Recent Highlights on QCD, Electroweak and Top Quark Physics from LHC





Alexander Grohsjean

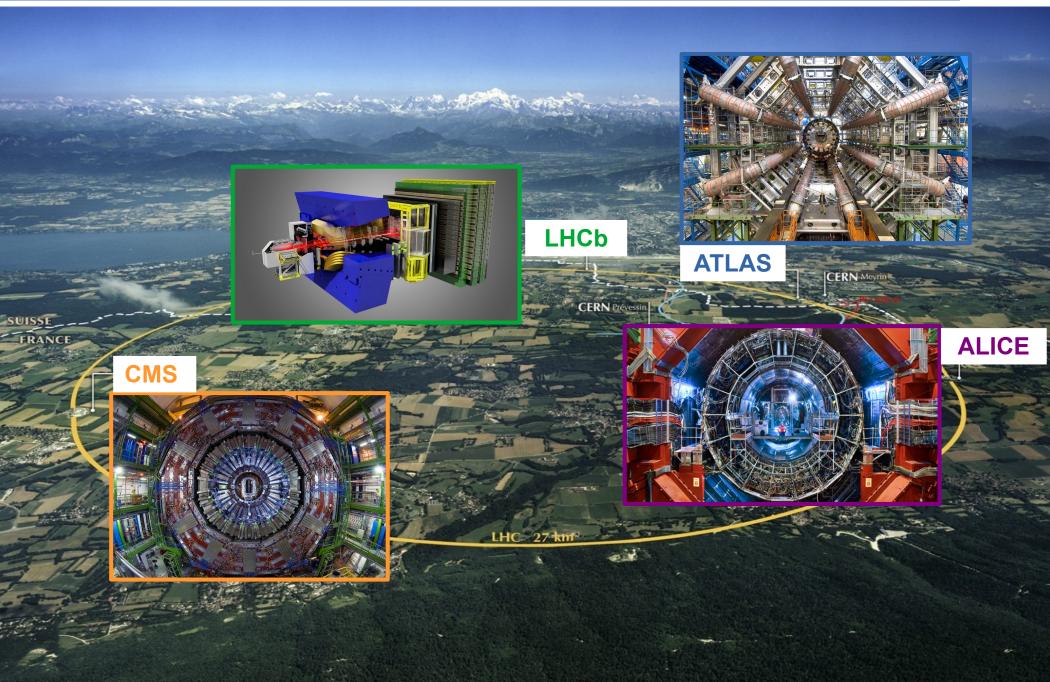
29th International Workshop on DIS and Related Subjects

02.05.2022 Santiago de Compostela



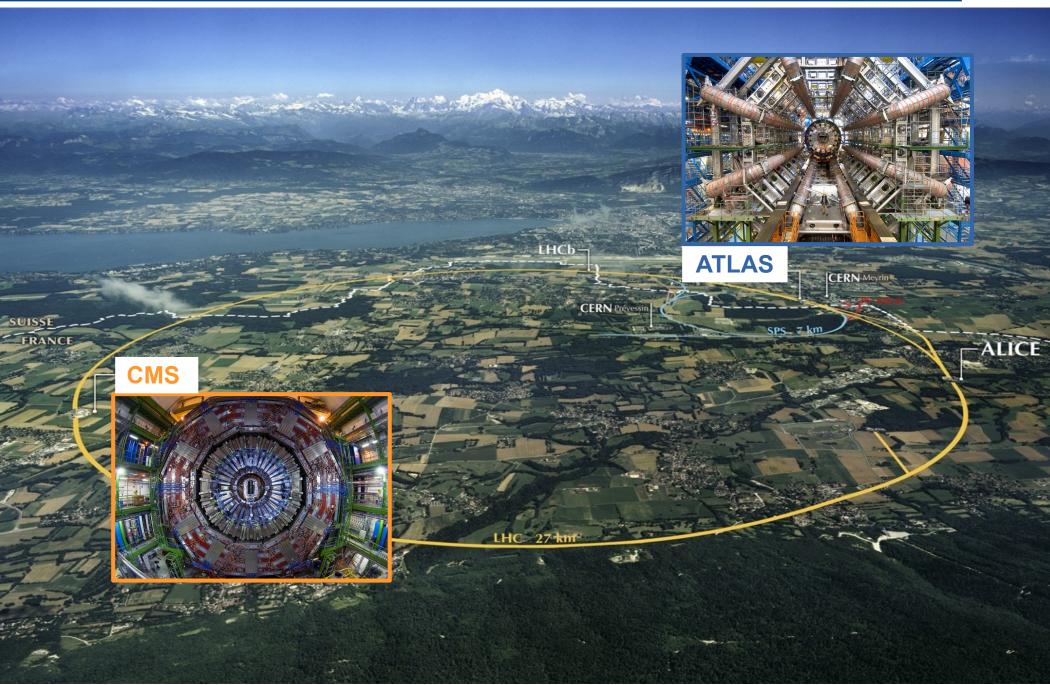
Abundance of Beautiful Physics at LHC





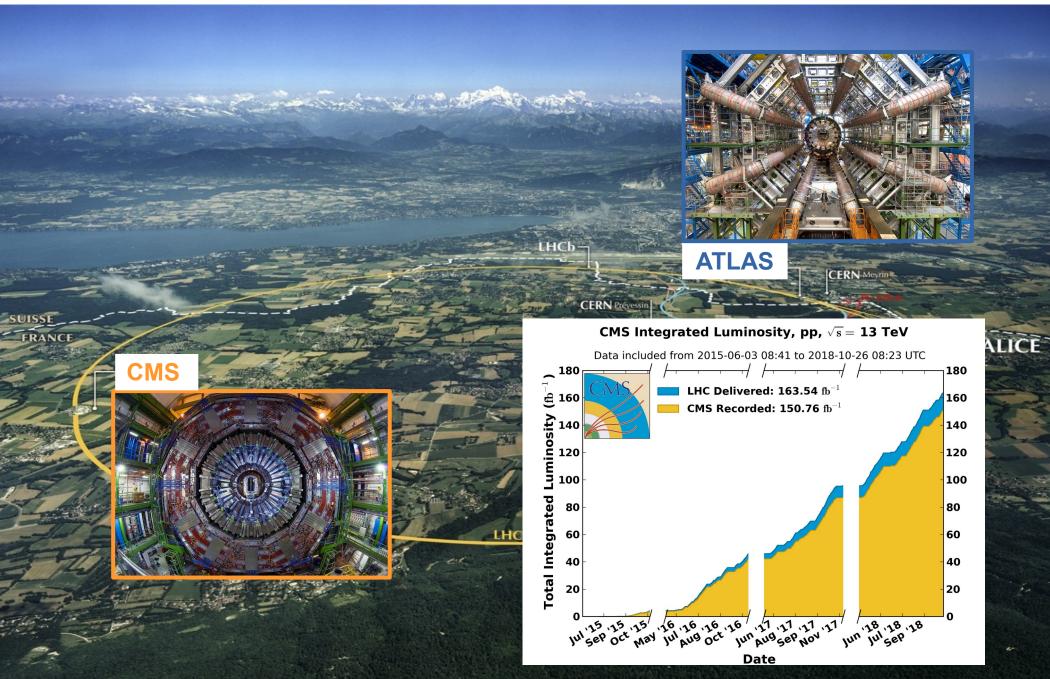
Focus on ATLAS and CMS





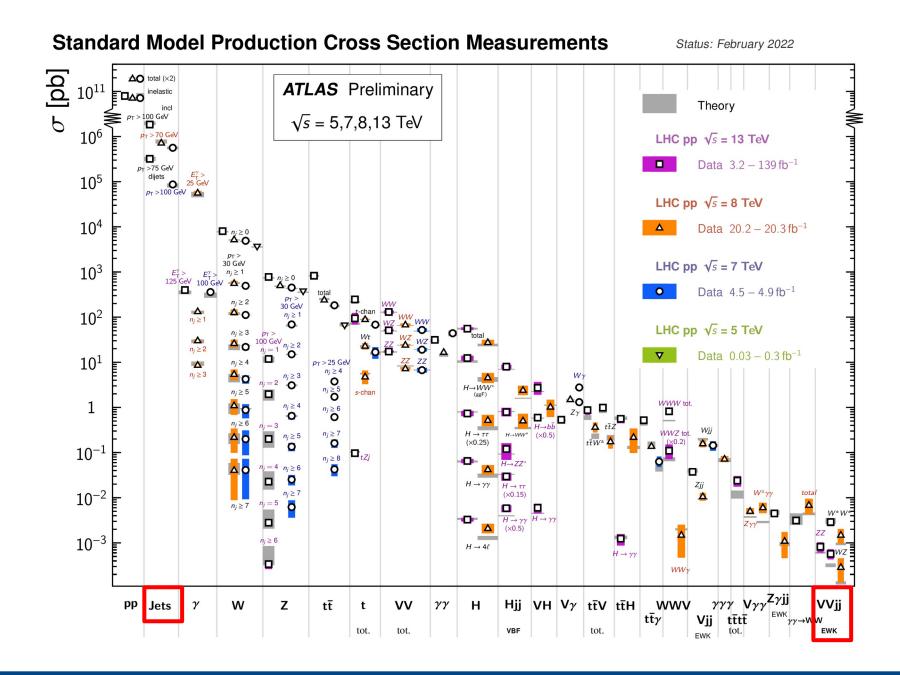
Focus on ATLAS and CMS





Exploring 9 Orders of Magnitude in Cross Section





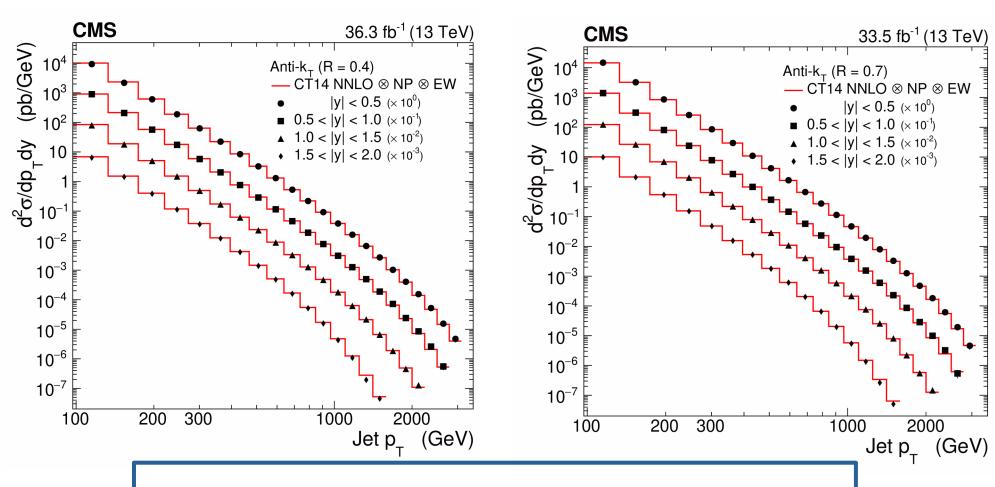


Inclusive Jet Cross Section



JHEP 02 (2022) 142

- key to test QCD at the highest achievable energy scales
 - double-differential measurements of R=0.4/0.7 anti-k_T jet production



high p_{T:} predictions slightly too low/high in central/forward region generally very good agreement

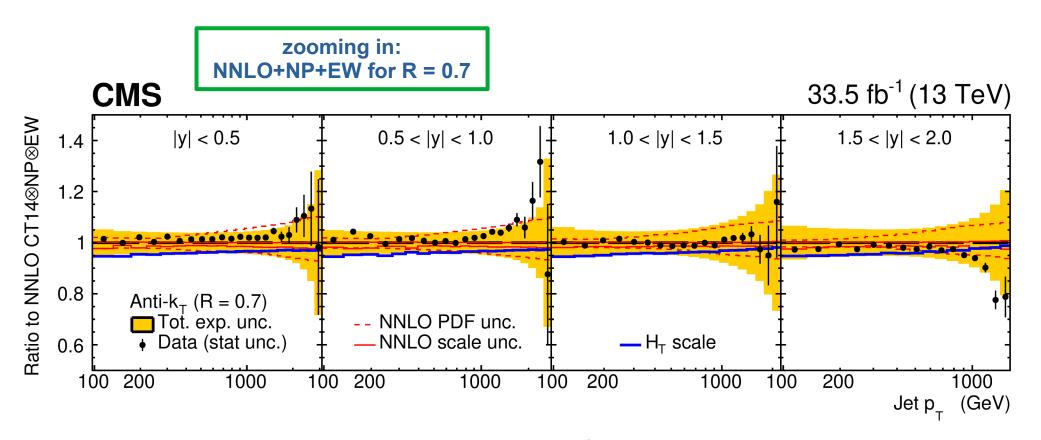


Inclusive Jet Cross Section



JHEP 02 (2022) 142

- key to test QCD at the highest achievable energy scales
 - double-differential measurements of R=0.4/0.7 anti-k_⊤ jet production



- ◆ agreement worsen using H_T as scale instead of jet p_T
- large PDF uncertainties indicate sensitivity to high-x gluon PDF



Inclusive Jet Cross Section

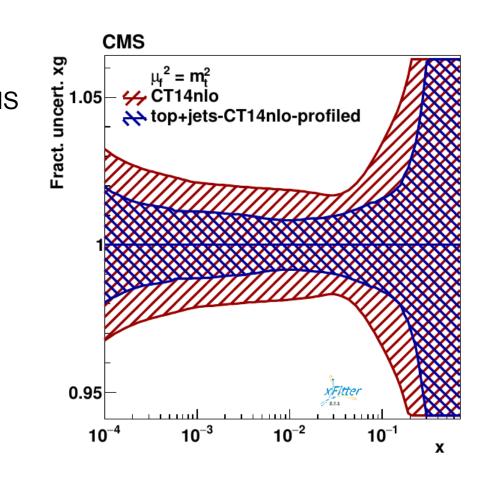


JHEP 02 (2022) 142

- key to test QCD at the highest achievable energy scales
 - double-differential measurements of R=0.4/0.7 anti-k_⊤ jet production
- QCD analysis at NLO of
 - R=0.7 jet cross sections
 - 3-dimensional tt cross section from CMS
 - charged- and neutral-current DIS cross sections of HERA

$$\alpha_s (m_z) = 0.1188 \pm 0.0031$$

$$m_{top}^{pole} = 170.4 \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV}$$



significantly improved top mass and gluon PDF



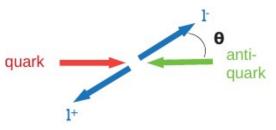


arXiv:2202.12327 [hep-ex]

stringent test of V-A of electroweak sector

$$A_{FB} = (N (\cos \theta_{I-} > 0) - N (\cos \theta_{I-} < 0)) / (N (\cos \theta_{I-} > 0) + N (\cos \theta_{I-} < 0))$$

forward configuration:





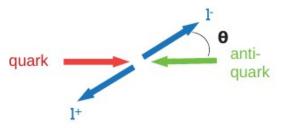


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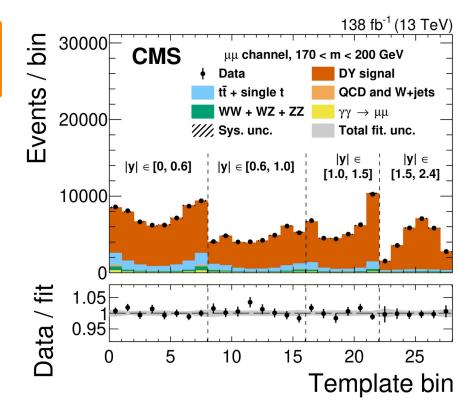
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extract A_{FB} from a template fit in bins of lepton pair rapidity |y| and cos θ

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}\cos\theta} \propto \frac{3}{8} \left[1 + \cos^2\theta + \frac{A_0}{2} \left(1 - 3\cos^2\theta \right) + A_4\cos\theta \right]$$





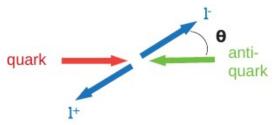


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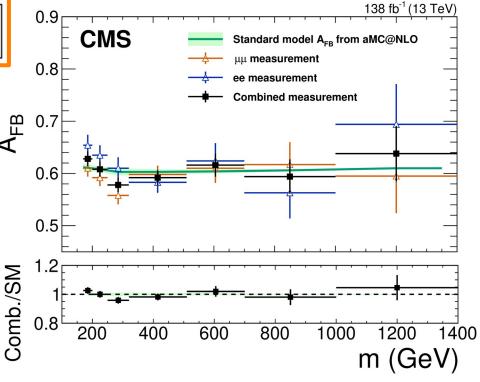




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combined A_{FB} in sync with SM expectation





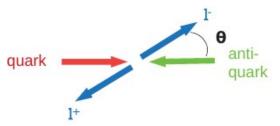


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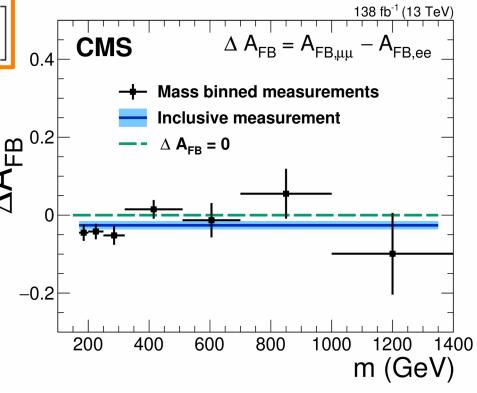
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- combined A_{FB} in sync with SM expectation
- split between electron and muon to test lepton flavor universality:
 - 2.4 SD different from 0





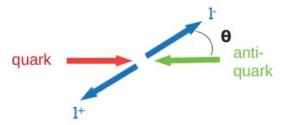


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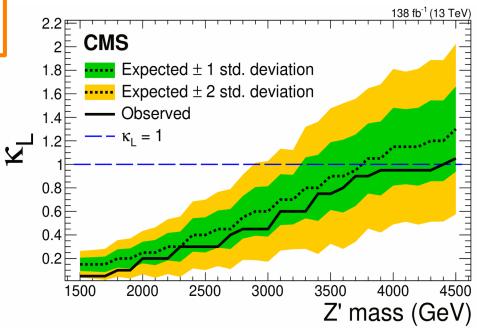




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- combined A_{FB} in sync with SM expectation
- split between electron and muon to test lepton flavor universality:
 - 2.4 SD different from 0
- complementary sensitivity to new Z':
 - lower mass limit of 4.4 TeV



powerful probe of BSM physics

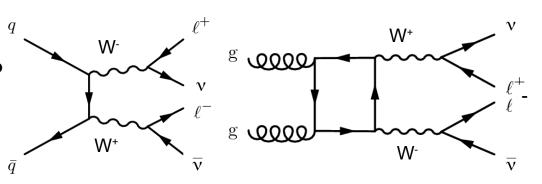


Diboson Production in BSM Phase Space



ATLAS-CONF-2022-011

 no direct link between searches and SMP measurements: control regions used to derive adhoc scale factors from data



novel approach by ATLAS:
 unfolded particle-level measurements in BSM
 (here SUSY) associated topologies



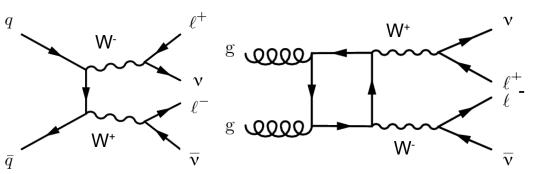


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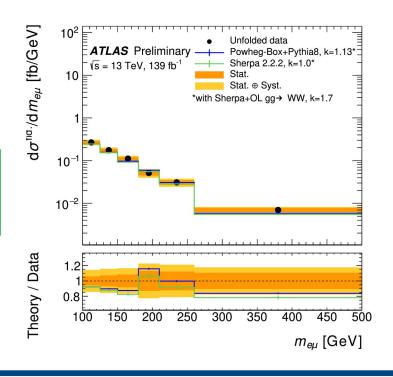
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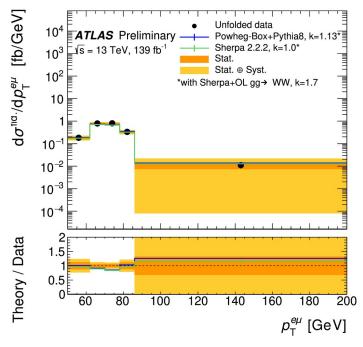


 novel approach by ATLAS: unfolded particle-level measurements in BSM (here SUSY) associated topologies

 $m_{eu} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ $60 < E_t^{miss}/\text{GeV} < 100$ $60 < m_{T2}/\text{GeV} < 100$

energy related observables generally well described





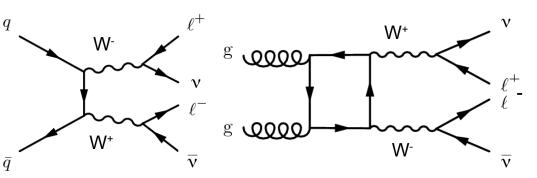


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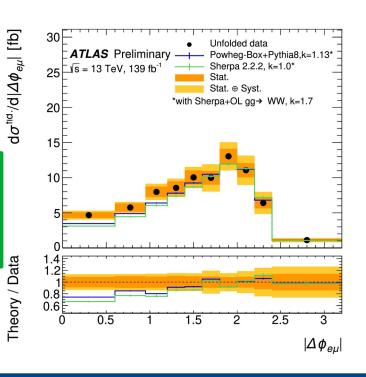
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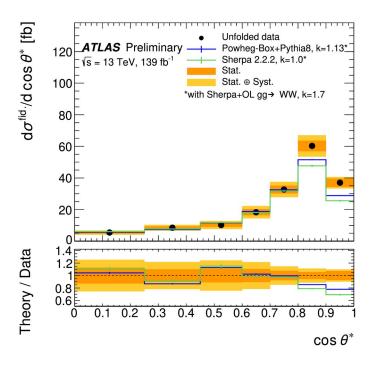


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region of small azimuthal angles and large rapidity differences underestimated







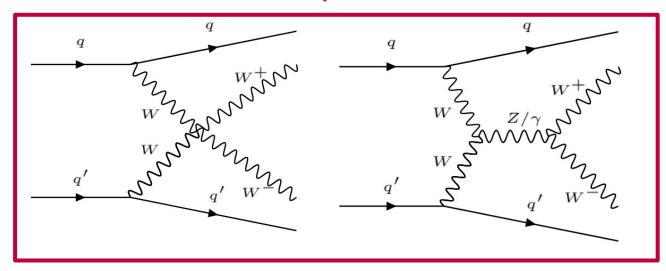
Observation of Electroweak W⁺W⁻ Boson Production



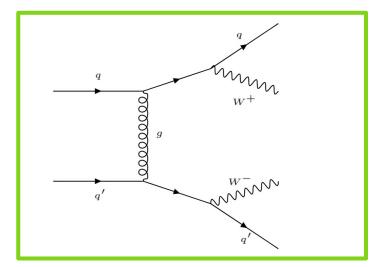
CMS-PAS-SMP-21-001

- first observation of W±W± using 2016 data only
 - W+W- more challenging due to large top background
- electroweak production characterized by large
 separation in jet pseudorapidity and high invariant jet mass

electroweak production



strong production





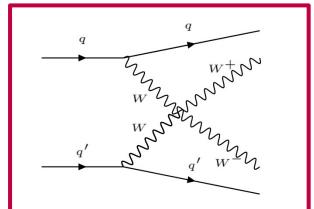
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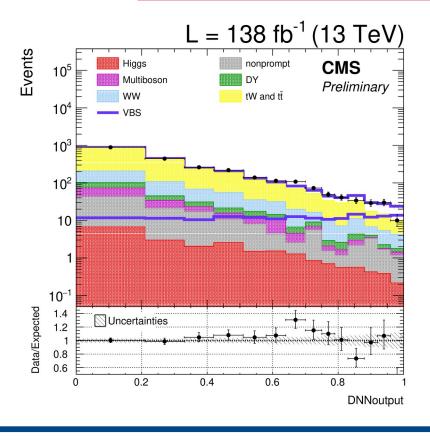




m_{jj}/Δη_{jj} bins for ee/μμ, DNN discriminant for eμ

$$\sigma_{\text{fid}}^{\text{obs}}$$
 = 10.2 ± 2.0 fb
 $\sigma_{\text{fid}}^{\text{theo}}$ = 9.1 ± 0.6 fb

- first observation with 5.6 (5.2) SD obs. (exp.)
 - dominated by statistical uncertainty
 - sizable systematic uncertainty from QCD scale choice for background

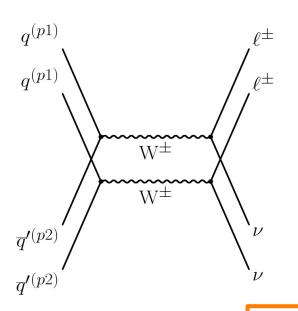


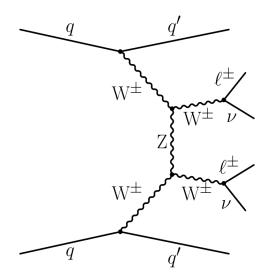




CMS-PAS-SMP-21-013

 DPS allows studying correlation of partons inside same proton





DPS vs SPS





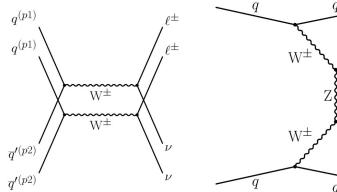
CMS-PAS-SMP-21-013

- DPS allows studying correlation of partons $q^{(p1)}$ inside same proton
- approximately described by

$$\sigma_{AB}^{DPS} = \frac{n}{2} \frac{\sigma_A \sigma_B}{\sigma_{eff}}, \quad (n(A=b)=1:2)$$

• $\sigma_{\text{eff}} \sim (\text{transverse inter-parton distance})^2$

DPS vs SPS







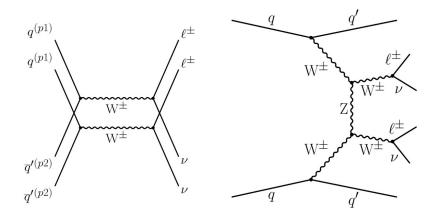
CMS-PAS-SMP-21-013

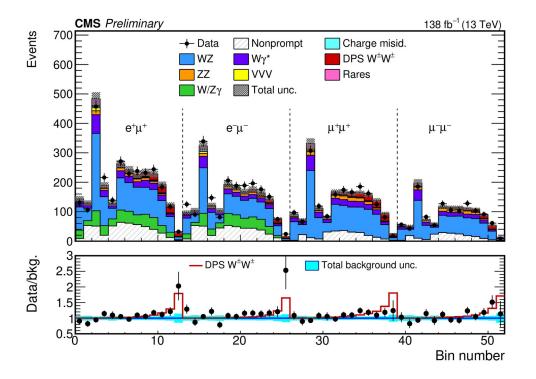
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- two BDTs to discriminate against WZ and non-prompt lepton background

DPS vs SPS









CMS-PAS-SMP-21-013

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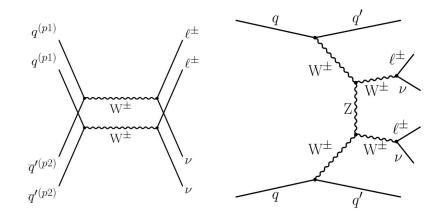
- $\sigma_{\text{eff}} \sim (\text{transverse inter-parton distance})^2$
- two BDTs to discriminate against WZ and non-prompt lepton background
- DPS with 6.2 SD observed

$$\sigma_{\text{incl}}^{\text{DPS WW}}$$
 = 0.16 ± 0.02 (stat) ± 0.02 (syst)
± 0.02 (model) pb

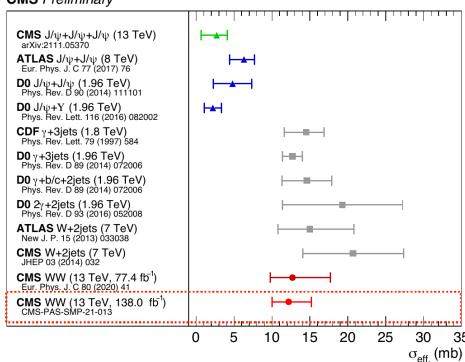
• effective cross section of 12.2 +2.9 mb in sync with vector boson results:

difference between qq and gg dominated processes

DPS vs SPS



CMS Preliminary



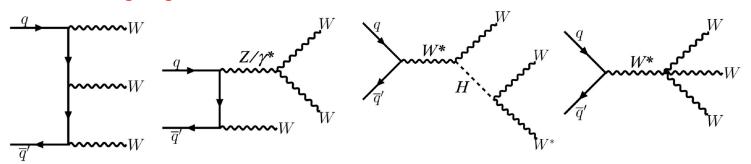


Observation of Tri-Boson Production

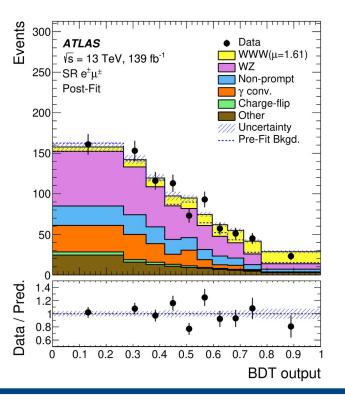


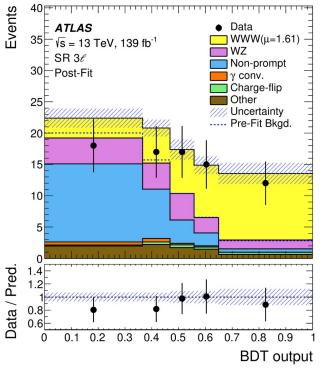
arXiv:2201.13045 [hep-ex]

direct test of gauge boson self-interactions



use BDT to enhance signal in 2l (e[±]e[±], μ[±]μ[±], e[±]μ[±]) and 3l categories separately





 μ (WWW) = 1.61 ± 0.25

2.6 SD different from NLO prediction of 511 ± 18 fb

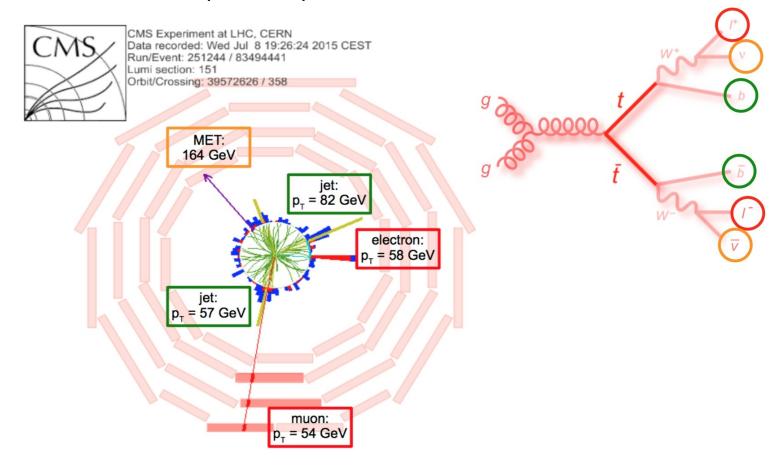
first observation of WWW

Differential Probe of tt Production



CMS-PAS-TOP-20-006

- variety of up to tripple-differential cross section measurements in dilepton final states
 - e.g. p_{Ttop} , $y_{t\bar{t}}$, $m_{t\bar{t}}$, $p_{T,t\bar{t}}$,...
- uncertainties halved compared to previous results



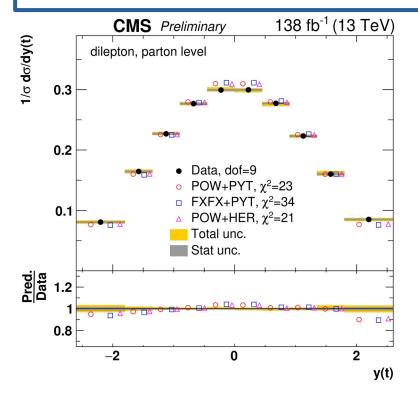
Differential Probe of tt Production

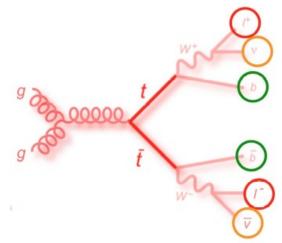


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NLO predictions slightly too central





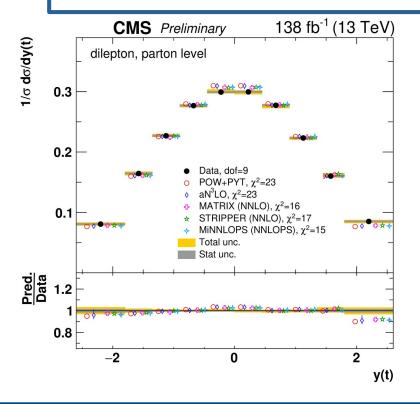
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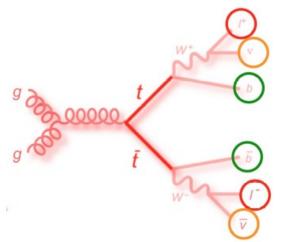


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best described by MiNNLOPS



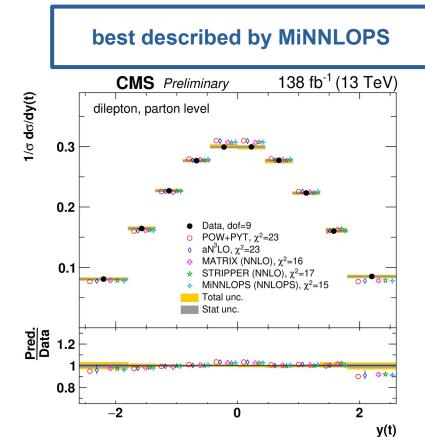


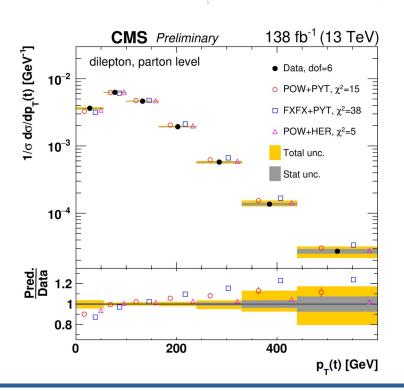
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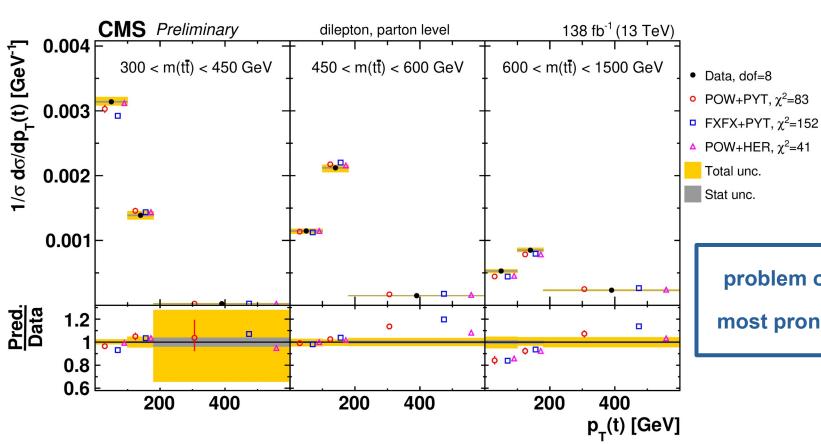
best description of top pT by Powheg+H7
MG5_aMCatNLO with add. jets at NLO worst

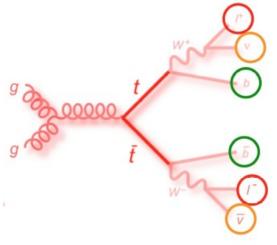
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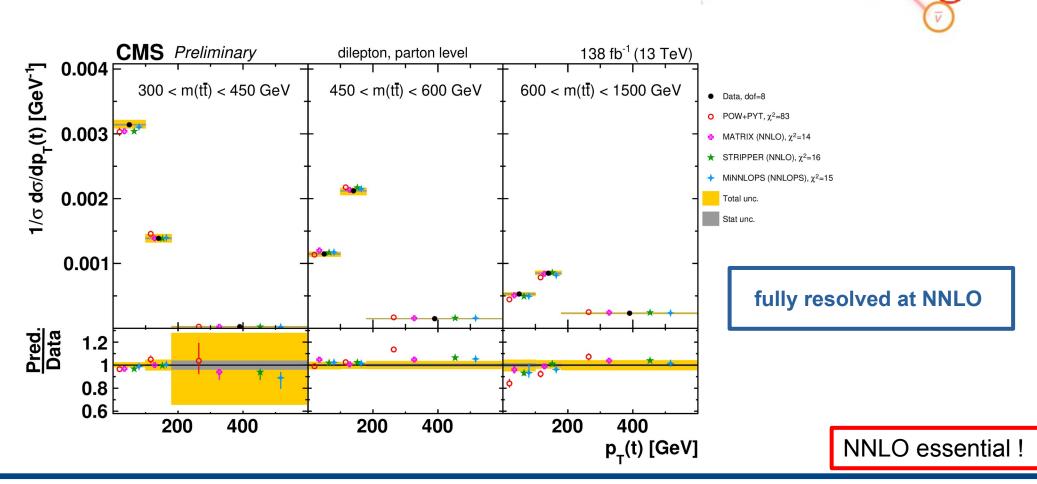
problem of top p_T modeling most pronounced at high $m_{\bar{t}}$

Differential Probe of tt Production



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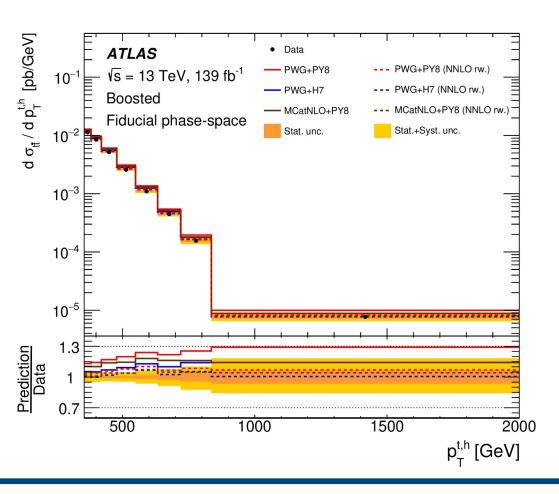


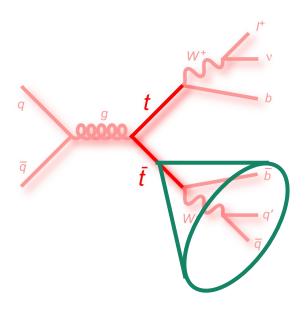




arXiv:2202.12134 [hep-ex]

- differential measurements probing boosted top quarks
 - reaching transverse momenta up to 2 TeV



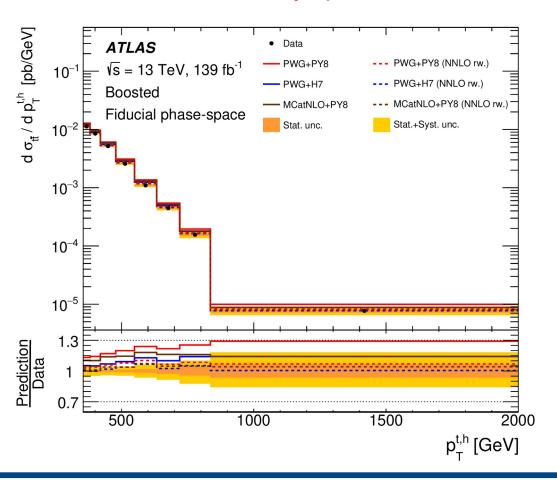


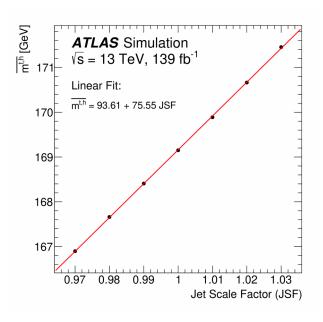




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- explore linear dependence of JEC on reconstructed top mass:
 - reduced uncertainty up to a factor of 4!



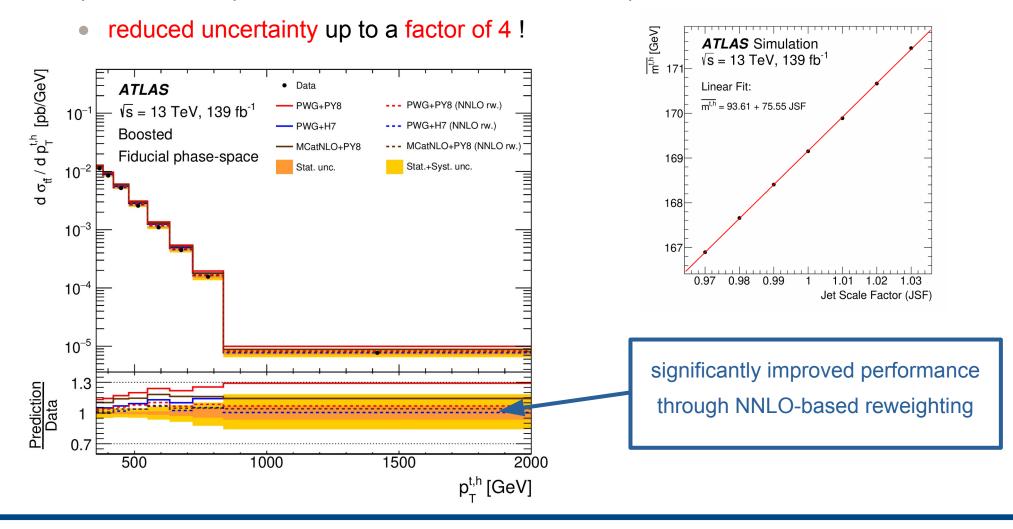






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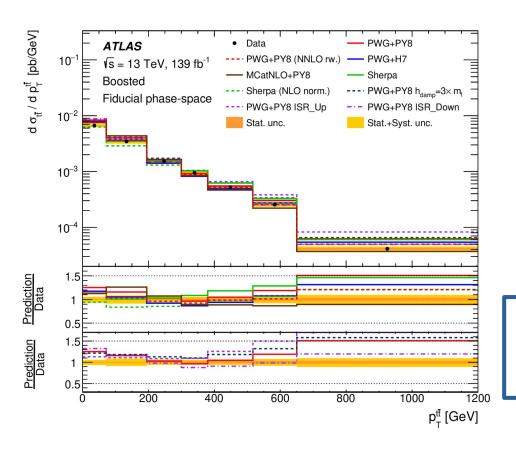


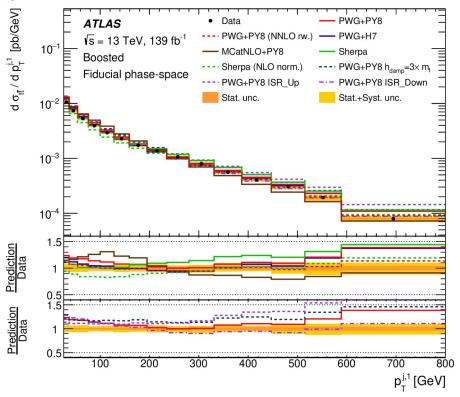




arXiv:2202.12134 [hep-ex]

- differential measurements probing boosted top quarks
 - reaching transverse momenta up to 2 TeV
 - studying QCD radiation in boosted regime





several predictions with significant discrepancies best results from Powheg+Pythia8 with reduced ISR

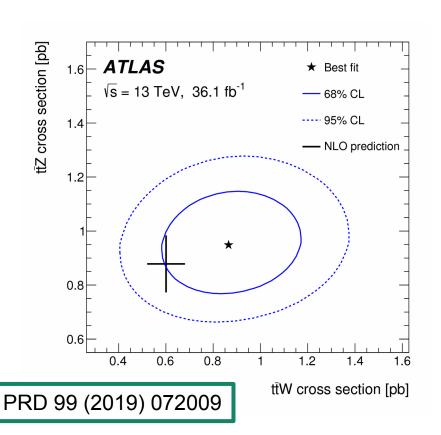


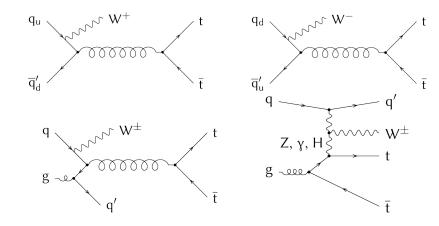
Understanding ttW

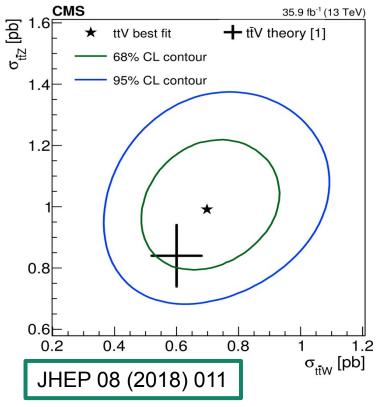


CMS-PAS-TOP-21-011

- ttW production dominated by qq
- previous results above SM (but compatible)





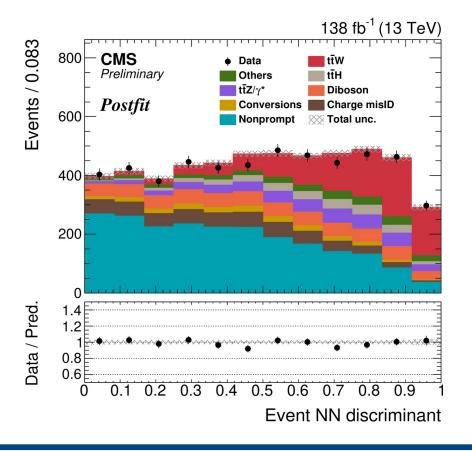


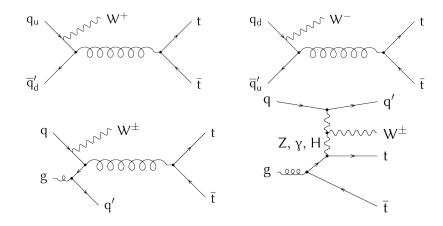
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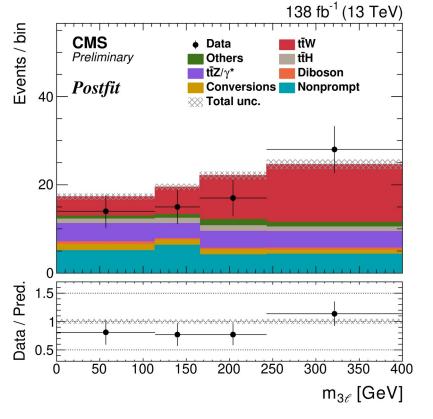


CMS-PAS-TOP-21-011

- ttW production dominated by qq
- previous results above SM (but compatible)
- explore NN discriminant in dilepton channel (left)
 and m₃₁ for final states with three leptons (right)





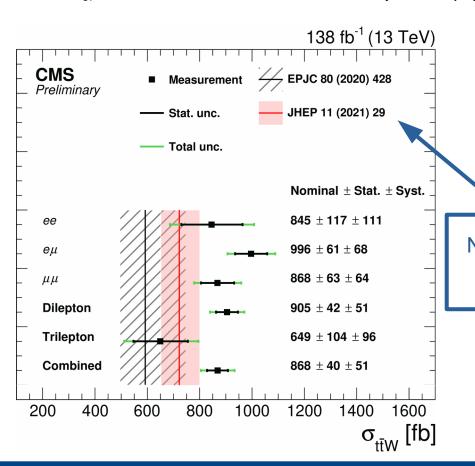


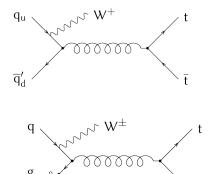
Understanding ttW

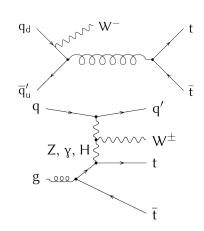


CMS-PAS-TOP-21-011

- ttW production dominated by qq
- previous results above SM (but compatible)
- explore NN discriminant in dilepton channel (left)
 and m₃₁ for final states with three leptons (right)







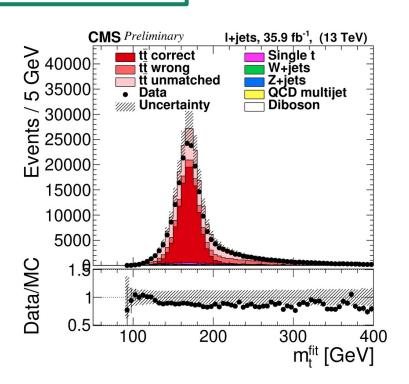
NLO with improved FxFx merging in better agreement small tension remains

close collaboration with theory crucial

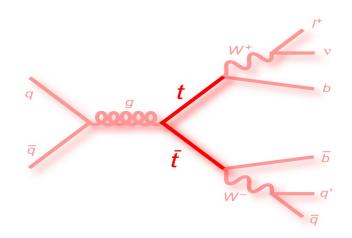
Pinning down the top quark mass



CMS-PAS-TOP-20-008



- baseline observable: m_t from kinematic fit
 - ~ 50% events with correct object matching
 - less than 5% background

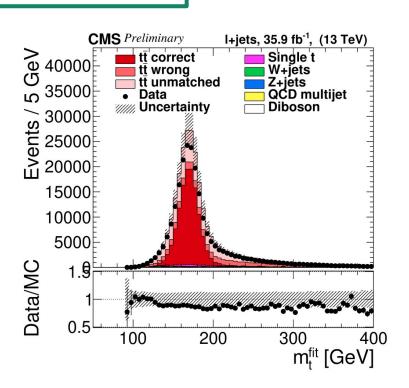


• m_{top}: key parameter to check consistency of SM

Pinning down the top quark mass

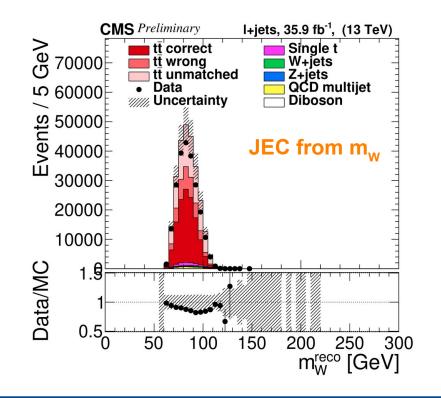


CMS-PAS-TOP-20-008



m_{top}: key parameter to check consistency of SM

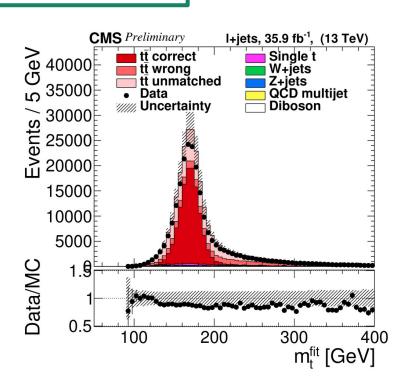
- baseline observable: m_t from kinematic fit
 - ~ 50% events with correct object matching
 - less than 5% background
- adding 4 complementary observables to constrain systematics → total reduction by 40%



Pinning down the top quark mass



CMS-PAS-TOP-20-008



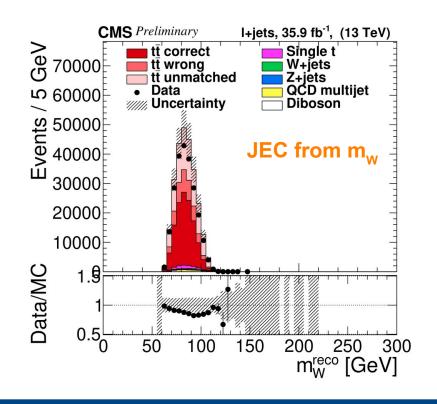
- baseline observable: m_t from kinematic fit
 - ~ 50% events with correct object matching
 - less than 5% background
- adding 4 complementary observables to constrain systematics → total reduction by 40%

• m_{top}: key parameter to check consistency of SM

$$m_t = 171.77 \pm 0.38 \text{ GeV}$$

 largest uncertainty from b JEC, parton shower and color reconnection

most precise top quark mass

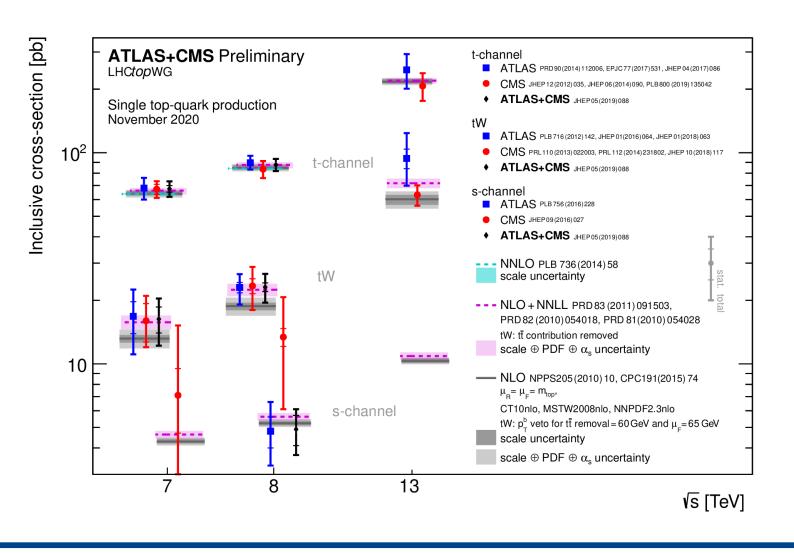


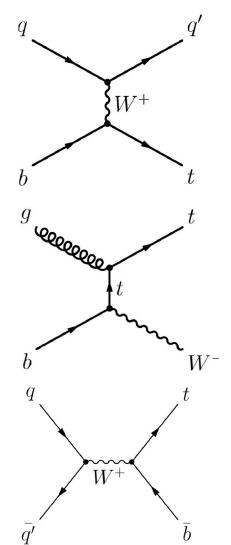


Electroweak Top Quark Production



- t and tW channels of single top production very well established at LHC
 - good agreement with SM predictions at 7, 8 and 13 TeV







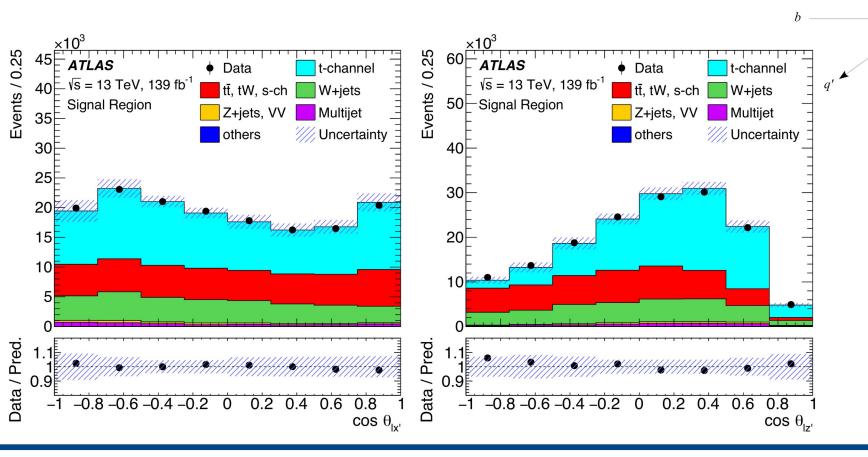
Studying Polarized Top Quarks



 W^+

arXiv:2202.11382 [hep-ex]

- single top quarks produced via V-A:
 maximally polarized along direction of spectator quark
- polarization inferred from template fit to three
 orthogonal angular distributions of lepton from top decay



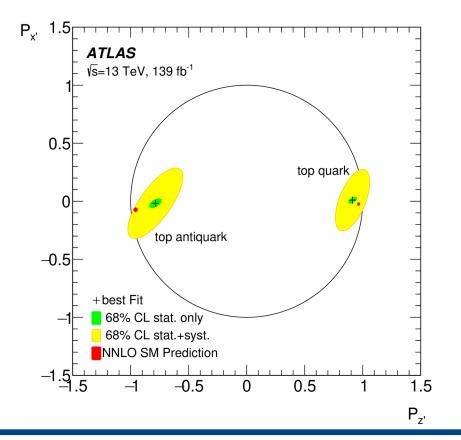


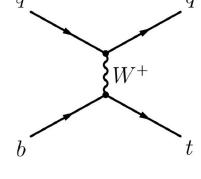
Studying Polarized Top Quarks



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- polarization inferred from template fit to three
 orthogonal angular distributions of lepton from top decay





excellent agreement with NNLO predictions for top quark and antiquark

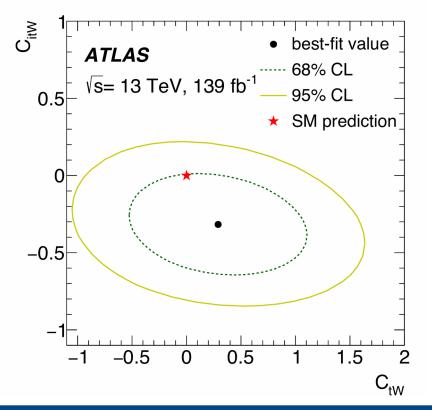


Studying Polarized Top Quarks



arXiv:2202.11382 [hep-ex]

- single top quarks produced via V-A:
 maximally polarized along direction of spectator quark
- polarization inferred from template fit to three
 orthogonal angular distributions of lepton from top decay
- use unfolded distributions of cos θ_{lx} and cos θ_{ly} to constraint C_{tW} and C_{itW}



limits on C_{itW} improved by factor of 3 compared to previous simultaneous fits

 W^+

spin: powerful and complementary probe of BSM

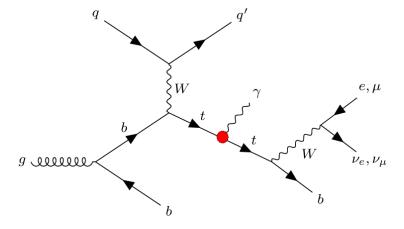


Observing Photon Associated Single Top Production



ATLAS-CONF-2022-013

fundamental probe of top-electroweak couplings



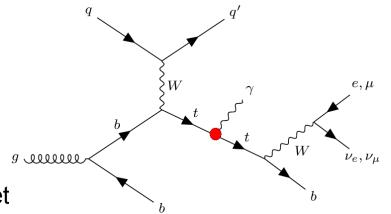


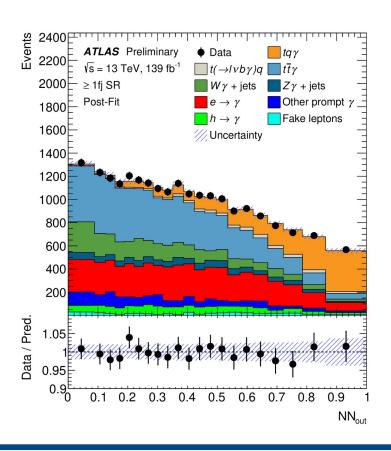
Observing Photon Associated Single Top Production



ATLAS-CONF-2022-013

- fundamental probe of top-electroweak couplings
- dedicated DNN provides clear separation between signal and background in region with tagged forward jet





fiducial cross section : $\sigma_{\text{fid}} = \sigma_{tqy} \times BR(t \rightarrow lvb) + \sigma_{t(\rightarrow lvby)q}$

$$\sigma_{\text{fid}}^{\text{meas}}$$
 = 287 ± 8 (stat.) ± 31(syst.) fb
 $\sigma_{\text{fid}}^{\text{theo}}$ = 207+26₋₁₁ fb (4FS, NLO)

- compatible with SM within 1.9 SD
- 40% increased result consistent with CMS

Summary



- ATLAS and CMS started a new era of particle physics
 - several new, rare processes with full Run 2 data set observed
 - boosted final states allow to probing new regions of phase space
- key to success
 - excellent performance and calibration of leptons, photons and jets
 - novel machine learning techniques (S/B separation, object identification, regression, ...)
 - simultaneous fits of several parameters including systematic uncertainties
- framework of effective field theory provides a universal language to preserve our results and might reveal first hints of BSM physics in high precision measurements