

# THE GISELA PROJECT

## Long-term sustainability & VRC Support

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*CERN (Geneva - Switzerland)*



**FP7 INFRA-2010-2 call - Topic INFRA-2010-1.2.3: Virtual Research Communities**

**Start date: 01/09/2010 - Duration: 24 months**

**Project type: CP-CSA      Grant agreement N°: 261487**

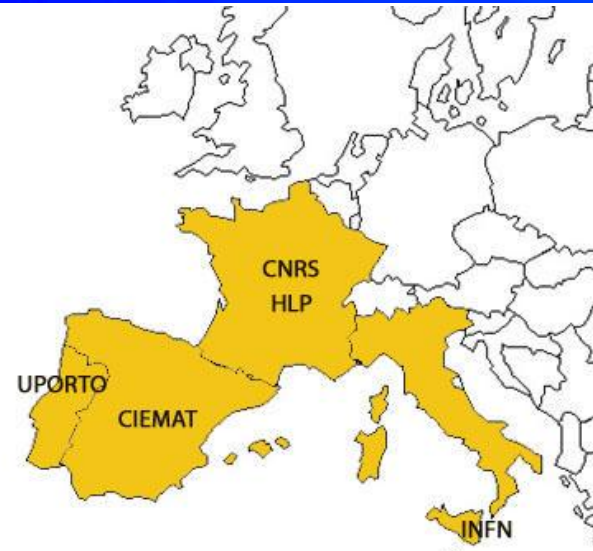
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15 Countries (11 in Latin America)

19 Partners (14 in Latin America)



Negotiation with Bolivia & Paraguay for possible collaboration



## Europe

Italy	INFN – Catania
France	CNRS, HLP
Portugal	U.PORTO
Spain	CIEMAT (Coord. Institution)

## Latin America and the Caribbean

Argentina	INNOVA-T
Brazil	UFRJ, UFCG
Chile	REUNA
Colombia	UNIANDES
Cuba	CUBAENERGIA
Ecuador	CEDIA
International	CLARA
Mexico	CUDI, UNAM
Panama	CIDETYS
Peru	RAAP
Uruguay	UdelaR
Venezuela	ULA

**Objective 1:** Ensure the long- term sustainability of the e-Infrastructure in the Latin American continent

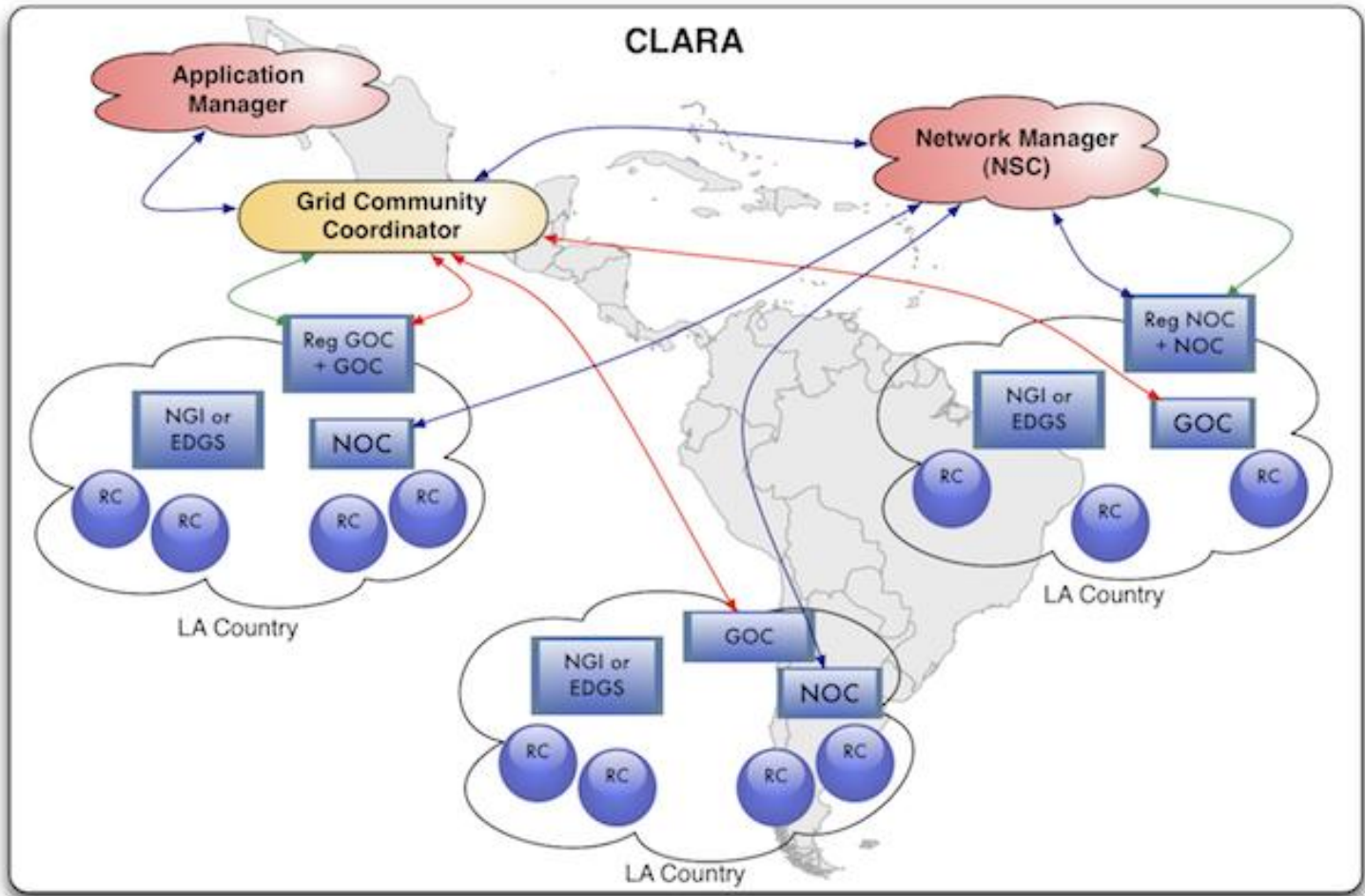
**Objective 2:** Provide full support to the Virtual Research Communities spanning Latin America and Europe, using the e-Infrastructure.

### Work plan:

- Implement a sustainability model rooted on National Grid Initiatives (NGI), **in association with CLARA, Latin American NRENs and collaborating with EGI.**
- Provide the communities with the suited e-Infrastructure and Application-related Services required to improve the effectiveness of their research. This will address both:
  - ✓ **The current EELA-2 User Communities** whose research investigations are carried out at the Institution level or in small collaborations.
  - ✓ **The larger Virtual Research Communities** as Life & Earth Sciences, HEP

- **A concern since EELA-2 !**
  - Sustainability model defined in EELA-2: <http://documents.eu-eela.org/record/1119/files/>
  - Adaptation of the EGI model to the Latin American context
  - 3-layer model: **Local** (Institution), **National** (Country) and **Regional** (Latin America & The Caribbean)
  - Main idea: Get CLARA and Latin American NRENS involved in supporting Research e-Infrastructures on the long-term
  - 1-year negotiation with CLARA : model modified, adapted and finally adopted during the preparation of the GISELA Proposal
  - Responsibilities:
    - **Local**: Resource Centre Institutions
    - **National**: JRU, NGI or Equivalent Domestic Grid Structure (**EDGS**)
    - **Regional**: **IGALC - Iniciativa de Grid de America Latina – Caribe**: [www.igalc.org](http://www.igalc.org)

- The CLARA-GISELA model as defined in the GISELA DoW:
  - <http://documents.gisela-grid.eu/record/32?ln=en>



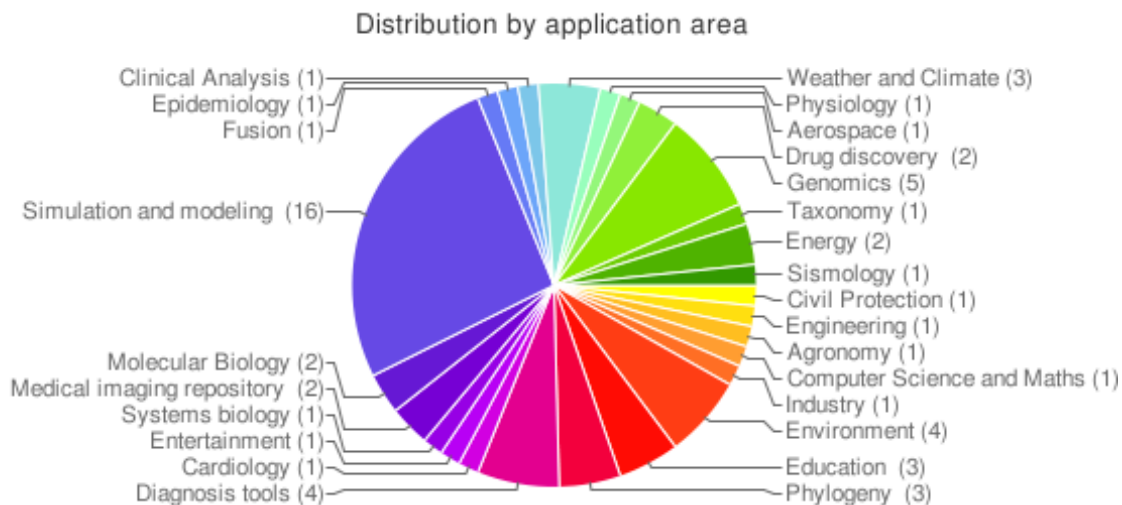
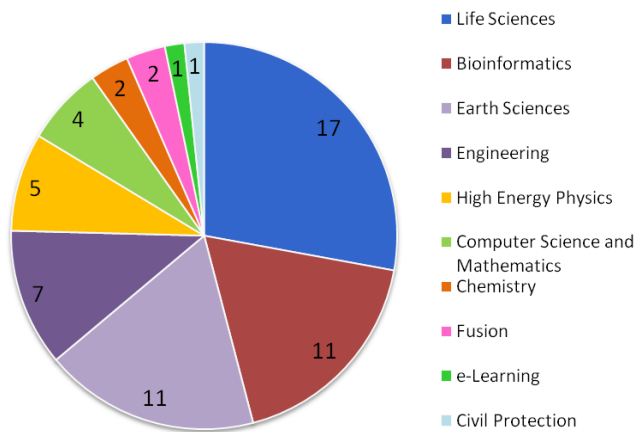
- **GISELA / IGALC shall provide and support basic (CORE) operation services. It will develop inter-operation agreement with EGI, GÉANT2, CLARA, the NRENS and the NGIs (or EDGS), in Europe and Latin America**
- **GISELA shall refine, with the CLARA Transition Team, the final model of sustainability for the e-Infrastructure best adapted to the CLARA and LA NRENS environment**
- **CLARA shall identify the NREN(s) that will be in charge of the Operation and Support of the e-Infrastructure, applying a business plan**
- **Over the course of GISELA, Grid knowledge and expertise shall be handed over to CLARA and the selected NRENS, via the Transition Team**
- **By the end of GISELA, CLARA and Latin American NRENS, NGIs or EDGS shall take over the operation of the e-Infrastructure and the support of the VRCs**



- One of the major concerns of EELA and EELA-2 was to constantly interact with User Communities to:
  - Disseminate Grid technology, provide training & technical support
  - Get back full support from User Communities on strategic and political issues
- Instruments
  - Tutorials, Grid schools, “Gridification” weeks, User Forum, Workshops, Conferences, etc.
  - In 2009, EELA-2 ([www.eu-eela.eu](http://www.eu-eela.eu)) collaborated to the realisation of the **e-Infrastructure Survey** of the eResearch 2020 Project ([www.eResearch2020.eu](http://www.eResearch2020.eu)). Its purpose was to *“investigate the utilisation of e-Infrastructures in Virtual Research Communities and to propose strategies to policy makers and the e-Infrastructure community to enhance the uptake and use of these technologies”*



- VRC situation in EELA-2:
  - EELA-2 ended up supporting **61** Applications from **78** Institutions



- EELA-2 User Communities were typically **1-2** Institution group(s), **largely located in Latin America**, alone or collaborating with a few Institutions. Their use of the Infrastructure was to learn Grid technology to evaluate its potential for their future research.
- A few **large** VRCs from HEP (Auger, LHCb, ALICE, CMS, ATLAS) were also supported

- **From the DOW**
  - “**WP3 (User Communities Support)** will interact with new VRCs to evaluate the technical requirements and impact of their Applications and to support their deployment. **WP6 (Infrastructure and Applications-oriented Services)** will contribute to the dissemination and use of the services it developed in EELA-2
  - **WP6** will interact with the VRCs to collaborate to the identification, development and deployment of integrated services (e.g. gateways)”
  
- **Will to adopt precise strategies on the short term**
  - **Bottom up strategy**
    - Get asap a few VRCs running production as intensively as possible on GISELA
    - Aim at saturating the e-Infrastructure
  - **Top down approach**
    - Contact VRCs by all means
    - Collaborate with EGI, CHAIN and other regional initiatives
    - Refine our VRC approach

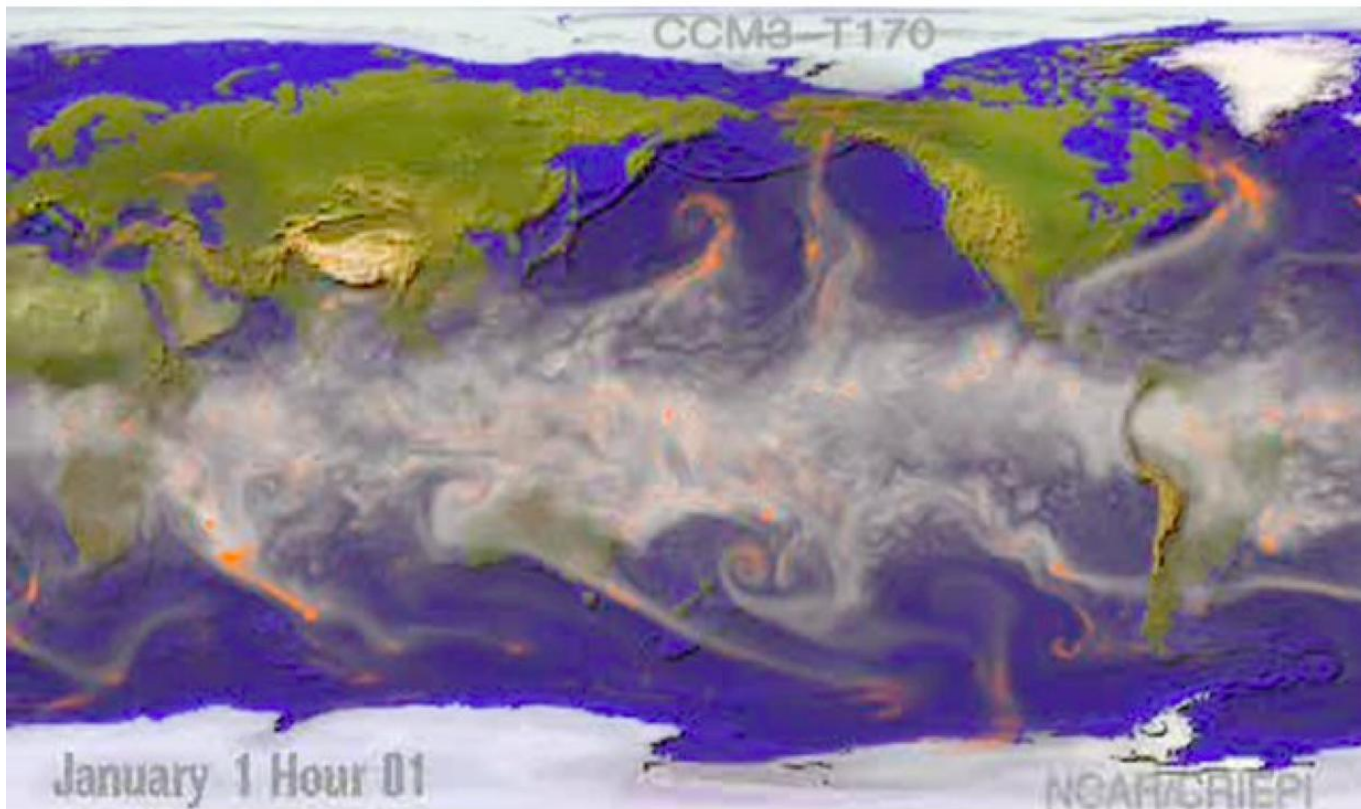
- **Identification of VRCs to include**
  - Selected EELA-2 User communities
  - User Communities recruited by CLARA
  - More large VRCs from Earth, Life Sciences, HEP
  - Other possible VRCs from national initiatives, e.g. centres/poles of excellence
  - Industry partners, as from contacts taken through Chambers of Commerce (e.g. San Luis Potosi - Mexico)
- **Not clear: collaboration with ESFRI projects!**
- **Enrolling large VRCs, e.g.**
  - e-NMR / WeNMR: UFRJ (Brazil) group coming on board
  - Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) for mass production
- **Progress with EGI and related projects**
  - Active participation at the "Regional Initiatives" session of the EGI Technical Forum (Amsterdam - 14<sup>th</sup> to 17<sup>th</sup> September 2010)
  - Proposal to organise a Workshop "Regional e-Infrastructures meet VRCs" to take place at the CHAIN KoM (Roma, December 2010)

- **Ensure the proper access of GISELA users to the e-Infrastructure resources**
- **Support Application developers and users over the whole process from deploying an Application up to running it in production**
- **Organise the training best adapted to each VRC**
- **Support the use of the e-Infrastructure and Application-related Services already developed in EELA-2 and helps the users in the validation of these services in the context of their Application**
- **Participate in the development of new services requested by the VRCs and helps in the test and validation of these services for user's Applications**

## Weather predictions (UNICAN – Spain)

[http://applications.eu-eela.eu/application\\_details.php?l=20&ID=65](http://applications.eu-eela.eu/application_details.php?l=20&ID=65)

The Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) Model ([www.wrf-model.org](http://www.wrf-model.org)) is a popular model used both operational forecasting and atmospheric research. It is well adapted to a broad spectrum of applications across scales ranging from kilometers to thousands of kilometers.





## Water resources management (UFCG – Brazil)

The SegHidro platform (<http://seghidro.lsd.ufcg.edu.br/>) cares of the **water resource management in Brazil**, in particular in the Northeast, a semi-arid region, where irregular rainfall distribution causes many problems to the population. It uses the BRAMS simulation model developed by INPE (Brazil's National Institute for Space Research) to **provide weather forecast and climate prediction** over a given area and period of time. As climatology simulations normally require a high computational effort due to the large amount of data that must be processed, they are conveniently run on Grid infrastructures.

**BRAMS is routinely used** - on either the GISELA infrastructure that runs **gLite** or on the opportunistic part that runs **OurGrid** - to process the regional climatology of the 3 areas shown. It provides workflows such as **(i) weather and seasonal climate forecasting; (ii) reservoir planning and operation; (iii) rainwater harvesting risk analysis; (iv) integrated surface and groundwater management; (v) operation of water distribution networks; (vi) agricultural planning; (vii) flood forecasting; (viii) soil conservation planning; (ix) and regional impact of climate change.**

