

# Resonances in $\bar{\nu}_e - e^-$ scattering at FASER $\nu$ and Forward Physics Facility

based on arXiv:2112.03283 (PRD 2022)  
in collaboration with A. de Gouvêa, P. Machado and R. Plestid

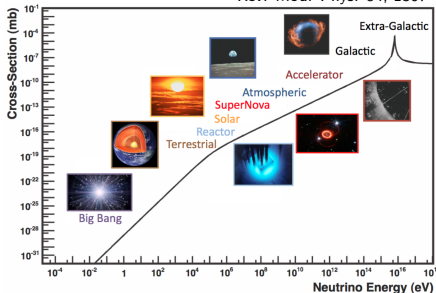
Vedran Brdar



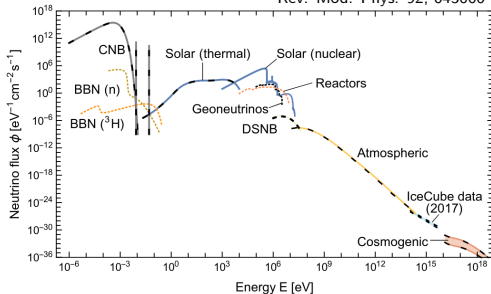
Northwestern  
University

# Neutrino Fluxes and Cross sections

Rev. Mod. Phys. 84, 1307



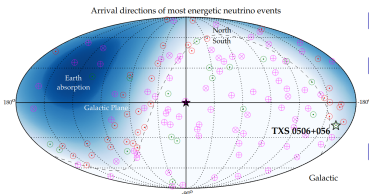
Rev. Mod. Phys. 92, 045006



- ▶ reactor neutrino detection at Cowan–Reines neutrino experiment in 1956
- ▶ atmospheric neutrino detection in India and South Africa in 1965
- ▶ solar neutrino detection at Homestake mine in 1968
- ▶ supernova neutrino from SN 1987A
- ▶ high-energy astrophysical neutrino detection at IceCube in 2013
- ▶ collider neutrino detection in 2021 at FASER $\nu$

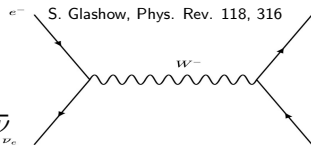
# First Glashow Resonance Event at IceCube

Bull. Am. Astron. Soc. 51, 185 (2019)

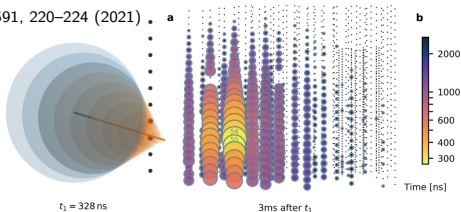


- ▶  $\mathcal{O}(100)$  upgoing tracks and HESE events
- ▶ Glashow resonance: cross section enhancement from on-shell  $W^-$  production
- ▶  $\sigma \propto \frac{1}{(E-E_0)^2 + \Gamma^2}$ , with  $E_0 = \frac{M_W^2}{2m_e} \approx 6.3$  PeV

- ▶ shower with an energy of  $6.05 \pm 0.72$  PeV
- ▶ presence of electron antineutrinos in the astrophysical flux  $\rightarrow$  way to distinguish  $\nu$  from  $\bar{\nu}_e$



Nature 591, 220–224 (2021)



# “Glashow-like” Events at Low Energies?

$$\bar{\nu}_e e^- \rightarrow \text{meson} \rightarrow \text{anything}$$

Breit-Wigner: 
$$\sigma_{\text{res}} = (2J + 1)8\pi \Gamma^2 \text{Br}_{\text{in}} \text{Br}_{\text{fi}} \frac{s/M^2}{(s - M^2)^2 + M^2\Gamma^2}$$

▶ pseudoscalar mesons: 
$$\Gamma(m \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e e^-) = \frac{G_F^2}{8\pi} f^2 m_{lep}^2 M \left(1 - \frac{m_{lep}^2}{M^2}\right) |V_{\text{CKM}}|^2$$

▶ vector mesons: 
$$\Gamma(m \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e e^-) = \frac{G_F^2}{12\pi} f^2 M^3 |V_{\text{CKM}}|^2$$

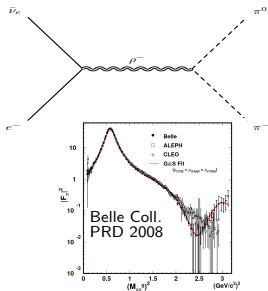
$$\bar{\nu}_e e^- \rightarrow \rho^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^-$$

$$E_\nu^{\text{res}}(\rho^-) = \frac{(770\text{MeV})^2}{2m_e} \approx 580 \text{ GeV}$$

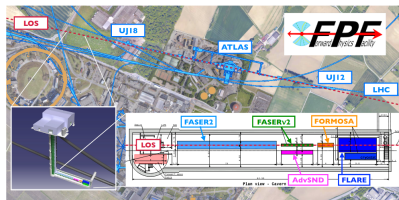
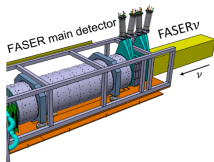
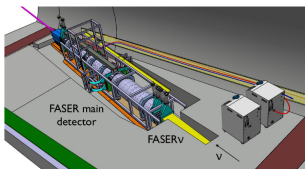
$$E_\nu^{\text{res}}(K^{*-}) \approx 780 \text{ GeV}$$

- ▶ alternative calculation using

$$\langle \pi^-(k_1) \pi^0(k_2) | V_\mu | 0 \rangle = (k_1 - k_2)_\mu F(q^2)$$



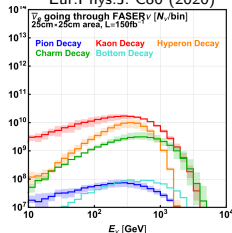
# FASER $\nu$ and FPF



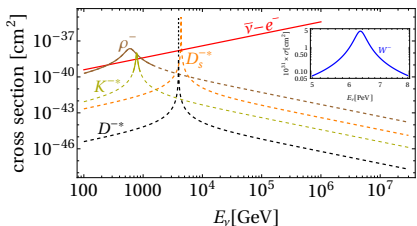
- ▶ **FASER $\nu$**  is a 1.2 tonne detector located 480 m from the ATLAS interaction point containing emulsion films and tungsten plates
- ▶ **FASER $\nu$ 2** will be a 10 tonne detector at FPF utilizing HL-LHC fluxes
- ▶ **FLArE** will be LAr detector at FPF, placed 620 m from the ATLAS interaction point; 10 and 100 tonne configurations discussed



Eur.Phys.J. C80 (2020)

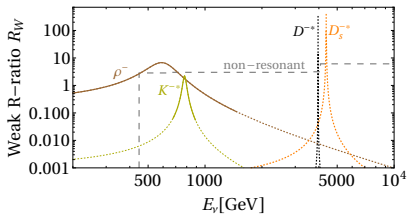


# Event Rates

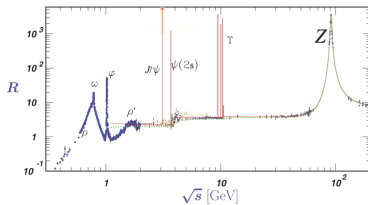


Experiment	$\rho^-, \pm\Gamma/2$	$\rho^-, \pm 2\Gamma$	$K^{*-}, \pm\Gamma/2$	$K^{*-}, \pm 2\Gamma$
FASER $\nu$	0.3	0.5	–	–
FASER $\nu/2$	23	37	0.7	3
FLArE-10	11	19	0.3	2
FLArE-100	63	103	2	8
DeepCore	3 (1)	5 (2)	–	–
IceCube	8 (40)	17 (83)	–	–

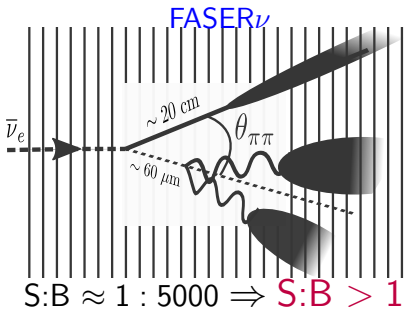
$$R_W = \frac{\sigma(\bar{\nu}_e e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})}{\sigma(\bar{\nu}_e e^- \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu \mu^-)}$$



$$R = \frac{\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})}{\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)}$$



# Signature of $\rho^-$ Resonance



- ▶ cut on  $E_{\pi^-} + E_{\pi^0}$  to lie near 580 GeV
- ▶  $\theta_{\nu N} \sim 1/\gamma_{\text{cm}} \sim 28$  mrad  $\times \sqrt{600 \text{ GeV}/E_\nu}$  for **deep inelastic scattering**
- ▶  $\theta_{\pi\pi} = 28$  mrad  $\sqrt{m_e/m_N} \times \sqrt{600 \text{ GeV}/E_\nu} = 0.7$  mrad  $\times \sqrt{600 \text{ GeV}/E_\nu}$  for  $\bar{\nu} - e$  scattering
- ▶ cut on charged track and photon multiplicity
- ▶ reconstruct the invariant mass of the  $\pi^0\pi^-$  pair,  $m_{\pi\pi}^2 = m_{\pi^0}^2 + m_{\pi^-}^2 + E_{\pi^0}E_{\pi^-} - \theta_{\pi\pi}^2$ , and require it to lie within  $\Gamma_\rho \sim 150$  MeV of  $m_\rho \approx 770$  MeV

- ▶ Sweeper Magnet for FASER $\nu$ 2

## FLArE:

- ▶  $\pi^-$  and  $\pi^0$  signature overlap and background mitigation strategies are more difficult;  $dE/dx$  can be used

## IceCube:

- ▶ large background and difficult to identify  $\pi^- \pi^0$  topology;  $S : B \approx 1 : 100$

## Summary

- ▶ The production of charged-meson resonances in  $\bar{\nu}_e - e$  scattering is an interesting and previously inaccessible SM neutrino reaction
- ▶ We estimate 10–100  $\rho^-$  meson resonance events at proposed FPF detectors
- ▶ Excellent spatial and angular resolution in case of FASER $\nu$  allows for efficient background rejection