

# Future facilities in muon research at J-PARC

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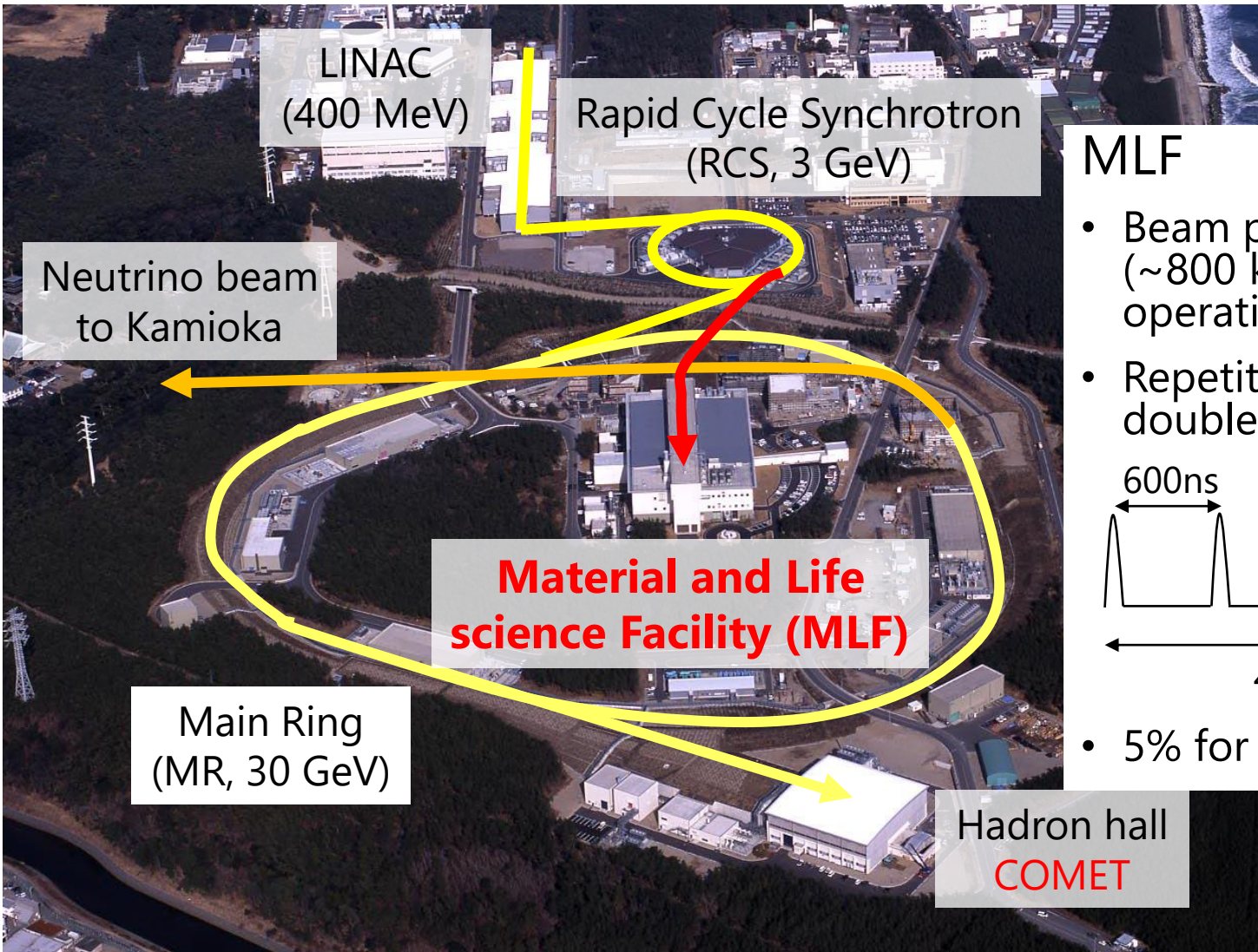
# Contents

- J-PARC muon facility
- New beamlines for fundamental physics
  - H1 area of H-line
  - S2 area of S-line
- Extension of the H-line (near future)
  - H2 area and an extension building for muon g-2/EDM and transmission muon microscope
- Future program: 2<sup>nd</sup> target station of the MLF

# J-PARC muon facility

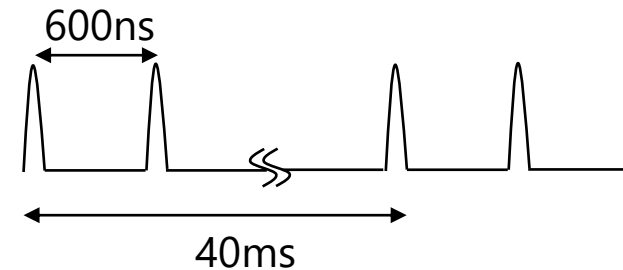
# J-PARC

J-PARC (Japan Proton Accelerator Research Complex)



## MLF

- Beam power 1 MW  
(~800 kW stable operation at present)
- Repetition rate 25 Hz, double bunches



- 5% for  $\mu$ , 95% for n

# J-PARC muon facility

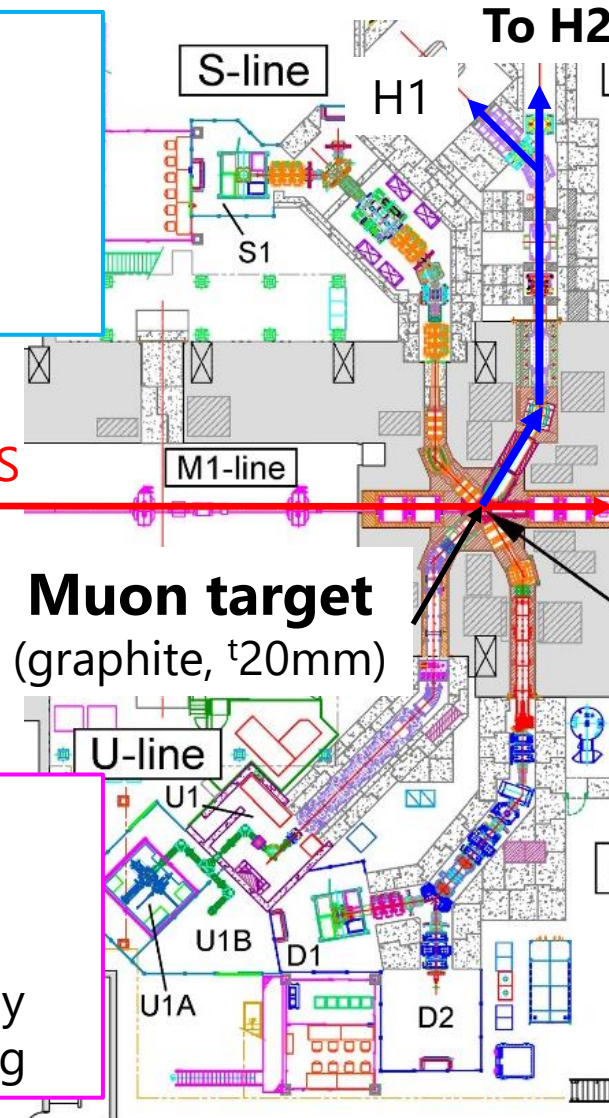
- MUSE (MUon Science Establishment) in the MLF

## S-line

- surface  $\mu^+$
- S1 for  $\mu$ SR
- **S2 for Mu 1S-2S**
- S3/S4 are planned

3GeV proton from RCS

$2e15$  /s @1MW



## H-line

- surface  $\mu^+$  ( $10^8 \mu^+$ /s), cloud  $\mu^+/\mu^-$  (up to 120MeV/c)
- for high intensity & long beamtime experiments
- **H1 for MuSEUM & DeeMe, started operation in Jan. 2022!**
- H2 for g-2/EDM &  $T\mu$ M, under construction

## U-line

- ultra slow  $\mu^+$
- U1A for nm- $\mu$ SR
- U1B for  $\mu$  microscopy
- under commissioning

## D-line

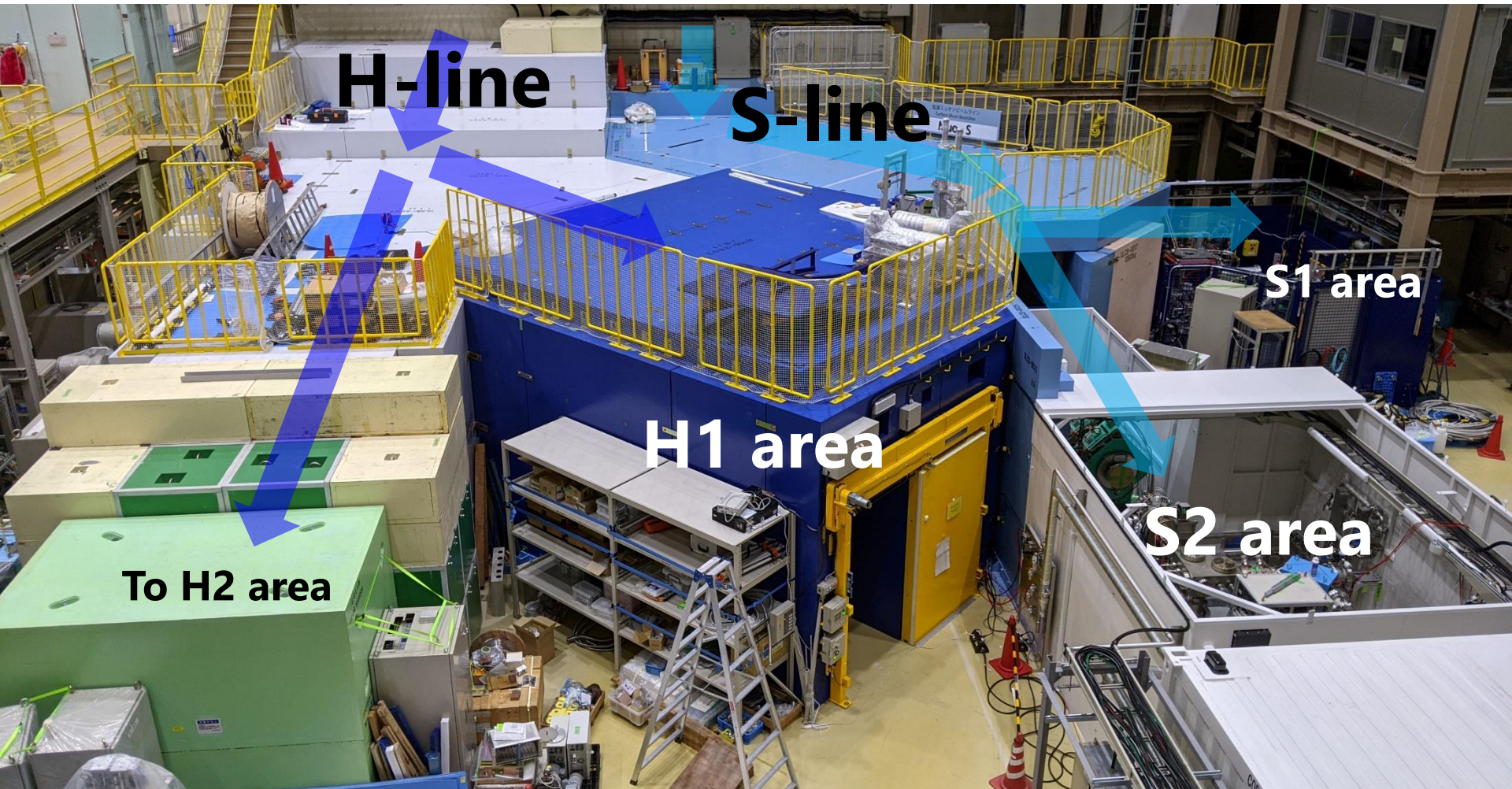
- decay  $\mu^+/\mu^-$ , surface  $\mu^+$
- D1 area for  $\mu$ SR
- D2 for variety of science

# New beamlines for fundamental physics

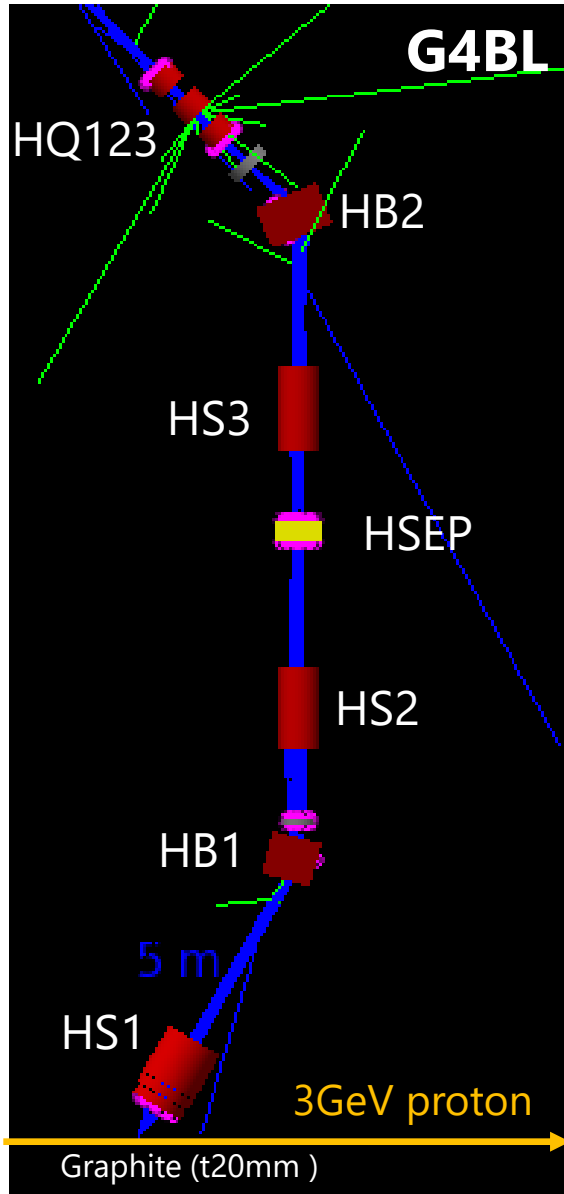


# New two beamlines since JFY2021

- H1 area (1<sup>st</sup> branch of the H-line) : MuSEUM & DeeMe
- S2 area (2<sup>nd</sup> branch of the S-line) : Mu 1S-2S



# H-line

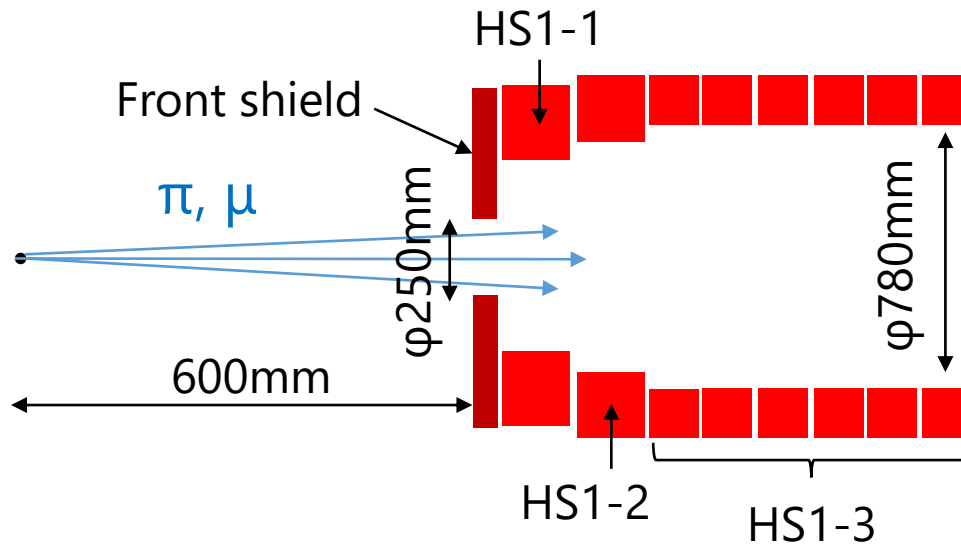


- H-line is a high intensity muon beamline which can deliver both of surface  $\mu^+$  and cloud  $\mu^+/\mu^-$ .
- Beamline optics
  - HS1 : large acceptance (108mSr) capture solenoid
  - HB1,2 : wide gap (300mm) bending magnet
  - HS2,3 : Two superconducting solenoid with opposite polarities
  - HSEP : Wien filter to reduce  $e^+/e^-$  background (not installed yet...)
  - HQ123 : Q-triplet for final focusing
- Surface muons of  $10^8 \mu^+/s$  are expected to the H1 area with a graphite target and 1MW proton beam.
- **First beam on 15<sup>th</sup> Jan. 2022!**



# $\pi/\mu$ capture solenoid of the H-line

Most important to get intense beams



## Spec.

Rating

Now

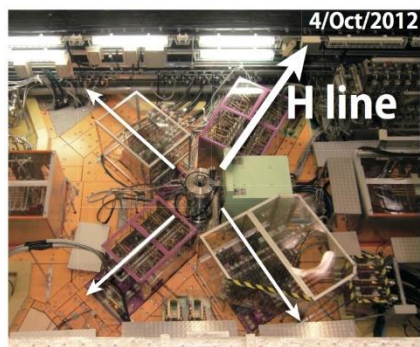
HS1-1	: 0.37T (3000A) ...	1500A
HS1-2	: 0.31T (3000A) ...	1500A
HS1-3	: 0.60T (2600A) ...	900A



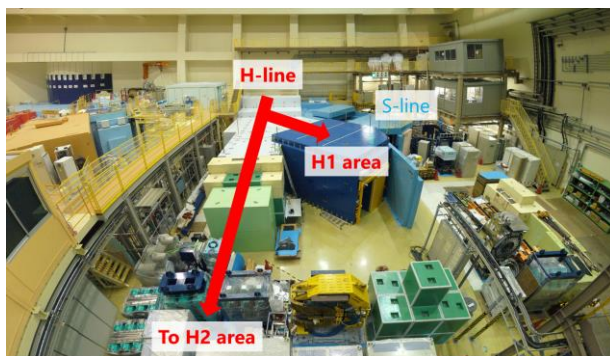
- The solenoids are wound with normal conducting **Mineral Insulation Cables (MIC)** to get enough radiation resistance.
- Due to the failure of the power supplies, maximum currents are limited now...

# H-line construction history

JFY2012  
Frontend devices



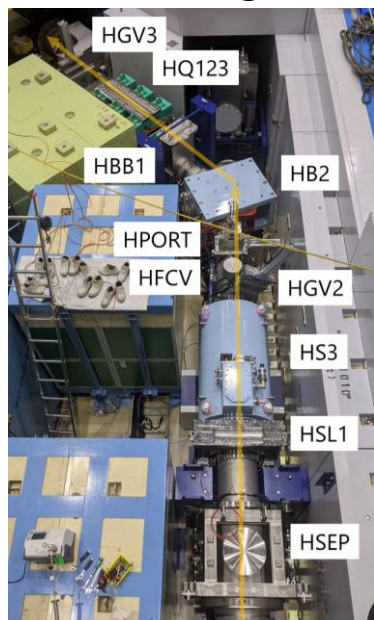
JFY2016 Radiation shield



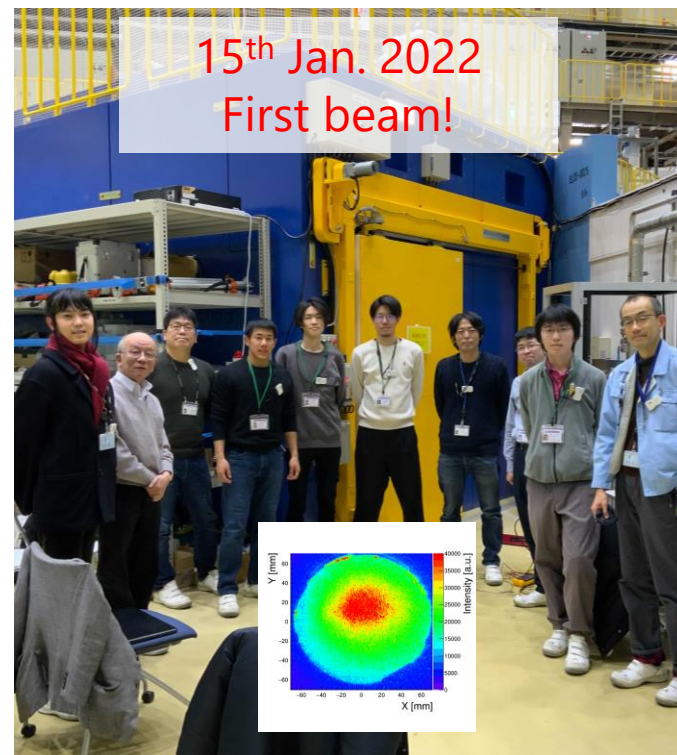
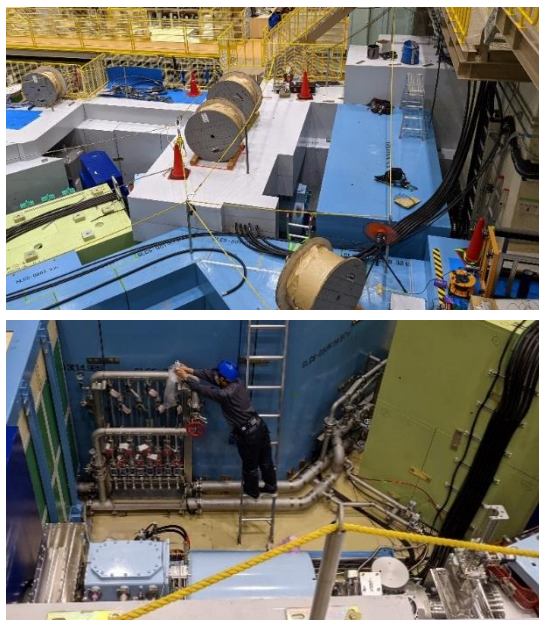
JFY2017~2019: Electric sub-station  
\* For the NC capture solenoid



JFY2020  
Install magnets

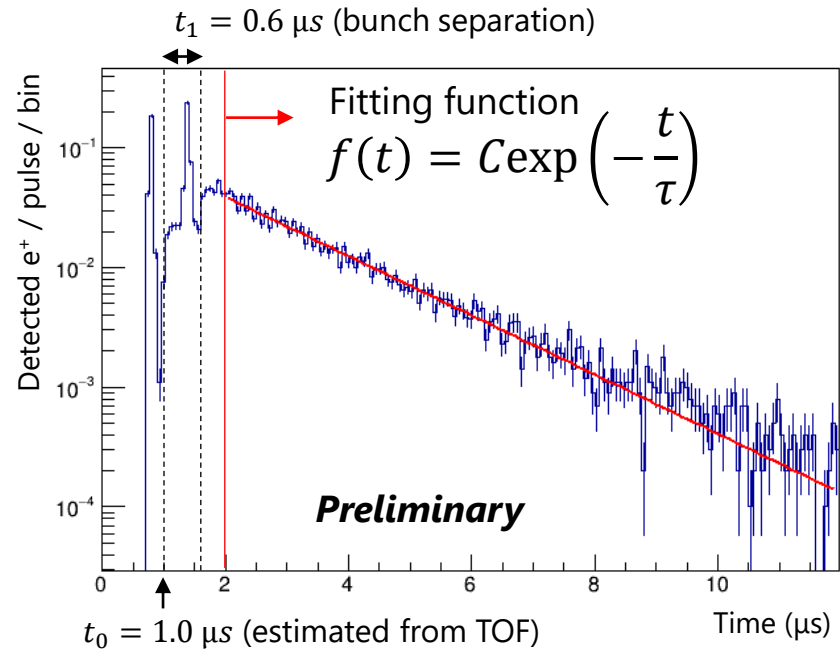
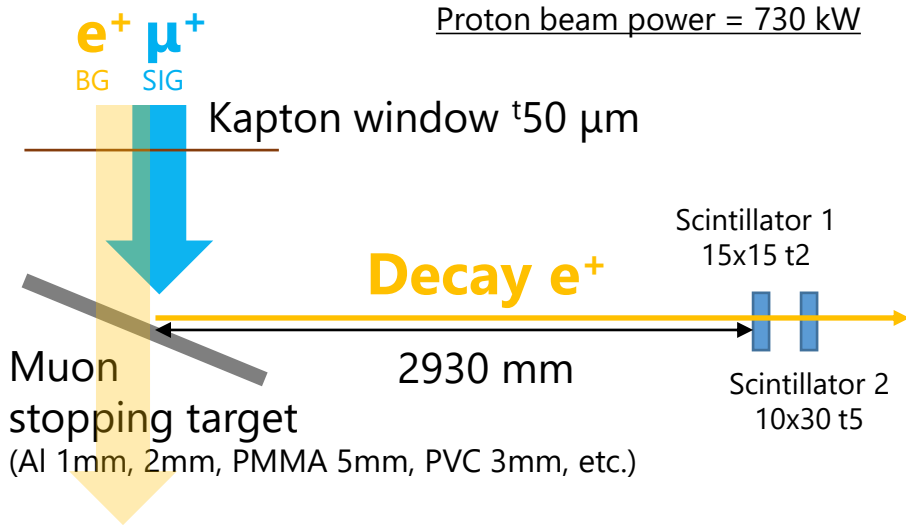


JFY2021  
Cabling, plumbing

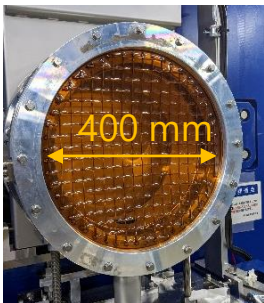


# H-line commissioning: Surface $\mu$

## Beam intensity measurement



- Number of detected positrons per pulse (25Hz) = 1.6  $e^+$ /pulse
- Detector acceptance (sim.) =  $7 \times 10^{-7}$
- Detection efficiency of scintillators = 0.89
- Transmission efficiency of Kapton window (sim.) = 0.87



The thickness of Kapton = 50  $\mu\text{m}$ , but it is a mesh window to withstand atmospheric stress.

- Proton beam power = 730 kW

**$9.9 \times 10^7 \mu^+/\text{s}$  @1MW**  
(**Preliminary**), almost the same as our expectation.

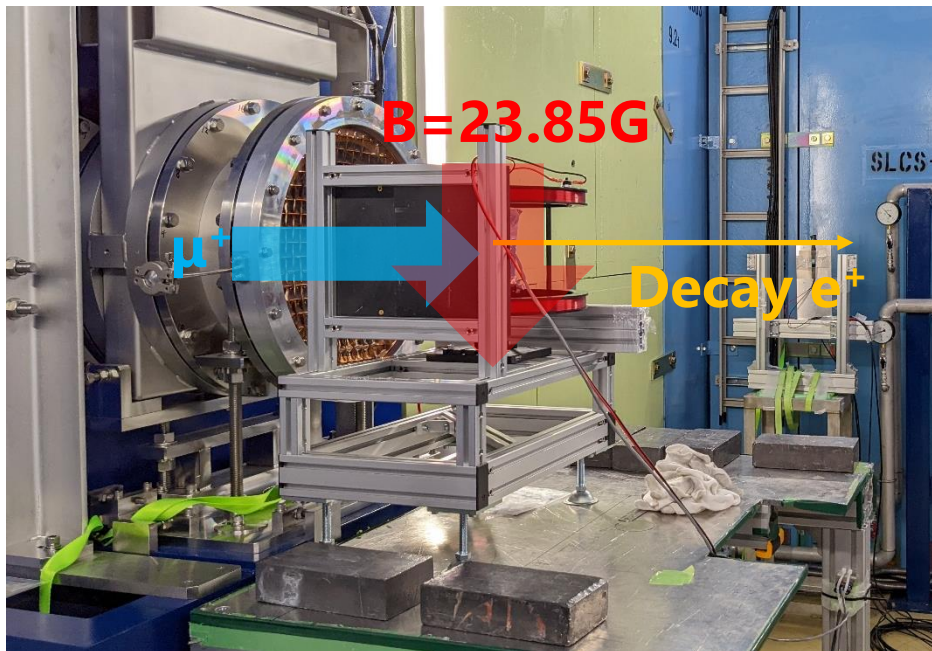
~10% increase is expected if we fix the power supplies of the capture solenoid.



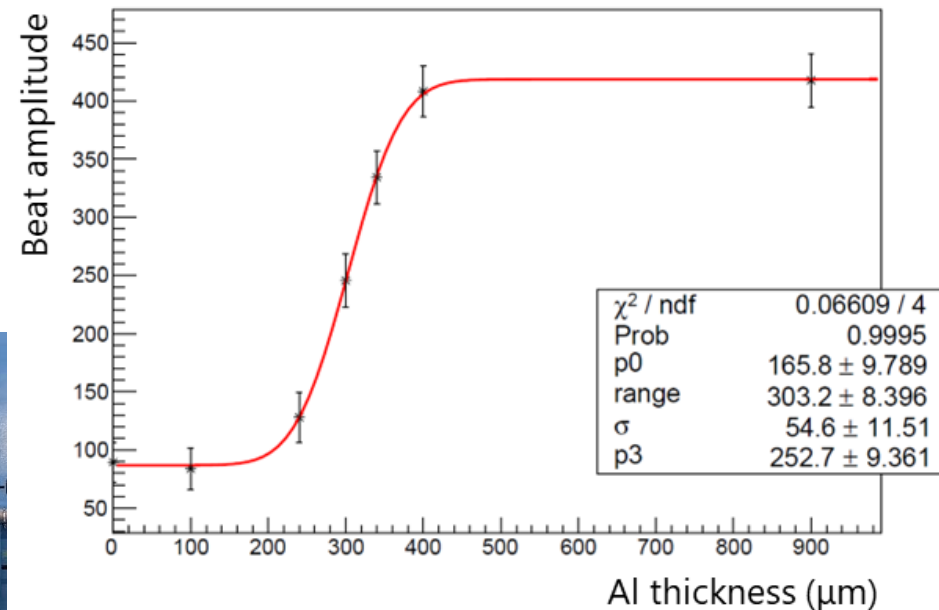
# H-line commissioning: Surface $\mu$

## Momentum measurement

- Almost the same setup as the intensity measurement
- Al target in a magnetic field of 23.85 G
- Beat amplitude of wiggle plot ( $\propto$  number of stopped muons) is plotted as a function of Al thickness



## Range measurement

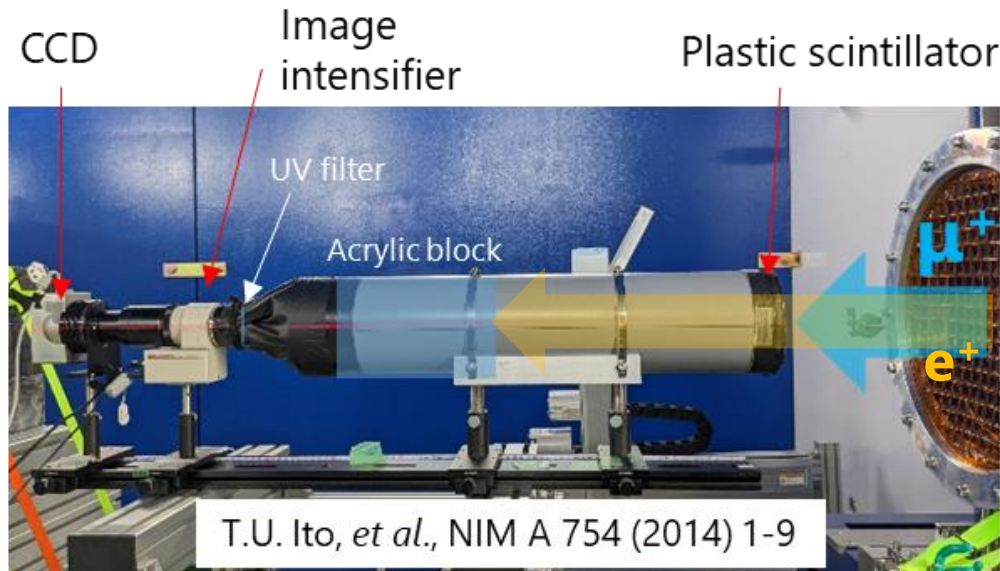


From  $\mu^+$  range in Al target, we estimated

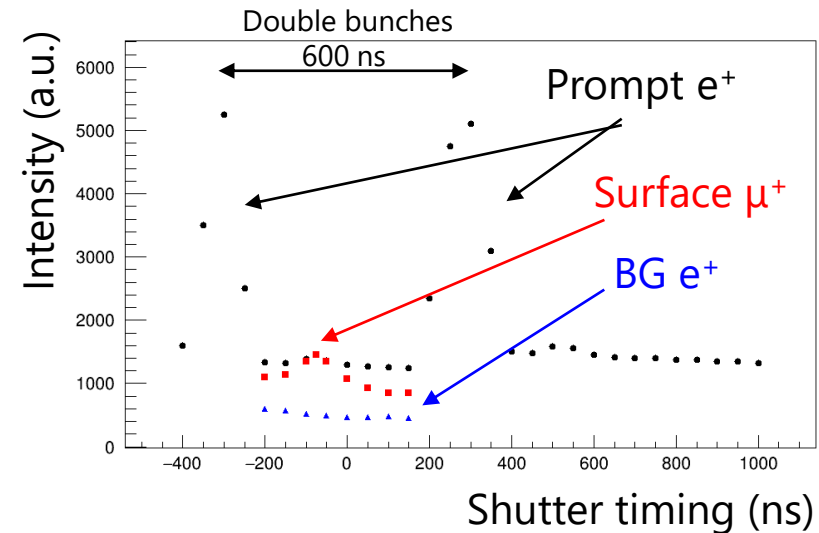
$P = 28.0 \text{ MeV}/c$  (RMS  $1.2 \text{ MeV}/c$ )  
in the beamline as expected.

# H-line commissioning: Surface $\mu$

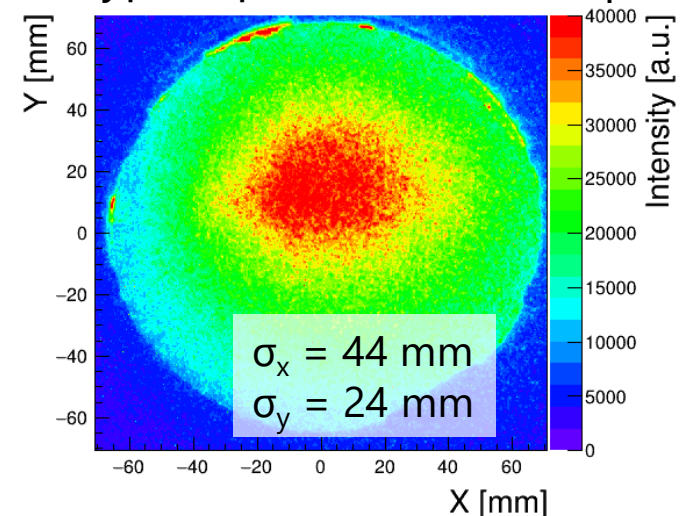
## Beam profile measurement



- BG and decay positrons are blocked by the acrylic block.
- Cherenkov lights from the acrylic block cannot pass through the UV filter.
- To select surface  $\mu^+$ , we adjusted the shutter timing.



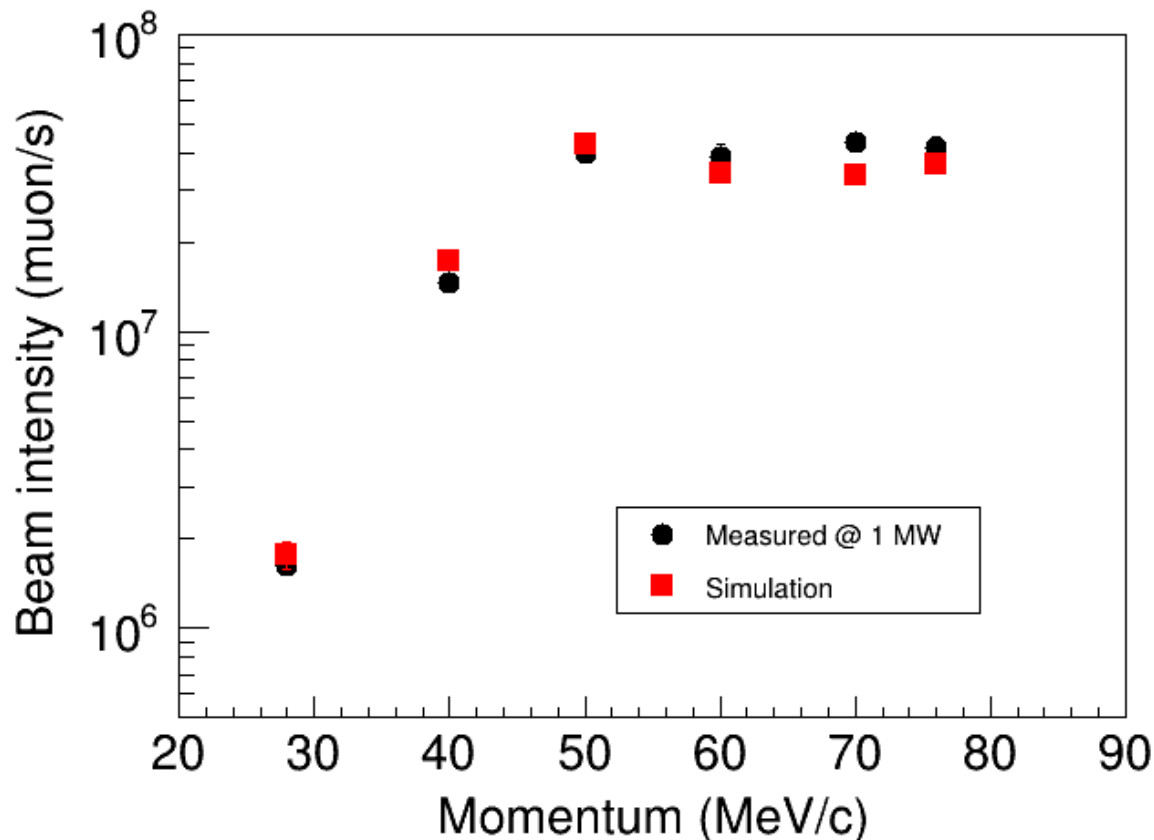
A typical profile of surface  $\mu^+$





# H-line commissioning: Cloud $\mu^-$

- We measured intensities of cloud  $\mu^-$  up to 80 MeV/c.
  - ✓ Upgrade of the power supplies, which is scheduled in this JFY, is necessary for higher momentum.

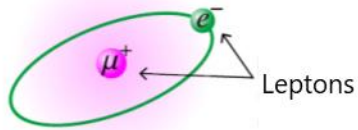


Consistent with Geant4 and  
G4beamline simulation  
(Model: QGSP\_INCLXX)

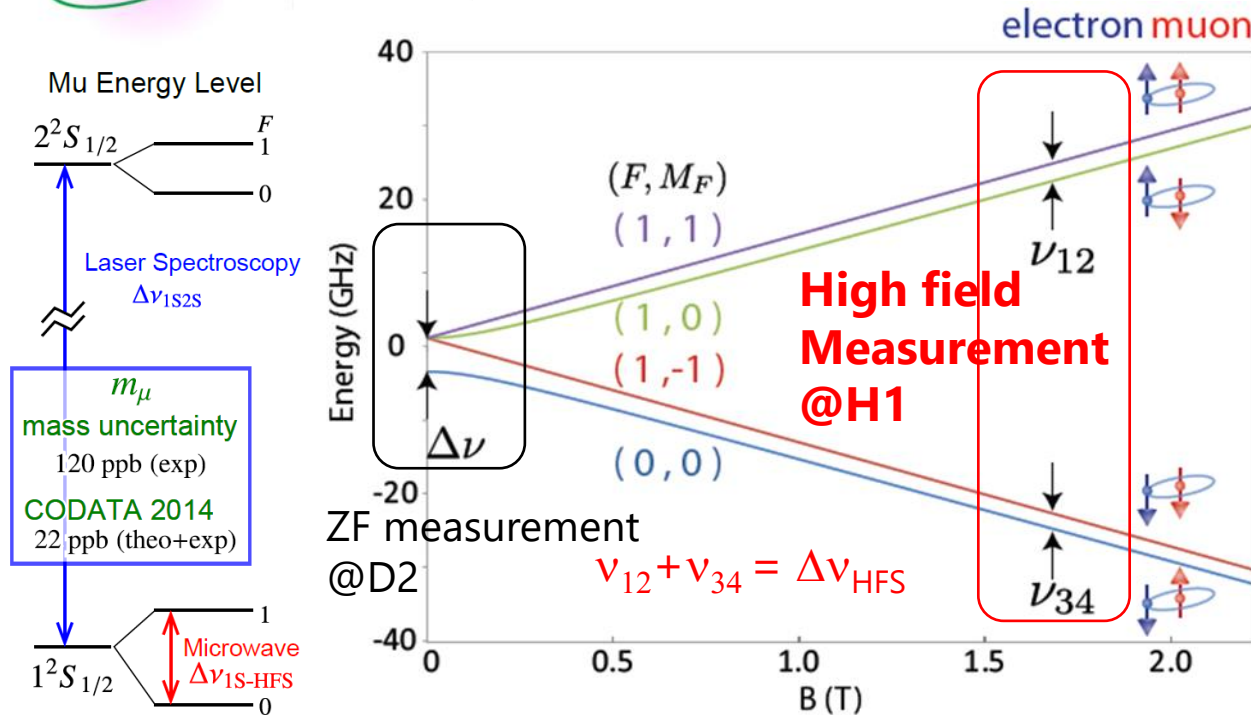
# MuSEUM @H1 area

Muonium (Mu)

→ Next talk by K. Shimomura



## Precise measurement of the hyperfine structure of muonium



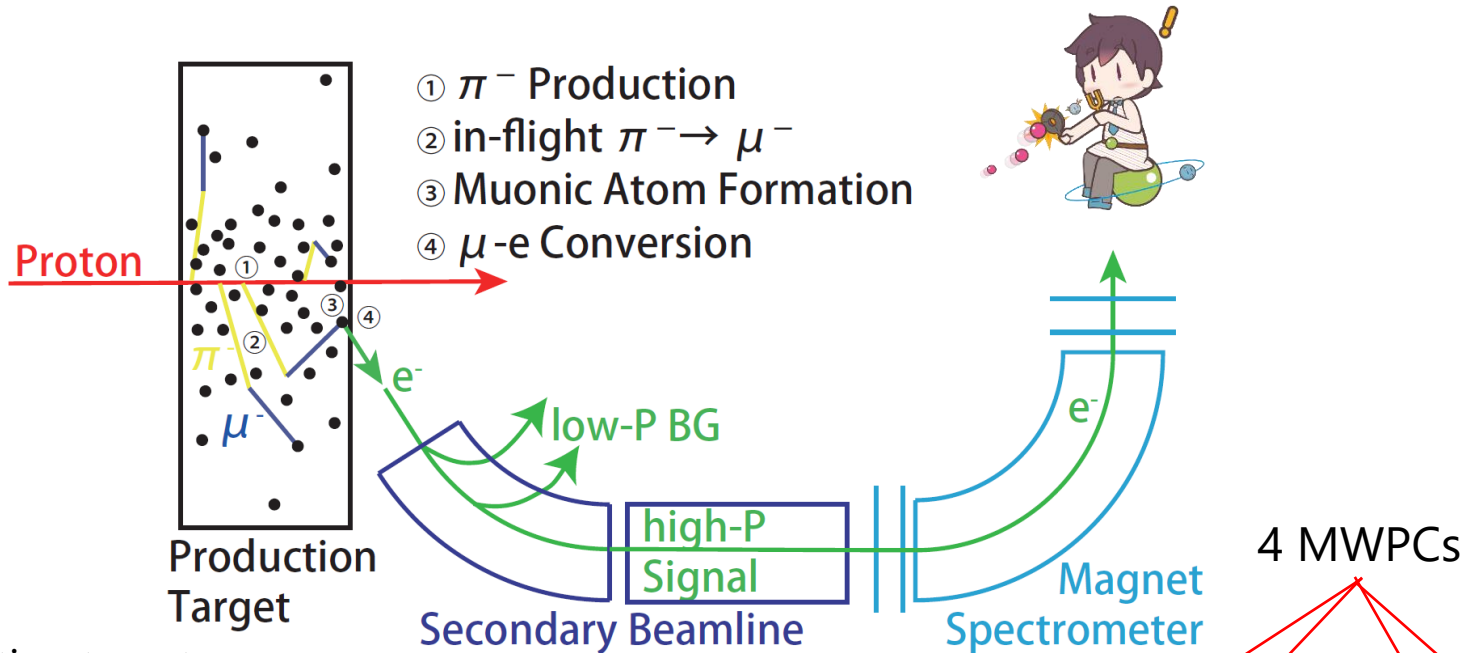
Previous experiment: 4 463.302 765 (53) MHz (LAMPF1999)

Precision of 8 Hz will be reached by a high field measurement at the H-line.

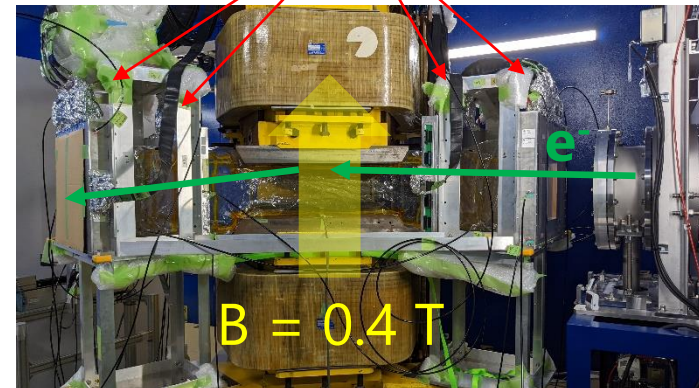
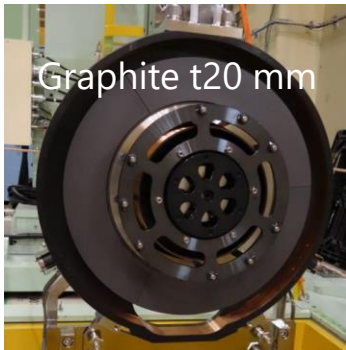
A Wien filter to eliminate  $e^+$  BG is inevitable for this experiment and will be installed in this JFY.

# DeeMe @H1 area

- Search for  $\mu$ -e conversion (sensitivity  $\sim 10^{-14}$ )
  - Pilot RUN was conducted at the H1 area in July 2022.



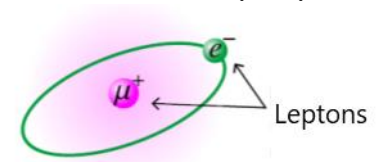
Production target



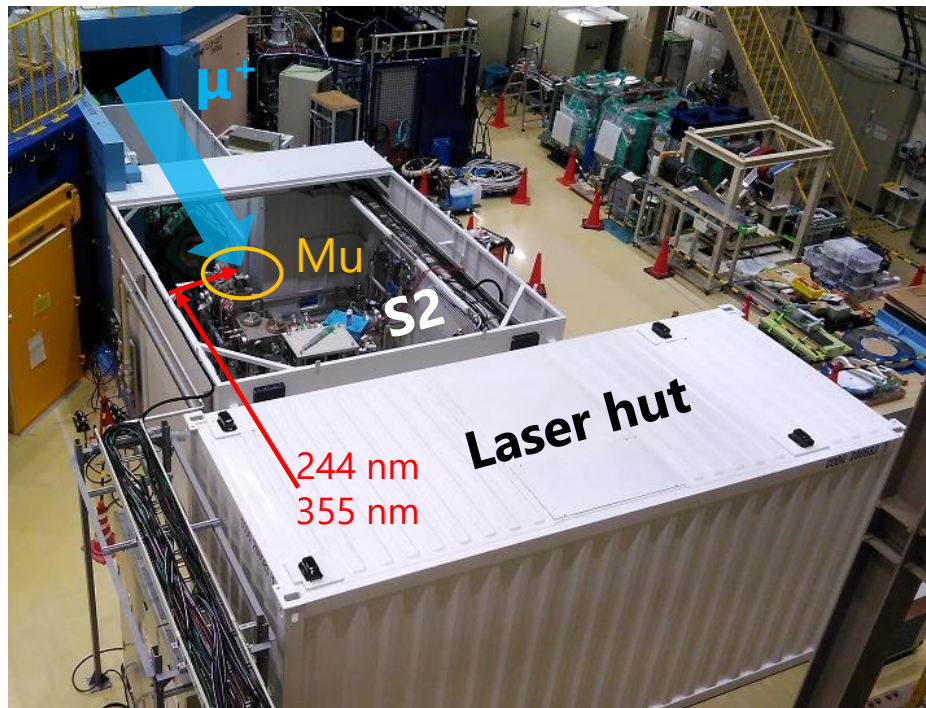
# S2 area and Mu 1S-2S

→ Next talk by K. Shimomura

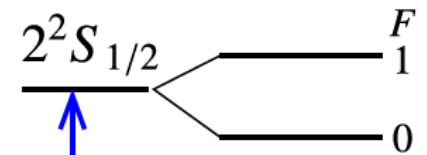
Muonium (Mu)



- 2<sup>nd</sup> branch of S-line dedicated to Mu 1S-2S spectroscopy
  - ✓ Surface muon beamline:  $2 \times 10^6 \mu^+/\text{s}$  (single bunch)



Mu Energy Level



Laser Spectroscopy

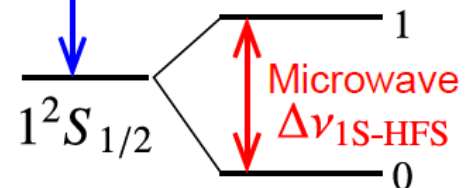
$\Delta\nu_{1S2S}$

$m_\mu$   
mass uncertainty

120 ppb (exp)

CODATA 2014

22 ppb (theo+exp)



$$\Delta\nu_{1S2S} \simeq \frac{3\alpha^2}{8h} m_e c^2 \left( 1 + \frac{m_e}{\underbrace{m_\mu}_{\text{mass}}} \right)^{-1} \quad \begin{array}{l} 10 \text{ kHz precision} \\ \Delta m_\mu = 1 \text{ ppb} \end{array}$$

# Extension of the H-line (near future)

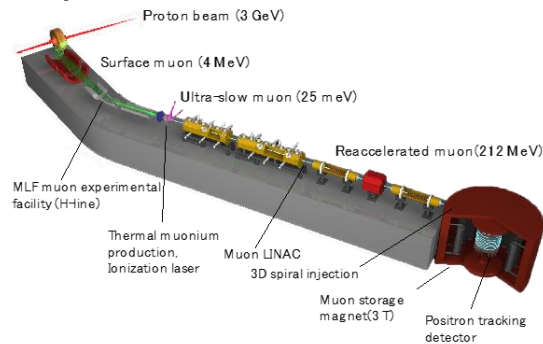


# Further extension of the H-line

At the 2<sup>nd</sup> branch of the H-line, ultra slow muons will be re-accelerated up to **200 MeV** to obtain **a low-emittance ( $1 \pi \text{ mm} \cdot \text{mrad}$ ) muon beam**.

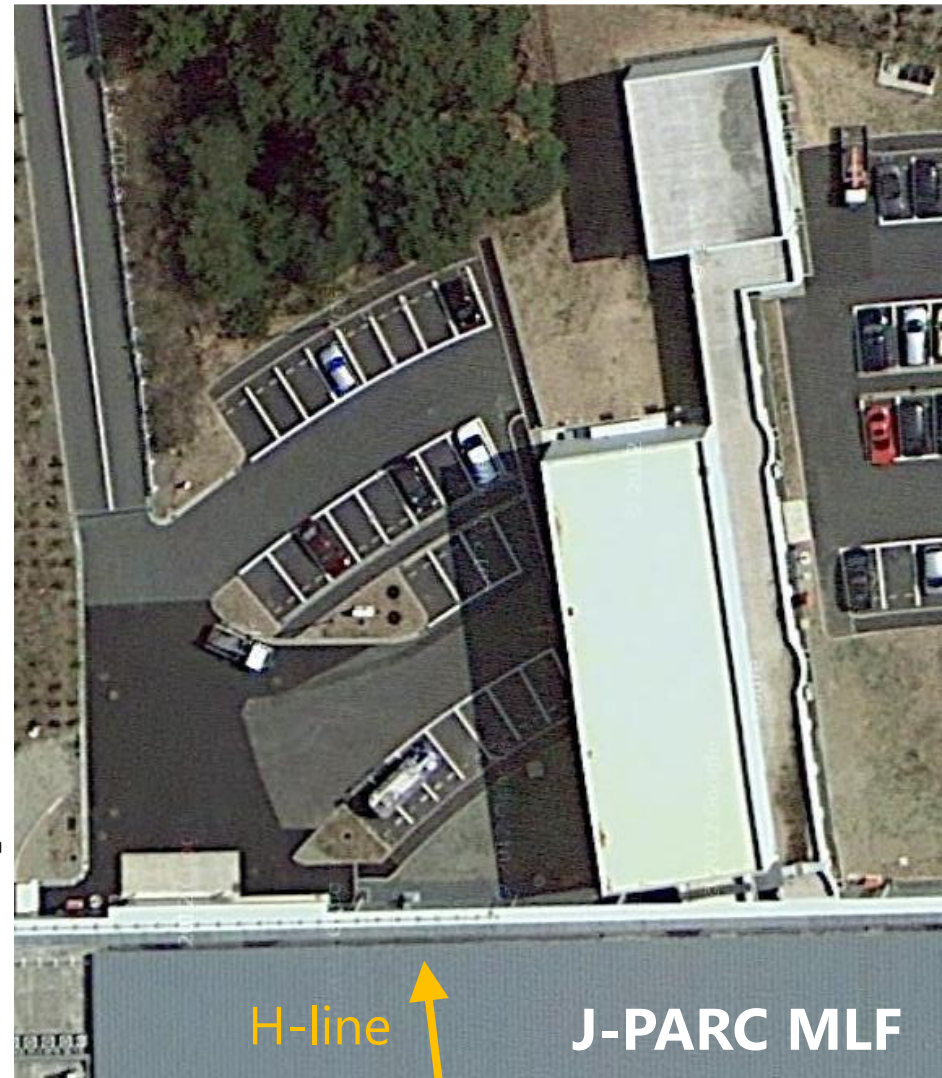
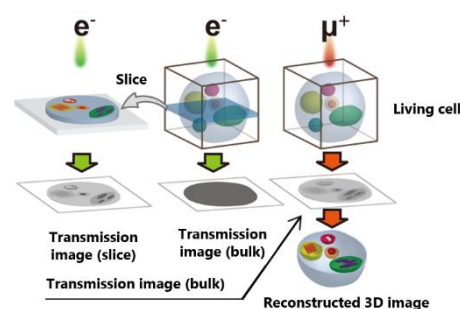
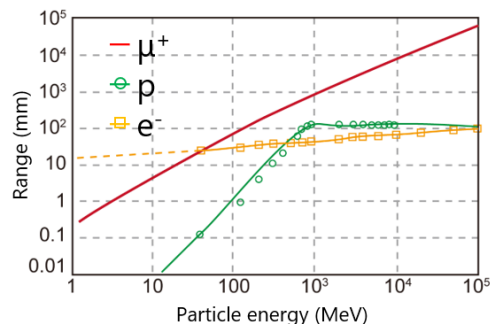
## Muon g-2/EDM experiment

- ▷ The low-emittance muon beam enables us not to use a strong focusing E-field.
- ▷ Complementary method to check the discrepancy



## Transmission muon microscope ( $T\mu M$ )

- ▷ Observe bulk samples utilizing the strong penetrative power of re-accelerated muons



H-line

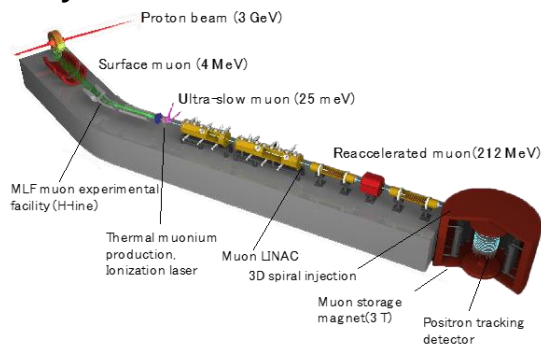
J-PARC MLF

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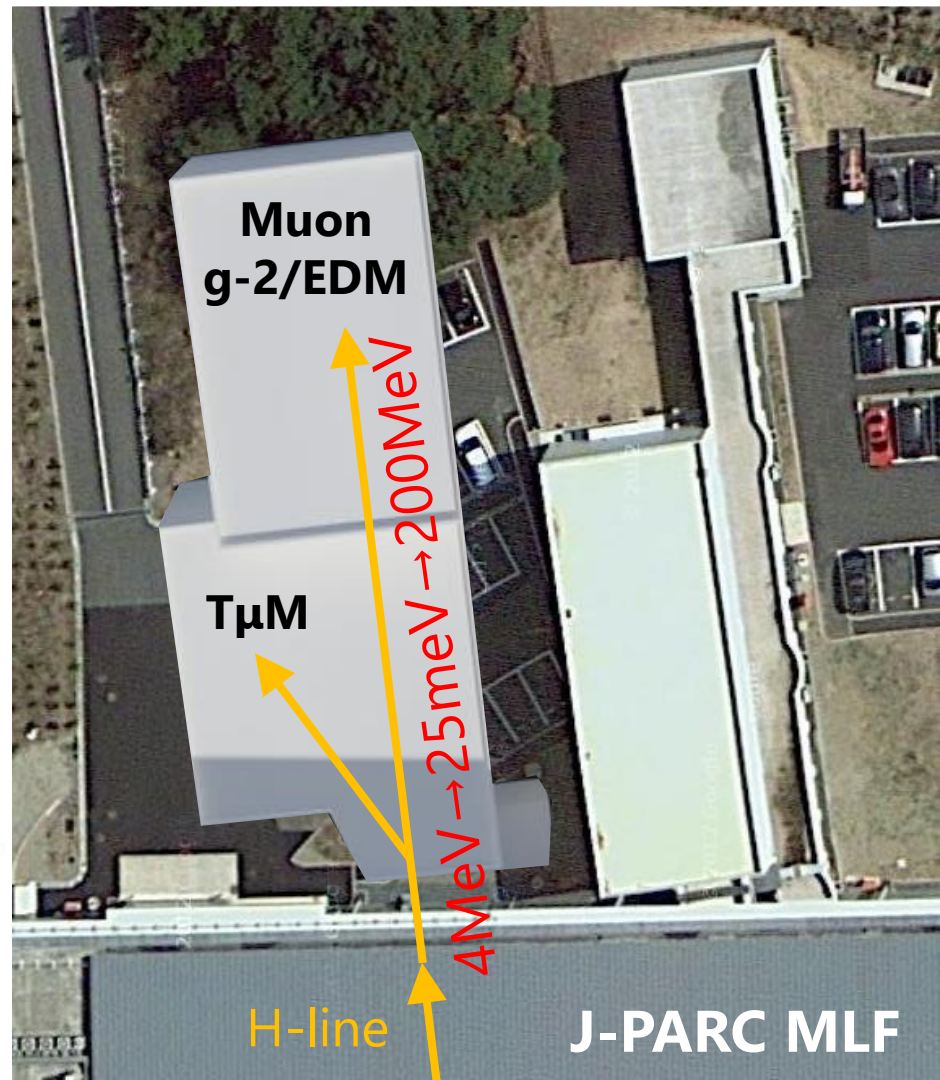
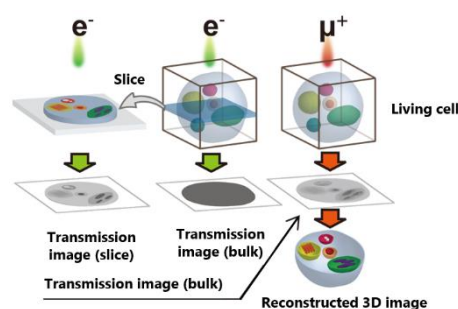
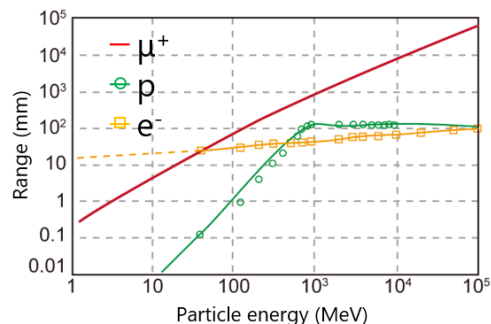
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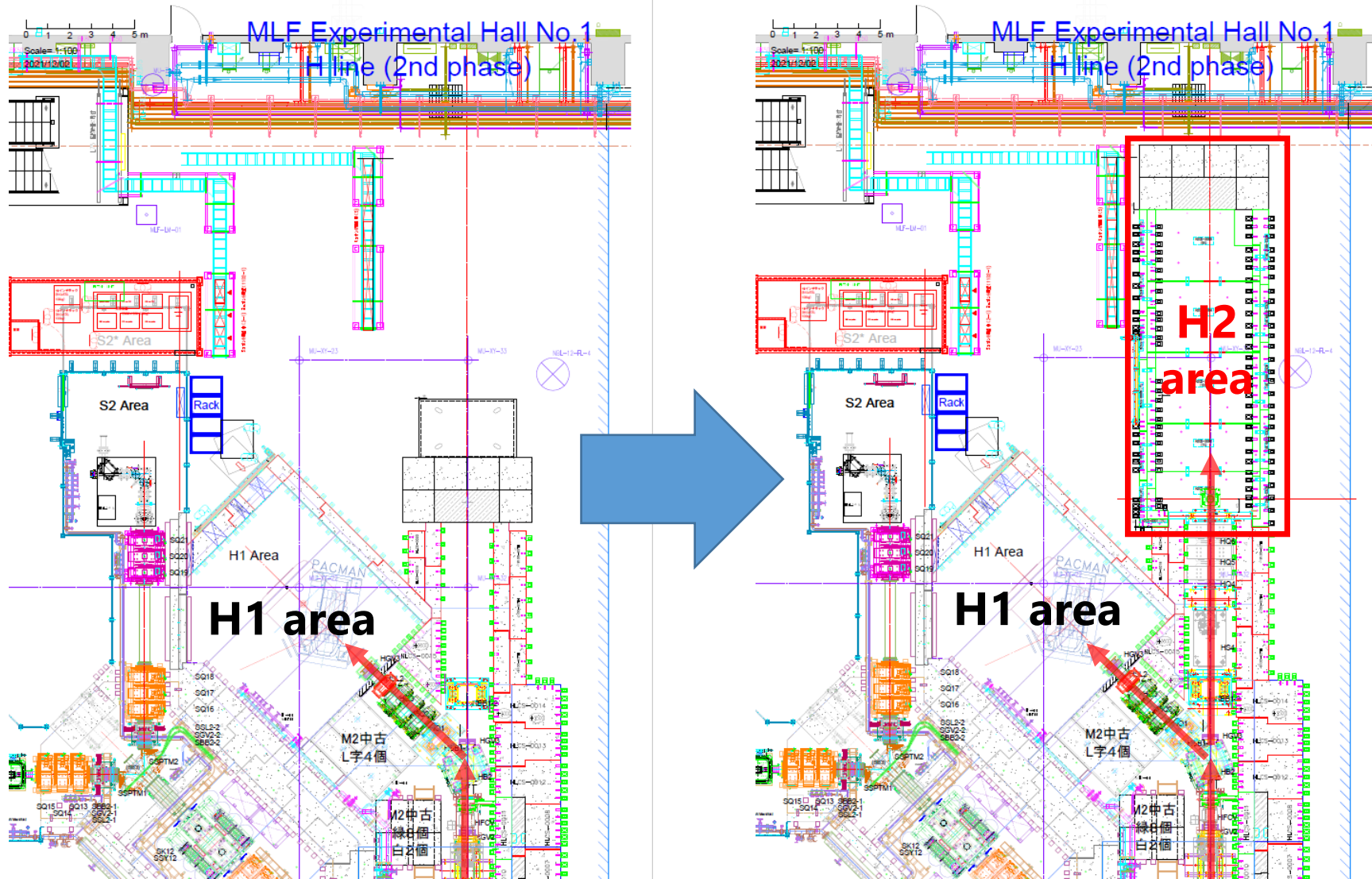
- ▷ Observe bulk samples utilizing the strong penetrative power of re-accelerated muons





# Schedule of the H-line extension

- This JFY: construction of the 2<sup>nd</sup> branch (H2 area)



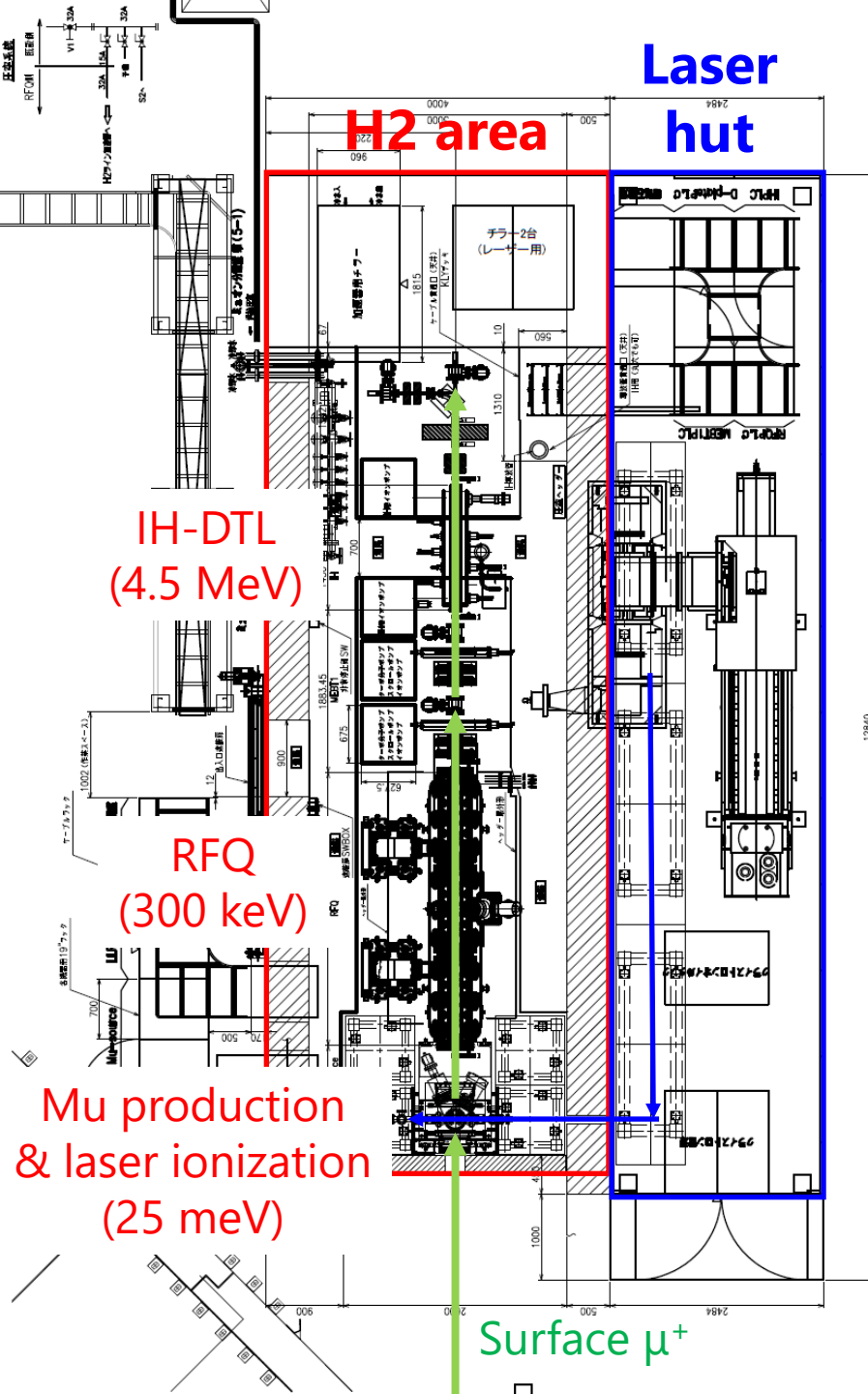


# Manufacturing its concrete shields

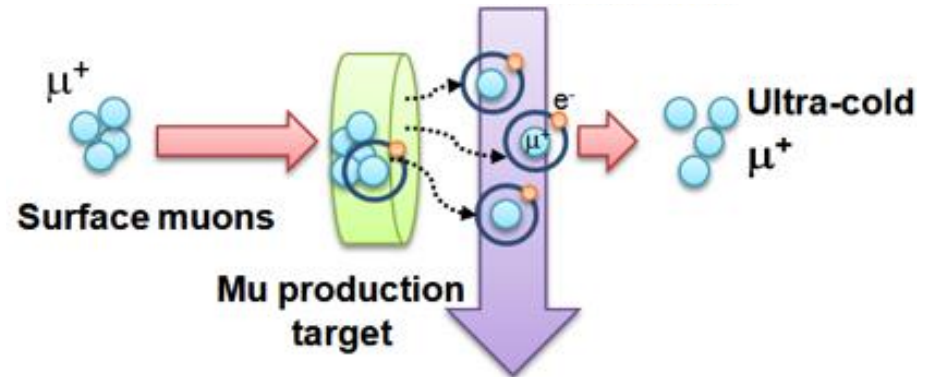


# Schedule of the H-line extension

- Apparatuses to produce ultra slow muons (25 meV) and accelerators up to 4.5 MeV will be installed from the next JFY.



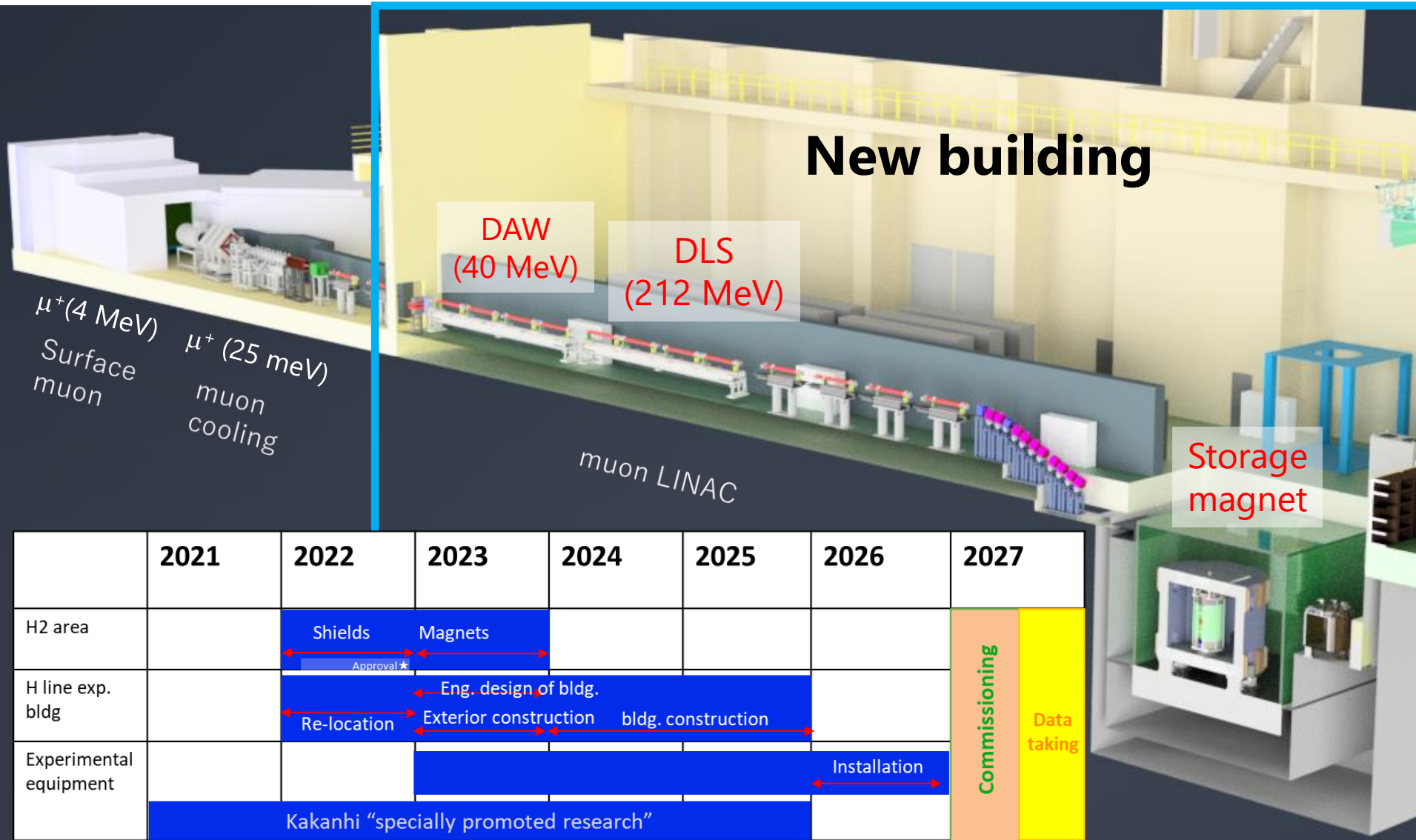
1x 122 nm (1S-2P)  
or 2x 244 nm (1S-2S)  
+ 355 nm (ionization)





# Schedule of the H-line extension

Construction of a new building will be started from the next JFY



# Preparatory works before construction

## Geotechnical investigation



## Survey of the construction site



## Research of buried cultural properties



..., and the relocation of buried cables is ongoing now.



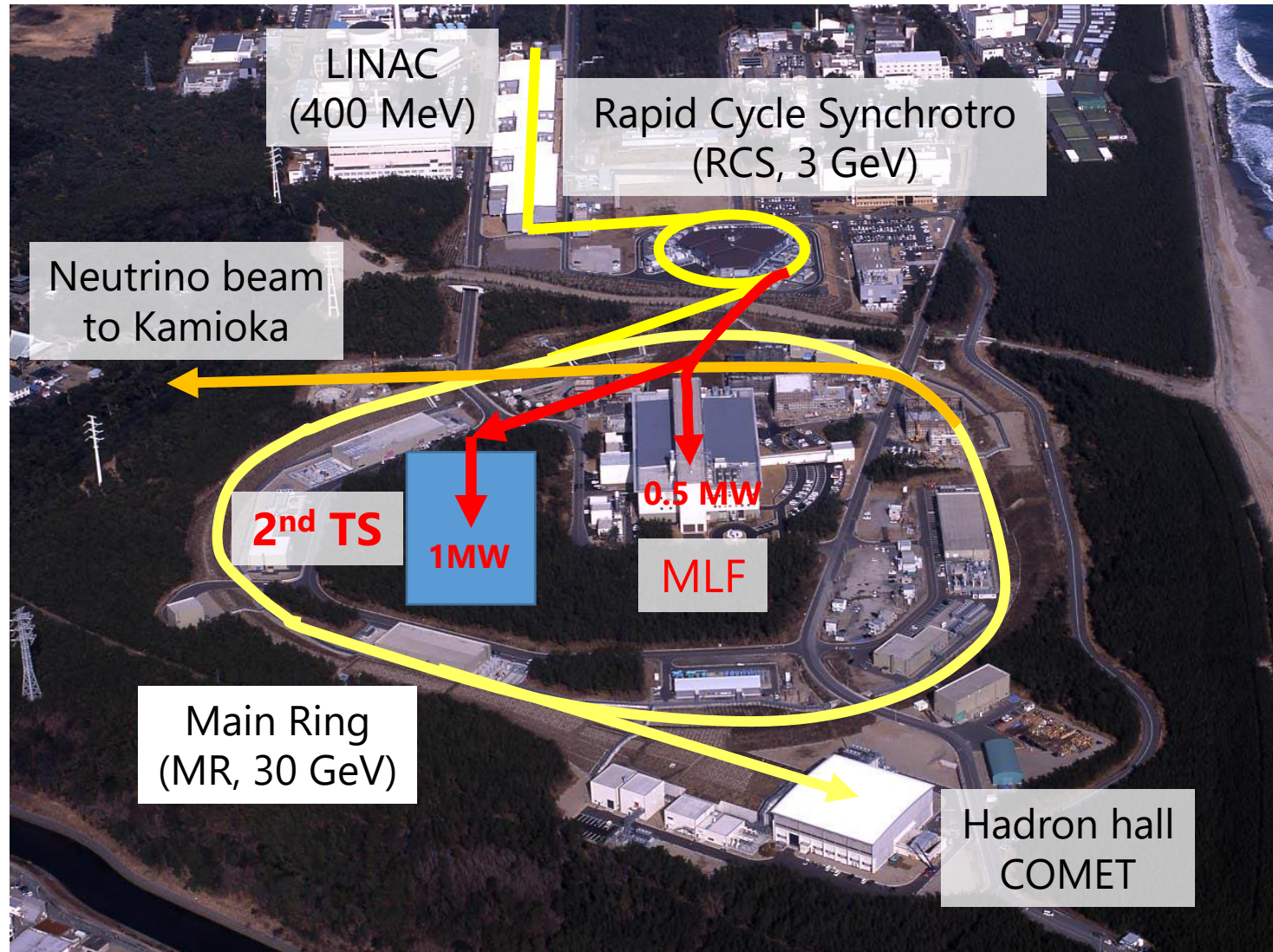
遠景

Future program:  
2<sup>nd</sup> target station of  
the MLF

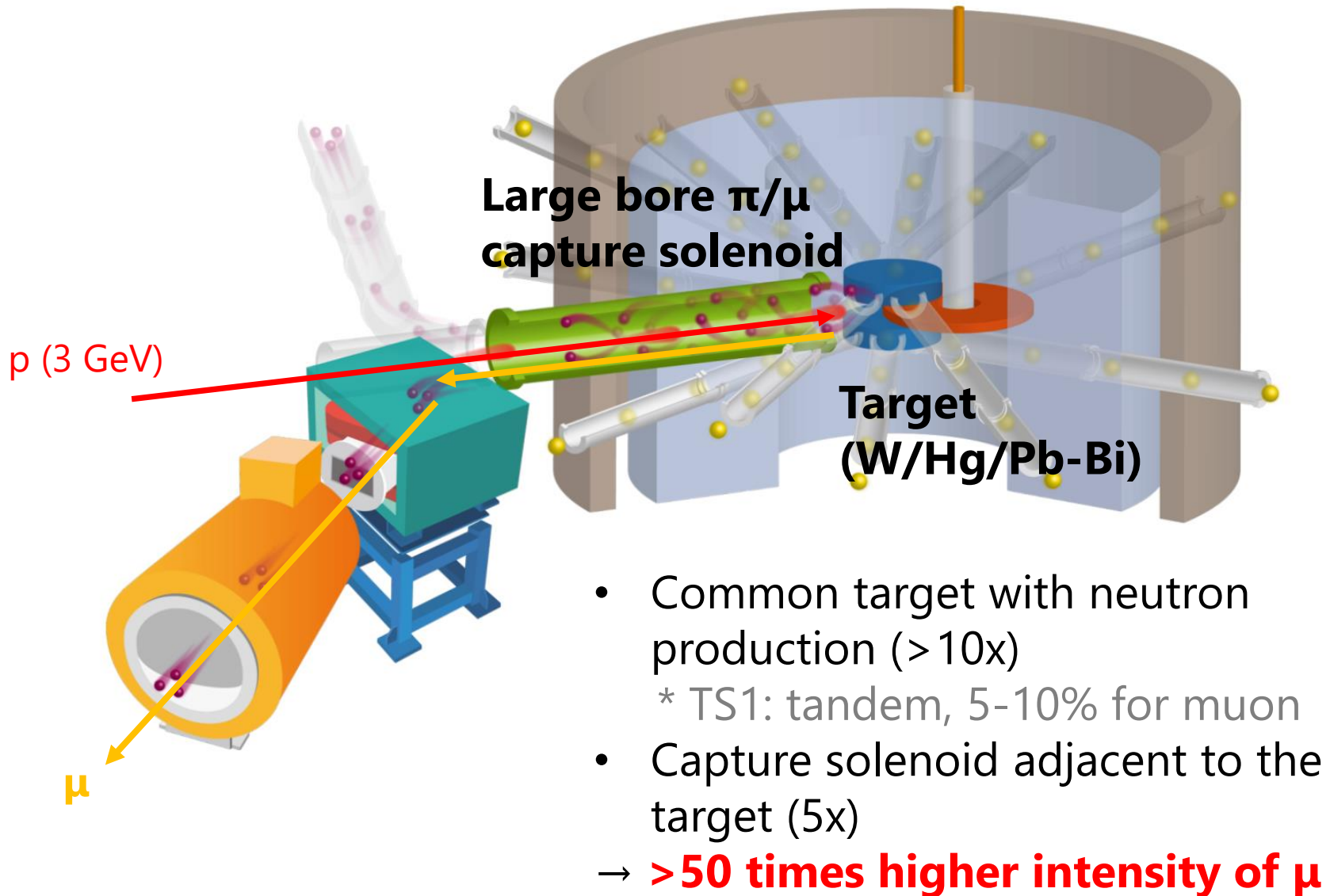


# J-PARC MLF 2<sup>nd</sup> target station

Conceptual Design report v1.2



# Muon beam optics





# Summary

- New beamlines (H1 and S2) joined the J-PARC muon facility.
  - H-line is a high intense muon beamline (surface  $\mu^+ > 10^8$  /s)
  - H1 area: MuSEUM and DeeMe experiments
  - S2 area: Mu 1S-2S
- Further extension of the H-line is ongoing.
  - H2 area is going to be constructed in this JFY.
  - Construction of the low emittance beamline will start from the next JFY, and preparatory works are underway.
- Conceptual design of the 2<sup>nd</sup> target station of the MLF is in progress.
  - >50 times more intense muons could be available.