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## LEGEND-1000: a future ton-scale experiment for Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay

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LEGEND-1000 [1] is a next-generation ton-scale experiment searching for neutrinoless double beta decay ( $0\nu\beta\beta$ ) of  $^{76}\text{Ge}$  using p-type, high-purity ICPC germanium semiconductor detectors. The experiment is based on 1000 kg of Ge detectors enriched to more than 90% in  $^{76}\text{Ge}$ . The detectors are operated submerged in liquid argon (LAr), which act as a cooling medium and, through the detection of its scintillation light by a system of light-guiding fibers coupled to SiPMs, as active shield. Germanium detectors are intrinsically very pure and have a high density allowing to deploy substantial mass in limited volumes. The excellent energy resolution of germanium detectors (about 0.12% FWHM @  $Q_{\beta\beta}$ ) allows the identification of a peak at  $Q_{\beta\beta}$  while pulse shape analysis makes background discrimination based on event topology possible. LEGEND-1000 is going to be installed in an underground laboratory to reduce direct and induced backgrounds from cosmic rays. The baseline design assumes LEGEND-1000 to be installed in the SNOLAB cryopit. A similar design could be set up at the alternative LNGS site. The goal for LEGEND-1000 is to have a background level of less than  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  cts/(keV kg yr). With an exposure of about 10 ton yr, this allows to probe  $0\nu\beta\beta$  decay half-life of  $^{76}\text{Ge}$  beyond  $10^{28}$  years with a 99.7% CL discovery sensitivity. This corresponds to a full coverage of  $m_{\beta\beta}$  values suggested by a possible inverted neutrinos mass ordering.

The goals, design and background reduction strategies of LEGEND-1000 will be presented.

[1] LEGEND-1000 PreConceptual Design Report, LEGEND Collaboration, N. Abgrall et al., arXiv:2107.11462 [physics.ins-det]

### Collaboration name

LEGEND

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