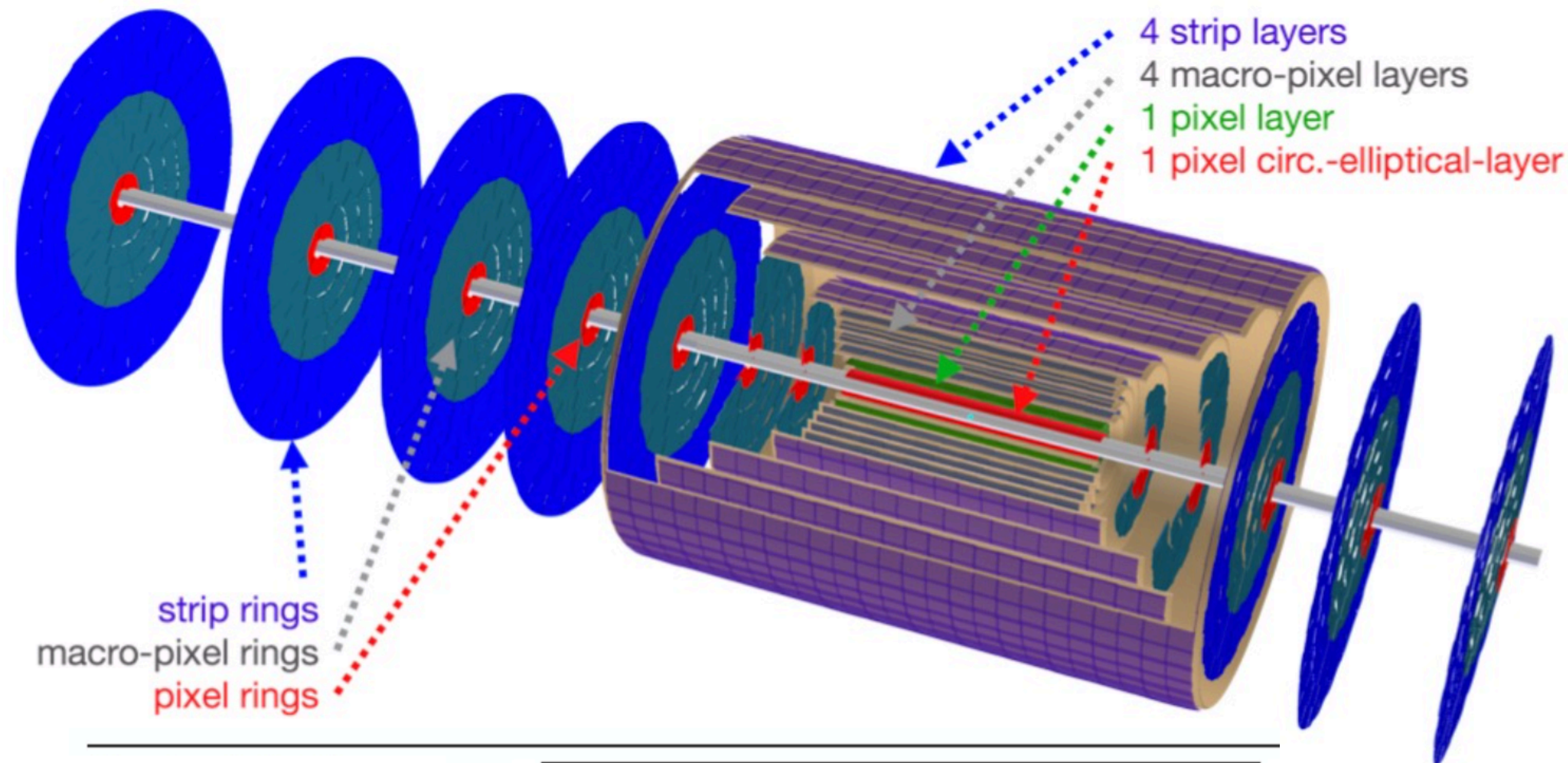
Forward/Backward Calorimeters

Calo (LHeC)	FHC	FEC	BEC	BHC
	Plug Fwd	Plug Fwd	Plug Bwd	Plug Bwd
Readout, Absorber	Si,W	Si,W	Si,Pb	Si,Cu
Layers	300	49	49	165
Integral Absorber Thickness [cm]	156.0	17.0	17.1	137.5
$\eta_{\max}, \eta_{\min}$	5.5, 1.9	5.1, 2.0	-1.4, -4.5	-1.4, -5.0
$\sigma_E/E = a/\sqrt{E} \oplus b$ [%]	51.8/5.4	17.8/1.4	14.4/2.8	49.5/7.9
$\Lambda_I / X_0$	$\Lambda_I = 9.6$	$X_0 = 48.8$	$X_0 = 30.9$	$\Lambda_I = 9.2$
Total area Si [m <sup>2</sup> ]	1354	187	187	745

arXiv:2007.14491



# LHeC Tracker Design



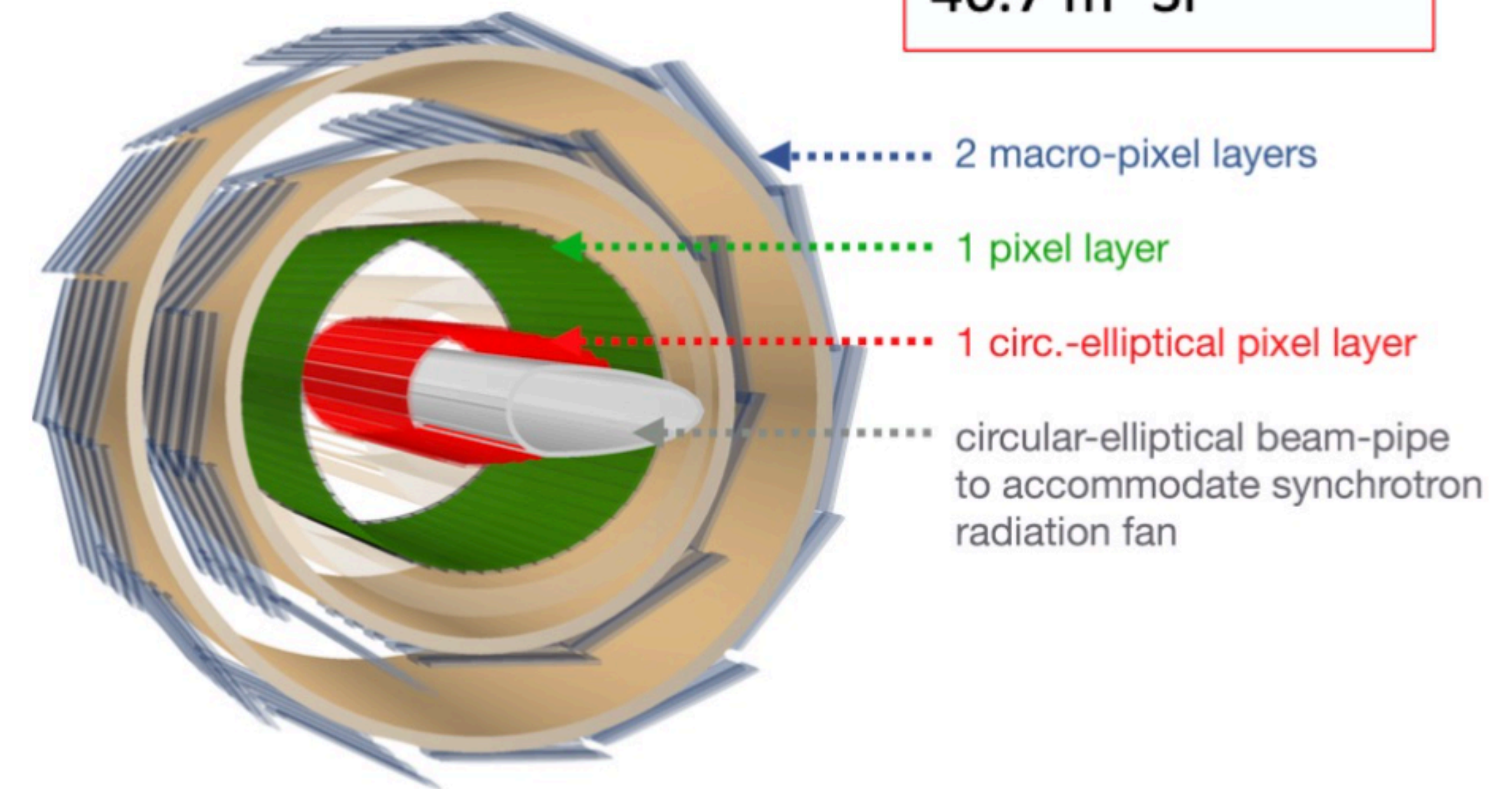
Inner Tracker

Rapidity to  $\sim 5$

$r_0 = 60$  cm

impact resolution  
5-10  $\mu\text{m}$

40.7  $\text{m}^2$  Si



## LHeC Trackers

$\eta_{\text{max}}, \eta_{\text{min}}$

Wheels

Modules/Sensors

Total Si area [ $\text{m}^2$ ]

Read-out-Channels [ $10^6$ ]

pitch $^{r-\phi}$  [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]

pitch $^z$  [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]

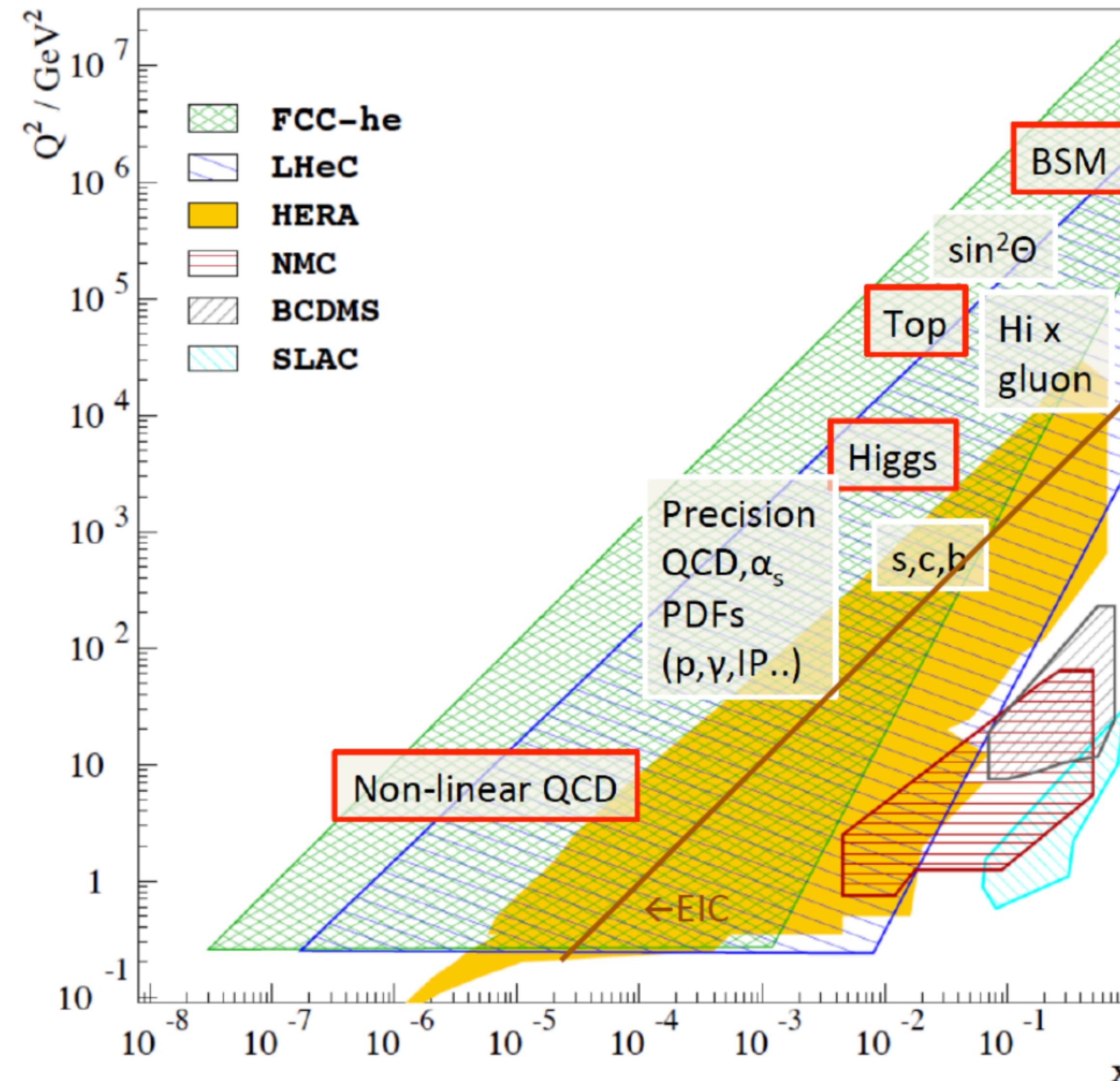
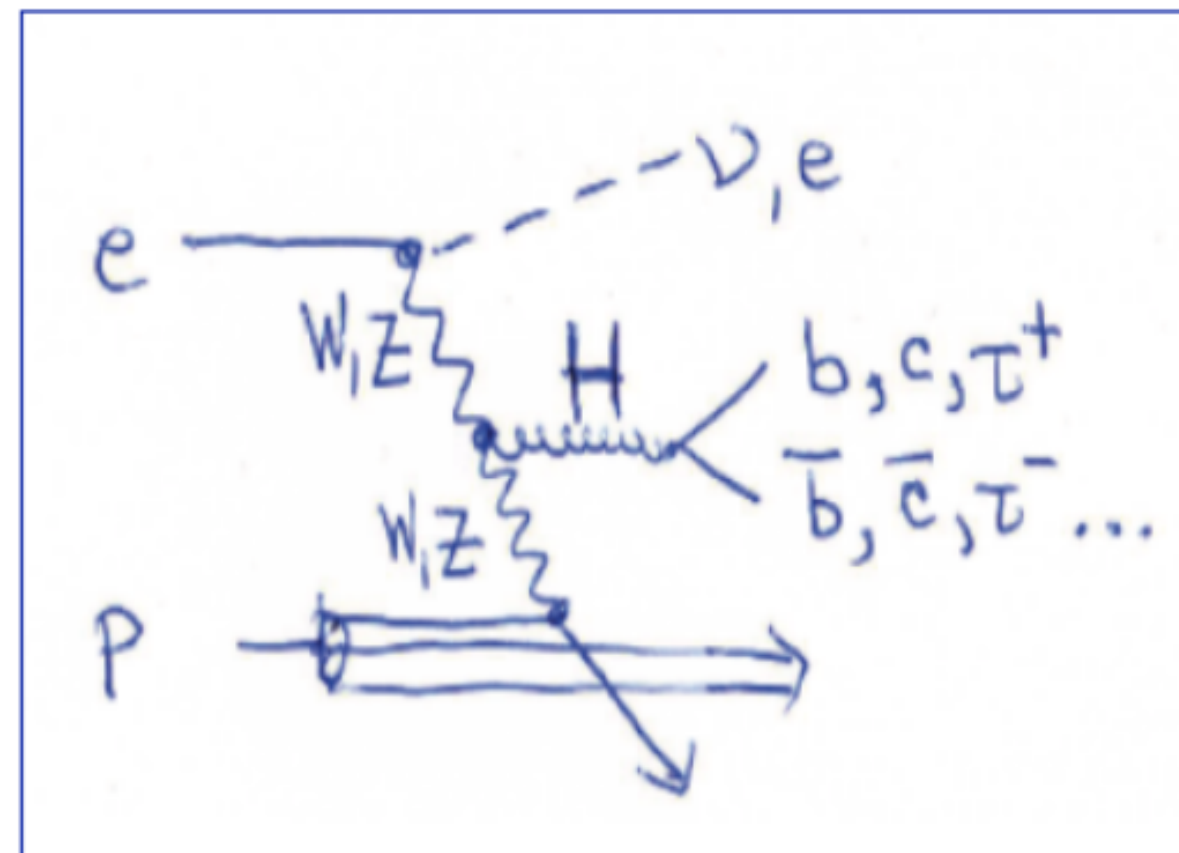
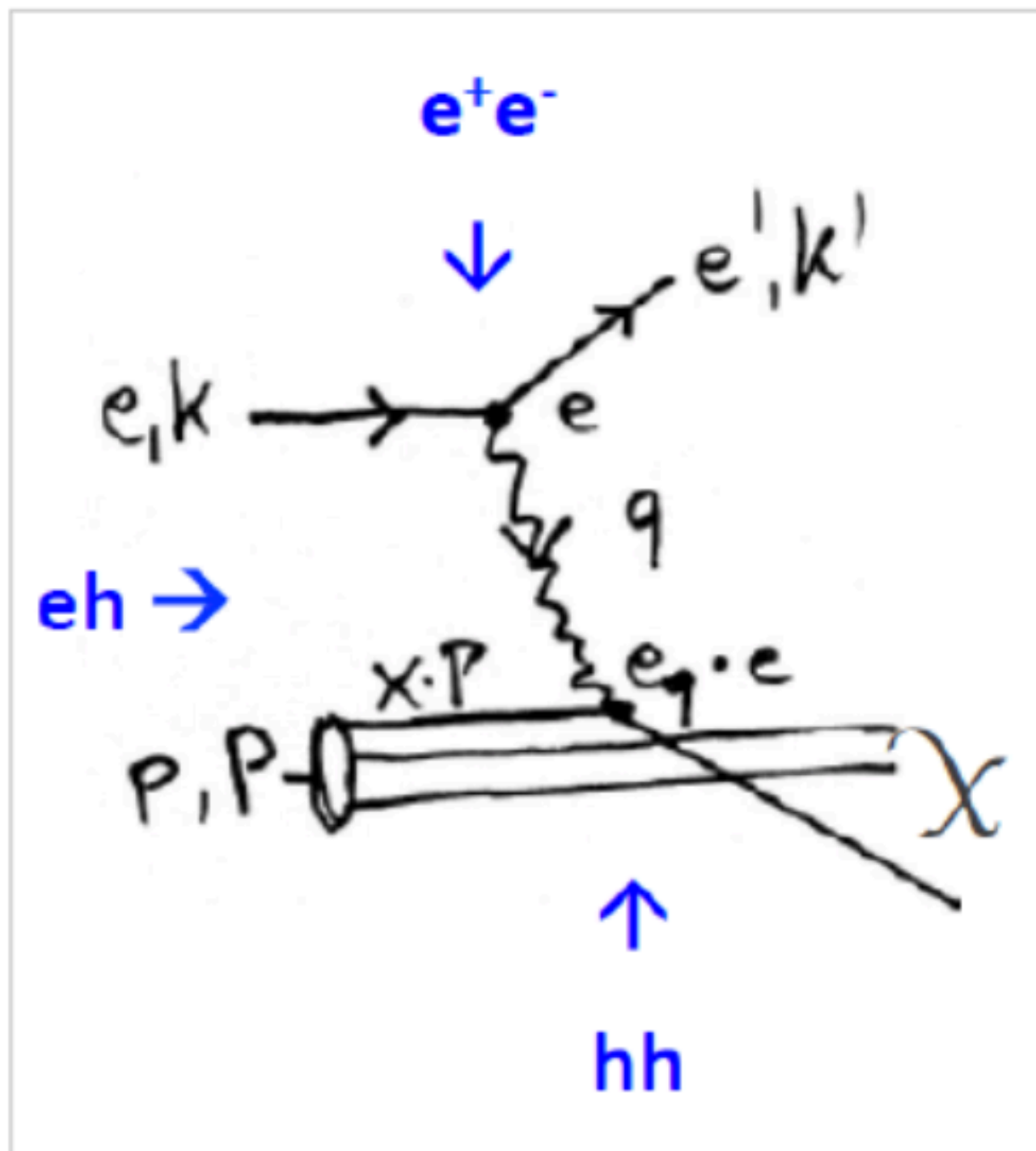
Average  $X_0/\Lambda_I$  [%]

incl. beam pipe [%]

LHeC Tracker Part		$\eta_{\text{max}}$	$\eta_{\text{min}}$	#LayersBarrel
Inner Barrel	pix	3.3	-3.3	2
	pix <sub>macro</sub>	2.	-2.	4
	strip	1.3	-1.3	4
				#RingsWheels
End Caps	pix	4.1/-1.1	1.1/-4.1	2
	pix <sub>macro</sub>	2.3/-1.4	1.4/-2.3	1
	strip	2./-0.7	0.7/-2.	1-4
Fwd Tracker	pix	5.2	2.6	2
	pix <sub>macro</sub>	3.4	2.2	1
	strip	3.1	1.4	4
Bwd Tracker	pix	-2.6	-4.6	2
	pix <sub>macro</sub>	-2.2	-2.9	1
	strip	-1.4	-2.5	4
Total $\eta_{\text{max/min}}$		5.2	-4.6	



# Deep Inelastic Scattering at the Energy Frontier



## deliveries of ep/eA at the energy frontier

- cleanest high resolution microscope: QCD discovery
- empowering the LHC/FCC search program
- precision Higgs facility together with LHC/FCC-hh
- precision and discovery facility (top, EWK, BSM)
- unique nuclear physics facility

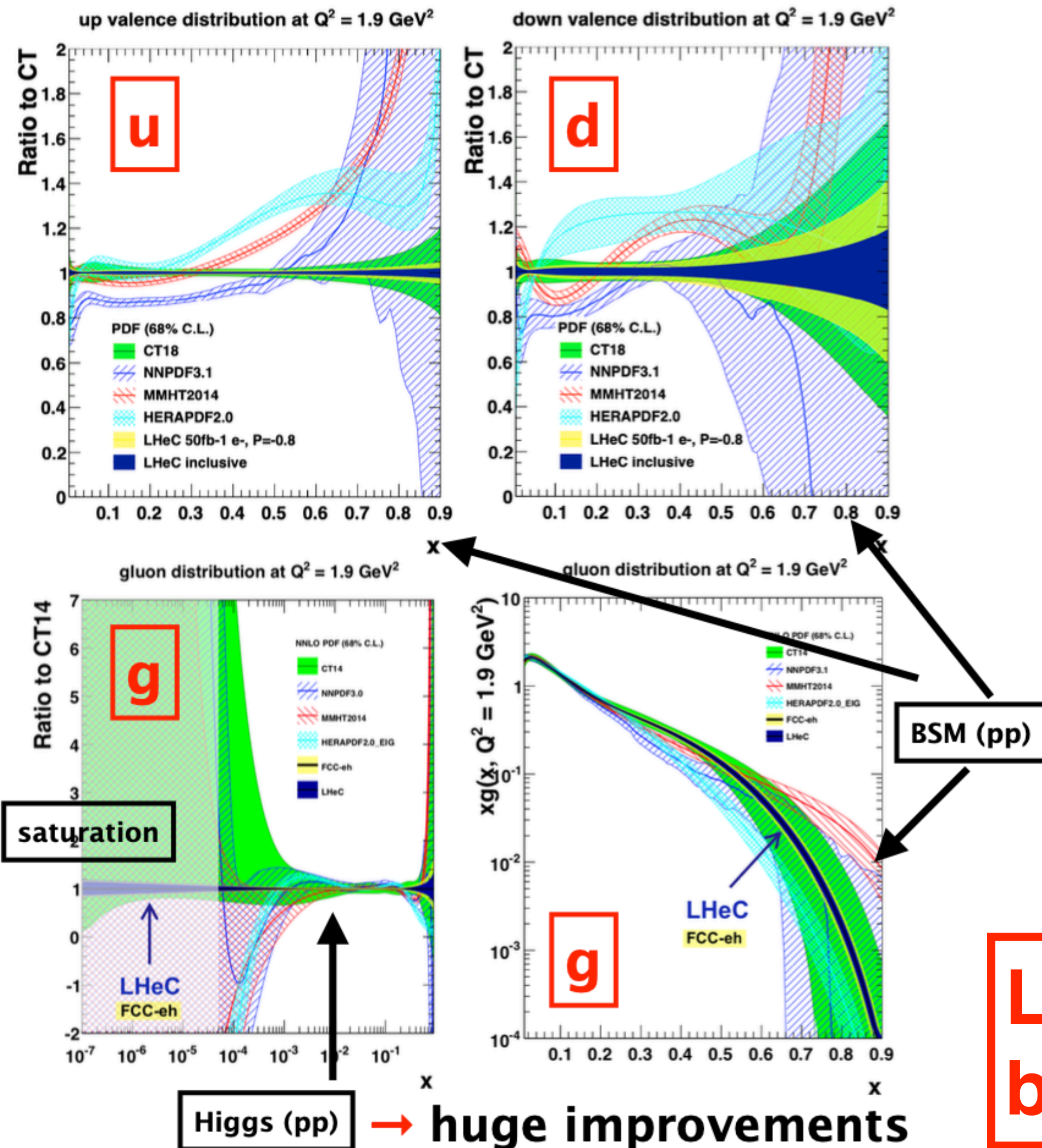
→ **diversity**

see talk by  
Monica D'Onofrio, 05/05  
Daniel Britzger, 04/05



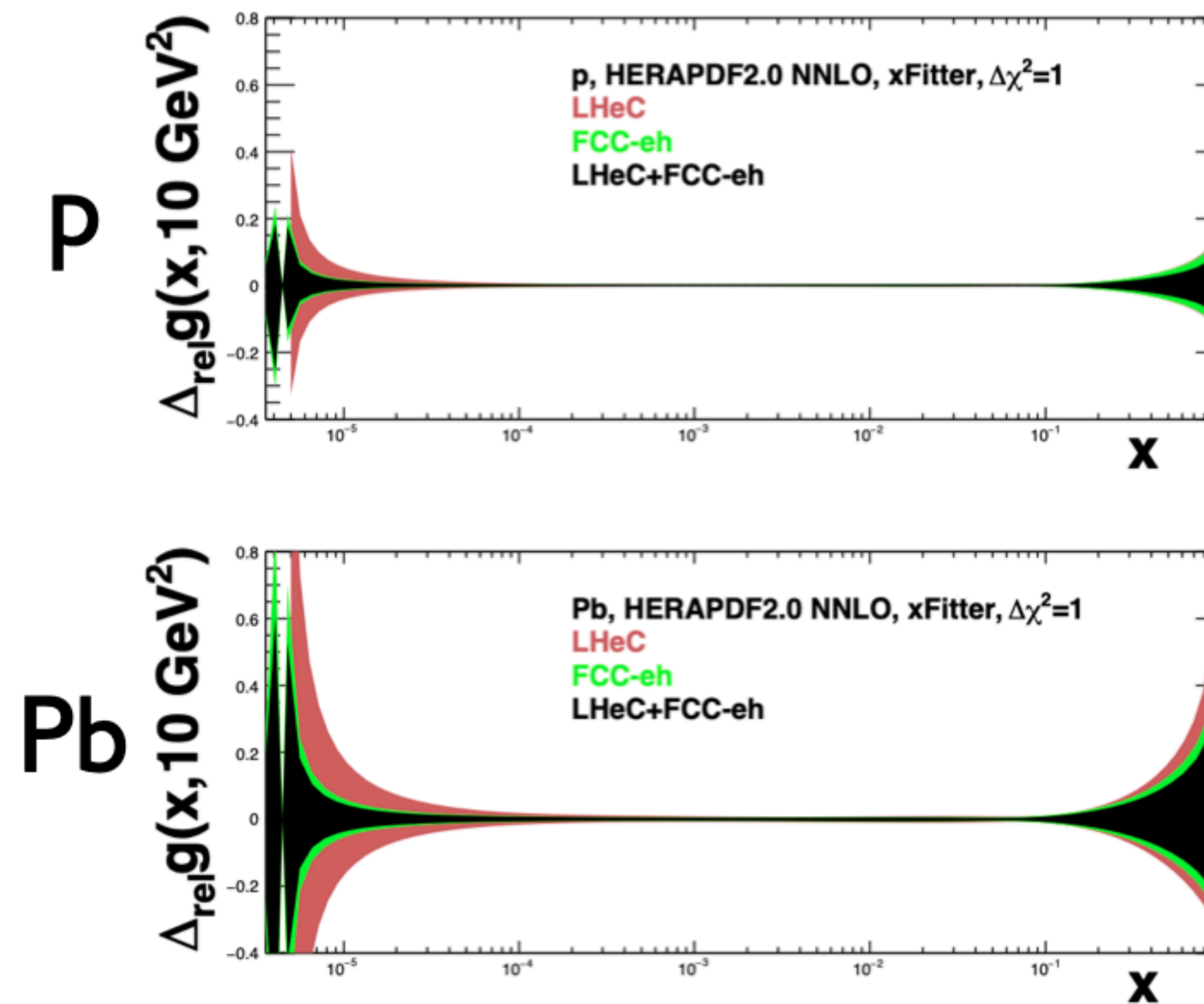
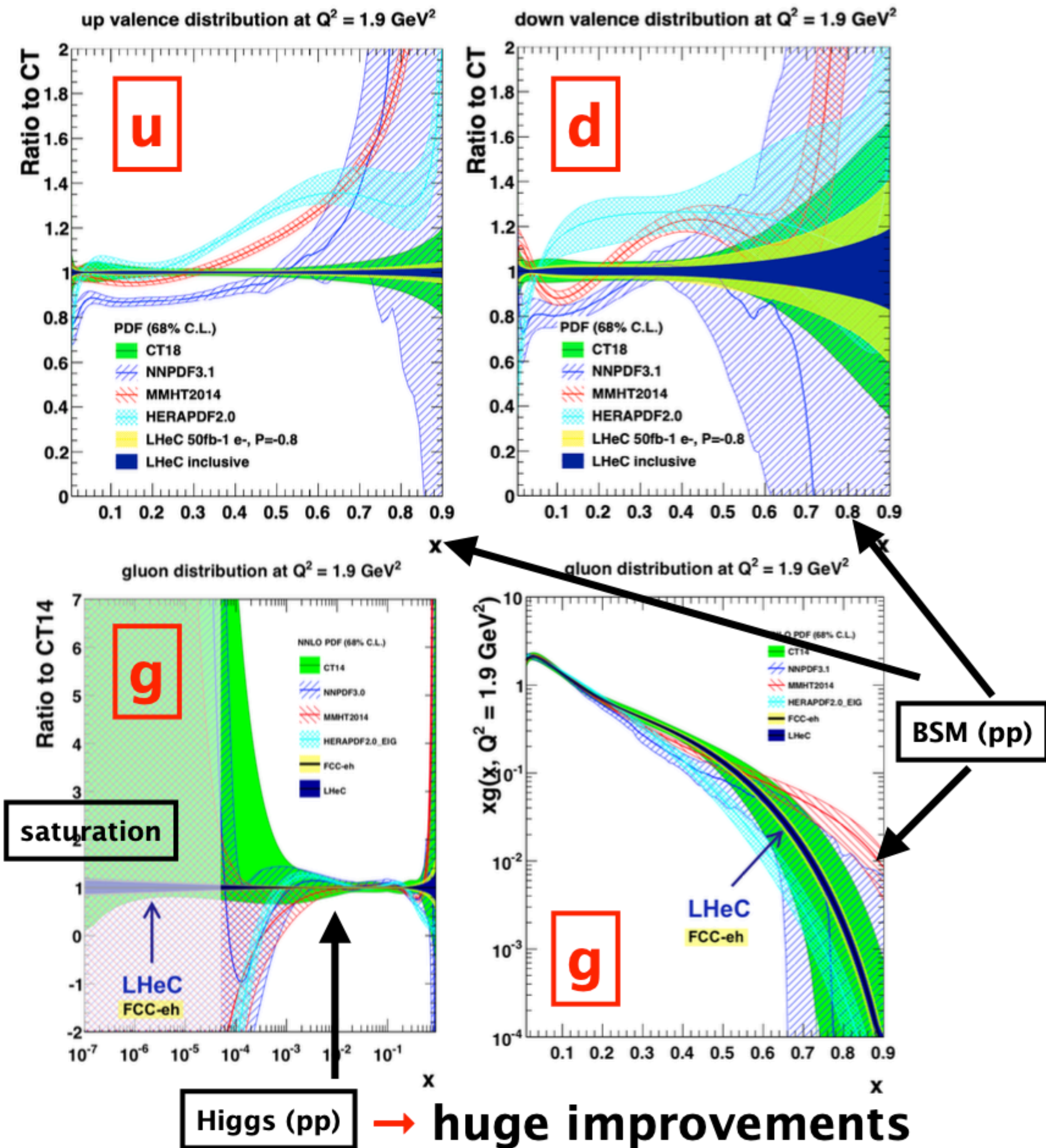
# Parton Density Functions

see talk by  
Claire Gwenlan, 03/05

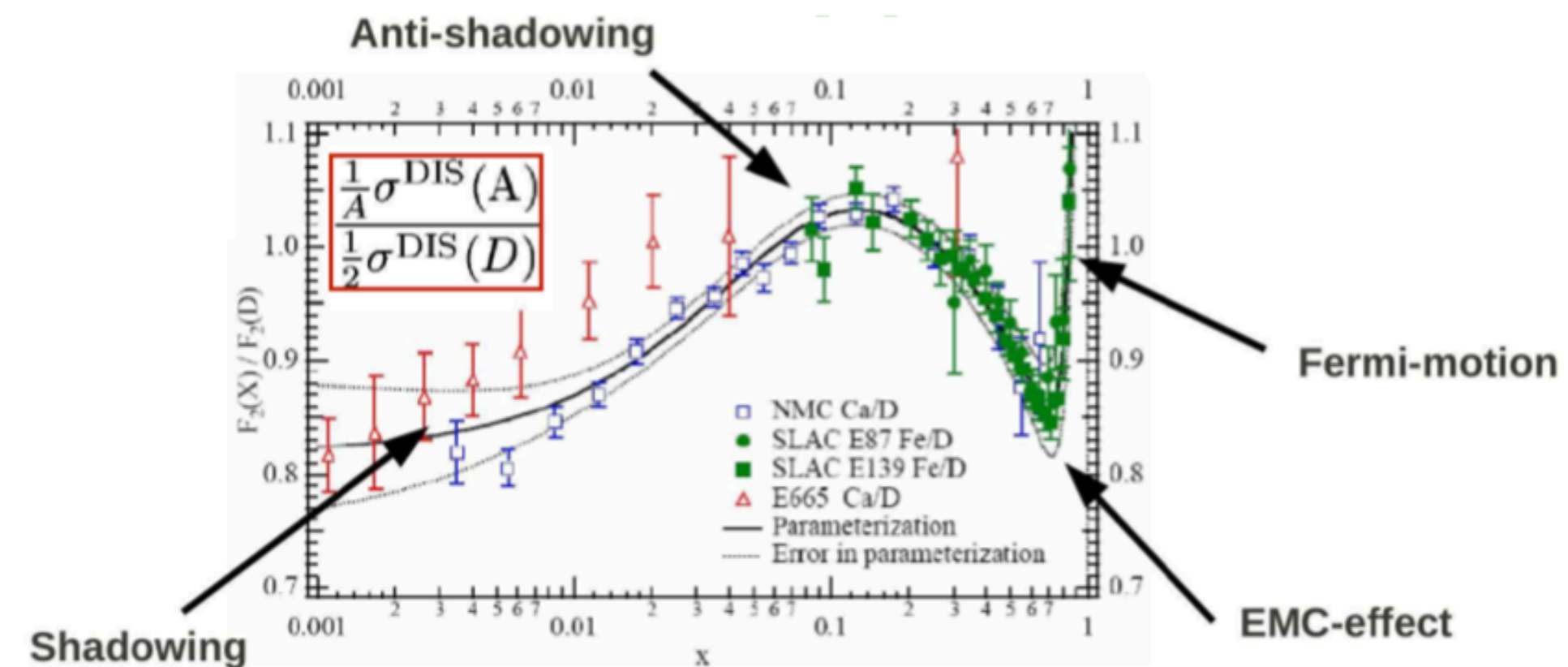
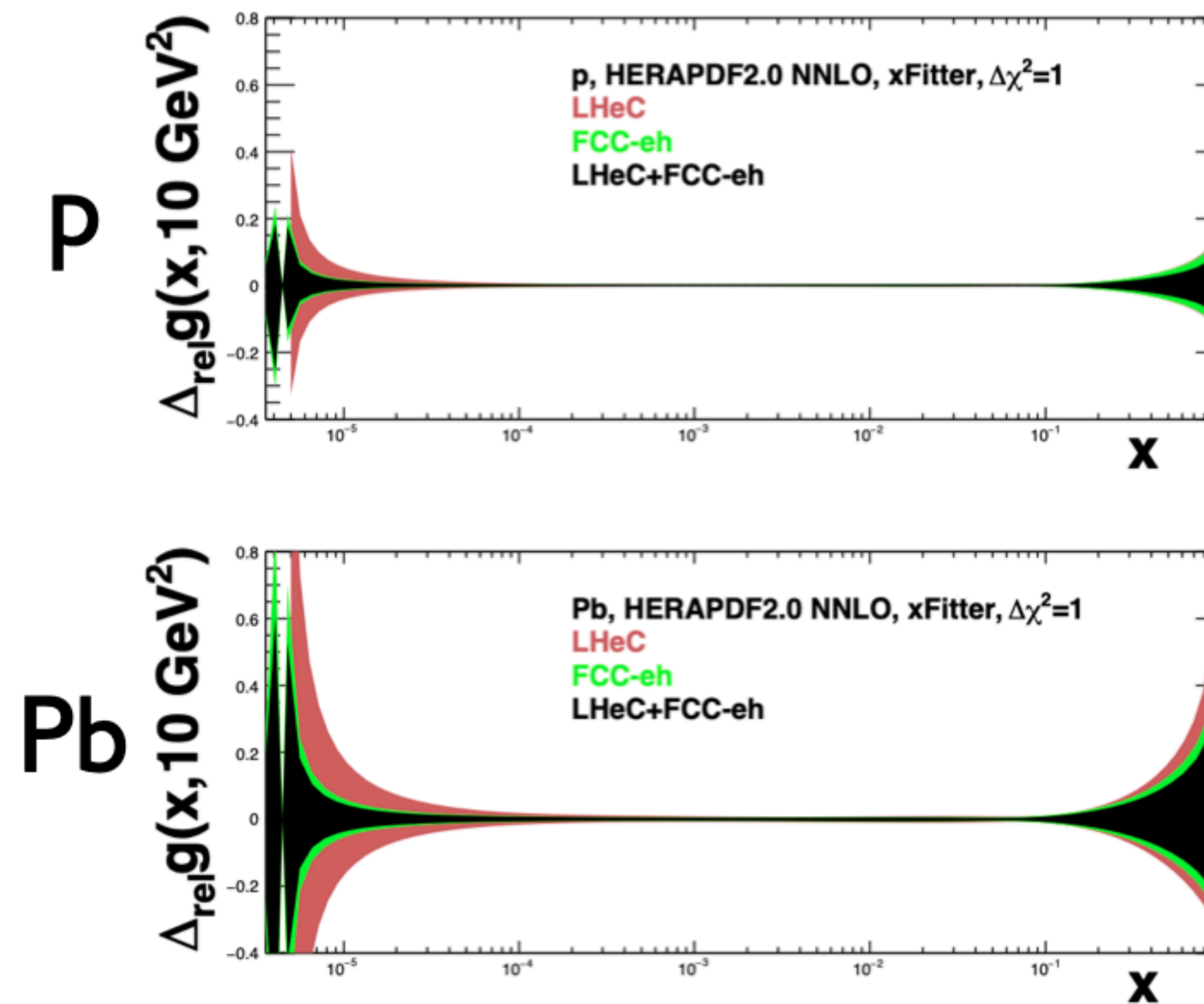
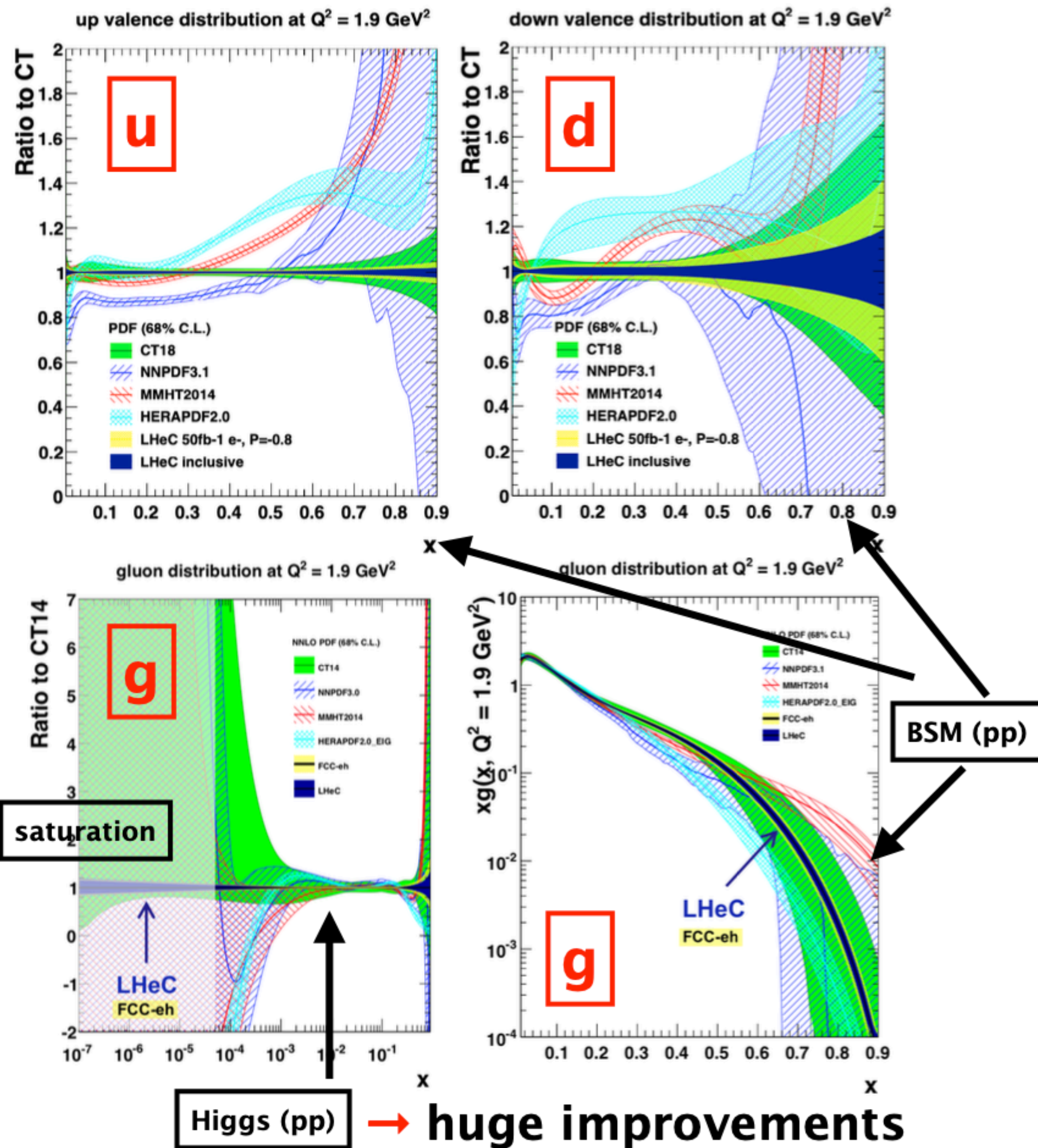


**LHeC provides a single, coherent base for PDF determination to N3LO**

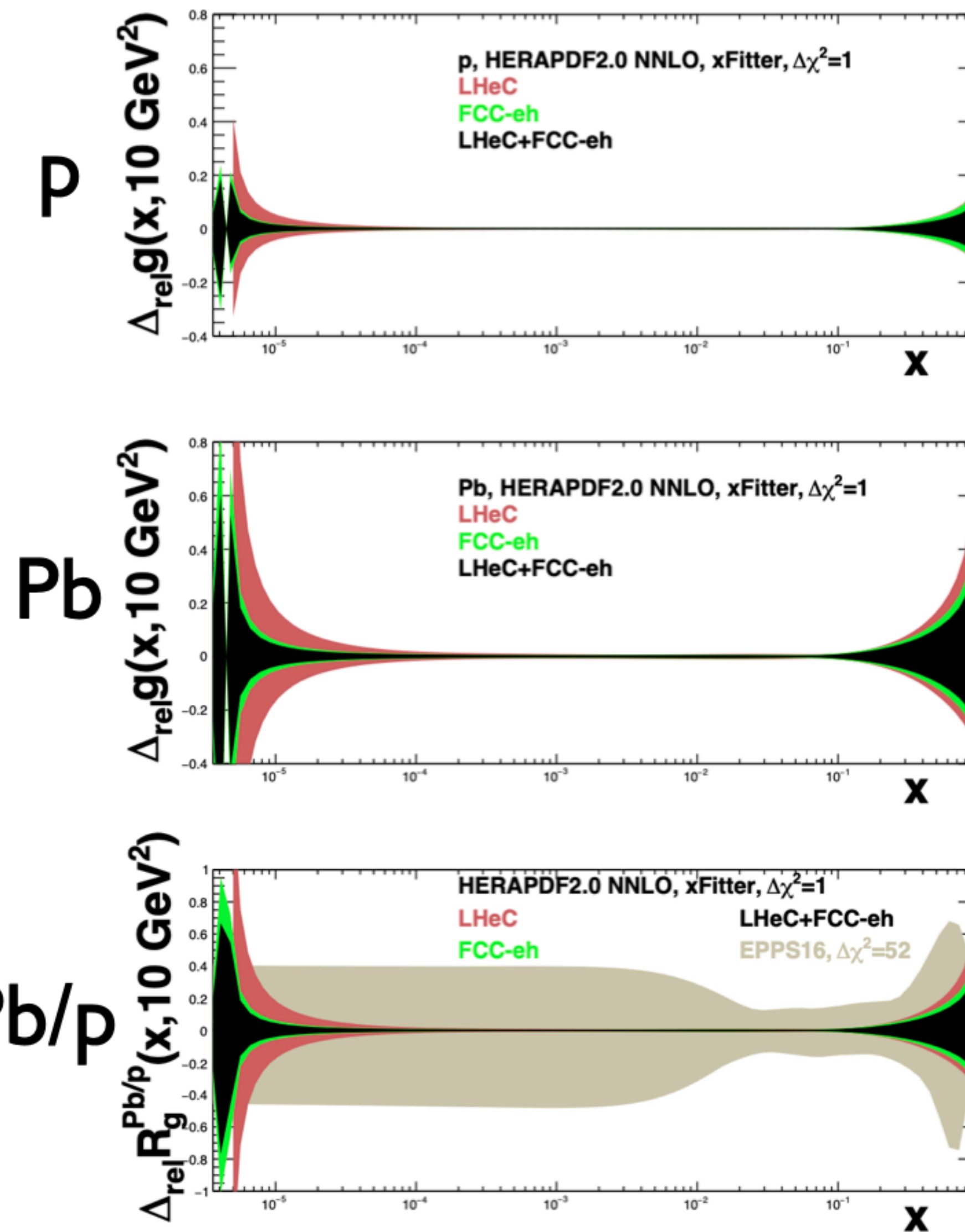
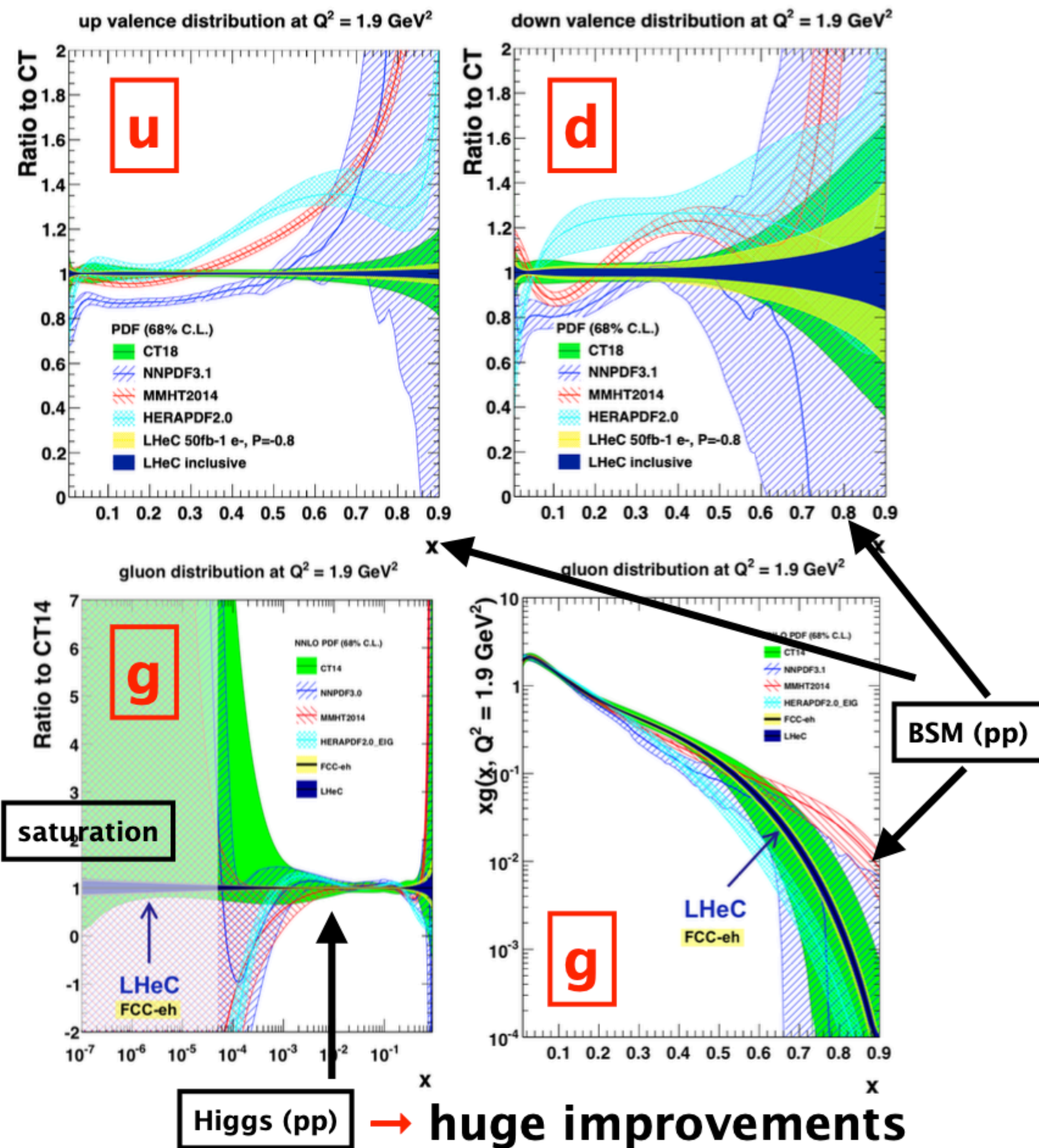








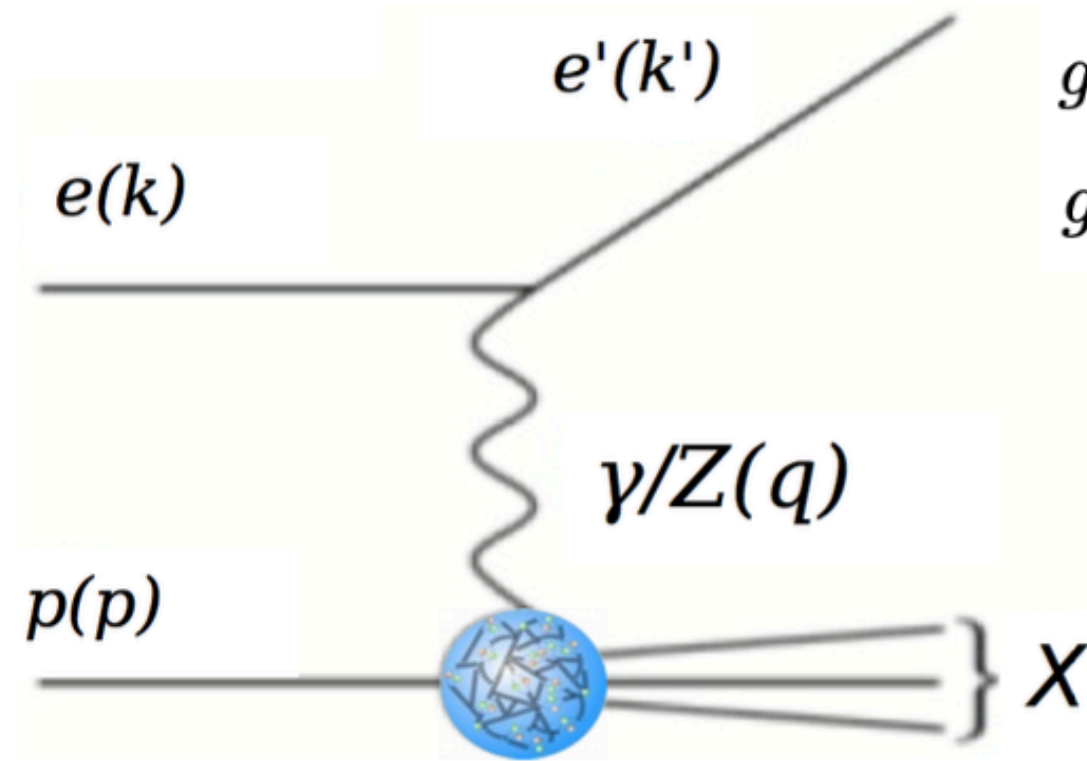




see talk by  
Anna Stasto,  
05/05



see talk by CS, 04/05



$$g_V^f = \sqrt{\rho_{\text{NC},f}} (I_{L,f}^3 - 2Q_f \kappa_{\text{NC},f} \sin^2 \theta_W)$$

$$g_A^f = \sqrt{\rho_{\text{NC},f}} I_{L,f}^3$$

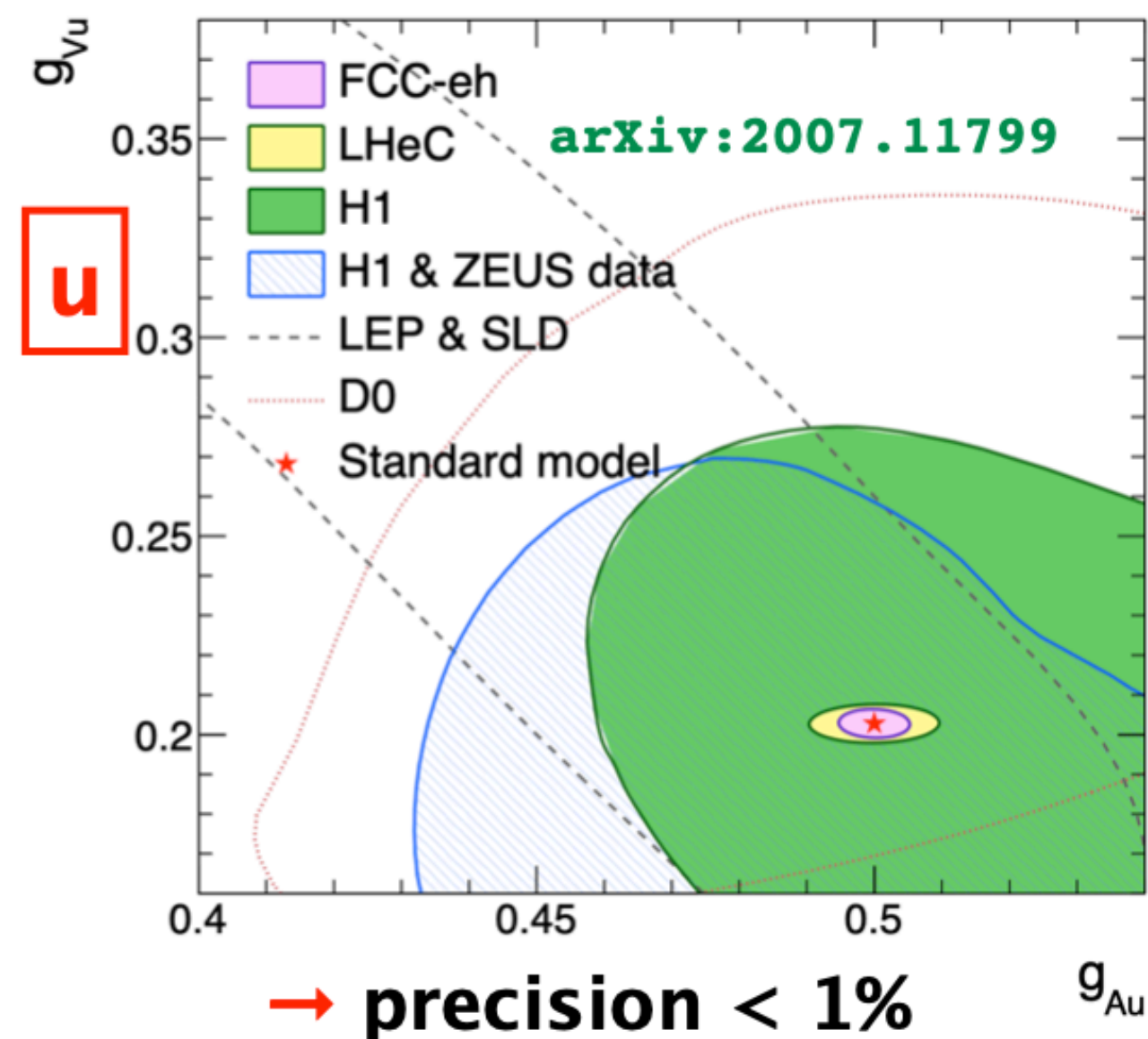
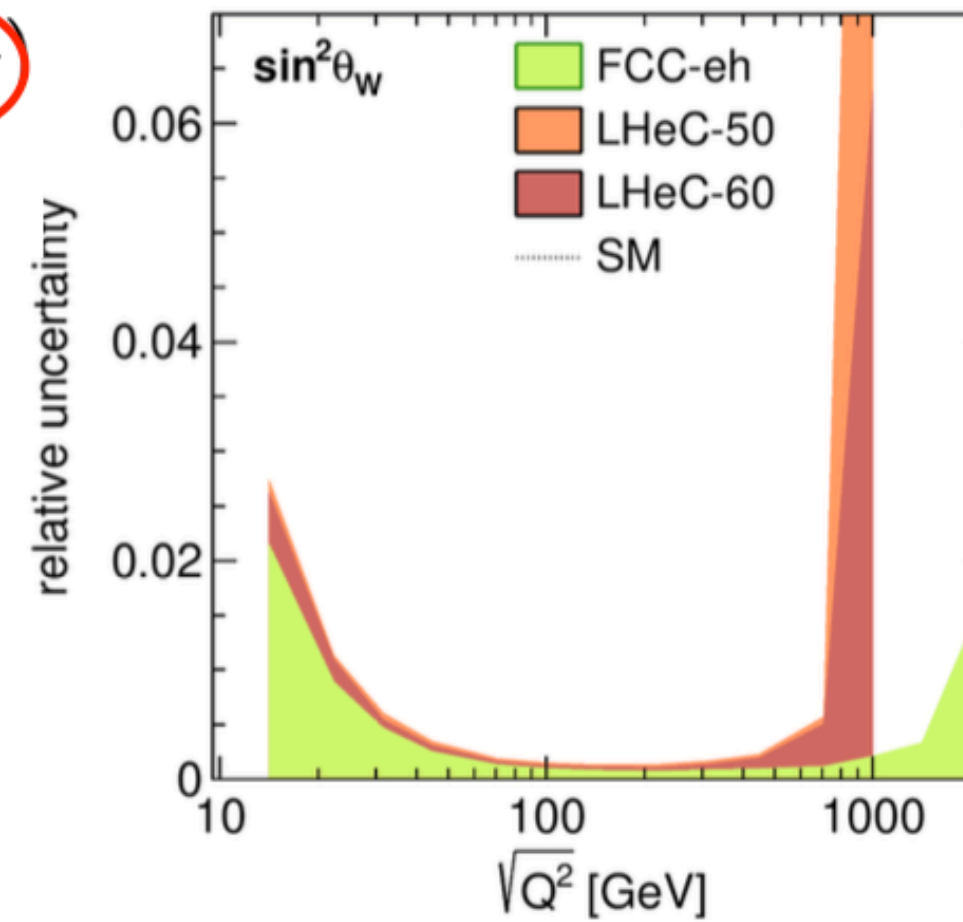
→ precision per mille level  
→ scale dependence

$$\Delta \sin^2 \theta_W (\text{FCC-eh}) = \pm 0.00011$$

$$= \pm 0.00010_{(\text{exp})} \pm 0.00004_{(\text{PDF})}$$

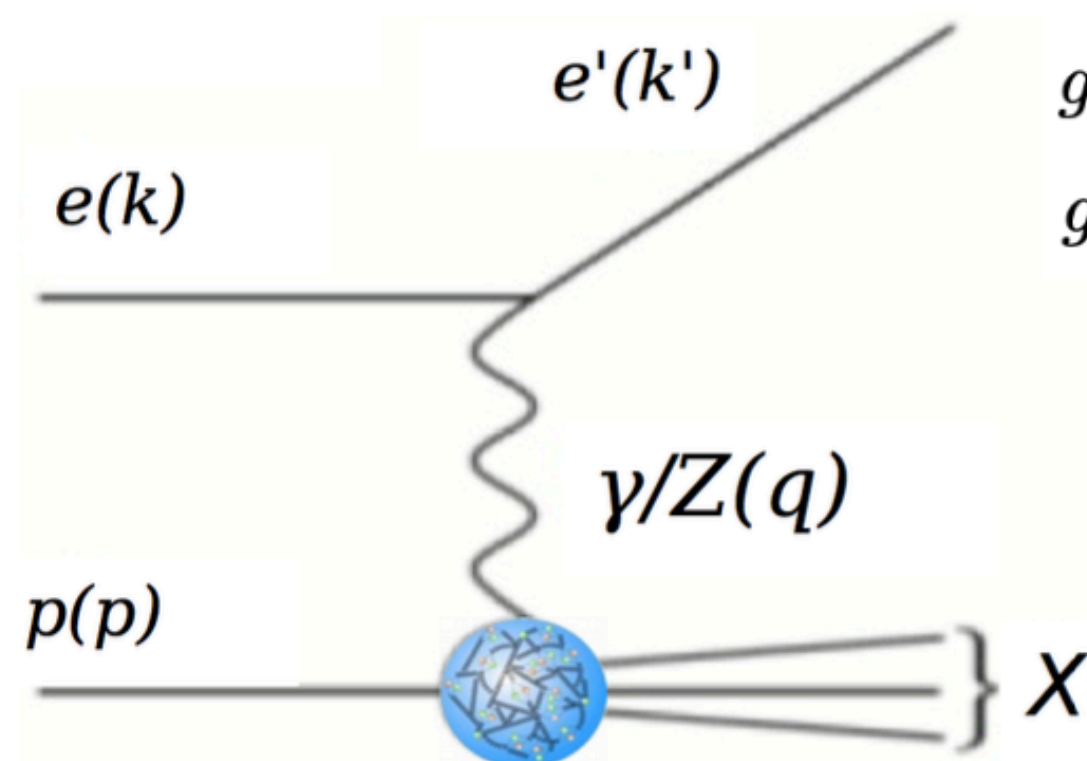
$$\Delta m_W = \pm 4.5 \text{ MeV}$$

(includes PDF uncertainty of about  $\pm 3.6 \text{ MeV}$ )





see talk by CS, 04/05



$$g_V^f = \sqrt{\rho_{\text{NC},f}} (I_{L,f}^3 - 2Q_f \kappa_{\text{NC},f} \sin^2 \theta_W)$$

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→ scale dependence

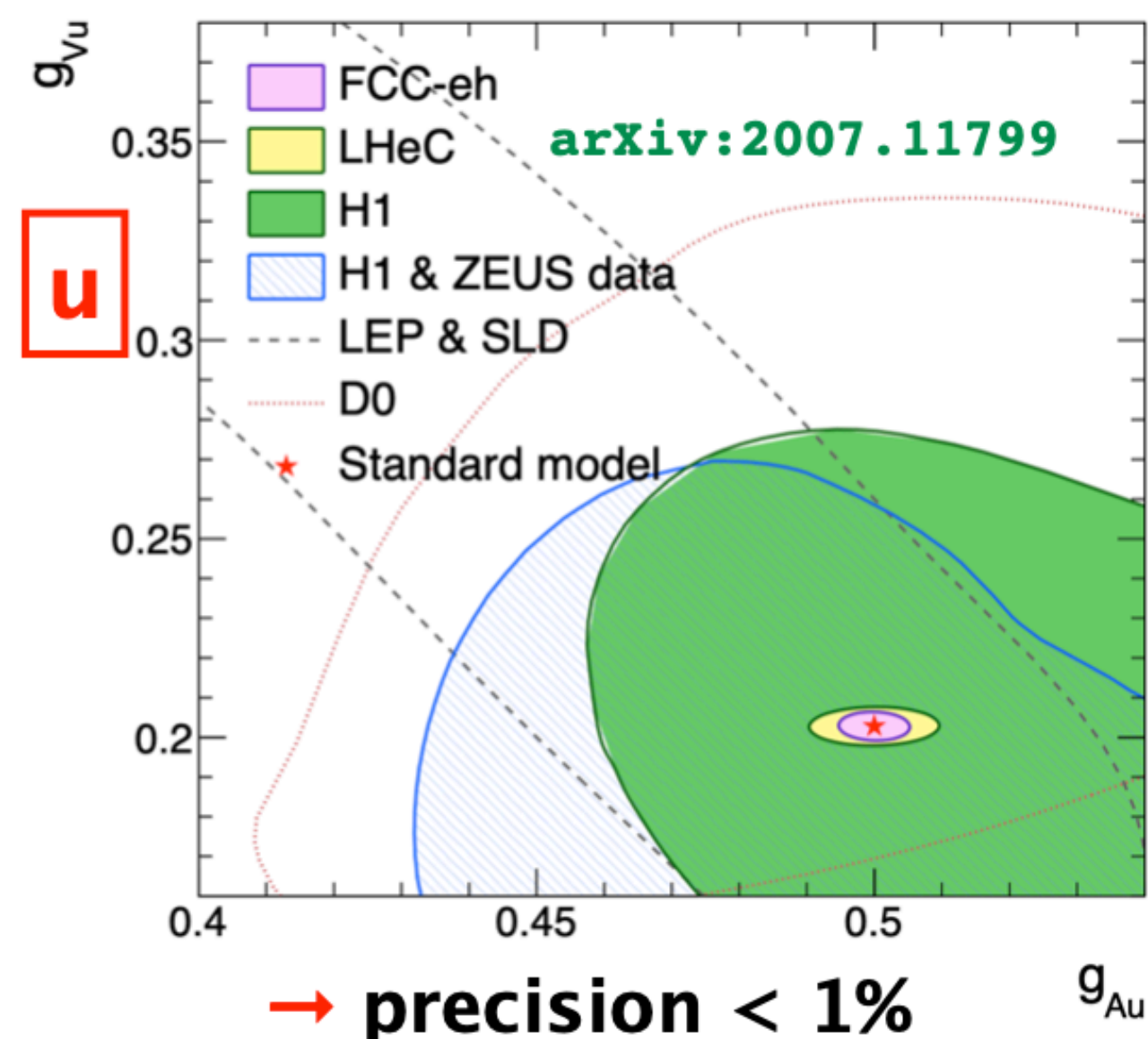
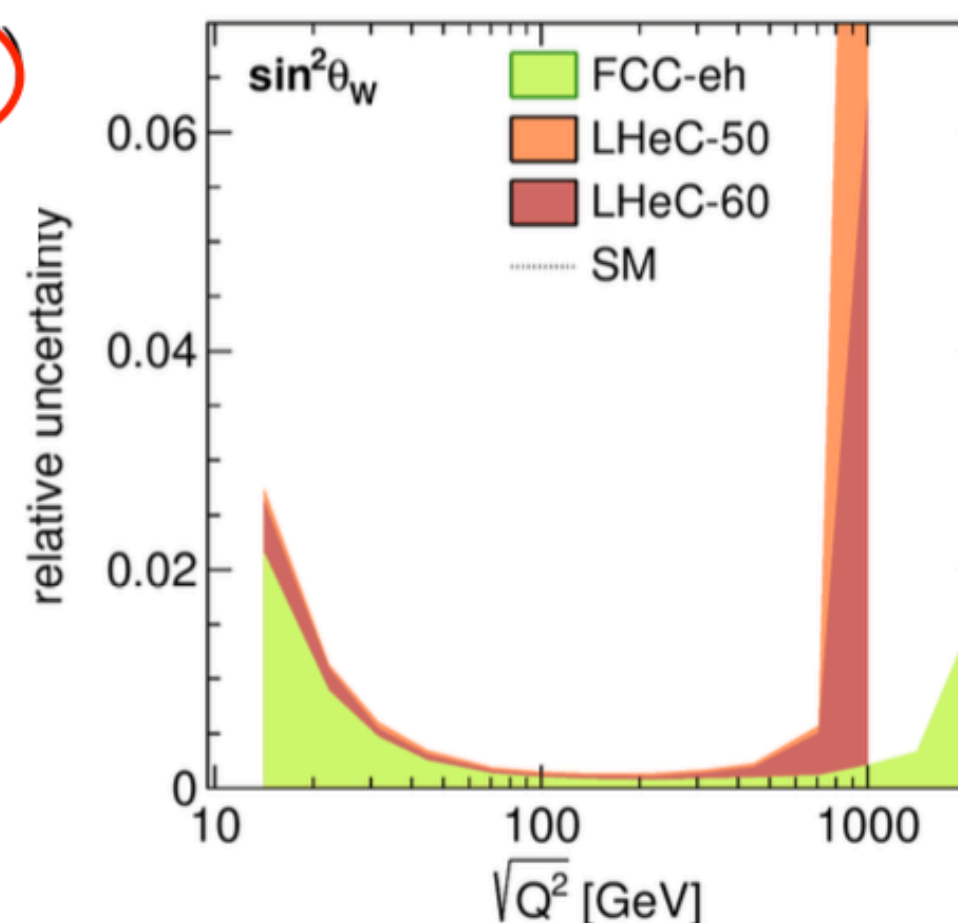
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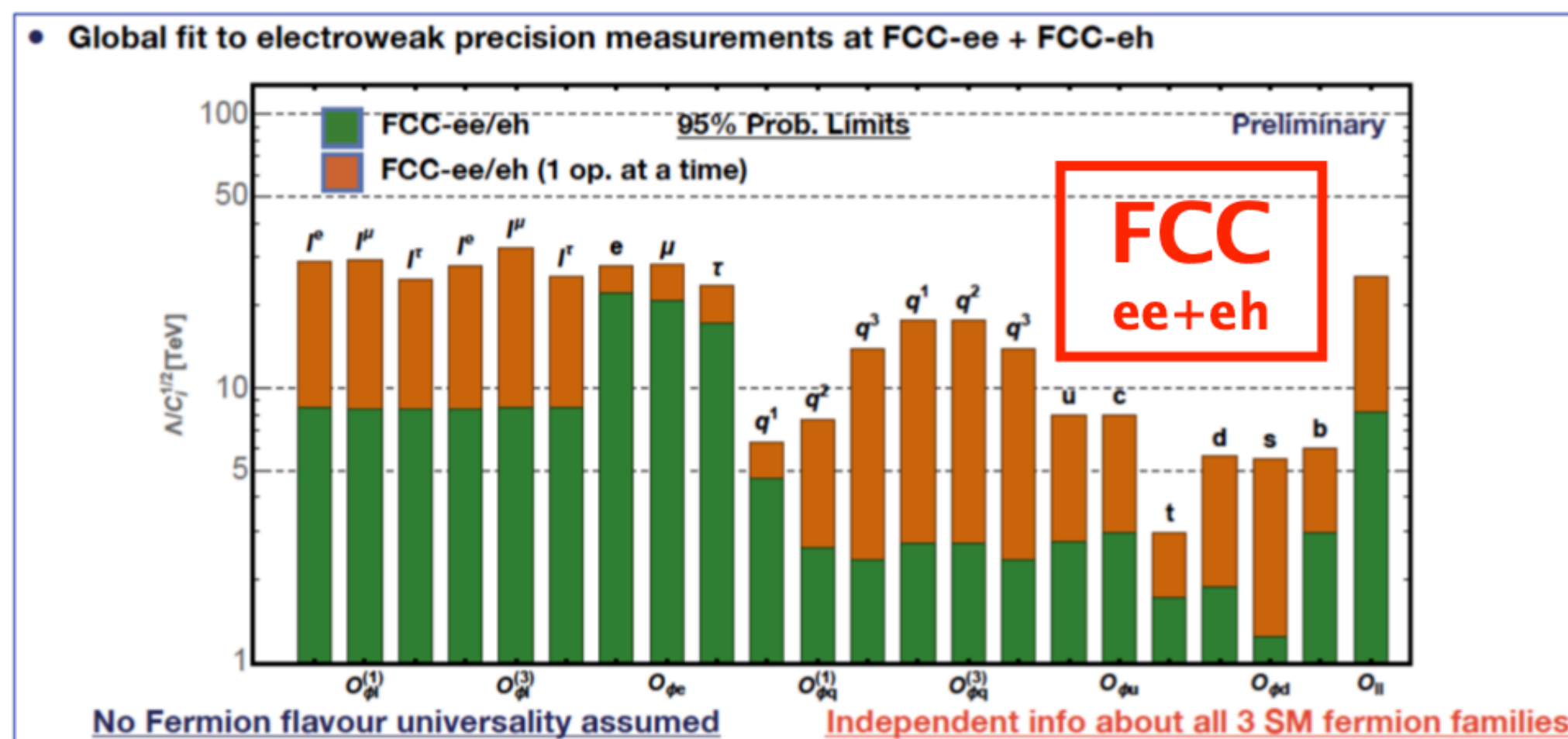
$$\Delta m_W = \pm 4.5 \text{ MeV}$$

FCC-eh with  $L \sim 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

(includes PDF uncertainty of about  $\pm 3.6 \text{ MeV}$ )

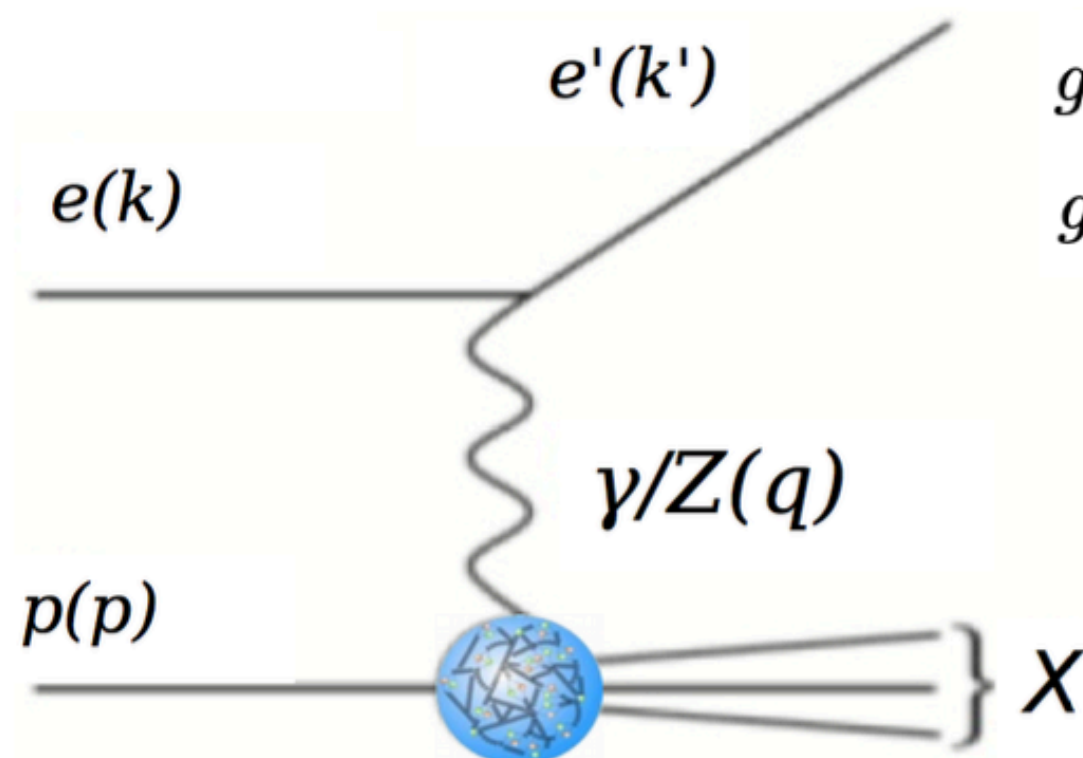


→ high sensitivity to NP





see talk by CS, 04/05



$$g_V^f = \sqrt{\rho_{\text{NC},f}} (I_{L,f}^3 - 2Q_f \kappa_{\text{NC},f} \sin^2 \theta_W)$$

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→ precision per mille level  
→ scale dependence

$$\Delta \sin^2 \theta_W (\text{FCC-eh}) = \pm 0.00011$$

$$= \pm 0.00010_{(\text{exp})} \pm 0.00004_{(\text{PDF})}$$

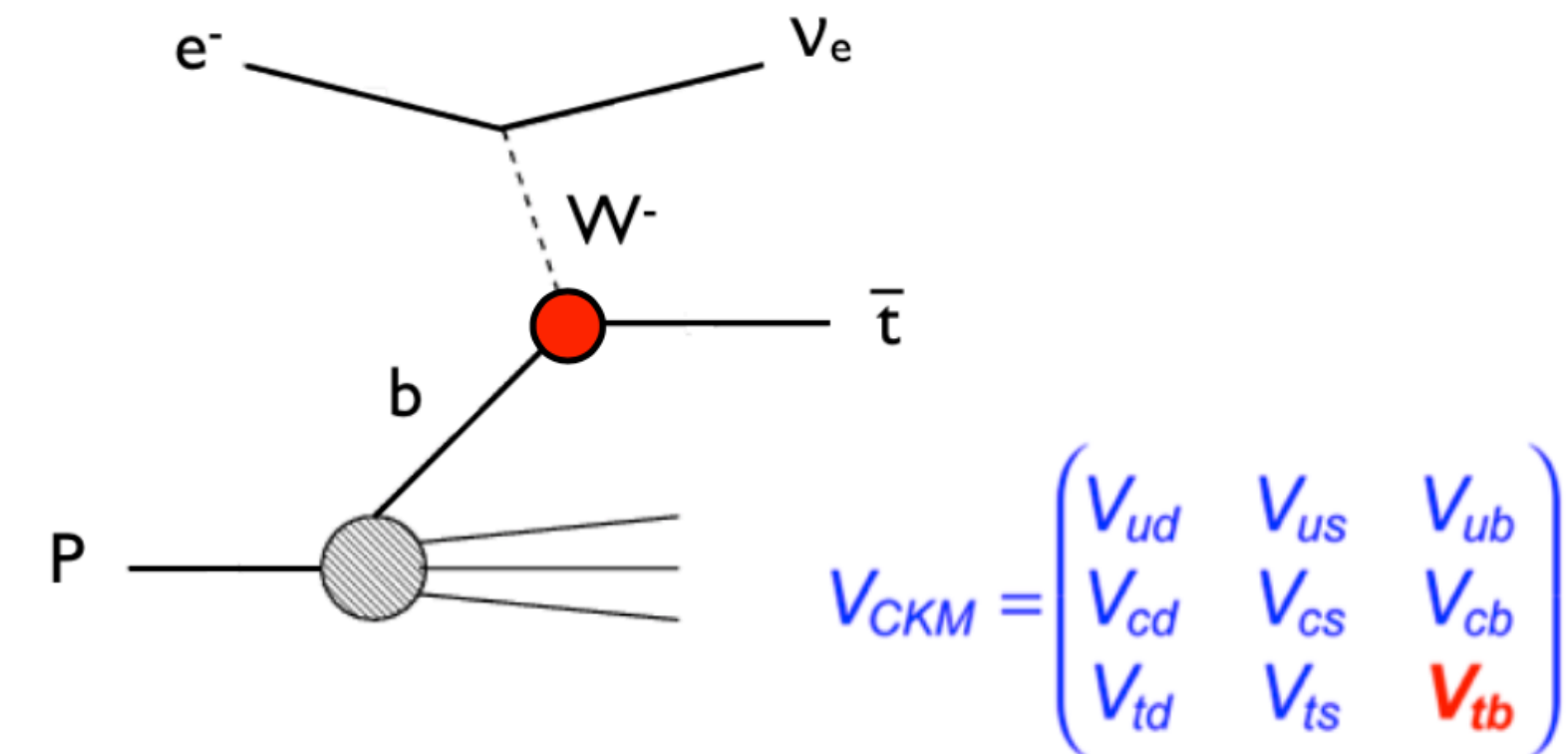
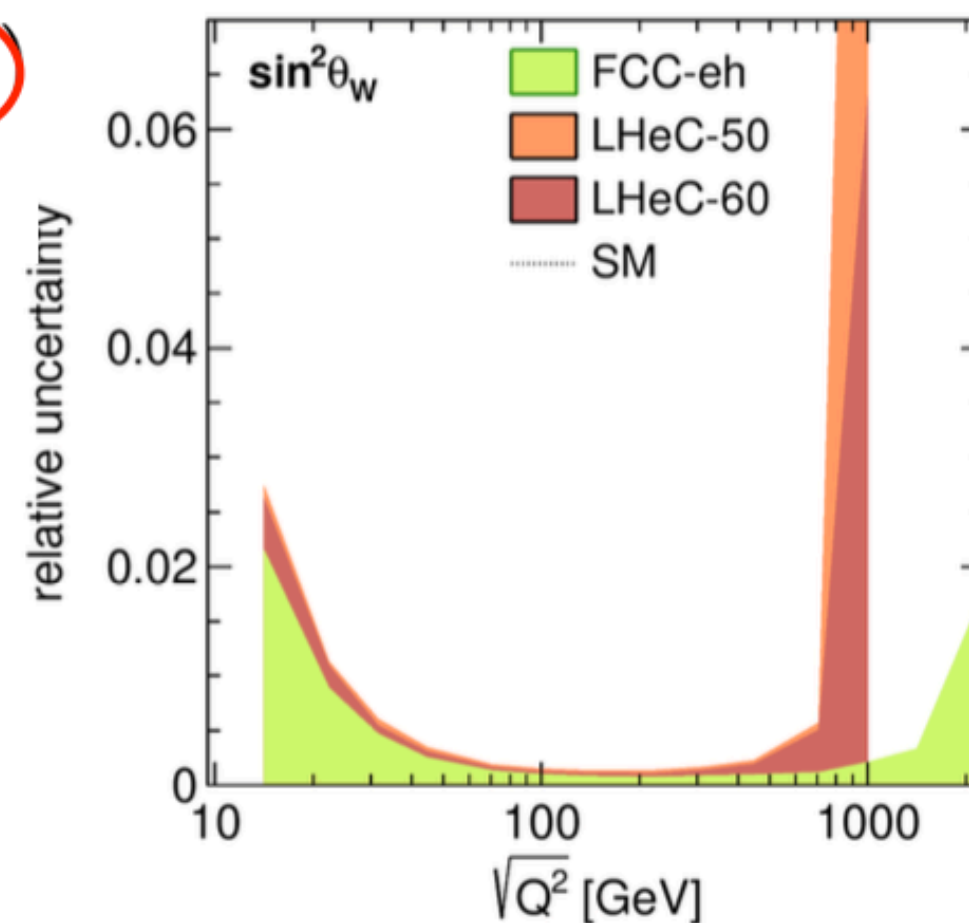
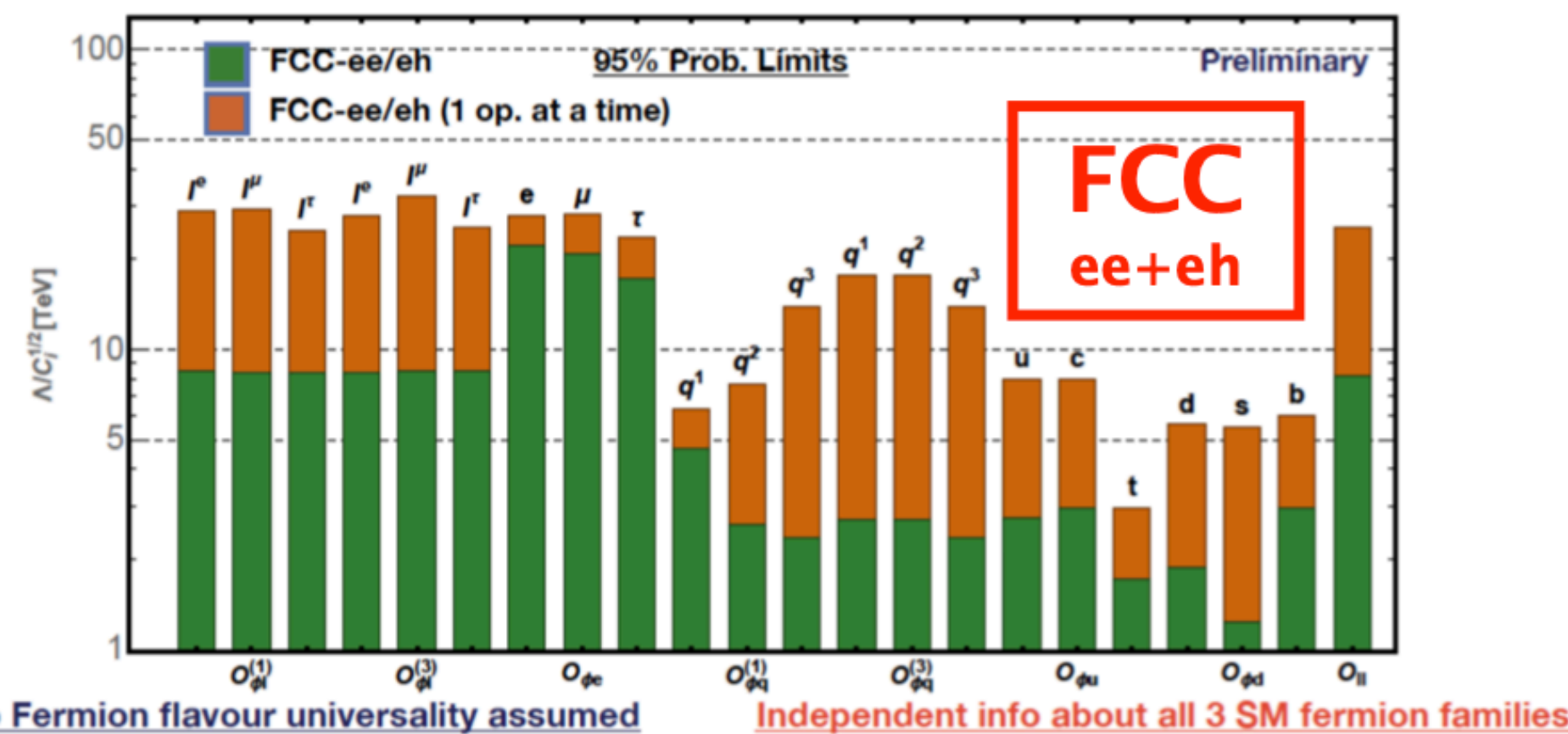
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FCC-eh with  $L \sim 1\text{ab}^{-1}$

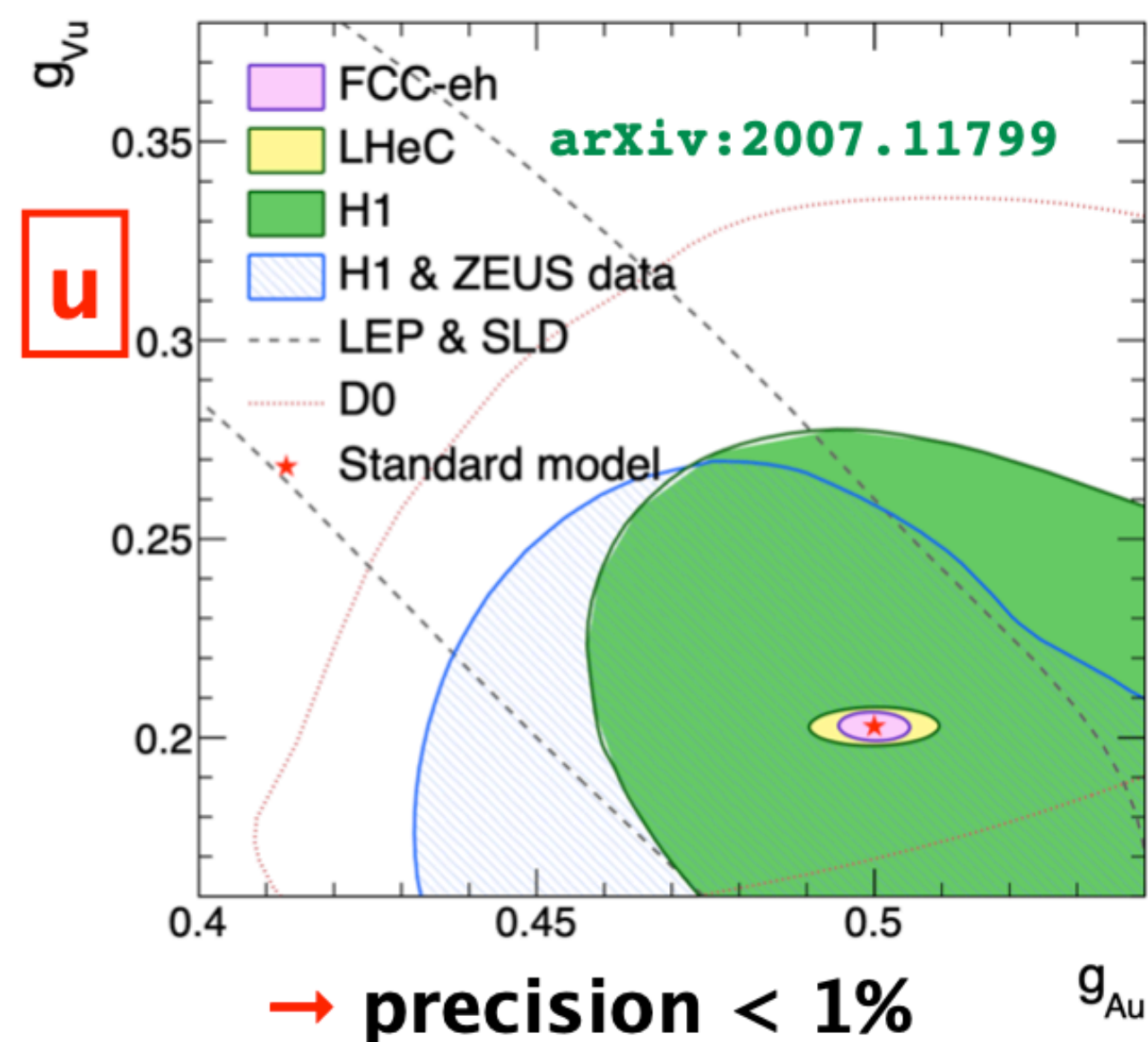
(includes PDF uncertainty of about  $\pm 3.6 \text{ MeV}$ )

→ high sensitivity to NP

• Global fit to electroweak precision measurements at FCC-ee + FCC-eh



<sup>1</sup> including top-quark mass uncertainty  
<sup>2</sup>  $\sigma_{\text{theo}}$ : NLO PDF4LHC11  
<sup>3</sup> NPPS205 (2010) 10, CPC191 (2015) 74  
including beam energy uncertainty



ATLAS+CMS Preliminary  
LHCtopWG

$$|f_{LV} V_{tb}| = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{\text{meas}}}{\sigma_{\text{theo}}}}$$

November 2020

$\sigma_{\text{theo}}$ : NLO+NNLL MSTW2008nnlo  
PRD 83 (2011) 091503, PRD 82 (2010) 054018,  
PRD 81 (2010) 054028  
 $\Delta\sigma_{\text{theo}}$ : scale  $\oplus$  PDF  
 $m_{\text{top}} = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$

t-channel:

ATLAS+CMS 7+8 TeV<sup>1,3</sup>  
JHEP 05 (2019) 088  
CMS 13 TeV<sup>2</sup>  
PLB 800 (2019) 135042 (35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>)  
ATLAS 13 TeV<sup>2</sup>  
JHEP 04 (2017) 086 (3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup>)

tW:

ATLAS+CMS 7+8 TeV<sup>1,3</sup>  
JHEP 05 (2019) 088  
ATLAS 13 TeV<sup>2</sup>  
JHEP 01 (2018) 63 (3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup>)  
CMS 13 TeV  
JHEP 10 (2018) 117 (35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>)

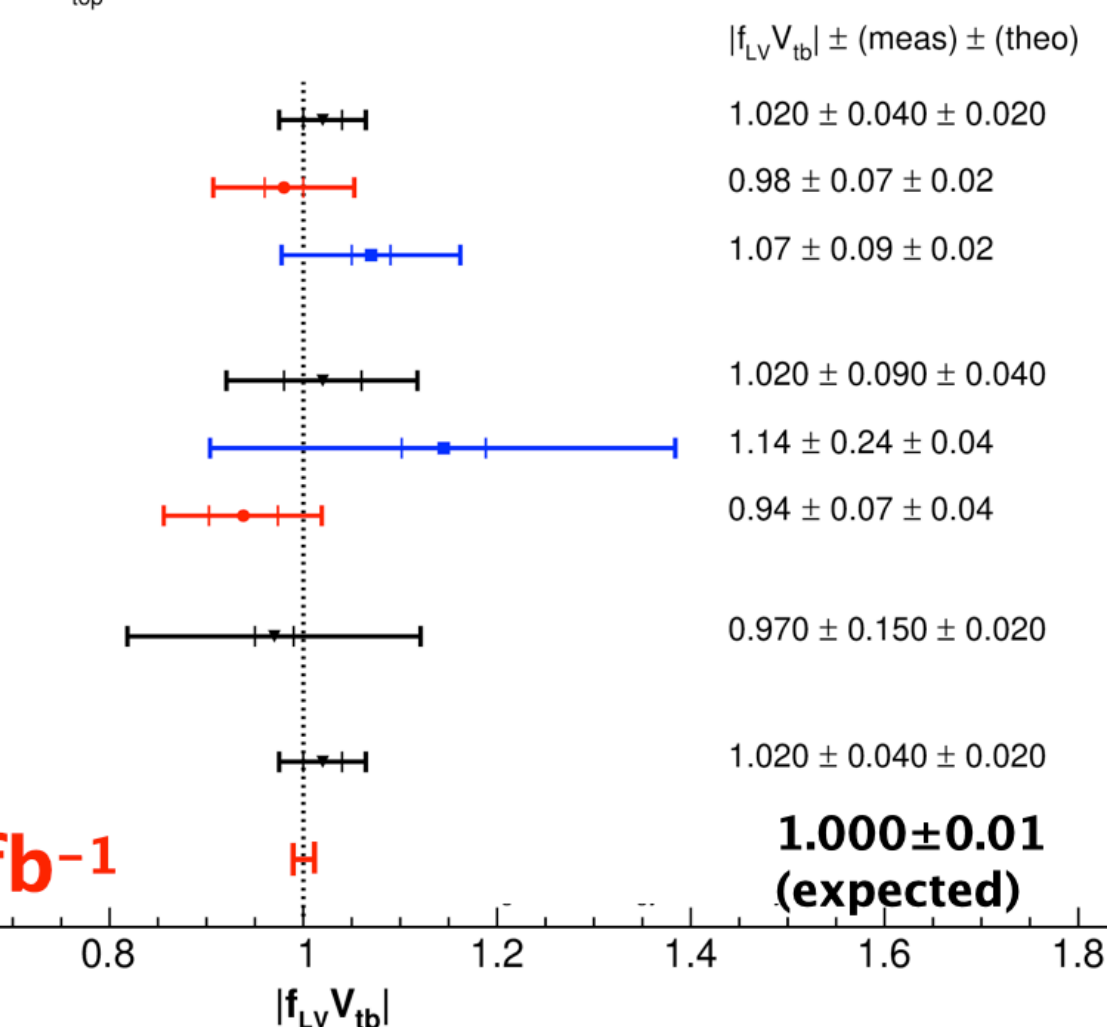
s-channel:

ATLAS+CMS 8 TeV<sup>1,3</sup>  
JHEP 05 (2019) 088

all channels:

ATLAS+CMS 7+8 TeV<sup>1,3</sup>  
JHEP 05 (2019) 088

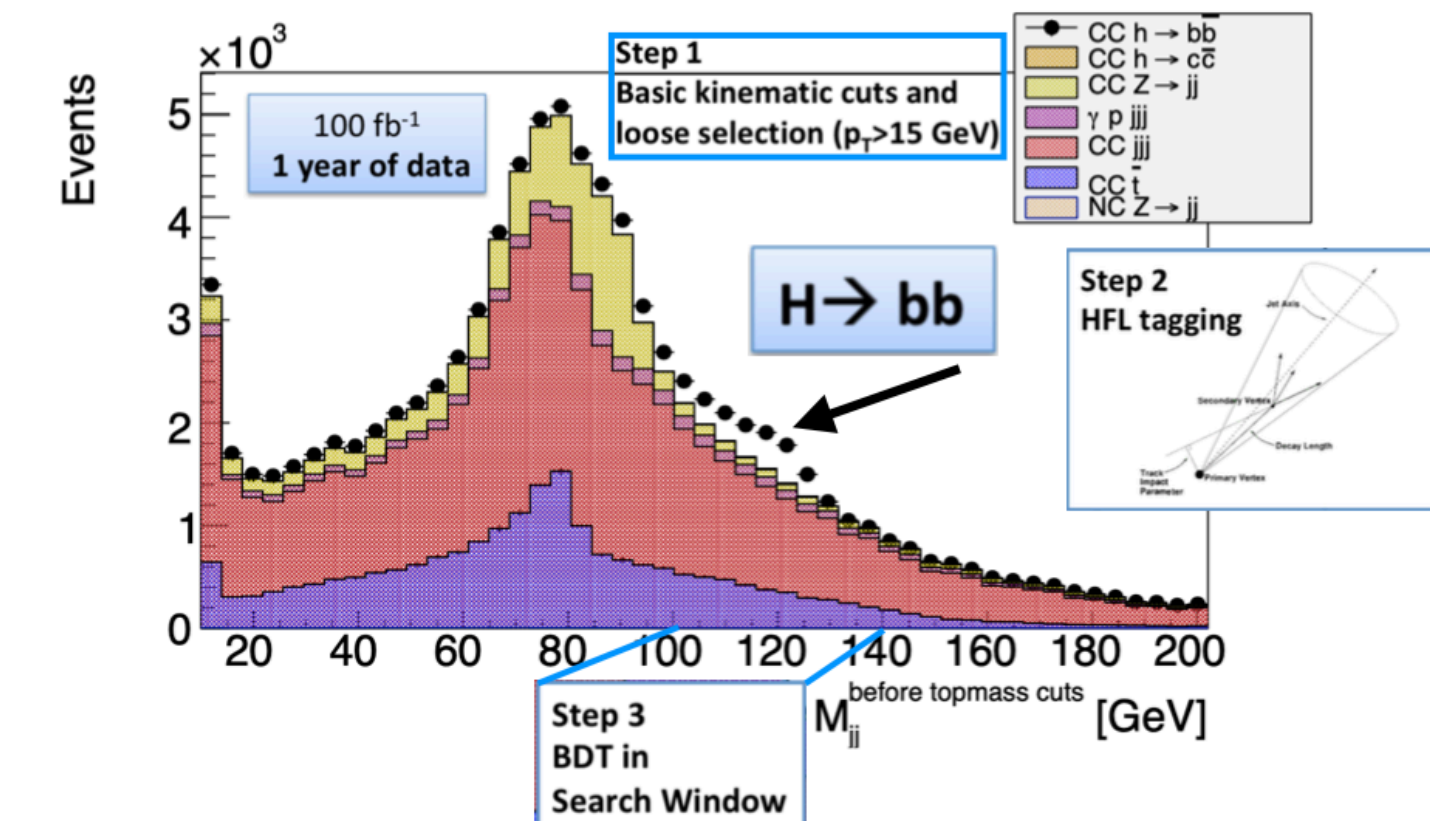
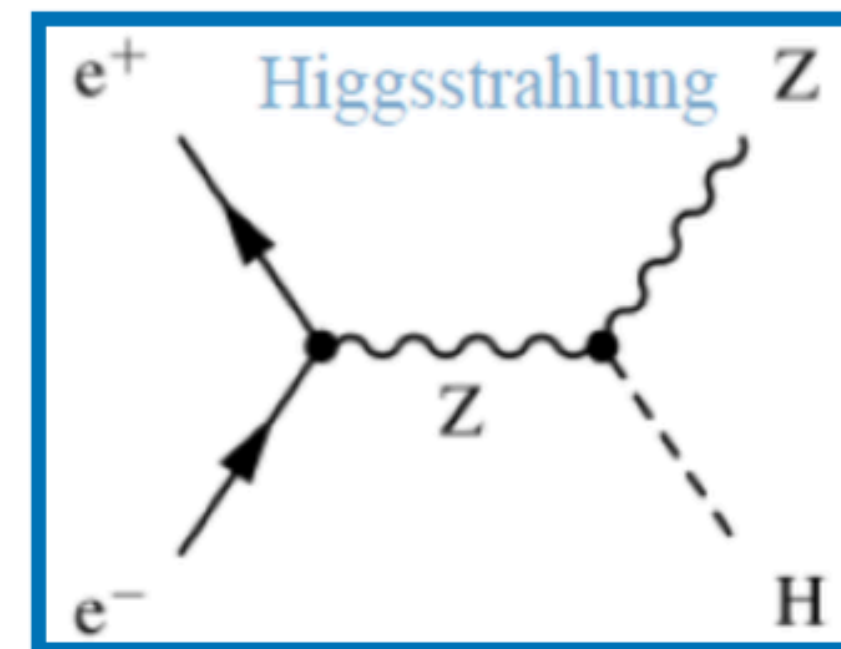
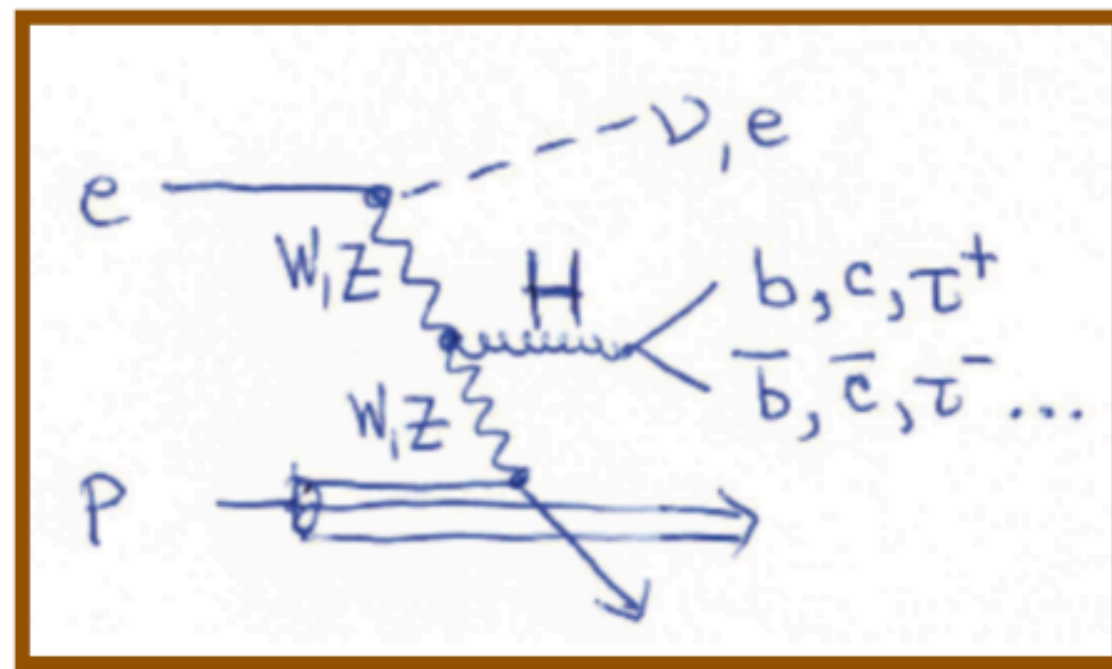
LHeC 100 fb<sup>-1</sup>



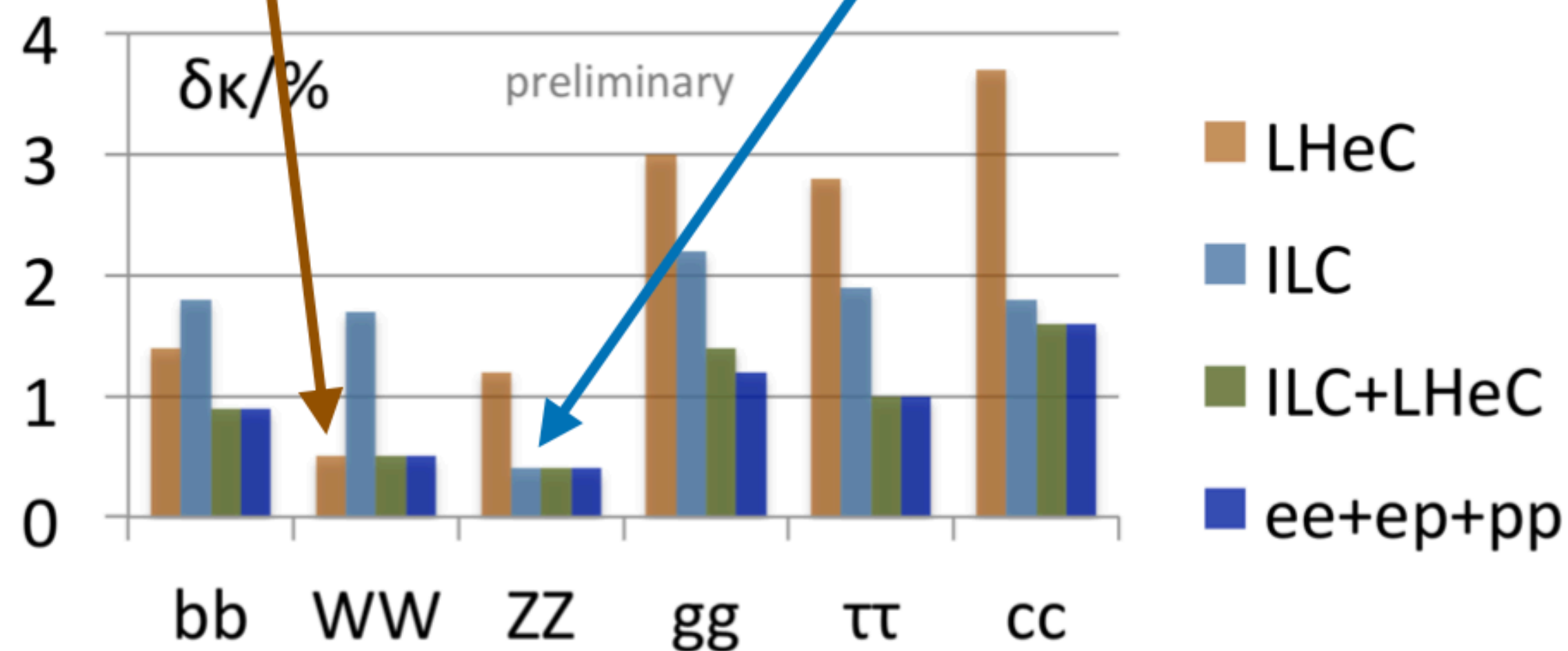


# Higgs Couplings ( $\kappa$ -framework)

Higgs



Most abundant SM Higgs decays

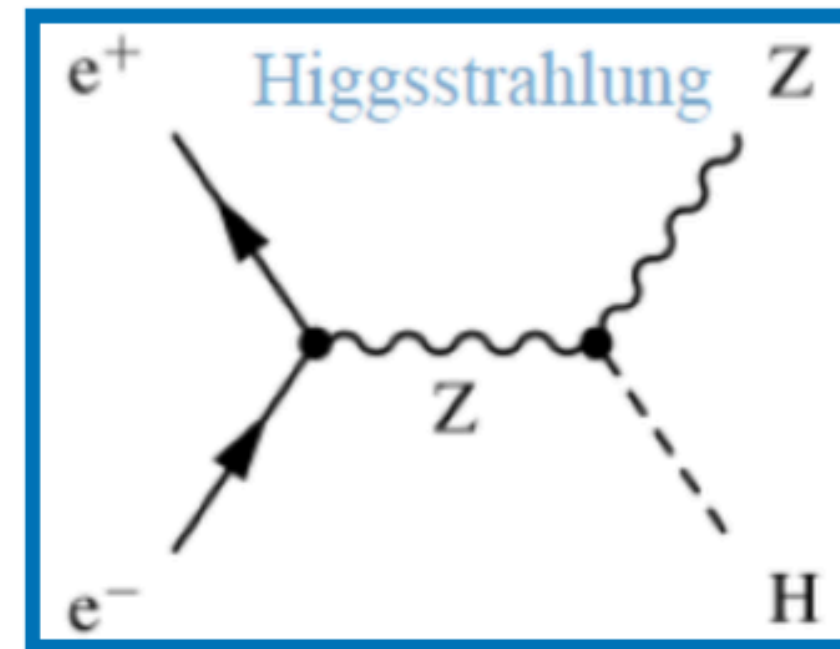
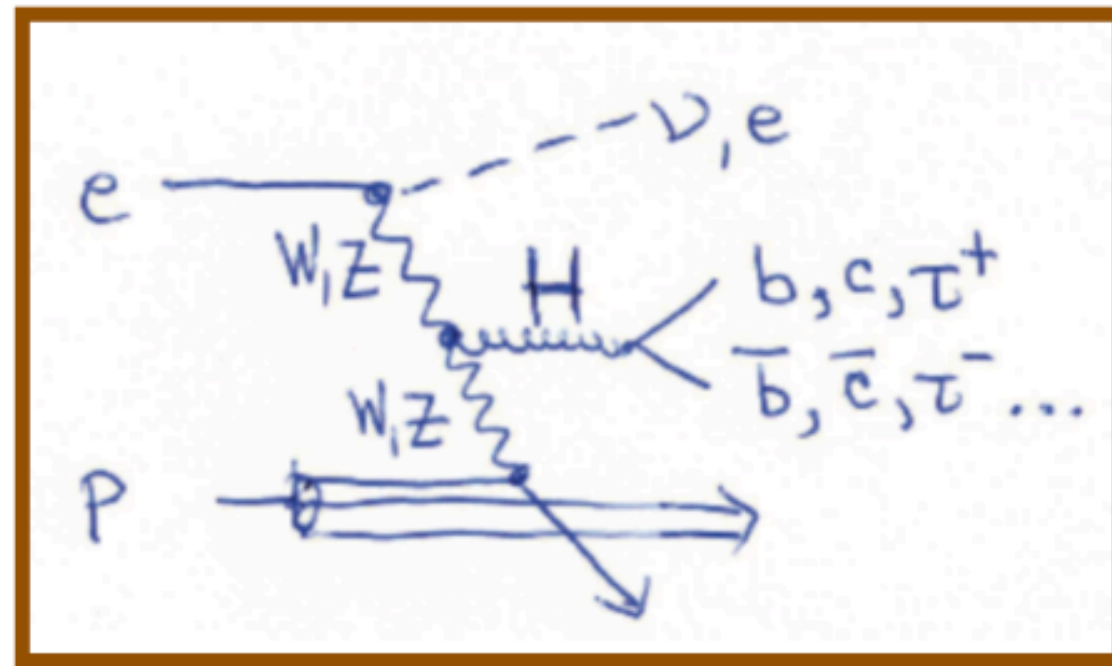


→ complementarity of colliders

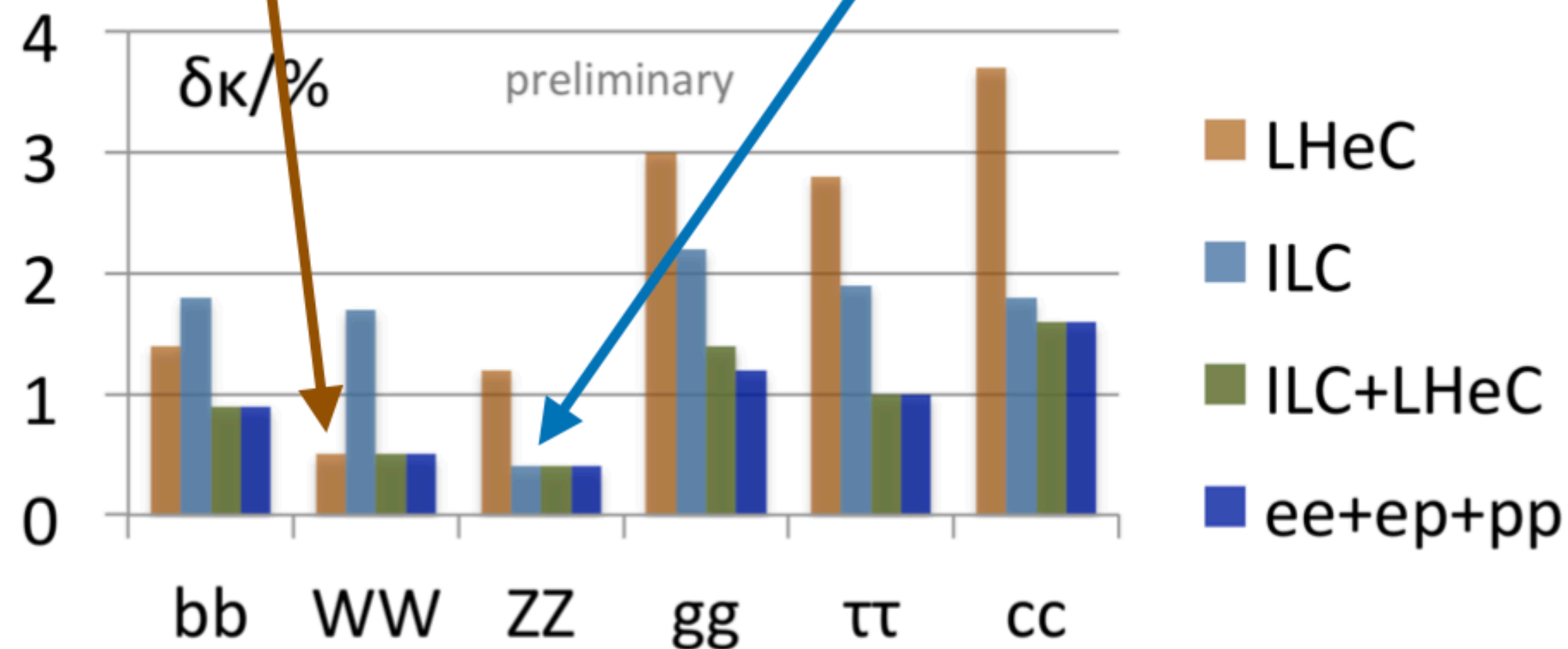


# Higgs Couplings ( $\kappa$ -framework)

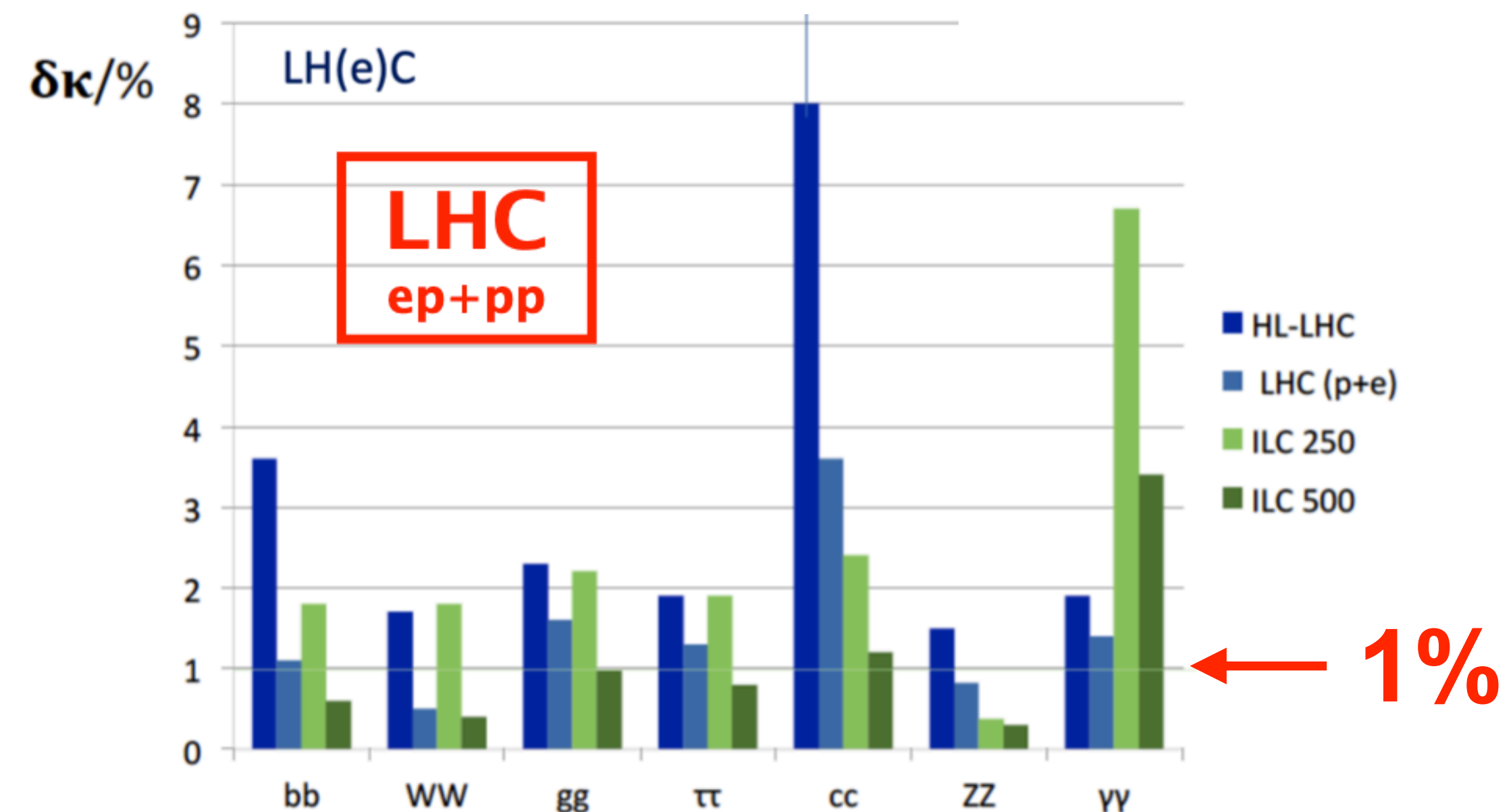
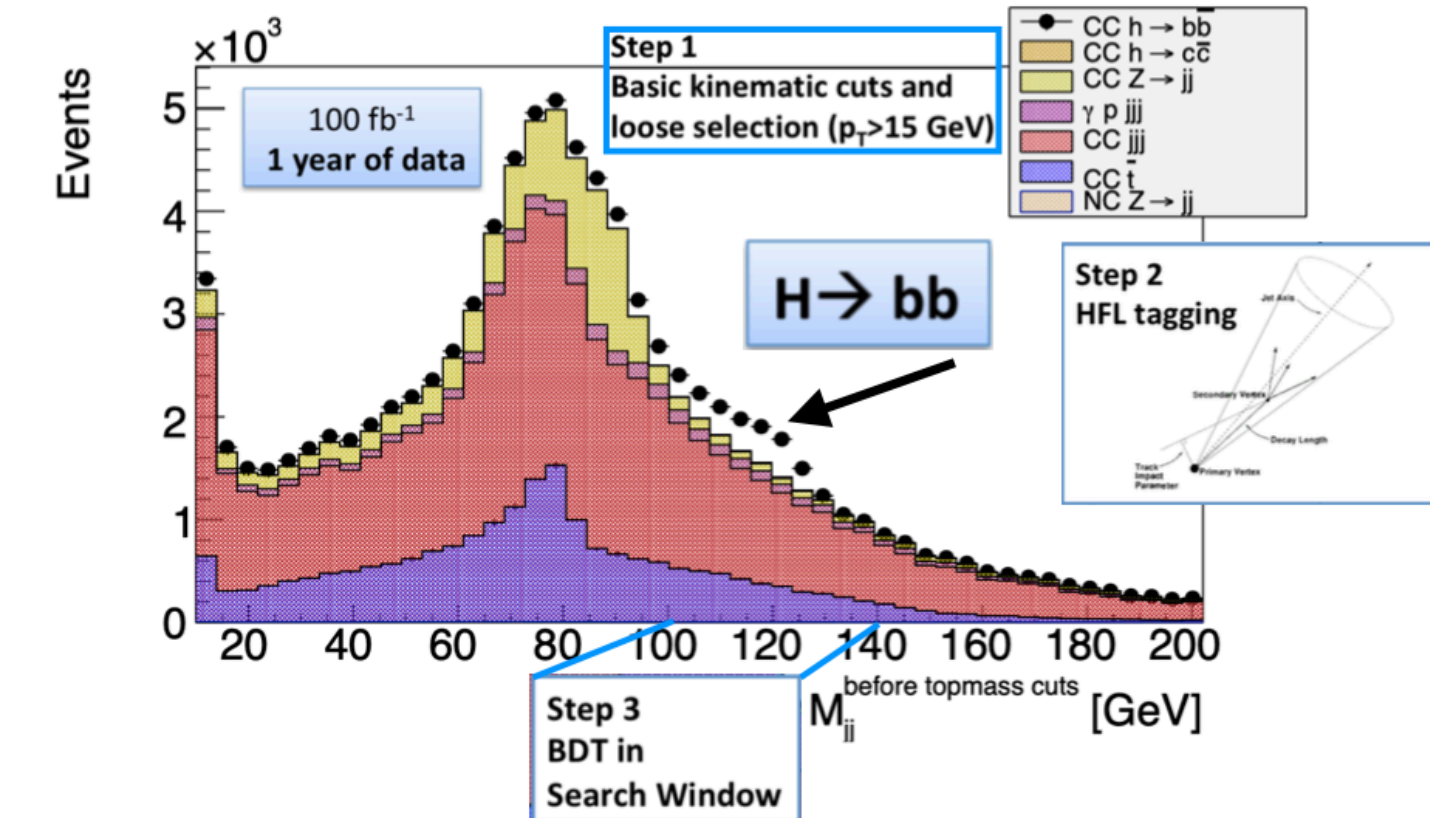
Higgs



Most abundant SM Higgs decays



→ complementarity of colliders



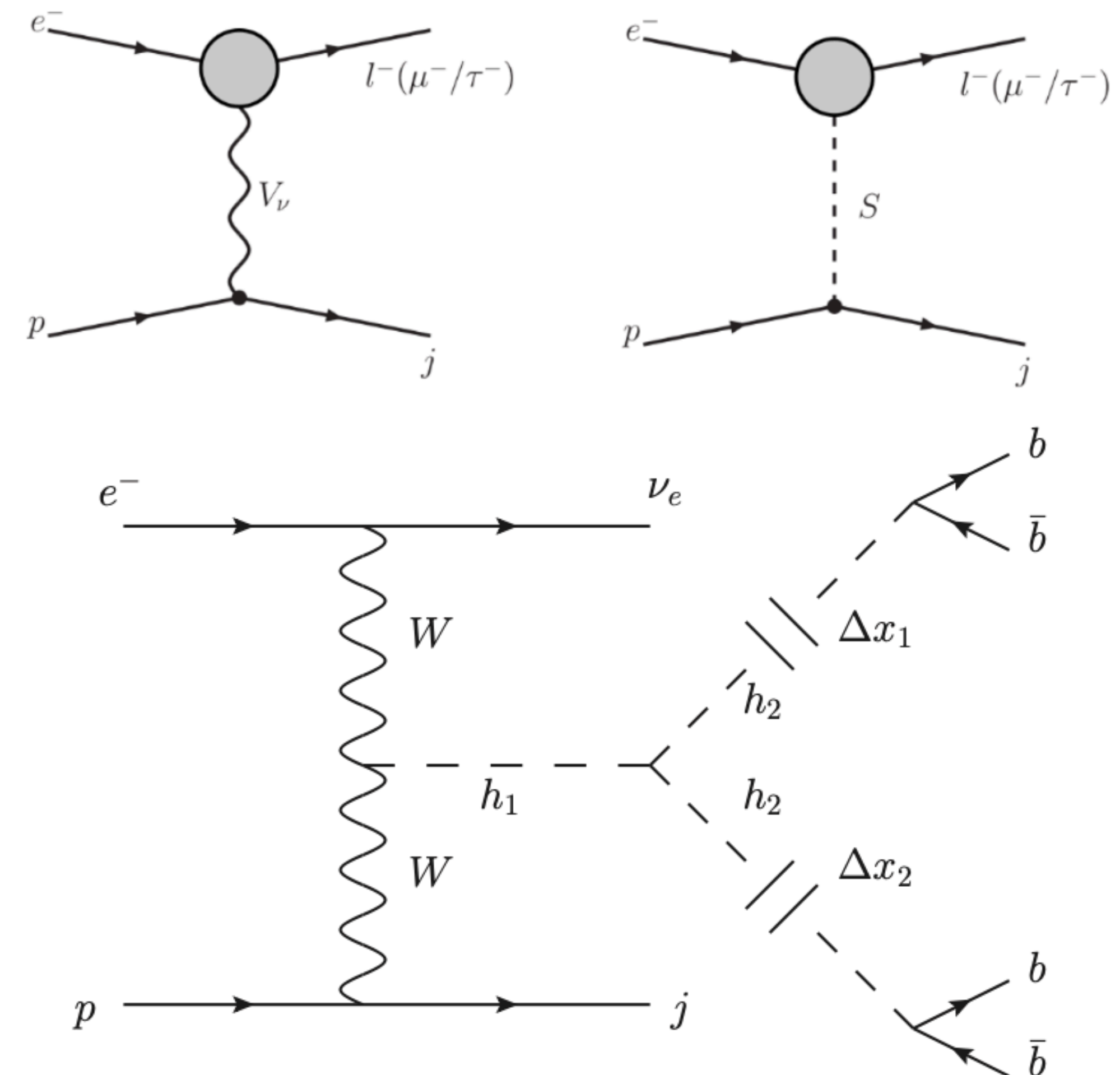
→ adding electrons makes the LHC a Higgs precision facility



# Search for New Phenomena

BSM

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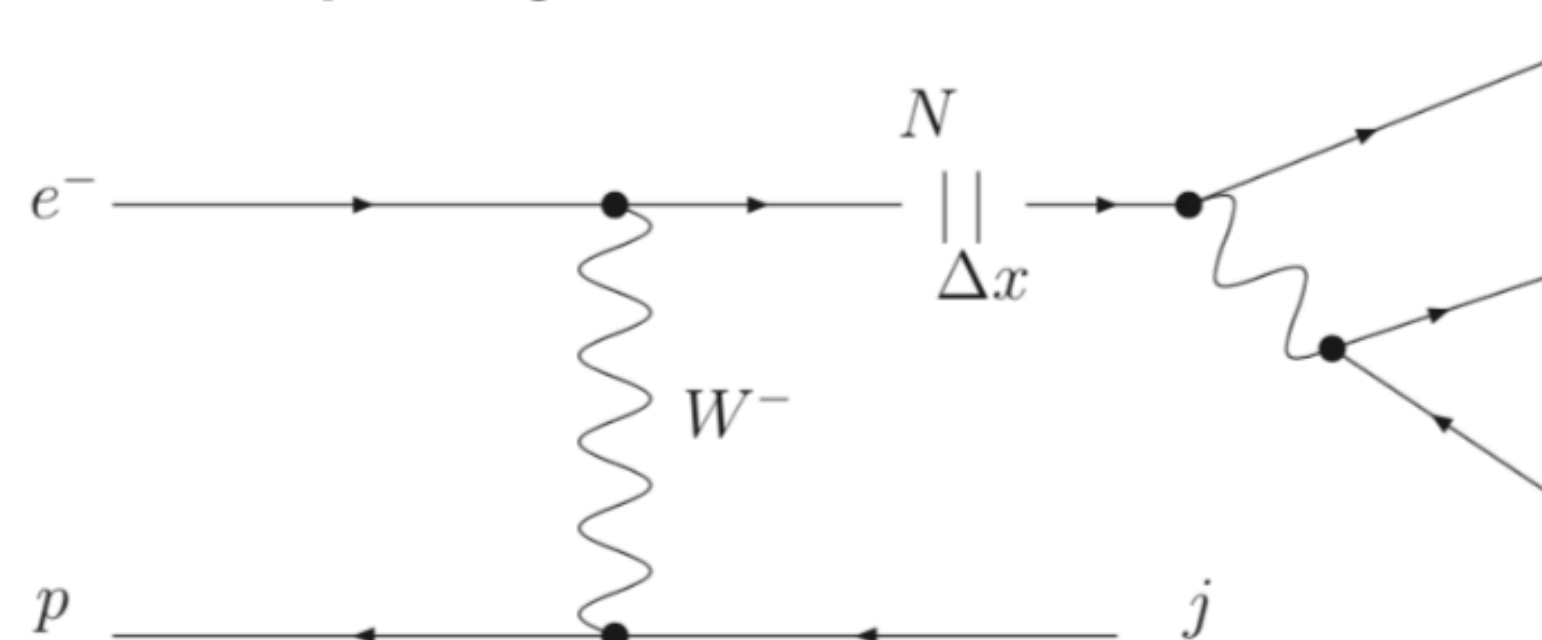
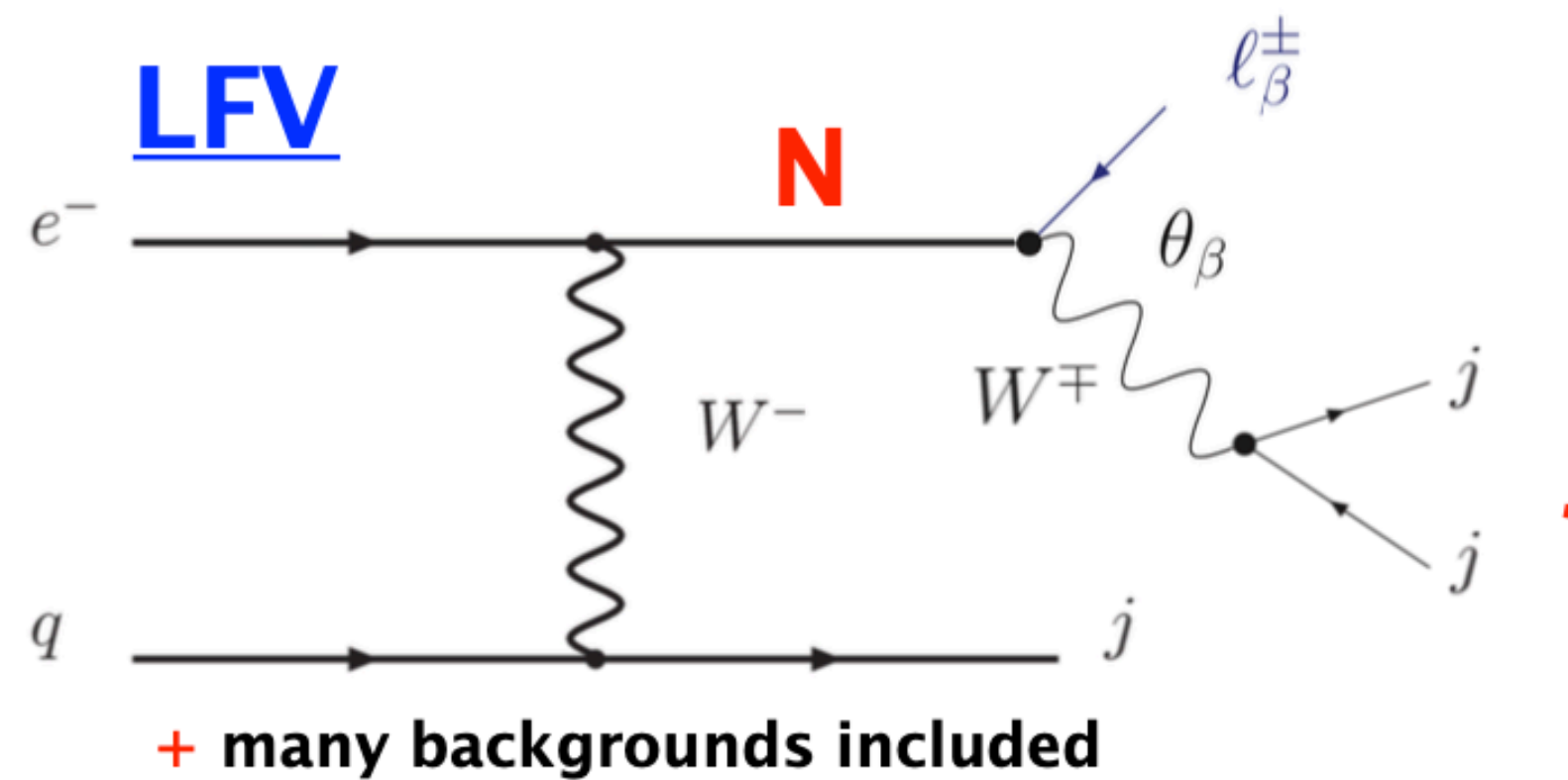
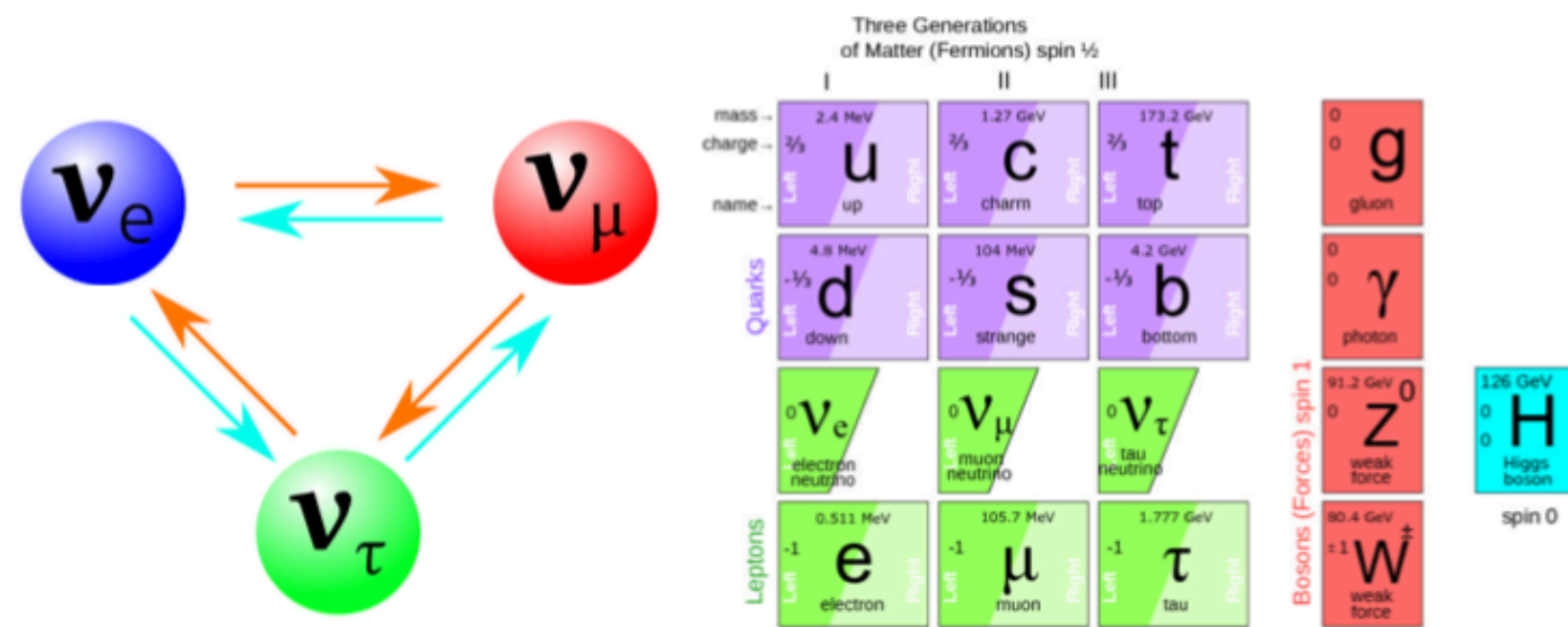
... and much more

see talk by  
O. Fischer, 03/05



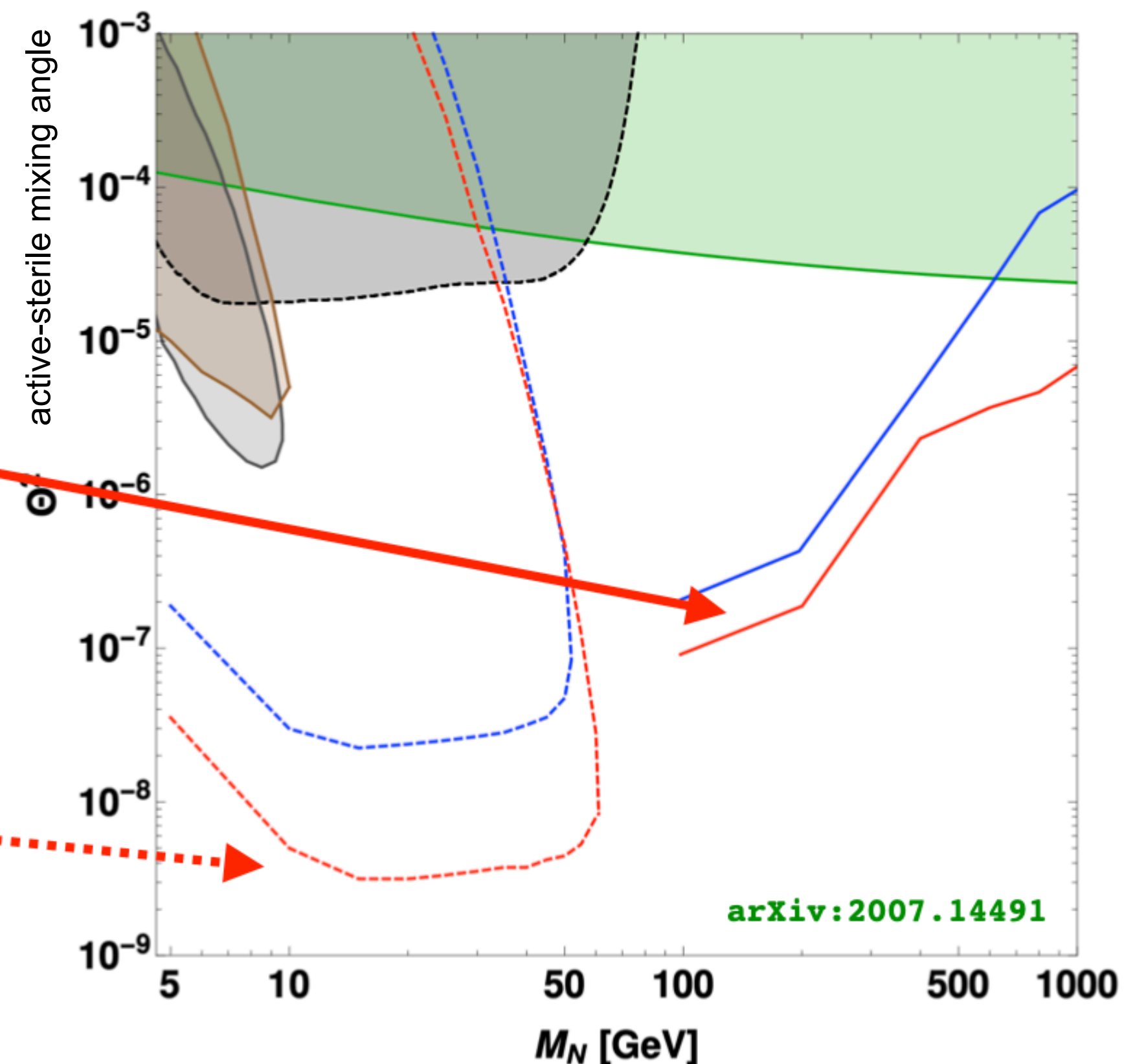
# Search for heavy sterile neutrinos

BSM



arXiv:1908.02852

- MEG:  $\Theta^2 = |\theta_e \theta_\mu|$
- DELPHI:  $\Theta^2 = |\theta|^2$
- ATLAS:  $\Theta^2 = |\theta_\mu|^2$
- LHCb:  $\Theta^2 = |\theta_\mu|^2$
- LHeC (LFV):  $\Theta^2 = |\theta_e \theta_\mu|$
- FCC-he (LFV):  $\Theta^2 = |\theta_e \theta_\mu|$
- LHeC (displaced):  $\Theta^2 = |\theta_e|^2$
- FCC-he (displaced):  $\Theta^2 = |\theta_e|^2$

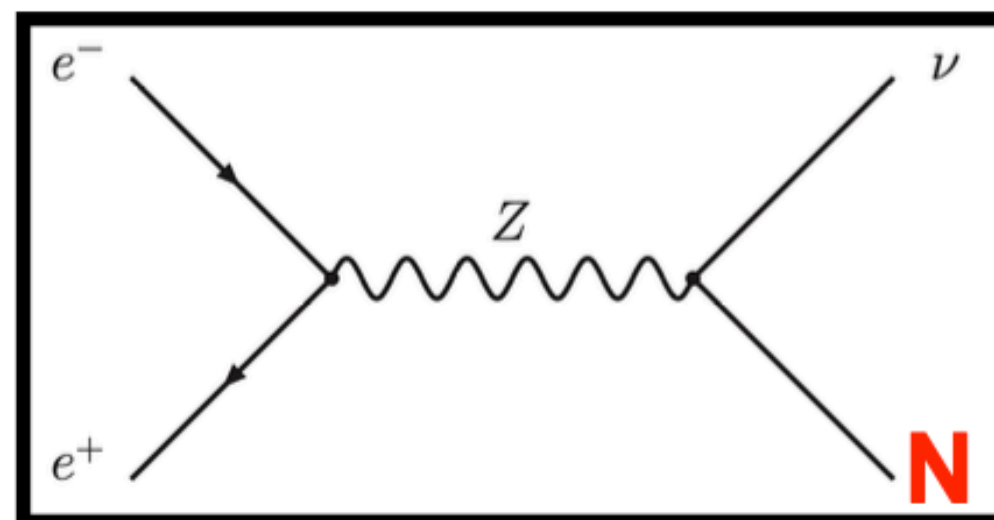
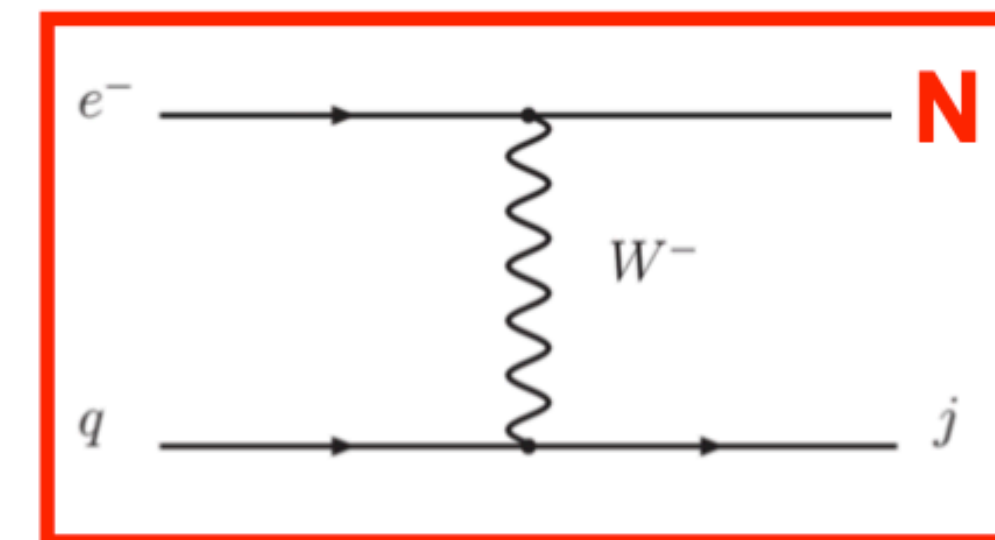
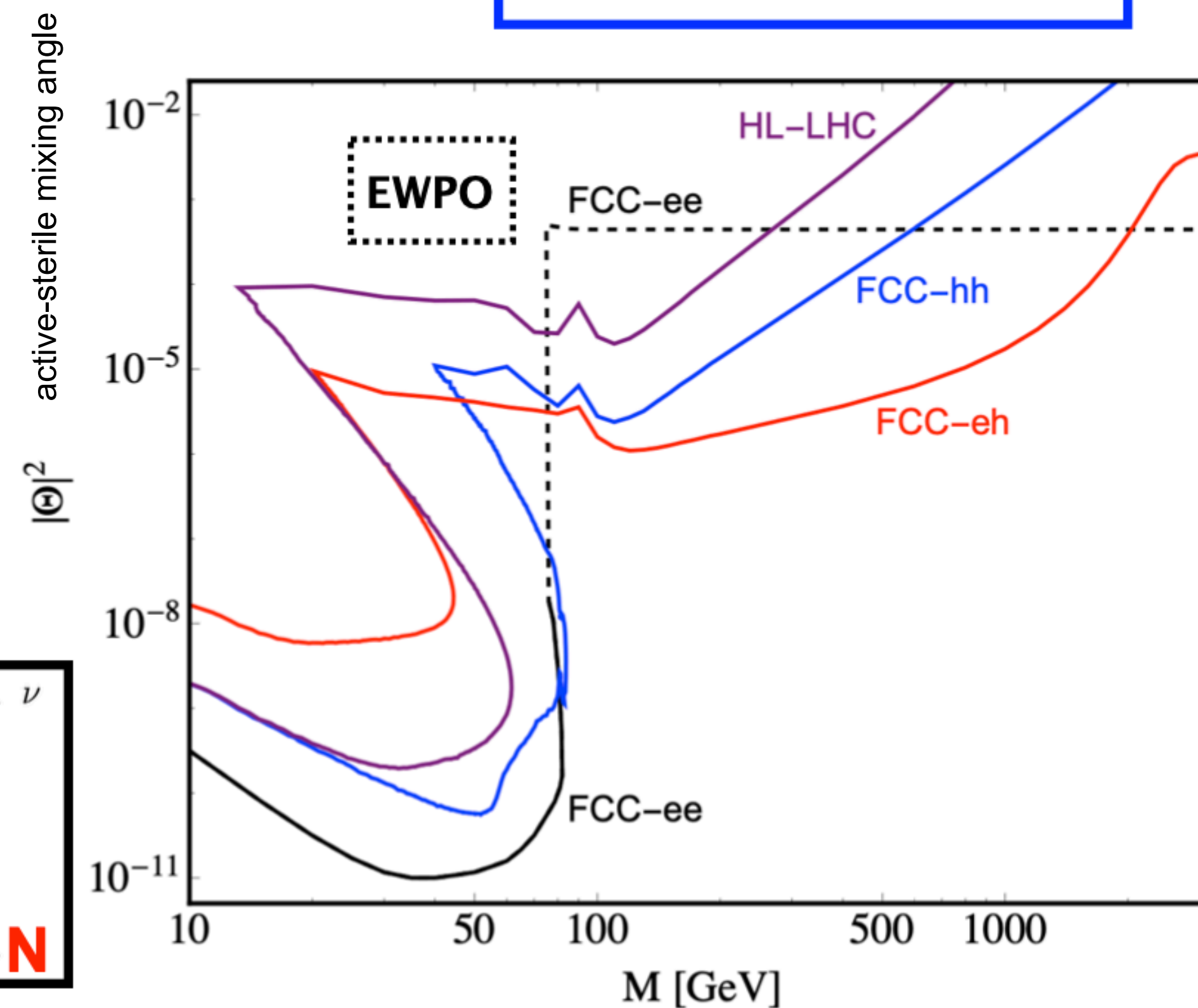
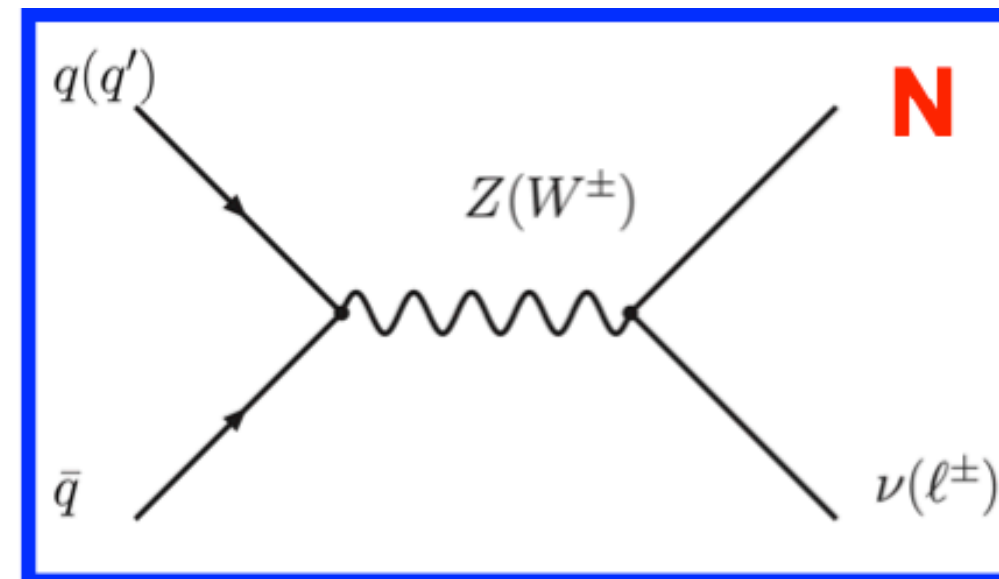




# Search for heavy sterile neutrinos

BSM

FCC CDR, Eur. Phys. J. C 79, no. 6, 474 (2019)  
arXiv:1612.02728 [hep-ph]



→ complementary prospects for discovery in ee, **ep** and **pp**



# Conclusions: Statement of the IAC to DG

J. Phys. G 48, 11, 110501 (2011)

## In conclusion it may be stated

- The installation and operation of the LHeC has been demonstrated to be commensurate with the currently projected HL-LHC program, while the FCC-eh has been integrated into the FCC vision;
- The feasibility of the project as far as accelerator issues and detectors are concerned has been shown. It can only be realised at CERN and would fully exploit the massive LHC and HL-LHC investments;
- The sensitivity for discoveries of new physics is comparable, and in some cases superior, to the other projects envisaged;
- The addition of an ep/A experiment to the LHC substantially reinforces the physics program of the facility, especially in the areas of QCD, precision Higgs and electroweak as well as heavy ion physics;
- The operation of LHeC and FCC-eh is compatible with simultaneous pp operation; for LHeC the interaction point 2 would be the appropriate choice, which is currently used by ALICE;
- The development of the ERL technology needs to be intensified in Europe, in national laboratories but with the collaboration of CERN;
- A preparatory phase is still necessary to work out some time-sensitive key elements, especially the high power ERL technology (PERLE) and the prototyping of Intersection Region magnets.

## Recommendations

- i) It is recommended to further develop the ERL based ep/A scattering plans, both at LHC and FCC, as attractive options for the mid and long term programme of CERN, resp. Before a decision on such a project can be taken, further development work is necessary, and should be supported, possibly within existing CERN frameworks (e.g. development of SC cavities and high field IR magnets).
- ii) The development of the promising high-power beam-recovery technology ERL should be intensified in Europe. This could be done mainly in national laboratories, in particular with the PERLE project at Orsay. To facilitate such a collaboration, CERN should express its interest and continue to take part.
- iii) It is recommended to keep the LHeC option open until further decisions have been taken. An investigation should be started on the compatibility between the LHeC and a new heavy ion experiment in Interaction Point 2, which is currently under discussion.

After the final results of the European Strategy Process will be made known, the IAC considers its task to be completed. A new decision will then have to be taken for how to continue these activities.

Herwig Schopper, Chair of the Committee,

Geneva, November 4, 2019

→ LHeC/FCCeh developments are part of detector and accelerator roadmaps

→ PERLE a key part of the ERL development

→ exciting rich programme for the coming years that substantially strengthens HL-LHC

→ is established and for us to shape

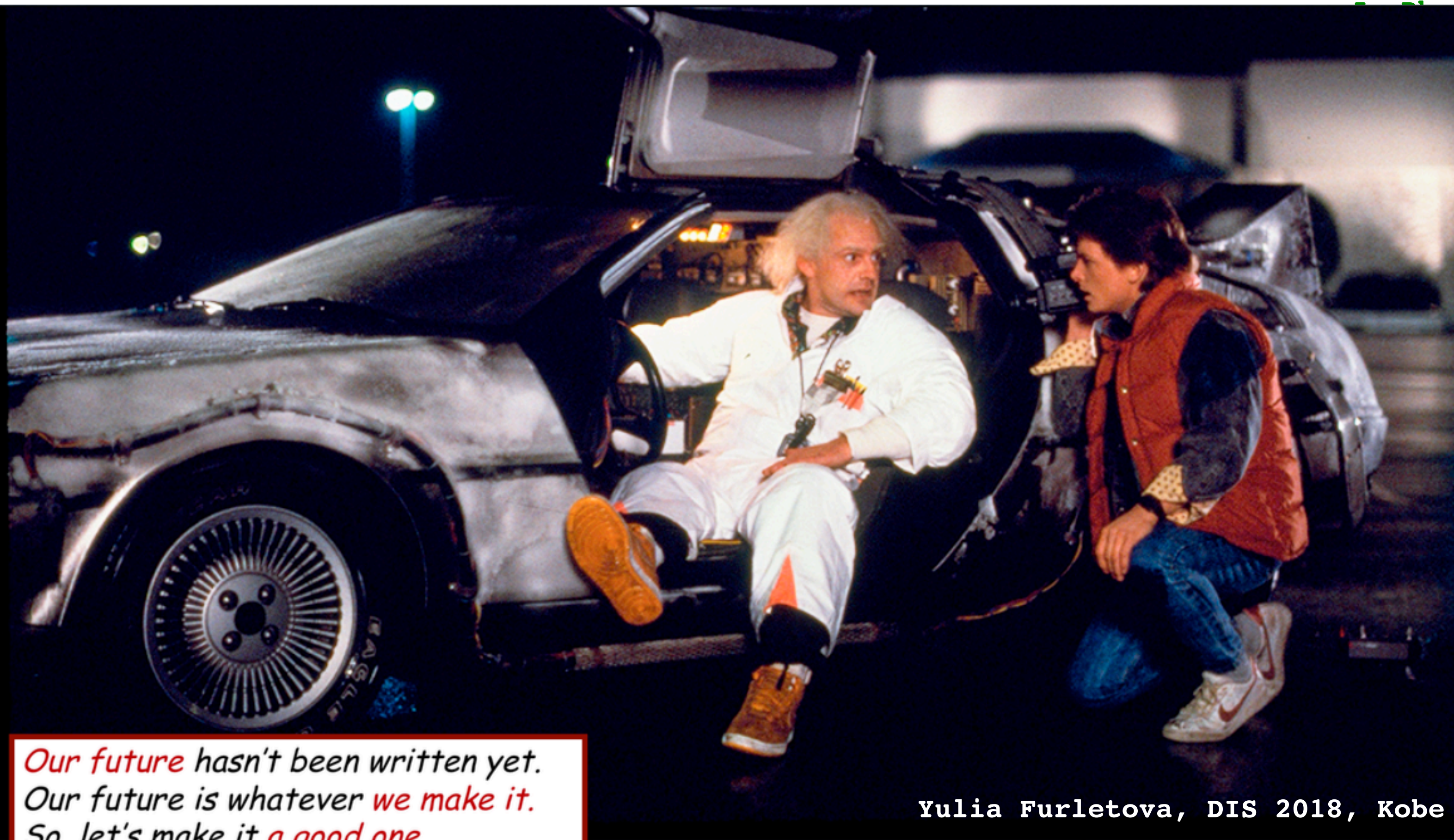
<https://lhec.web.cern.ch/>



# Conclusions: Statement of the IAC to DG

In conclusion it may be

- The installation and operation of the LHeC with the currently projected programme of CERN, resp. Before work is necessary, and should the development of SC cavities and
- The feasibility of the project has been shown. It can only be justified by the HL-LHC investment
- The sensitivity for discovery of new physics to the other projects envisaged
- The addition of an ep/A program of the facility, especially for heavy ion physics
- The operation of LHeC and the interaction point ALICE;
- The development of the LHeC and a new heavy ion interaction point
- A preparatory phase is necessary, especially the high power Region magnets.



*Our future hasn't been written yet.  
Our future is whatever we make it.  
So, let's make it a good one.  
(Doc Brown)*

... G 48, 11, 110501 (2011)

attering plans, both at LHC  
omme of CERN, resp. Before  
work is necessary, and should  
development of SC cavities and

technology ERL should be in-  
tories, in particular with the  
RN should express its interest

er decisions have been taken.  
ne LHeC and a new heavy ion  
sion.

ade known, the IAC considers  
ken for how to continue these

Geneva, November 4, 2019

Yulia Furletova, DIS 2018, Kobe

maps

→ LHeC/FCC-he

→ PERLE a key

→ exciting rich programme for the coming years that substantially strengthens HL-LHC

→ is established and for us to shape

<https://lhec.web.cern.ch/>



# Backup



# LINAC at Stanford

## Three Messages from the 2m LINAC at Stanford

- you do NOT need to promise to discover dark matter or know what new to expect when you increase the energy range (we yet may have to readjust our perception about nature, its richness and as well our ability to predict and understand it. 'we like to see the field to be driven by experiment' – Burt Richter 2009)
- you can build a 2 mile electron linac in 3 years time, if you really want it we surely could build LHeC and FCC-eh in short time when decided to do so
- electron-proton scattering is the best means to explore the substructure of matter a crucial complement to the LHC/FCC and moreover, now a unique Higgs facility

50 years since the discovery of quarks by the SLAC-MIT ep scattering experiment

---

W.K.H. PANOFSKY

Vienna 8/1968

SLAC-PUB-502

Therefore theoretical speculations are focused on the possibility that these data might give evidence on the behaviour of point-like, charged structures within the nucleon.

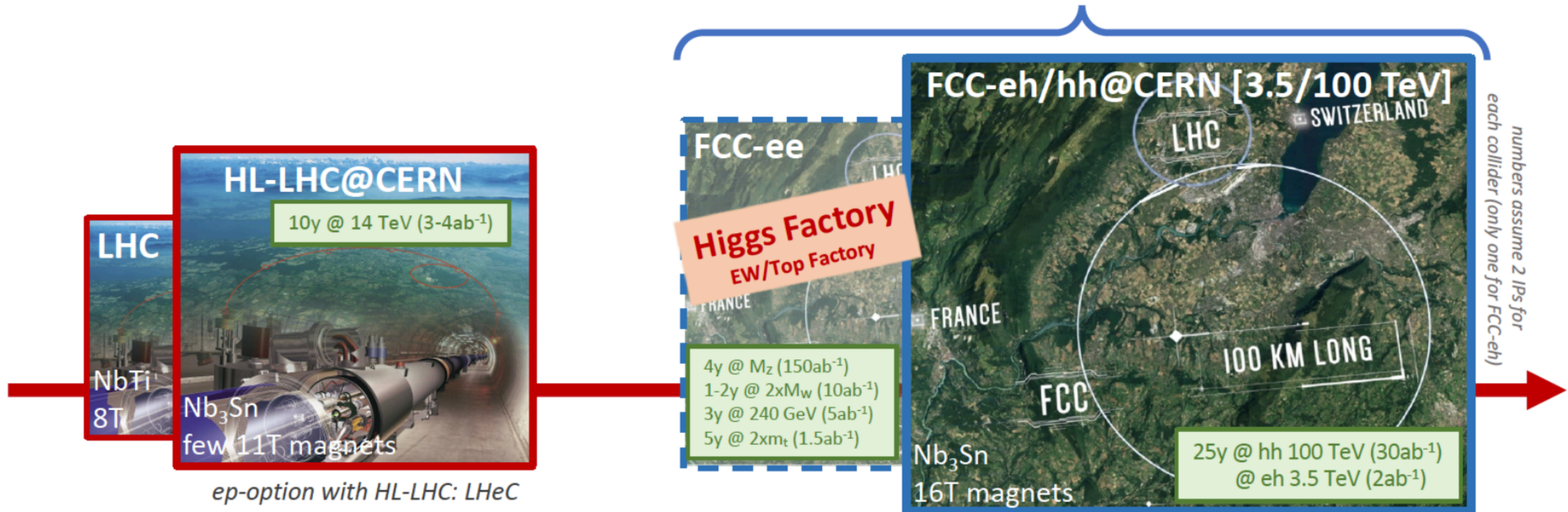
Max Klein



# Colliders in Europe at the energy & precision frontier

Current flagship (27km)  
*impressive programme up to 2040*

Big sister future ambition (100km), beyond 2040  
*attractive combination of precision & energy frontier*



*by around 2026, verify if it is feasible to plan for success  
(techn. & adm. & financially & global governance)*

*potential alternatives pursued @ CERN: CLIC & muon collider*

J de Hondt (5.10.20 to Snowmass)



# Energy recovery Linac: ep-collider

## Concept:

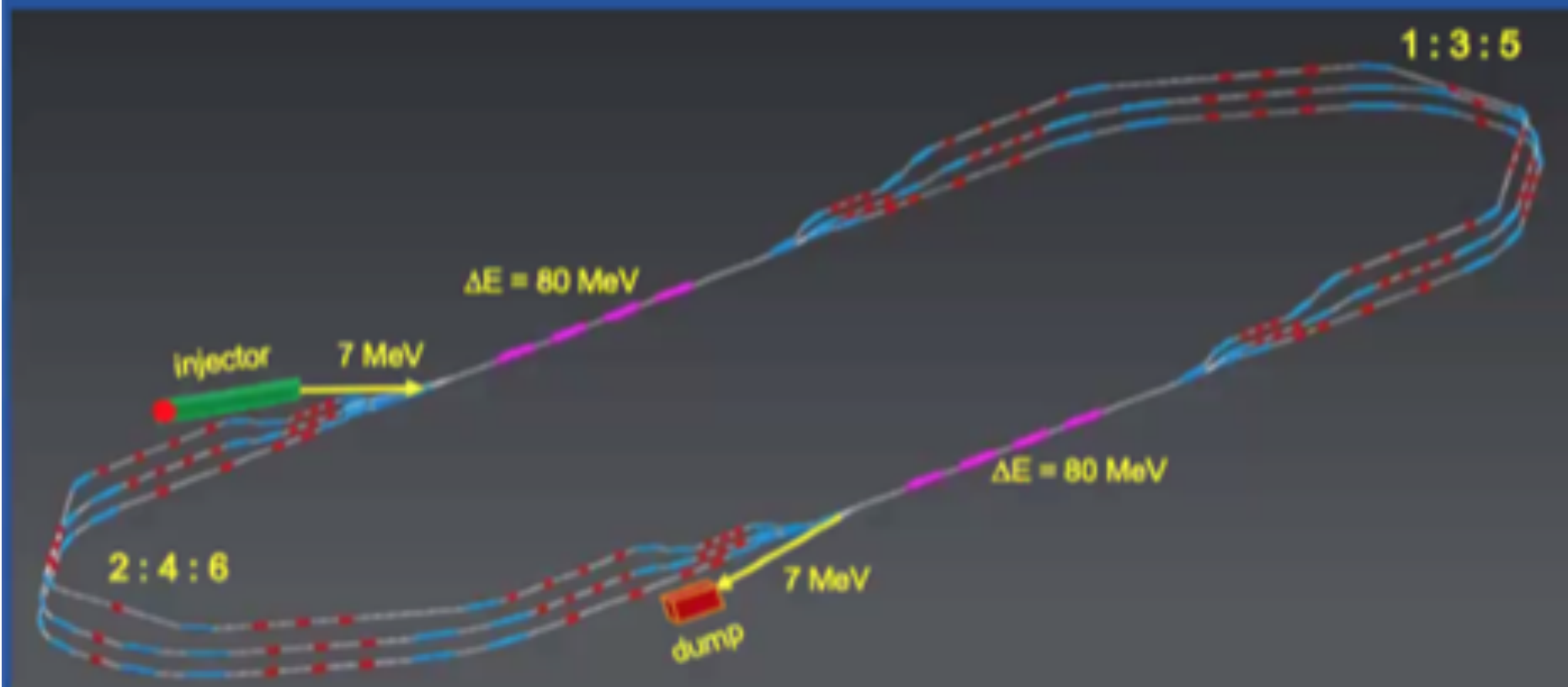
accelerate electrons to high energy → use the beam → decelerate  
→ recover beam energy for machine operation → **Energy Saving**

## Worldwide developments :

p.ex BINP (Novosibirsk) CERN (KEK), CBETA-Cornell

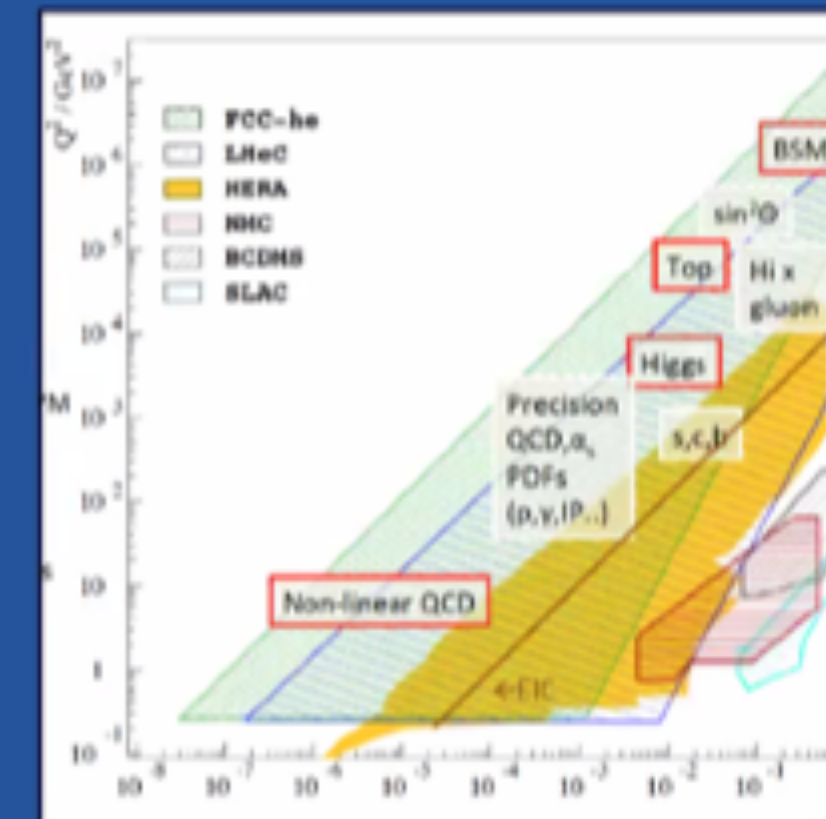
**projects:** bERLinPro (light source), MESA...

**HEP:** PERLE superconductive multipass demonstrator in Orsay ( $\approx 25\text{M€}$ )  
TDR expected by 2022



## High energy ep-collider:

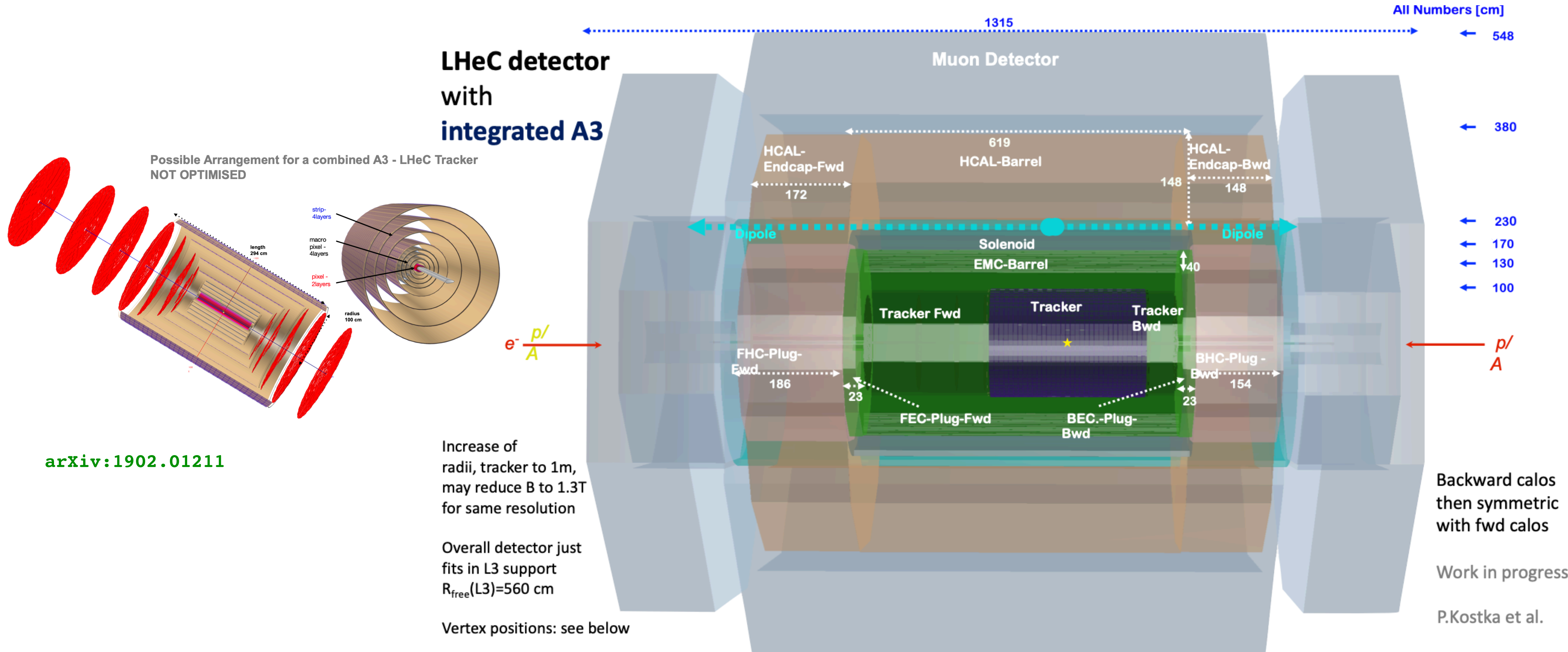
- Independent proton-structure function measurements
- Higgs physics measurements
- Complementary to EIC



Ursula Bassler (Chair of CERN Council), Talk about “European Strategy for Particle Physics: towards the next collider at CERN”, given at the German Physics Society Spring Conference, March 2021

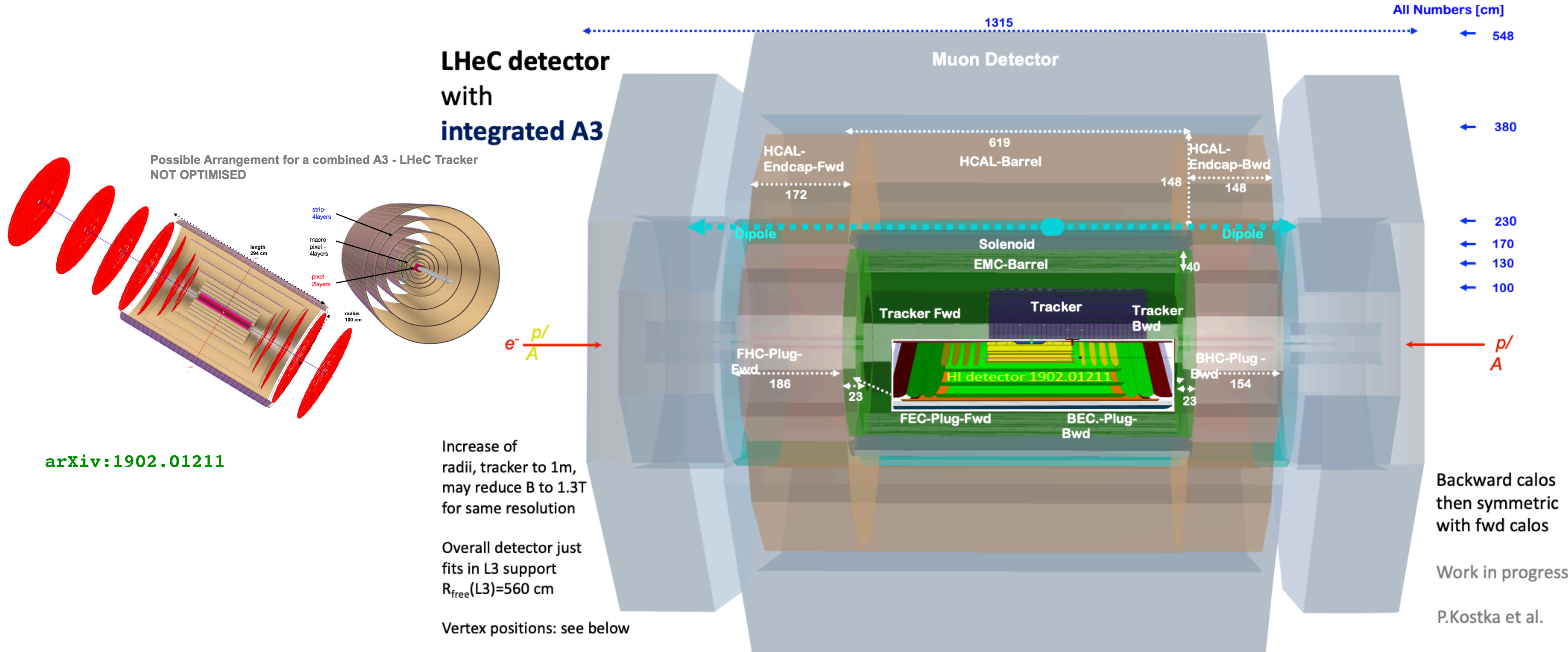


# New idea to combine LHeC and A3





# New idea to combine LHeC and A3

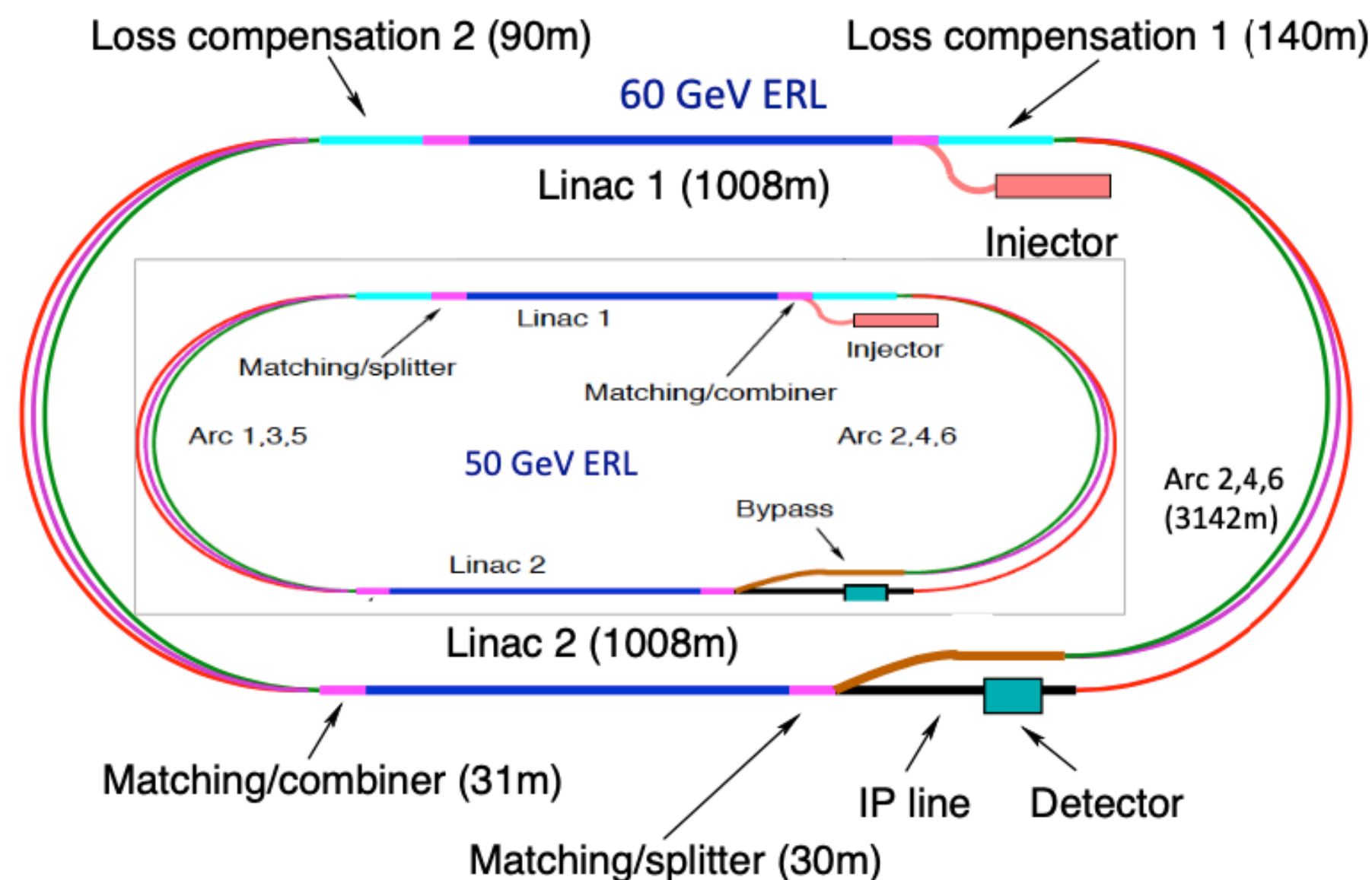




# Energy Recovering Linac (ERL)

LHeC/FCC-eh: needs high luminosity, high energy:

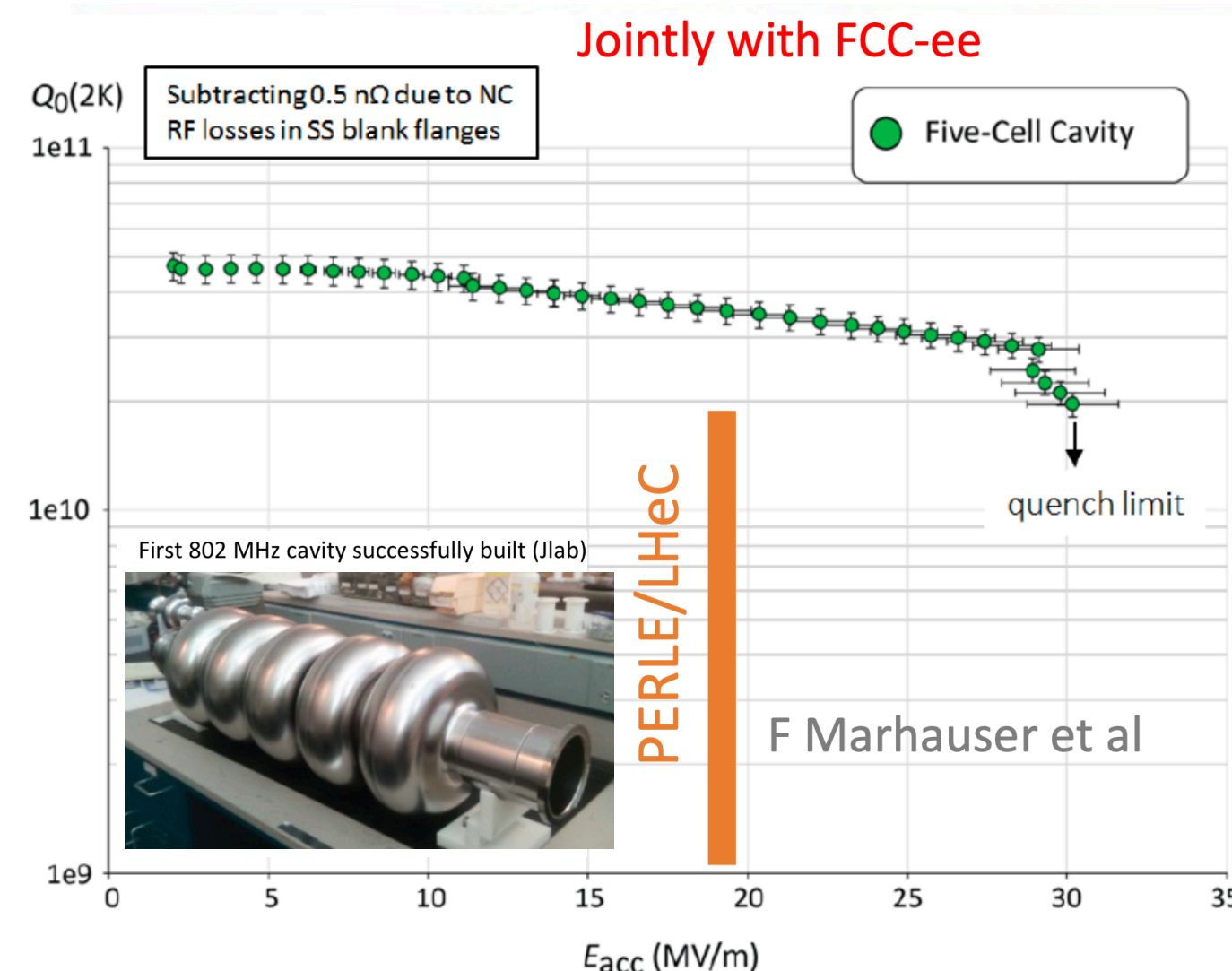
High ERL power facility  $P = I_e E_e$



- LHeC Configuration reduced from 60 to 50 GeV
- LINAC: 112 cryomodules with 4 cavities each  
→ total number of cavities: 896 [ILC:  $O(10^4)$ ]
- configuration may be staged with less RF
- tunnel is small part of cost and better not reduced further, synchrotron loss, upgrades...
- ERL reduces power to  $\ll$  GW and dumps at  $< \text{GeV}$

→ novel, “green” accelerator technology and save energy

- high quality Superconducting Radio Frequency ( $Q_0 > 10^{10}$ )



- high current sources
- multiturn to reach high  $E_e$

## Technical Synergies of LHeC with other applications

- operate the ILC as an ERL: boost luminosity to  $10^{36} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$   
Vladimir Telnov at the March 21 LCWS
- SAPPHERE: a  $\gamma\gamma$  collider : Higgs, EWK and QCD machine  
F. Zimmermann et al., arXiv:1208.2827
- Racetrack as an injector into FCC-ee [direct into Z]  
O. Bruening, Y. Papaphilippou
- HeC-FEL  
F. Zimmermann et al., work in progress
- Injector into FCC-hh  
R. Calaga
- Proposal of ERL Version of FCC-ee for high Lumi at high  $E_e$   
V Litvinenko, T Roser, M Chamizo-Llatas arXiv: 1909.04437
- 802 MHz technology: PERLE, FCC-ee, eSPS  
F Marhauser, B Rimmer et al.
- 704 MHz SPL Cryomodule (CERN) modified for PERLE  
F Gerigk, E Jensen et al.
- ALICE (Daresbury) Gun delivered to Orsay for PERLE  
D Angal-Kalinin, B Militsyn et al.
- JLEIC Booster (Jlab) likely to be used in PERLE  
F Hannon, B Rimmer et al.
- Forward Calorimetry: FCC-hh and ee colliders / CALICE...
- Inner Tracker/CMOS: ee colliders, new HI detector at IP2
- ...



# Powerful ERL for Experiments (PERLE) @ Orsay

CDR: 1705.08783, J. Phys. G  
CERN-ACC-Note-2018-0086 (ESSP)



## Summary, Outlook

- PERLE – Baseline Design (500 MeV)
  - Multi-pass linacs configured with the SPL style cryomodules
  - Switchyard configuration with two B-com magnets
  - A pair of Experimental Areas – Low- $\beta$  inserts at 500 MeV
  - ‘Six bend’ Arc architecture based on Flexible Momentum Compaction Optics
- Next Steps (2021/22...)
  - Complete injector design (re-use JLEIC Booster, tbc)
  - End-to-end tracking to validate the design
  - Magnet specs and prototyping of B-com magnets
  - HOM design and test of dressed cavity
  - Preparation of ALICE gun installation at Orsay
  - PERLE TDR by end of 2022, with the goal of first beam by the mid-twenties
  - Integration of PERLE into the European Roadmap for Accelerators
    - Both FCC-ee and recently ILC are proposed as ERL Colliders with significantly increased luminosity and substantially reduced power consumption
- PERLE becomes a key part of future: HEP, PP and NP facilities

Jefferson Lab

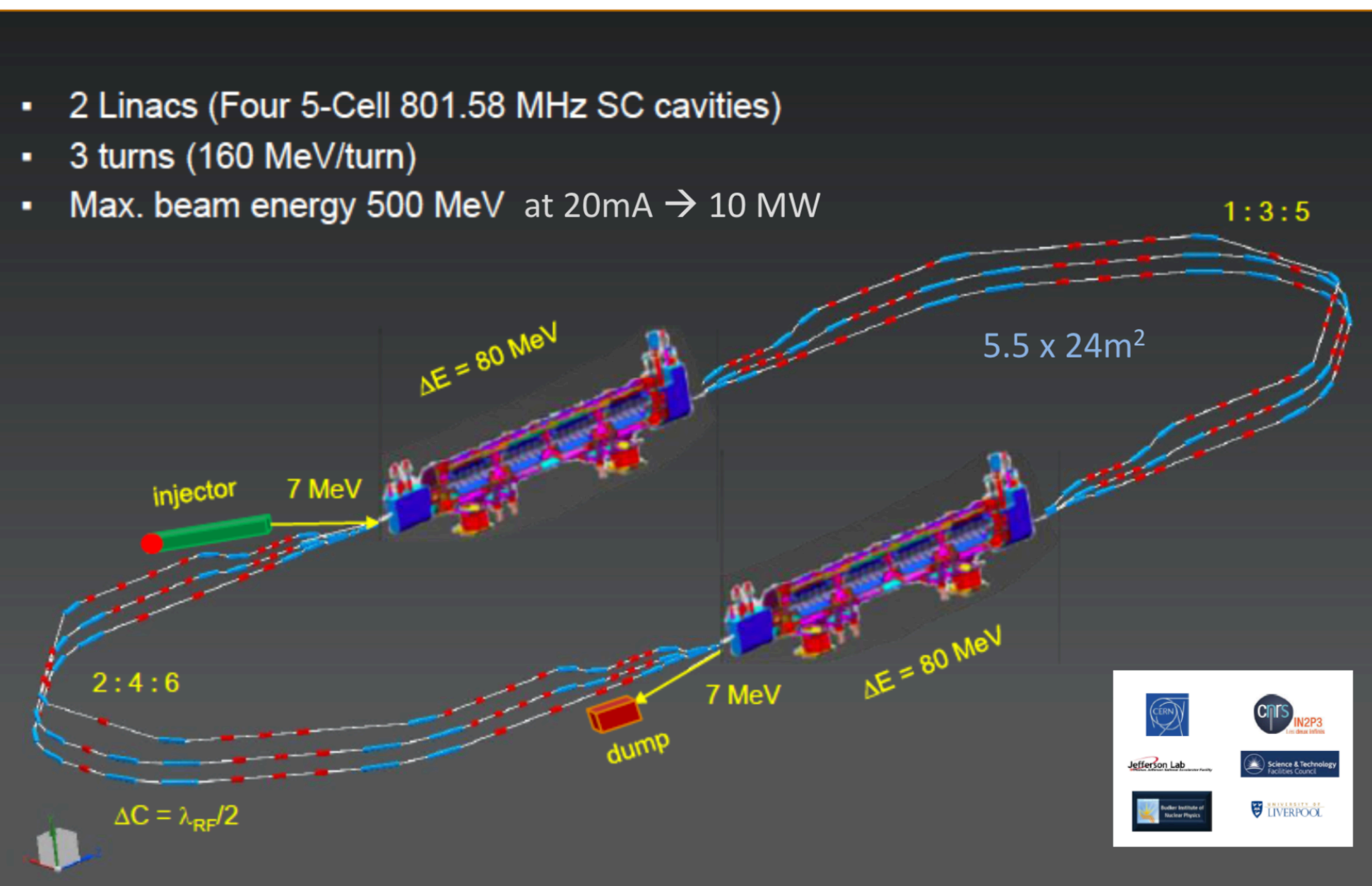
Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

Operated by JSA for the U.S. Department of Energy

Alex Bogacz

DIS Workshop, Stony Brook, NY, April 12-16, 2021

19



PERLE Collaboration (2021): CERN, Cornell, Daresbury, JLab, Liverpool, Novosibirsk (BINP), Orsay (IJC)

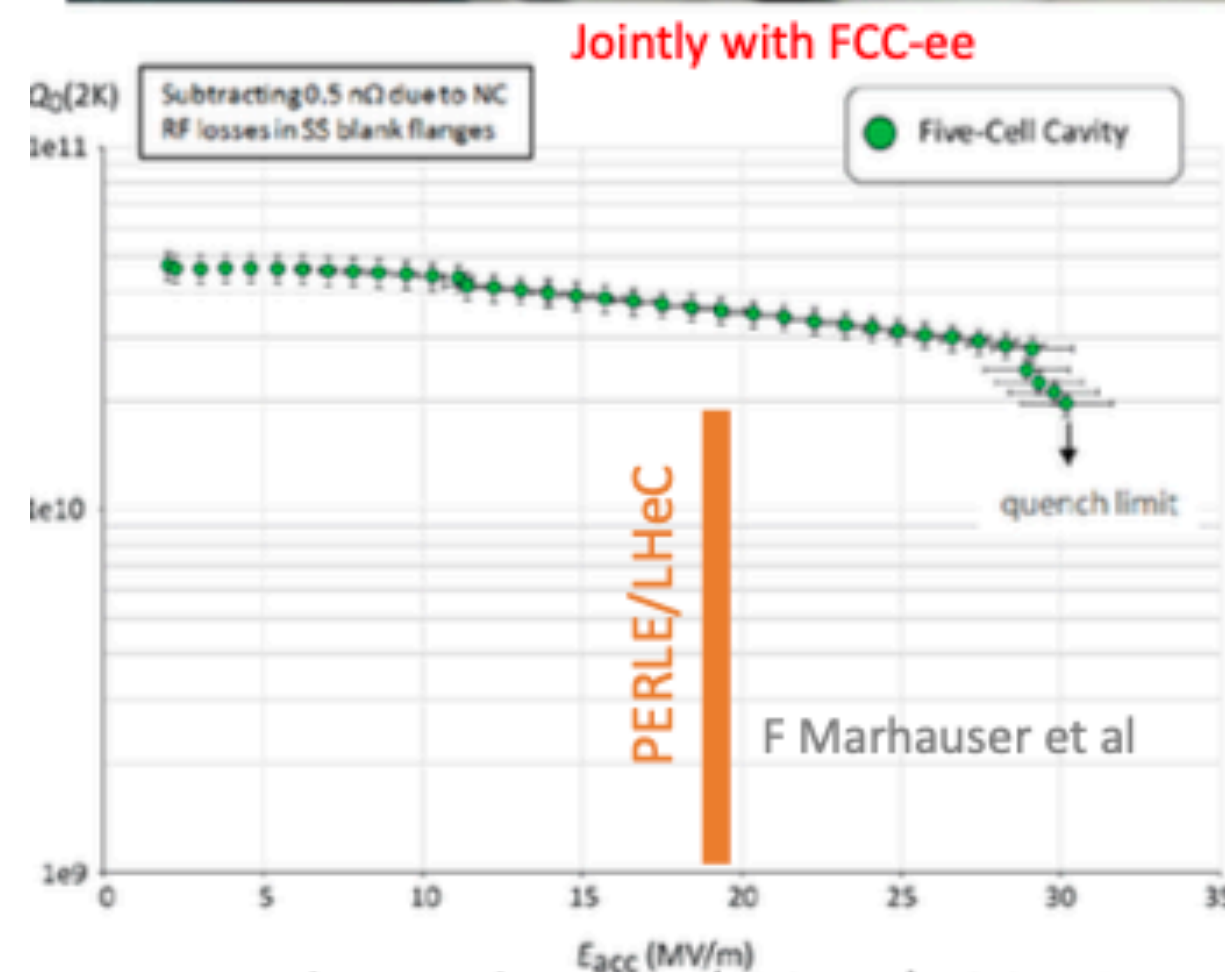
- **Technology Development Facility at 500 MeV at Orsay for development of ERL with LHeC conditions**
- **high luminosity particle and nuclear physics experiments**
- **part of global ERL Developments (Roadmap end of 2021)**
- **synergies: ERL Concepts for FCC-ee and ILC**
- **high precision elastic ep scattering, photo-nuclear reactions, ...**



# Further developments

## Developments +Partners

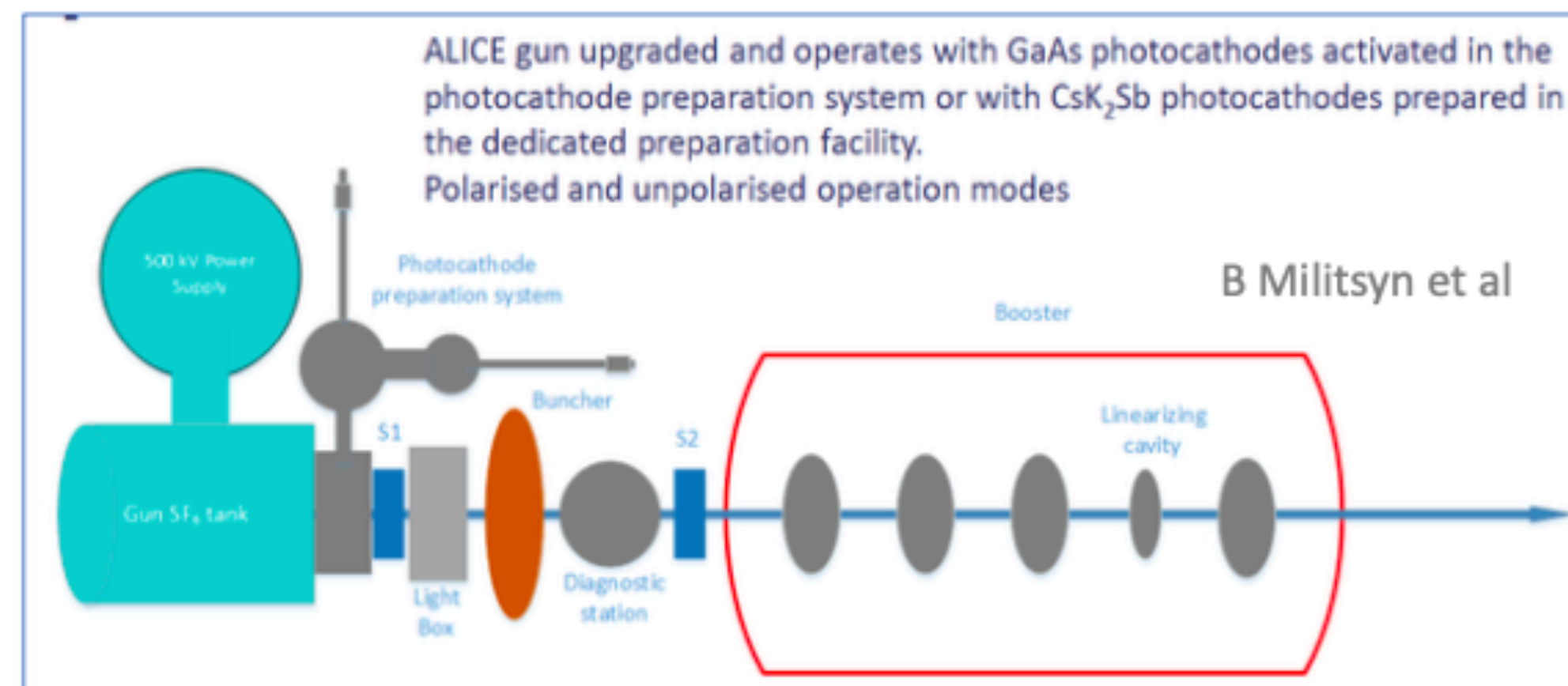
### SCRF: High $Q_0$ , complete Cryomodule



CERN, Jlab, Orsay +

### High Current Source ( $e^-$ , $p$ , $e^+$ )

Cf recent meeting: <https://indico.cern.ch/event/923021/>

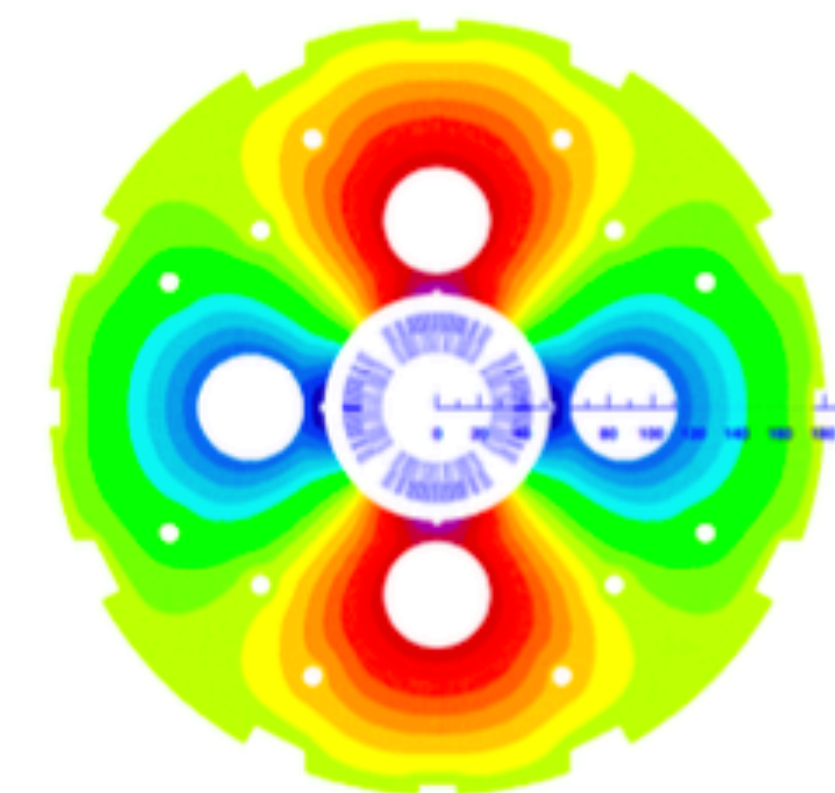
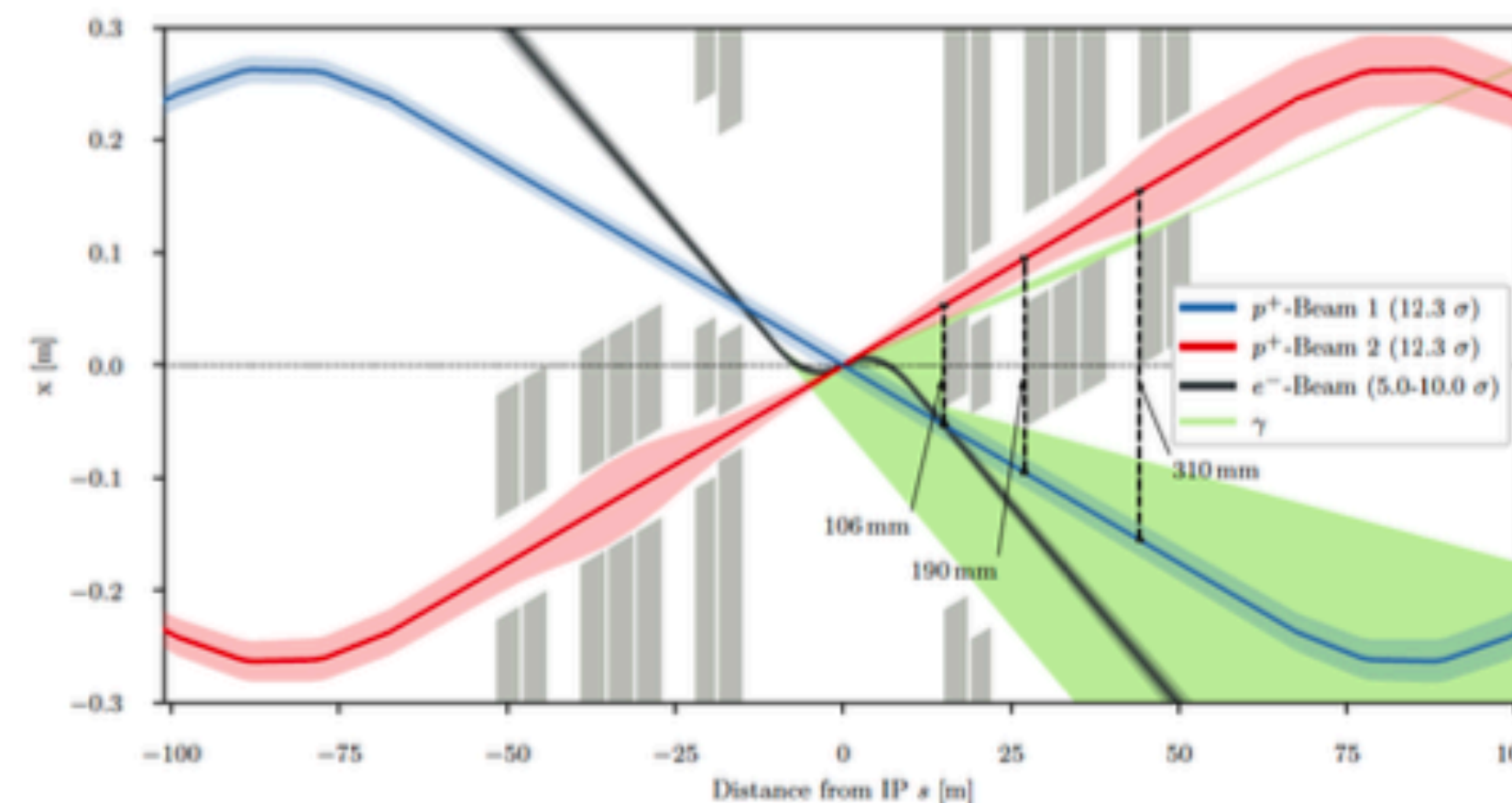


PERLE will begin with 5mA ALICE source, which has been transferred from Daresbury to Orsay while UK was in EU..

BINP, BNL/Cornell (cBETA), Daresbury, IJC, Jlab, +

### Interaction Region Design and $Q_1$ Prototype:

B Holzer, B Parker, S Russenschuck et al

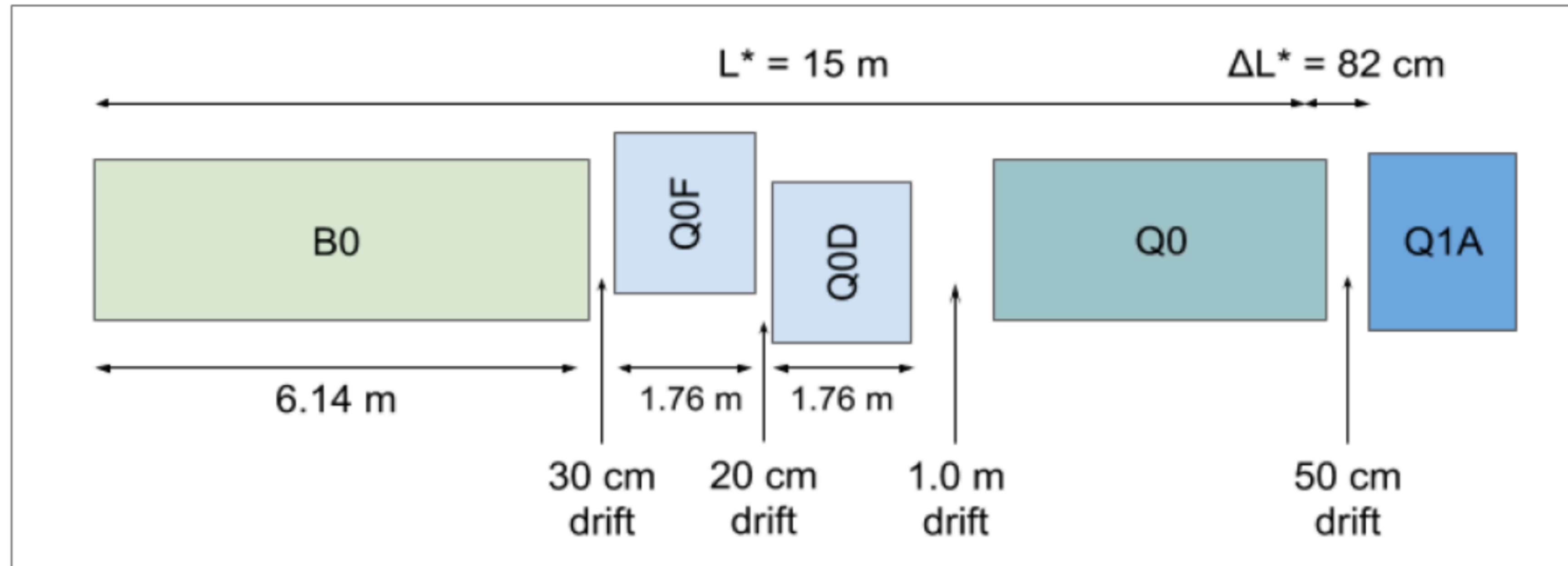


BNL, CERN, +

Max Klein



# LHeC IR modified for dual purpose



Optimisation of synchrotron radiation (power and  $E_{\text{crit}}$ )

		LHeC	HERA
$E_{\text{crit}}$	keV	270	150
Synrad			
Power	kW	30	28

Detector dipole

Staggered quads

Half-quad (NC)

First of triplet quadrupoles

For ep/A: synchronous with pp/AA in GPDs and LHCb – keep non-colliding beam apart with option of pp/AA the non-colliding beam needs to be kept inside pipe: then: shift transversely (as in regular injection mode) and possibly in time

For pp/AA in IP2: no electron beam in. Collisions at nominal IP (or shifted by 25/4ns)

Max Klein



# Technical synergy

## LHeC-FEL

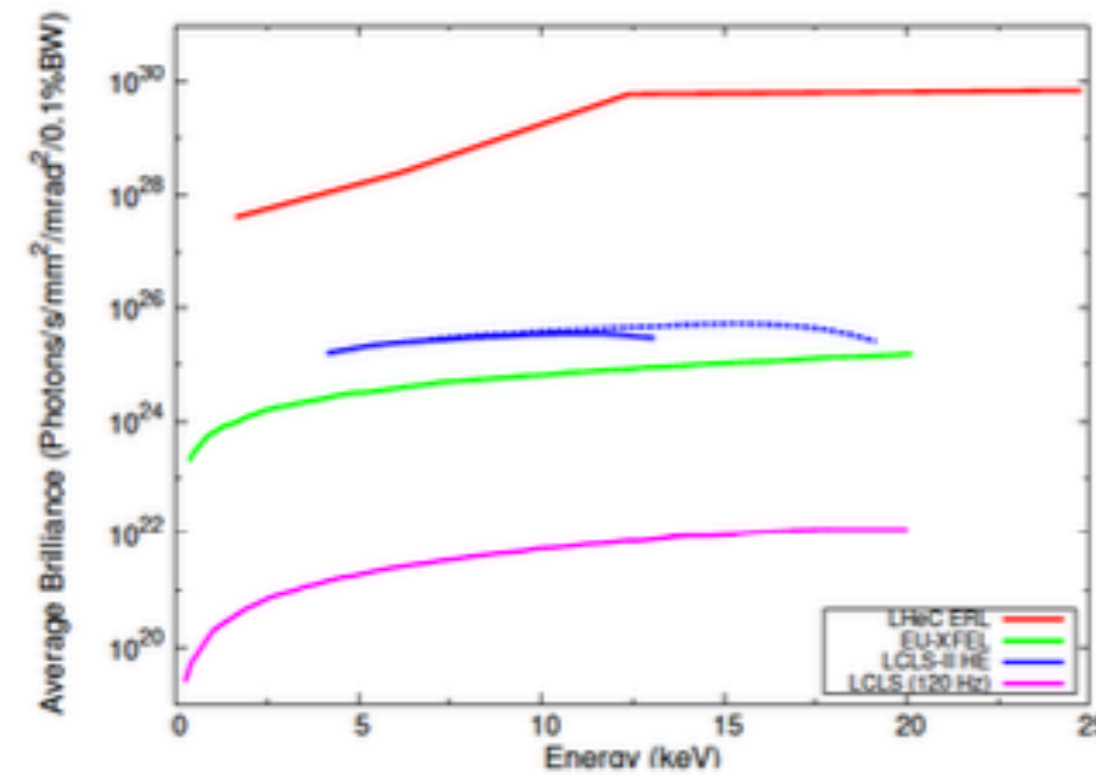


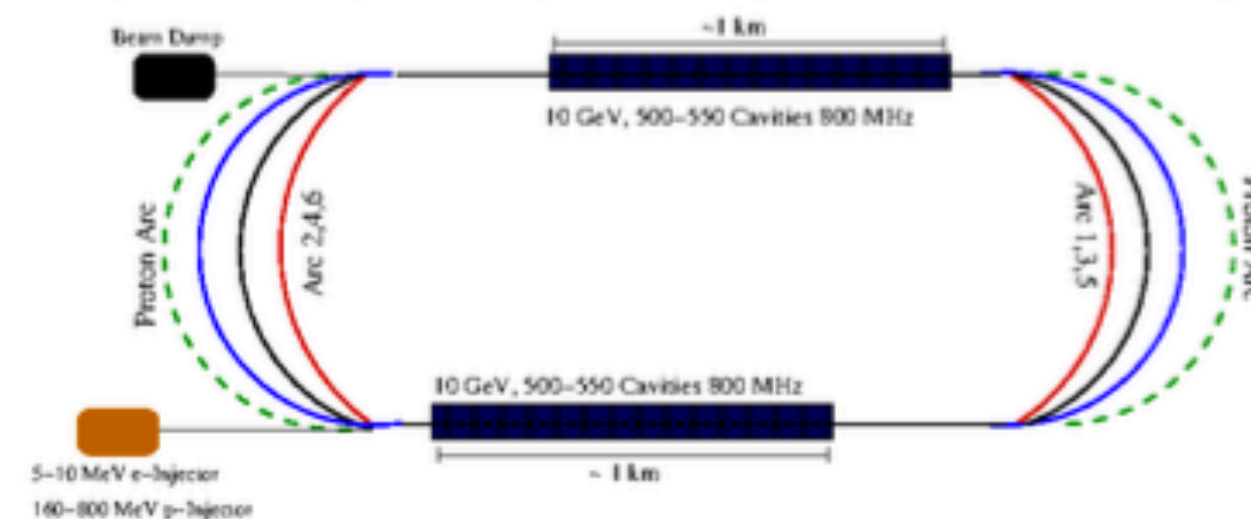
Figure 9: Comparison of FEL average brilliance for the LHeC-FEL with existing and planned world-leading hard X-ray FEL sources.

Work in progress, F Zimmermann et al. [in between LHeC and FCC-hh potentially]

## e-ERL for Proton Injection

Recall: "SPL+PS2" as a new high brightness injector was already considered and abandoned for LHC

Proposal to use a single recirculating linac to directly inject to SPS (26 GeV) or SPS+ (~50 GeV), especially for 5ns bunch spacing.



Presented by R Calaga, 2017 [worth reconsidering]

## FCC-ee Injector Complex

### FCC-ee Baseline Injector Plan: $e^+/e^-$

Linac with 6 GeV followed by 20GeV pre-booster ring [SPS] or 20GeV linac

$2.0 \cdot 10^{10} N_b$  with 2 bunches per pulse and 200Hz rep-rate  $\rightarrow < 2\mu A$  average current

Requires transfer lines from SPS or linac to FCC  $\rightarrow$  ca. 10km tunnel structures?

### Using LHeC type Recirculating Linac as injector: $e^+/e^-$

Common hardware and infrastructure: one could use the FCC-ee pre-series SRF

-Either using a 5km long racetrack suitable for 50GeV upgrade for FCC-eh and / or direct injection into the FCC-ee for Z production mode

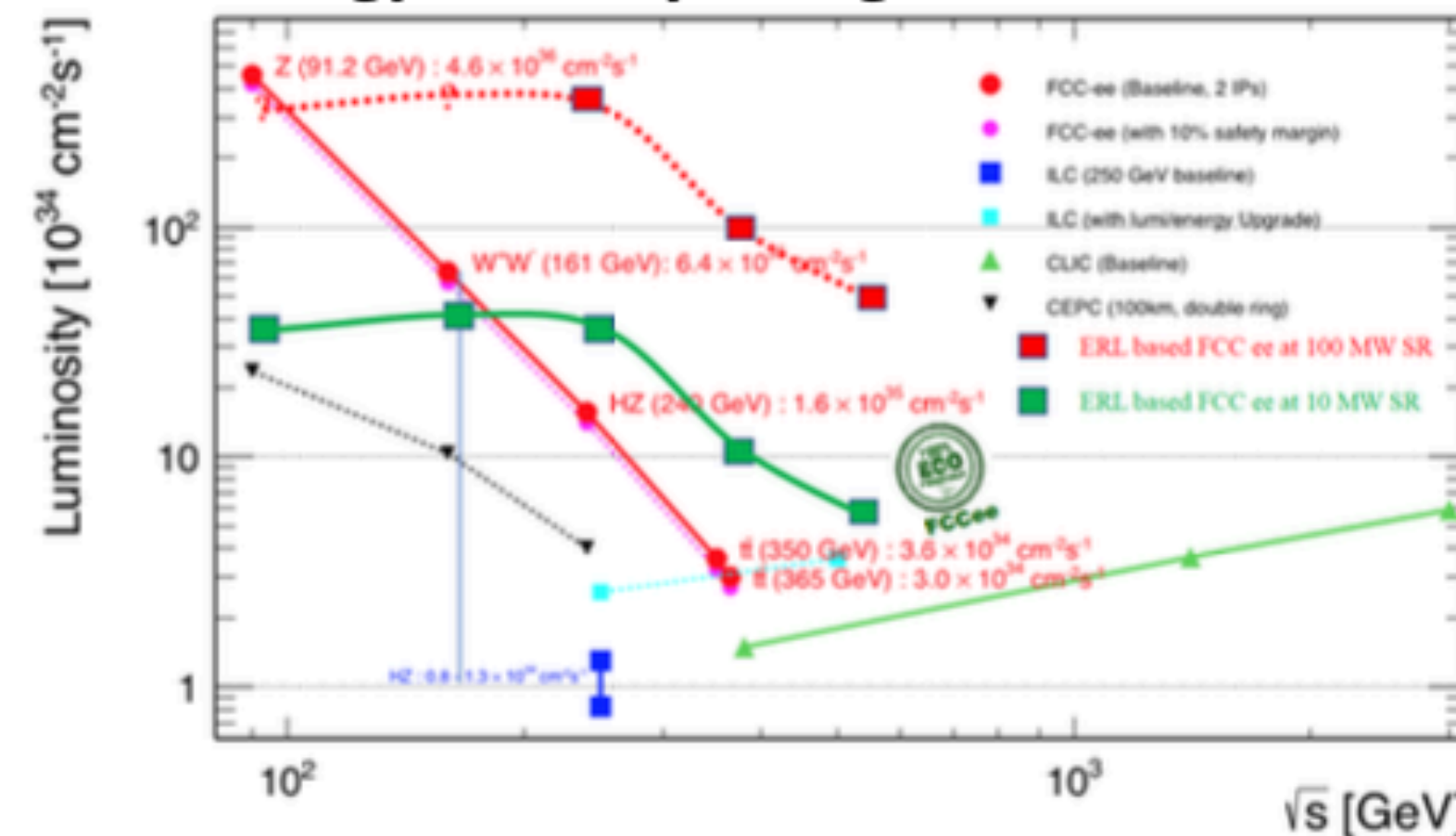
-Dedicated smaller tunnel optimized for FCC-ee injector at 6 GeV or 20 GeV

In both cases I assume installation near point 'L' to minimize transfer line length

In all cases the machine would be used as re-circulating linac and not in ERL mode

Presented by O Bruening, March 2019 [being rediscussed. Note PSI FEL concept]

## Energy recovery configuration of FCC-ee



V Litvinenko, T Roser, M Chamizo-Llatas arXiv: 1909.04437, [ongoing study]

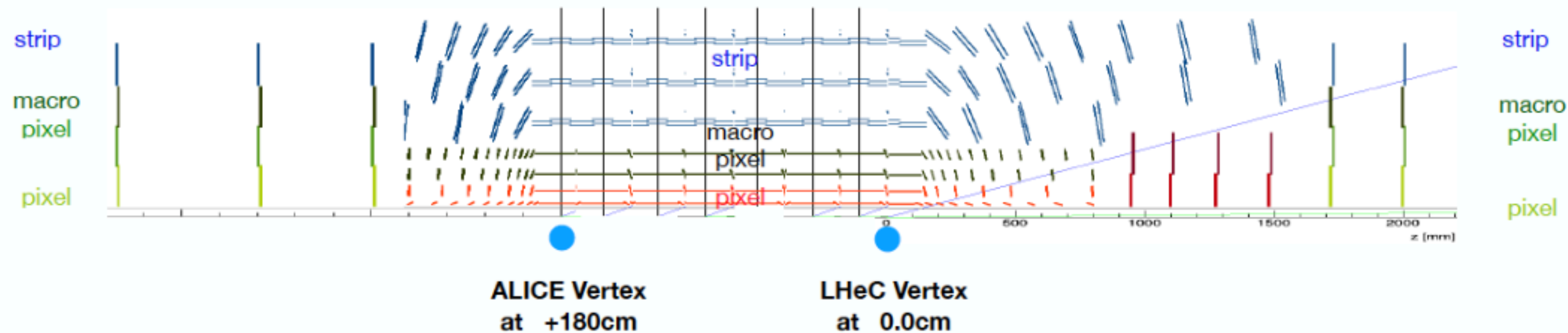
## Applications/ Synergy - examples

Max Klein



# Combined A3 – LHeC Tracker

## Combined ALICE - LHeC Tracker - 1. Idea



### Various Questions:

- Low or HV CMOS
- Thickness, radiation hardness  
(note ep: below  $10^{15} \text{cm}^2 \text{n eq.}$   
no pile-up in ep, ..  $\rightarrow$  maybe low)
- Detectors in Vacuum? Elliptic ep pipe ☹
- Bent wafers?
- Same vertex or 1.87 apart? Cost
- ...

11.11.2020

P. Kostka – work in progress

P. Kostka