

# Controls changes overview

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# Introduction

Controls has seen significant change throughout.

Wherever practical, it has been backwards compatible.

Based on workshop session chair requests, topics covered:

- Development tools
- GUI strategy
- Logging service
- Post-mortem service

# Changes in controls

## Control system must be:

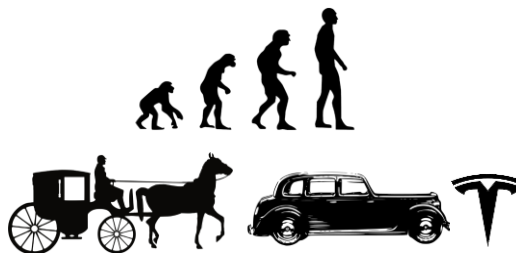
- Fit for purpose
- Adaptable
- Reliable
- Robust

## Some key values:

- User friendly
- Backwards compatible where possible
- External technology exposure managed
- Maintainable

## Drivers of change:

- Response to the evolving needs of **operations / equipment experts**
- Adapting to **external technology changes**
- **Consolidating** technical debt



## Always mindful:

Changes in controls can have a major impact across the sector

# Development languages & tools



LS2: Major migration from Java 8 to Java 11  
(breaking change)

Scope: most applications and services from Run 2



**Smooth transition for operations  
in 2021**

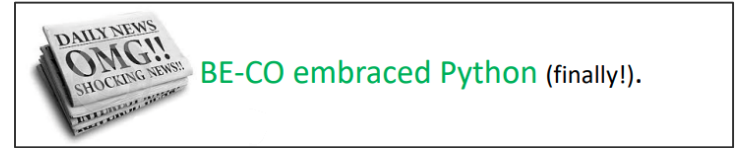
## Development modernisation:

- SVN to Git (and Gitlab)
- Devtools (CBNG 4) consolidation
- Acc-Java user meetings

Coordinated controls updates of third-party dependencies.  
Ready very early in the LS, offering stronger JAR compatibility.


*Response to feedback from [D. Jaquet & D. Cotte](#)  
“[BE-CO LS1 review: View from BE-OP](#)”*


# Development languages & tools




[C. Roderick 9th LHC Evian Workshop](#)

We've come a long way!


- Fully supported since 2019 in A&T sector
- Foundations, infrastructure and rationalisation
- Development of controls libraries adopted from across ATS 
- Creation of new controls libraries to meet user needs


**PyJapc**   
Fundamental device access

**PjLSA**   
API for LSA settings management

**PyCCDA**  
API for Controls Configuration

**accwidgets**  
Common PyQt CO widgets

**PyTimber**   
Access to logged data

**PyLogbook**   
Read and write from eLogbook

**PyRBAC**  
Access control token handling

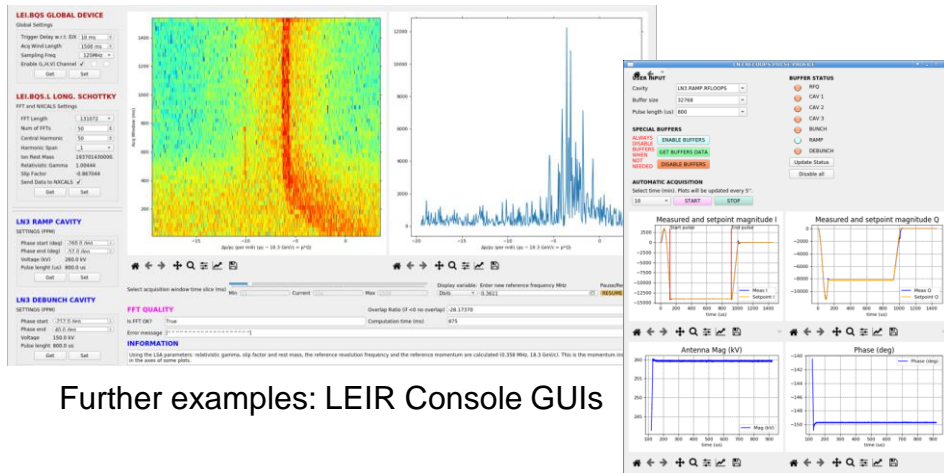
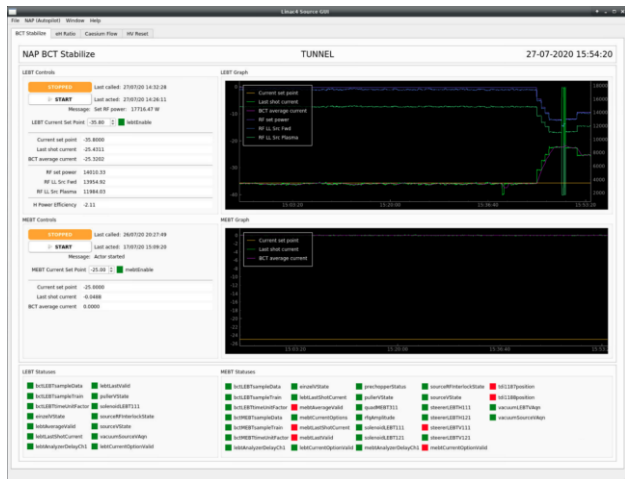
**Even more...**

[P. Elson et al., Introducing Python as a supported language for accelerator controls, ICALEPCS'21](#)

# Python apps in operations

An example is Linac4 Source Autopilot\*:

- Python GUI based on PyQt
- UCAP processing in Python



Further examples: LEIR Console GUIs

## Deployment tools

**2019:** Python app launch temperamental


**2020:** Provision of app deployment tool: common approach, integrated into Console Manager, robust startup

Regular Acc-Py user meetings


Over 400 users across the sector in 2021

\* Collaboration between BE-APB & BE-CSS

# GUI Strategy

Number of applications  (well over 500), and accelerating

Each application needs to be adapted to change manually (potentially during operation)

Technology evolving at increased pace 

Goal:

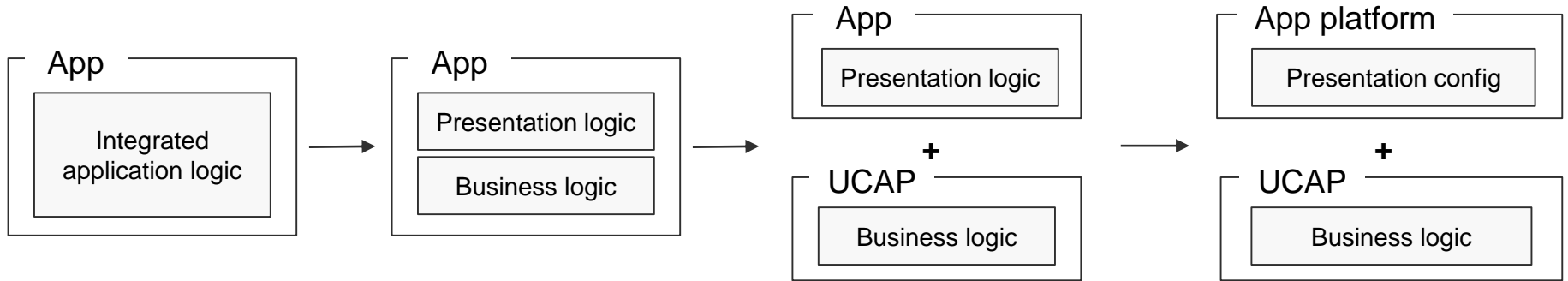
**Minimise the total maintenance cost of applications across the sector.**



# GUI Strategy

Strategy:

Reduce the *number* and *complexity* of manually maintained applications as much as possible.



→ Reduced maintenance cost



# GUI Strategy: Application platform

## Key features:

- Integrated with Control System lifecycle, with automatic migrations
- Zero-code applications, shielding users from inevitable GUI change
- Leveraging UCAP for data processing

## Web Rapid Application Platform (WRAP):

- Centralisation is essential for maintainability
- Web being embraced at many labs (as seen at ICALEPCS'21)
- Improved recruitment prospects
- Working on this as quickly as possible

## App platform

Presentation config

## WRAP over the next 12 months (and beyond):

Targeting the needs of a significant portion of the applications which are manually maintained today.

The screenshot displays an application editor interface. On the left, a sidebar contains navigation icons and a 'Data Sources' section with 'Devices' listed, including 'INCA\_JAPC.TEST1'. The main workspace shows a dashboard with two charts. The top chart, titled 'Device 01', has a purple callout box 'Application GUI canvas' pointing to it. It features a bar chart on the left and a line chart on the right. The bar chart shows a signal labeled 'ON' with a value of 231. The line chart shows a signal labeled 'ON' with a value of 231. The bottom chart, titled 'System Status', shows a grid of five cells, each labeled 'ON'. A context menu is open over the grid, listing options: Edit, Clone, Delete, Fullscreen, and Select to group. On the right, a configuration panel titled 'CMW Subscription Graph Configuration' is visible, with a purple callout box 'Widget customization options' pointing to it. The panel includes sections for 'Text & color', 'Graph', and 'Signals'. The 'Signals' section lists two signals: 'TestTimerDevice01/FastProperty#value' and 'TestTimerDevice02/ExponentialProperty#value'. An 'Apply' button is at the bottom right of the configuration panel.

Signal selection based on device metadata

Application GUI canvas

Widget customization options

An early example of the application editor

# GUI tools and strategy

Reduce the *number* and *complexity* of manually maintained applications as much as possible.

Still a need for bespoke (code-based) applications:



Applications will continue to need to be maintained and adapted manually

**Landscape is evolving:**

- [WRAP](#) (in development)
- FESA Navigator replacement (in development)
- Bespoke Applications

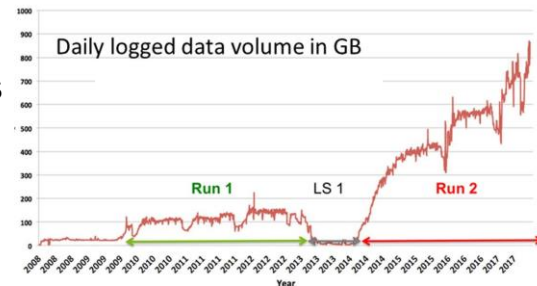
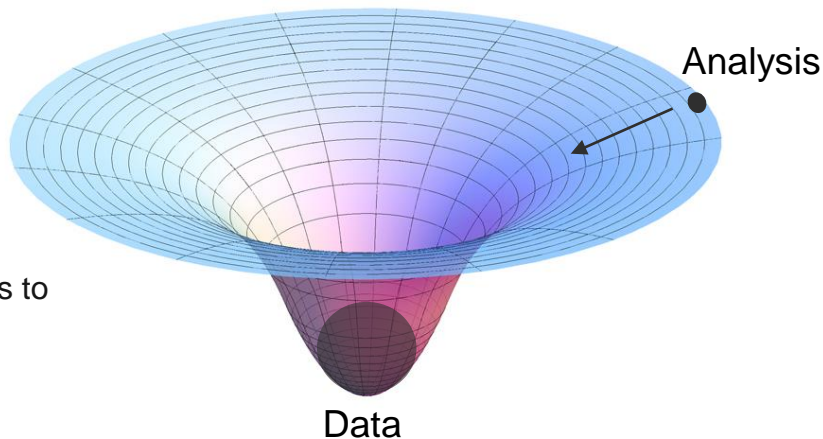
Stay informed through [GUI strategy user meetings](#) and [CTTB forums](#)

Let us know about your requirements: [acc-gui-support@cern.ch](mailto:acc-gui-support@cern.ch)

# Logging service: Motivation for change

Data growth makes it increasingly difficult to move data around in order to do analysis.

Instead, we need to take the analysis to the data (**data gravity**).



Evolution in volume of CALS logged data reaching over 800GB/day by end of Run 2

## NXCALS infrastructure



Event streaming (Device data)



Distributed storage



Data processing engine

NXCALS interfaces

(Industry standard "big data" platform)

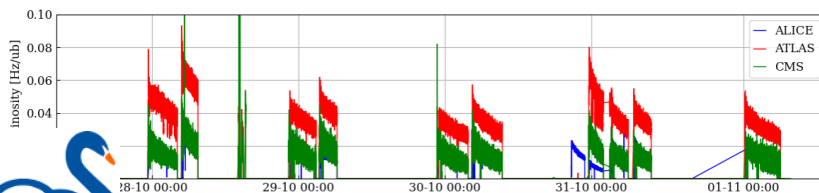
# NXCALS interfaces

- Programmatic APIs in Java and Python
- 1.3PB migrated and validated. CALS switched off 2021

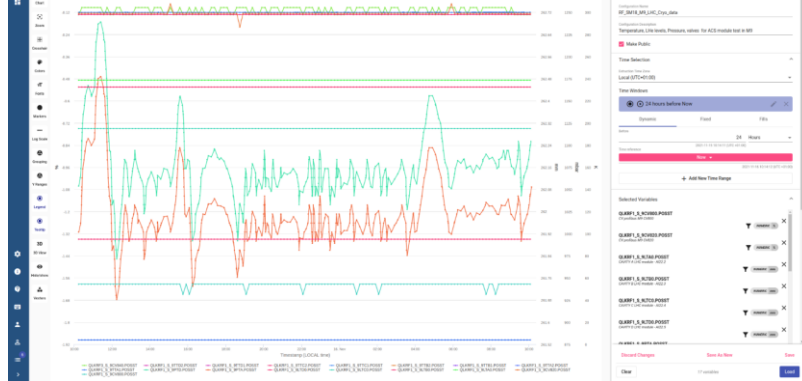
## User survey review:

- Extraction performance
  - Significant improvement coming for recent (T-48h) data. Will require NXCALS update in YETS.
- RBAC authentication
- Data reduction (downsampling, on-demand logging)

- (new) Logged LSA settings



Notebook based analysis using NXCALS on SWAN

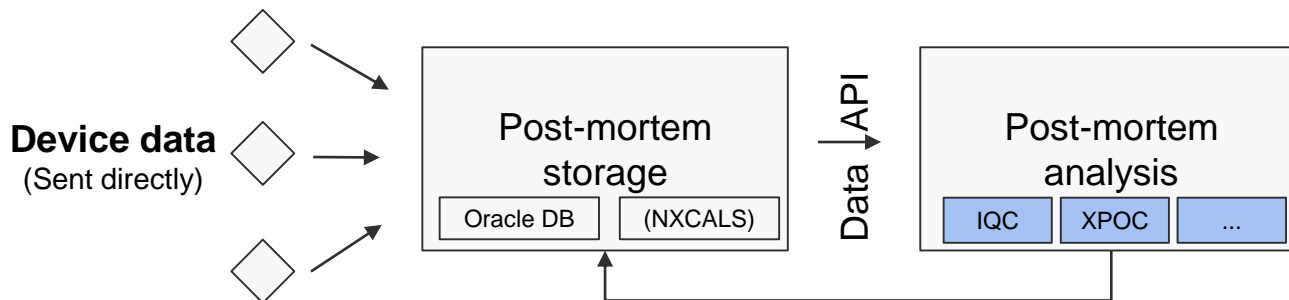


Timber (rewritten as a web application) [timber.cern.ch](https://timber.cern.ch)

Hierarchy Path	Variable Name	Status	Device Name	Property Name
LHC:Power Converters (40)				
LHC:Power Converters/1A5/PMALL (5)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A12 (84)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23 (10)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQD.A23.STATE	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQD.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQD.A23.REF	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQD.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQD.A23.DIFF_MA	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQD.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQD.A23.ERR_MA	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQD.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQF.A23.DIFF_MA	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQF.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQF.A23.REF	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQF.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQF.A23.V	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQF.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQF.A23.V_MEAS	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQF.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQF.A23.STATE	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQF.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A23	RPHE UA27RQF.A23.V_MEAS	VALIDATION_OK	RPHE UA27RQF.A23	SUB
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A34 (10)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A45 (87)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A56 (54)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A67 (13)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A78 (9)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/A81 (54)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/ML2 (6)				
LHC:Power Converters/Powering SubSector/ML4 (10)				

Self-service configuration via [ccde.cern.ch](https://ccde.cern.ch)

# Post-mortem refresh <sup>(TE-MPE)</sup>



- Dual instances: Core PM & SPSQC
- Improved scalability of data collection
- Replacement of underlying storage
- Introduction of new Data API (REST)
- Backwards compatibility for PM analysis

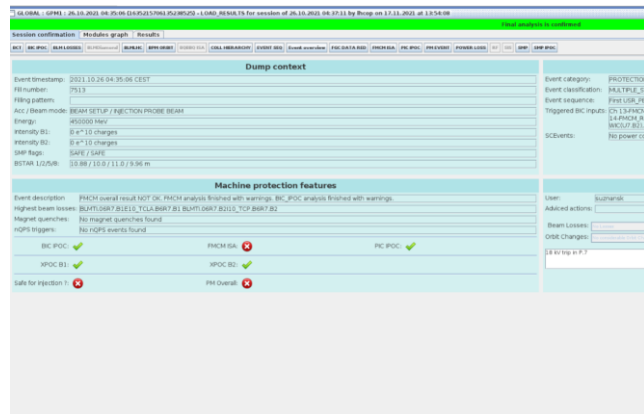
## Challenging requirements

- Large volumes of data
- Must be processed quickly and reliably
- Difficult to fully test without beam

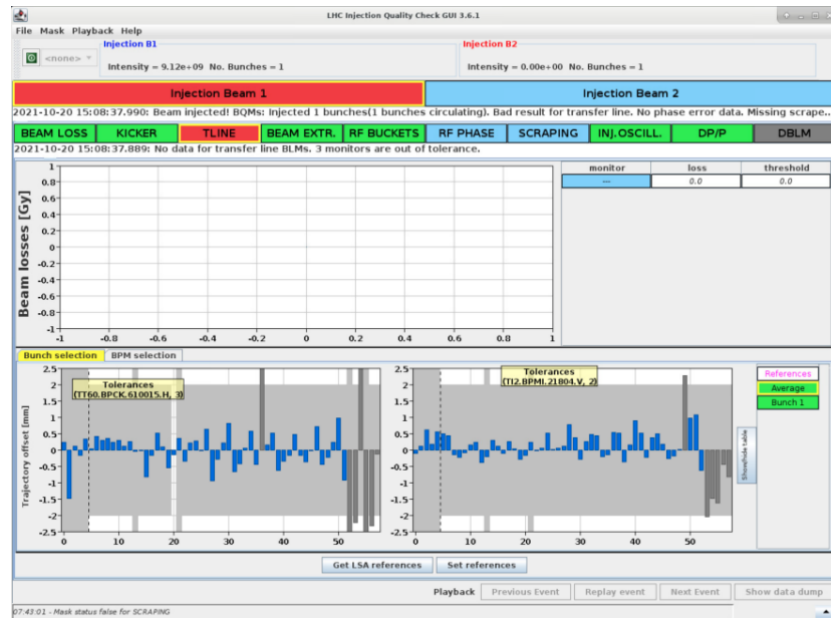
# Post-mortem refresh (TE-MPE)

## Outcomes of 2021

- Validated during operations, incl. LHC beam test
- Identification and resolution of performance issues
- Unable to dump to both PM storage instances (as required for SPSQC & IQC)



PM example from beam test 2021



Injector Quality Check (from Y. Dutheil's talk) with incomplete analysis possibly due to the need for data in both instances (Core PM & SPSQC)

## Plans

- Addressing remaining issues identified in beam test
- Long-term storage of PM data on NXCALS
- Full offline analysis functionality (incl. Pre LS2)

# Software lifecycle management

External technology evolution is **accelerating**

*More frequent releases, shorter lifetime (Java, Python, Linux OS, ...)*

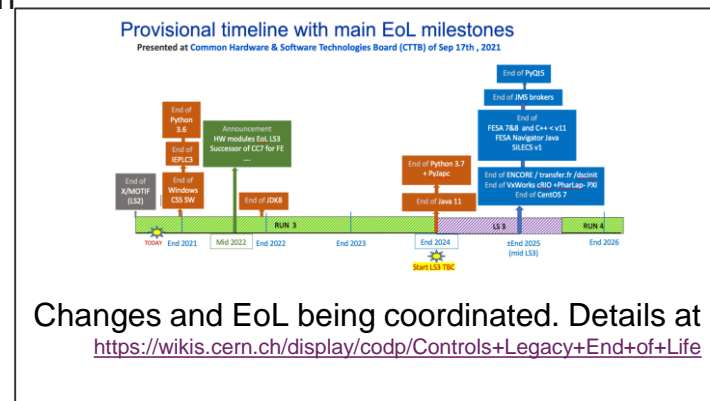
External releases don't necessarily align with the Run schedule/duration

Software end-of-life is an essential part of maintaining a healthy control system

## LS3 will be a major milestone for software end-of-life

- Linux CentOS7 officially end of life during Run 3:
  - FECs remain CC7 until end of run
  - Consoles and servers to be upgraded mid-Run
- Java upgrade ~2023

The longer the run, the more external change we will be exposed to.





# Summary

A lot of change during LS2, huge effort and mostly backwards compatible.

Successfully validated by operations in 2021.

Change is essential, but can be disruptive. We try to mitigate impact as much as possible.

Regularly engaging with user communities to:

- Understand and follow-up on user needs
- Raise awareness of changes as early as possible

**We're looking forwards to a successful Run 3, and to continuing our fruitful collaborations throughout the sector!**