

# Flavour Anomalies Meet Flavour Symmetry

**Tobias Felkl**

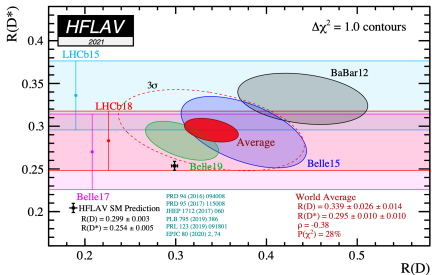
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and Unification of Fundamental Interactions**

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# Quo vadis, Lepton-Flavour Universality?



HFLAV 2021, 2206.07501

Neutrino oscillations →  
Flavour structure of nature  
more complicated than in SM

Hints for LFU violation!  
 $R(D), R(D^*): 3.4\sigma$

Muon AMM:

$$\Delta a_\mu = (2.51 \pm 0.59) \times 10^{-9}$$

Muon g-2, 2104.03281;

Aoyama, T. et al., 2006.04822

Explain anomalies via scalar LQ  $\phi \sim S_1^\dagger$

Predict interaction structure via discrete flavour symmetry!

- Model Setup
- LQ Coupling Texture
- Symmetry Breaking
- Phenomenology
  - Outline of Study
  - $R(D)$ ,  $R(D^*)$ ,  $\Delta a_\mu$
  - $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$
  - $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ ,  $\mu - e$  conversion in Al
  - $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$
- Conclusion

# Model Setup

Extend SM by scalar LQ  $\phi \sim S_1^\dagger \sim (3, 1, -1/3)$

Impose baryon-number conservation

$$\mathcal{L}_{LQ}^{\text{int}} = \overline{L^c} \hat{x} Q \phi^\dagger + \overline{e_R^c} \hat{y} u_R \phi^\dagger + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{LQ}^{\text{mass}} = \overline{(\nu_L^m)^c} \mathbf{x} d_L^m \phi^\dagger + \overline{(e_R^m)^c} \mathbf{y} u_R^m \phi^\dagger - \overline{(e_L^m)^c} \mathbf{z} u_L^m \phi^\dagger + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\mathbf{z} = \mathbf{x} V^\dagger$$

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Formally: Type-II Higgs-Doublet Model

$$\sqrt{2} (\langle H_u^0 \rangle + \langle H_d^0 \rangle) = v_u^2 + v_d^2 = v^2 \sim (246 \text{ GeV})^2; \quad \text{Decoupling limit}$$

Hall, Wise, Nucl. Phys. B (1981); Donoghue, Li, Phys. Rev. D (1979);

Haber, Nir: Nucl. Phys. B (1990)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk}} = -\overline{Q_L} y_u u_R H_u - \overline{Q_L} y_d d_R H_d - \overline{L_L} y_e e_R H_d + \text{h.c.}$$

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Flavour structure constrained by symmetry group  $G_f = D_{17} \times Z_{17}$

- use assignment  $2 + 1$  for fermion generations as much as possible
- external  $Z_n$  symmetry: mass spectrum; reps of  $D_n$  are real; protect  $y$

# LQ Coupling Texture

Viable texture for  $\lambda \approx 0.2$  and  $\hat{m}_\phi \equiv \frac{m_\phi}{\text{TeV}} \lesssim 5$  identified in 1704.05849:

$$\mathbf{x} \sim \begin{matrix} \nu_{eL} \\ \nu_{\mu L} \\ \nu_{\tau L} \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} d_L & s_L & b_L \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda^3 & \lambda \\ 0 & \lambda^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{y} \sim \begin{matrix} e_R \\ \mu_R \\ \tau_R \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_R & c_R & t_R \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda^3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Basis  $\sim d_i$  and  $e_i$  mass basis;  
 $V \sim L_u^\dagger$ ;  
 $R_u \sim 1$

$$R(D), R(D^*): x_{33} \sim y_{32} \sim 1; \quad \Delta a_\mu \sim 10^{-9}: z_{23} y_{23} \sim x_{23} y_{23} \sim \lambda^4$$

$$B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \nu\nu, B_s - \bar{B}_s \text{ mixing: } x_{i2} x_{i3} \lesssim \lambda^2; \quad D^0 \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}, B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \mu\nu: x_{22}$$

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$\phi, H_u, H_d, L_3, Q_3, e_{R3}, u_{R2}, u_{R3}, d_{R3} \sim \mathbf{1}_1$

- $\overline{L_3^c} \phi^\dagger Q_3$  unsuppressed  $\rightarrow L_3, Q_3$  in complex conj. reps
- $\overline{e_{R3}^c} \phi^\dagger u_{R2}$  unsuppressed  $\rightarrow e_{R3}, u_{R2}$  in complex conj. reps
- $\overline{Q_3} H_u u_{R3}, \overline{Q_3} H_d d_{R3}, \overline{L_3} H_d e_{R3}$ : 3rd-gen. charged-fermion masses



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$\phi, H_u, H_d, L_3, Q_3, e_{R3}, u_{R2}, u_{R3}, d_{R3} \sim \mathbf{1}_1$

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- $\overline{e}_{R3}^c \phi^\dagger u_{R2}$  unsuppressed  $\rightarrow e_{R3}, u_{R2}$  in complex conj. reps
- $\overline{Q}_3 H_u u_{R3}, \overline{Q}_3 H_d d_{R3}, \overline{L}_3 H_d e_{R3}$ : 3rd-gen. charged-fermion masses

Single spurion  $S \sim \mathbf{2}_1, \langle S \rangle \sim \lambda$  for LO elements.  $L \sim \mathbf{2}_1, Q \sim \mathbf{2}_2, e_R \sim \mathbf{2}_3$

- $\overline{L}^c \phi^\dagger Q_3 S$ : one spurion insertion  $\rightarrow L$  and  $S$  in same doublet
- $\overline{L}_3^c \phi^\dagger Q S^2$ : two spurion insertions  $\rightarrow Q$  and  $S^2$  in same doublet
- $\overline{L}^c \phi^\dagger Q S^3$ : three spurion insertions  $\rightarrow \overline{L}^c Q$  and  $S^3$  in same doublet
- $\overline{e}_{R3}^c \phi^\dagger u_{R3} S^3$ : three spurion insertions  $\rightarrow e_R$  and  $S^3$  in same doublet

Symmetry:  $D_{17} \times Z_{17}$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{matrix} \nu_{eL} \\ \nu_{\mu L} \\ \nu_{\tau L} \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} d_L & & & \\ & s_L & & \\ & & b_L & \\ & & & a_{33} \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{y} = \begin{matrix} e_R \\ \mu_R \\ \tau_R \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_R & & & \\ & c_R & & \\ & & & b_{32} \\ & & & t_R \end{pmatrix}$$

Up-type quarks:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk,LO}}^u = \underbrace{\alpha_1^u \bar{Q}_3 H_u u_{R3}}_{m_t} + \alpha_2^u \bar{Q} H_u u_{R2} W + \alpha_3^u \bar{Q} H_u u_{R3} (S^\dagger)^2 + \alpha_4^u \bar{Q} H_u u_{R1} T^2 U.$

Down-type quarks:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk,LO}}^d = \underbrace{\alpha_1^d \bar{Q}_3 H_d d_{R3}}_{m_b} + \alpha_2^d \bar{Q} H_d d_R T + \alpha_3^d \bar{Q} H_d d_R U.$

Charged leptons:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk,LO}}^e = \underbrace{\alpha_1^e \bar{L}_3 H_d e_{R3}}_{m_\tau} + \alpha_2^e \bar{L} H_d e_R T + \alpha_3^e \bar{L} H_d e_R U.$

$$\langle S \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Symmetry: } D_{17} \times Z_{17} \xrightarrow{S \rightarrow \langle S \rangle} Z_{17}^{\text{diag}}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{eL} \\ \nu_{\mu L} \\ \nu_{\tau L} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d_L & s_L & b_L \\ & a_{22}\lambda^3 & a_{23}\lambda \\ & a_{32}\lambda^2 & a_{33} \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{y} = \begin{pmatrix} e_R \\ \mu_R \\ \tau_R \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_R & c_R & t_R \\ & & b_{23}\lambda^3 \\ & b_{32} & \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\text{Down-type quarks: } \mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk,LO}}^d = \underbrace{\alpha_1^d \overline{Q}_3 H_d d_{R3}}_{m_b} + \alpha_2^d \overline{Q} H_d d_R T + \alpha_3^d \overline{Q} H_d d_R U.$$

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# Symmetry Breaking

$$\langle S \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \langle T \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \langle U \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \lambda^4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \langle W \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda^5 \\ \lambda^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Symmetry: } D_{17} \times Z_{17} \xrightarrow{S \rightarrow \langle S \rangle} Z_{17}^{\text{diag}} \xrightarrow{T \rightarrow \langle T \rangle, U \rightarrow \langle U \rangle, W \rightarrow \langle W \rangle} \text{nil}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{matrix} d_L & s_L & b_L \\ \nu_{eL} & \nu_{\mu L} & \nu_{\tau L} \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} \lambda^9 & a_{12} \lambda^{11} & a_{13} \lambda^9 \\ a_{21} \lambda^8 & a_{22} \lambda^3 & a_{23} \lambda \\ a_{31} \lambda^8 & a_{32} \lambda^2 & a_{33} \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{y} = \begin{matrix} u_R & c_R & t_R \\ e_R & \mu_R & \tau_R \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} \lambda^9 & b_{12} \lambda^9 & b_{13} \lambda^9 \\ b_{21} \lambda^8 & b_{22} \lambda^3 & b_{23} \lambda^3 \\ b_{31} \lambda^5 & b_{32} & b_{33} \lambda^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\text{Down-type quarks: } \mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk,LO}}^d = \underbrace{\alpha_1^d \bar{Q}_3 H_d d_{R3}}_{m_b} + \underbrace{\alpha_2^d \bar{Q} H_d d_R T}_{\rightarrow m_s} + \underbrace{\alpha_3^d \bar{Q} H_d d_R U}_{\rightarrow m_d}.$$

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# Outline of Study

## Classification of Observables:

- Primary:  $R(D)$ ,  $R(D^*)$ ,  $\Delta a_\mu$ ,  $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$ ,  $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ ,  $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$ ,  $\tau \rightarrow \mu e\bar{e}$ ,  $\mu \rightarrow 3e$ ,  $\mu - e$  conv. in AI,  $B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\nu\bar{\nu}$ ,  $g_{\tau A}$ ,  $B_c \rightarrow \tau\nu$ ,  $c\bar{c} \rightarrow \tau\bar{\tau}$
- Secondary:  $d_\mu$ ,  $g_{\mu A}$ ,  $R_D^{\mu/e}$ ,  $R_{D^*}^{e/\mu}$ ,  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$

$m_\phi \gtrsim 1.2$  TeV at 95% C.L. for  $\text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow t\tau) \sim \text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow b\nu)$  ATLAS, 2108.07665  
→ Benchmark LQ masses:  $m_\phi = 2, 4, 6$  TeV

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**1. Primary scan:** Primary observables

Coeffs  $a_{ij}$ ,  $b_{ij}$ ,  $c_{ij}$  (mostly) independently varied  $\in [\lambda, 1/\lambda]$  in mass basis

**2. Comprehensive scan:** All considered observables

- Fit of SM Yukawa parameters to charged-fermion masses, quark mixing
- LQ couplings:
  - Suitable biases derived from primary scan
  - Otherwise independently varied  $\in [\lambda, 1/\lambda]$  in interaction basis
  - Coeffs  $a_{ij}$ ,  $b_{ij}$ ,  $c_{ij}$  in mass basis: Functions of SM Yukawa parameters, LQ coeffs  $\hat{a}_{ij}$ ,  $\hat{b}_{ij}$  in interaction basis

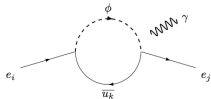
# Explaining $R(D)$ , $R(D^*)$ , $\Delta a_\mu$

$$\Delta a_\mu = [2.51 \pm 0.59 (0.4)] \times 10^{-9}$$

Muon  $g-2$ ,

2104.03281, 1501.06858;

Aoyama, T. et al., 2006.04822



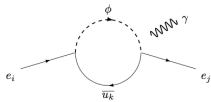
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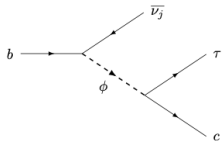
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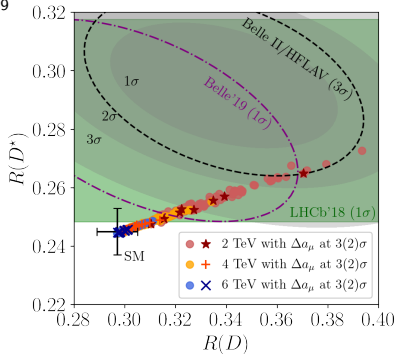
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$$\frac{R(D)}{R(D)_{\text{SM}}} \approx 1 + 1.07 \frac{\text{Re}(a_{33}^* b_{32})}{\hat{m}_\phi^2}$$

$$\frac{R(D^*)}{R(D^*)_{\text{SM}}} \approx 1 + 0.36 \frac{\text{Re}(a_{33}^* b_{32})}{\hat{m}_\phi^2}$$

Straub, 1810.08132; Straub, Stangl, Kirk, Kumar, Niehoff, Gurler et al., 10.5281/zenodo.5543714



Belle, 1910.05864; LHCb, 1708.08856, 1711.02505

$$R(D) = 0.339 \pm 0.030 (0.016)$$

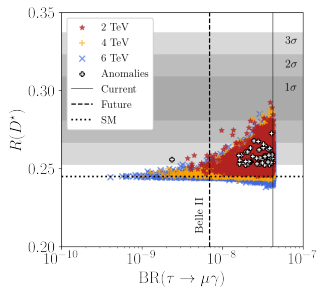
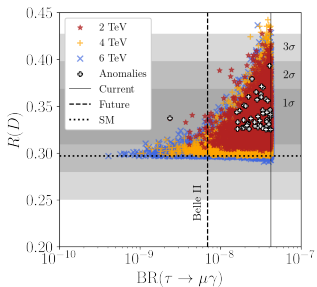
$$R(D^*) = 0.295 \pm 0.014 (0.009)$$

HFLAV 2021, 2206.07501

Belle II, 2203.11349



# Charged-Lepton Flavour Violating Decay $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$

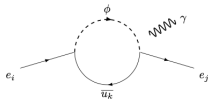


$$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma)_{\text{exp}} < 4.2 (0.69) \times 10^{-8}$$

Belle, 2103.12994;

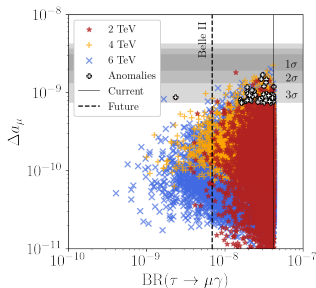
Banerjee, S. et al.,

2203.14919



LD  $\gamma$  ( $\sim m_t/m_\phi^2$ )

$$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma) \sim \frac{|b_{23}c_{33}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^4} \times 10^{-5}$$

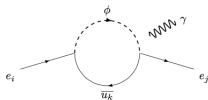


# Charged-Lepton Flavour Violating $\mu \rightarrow e$ Transitions

$$\text{BR}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma)_{\text{exp}} < 4.2 (0.6) \times 10^{-13}$$

MEG, 1605.05081;

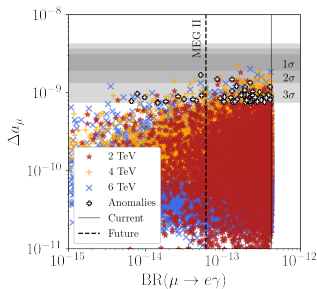
MEG II, 2107.10767



$$\text{LD } \gamma (\sim m_t/m_\phi^2)$$

$$\text{BR}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma) \sim \frac{|b_{13}c_{23}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^4} \times 10^{-11}$$

$$\text{BR}(\mu \rightarrow 3e) \approx 0.0069 \text{BR}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma)$$

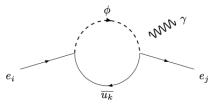


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MEG, 1605.05081;

MEG II, 2107.10767



LD  $\gamma$  ( $\sim m_t/m_\phi^2$ )

$$\text{BR}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma) \sim \frac{|b_{13}c_{23}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^4} \times 10^{-11}$$

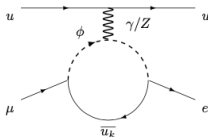
$$\text{BR}(\mu \rightarrow 3e) \approx 0.0069 \text{BR}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma)$$

Future searches:

$$\text{CR}(\mu - e; \text{Al})_{\text{exp}} \lesssim 2.6 (2.9) \times 10^{-17}$$

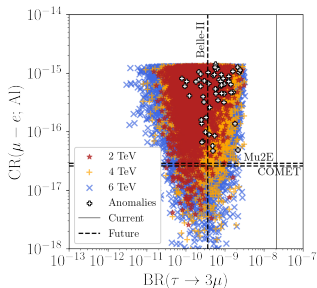
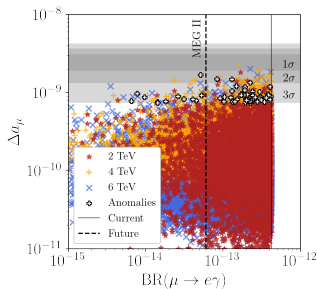
COMET, 1812.09018;

MU2E, 1501.05241



LD  $\gamma$  ( $\sim m_t/m_\phi^2$ )

$$\text{CR}(\mu \rightarrow e; \text{Al}) \sim \left( 0.003 \frac{|c_{13}b_{23}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^4} + \frac{|c_{23}b_{13}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^2} \right) \times 10^{-13}$$



# Trilepton Decay $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$

$$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu)_{\text{exp}} < 2.1 (0.036) \times 10^{-8}$$

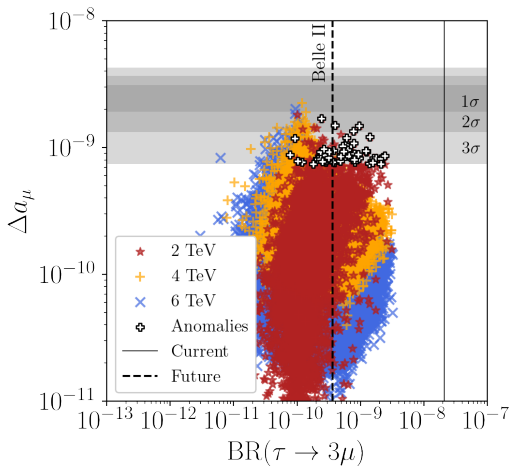
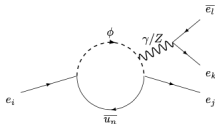
Hayasaka et al., 1001.3221;

Banerjee et al., 2203.14919

Important channels:

LD  $\gamma$  ( $\sim m_t/m_\phi^2$ )

Z ( $\sim m_t^2/m_\phi^2$ )



$$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu) \sim \frac{|b_{23}c_{33}|^2 + 0.07|c_{23}c_{33}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^4} \times 10^{-7}$$

SM extension by scalar LQ  $\phi \sim (3, 1, -1/3)$ , also involving  $H_u, H_d$ .

Flavour structure constrained by symmetry group  $G_f = D_{17} \times Z_{17}$ .

- Assignment  $\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{1} + \mathbf{1}$  for  $u_{Ri}$ ,  $\mathbf{2} + \mathbf{1}$  for  $Q_i, d_{Ri}$ .  $L_i, e_{Ri}$  under  $D_{17}$ .
- Broken by four spurion fields  $S, T, U, W$ , all in  $\mathbf{2}$ .
- Residual symmetry  $Z_{17}^{\text{diag}}$  preserved by  $\hat{x}$  and  $\hat{y}$  at LO.

Simultaneous explanation of  $R(D), R(D^*), \Delta a_\mu$  at  $2\sigma$  ( $3\sigma$ ) for  $\hat{m}_\phi = 2(2, 4)$ .  
Successful fit to charged-fermion masses and quark mixing.

*Bigaran, I., Felkl, T., Hagedorn, C. & Schmidt, M.A.;*  
**Flavour Anomalies Meet Flavour Symmetry.** arXiv: 2206.XXXXX

**Thank you for your attention!**

# Back-Up

# Group theory of $D_{17}$

$D_n$  non-abelian for  $n \geq 3$ .

$D_{17}$  contains 34 distinct elements, ten real irreps:  
trivial singlet  $\mathbf{1}_1$ , non-trivial singlet  $\mathbf{1}_2$ , eight (faithful) doublets  $\mathbf{2}_i$ .

Two generators  $a$  and  $b$  with

$$a^{17} = e, \quad b^2 = e, \quad a b a = b.$$

Representation matrices:

$$a(\mathbf{1}_1) = b(\mathbf{1}_1) = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad a(\mathbf{1}_2) = 1, \quad b(\mathbf{1}_2) = -1$$
$$a(\mathbf{2}_i) = \begin{pmatrix} \omega_{17}^i & 0 \\ 0 & \omega_{17}^{17-i} \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad b(\mathbf{2}_i) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

where  $\omega_{17} = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{17}}$ .

For Kronecker products and Clebsch-Gordan coefficients:

Blum, Hagedorn, Lindner, 0709.3450.

# Particle Content: Transformation Properties

Field	$D_{17}$	$Z_{17}$
$Q = (Q_1, Q_2)^T$	$\mathbf{2}_2$	1
$Q_3$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	16
$u_{R1}$	$\mathbf{1}_2$	13
$u_{R2}$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	8
$u_{R3}$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	1
$d_R = (d_{R1}, d_{R2})^T$	$\mathbf{2}_4$	1
$d_{R3}$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	7
$L = (L_1, L_2)^T$	$\mathbf{2}_1$	2
$L_3$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	1

Field	$D_{17}$	$Z_{17}$
$e_R = (e_{R1}, e_{R2})^T$	$\mathbf{2}_3$	2
$e_{R3}$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	9
$H_u$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	15
$H_d$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	9
$\phi$	$\mathbf{1}_1$	0
$S = (S_1, S_2)^T$	$\mathbf{2}_1$	16
$T = (T_1, T_2)^T$	$\mathbf{2}_2$	8
$U = (U_1, U_2)^T$	$\mathbf{2}_2$	8
$W = (W_1, W_2)^T$	$\mathbf{2}_2$	12



# Biases from Primary Scan

$\hat{m}_\phi$	$ a_{33} $	$ b_{32} $	$\cos[\Delta(a_{33}, b_{32})]$	$ a_{23} $	$\cos[\Delta(a_{23}, b_{23})]$
2	[0.2, 0.7]	[1.1, 2.6]	[0.4, 1.0]	–	[–1.0, 0.0]
4	[0.2, 1.9]	[1.0, 4.5]	[0.1, 1.0]	[1.6, 4.4]	[–1.0, –0.5]
6	[0.2, 3.6]	[0.8, 4.5]	[0.0, 1.0]	[1.4, 4.4]	[–1.0, –0.3]

$$\Delta(r_{ij}, s_{kl}) \equiv \text{Arg}(r_{ij}) - \text{Arg}(s_{kl}).$$

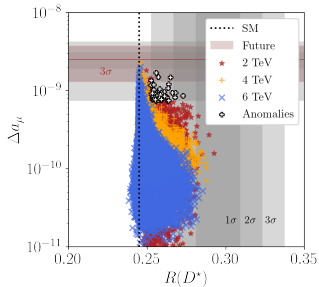
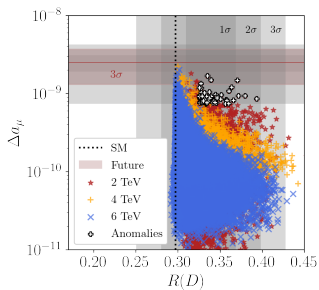
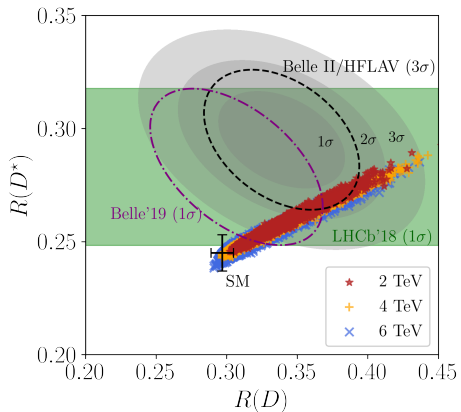
Viable sample points explaining  $R(D^{(*)})$  and/or  $\Delta a_\mu$  at  $3\sigma \rightarrow$  Ranges above.

Furthermore impose from  $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$  and  $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$

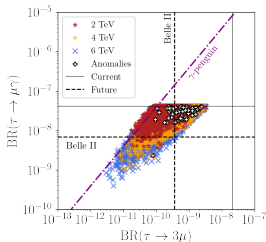
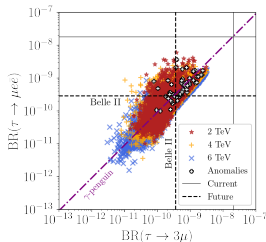
$$|b_{13}| \lesssim \frac{1}{|a_{23}|} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 0.41, & \hat{m}_\phi = 2 \\ 1.16, & \hat{m}_\phi = 4 \\ 2.22, & \hat{m}_\phi = 6 \end{array} \right\} \quad \text{and} \quad |b_{23}| \lesssim \frac{1}{|a_{33}|} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 0.16, & \hat{m}_\phi = 2 \\ 0.45, & \hat{m}_\phi = 4 \\ 0.86, & \hat{m}_\phi = 6 \end{array} \right\}.$$

Explanation of anomalies prefers  $|b_{13}| = \left| \hat{b}_{13} - \hat{b}_{23} \frac{e_{21}}{e_{22}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2) \right|$  smaller than  $\lambda$ .

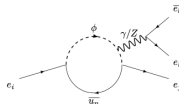
# $R(D), R(D^*), \Delta a_\mu$



$$\tau \rightarrow 3\mu, \tau \rightarrow \mu e \bar{e}$$



Important channels:  
 LD  $\gamma$  ( $\sim m_t/m_\phi^2$ )  
 Z ( $\sim m_t^2/m_\phi^2$ )

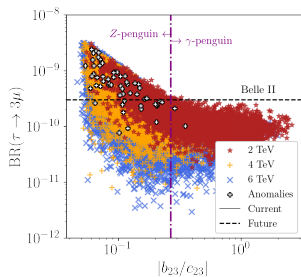


$$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu)_{\text{exp}} < 2.1 (0.036) \times 10^{-8} \quad \text{Hayasaka et al., 1001.3221; Banerjee et al., 2203.14919}$$

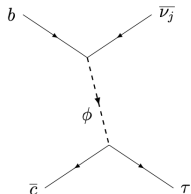
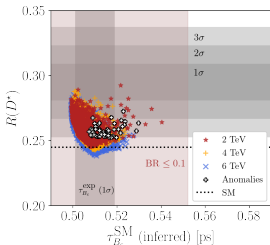
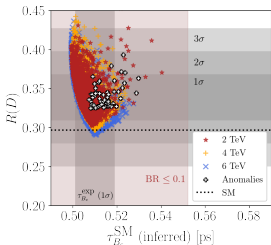
$$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu e \bar{e})_{\text{exp}} < 1.8 (0.036) \times 10^{-8}$$

$$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu) \sim \frac{|b_{23} c_{33}|^2 + 0.07 |c_{23} c_{33}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^4} \times 10^{-7}$$

$$\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu e \bar{e}) \sim \frac{|b_{23} c_{33}|^2 + 0.05 |c_{23} c_{33}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^4} \times 10^{-7}$$



# $B_c \rightarrow \tau \nu$



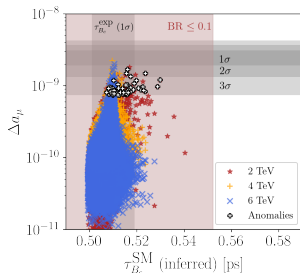
$$\tau_{B_c}^{\text{SM}} = 0.52^{+0.18}_{-0.12} \text{ ps at } 1\sigma$$

$$\tau_{B_c}^{\text{exp}} = 0.510^{+0.009}_{-0.009} \text{ ps at } 1\sigma$$

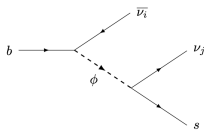
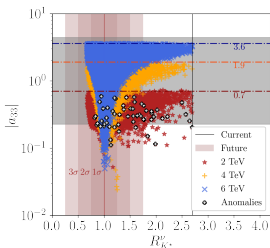
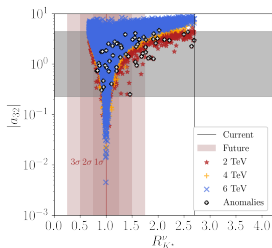
Beneke, Buchalla,  
 hep-ph/9601249,  
 PDG 2022,  
 HFLAV 2021.

$$\frac{\tau_{B_c}^{\text{SM}}}{\tau_{B_c}^{\text{exp}}} \approx 1 - 0.13 \frac{|a_{33} b_{32}|}{\hat{m}_\phi^2} \cos(\text{Arg}(a_{33}) - \text{Arg}(b_{32}))$$

$$+ 0.19 \frac{|a_{33} b_{32}|^2}{\hat{m}_\phi^4}$$



# $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \nu \bar{\nu}$

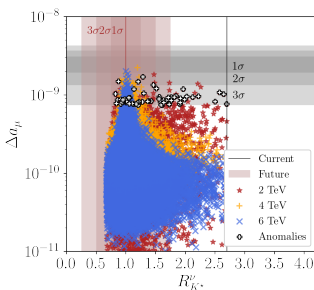


Belle, 1702.03224:  $R_{K^*}^{\nu} < 2.7$  (90% C.L.)

Belle II, 1808.10567:

$R_{K^*}^{\nu} = 1.0 \pm 0.25$  (0.1) for 5 (50)  $\text{ab}^{-1}$

$$R_{K^{(*)}}^{\nu} \approx 1 + 1.69 \frac{|a_{33} a_{32}|}{\hat{m}_{\phi}^2} \cos(\text{Arg}(a_{33}) - \text{Arg}(a_{32})) + 2.15 \frac{|a_{33} a_{32}|^2}{\hat{m}_{\phi}^4}$$



$$g_{\tau A}, c\bar{c} \rightarrow \tau\bar{\tau}$$

Assumption: Lepton flavour conserved for SM couplings

$$\rightarrow g_{e_A}^{\text{SM}} = g_{e_L}^{\text{SM}} - g_{e_R}^{\text{SM}} \equiv g_A^{\text{SM}} (< 0)$$

$$g_{\tau A}/g_A^{\text{SM}} \approx 1 - \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 4.5, \quad \hat{m}_\phi = 2 \\ 1.5, \quad \hat{m}_\phi = 4 \\ 0.8, \quad \hat{m}_\phi = 6 \end{array} \right\} |c_{33}|^2 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$g_{\tau A, \text{exp}}/g_A^{\text{SM}}: 1.00154 \pm 0.00128 \text{ at } 1\sigma \quad \text{hep-ex/0509008}$$

Angelescu et al., 1808.08179: Reinterpretation of LHC search 1709.07242 for  $Z'$  in high- $p_T$   $\tau\bar{\tau}$  tails

From top right in figure 4 in 1808.08179 (LHC does not distinguish between chiralities):  $|y_{32}| = |b_{32}| < \hat{m}_\phi + 0.6$

# Electric Dipole Moment of the Muon

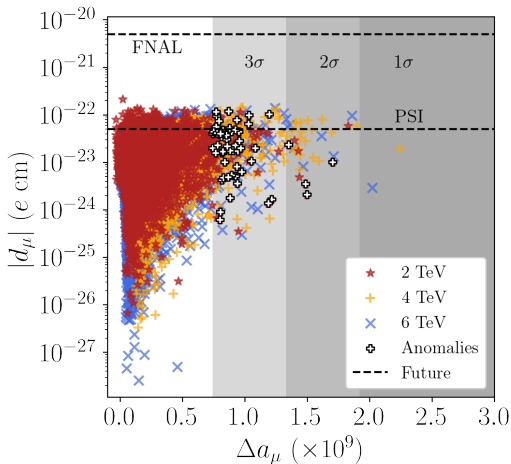
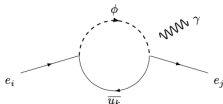
$$|d_\mu| < 1.5 \times 10^{-19} \text{ e cm}$$

Muon g-2, 0811.1207

Future searches:

$$|d_\mu| < 1000 \text{ (60) [1]} \\ \times 10^{-24} \text{ e cm}$$

EPJ Web Conf. 118  
(2016) 01005; 1506.01465;  
2102.08838;  
hep-ph/0012087;  
hep-ph/0307006



$$|d_\mu| \approx 2 \frac{|\text{Im}(b_{23}c_{23}^*)|}{\hat{m}_\phi^2} \times 10^{-22} \text{ e cm}$$

# Axial-Vector Z-Boson Coupling to Muons

$$g_{\mu_A}/g_A^{\text{SM}} =$$

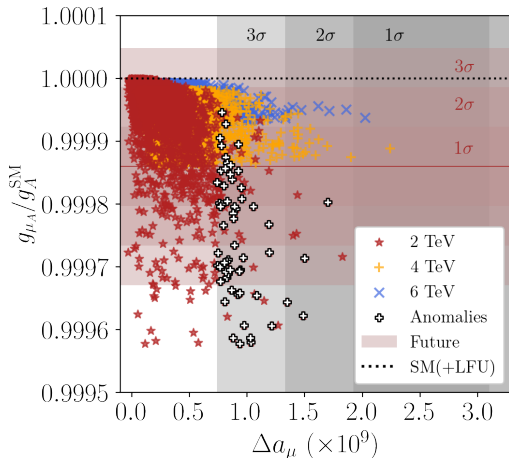
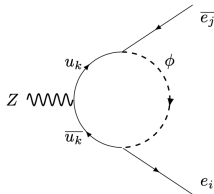
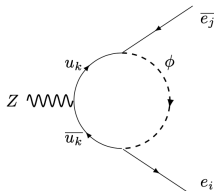
$$0.99986 \pm 0.00108$$

$$(\pm 6.3)[0.63] \times 10^{-5}$$

hep-ex/0509008; 2010.06593

1306.6352; Eur. Phys. J. ST

228 (2019) 261



$$g_{\mu_A}/g_A^{\text{SM}} \approx 1 - \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2.3, \quad \hat{m}_\phi = 2 \\ 0.8, \quad \hat{m}_\phi = 4 \\ 0.4, \quad \hat{m}_\phi = 6 \end{array} \right\} |c_{23}|^2 \times 10^{-5}.$$



# SM Yukawa sector: Up-Type Quarks (Scenario A)

$$M_u = \begin{pmatrix} f_{11} \lambda^8 & f_{12} \lambda^5 & f_{13} \lambda^8 \\ f_{21} \lambda^{10} & f_{22} \lambda^4 & f_{23} \lambda^2 \\ f_{31} \lambda^{12} & f_{32} \lambda^4 & f_{33} \end{pmatrix} \langle H_u^0 \rangle$$

$$L_u = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{f_{12}^2}{2f_{22}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & \frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & \frac{f_{13}}{f_{33}} \lambda^8 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^9) \\ -\frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & 1 - \frac{f_{12}^2}{2f_{22}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & \frac{f_{23}}{f_{33}} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) \\ \frac{f_{12}f_{23}}{f_{22}f_{33}} \lambda^3 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^5) & -\frac{f_{23}}{f_{33}} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & 1 - \frac{f_{23}^2}{2f_{33}^2} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_u = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{10}) & \frac{f_{11}f_{12}}{f_{22}^2} \lambda^5 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & \frac{f_{21}f_{23} + f_{31}f_{33}}{f_{33}^2} \lambda^{12} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) \\ -\frac{f_{11}f_{12}}{f_{22}^2} \lambda^5 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) & \frac{f_{32}}{f_{33}} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) \\ \frac{f_{11}f_{12}f_{32}}{f_{22}^2f_{33}} \lambda^9 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{10}) & -\frac{f_{32}}{f_{33}} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) \end{pmatrix}.$$

# SM Yukawa sector: Up-Type Quarks (Scenario B)

Consider enhancement  $(M_u)_{13} = \tilde{f}_{13} \lambda^3$  to correctly predict  $J_{CP}$ .

$$M_u = \begin{pmatrix} f_{11} \lambda^8 & f_{12} \lambda^5 & \tilde{f}_{13} \lambda^3 \\ f_{21} \lambda^{10} & f_{22} \lambda^4 & f_{23} \lambda^2 \\ f_{31} \lambda^{12} & f_{32} \lambda^4 & f_{33} \end{pmatrix} \langle H_u^0 \rangle$$

$$L_u = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{f_{12}^2}{2 f_{22}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & \frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & \frac{\tilde{f}_{13}}{f_{33}} \lambda^3 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^7) \\ -\frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & 1 - \frac{f_{12}^2}{2 f_{22}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & \frac{f_{23}}{f_{33}} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) \\ \left( \frac{f_{12} f_{23}}{f_{22} f_{33}} - \frac{\tilde{f}_{13}}{f_{33}} \right) \lambda^3 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^5) & -\frac{f_{23}}{f_{33}} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & 1 - \frac{f_{23}^2}{2 f_{33}^2} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_u = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{10}) & \frac{f_{11} f_{12}}{f_{22}^2} \lambda^5 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & \frac{f_{11} \tilde{f}_{13}}{f_{33}^2} \lambda^{11} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) \\ -\frac{f_{11} f_{12}}{f_{22}^2} \lambda^5 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) & \frac{f_{32}}{f_{33}} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) \\ \frac{f_{11} f_{12} f_{32}}{f_{22}^2 f_{33}} \lambda^9 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{10}) & -\frac{f_{32}}{f_{33}} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$M_d = \begin{pmatrix} d_{11} \lambda^4 & d_{12} \lambda^8 & d_{13} \lambda^8 \\ d_{21} \lambda^{10} & d_{22} \lambda^2 & d_{23} \lambda^2 \\ d_{31} \lambda^{12} & d_{32} \lambda^4 & d_{33} \end{pmatrix} \langle H_d^0 \rangle$$

$$L_d = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{d_{12}^2}{2 d_{22}^2} \lambda^{12} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) & \frac{d_{12}}{d_{22}} \lambda^6 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{10}) & \frac{d_{13}}{d_{33}} \lambda^8 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) \\ -\frac{d_{12}}{d_{22}} \lambda^6 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{10}) & 1 - \frac{d_{23}^2}{2 d_{33}^2} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) & \frac{d_{23}}{d_{33}} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) \\ L_{d,31} \lambda^8 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) & -\frac{d_{23}}{d_{33}} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & 1 - \frac{d_{23}^2}{2 d_{33}^2} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) \end{pmatrix}$$

with

$$L_{d,31} = \frac{d_{12} d_{23} - d_{13} d_{22}}{d_{22} d_{33}}.$$

$$R_d = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) & R_{d,12} \lambda^8 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) & R_{d,13} \lambda^{12} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) \\ -R_{d,12} \lambda^8 - \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) & 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) & \frac{(d_{22} d_{23} + d_{32} d_{33})}{d_{33}^2} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) \\ \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{12}) & -\frac{(d_{22} d_{23} + d_{32} d_{33})}{d_{33}^2} \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) & 1 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) \end{pmatrix}$$

with

$$R_{d,12} = \frac{d_{11} d_{12} + d_{21} d_{22}}{d_{22}^2} \quad \text{and} \quad R_{d,13} = \frac{d_{11} d_{13} + d_{21} d_{23} + d_{31} d_{33}}{d_{33}^2}.$$

# Quark Mixing (Scenario A)

$$V = L_u^\dagger L_d$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{f_{12}^2}{2f_{22}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & -\frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & \frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} V_{32} \lambda^3 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^5) \\ \frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & 1 - \frac{f_{12}^2}{2f_{22}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & -V_{32} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) \\ V_{31} \lambda^8 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^9) & V_{32} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & 1 - \frac{1}{2}(V_{32})^2 \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) \end{pmatrix}$$

with

$$V_{32} \equiv \frac{f_{23}}{f_{33}} - \frac{d_{23}}{d_{33}}$$

and

$$V_{31} \equiv \frac{f_{13}}{f_{33}} - \frac{d_{13}}{d_{33}} - \frac{d_{12}}{d_{22}} V_{32} .$$

$$J_{\text{CP}} = \text{Im}(V_{ud} V_{ub}^* V_{td}^* V_{tb}) \sim \lambda^{11} .$$

# Quark Mixing (Scenario B)

$$V = L_u^\dagger L_d$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{f_{12}^2}{2f_{22}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & -\frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & \left( \frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} V_{32} - \frac{\tilde{f}_{13}}{f_{33}} \right) \lambda^3 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^5) \\ \frac{f_{12}}{f_{22}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & 1 - \frac{f_{12}^2}{2f_{22}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & -V_{32} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) \\ \frac{\tilde{f}_{13}}{f_{33}} \lambda^3 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^7) & V_{32} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) & 1 - \frac{1}{2}(V_{32})^2 \lambda^4 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6) \end{pmatrix}$$

with

$$V_{32} \equiv \frac{f_{23}}{f_{33}} - \frac{d_{23}}{d_{33}}.$$

$$J_{\text{CP}} = \text{Im}(V_{ud} V_{ub}^* V_{td}^* V_{tb}) \sim \lambda^6.$$

$$M_e = \begin{pmatrix} e_{11} \lambda^4 & e_{12} \lambda^{12} & o(\lambda^{12}) \\ e_{21} \lambda^8 & e_{22} \lambda^2 & e_{23} \lambda \\ e_{31} \lambda^9 & e_{32} \lambda^3 & e_{33} \end{pmatrix} \langle H_d^0 \rangle$$

$$L_e = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + o(\lambda^{12}) & \frac{e_{11}e_{21}}{e_{22}^2} \lambda^8 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{10}) & o(\lambda^{12}) \\ -\frac{e_{11}e_{21}}{e_{22}^2} \lambda^8 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{10}) & 1 - \frac{e_{23}^2}{2e_{33}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) & \frac{e_{23}}{e_{33}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) \\ \frac{e_{11}e_{21}e_{23}}{e_{22}^2 e_{33}} \lambda^9 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{11}) & -\frac{e_{23}}{e_{33}} \lambda + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) & 1 - \frac{e_{23}^2}{2e_{33}^2} \lambda^2 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_e = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{e_{21}^2}{2e_{22}^2} \lambda^{12} + o(\lambda^{12}) & \frac{e_{21}}{e_{22}} \lambda^6 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) & \frac{(e_{21}e_{23} + e_{31}e_{33})}{e_{33}^2} \lambda^9 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{11}) \\ -\frac{e_{21}}{e_{22}} \lambda^6 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) & 1 - \frac{1}{2}(R_{e,23})^2 \lambda^6 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) & R_{e,23} \lambda^3 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^5) \\ R_{e,31} \lambda^9 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^{11}) & -R_{e,23} \lambda^3 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^5) & 1 - \frac{1}{2}(R_{e,23})^2 \lambda^6 + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^8) \end{pmatrix}$$

with

$$R_{e,23} \equiv \frac{e_{22}e_{23} + e_{32}e_{33}}{e_{33}^2} \quad \text{and} \quad R_{e,31} \equiv \frac{1}{e_{33}} \left( \frac{e_{21}e_{32}}{e_{22}} - e_{31} \right).$$

# Leptoquark Coupling $\mathbf{x}$

$$\mathbf{x} = L_e^T \begin{pmatrix} \hat{a}_{11} \lambda^9 & \hat{a}_{12} \lambda^{12} & o(\lambda^{12}) \\ \hat{a}_{21} \lambda^8 & \hat{a}_{22} \lambda^3 & \hat{a}_{23} \lambda \\ \hat{a}_{31} \lambda^8 & \hat{a}_{32} \lambda^2 & \hat{a}_{33} \end{pmatrix} L_d = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} \lambda^9 & a_{12} \lambda^{11} & a_{13} \lambda^9 \\ a_{21} \lambda^8 & a_{22} \lambda^3 & a_{23} \lambda \\ a_{31} \lambda^8 & a_{32} \lambda^2 & a_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{11} = \hat{a}_{11} + o(\lambda^3),$$

$$a_{12} = -\frac{\hat{a}_{22} e_{11} e_{21}}{e_{22}^2} + \frac{\hat{a}_{23} d_{23} e_{11} e_{21}}{d_{33} e_{22}^2} + \frac{\hat{a}_{32} e_{11} e_{21} e_{23}}{e_{22}^2 e_{33}} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} d_{23} e_{11} e_{21} e_{23}}{d_{33} e_{22}^2 e_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda),$$

$$a_{13} = -\frac{\hat{a}_{23} e_{11} e_{21}}{e_{22}^2} + \frac{\hat{a}_{33} e_{11} e_{21} e_{23}}{e_{22}^2 e_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$a_{21} = \hat{a}_{21} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda),$$

$$a_{22} = \hat{a}_{22} - \frac{d_{23}}{d_{33}} \left( \hat{a}_{23} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} e_{23}}{e_{33}} \right) - \frac{\hat{a}_{32} e_{23}}{e_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$a_{23} = \hat{a}_{23} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} e_{23}}{e_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$a_{31} = \hat{a}_{31} - \frac{\hat{a}_{32} d_{12}}{d_{22}} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} d_{13}}{d_{33}} + \frac{\hat{a}_{33} d_{12} d_{23}}{d_{22} d_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda),$$

$$a_{32} = \hat{a}_{32} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} d_{23}}{d_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$a_{33} = \hat{a}_{33} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2).$$

# Leptoquark Coupling $z$

$$z = L_e^T \hat{x} L_u = \begin{pmatrix} c_{11} \lambda^9 & c_{12} \lambda^{10} & c_{13} \lambda^9 \\ c_{21} \lambda^4 & c_{22} \lambda^3 & c_{23} \lambda \\ c_{31} \lambda^3 & c_{32} \lambda^2 & c_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c_{11} = \hat{a}_{11} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$c_{12} = \frac{\hat{a}_{11} f_{12}}{f_{22}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda),$$

$$c_{13} = -\frac{\hat{a}_{23} e_{11} e_{21}}{e_{22}^2} + \frac{\hat{a}_{33} e_{11} e_{21} e_{23}}{e_{22}^2 e_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$c_{21} = -\frac{f_{12}}{e_{33} f_{22} f_{33}} (\hat{a}_{33} e_{23} f_{23} - \hat{a}_{23} e_{33} f_{23} - \hat{a}_{32} e_{23} f_{33} + \hat{a}_{22} e_{33} f_{33}) \\ - \frac{\tilde{f}_{13}}{f_{33}} \left( \hat{a}_{23} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} e_{23}}{e_{33}} \right) + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$c_{22} = \hat{a}_{22} - \frac{\hat{a}_{32} e_{23}}{e_{33}} - \left( \hat{a}_{23} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} e_{23}}{e_{33}} \right) \frac{f_{23}}{f_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$c_{23} = \hat{a}_{23} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} e_{23}}{e_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$c_{31} = \frac{f_{12} (\hat{a}_{33} f_{23} - \hat{a}_{32} f_{33})}{f_{22} f_{33}} - \frac{\tilde{f}_{13}}{f_{33}} \hat{a}_{33} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$c_{32} = \hat{a}_{32} - \frac{\hat{a}_{33} f_{23}}{f_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$c_{33} = \hat{a}_{33} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2).$$



$$y = R_e^T \begin{pmatrix} \hat{b}_{11} \lambda^9 & \hat{b}_{12} \lambda^9 & \hat{b}_{13} \lambda^9 \\ \hat{b}_{21} \lambda^9 & \hat{b}_{22} \lambda^3 & \hat{b}_{23} \lambda^3 \\ \hat{b}_{31} \lambda^{12} & \hat{b}_{32} & \hat{b}_{33} \lambda^4 \end{pmatrix} R_u = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} \lambda^9 & b_{12} \lambda^9 & b_{13} \lambda^9 \\ b_{21} \lambda^8 & b_{22} \lambda^3 & b_{23} \lambda^3 \\ b_{31} \lambda^5 & b_{32} & b_{33} \lambda^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b_{11} = \hat{b}_{11} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3),$$

$$b_{12} = \hat{b}_{12} - \frac{\hat{b}_{22} e_{21}}{e_{22}} - \frac{\hat{b}_{32} e_{31}}{e_{33}} + \frac{\hat{b}_{32} e_{21} e_{32}}{e_{22} e_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$b_{13} = \hat{b}_{13} - \frac{\hat{b}_{23} e_{21}}{e_{22}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$b_{21} = -\frac{\hat{b}_{22} f_{11} f_{12}}{f_{22}^2} + \frac{\hat{b}_{32} e_{22} e_{23} f_{11} f_{12}}{e_{33}^2 f_{22}^2} + \frac{\hat{b}_{32} e_{32} f_{11} f_{12}}{e_{33} f_{22}^2} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda),$$

$$b_{22} = \hat{b}_{22} - \frac{\hat{b}_{32} (e_{22} e_{23} + e_{32} e_{33})}{e_{33}^2} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2),$$

$$b_{23} = \hat{b}_{23} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4),$$

$$b_{31} = -\frac{\hat{b}_{32} f_{11} f_{12}}{f_{22}^2} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda),$$

$$b_{32} = \hat{b}_{32} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^6),$$

$$b_{33} = \hat{b}_{33} + \frac{\hat{b}_{32} f_{32}}{f_{33}} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^2).$$