

Searches for strong production of supersymmetric particles with the ATLAS detector

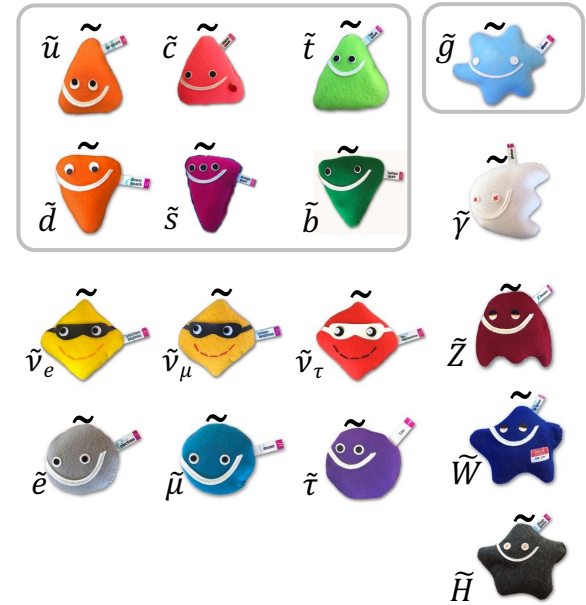
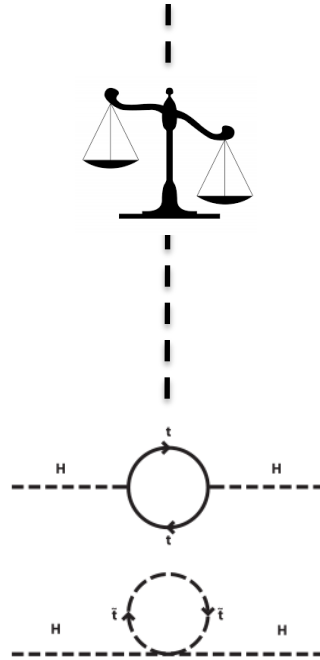
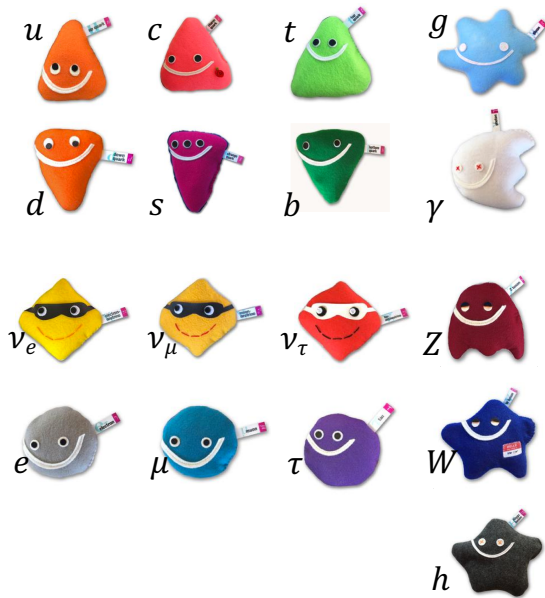
Bertrand Martin dit Latour
University of Bergen

on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

PHENO 2022, Pittsburgh



Supersymmetry



SUSY partners regulate Higgs
mass radiative corrections

$$\text{SM: } R\text{-parity} \equiv (-1)^{3(B-L)+2S} = 1$$

$$\text{SUSY: } R = -1$$

SUSY = symmetry associating new boson (fermion) to each SM fermion (boson).

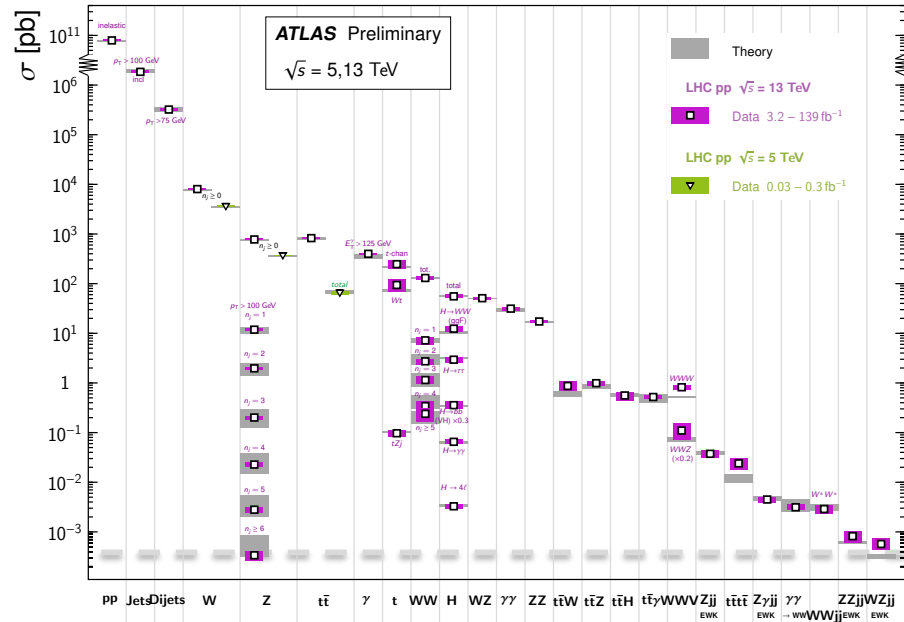
R-parity conserved: SUSY particles **pair-produced**, **LSP stable** and **DM candidate**.

Small amount of R-parity violation: evade bounds on RPC, spectacular signatures!

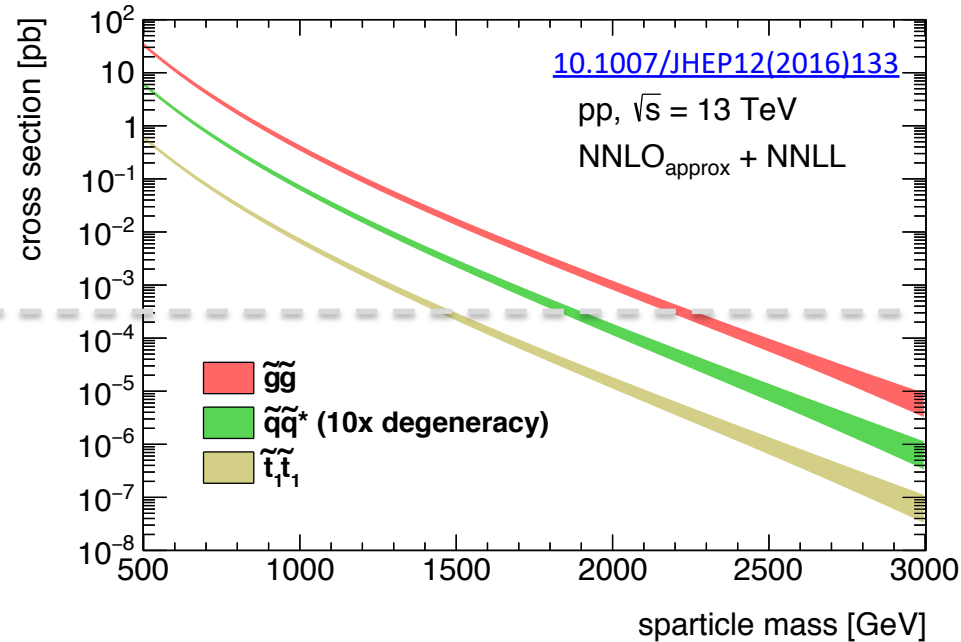
Glino and squark production

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: February 2022



sparticles kinematically decoupled



Glunos and squarks have largest cross sections, hope they show up at LHC.

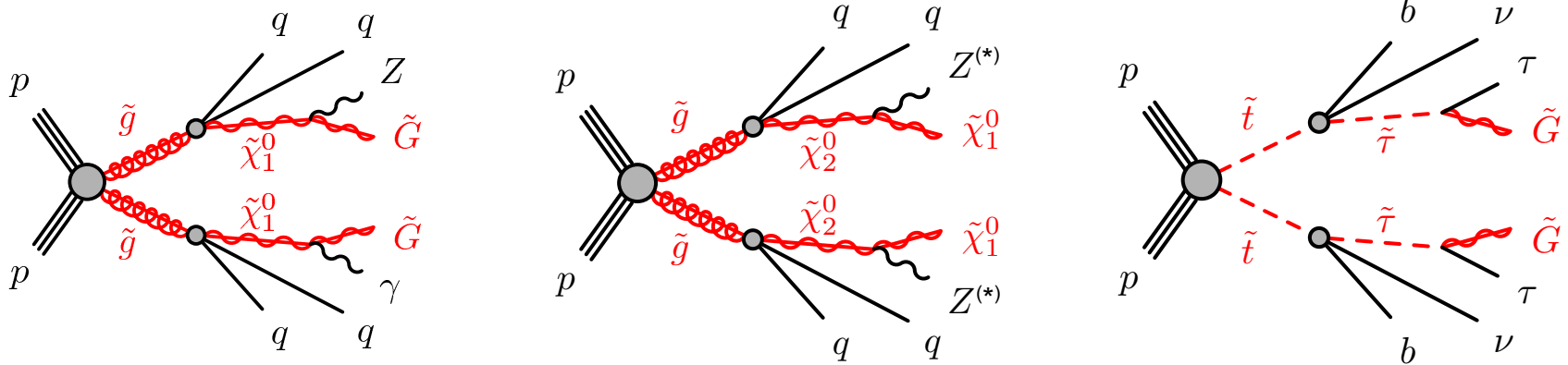
Naturalness arguments also favour light stop, gluino and Higgsino.

In this talk

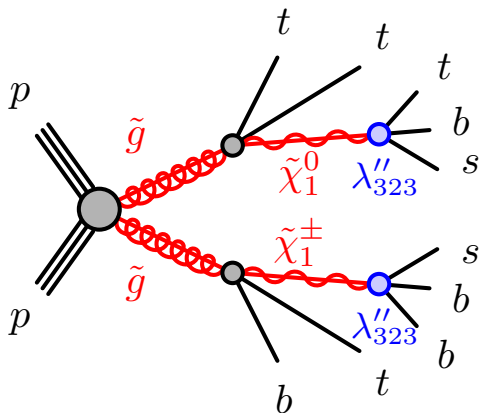
The latest ATLAS searches for squarks and gluinos will be presented.

Simplified models: *sparticles not involved in production/decay are kinematically decoupled.*

Scenario with R-parity conserved (large MET):



Scenario with R-parity violated (large multiplicities):



All analyses based on full Run-2 dataset: 139 fb^{-1} .

Please check the [ATLAS SUSY webpage](#) for results not covered in this talk.

γ + jets + MET

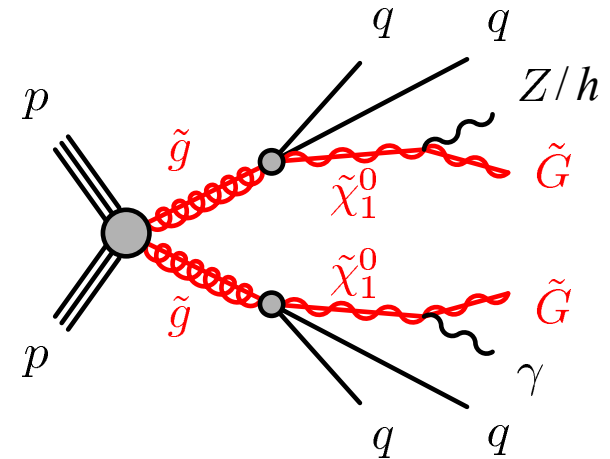
Simplified model of General Gauge Mediation
with \sim massless gravitino LSP (\tilde{G}).

Parameters: $M_1 \sim |\mu| \sim m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$, and $m_{\tilde{g}}$.

$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP with large bino/higgsino component.

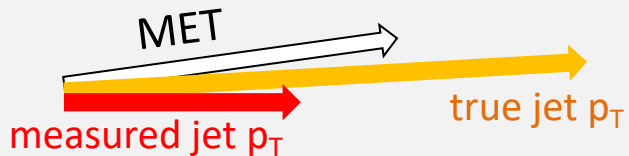
3 search regions probing $\Delta m(\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0)$:

- large Δm : large hadronic activity, low MET
- low Δm : large MET, high- p_T γ
- Δm in between

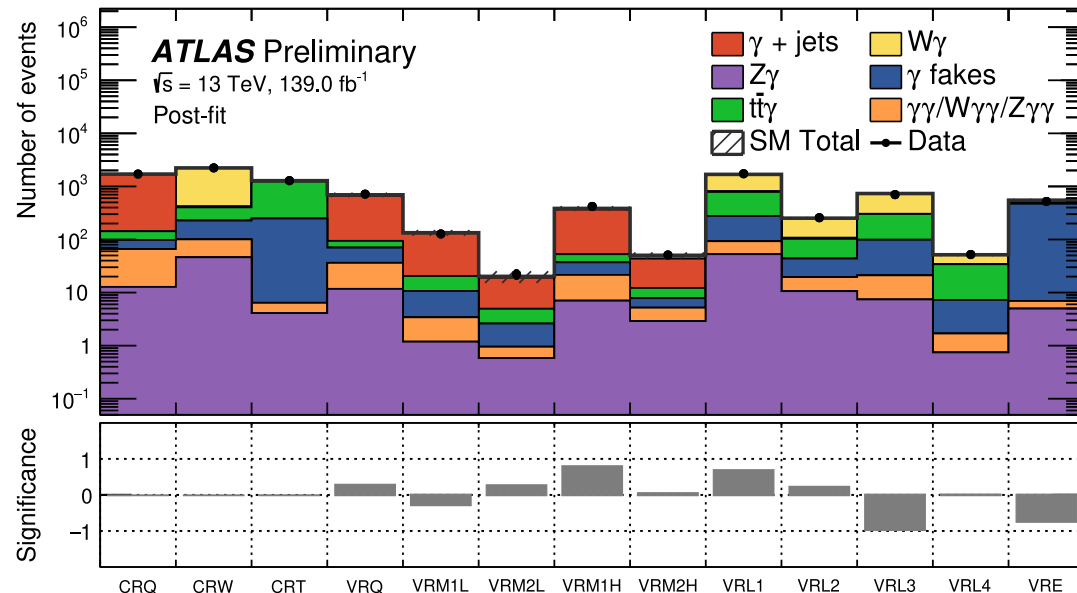


Simulated bkg normalized to data:

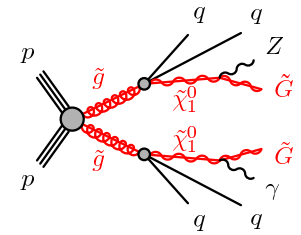
- $W\gamma$
- $t\bar{t}\gamma$
- γ +jets: fake MET, low $\Delta\phi(\text{MET}, \text{jet})$



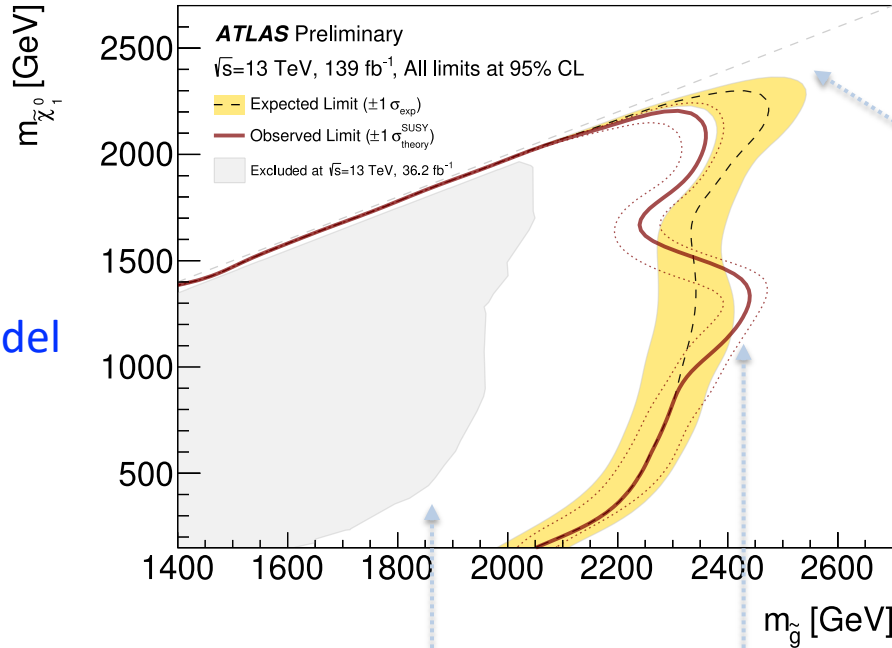
Fake- γ from ABCD method.



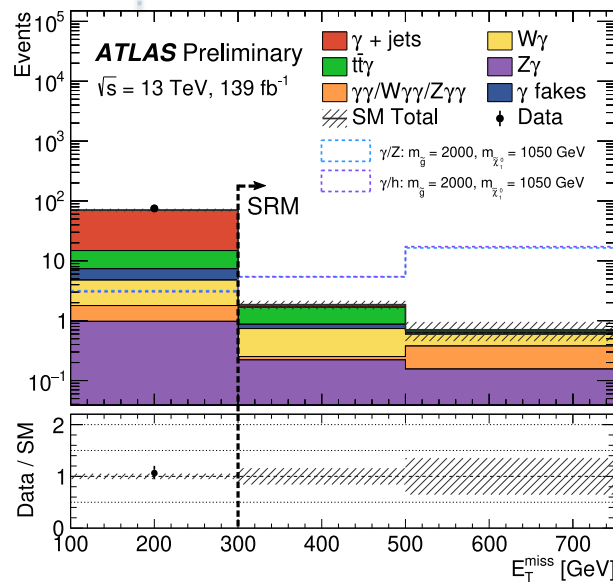
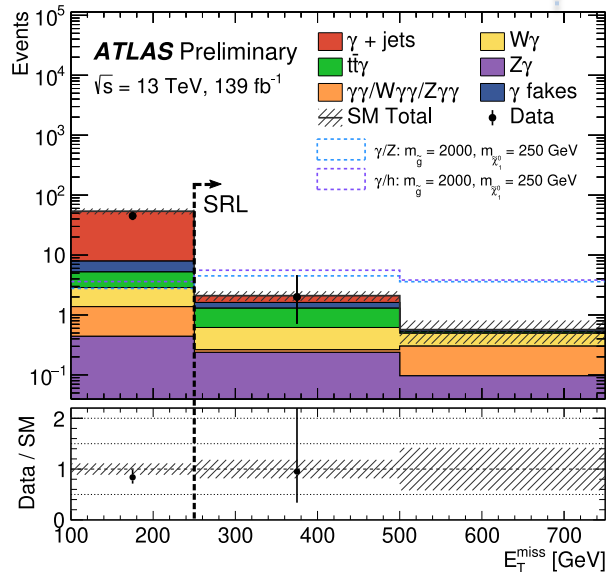
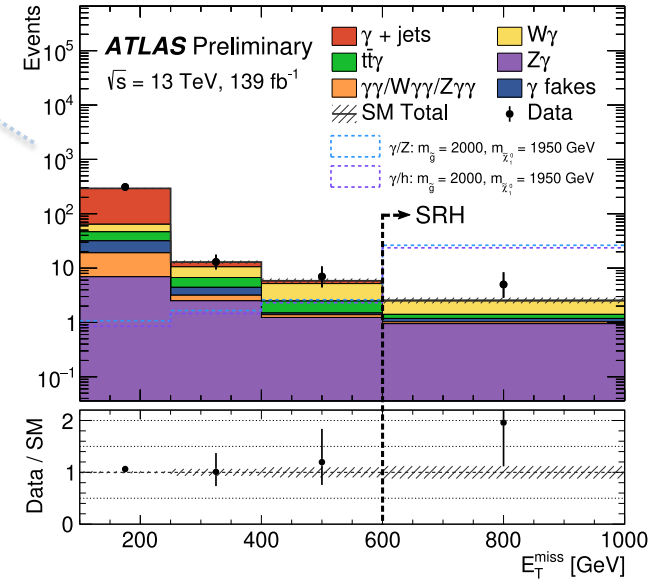
$\gamma + \text{jets} + \text{MET}$



$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ production, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow (\gamma/Z)\tilde{G}, \gamma + \text{jets} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ final state



γ/Z model
 $(\mu > 0)$



No excess in data
 over SM background.

Limits set on γ/Z and
 γ/h models.

2 ℓ + jets + MET

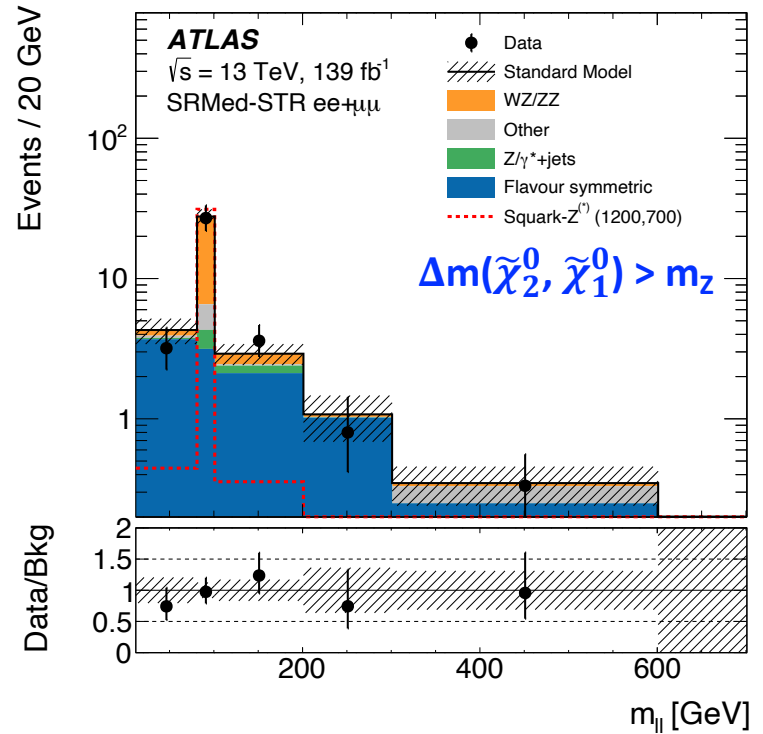
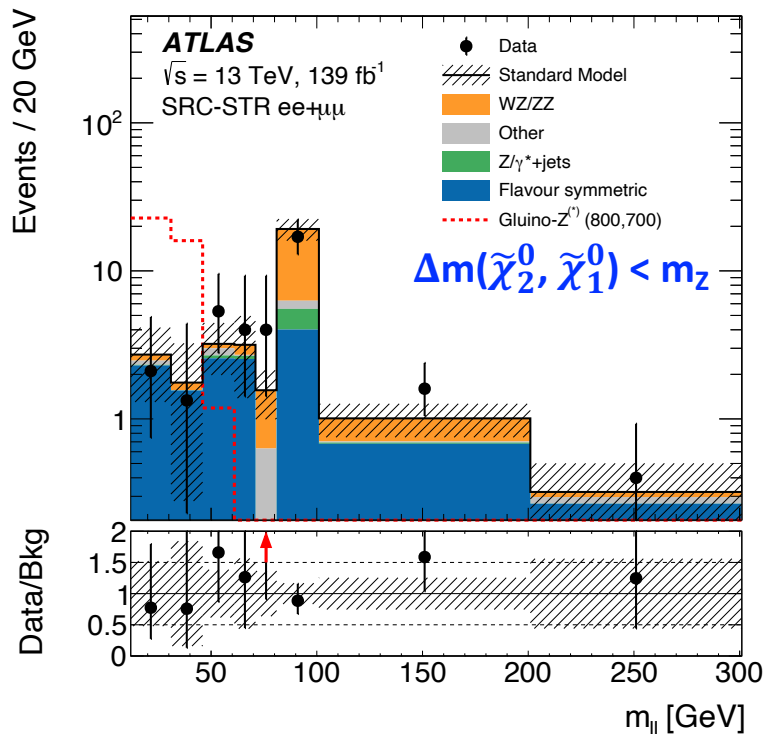
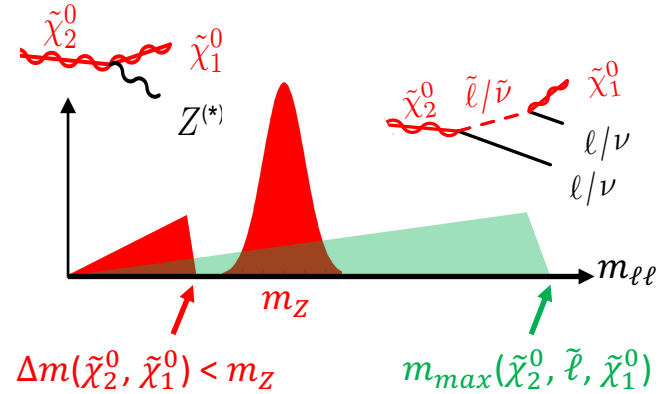
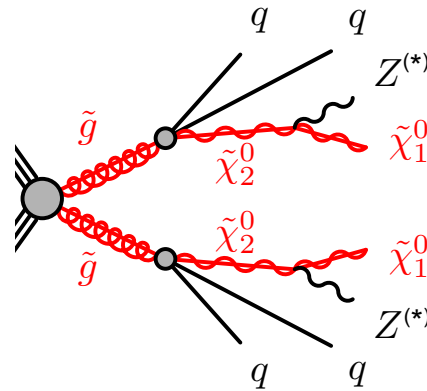
SUSY models with peak or kinematic endpoint in $m_{\ell\ell}$.

Shape fit of $m_{\ell\ell}$.

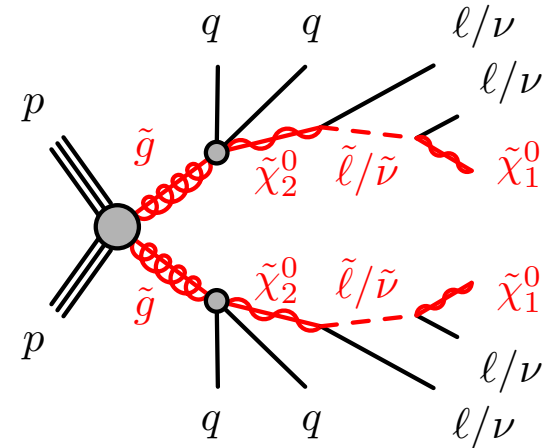
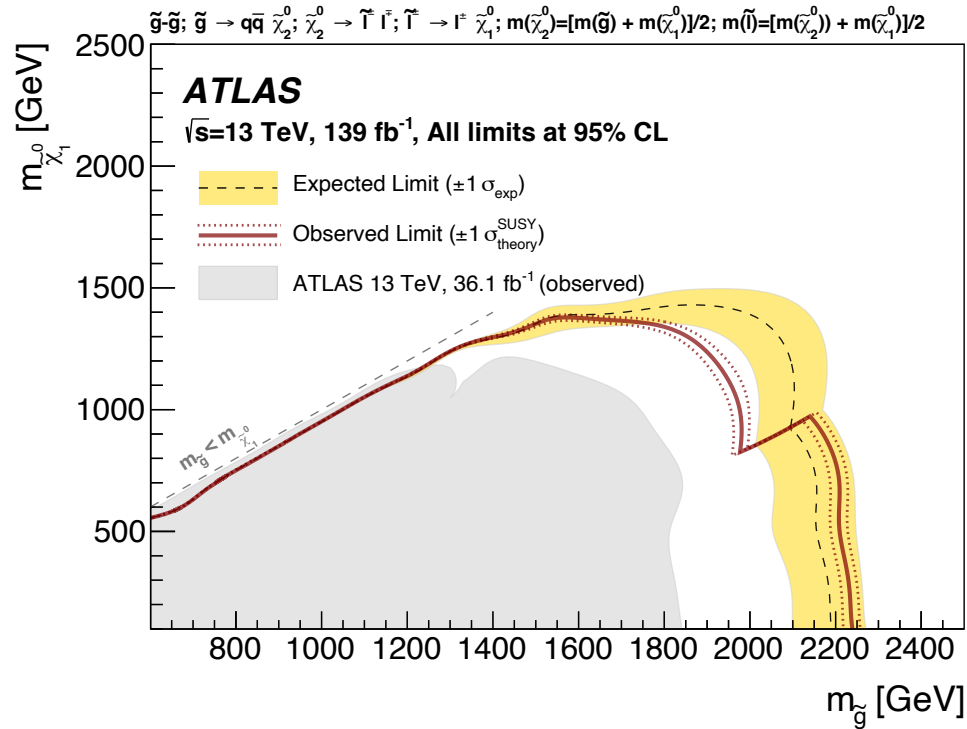
$t\bar{t}$, WW , $Z(\tau\tau)$:

ee bkg = $e\mu$ data + ($\mu \rightarrow e$)

$\mu\mu$ bkg = $e\mu$ data + ($e \rightarrow \mu$)



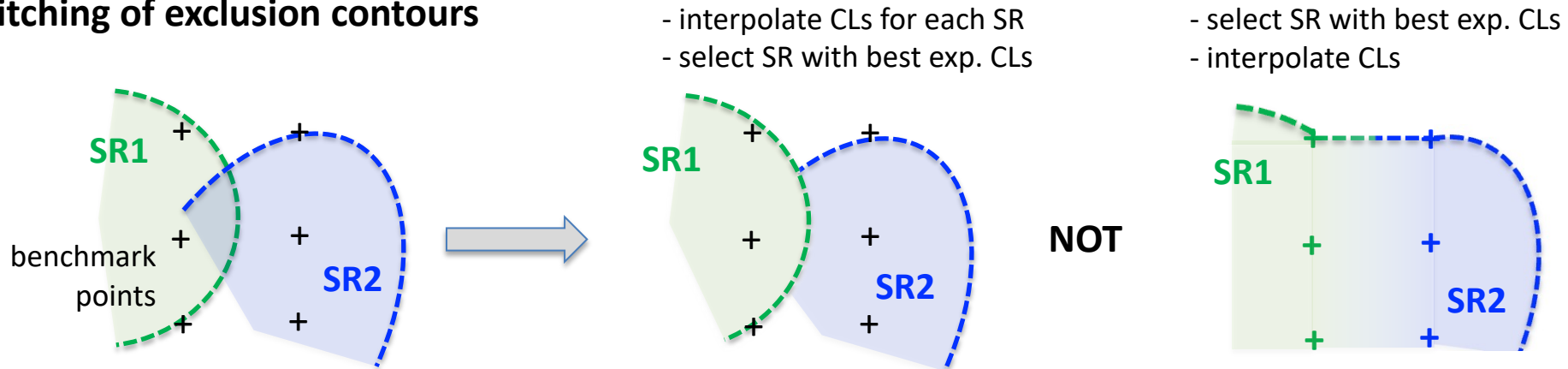
2 ℓ + jets + MET



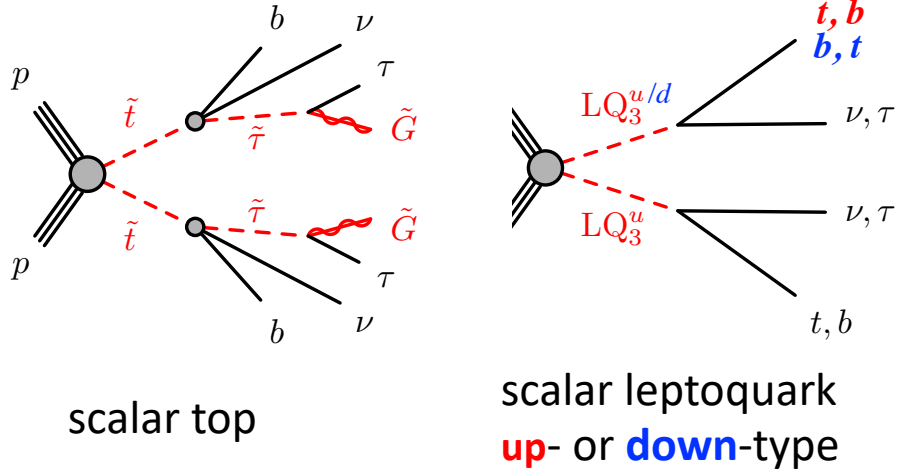
No data excess over SM prediction.

Improve limits on \tilde{g}/\tilde{q} mass vs LSP mass.

Stitching of exclusion contours



$\tau + \text{b-jet} + \text{MET}$



Similar signatures, search sensitive to both signals!

2 channels:

- $1\tau, \geq 2$ b-jets, SR binned in tau p_T
- $\geq 2\tau, \geq 1$ b-jets, 1-bin SR

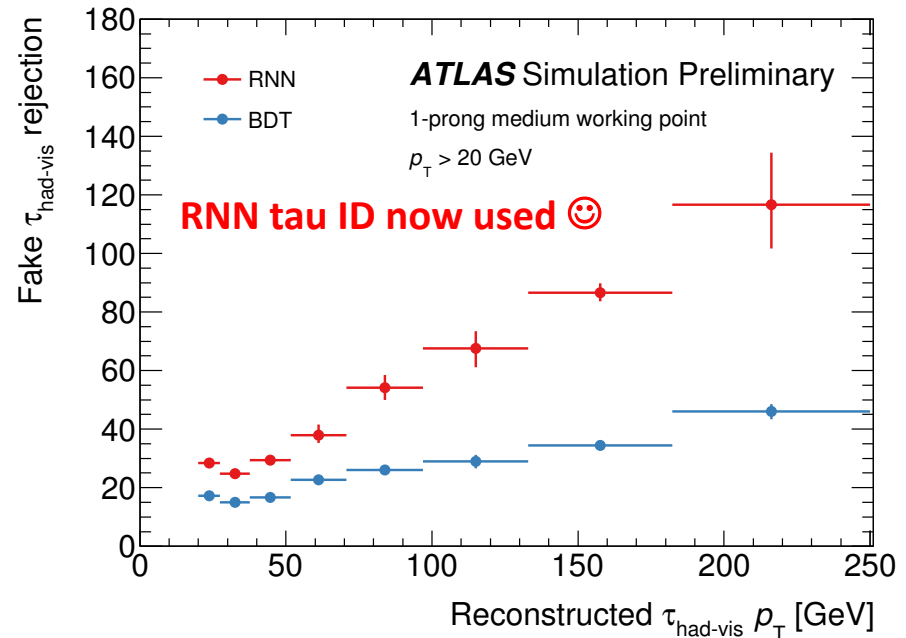
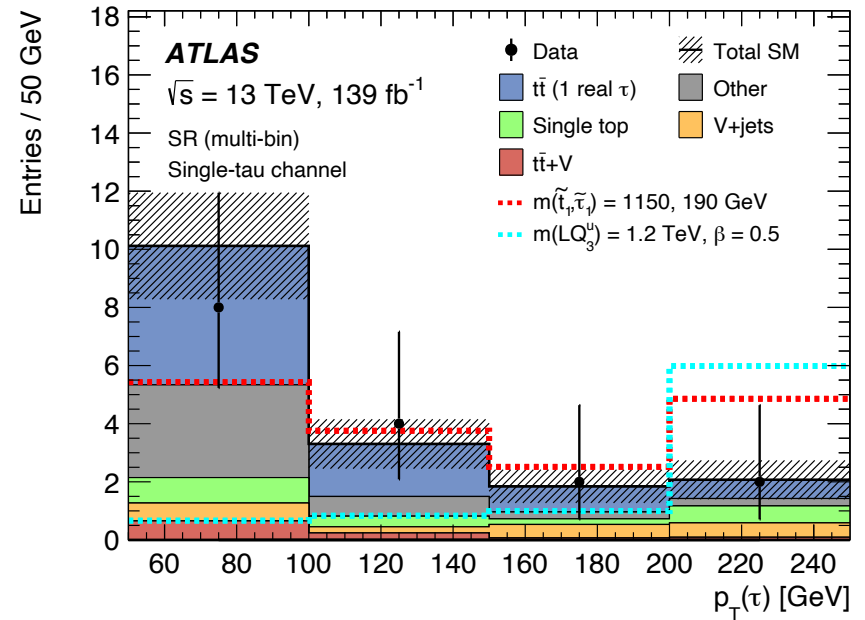
Discriminants:

- 1τ : transverse mass

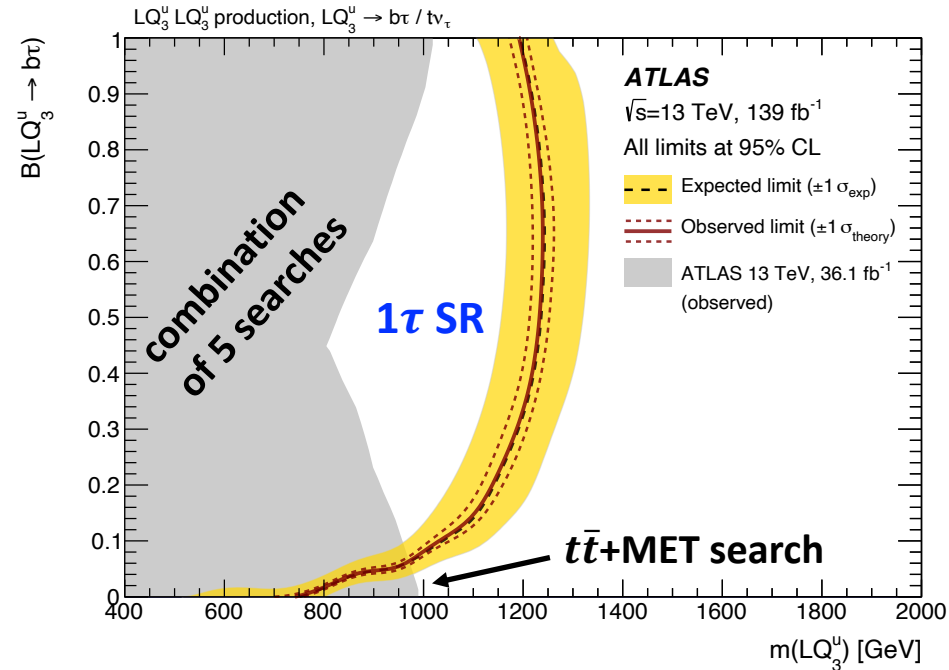
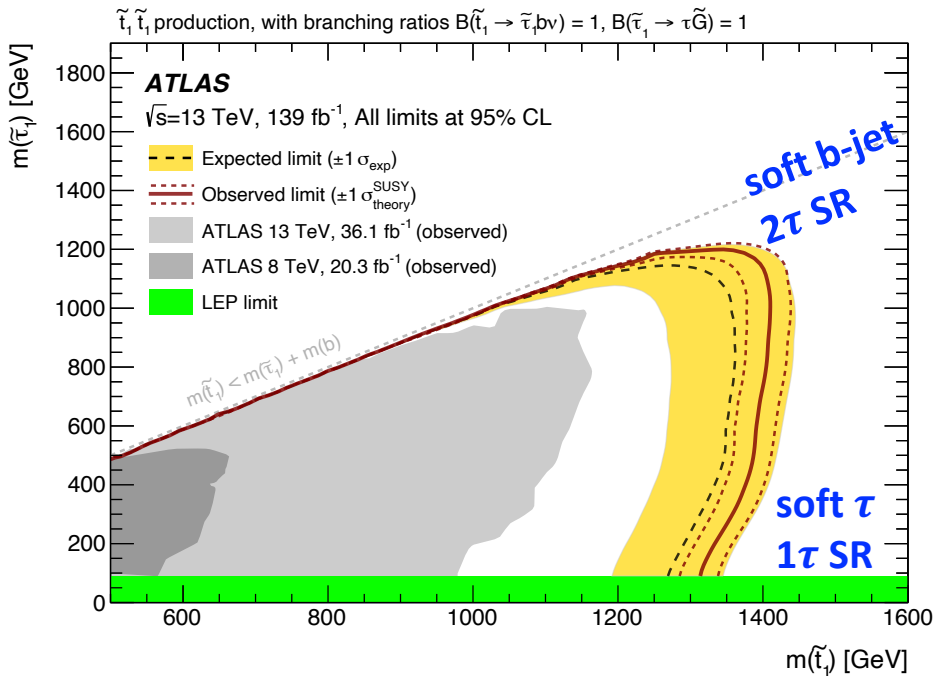
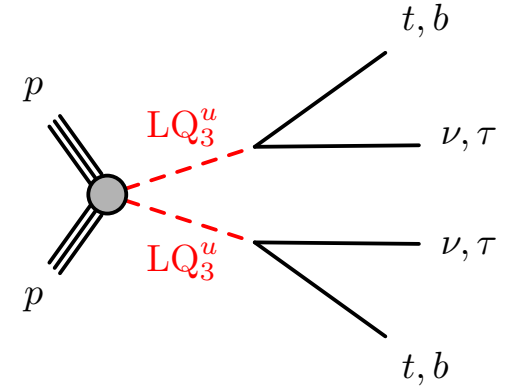
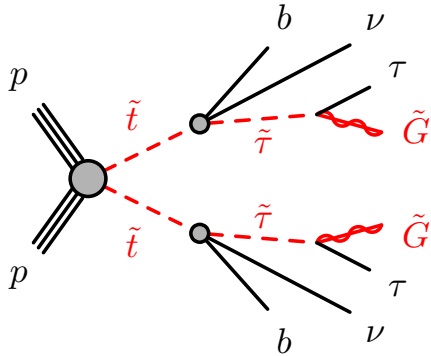
$$m_T(\tau, \text{MET}) < m_W \text{ for } t\bar{t}/W \rightarrow \tau\nu + X$$

- 2τ : "stransverse mass"

$$m_{T2}(\tau_1, \tau_2, \text{MET}) < m_W \text{ for } t\bar{t}/WW \rightarrow \tau\nu\tau\nu + X$$



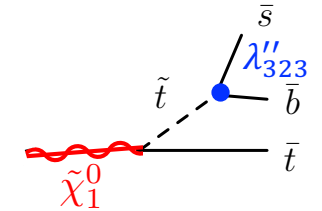
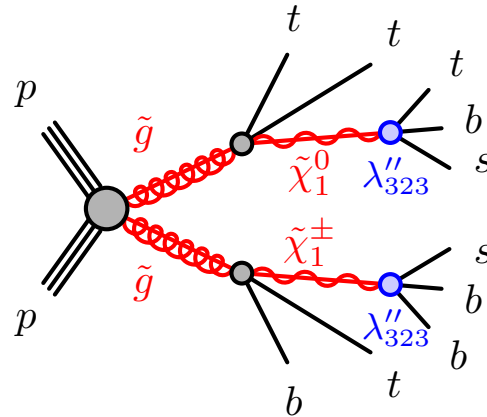
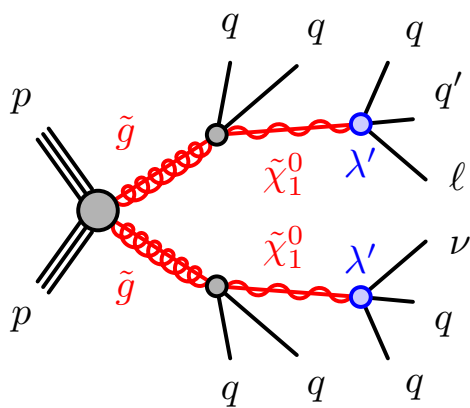
$\tau + b\text{-jet} + \text{MET}$



No data excess seen in signal regions.

For $\text{BR} \sim 0.5$, most signal events have 1τ in final state $\rightarrow 1\tau$ SR most sensitive.

$1\ell / \ell^\pm \ell^\pm + \text{many jets}$



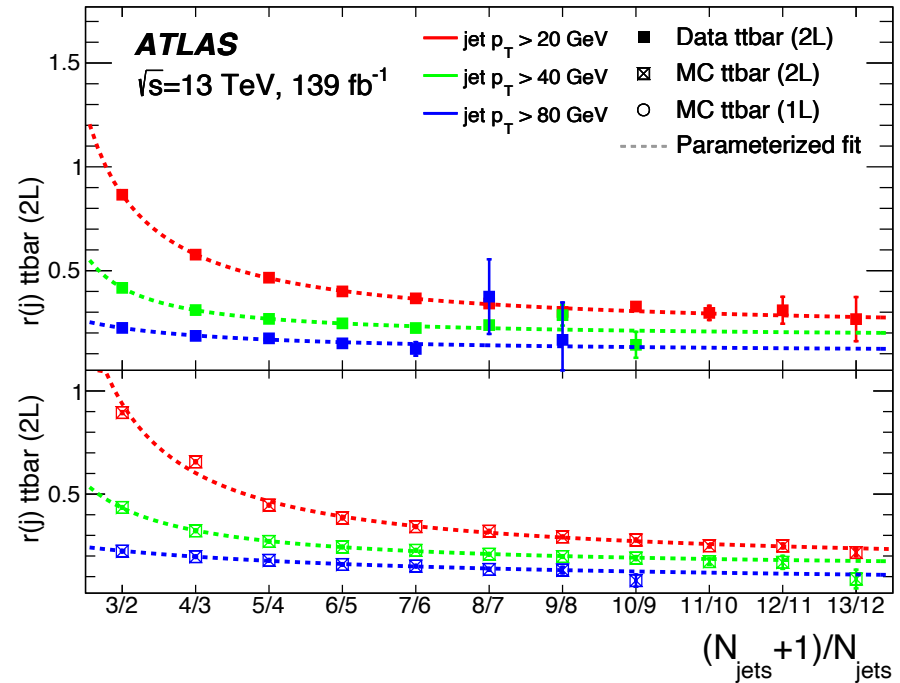
R-parity violation

Count **number of jets** and **b-jets above p_T threshold** for **high N_{jet}** (4-15).

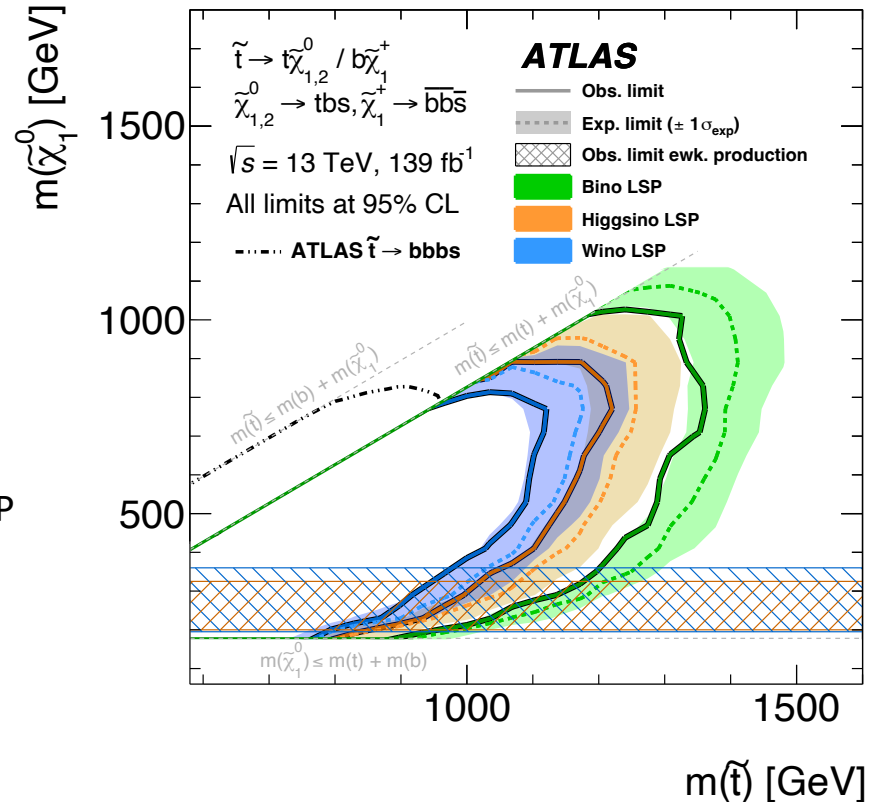
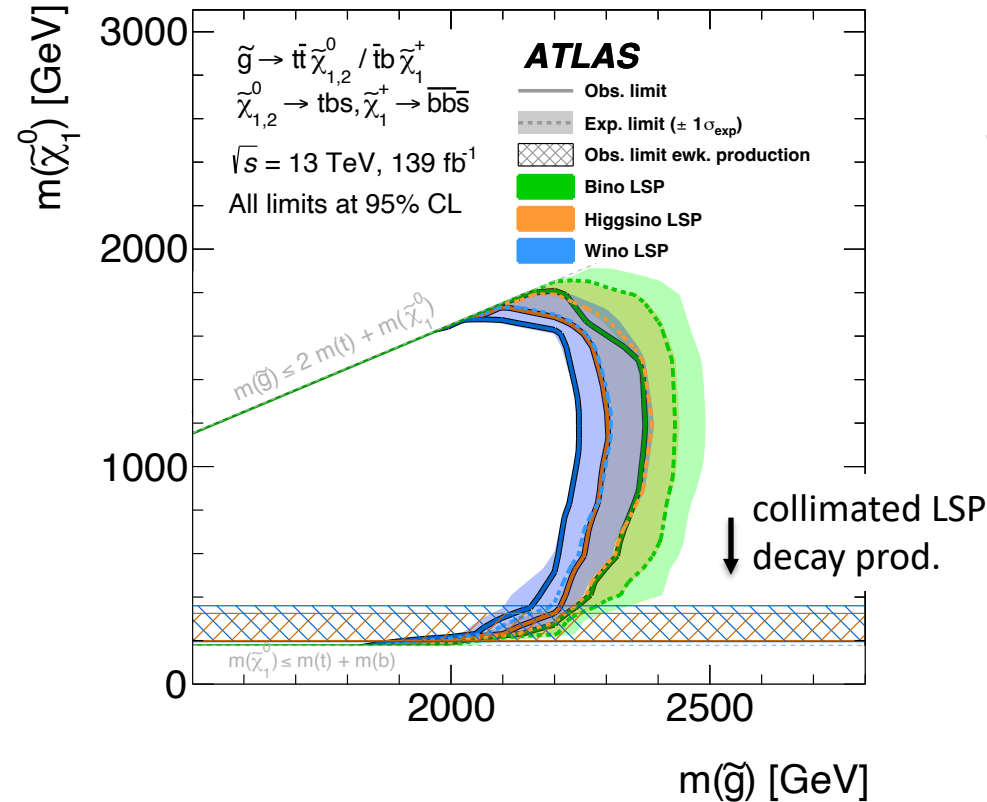
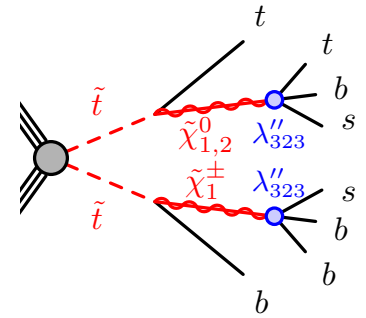
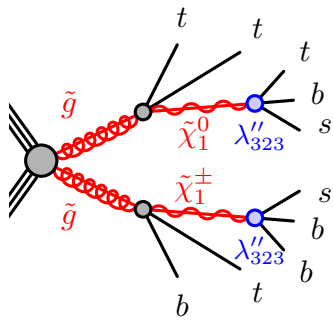
Extrapolation from low to high N_{jet} :

$$(N_{\text{jet}} + 1)/N_{\text{jet}} = \underbrace{c_0}_{\text{"staircase scaling" at large } N_{\text{jet}}} + \underbrace{c_1/(N_{\text{jet}} + c_2)}_{\text{"Poisson scaling" at low } N_{\text{jet}}}$$

Also extrapolate $N_{\text{b-jet}}$ from low to high multiplicities.



$1\ell / \ell^\pm \ell^\pm + \text{many jets}$



Bino LSP gives more top quarks in final state, thus stronger limits.

Bonus: this analysis is sensitive to the 4-top SM production!

Cross section (wrt to SM) $\mu_{t\bar{t}t\bar{t}} = 2.0_{-0.7}^{+0.9}$ competitive with dedicated meas. $\mu_{t\bar{t}t\bar{t}} = 2.0_{-0.6}^{+0.8}$

Summary

Latest searches for \tilde{g} and \tilde{q} at ATLAS were presented:

- γ + jets + MET
- 2ℓ + jets + MET
- τ + b-jets + MET
- $1\ell / \ell^\pm \ell^\pm$ + jets

Don't miss:

EW SUSY (Eric Ballabene)

long-lived signatures (Mason Proffitt)

Weak-scale SUSY is still hiding.

Limits on $m_{\tilde{g}}$, $m_{\tilde{q}}$, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ largely improved:

large dataset, better object reconstruction and analysis techniques.

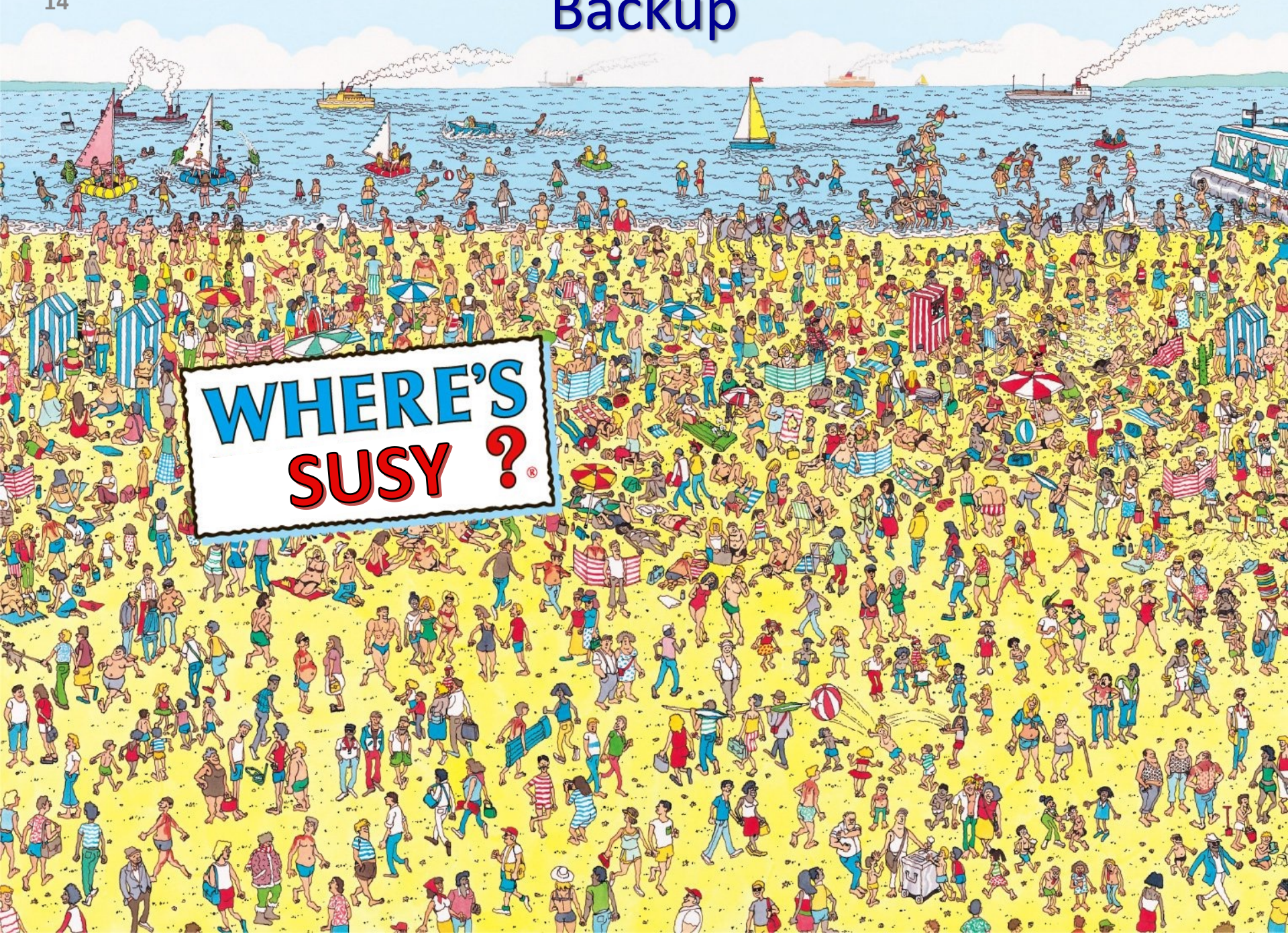
More results coming soon.

Reprocessed Run2 dataset now available!

Run3 just began!

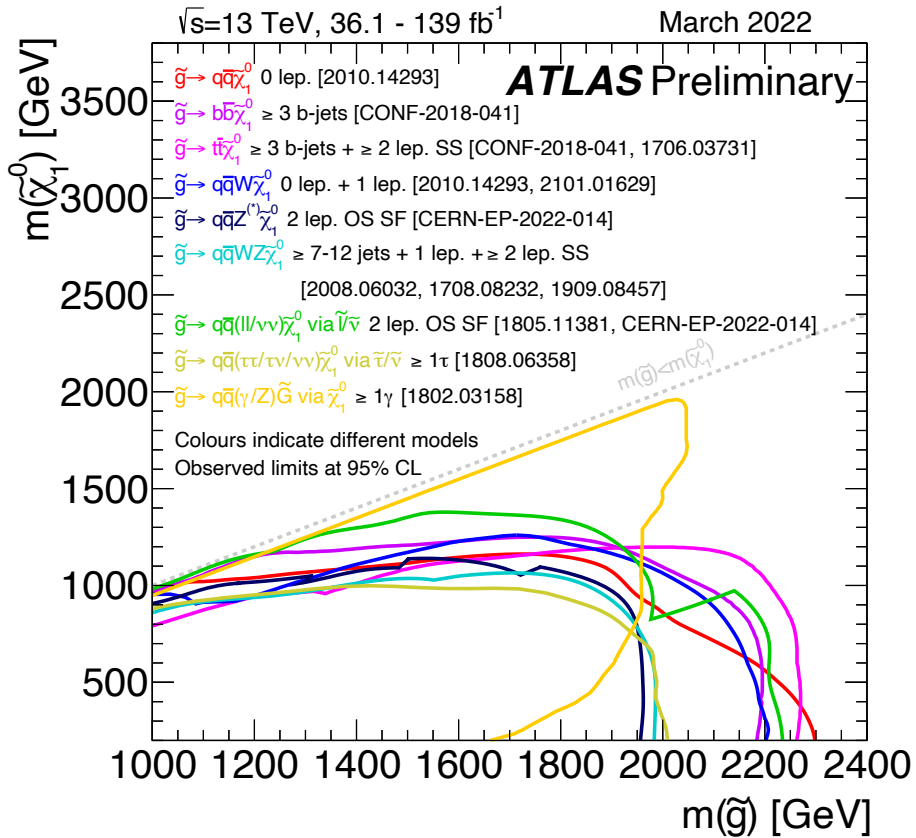
Thanks for listening!



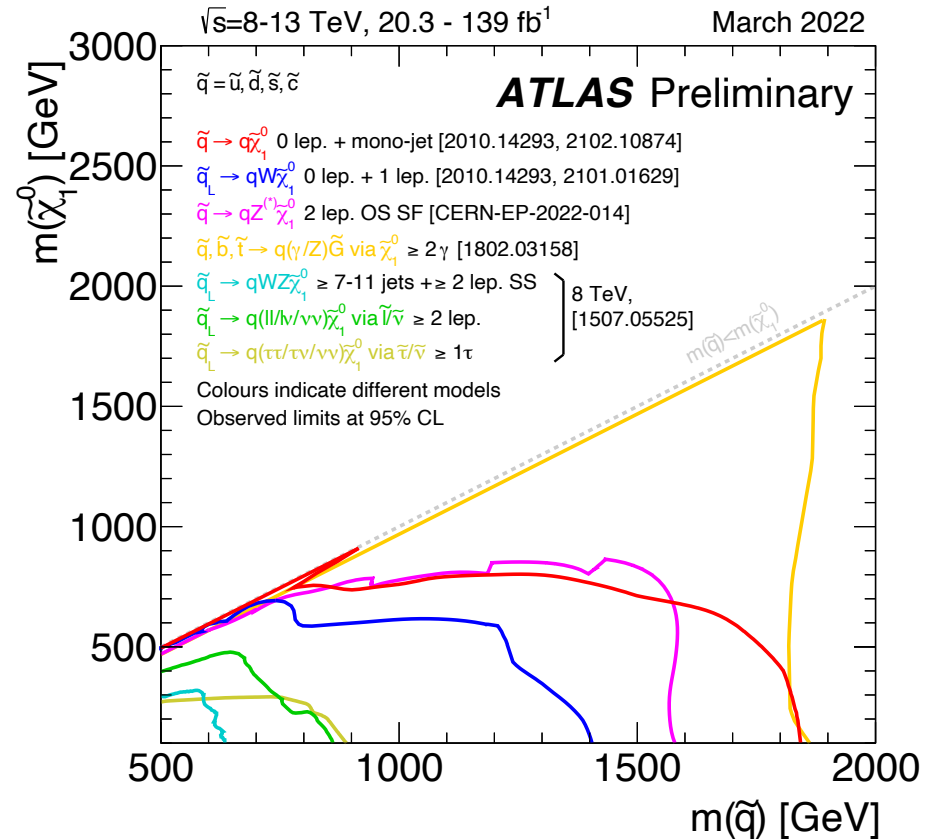


**WHERE'S
SUSY?**®

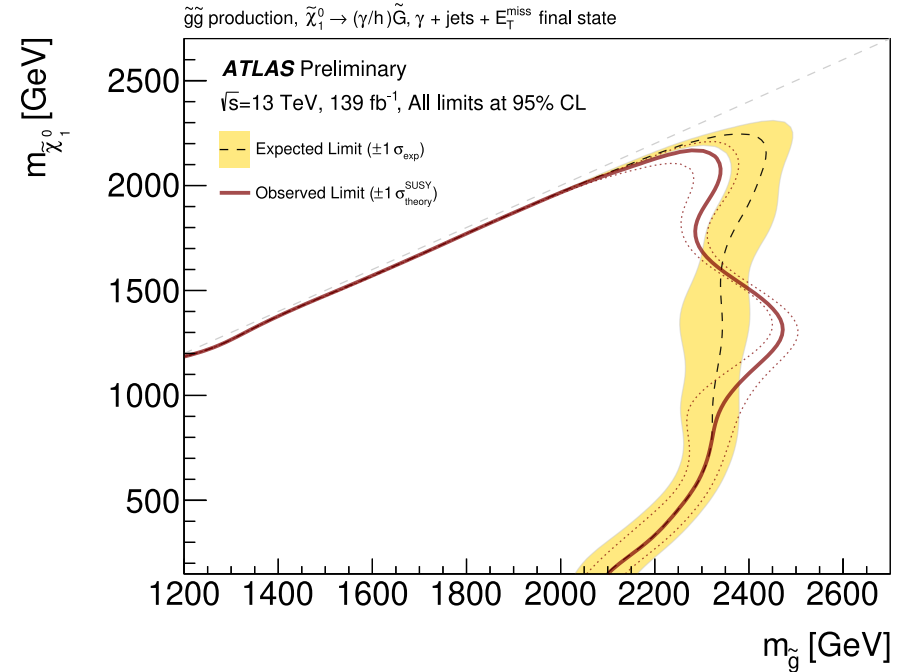
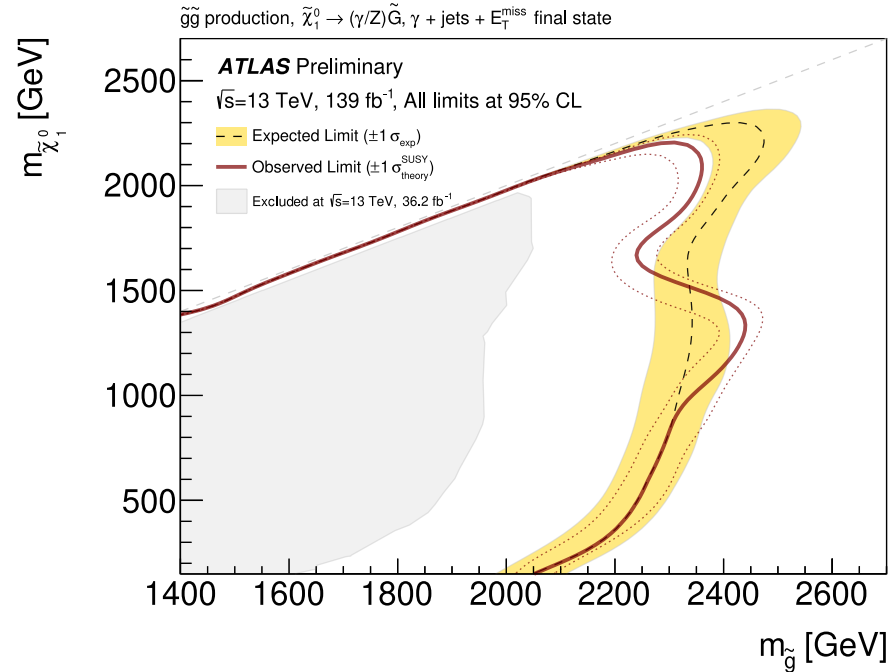
\tilde{g} and \tilde{q} results @ ATLAS



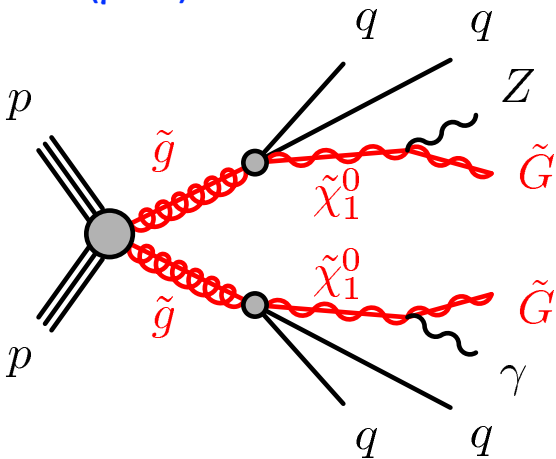
[ref]



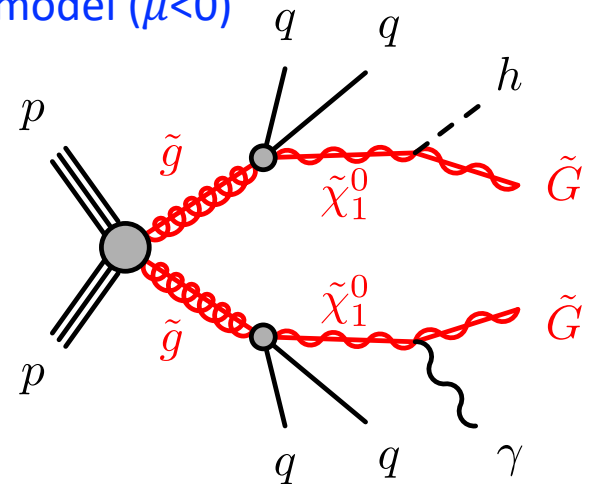
$\gamma + \text{jets} + \text{MET}$



γ/Z model ($\mu > 0$)



γ/h model ($\mu < 0$)



2 ℓ + jets + MET

