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# UCLA Breakdown & HG Research Updates

## HG2022

Gerard Lawler<sup>1</sup>, Fabio Bosco<sup>2</sup>, Atsushi Fukusawa<sup>1</sup>, Zenghai Li<sup>3</sup>, Nathan Majernik<sup>1</sup>,  
Andrea Mostacci<sup>4</sup>, Brian Naranjo<sup>1</sup>, Jake Parsons<sup>1</sup>, Bruno Spataro<sup>4</sup>, Arathi Suraj<sup>1</sup>, Sami  
Tantawi<sup>3</sup>, Yusuke Sakai<sup>1</sup>, Oliver Williams<sup>1</sup>, and James Rosenzweig<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> UCLA, Los Angeles, CA, USA 90095

<sup>2</sup> Sapienza University of Rome, Rome, Italy

<sup>3</sup> SLAC, Menlo Park, CA, USA 94025

<sup>4</sup> LNF-INFN, Frascati, Italy



# Outline of presentation

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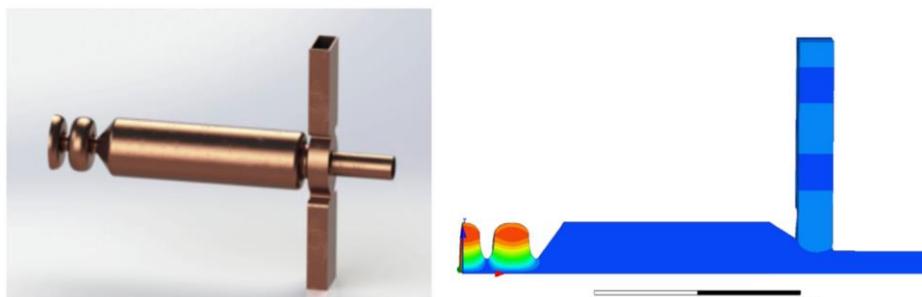
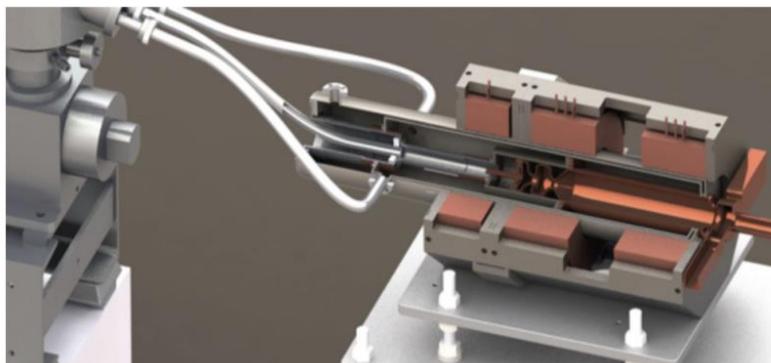


1. Background
2. Facilities overview
3. Experiment & Simulation
  - a) LLRF
  - b) High power C-band
  - c) CYBORG Beamline
  - d) UCXFEL photoinjector development
4. Conclusions

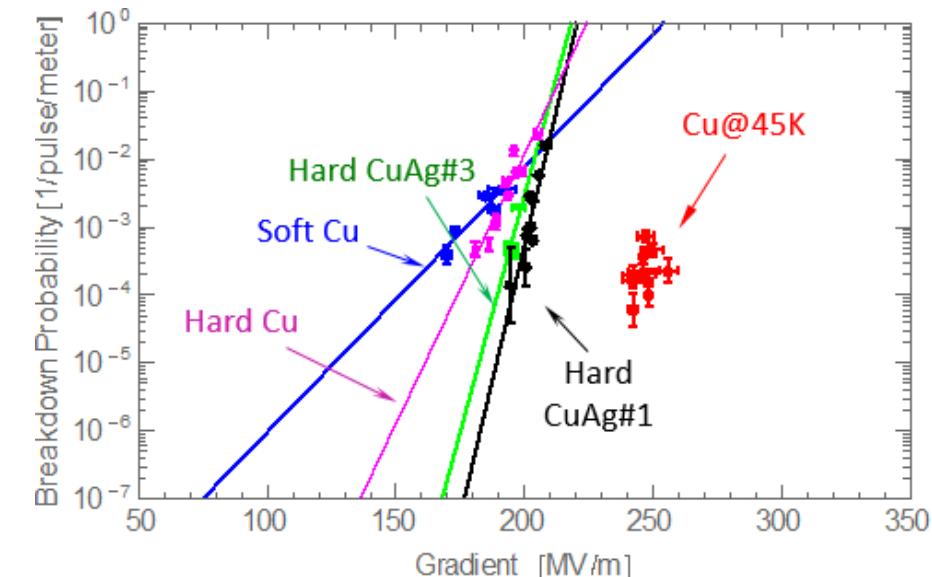


# 1) Background

- Significant focus photoinjector; wakefield; fundamental high field physics
- Based on normal conducting cryogenic gradient improvements which consider high gradient photoinjector
- TopGun previous development in Sband



$$B_{e,b} \approx \frac{2ec\varepsilon_0}{k_B T_c} (E_0 \sin \varphi_0)^2$$



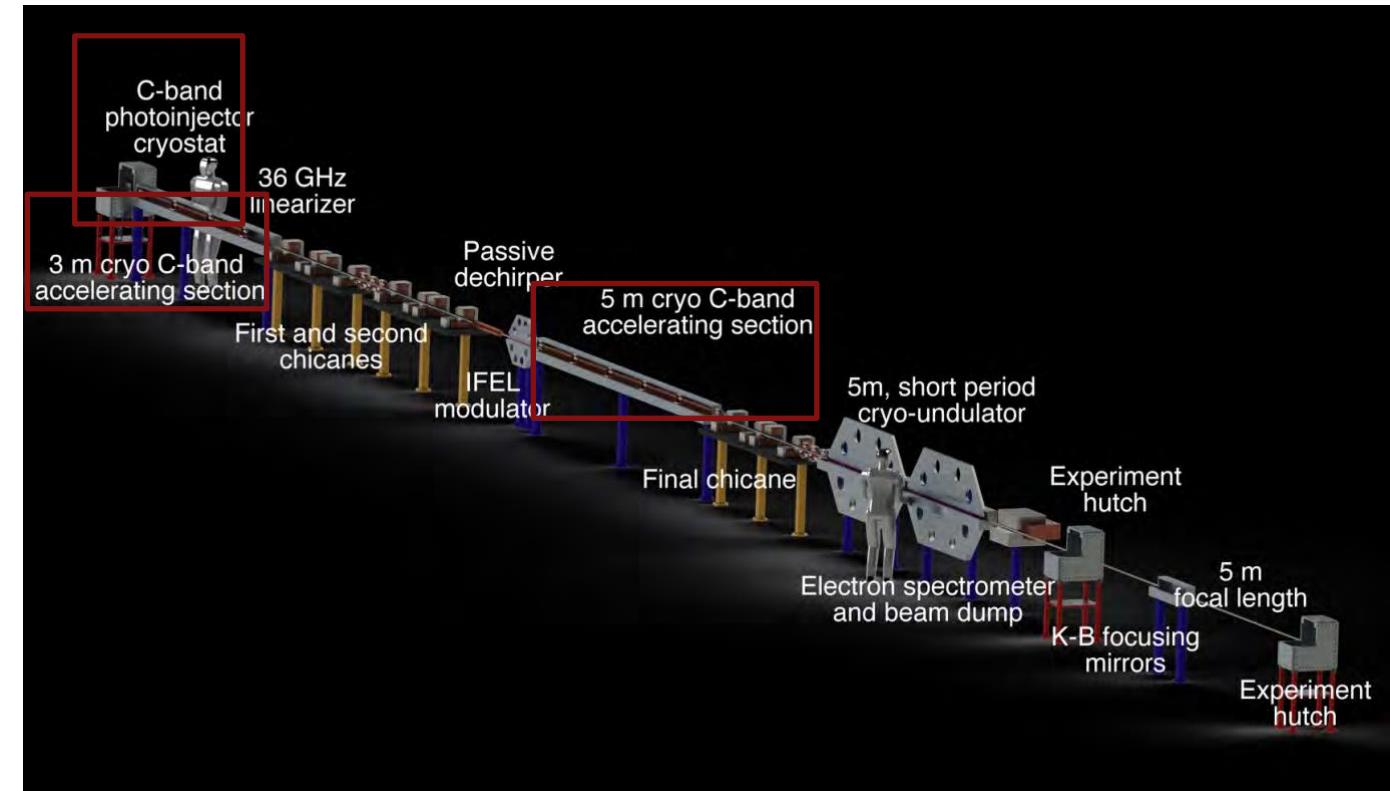
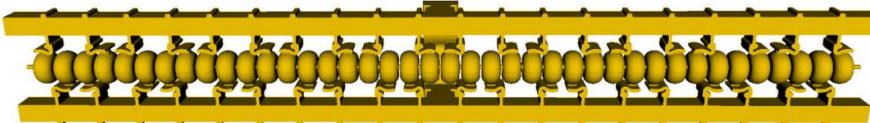
Next generation high brightness electron beams from ultrahigh field cryogenic rf photocathode sources  
JB Rosenzweig, et al. - Physical Review Accelerators and Beams, 2019



# 1) Motivational Cases



- Ultra-compact xray free electron laser (UCXFEL) concept, 40 m
- Multiple sections dependent on cryogenic operation
- Photoinjector and associated cryostat most relevant for now
- Cool Copper Collider ( $C^3$ ) linac section (below)

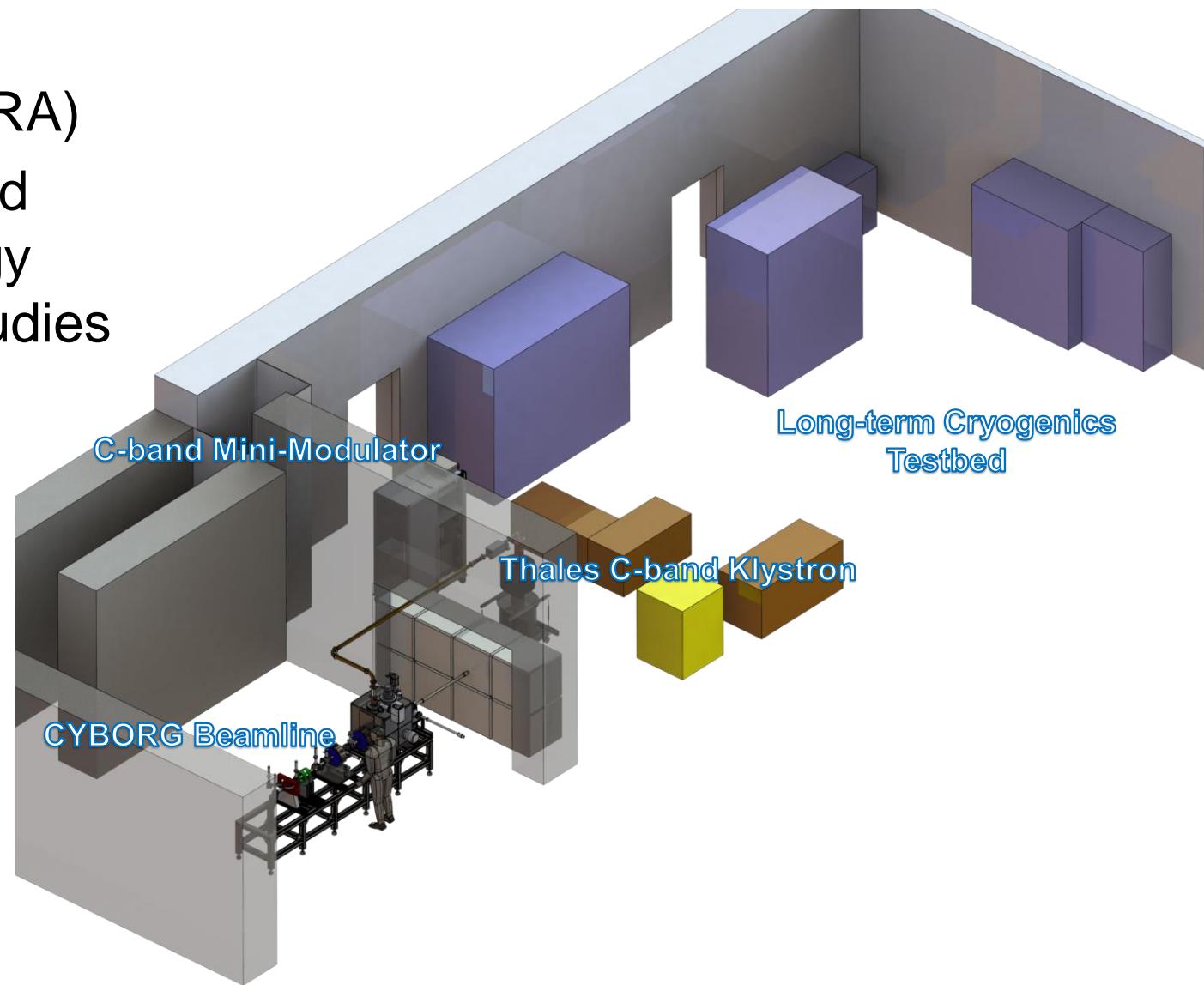
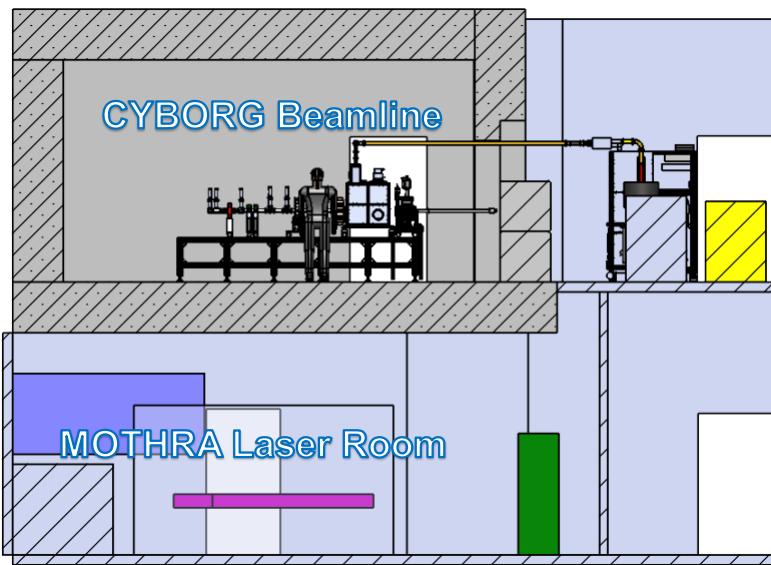




## 2) MOTHRA Lab

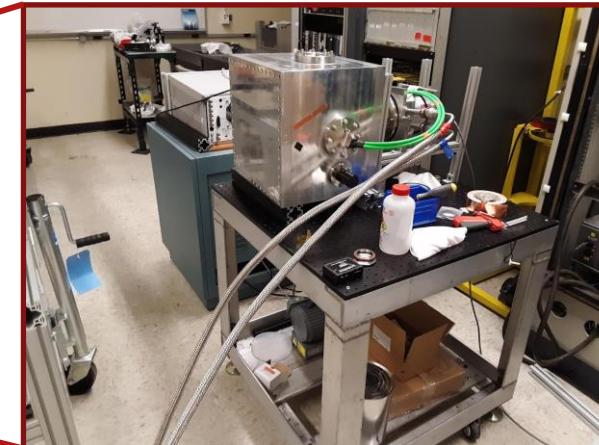
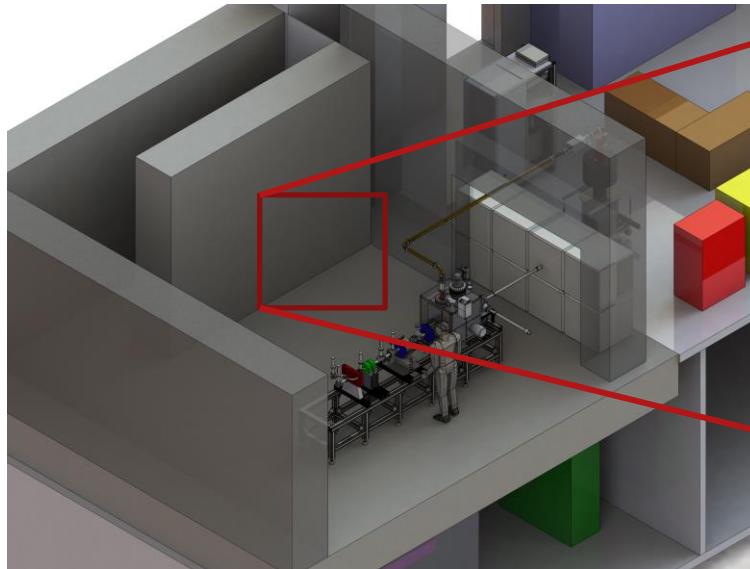


- Multi-Option Testing of High-field Radiofrequency Accelerators (MOTHRA)
- Suitable for cryogenics testing; C-band infrastructure development; low energy (single MeV) beamline for cathode studies



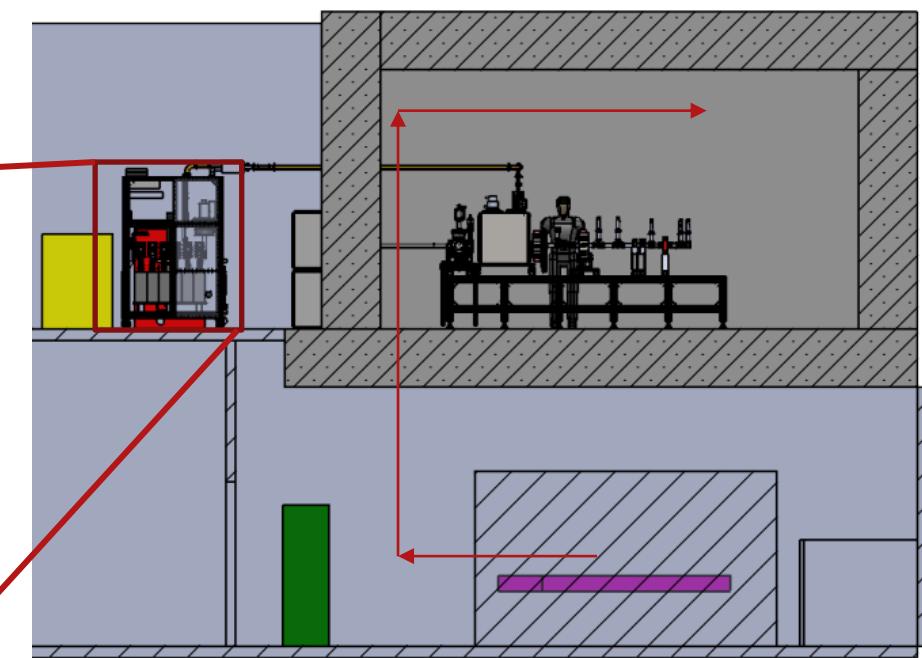
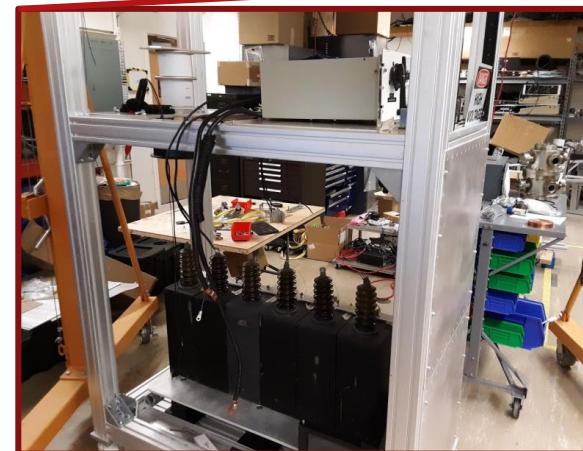


## 2) MOTHRA Lab



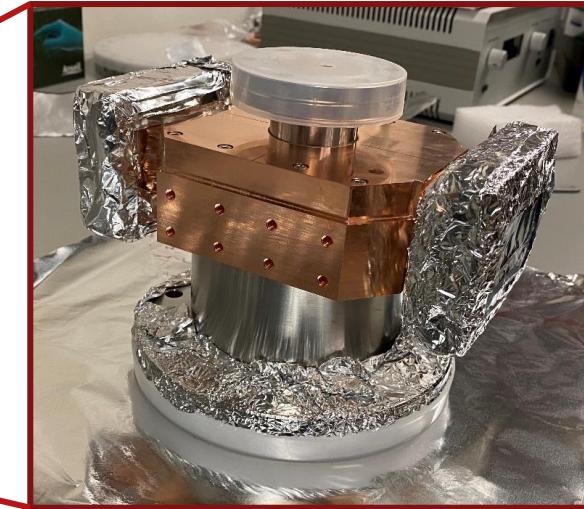
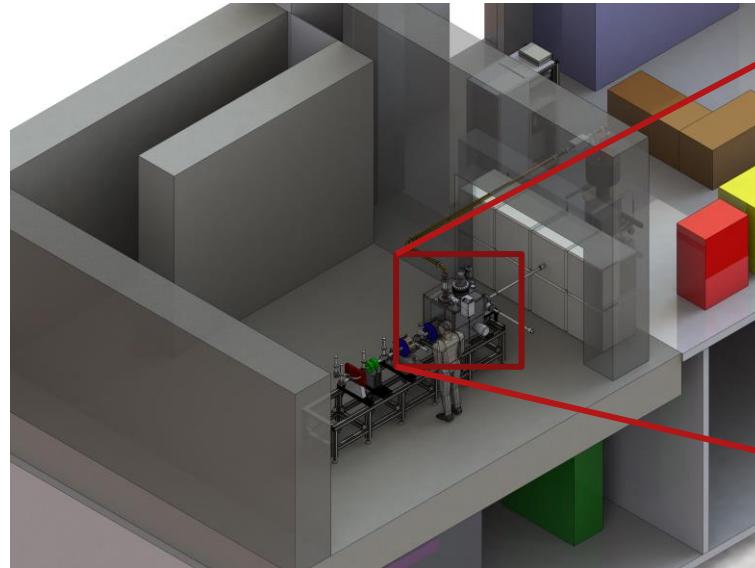
- Cryogenic cooling system development setup (cryostat v1, left)
- Conduction cooling setup for cost effectiveness and future miniaturization concerns

- C-band modulator construction (right)

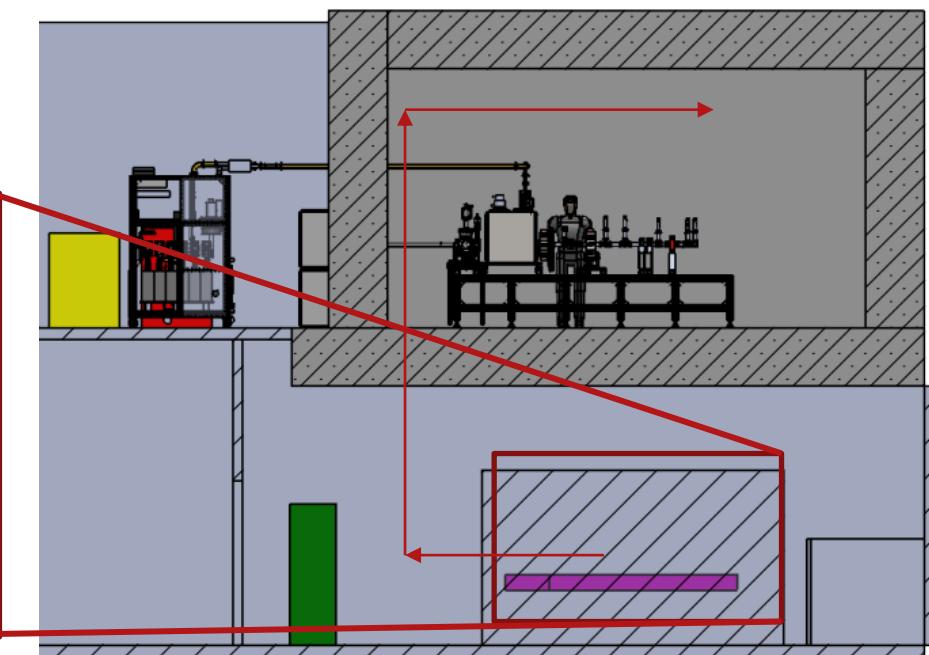




## 2) MOTHRA Lab



- Cryogenic cathode diagnostic test bed
- Using load lock-enabled  $\frac{1}{2}$  cell high gradient photogun (CYBORG, left)



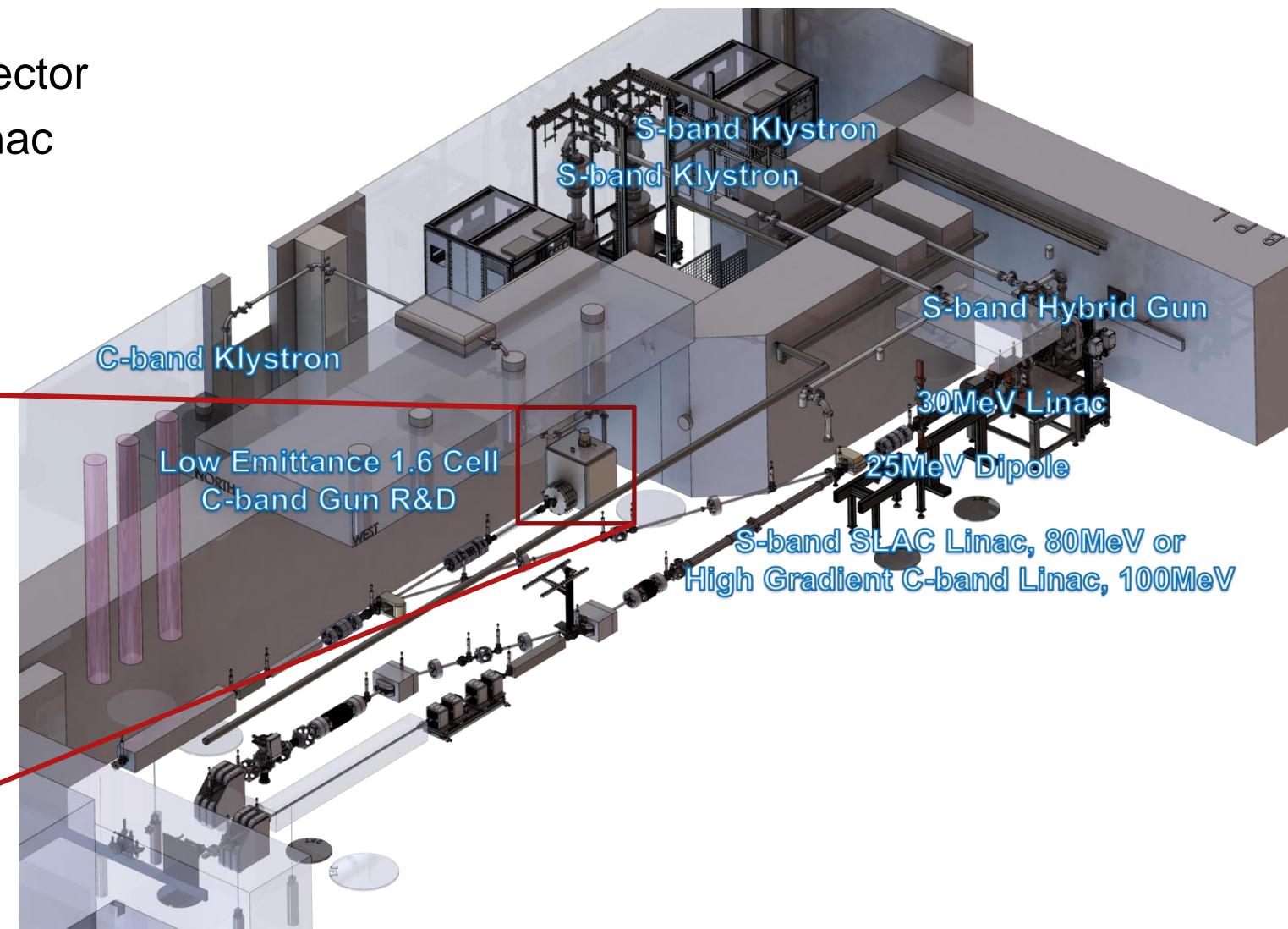
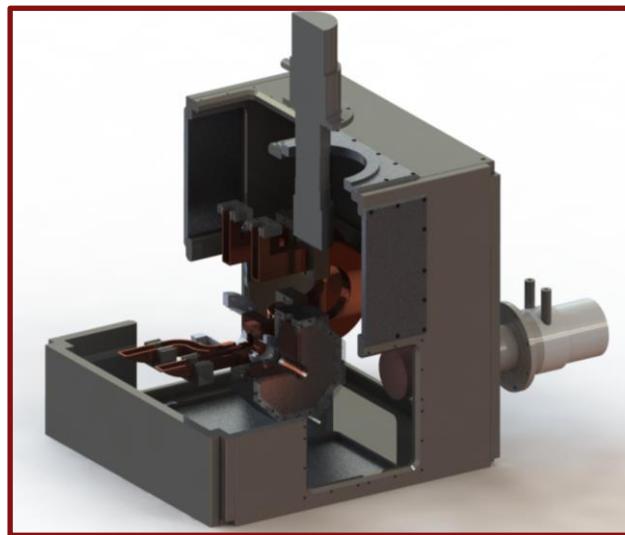
- Clean room for UV production using legacy SLAC GTF setup



## 2) SAMURAI Lab



- Samurai lab & bunker space
- Operational with S-band hybrid photoinjector
- Suitable for high energy high gradient linac development (10s-100s MeV); UCXFEL demonstrators; C-band high gradient photoinjector research



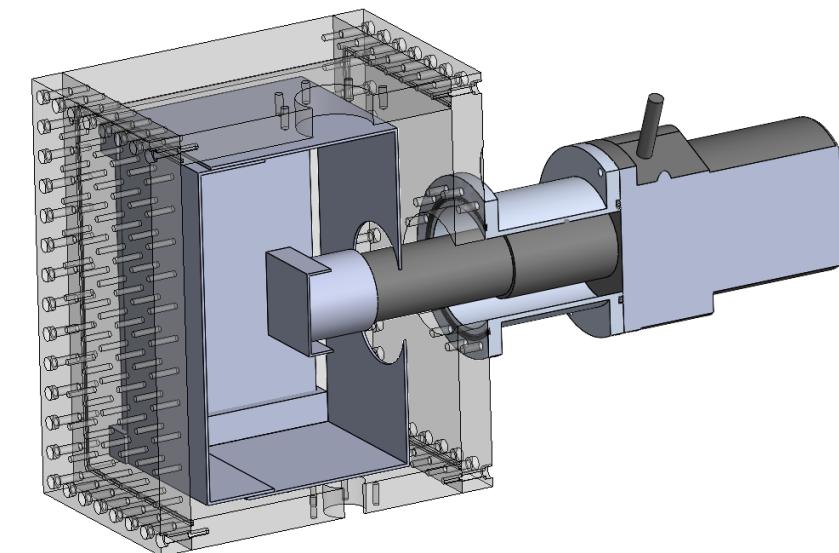
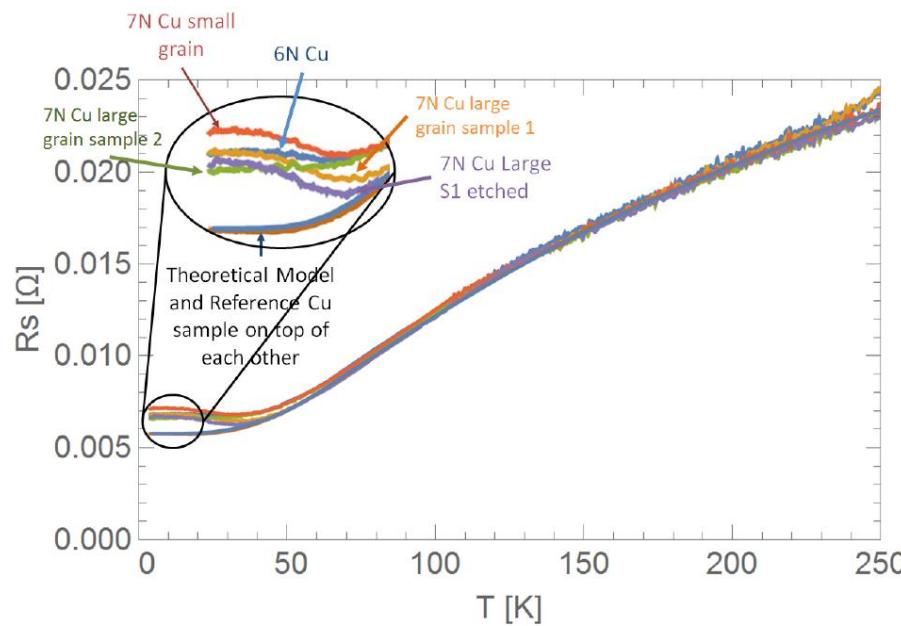


## 3a) Cryostat v1



- Small test cryostat initial cryocooler commissioning; material property studies; and LLRF tests
- Small envelope, vacuum good enough for multi layer insulation

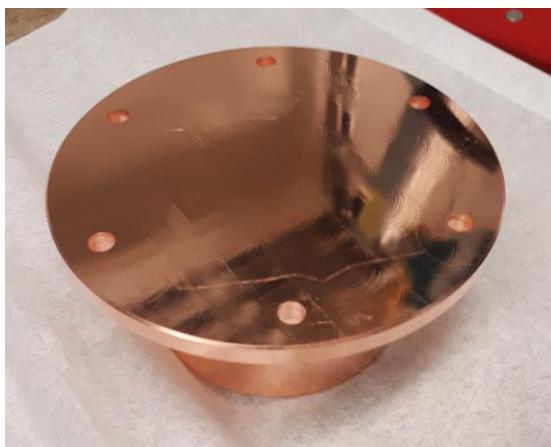
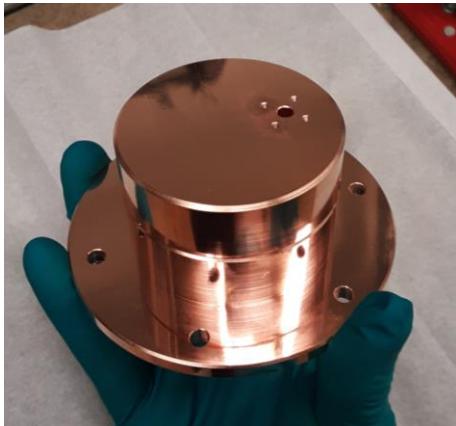
$$Q_0 = \frac{\Gamma}{R_s}$$



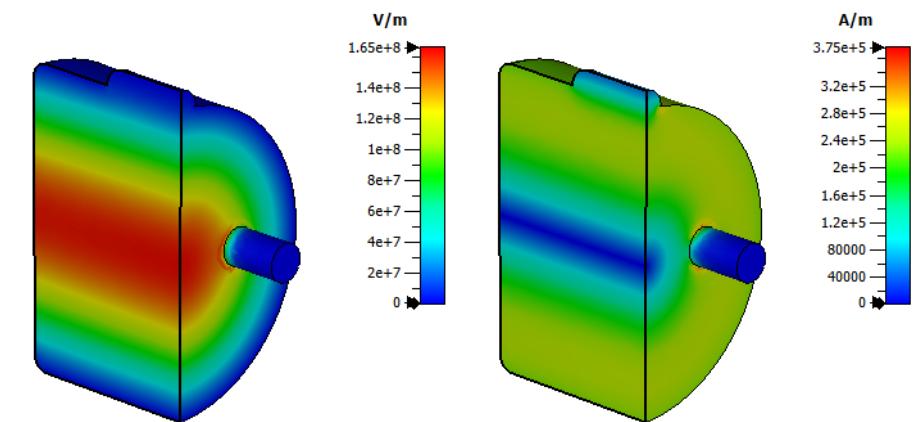


## 3a) LLRF Measurements

- Copper pillbox cavities used for Cband low level LLRF



	Coupling	Q0
COMEB machining + brazing	0.58	12200
GZero machining + Scarrot brazing	0.55	7300
Simulation	0.5	12322

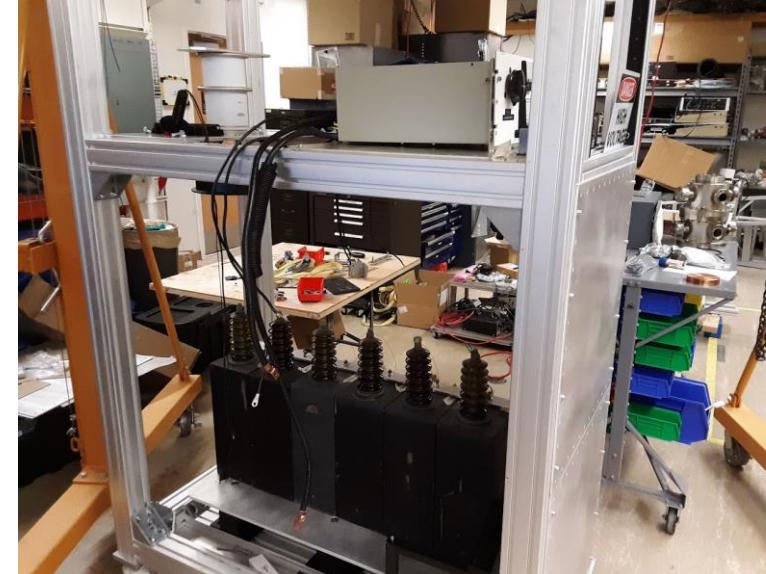




## 3b) Cband RF Power



- Resurrected Thales C-band klystron to single MW power sufficient for 1<sup>st</sup> cryogenic beamline (right)
- Mini-modulator for C-band under construction (below)
- C-band SLED development in collaboration with Tantawi group at SLAC

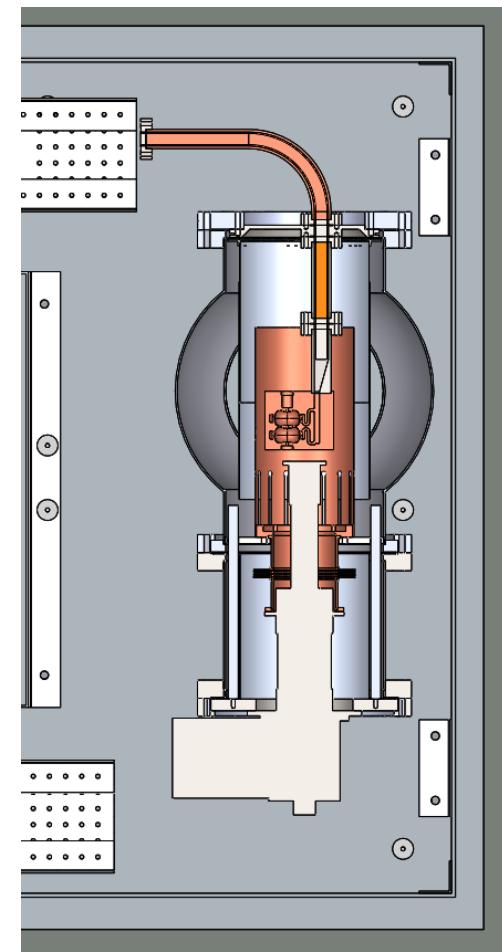
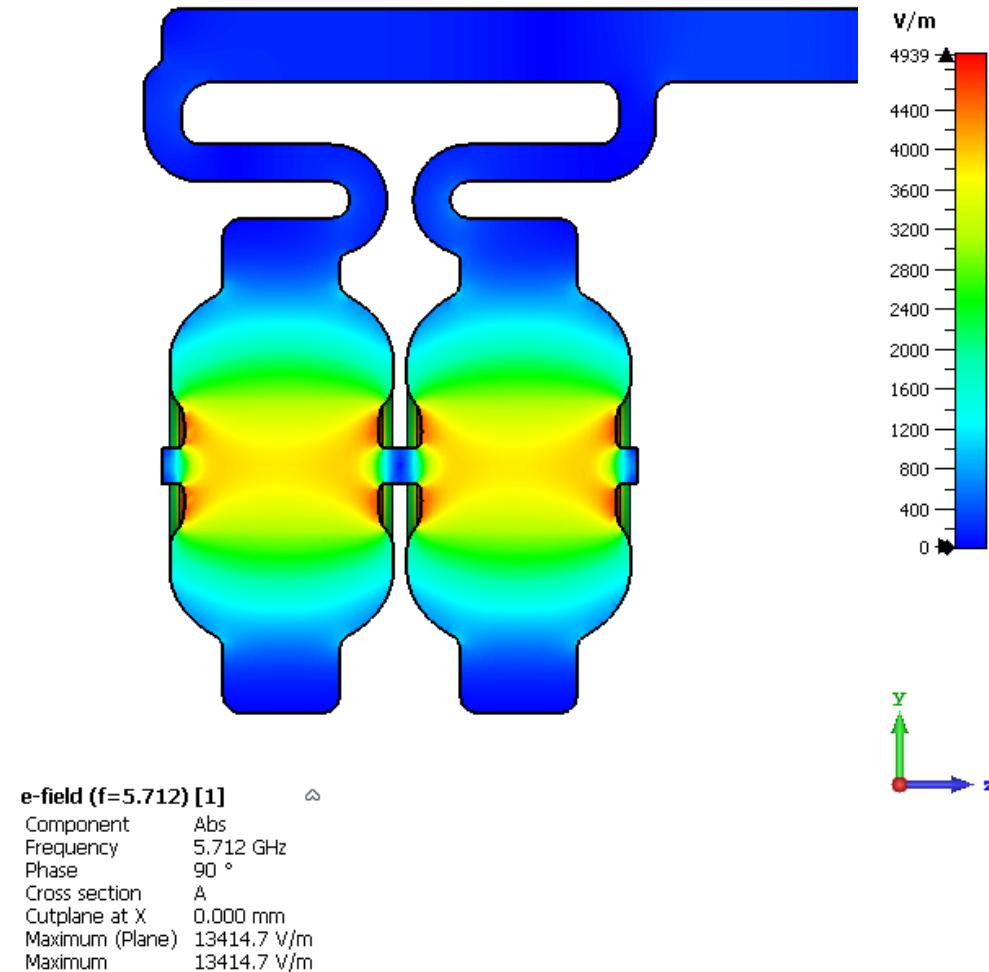




## 3b) High Power Structure Collaboration



- Cryostat for hosting multiple different experiments into various structures and material alloys
  - Brazeless joint testing, copper-silver and more exotic alloys perhaps w/ Mo etc.
- Logic of cryogenics, assembly, and general diagnostics for actual experiments
- Example here using 2 cell distributed-coupling in C-band (near right)
- LANL bunker space (far right)

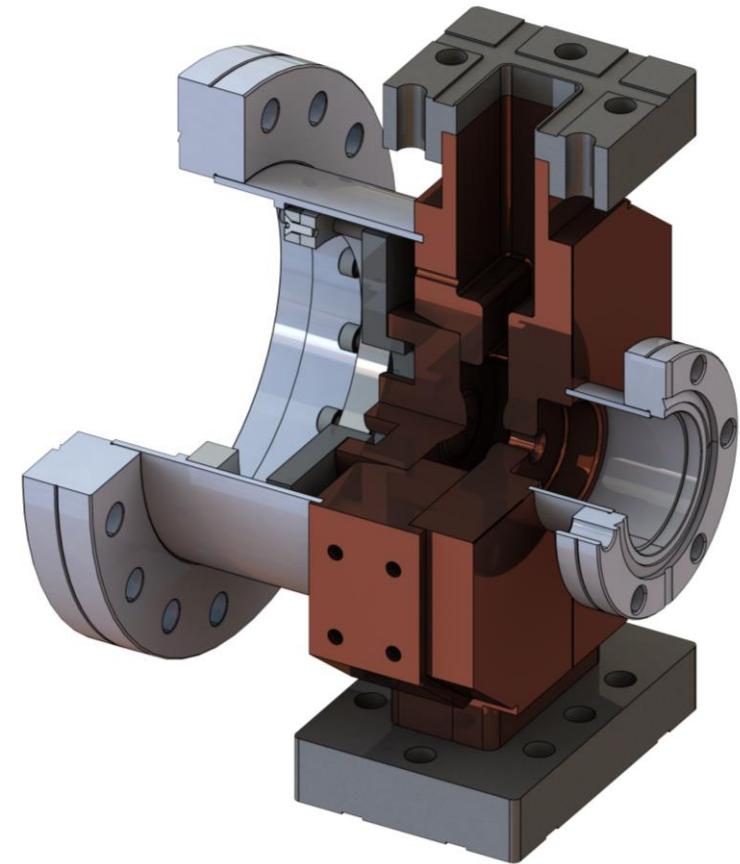
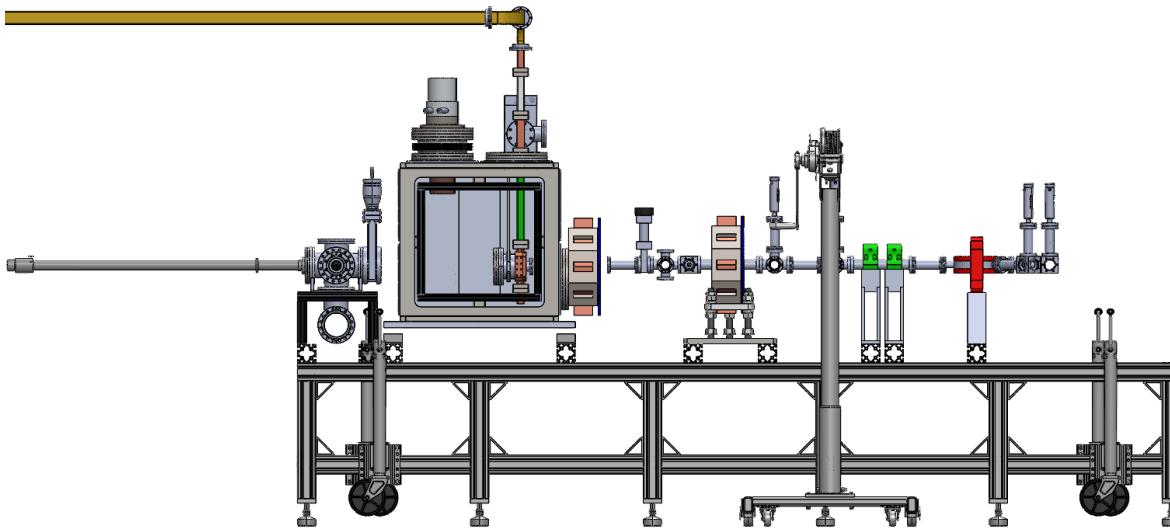




## 3c) CYBORG Beamline



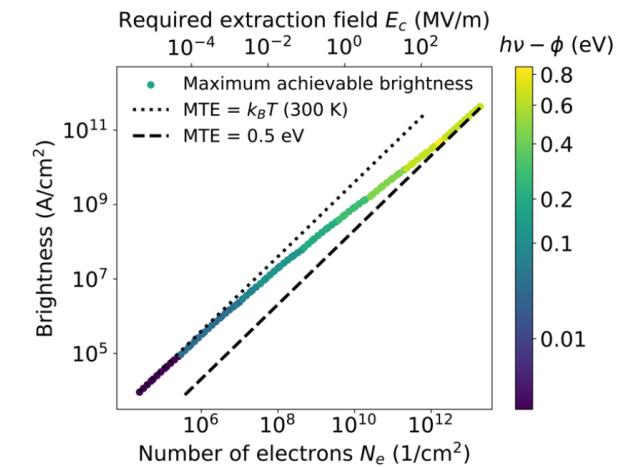
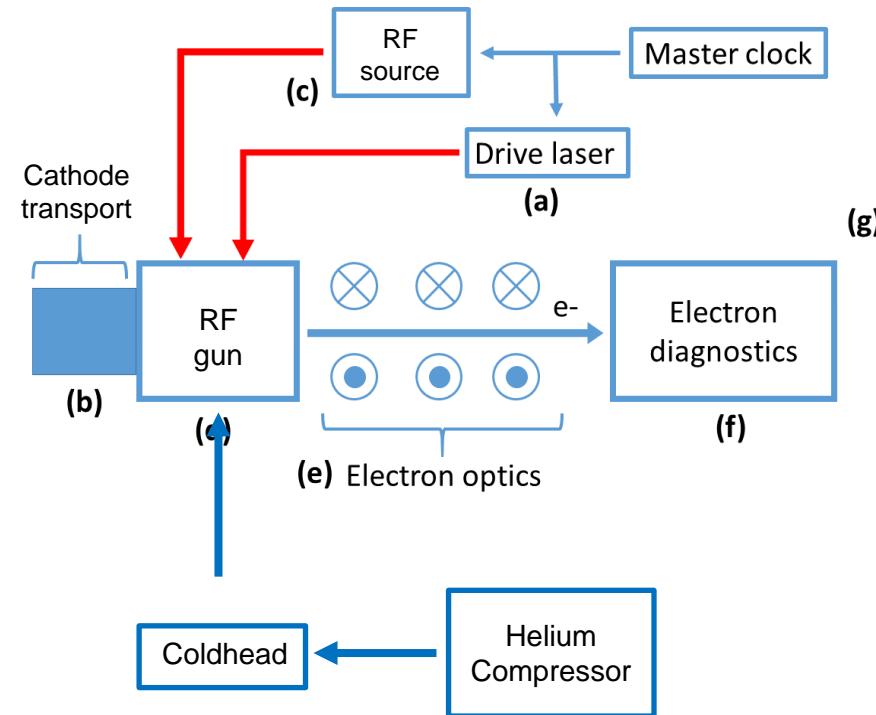
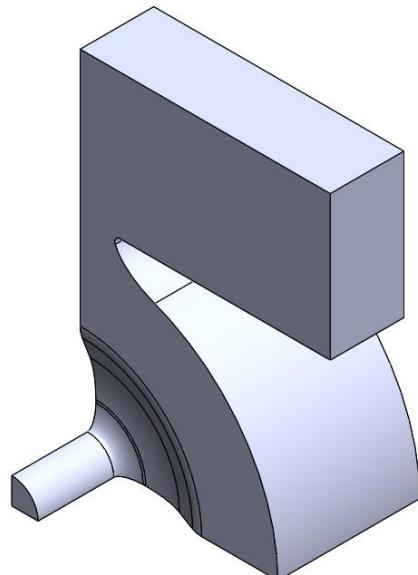
- Low energy beamline using CrYogenic Brightness-Optimized Radiofrequency Gun (CYBORG)
- Under construction in MOTHRA bunker
- Collaboration with NSF Center for Bright Beams
- Multi-phase setup + commissioning



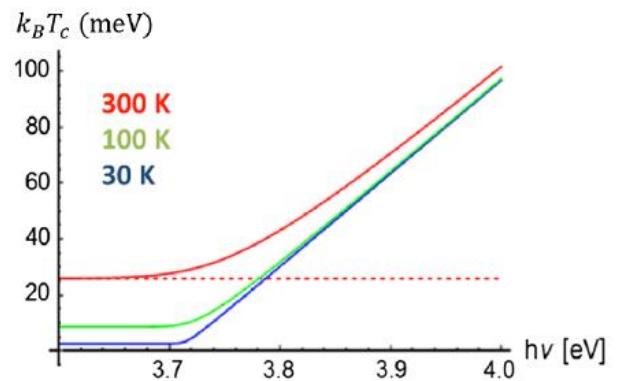


# 3c) CYBORG Functions

1. Cavity structure test
2. Infrastructure development
3. Low temperature emission/photocathode test bed



J. K. Bae, I. Bazarov, P. Musumeci, S. Karkare, H. Padmore, and J. Maxson, J. Appl. Phys. 124, 244903 (2018).

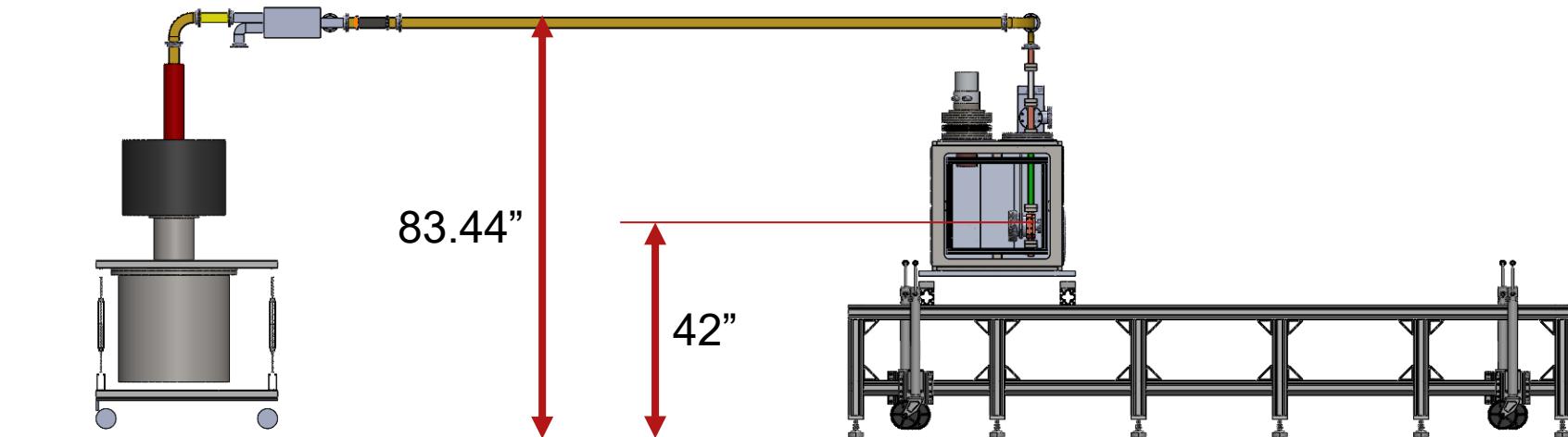




## 3c) Phase 1 Config 1



- Config 1 goals:
  - SHI vibration isolation
  - Waveguide setup
  - UHV
  - CYBORG cooldown & temperature stability
  - LL and high power RF tests
  - Optimize RF pulse heating + cooling



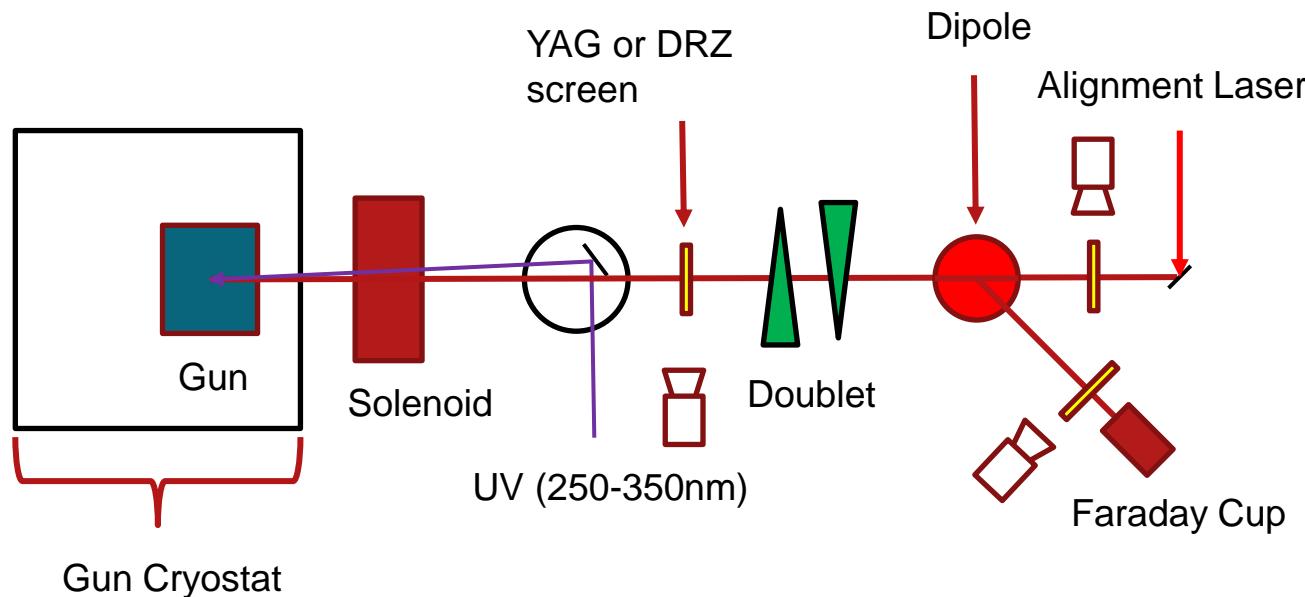


## 3c) Phase 1 Config 2

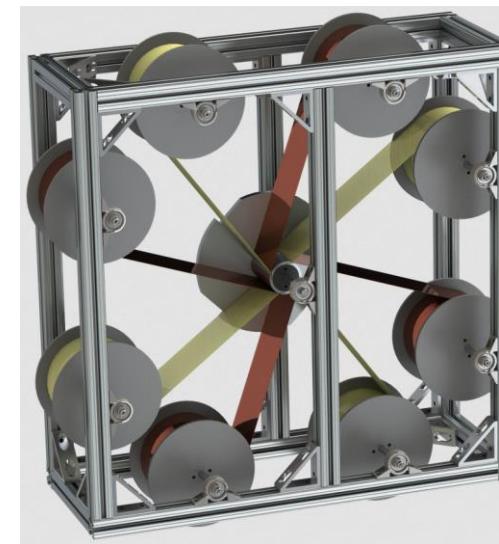
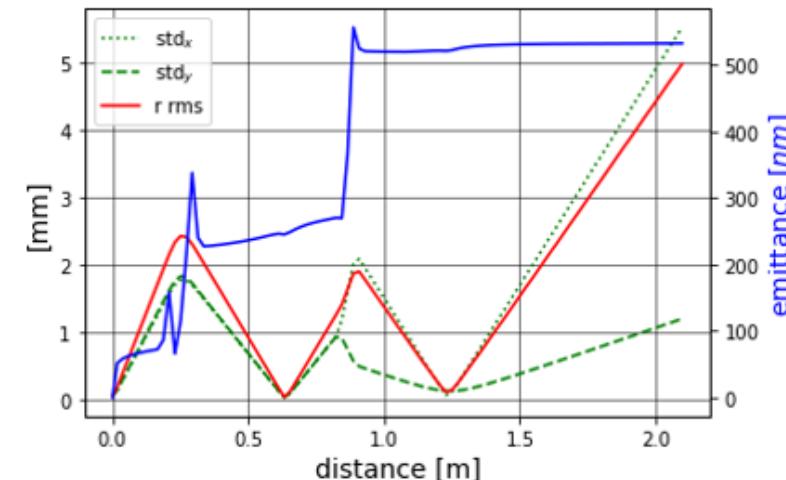


- Config 2 goals:

- Cryogenic copper photoemission
- Cryogenic QE
- Low precision MTE measurement



N. Majernik, A. Fukasawa, J. B. Rosenzweig, and A. Suraj,  
“Multi-start foil wound solenoids for multipole suppression”, presented at the  
12th Int. Particle Accelerator Conf.  
(IPAC’21), Campinas, Brazil, May 2021, paper TUPAB094

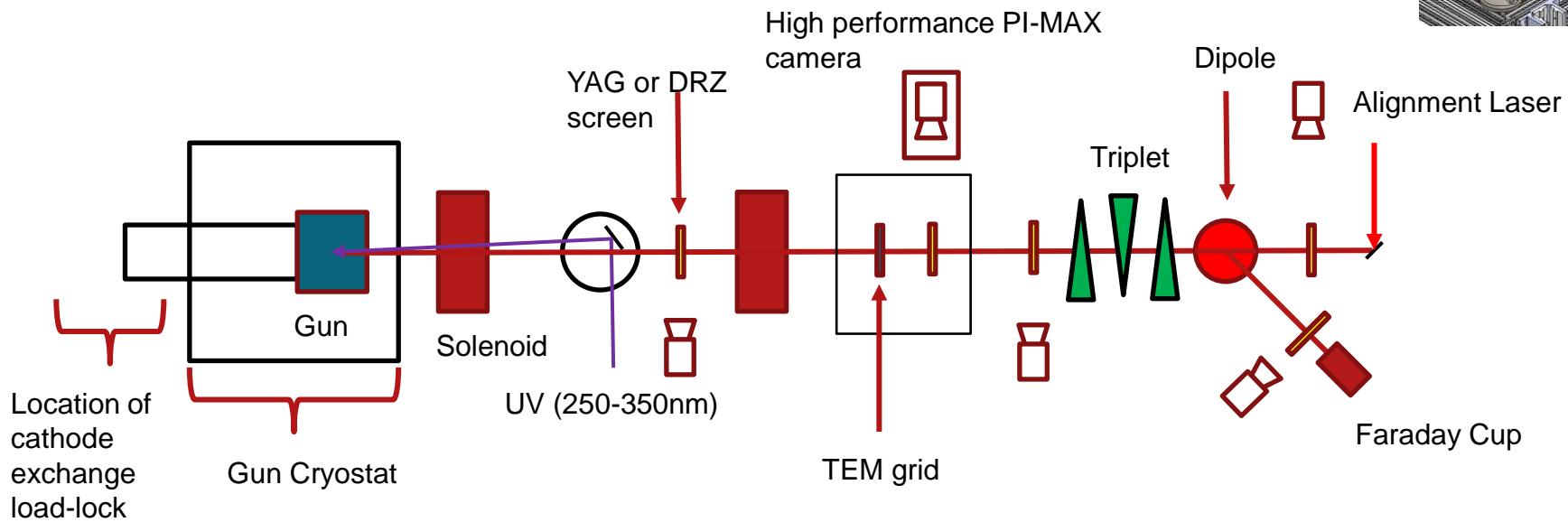
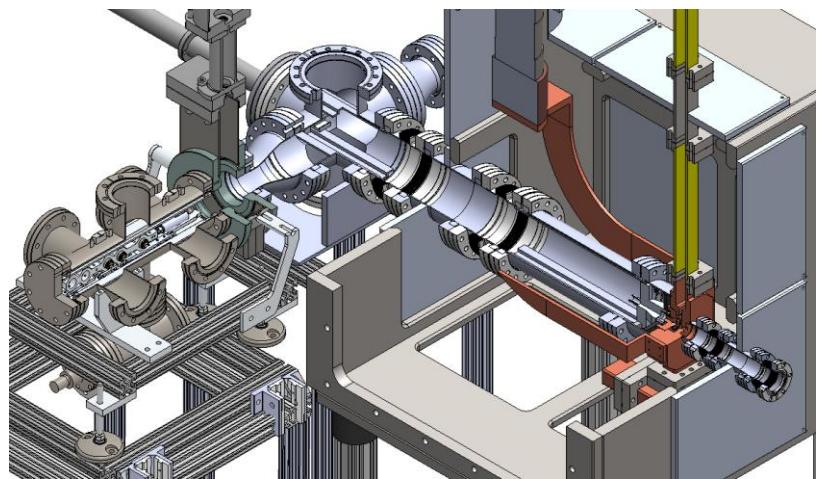




## 3c) Phase 2



- load lock and phase 2 diagnostics
- Test of back plane plug into reentrant small C-band cavity
- Cooling test with large additional heat leaks
- Completion condition: load lock plug QE measurement down to cryo temps





## 3c) Projected Timeline

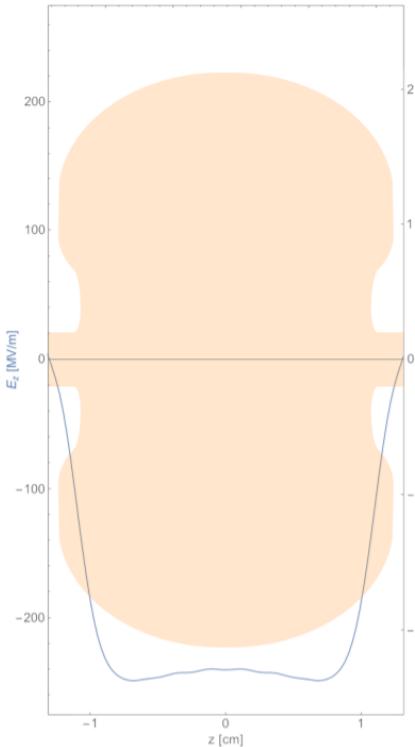
Tasks	2022												2023												2024				
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M		
Milestone			1/15																										
Phase 1																													
Config 0																													
Config 1																													
Config 2																													
Milestone																													
Phase 2																													
Config 1																													
Config 2																													
Milestone																													
Load-lock																													



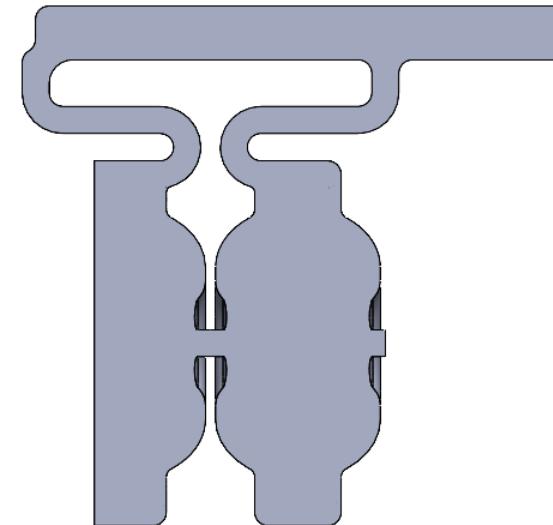
## 3d) UCXFEL Photoinjector Concept



- 1.6 cell cavity w/ reentrant design
- 240 MV/m peak cathode field
- Cryogenic solenoid in cryostat
- Consideration of beam dynamics based on high spatial harmonic content
- introduction of strong second order focusing effects
- repetition rate of 100 Hz
- nominal 300 nsec RF pulses
- operating temperature of 27 K
- RF dissipation of 11 W, requiring over 0.5 kW cooling power



RR Robles et al.  
*Physical Review Accelerators and Beams* 24 (6),  
063401





## 4): Conclusions

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1. Sample of multifaceted high gradient and breakdown research at UCLA
2. Multiple operational facilities
3. Focus on cryogenics surface physics and Cband RF development
4. Highly collaborative including with bright beams research