

Contribution ID: **3214** Type: **Oral Competition (Graduate Student)** / **Compétition orale (Étudiant(e) du 2e ou 3e cycle)**

(G*) A method to understand the effects of pileup in the DEAP-3600 detector

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DEAP-3600 is a single-phase dark matter detector that uses liquid argon scintillation to search for spinindependent weakly interacting massive particles (WIMPs).

Identifying background events is vital in WIMP searches due to the extremely small WIMP-nucleon interaction probability. To precisely model backgrounds, pileup—multiple interactions happening in a single event must be understood. Pileup can be studied using our periodic trigger—a 40 Hz, threshold-less trigger—which provides snapshots of what is occurring in the detector at random moments.

One method to study pileup in DEAP-3600 is by mixing the raw waveforms of periodic trigger events with physics events.

Primary author: BINA, Catherine

Presenter: BINA, Catherine

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