

charged particle Electric Dipole Moment (cpEDM) – Status of the Collaboration and next Steps

C. Carli on behalf of the cpEDM Collaboration

- Physics Motivation
- Fully electro-static "Magic Energy Ring"
- Other schemes and Variants
 - "Hybrid Ring"
 - RF Wien Filter Method
 - Search for oscillating cpEDMs
- Staged Approach
- Status of Collaboration
- Summary

PBC general WG Meeting, 2nd December 2021

Physics Motivation



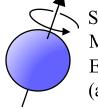
- EDM aligned with spin and well known Magnetic Dipole Moment (MDM)
- □ Would violate CP symmetry
- Explanation of preponderance of Matter over Antimatter

 \Box (A tiny EDM compatible with standard model)

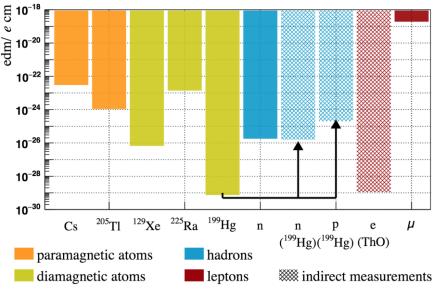
- Search for oscillating EDMs
 May be caused by coupling with Axions
- Storage rings for direct cpEDM measurement
 - Direct measurement at rest requiring electric field not possible for charged particles
 - => Measurement for particles in storage ring

cpEDM





Spin s Magnetic moment $\vec{\mu}$ Electric moment \vec{d} ? (as well aligned with spin)



Measured upper bounds for EDMs (from CERN 2021-003)

CERN joined international effort within PBC study group

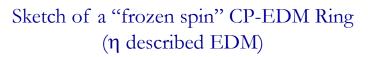
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Fully electrostatic "magic Energy" Ring

- "Frozen spin" cpEDM ring
 - Initial longitudinal polarization of bunch maintained for vanishing EDM (only well known MDM)
 - Identical angular frequencies $\vec{\omega}_s$ and $\vec{\omega}_p$ describing rotation of spin and direction require
- Concept of "magic energy"

cpEDM

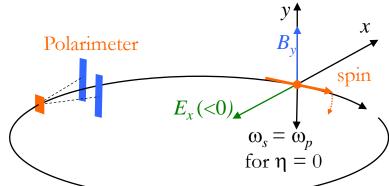
- \square Possible for particles with positive anomalous magnetic moment factor G = (g - 1)/2 > 0
- "frozen spin" fulfilled with electric field only by appropriate choice of "magic energy" $b_m g_m = G^{-1/2}$
- Fully electrostatic machine (electro-static quads) and counter-rotating beams
- For protons with $G = 1.7928473 \dots E_m = 232.79$ MeV and $p_m = 700.74$ MeV/c
 - Requires a ring with a circumference of at least 500 m
 - EDM of $d = 10^{-29}$ e.cm (sensitivity target often given) rotates spin around radial axis by 1.6 nrad/s
 - □ Residual magnetic field inside shield probably main limitation
 - Scheme to measure orbit separation of counter-circulating beams with pm(!) accuracy for mitigation
 - Other challenges: spin (de-)coherence, understanding and handling of systematic effects



Sensitivity of 10-29 e.cm

often quoted

very challenging

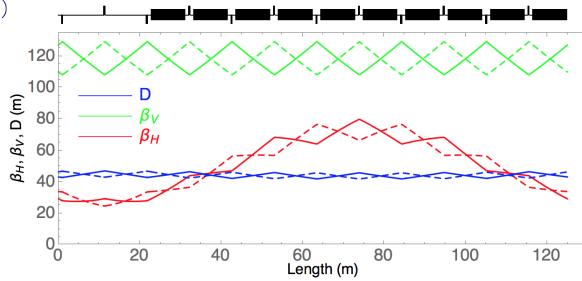


Other Schemes and Variants – Hybrid Ring Concept



- Ring operated at "magic energy" and focusing using magnetic quadrupoles
 - □ Gradients of electric bendings must be avoided (design field index m = 0)
 - □ As well operation with counter-rotating beams

S. Haciomeroglu and Y. K. Semertzidis, PRAB 22, 034001 (2019)



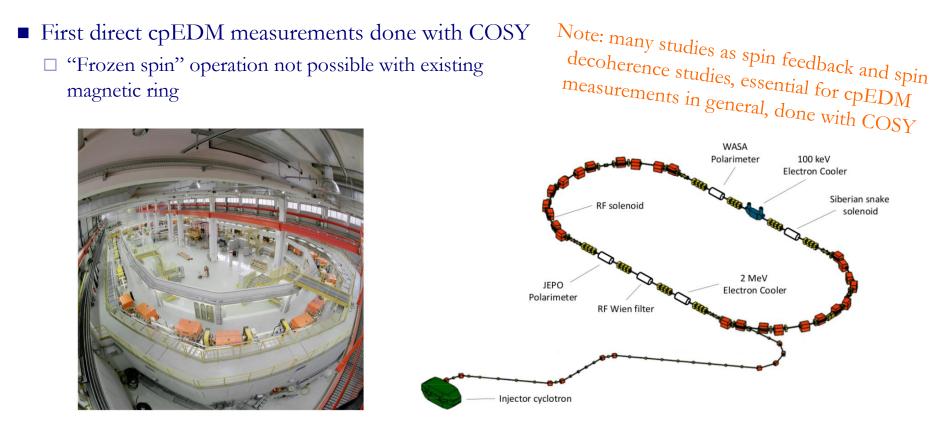
Twiss parameters for one out of four periods for the CW (solid lines) and the CCW (dashed lines) beam

- Features and consequences
 - □ No spin rotation proportional to average radial magnetic field \overline{B}_x
 - □ Lattice different for counter-rotating beams – tuning more delicate (tunes, closed orbit, spin coherence)
 - $\hfill\square$ Systematic effects to be evaluated with care
 - Unwanted electric gradients
 - Higher magnetic fields

cpEDM

Other Schemes and Variants – RF Wien Filter Method





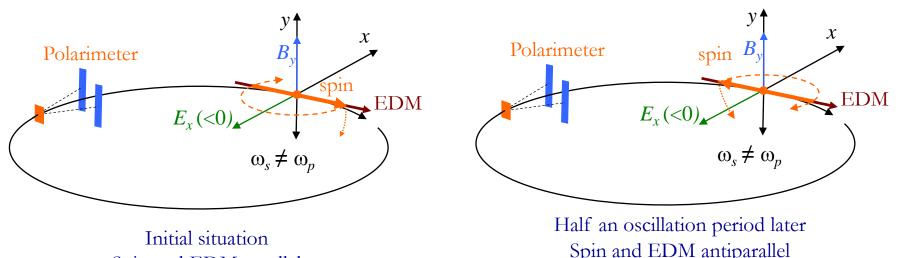
- □ RF Wien filter operated with suitable frequency and phase w.r.t. spin rotations
- □ EDM generates vertical spin build-up over duration of store

cpEDM

□ First direct hadron cpEDM measurement result to come soon!

Other Schemes and Variants -Search for oscillating cpEDM





Spin and EDM parallel

Spin and EDM antiparallel

Spin rotation w.r.t. particle direction with frequency equal to EDM oscillation

Oscillating EDM means that ratio between EDM and spin oscillates $h = h_0 + h \sin \left(W_{axion} t + j_0 \right)$

Resonance condition $|W_s - W_p| = W_{axion}$!

Long-term build up of vertical spin component

Limited by agreement between frequencies for spin oscillation and rotation of spin in horizontal plane

Limitations due to statistics (need for runs with different possible spin oscillation frequencies)?

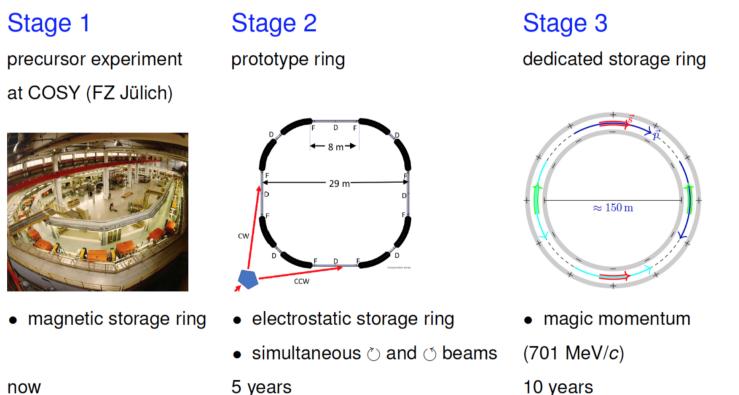
Many systematic effects strongly mitigated!

cpEDM

Staged Approach



- All schemes for cpEDM measurements very challenging
- Design and construction of dedicated cpEDM ring as next step ruled ou
- Agreement within community on staged approach
 - □ First direct cpEDM measurement (deuterons) and many basic studies with COSY
 - □ Next step: prototype ring to gain experience and better understand limitations and their mitigations



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Next steps and Collaboration



- Concentrating on PTR design and construction as next steps
 - \Box Phase 1: electro-static ring "frozen spin" not possible
 - Gain experience with operation of large ring pushing electric fields to limits
 - Counter-rotating beams with observation of orbit separation
 - Spin control: optimization of spin coherence time, spin feedback ...
 - Control of vertical orbit, operation with low vertical tunes, beam cooling ...
 - □ Phase 2: additional magnetic field for "frozen spin" operation
 - First direct proton EDM measurement with (how much?) reduced sensitivity
 - Proposals for additional operational modes proposed and under discussion
- Structure for PTR design defined
 - □ Work packages and participating institutes defined
 - □ Regular meetings
 - □ Application for INFRADEV-01-01-2022 call being prepared
- In line with cpEDM PBC mandate (in addition further studies on systematic effects)
 - $\hfill\square$ Main CERN contribution is ring design (lattice ...) and injection concept
 - □ Contributions to hardware design: electro-static multipoles (quadrupoles)
 - □ RF system (system required expected to be simple) and alignment (expertise on state-of-the-art techniques and performance)

Status of Collaboration



WP#	Item	MM	Institutions	Objectives
1	Project coordination	24	INFN (Lenisa)	
2	Ring design 1. Machine lattice 2. Beam transfer system	60+x	CERN (Carli) CERN/MPI-HD CERN/MPI-HD	report report
3	Ring elements1. Electrostatic bends2. Electrostatic multipole elements3. Magnetic bends4. Injection hardware5. Vacuum system	60+x	INFN (Saputi) RWTH-IAEW CERN IKP-GSI CERN INFN	report report report report report
4	 Beam diagnostics and instrumentation Beam position monitors, incl phase-space detection (Rogowski type) Beam profile restgas monitor RF cavity Stochastic cooling Magnetic shielding Alignment and metrology of elements 	60+x	IKP-GSI (Rathmann) IKP-GSI IKP-GSI CERN IKP-GSI ZEA-FZJ CERN	report report report report report report
5	 Polarimetry and spin manipulation tools 1. Beam polarimeter 2. RF solenoid 3. RF Wien filter 	60-x	LIV (Vilella) Liverpool IKP-GSI IKP-GSI	report report report
6	Parameter control and expected performance1.Systematics investigations2.Spin tracking3.Error evaluation	60-x	IKP-GSI (Pretz) CERN IKP-GSI/Krakow Krakow	report report report
7	Cost estimate	12	INFN (Variola)	report
8	Dissemination and outreach	14	Krakow (Wronska)	publications, meetings, talks

Preliminary list with PTR design WPs and participating institutes



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Summary



cpEDM measurements

- $\hfill\square$ of high interest for physics
 - CP violation (larger than compatible with SM) a possible hint to explain matter preponderance
- \Box but as well very challenging
 - Systematic effects, spin (de-)coherence, beam life-time, spin manipulations, high precision polarimetry
 - Optimum scheme and achievable sensitivity to be determined

Prototype ring PTR

- $\hfill\square$ Next step before construction on cpEDM ring can be envisaged
 - Gain experience with operation of large scale high field electric ring
 - Assess main limitations and device mitigation strategies
- □ First direct measurement of proton EDM in phase 2
- □ Create base to define "magic energy" proton EDM ring
 - Together with studies and simulations on limitations in parallel
- Collaboration concentrating on PTR design
 - □ Work packages and participating institutes defined