

## Anti-brane uplifts and goldstino condensates

Fotis Farakos

U. Padova & INFN

work with: G. Dall'Agata, M. Emelin, M. Morittu

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#### We will focus on non-linear SUSY:

- We want to understand the properties of this key effect which underlines many EFTs with broken SUSY. See e.g. Dudas, Dall'Agata, FF '16, Dall'Agata, FF, Cribiori '17
- 2. For "anti-brane uplifts" the supersymmetry breaking is described by sectors with non-linear supersymmetry. See e.g. Bergshoeff, Dasgupta, Kallosh, Van Proeyen, Wrase '15, Dasgupta, Emelin and McDonough '16

Non-linear supersymmetry is central in understanding the properties of Dark Energy within String Theory.

### Take-away message:

- Non-linear supersymmetry shows an instability towards goldstino condensation. Dall'Agata, Emelin, FF, Morittu '22
- ➤ This result persists in supergravity and seems related the gravitino condensation instability. See e.g. Jasinschi, Smith '83,'84, Alexandre, Ellis, Houston, Mavromatos '13-'15 (See also talk by N. Mavromatos)
- Our results resonate with de Sitter skepticism. See e.g. Danielsson, Van Riet '18, Obied, Ooguri, Spodyneiko, Vafa '18, Andriot '18

#### Plan:

- $\rightarrow$  Non-linear supersymmetry
- $\rightarrow$  ERG and goldstino condensation
- $\rightarrow$  Consequences for uplifts
- $\rightarrow$  Outlook

► The Volkov–Akulov model is

$$\mathcal{L}_{VA} = -f^2 + i\partial_m \overline{G} \overline{\sigma}^m G + \frac{1}{4f^2} \overline{G}^2 \partial^2 G^2 - \frac{1}{16f^6} G^2 \overline{G}^2 \partial^2 G^2 \partial^2 \overline{G}^2.$$

- This EFT is defined with a cut-off  $\Lambda \leq \sqrt{f}$ , and we want to lower it to uncover the existence of composite states à la Nambu–Jona-Lasinio.
- ▶ In terms of linear SUSY it is described by (See also talk by E. Dudas)

$$K = X\overline{X}$$
,  $W = fX + \frac{1}{2}TX^2$ ,

where the variation of T gives  $X^2 = 0$ , which gives

$$X = G^2/2F \implies \text{NL SUSY}.$$

Rocek '78, Casalbuoni, De Curtis, Dominici, Feruglio, Gatto '89



- We use an Exact RG flow (i.e. Polchinski equation) to lower the cut-off and uncover the existence of composite states.
- Due to known complexity of the ERG equations, approximations are needed anyhow (e.g. LPA).
- ➤ To preserve SUSY we track only the interactions that can be described by a K and W, and the ERG takes the form

$$\frac{d}{dt_{RG}}K \sim (\#)\frac{\partial W}{\partial \Phi^i}\frac{\partial \overline{W}}{\partial \overline{\Phi}^i} + (\#)\frac{\partial^2 K}{\partial \Phi^i \partial \overline{\Phi}^i}.$$

We apply SLPA to the Volkov–Akulov, of which we have the K and the W, and check if T becomes propagating.

▶ The chiral model for the composite states is

$$K = \alpha |X|^2 + \beta |T|^2 + g|T|^2 |X|^2 + \frac{1}{4}q|X|^4$$
,  $W = fX + \frac{1}{2}TX^2$ .

▶ We find for  $t_{RG} = \log \Lambda / \Lambda' \ll 1$  that

$$\alpha \simeq 1 \; , \; \beta \simeq \frac{1}{16\pi^2} t^2 \; , \; g \simeq \frac{2t}{\Lambda'^2} \; , \; q \simeq \frac{2t}{\Lambda'^2} \; , \; f \gtrsim \Lambda^2 \; .$$

Around the "V–A" point T = X = 0 we find tachyons

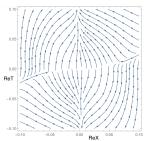
$$V = f^2$$
,  $V'' < 0$ .

You can imagine the composite states to have the form

$$X \sim G^2/f$$
,  $T \sim \partial^2 \overline{G}^2/f^2$ .

## A new problem for anti-brane uplifts?

- ► The V–A model is easily coupled to 4D N=1 supergravity to get de Sitter. See e.g. Lindstrom, Rocek '79, Bergshoeff, Freedman, Kallosh, Van Proeyen '15
- Doing the ERG within supergravity is actually beyond the state-of-the-art.
- We simply directly couple the effective theory at Λ' to supergravity.
  - 1. Tachyons persist in SG.
  - Similarly due to NL SUSY of D3, also in KKLT.
  - 3. Agreement with gravitino condensates bibliography.



#### What next?

- We want to go beyond the SLPA better control over the ERG results.
- Where do the tachyons stop? Some other stable vacuum? - Supersymmetric vacuum?
- We need to go beyond the state-of-the-art in ERG to include quantum effects from supergravity.
- We would like to identify these tachyons with some open or closed string sector.
- ▶ What happens for N > 1 or matter couplings?

# Thank you