

International Particle Physics Outreach Group

WG on Applications for Society

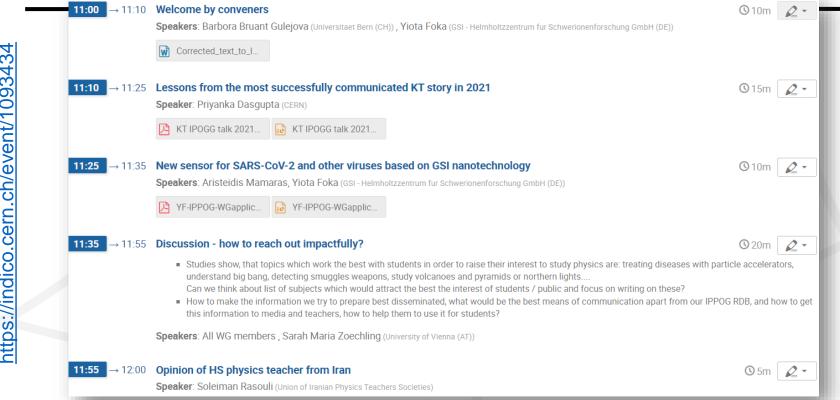
(Report from WG meeting 16 November 2021)

Barbora Bruant Gulejova & Yiota Fokka

Aristeidis Mamaras, Azra Gazibegovic - Busuladzic, Beatrice Bressan, Cecilia Colla Ruvolo, Despina Hatzifotiadou, Jonivar Skullerud, Katharina Mueller, Pedro Abreu, Priyanka Dasgupta, Sarah Maria Zoechling, Thomas Naumann

https://indico.cern.ch/event/1093434

How to explain the need for a "Higgs factory" like the FCC to the public?





Content for "Physics and Society" in new IPPOG RDB

Stories in progress:

- PET (Yiota, Beatrice, Despina, Barbora)
- GPS (Lorenzo, Thomas)

Collecting ready stories:

- CERN KT (Priyanka, Marzena)
- GSI (Aristeidis, Yiota)
- Symmetry (Cecilia, Catia)





Aim to cover subjects which have been proven to be most engaging for highs school students!

(Sarah Zoechling's PhD at CERN):

- Diseases treatment with particle acceler
- Understand big bang
- Detect smuggles weapons
- Study volcanoes and pyramids
- Northern lights
- Radioactivity
- WWW

Level of Broad Interest

Students are interested even in contexts related to

- (1) science, e.g., "which elementary particles"
- (2) technology, e.g., "electronics industry"
- Cognitive-epistemic component of interest

Level of Open Interest

Additionally, students are interested in everyday life contexts: specific examples, e.g., "digital camera"

⇒ Value-related component of interest

Level of Focused Interest

Students are only interested in contexts related to

- (1) one's own body, e.g., "medical diagnostics"
- (2) socio-scientific issues, e.g., "smuggled arms"
- (3) existential questions of humankind, e.g., "big bang"
- ⇒ Emotional component of interest

Progressing in interested in progressing being interested in means being interested to the additional contexts.

Figure 1: Characterisation of three levels of interest in particle physics that is valid for 75% students and based on the item hierarchy revealed by the Rasch analysis

Lessons from the most successfully communicated KT story in 2021 Priyanka Dasgupta

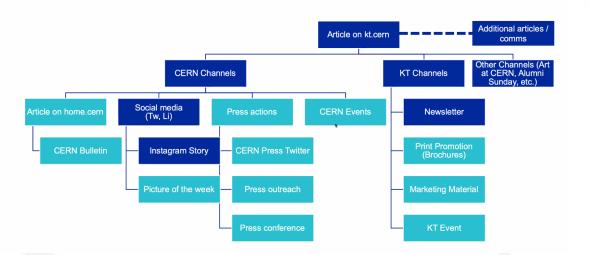
3D colour X-ray scanner - campaign channels





Lessons from the most successfully communicated KT story in 2021 Priyanka Dasgupta

3D colour X-ray scanner - campaign channels



Collaboration between various partners

CERN Social Media Team







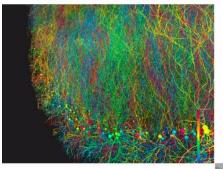


- High engagement (~3%) and impressions (~ 100k)
- Benchmarked to best CERN communications

- Targeted hashtags
- Targeted LinkedIn (e.g. Industry, Teachers)



KT Success Stories: Stand against COVID-19



Personal Protective Equipment

CERN releases face shields and masks developed under the CERN against COVID-19 programme under its Open Hardware Licence





CARA

CERN-made software modelling the concentration of viruses in enclosed spaces

BioDynaMo

Data-analysis and simulation platforms for life sciences, most recently used for simulating the spread of COVID-19.

High-Energy Ventilator

Developed by members of the LHCb collaboration to help combat COVID-19.









KT Success Stories

GaToroid

Using CERN magnet technology in innovate cancer treatment



Sanofi Pasteur

Improving vaccine production with novel machine learning techniques



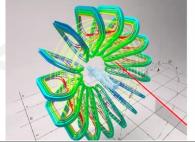
CERN-MEDICIS

New tools for precision medicine



Terapet SA

Enabling the monitoring of the delivered proton dose inside the patients during cancer treatment: in-vivo, non-invasively, in 3D and real-time





MARS Bioimaging

- First 3D colour X-ray based on CERN technology, able to monitor bone healing following a fracture.
- MARS Bioimaging released new 3D colour X-ray images generated with the innovative MARS compact scanner, based on the Medipix3 technology developed at CERN.





BAQ

- CERN signed a license agreement on the RaDoM technology with the spin-off company BAQ: a start-up to tackle Radon gas
- RaDoM (Radon Dose Monitor) an innovative radon-monitoring prototype developed at CERN to drive analysis and mitigation.

OHL 2.0

- The latest version of the CERN Open Hardware Licence was updated in March 2020
- On 15 January 2021, OHL 2.0 got Open Source Initiative (OSI) Certified







ENERCON

How competences and

energy production

technologies from HEP can

support innovations in wind

Image: ENERCON

InsightART

Measuring the DNA of your art





BioDynaMo with Statistics Netherlands

The CERNcodeveloped technology in collaboration with Statistics Netherlands will perform large-scale data modelling on socioeconomic parameters

Orvium

A CERN spinoff that aims to revolutionise academic paper review and publishing.



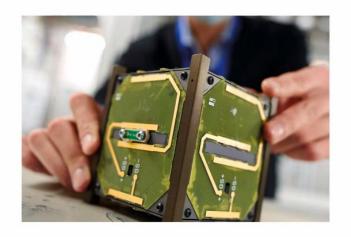


Aerospace Applications





An optical fibre-based dosimetry experiment on board the International Space Station



CELESTA

First full satellite tested at CHARM.



How can IPPOG and CERN KT collaborate?

Where can we find KT stories?

- KT updates (has information about all the stories and developments)
- KT news https://kt.cern/news
- KT Newsletter https://kt.cern/newsletter
- KT Reports https://kt.cern/annual-report
- Social media #CERNKT https://www.instagram.com/cern/?hl=en
- "For Society" folder on Instagram was created in October 2020
- KT can promote IPPOG stories
- KT seminars IPPOG invited to take part

Short-term action plan

- IPPOG will identify the best KT stories which are ready to be published in RDB (Barbora, Katharina)
- CERN KT will give guidance and provide metadata for RDB (Priyanka)





New sensor for SARS-CoV-2 and other viruses based on GSI nanotechnology

Aristeidis Mamaras for Yiota Foka

Press release: https://www.gsi.de/en/start/news/details/2021/10/07/neuer-sensor-fuer-sars-cov-2-und-andere-viren-auf-basis-von-gsi-nanotechnologie

SSI

New sensor for SARS-CoV-2 and other viruses based on GSI nanotechnology

Better and faster virus detection with single-nanopore membranes











- Better and faster virus detection with single nanopore membranes
- An international interdisciplinary team of researchers (at GSI over many years) developed a test method that detects SARS-CoV-2 in saliva
 - without sample pretreatment,
 - with the same sensitivity as qPCR test
 - in only 2 hours
- The sensor can distinguish infectious from non-infectious corona viruses: a crucial innovation!



New sensor for SARS-CoV-2 and other viruses based on GSI nanotechnology Aristeidis Mamaras for Yiota Foka

- The highly sensitive nanopore sensor specifically detects SARS-CoV-2 viruses and human adenovirus in a variety of specimen including saliva, serum or environmental samples such as wastewater
- The sensor combines two key components: a sensitive nanochannel and highly specific DNA molecules attached to the channel surface.
- The selectivity of the sensor is provided by an in-vitro selection process for DNA fragments, so-called aptamers, which are incorporated into the nanopore.
 - Ongoing collaboration on new projects testing various virus inactivation protocols
 - Great potential beyond the Corona pandemic

Vision: to integrate the functionalized nanopore membrane into a portable device for rapid and efficient virus detection and diagnosis

Discussion - how to reach out impactfully?

- How to make the information we try to prepare best disseminated?
- What would be the best means of communication apart from our IPPOG RDB?
- How to get this information to media and teachers, how to help them to use it for students?
- Well-though social media campaigns (like KT)
- Make sure to reach also to people who are not following our channels already
- Challenge is to go beyond "preaching to converted"
- Ideas from physics teacher (Soleiman Rasouli, Iran):
- Cartoons, Animations, Popular series, movies in research/tech environment
- Popular music collaborate with celebrities 5-15 year
- Computer games create them in tech environment Teenegers

