

SSD – Status

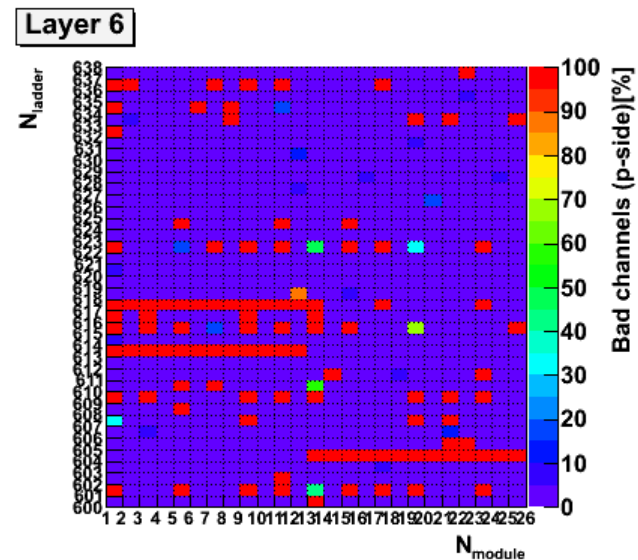
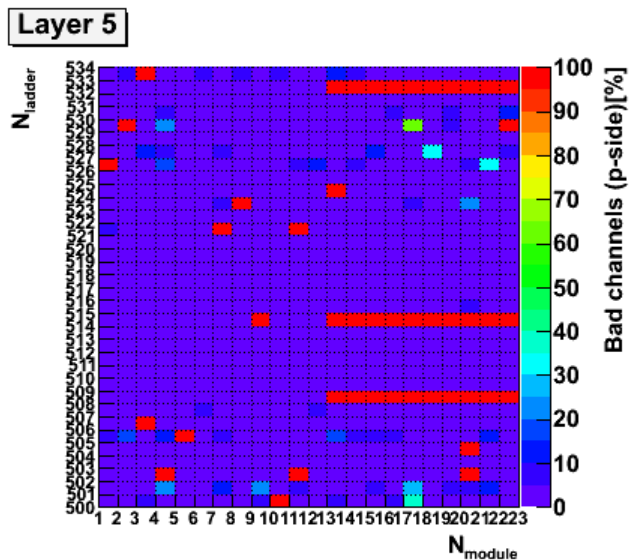
ITS Upgrade meeting – 4 October 2010

1. Detector Status
2. Stability
3. SSD spare components
4. Mortality rate
5. High rate capabilities

*Giacomo Contin – Universita' & INFN Trieste
for the SSD Group*

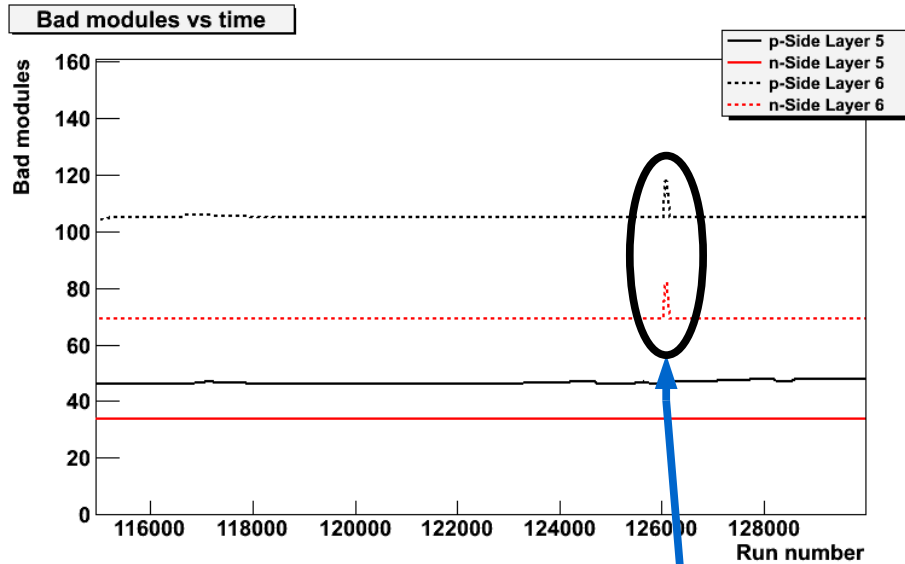
SSD status in 2010

- Not operable half-ladders: 6/144
- Active modules: 1557/1698 ~ 91.7%
 - *The non-active modules:*
 - belong to disabled half-ladders
 - are not operable due to configuration problems
 - are masked due to noisy areas
- Active channels in active modules: ~ 98.5%
 - *The non-active channels:*
 - noisy
 - no gain
 - open
- **Overall efficiency** ~ **90.3%**



SSD stability in 2010: Bad Modules

Time evolution: Mar-Sept 2010



modules

```

=====
Bad p-Sides on Layer6: 105
Bad n-Sides on Layer6: 69
Bad p-Sides on Layer5: 48
Bad n-Sides on Layer5: 34
=====
    
```

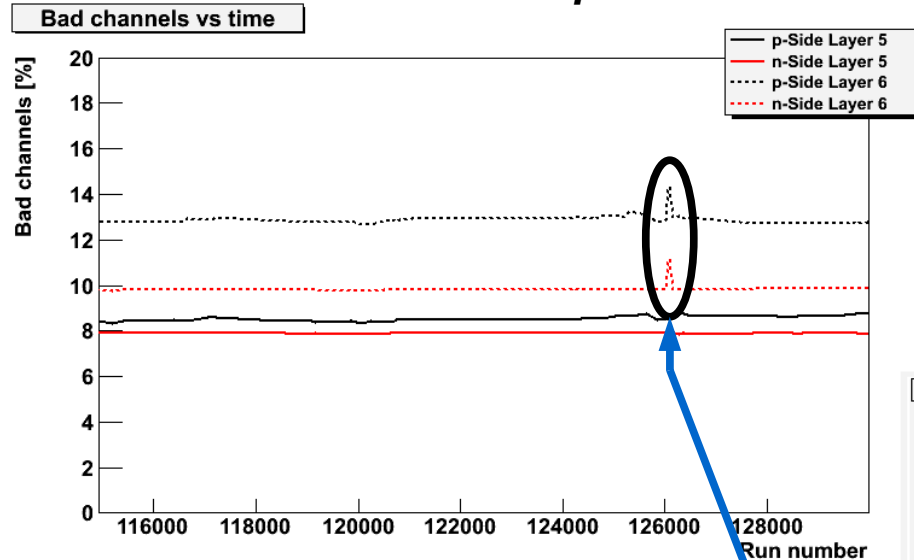
Inactive modules

- › very stable conditions
- › exceptions:
 - › 1 half-ladder excluded in 6 runs (126073 → 126093) due to temporary *high bias current* issue
- › increase of noise causes the temporary masking of a few units

+ 4 half-modules not configurable anymore
→ excluded from acquisition

SSD stability in 2010: Bad Channels

Time evolution: Mar-Sept 2010



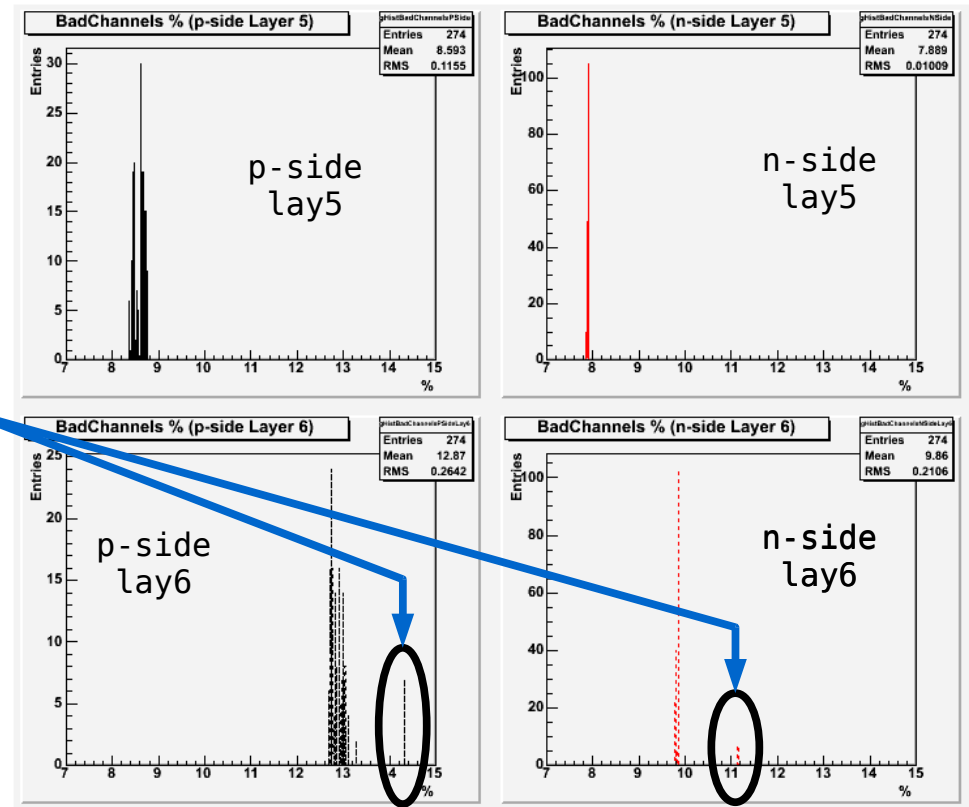
```

=====
Bad p-Side channels in Lay6: 11.1 %
Bad n-Side channels in Lay6:  9.9 %
Bad p-Side channels in Lay5:  8.6 %
Bad n-Side channels in Lay5:  7.9 %
=====
    
```

• Bad Channel % distribution

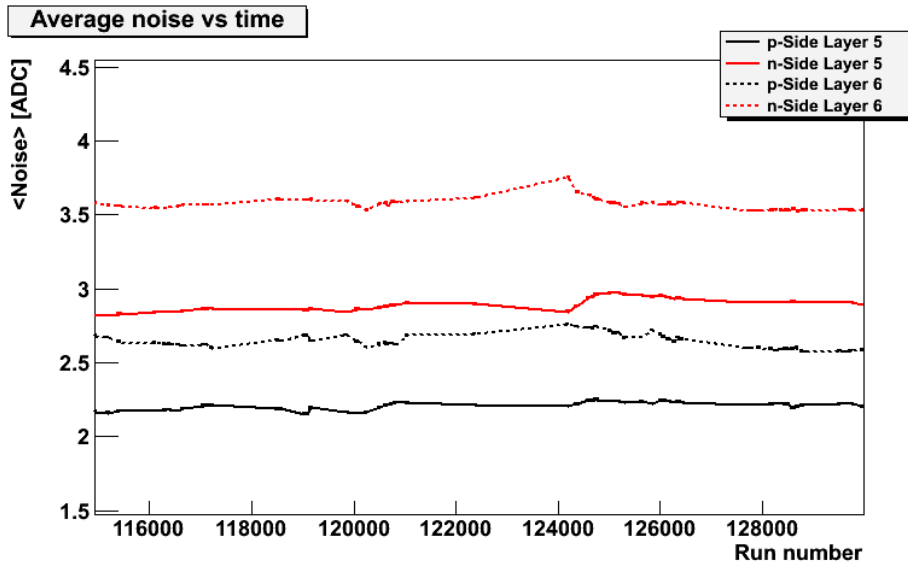
Bad Channel %

- > good stability during 2010
 - > except for 6 runs 126073 → 126093 (1 ladder temporary off)
- > n-side very stable
 - > deviations < 0.05 %
- > p-side Lay6: humidity dependence in Sintef modules
 - > (relative humidity > 16% causes high noise on p-side)
- > p-side generally more variable due to the thresholds for bad tagging

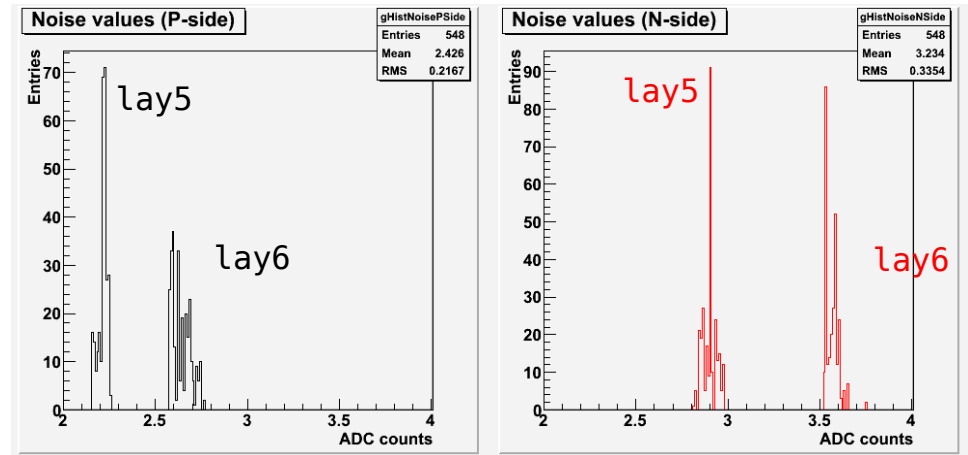


SSD stability in 2010: average Noise

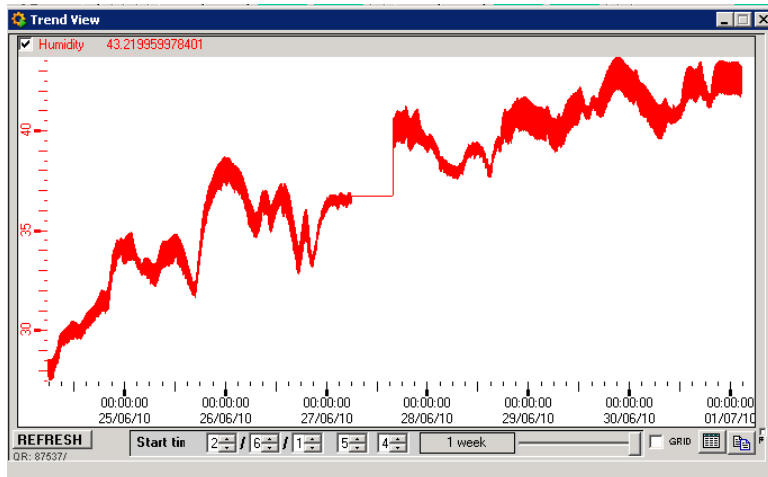
Time evolution: Mar-Sept 2010



• Average Noise distribution



R.H. > 40% ~0-15 June (from run 123500)



- > p-side & n-side: humidity effects (relative humidity > 30% causes high noise and **excess of bias current** → dangerous for SSD)
- > R.H. stably < 30% since end of July thanks to:
 - > Geneva region weather conditions
 - > some improvements in ventilation system

Present SSD - mortality rate in 2010

- recovered half-ladders: + **1/144** (lower bias current)
- not operable half-ladders: - **0/144**
- not configurable half-modules: - **4/(1698*2)**
- CAEN PS channels:
 - HV: - **2/(144*2)**
 - LV: - **1/144**
- FEROM read-out electronics:
 - Link module (9ch): - **1**
- ✓ **power cycling limited** → **system stability increased**

Present SSD - planned modifications

- new ITS ventilation machine (*define specs*)
- CAEN boards to reduce Common Mode (*under study*)
- review of the interlock chain in HV boards

Present SSD: spare components

- CAEN power-supplies:
 - Main Frame: 1 (1)
 - 48V: 4 (5)
 - LV boards (1ch): 8 (144)
 - HV-Positive (12ch): 2 (12)
 - HV-Negative (12ch): 2 (12)
 - branch-controller: 1
- FEROM read-out electronics:
 - 2 fully equipped half-FEROM sets (9AD+1Link)
 - 3 Link modules
 - 2 watercooled VMEcrate
- JTAG box: 1

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*Not usable on present SSD*

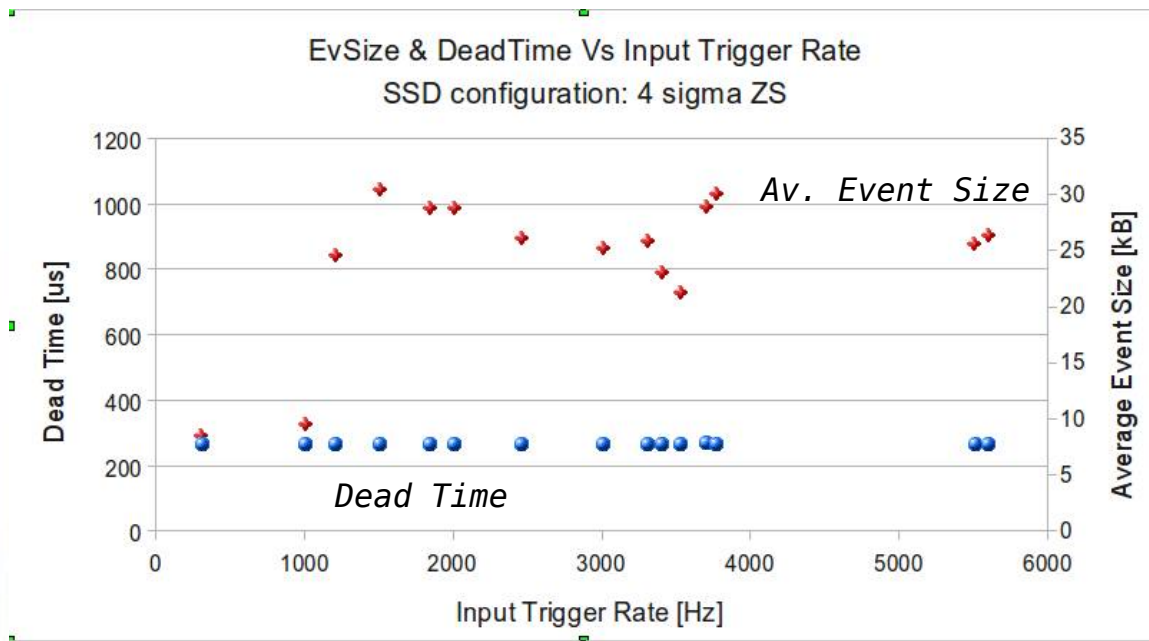
- 4 *layer6* ladders } replacement is risky!
- 2 *layer5* ladders }
- some modules
- thousands of HAL25 front-end chips, untested



# High rate acquisition performance

## Main Rate limitations:

- Present firmware busy time = 265  $\mu$ s
  - 100ns read-out clock  $\rightarrow$  160  $\mu$ s for digitization
  - amplifier discharging time
  - FEROM data correction
- DDL/LDC back-pressure



## Data Taking Conditions

- › 4 $\sigma$  Zero Suppression
- › empty events
- › variable input trigger rate:  
0Hz  $\rightarrow$  11kHz

## • Dead Time Vs Input Trigger Rate

- › constant @ 265  $\mu$ s  
(FEROM busy time)

## • Av. Event Size Vs Input Trigger

- › tolerable increase of the Average Data Size  
< 35kB = 3 $\sigma$  ZS DataSize

## To be tested at HI-like occupancy

After a first look:

- › HI high mult.  $\rightarrow$  1.5% occupancy  $\rightarrow$  Dead time OK up to 800Hz



# *Conclusions*

- ✓ SSD status:
  - overall efficiency: 90%
  - active fraction: 92%
  - good channels in active part: 98.5%
- ✓ Good stability: same configuration from March to October
  - except for 6 runs
- ✓ Lost components in 2010
  - 4 half-modules
  - 3 PS channels
  - 1 FEROM Link Module
- ✓ Spare components: full sets available
- ✓ Acquisition rate limitations

Backup

# SSD General layout

