# **Publication of Statistical Models**

1st hands-on workshop, 8-12 Nov 2021

### Publishing statistical models: Getting the most out of particle physics experiments

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Robert Thorne 7, Wolfgang Waltenberger 28, Nicholas Wardle 29, Jonas Wittbrodt 30,

September 9, 2021

#### Abstract

The statistical models used to derive the results of experimental analyses are of incredible scientific value and are essential information for analysis preservation and reuse. In this paper, we make the scientific case for systematically publishing the full statistical models and discuss the technical developments that make this practical. By means of a variety of physics cases — including parton distribution functions, Higgs boson measurements, effective field theory interpretations, direct searches for new physics, heavy flavor physics, direct dark matter detection, world averages, and beyond the Standard Model global fits — we illustrate how detailed information on the statistical modelling can enhance the short- and long-term impact of experimental results.

#### white paper, arXiv:2109.04981

- Experimental results in particle physics are based on statistical models.
- They describe the probabilistic dependence of the observable data on the parameters of interest and the nuisance parameters.
- Essential information for analysis **preservation** and **reuse**.
- In recent years, a lot of progress has been made regarding presentation of results, reinterpretation, Open Data, etc.
- Publication of the full statistical models is a logical step to maximise shelf life and scientific return; technical solutions exist to make this feasible.
- In 2109.04981, we advocate that publication of the full statistical models become standard practice.

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- 2000 First PHYSTAT workshop [CERN 2000-005]

Unanimous agreement that particle physicists should publish likelihood functions, given their fundamental importance in extracting quantitative results from experimental data.

- 2012 Les Houches Recommendations for the Presentation of LHC Results [arXiv:1203.2489]

**Recommendation 3b:** When feasible, provide a mathematical description of the final likelihood function in which experimental data and parameters are clearly distinguished, [....].

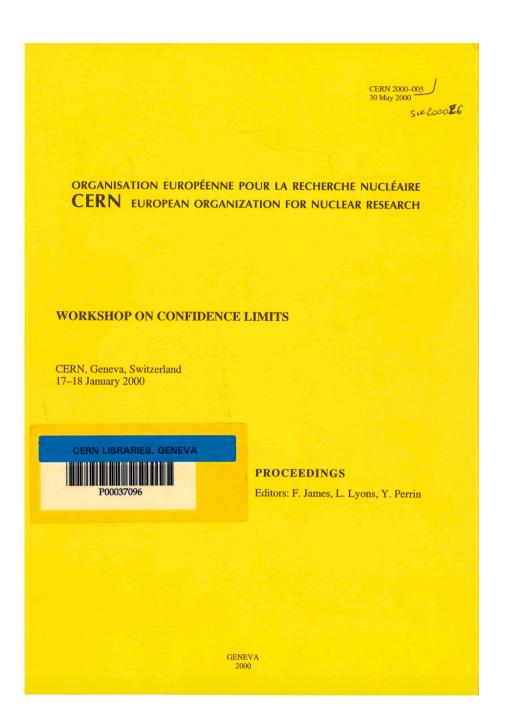
**Recommendation 3c:** Additionally provide a digitized implementation of the likelihood that is consistent with the mathematical description.

- 2013 Workshop on "Likelihoods for the LHC Searches" organised by Kyle Cranmer, Harrison Prosper and Sezen Sekmen [indico]

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#### **ATLAS PUB Note**

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2019-029

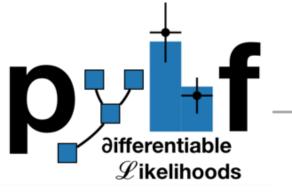
21st October 2019



# Reproducing searches for new physics with the ATLAS experiment through publication of full statistical likelihoods

The ATLAS Collaboration

The ATLAS Collaboration is starting to publicly provide likelihoods associated with statistical fits used in searches for new physics on HEPData. These likelihoods adhere to a specification first defined by the HistFactory p.d.f. template. This note introduces a JSON schema that fully describes the HistFactory statistical model and is sufficient to reproduce key results from published ATLAS analyses. This is per-se independent of its implementation in ROOT and it can be used to run statistical analysis outside of the ROOT and RooStats/RooFit framework. The first of these likelihoods published on HEPData is from a search for bottom-squark pair production. Using two independent implementations of the model, one in ROOT and one in pure Python, the limits on the bottom-squark mass are reproduced, underscoring the implementation independence and long-term viability of the archived data.



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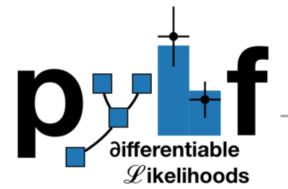
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9 JANUARY, 2020 | By Katarina Anthony

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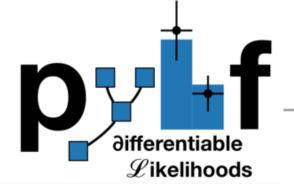
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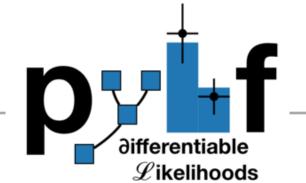


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### LHC reinterpreters think long-term

28 April 2021

**CERN Courier** 

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### Why this workshop

- The available details on the statistical model may heavily affect the short- and long-term impacts of any measurement.
- See use cases; clear call to action.
- If adopted, will lead to more, and higher-quality, science. Huge impact.
- Significant change in standard publication practice; we recognize that it will take time and effort to establish new norms and conventions.
- Further developments are necessary to enhance, facilitate, and streamline both the publication and the usage of full statistical models. To be addressed in dedicated workshops (starting with this one)

https://indico.cern.ch/event/1088121/

#### white paper, arXiv:2109.04981

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#### From the white paper summary

An immediate action that can be taken by the community:

- (i) publish all the associated RooWorkspaces or
- (ii) for binned statistical models based on the HistFactory specification, publish the models in the pyhf JSON format.

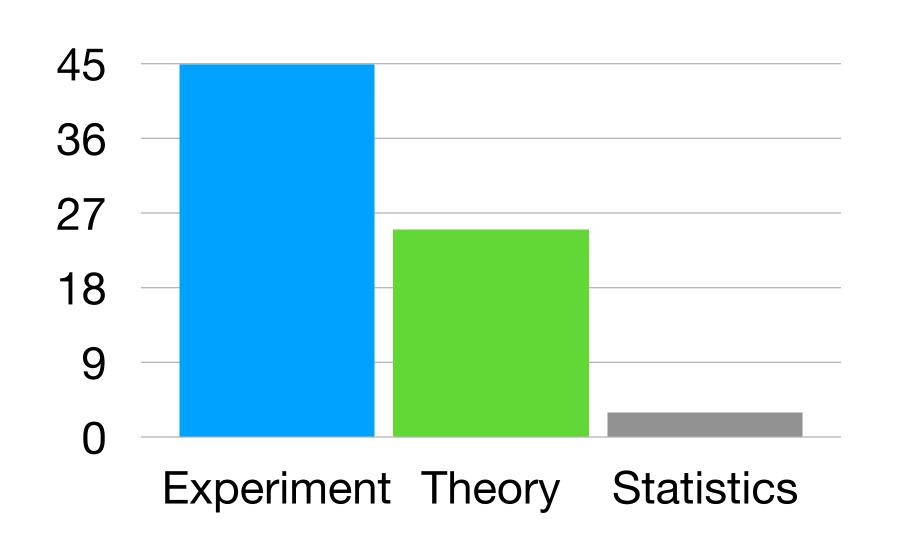
This would provide the impetus for the development of tools to make the use of the published models user-friendly, efficient, and effective.

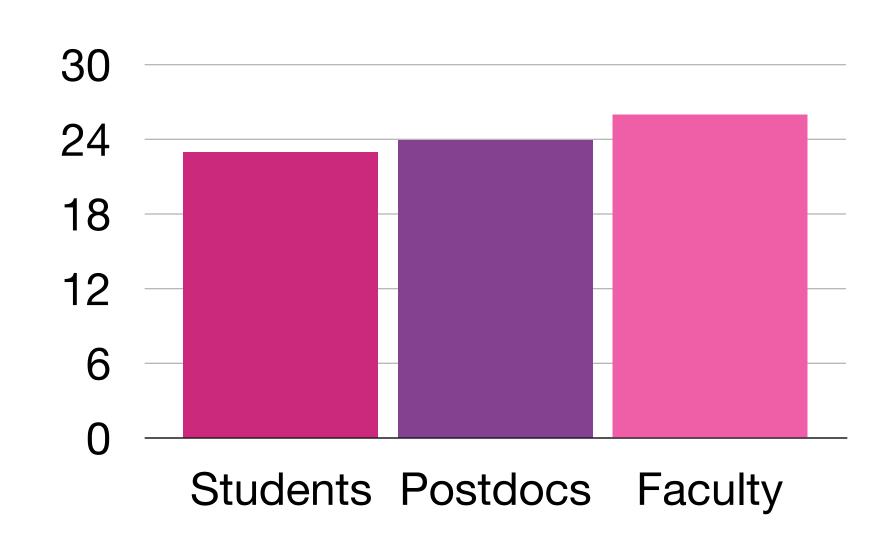
Longer-term developments are certainly needed to enhance, streamline, and facilitate the use of published statistical models. However, the publication of the currently available statistical models would already be a watershed development in the field, one we hope the community is ready to embrace.

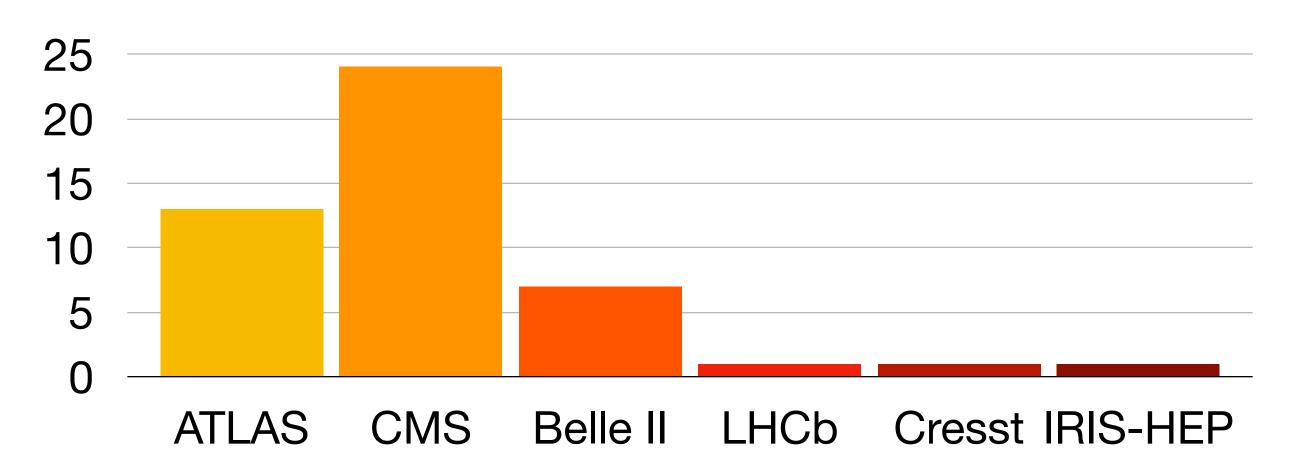
#### Challenges and outstanding issues; cf. white paper sect. 5

- Systematic naming conventions for (nuisance) parameters
  - → facilitate combinations
- Serialisation of statistical models beyond HistFactory
  - → e.g., CMS Combine tool
- ▶ Strategies and public tools for pruning, simplification and/or partial profiling of the full model when runtime is an issue
  - → model surveys, global fits
- Systematic use in theory community; extension of fitting procedures and tools that currently assume Gaussian error sources
  - → e.g. PDF, EFT fits
- Errors on errors

### 73 registrants (status Sunday night)







Informal workshop; emphasis is on exchange of knowledge and ideas, and discussion!

And hopefully there will also be some coding done :-)

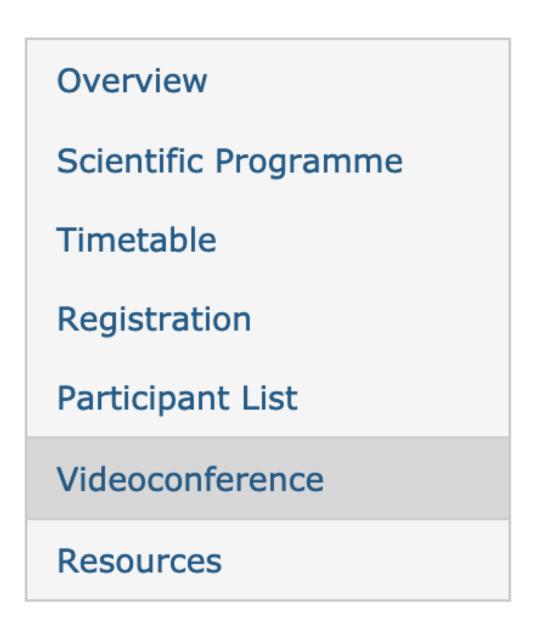
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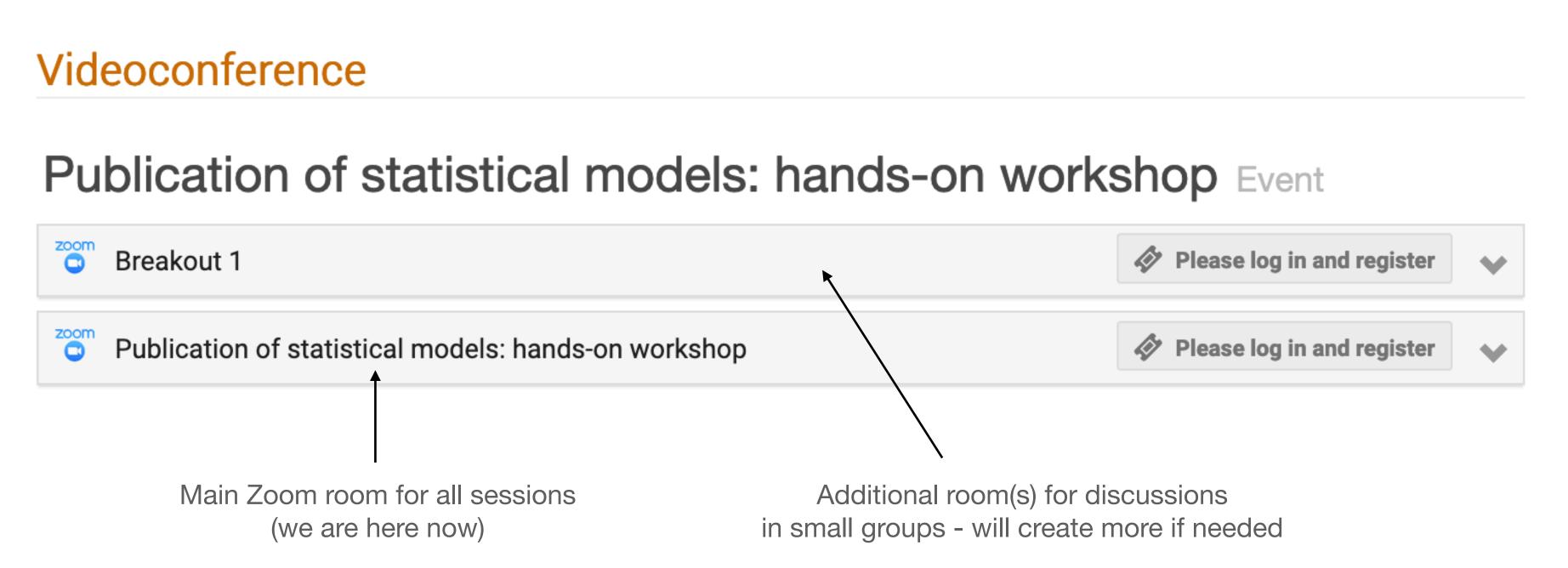
### Publication of statistical models: hands-on workshop

8–12 Nov 2021 CERN (online only)

Europe/Zurich timezone







Zoom rooms should be open and accessible 24/24 the whole week (registration needed)