Compensation of TPA-TCT signal fluctuations using the 2nd harmonic





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Outline



- Description of the fiber laser setup at IFCA
 - _ Integrated optical bench
- TPA-TCT signal stability studies.
- Compensation of TPA signal fluctuations using the 2nd harmonic.
- Initial commissioning measurements: z-scan
- Summary and Outlook

Setup description and measurement conditions

Fiber laser



Beam conditioning (pulse picker, attenuation)

Pulse stretcher

DUT

Autocorrelator

Integrated optical bench

- $-\lambda=1550$ nm
- Repetition rate 100Hz (up to 8MHz)
- energy per pulse up to 10nJ
- full detail in FYLA's talk in this session.

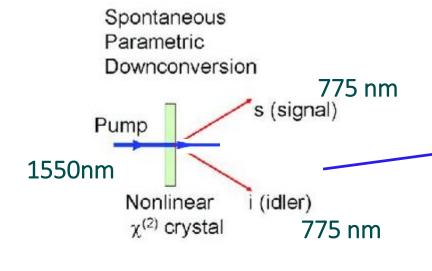


2ω monitoring diode

Motorized Stages

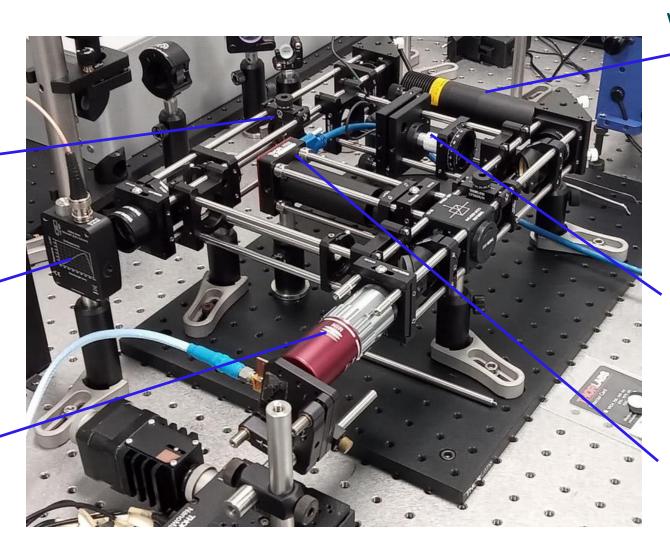
Setup description and measurement conditions (2)





Conventional Si Photodiode for 2ω monitoring

> Microscope Objective



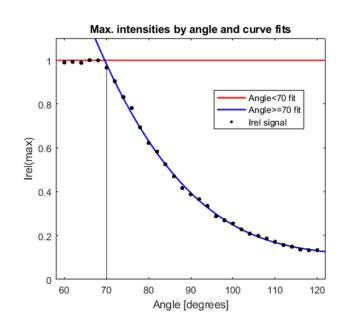
White light
Lamp for imaging

Diode Read laser for beam alignment

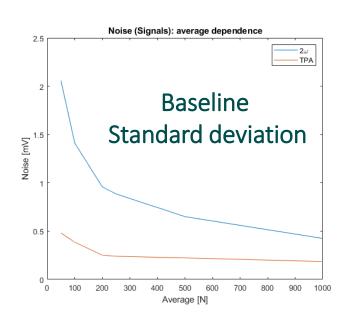
> CMOS Focus Imaging camera

Setup description and measurement conditions (3)

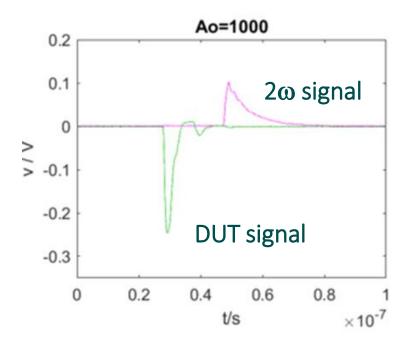




Fine tuning of pulse energy possible



Pick-up EM noise Suppressed by averaging

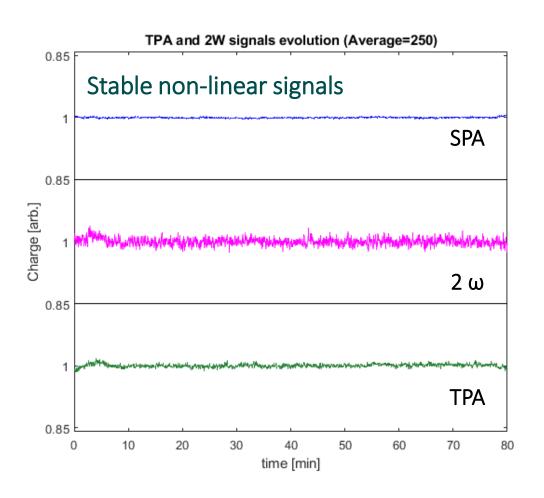


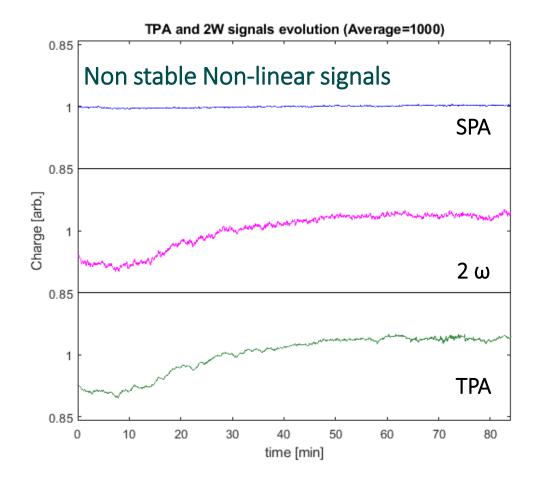
Good SNR in transient current

SPA, TPA and 2w signal stability



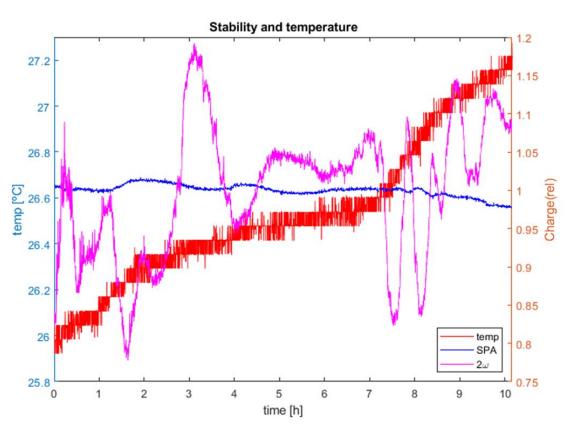
Laser power (excellent stability) does no guaranty non-linear signal stability



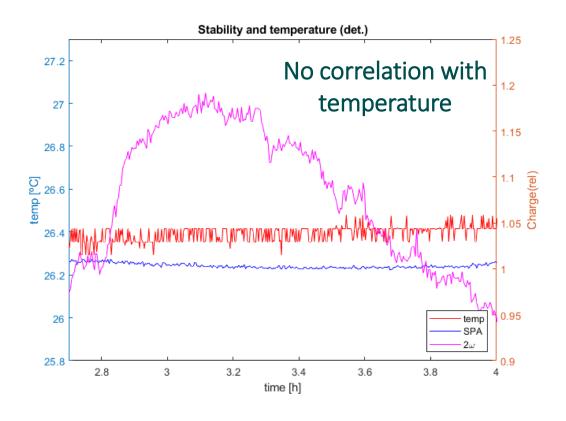


Non linear Signal Long term Stability





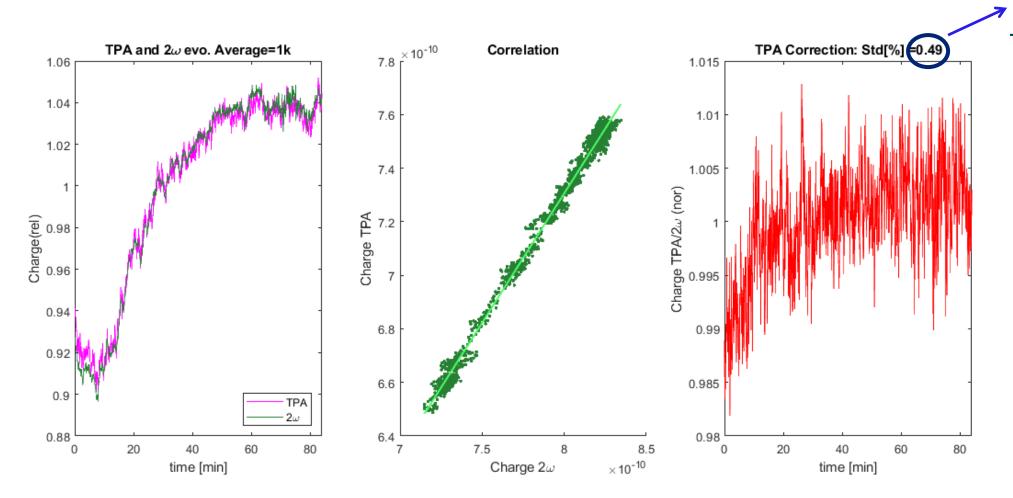
After more than 10 hours of laser warming up



Generation of 2nd harmonic and TPA vs 2ω correlation



Non-linear signals present and excellent correlation, 2ω signal can be used to correct for TPA signal drifts



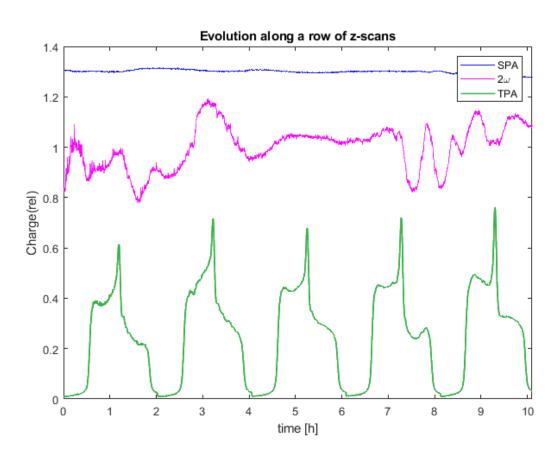
TPA stability
Below 1%

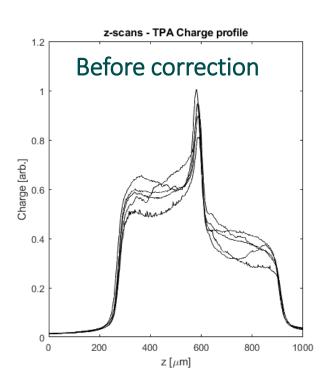
Corrected

2w compensation in a z-scan



Does it work also for a canonical z-scan experiment?





Reflection when focus Placed on it $PA/2\omega$ Charge profile After correction 0.5 Diode with 200 400 600 800 1000

 $z [\mu m]$

Effect of backside

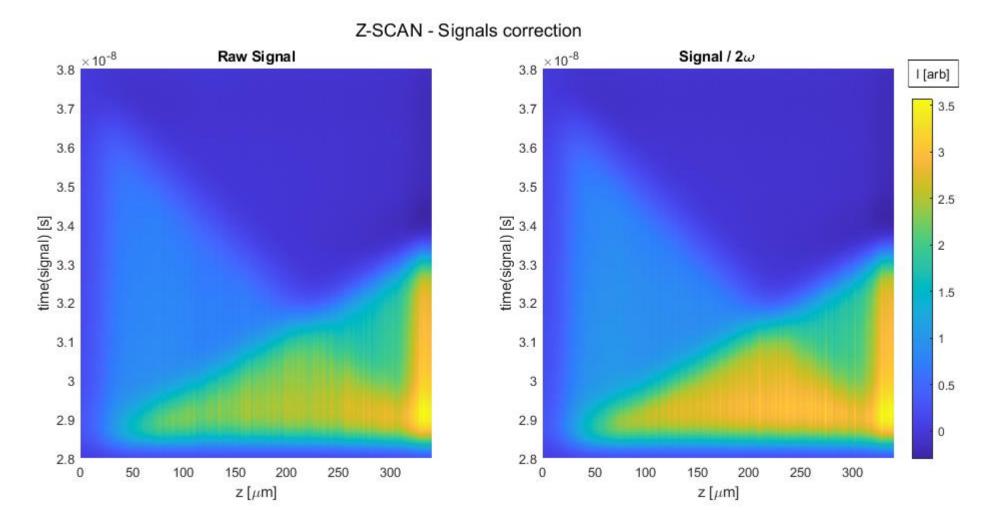
Five consecutive high-resolution z-scans over a 10h period

DUT about 300um FZ n-in-p diode with back-side fully metalized (100% reflectivity)

2w compensation in a z-scan



Canonical current – Z plot after correction recovers sharpness



Summary and Outlook



- The fiber laser based TCT-TPA system commissioning at IFCA in progress.
- Fully functional compact standalone optical bench successfully tested.
- Still missing important parts: faraday/black cage, cooling for irradiated samples.
- Non-stability of non-linear signals observed (5-20%).
- Correction of the TPA signal by the 2w signal recovers a TPA signal uniformity better at the 1% level with a negligible use of laser power for the 2w monitoring branch.
- Further studies on the origin of this non-stability are in progress, main suspicion is the non-stability of the laser spectrum inducing time profile changes in the pulses.