

Trigger, GEM and Medipix at H8

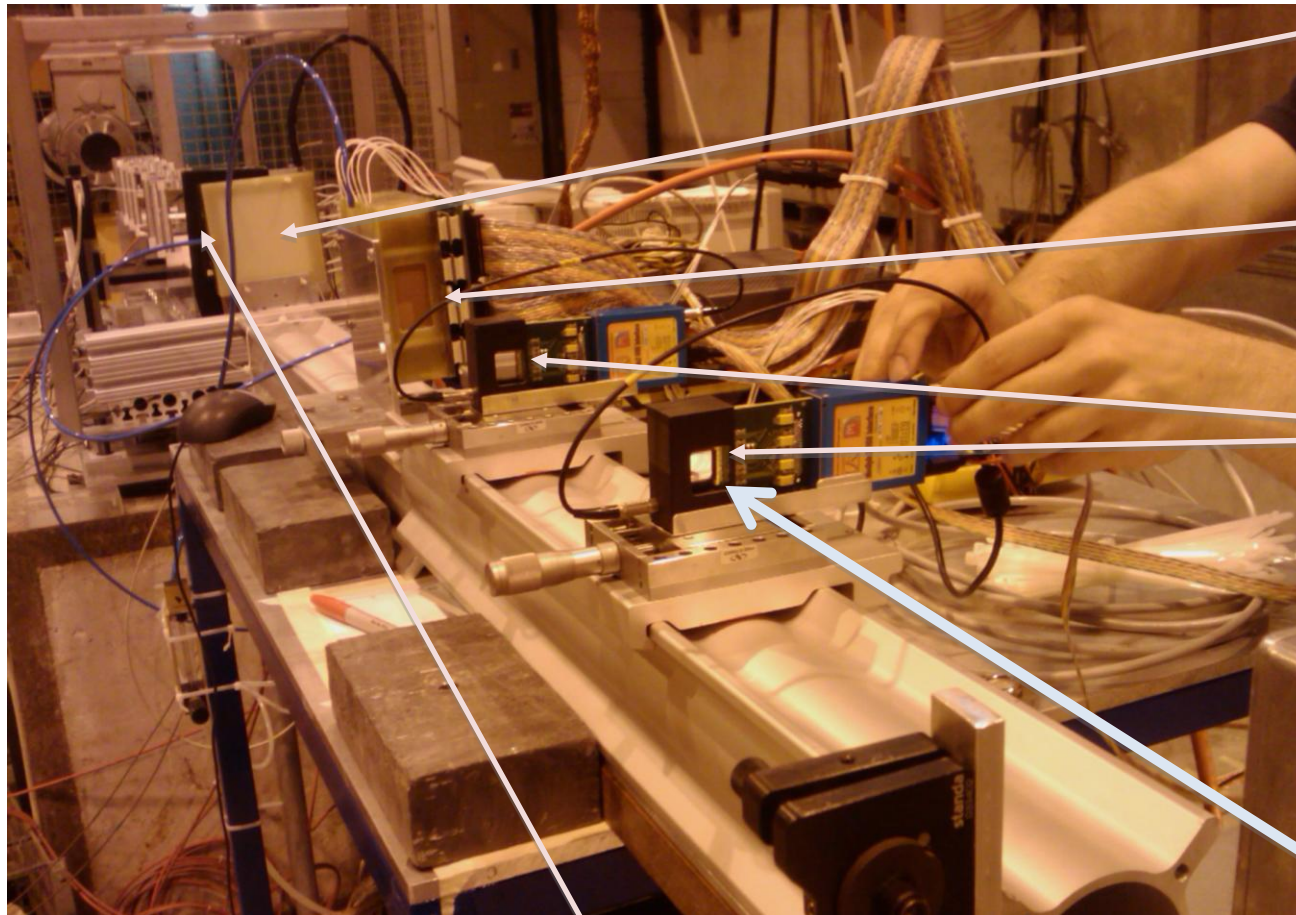
Roma and Frascati Team

Daniele Mirarchi

CERN & Roma1 univ. “Sapienza”



Complete apparatus (Jun 2010)



Planar GEM

TPC GEM

Medipix

p Beam

Scintillators



Trigger



Coincidence from pair of plastic scintillators after tracking system.

Active area of $10 \times 10 \text{ cm}^2$.

Gated over spill signal.

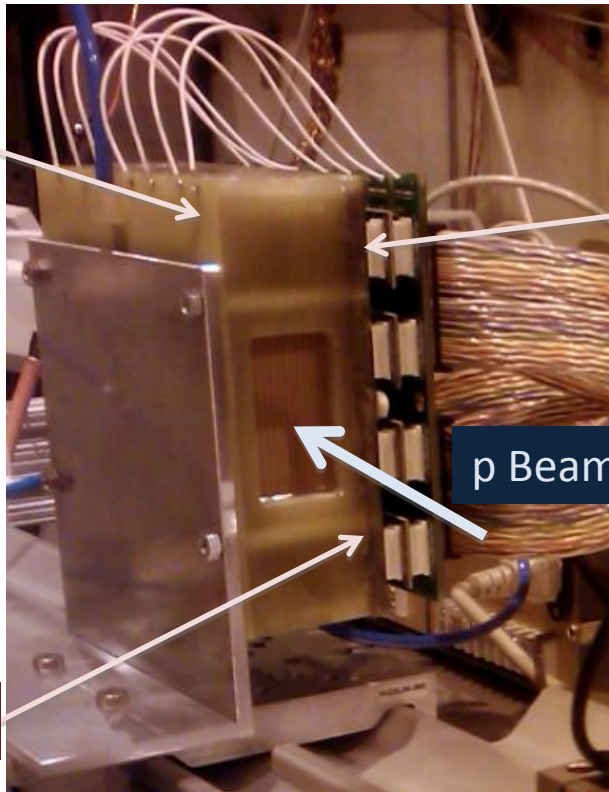
Efficiency ~ 1 checked by H8 line scintillators.

Trigger number in one spill $\sim 1.3 \cdot 10^6 \rightarrow \sim 30 \text{ KHz}$
Out of the spill $\sim 1 \text{ Hz}$



TPC-GEM

cathode



Triple-GEM

Anode:

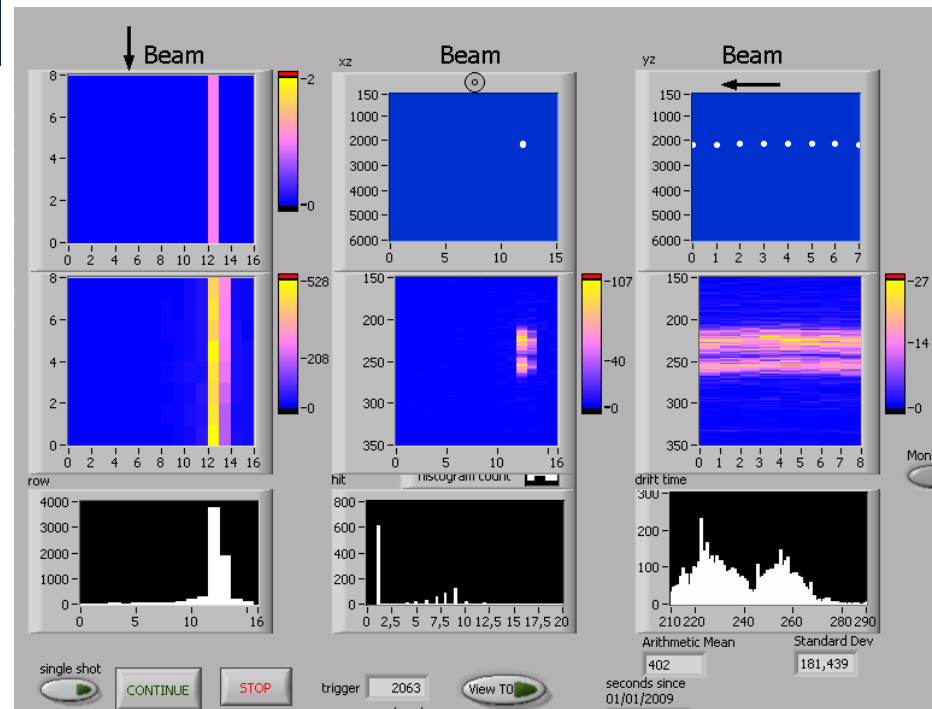
$5 \times 5 \text{ cm}^2$

$16 \times 8 \text{ pads, } 3 \times 6 \text{ mm}^2$

Electronics:

readout (CARIOCA-GEM) +
thresholds + HV supplies

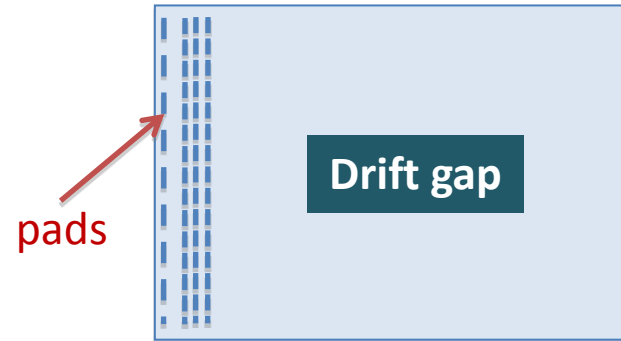
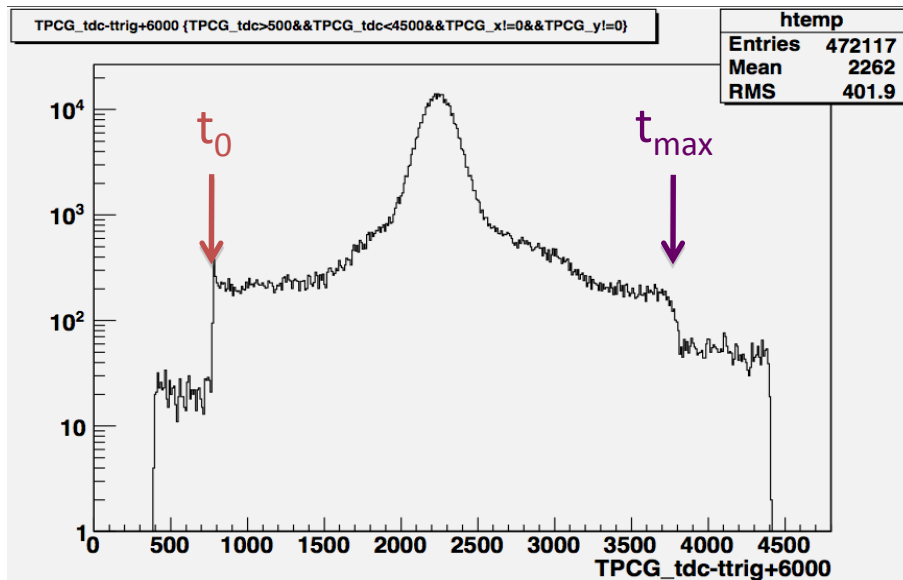
128 LVDS outputs from CARIOCA-GEM to TDC
(V1190 CAEN) for **drift time measurement**



TPC-GEM

Measurement of drift velocity, essential for tracks reconstruction

Take run without channeling:



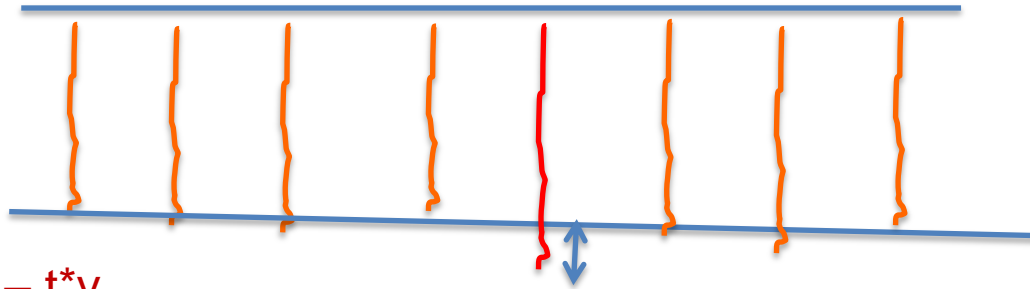
Knowledge of drift gap



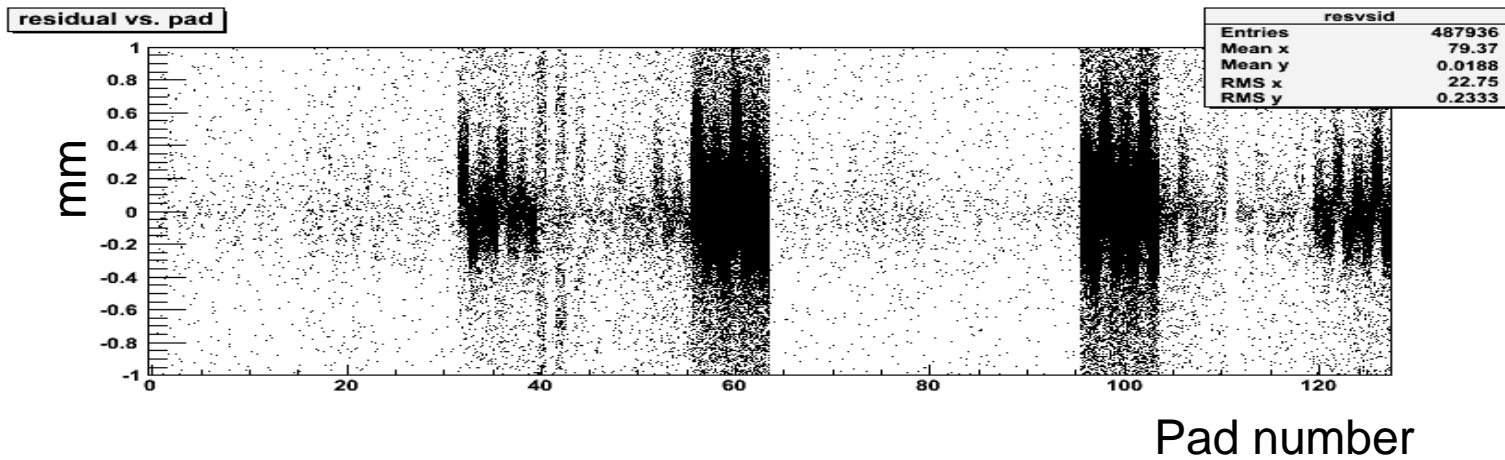
$$V_{\text{drift}} = 1.34 \text{ cm}/\mu\text{s}$$



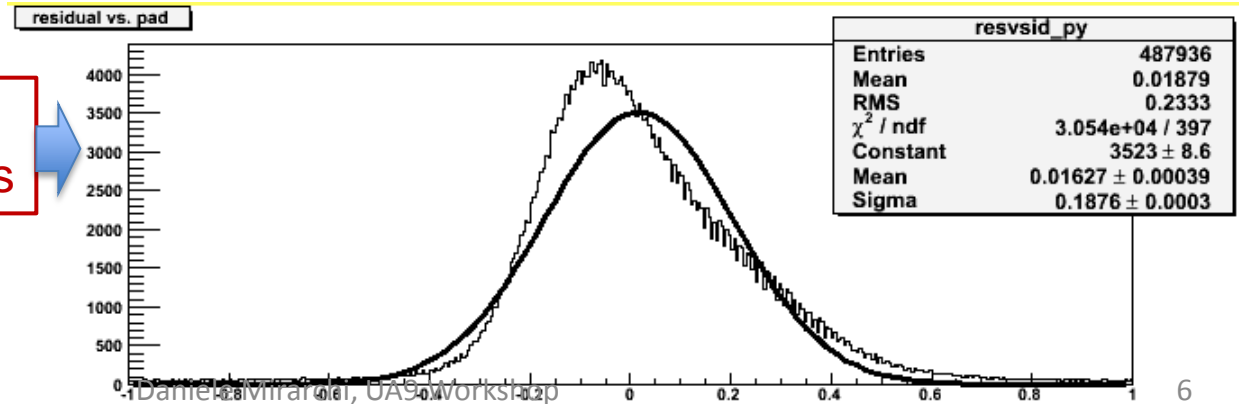
TPC-GEM



$$\text{Residual} = z_{\text{extrap}} - t \cdot v_{\text{drift}}$$

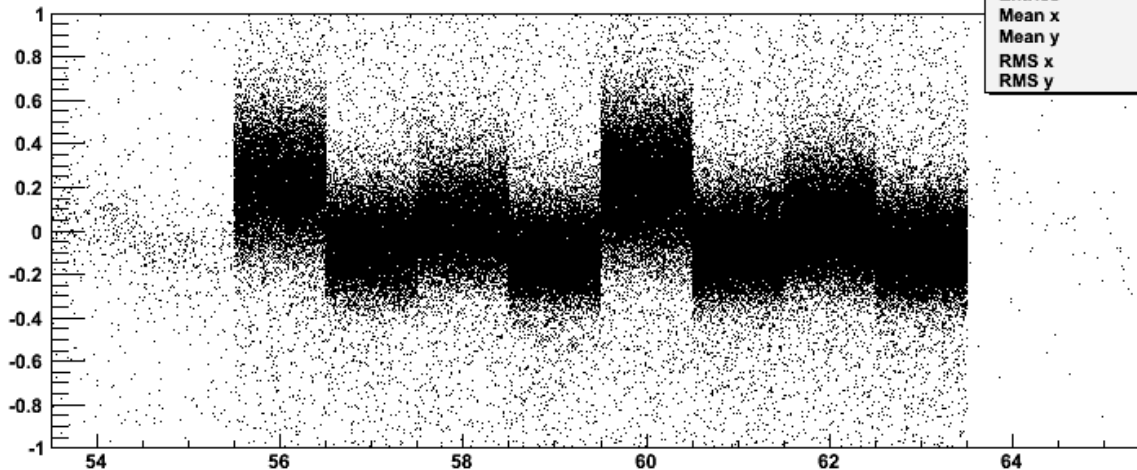


Residual
for all pads



TPC-GEM

residual vs. pad



resvsid	
Entries	487936
Mean x	59.78
Mean y	0.01762
RMS x	2.265
RMS y	0.2209

Residual vs. pad number

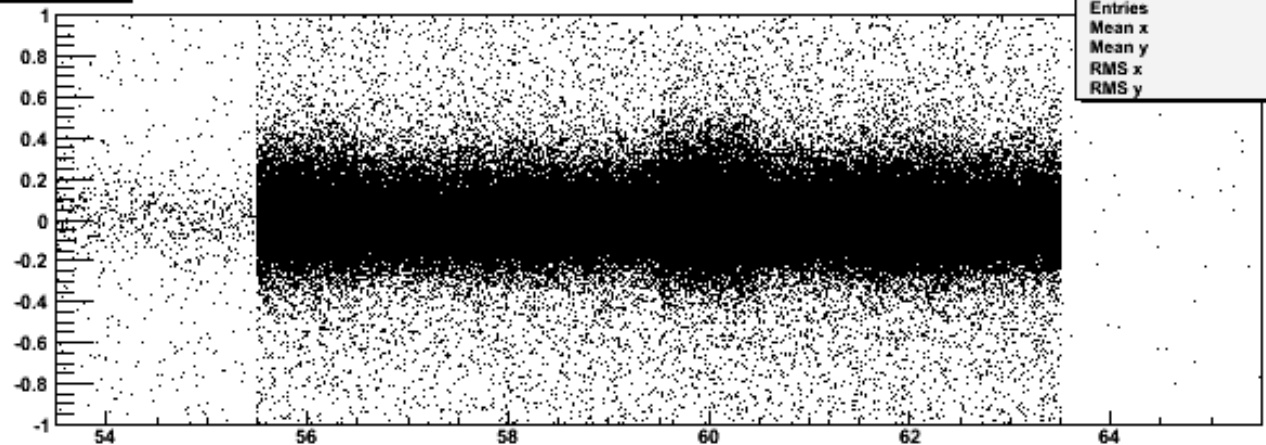


Fit Gaussian for each pad

Correct drift distance with average residual, and fit again

After 4 iteration

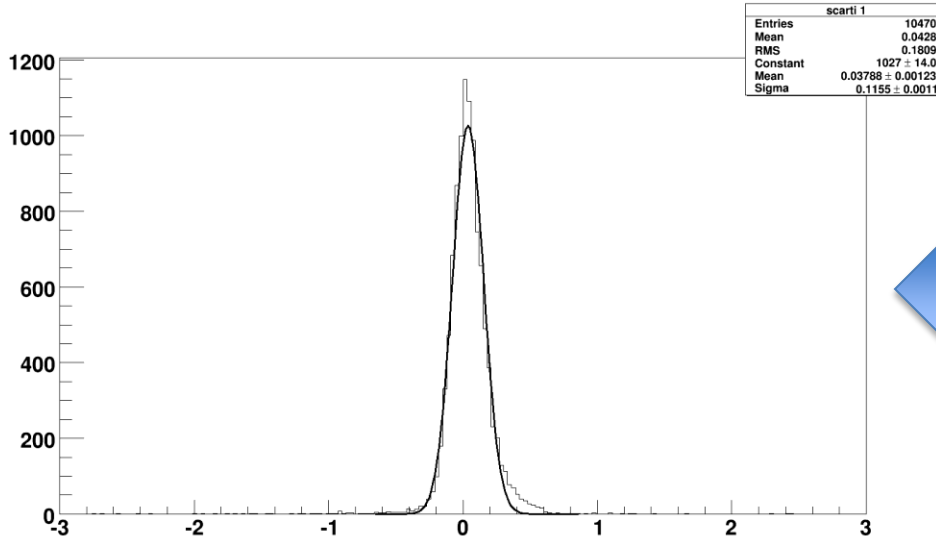
residual vs. pad



resvsid	
Entries	487936
Mean x	59.78
Mean y	0.001878
RMS x	2.265
RMS y	0.1834



TPC-GEM



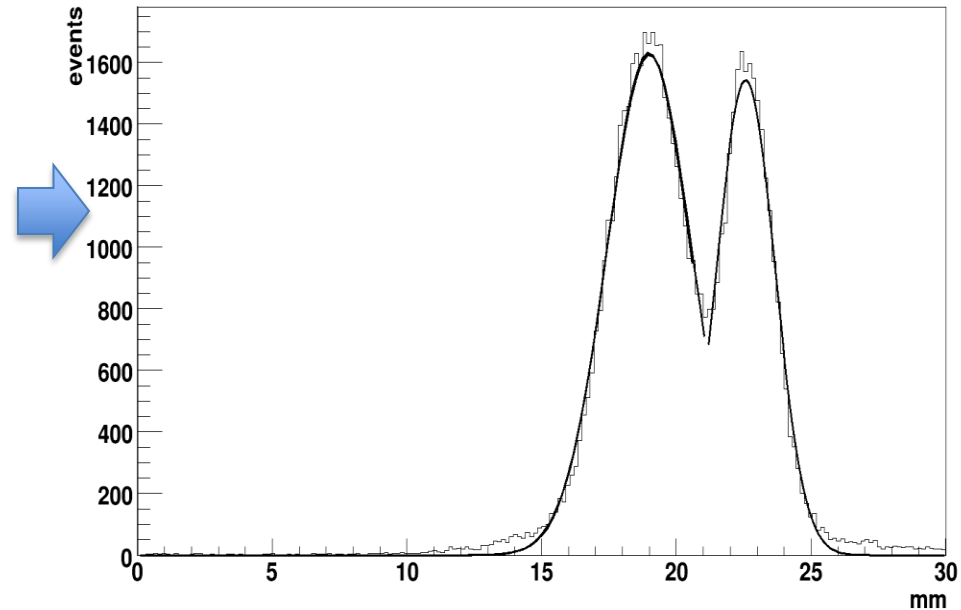
Run without channeling

Residual distribution for
one pad :115 μ m

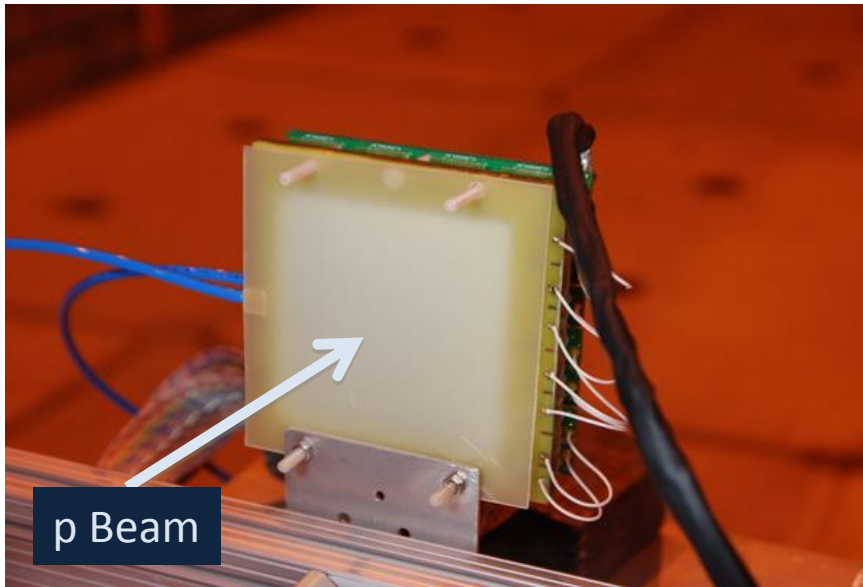
Run with channeling

Mean distribution of 8 pads time along
the track.

Separation between peaks ~ 3.6 mm
Distance from crystal ~ 50 m
Deflection angle $\sim 72\mu$ rad (exp 70μ rad)



Planar GEM



Anode:

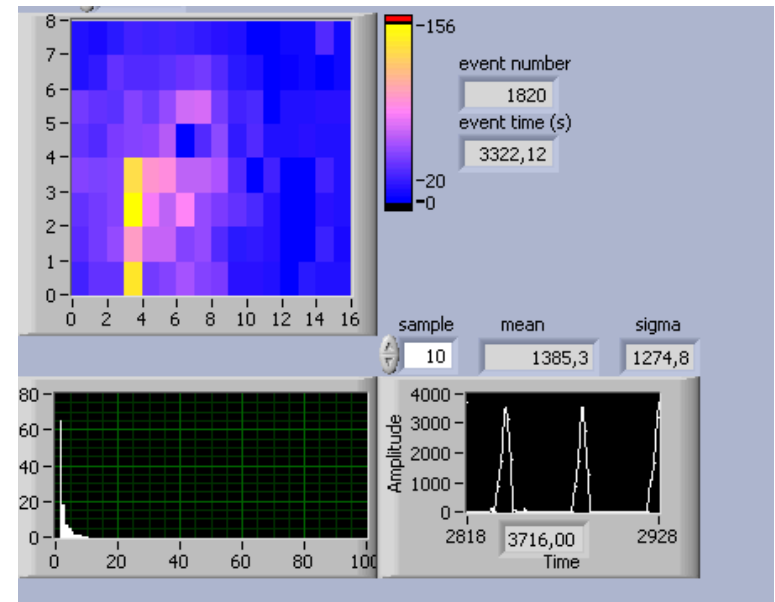
$5 \times 5 \text{ cm}^2$

16×8 pads, $3 \times 6 \text{ mm}^2$

Electronics:

readout (CARIOCA-GEM) +
thresholds + HV supplies

Mounted on a rail for studying the inelastic
interactions on the crystal

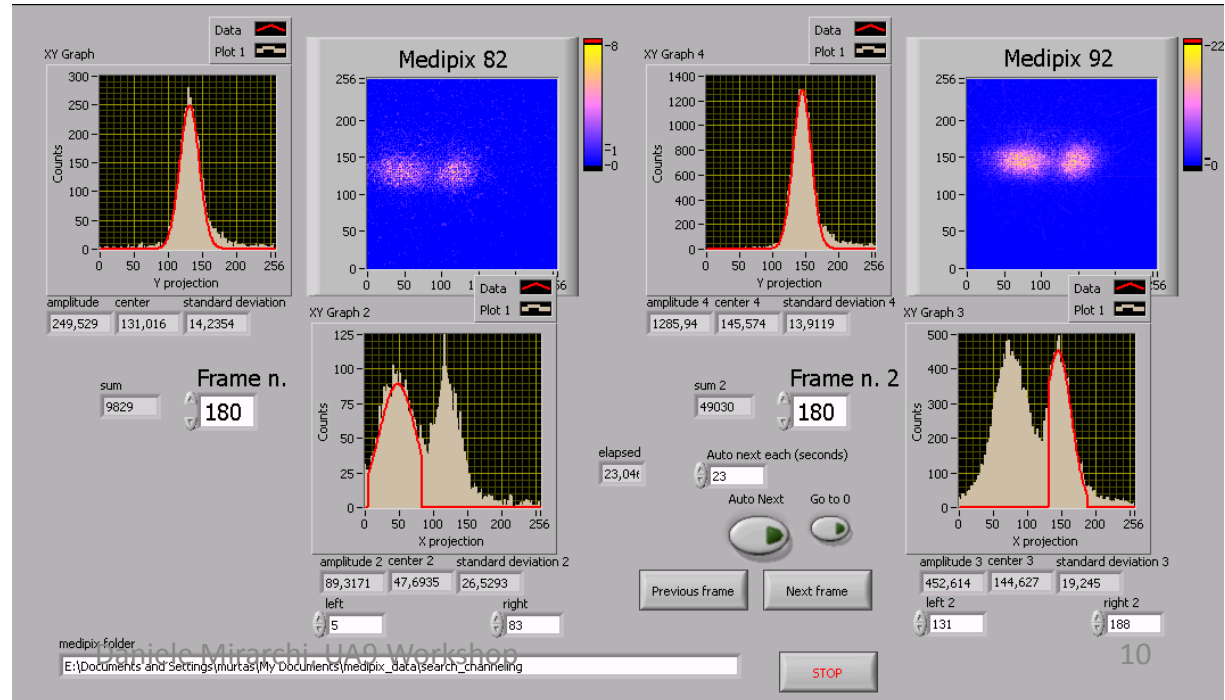


Medipix



Medipix2 Silicon detectors
256×256pixels, 55 μm pitch

- Maximum acquisition rate via USB interface: few Hz
- Record 1 frame/4 sec, read back in LabVIEW & profile fitting

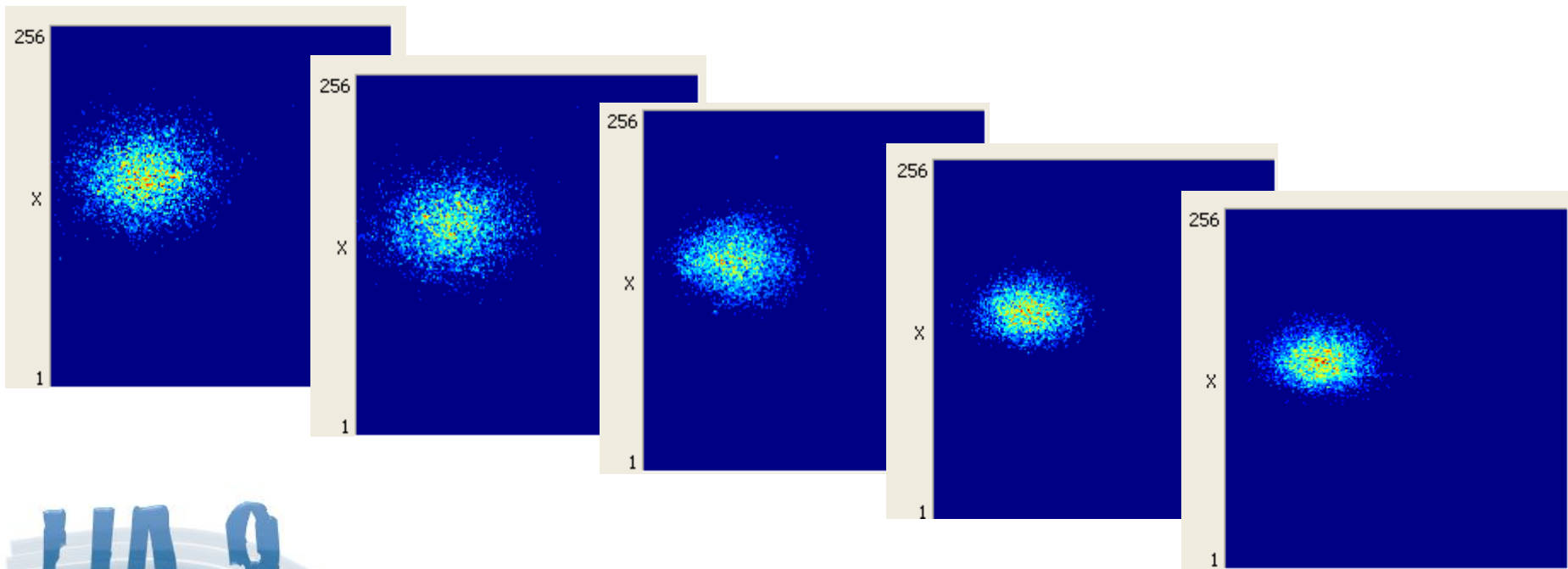


Medipix

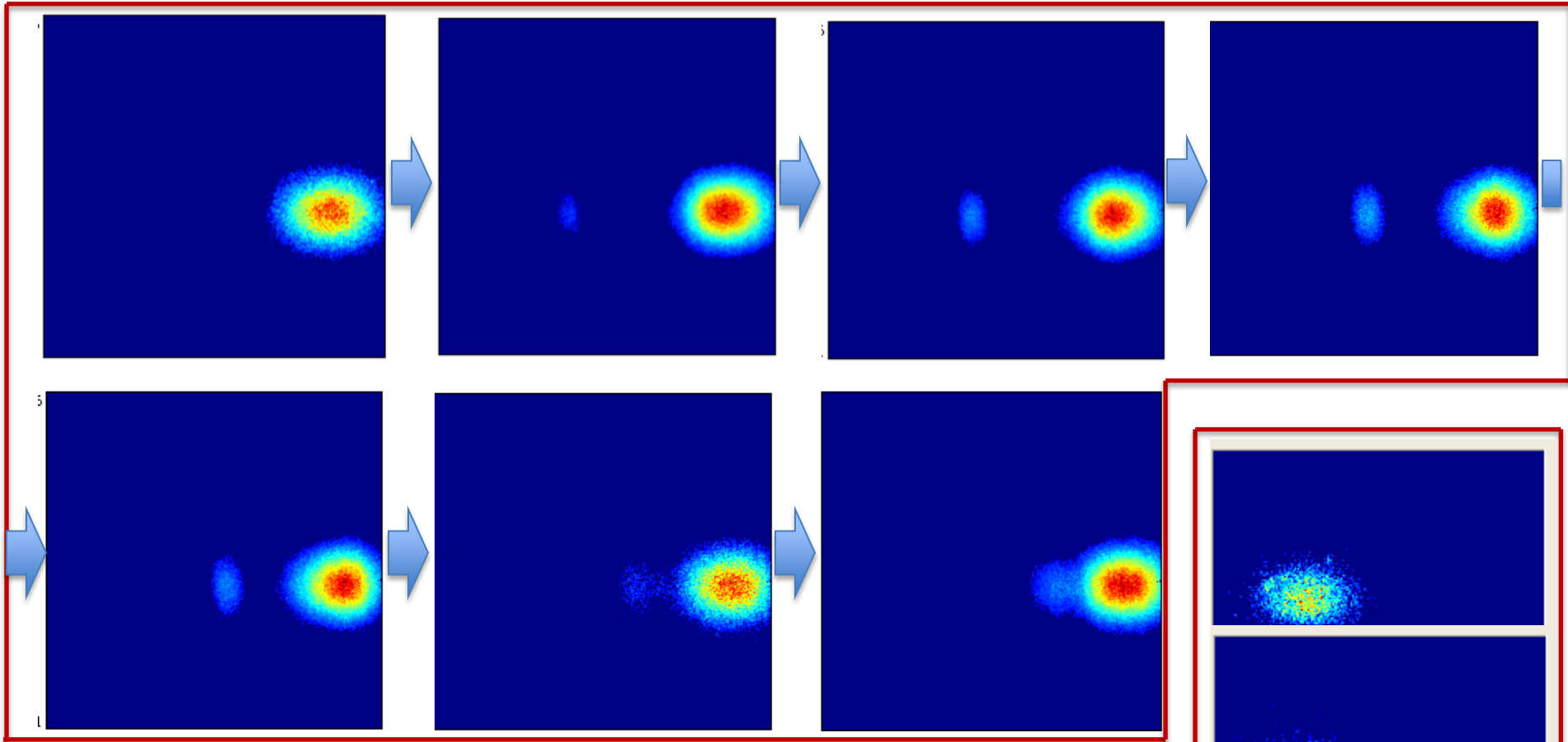
Handy device

- To find crystal position with respect to the beam:

Simply by seeing the beam squeeze, since multiple scattering reduces when beam no longer hits the crystal-holder frame (transverse position scan)

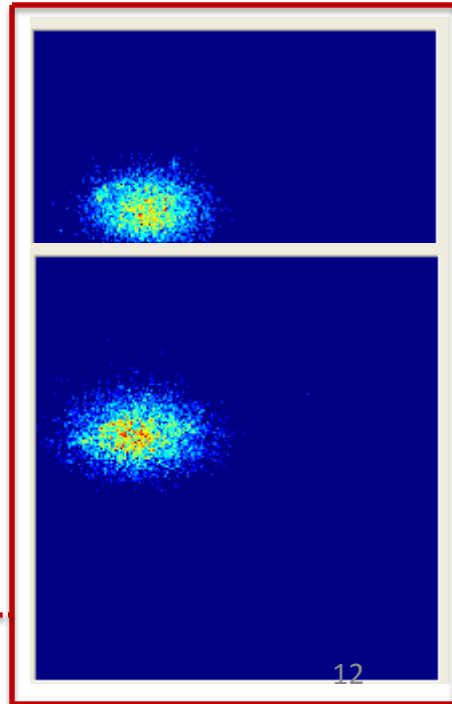


Medipix

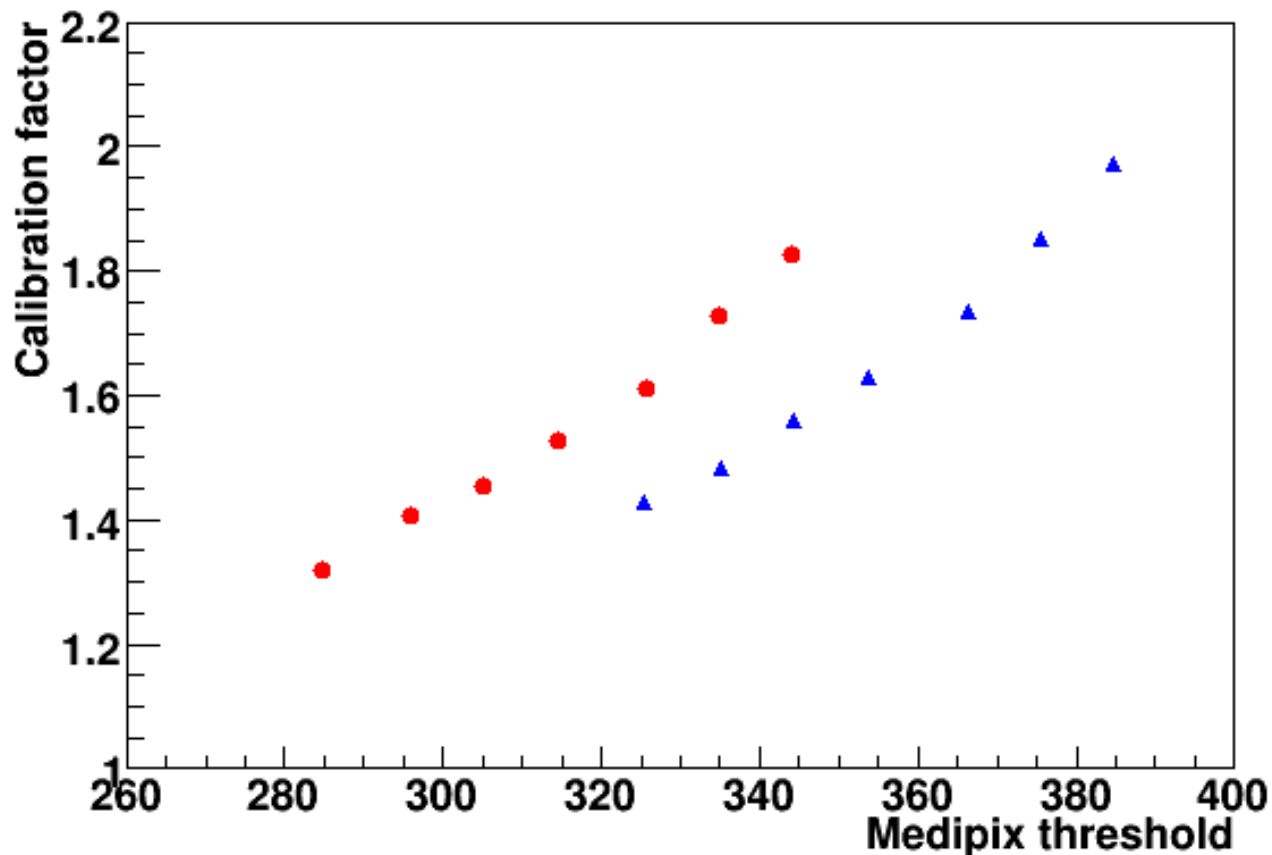


Handy device

- To **find channeling** angle (fast angular scan)
- Even volume reflection!



Medipix calibration



Calibration factor calculated by Medipix counts/Scintillators counts in one spill.

Strongly dependence from threshold:

- Need characterization of Medipix in SPS for a better estimation of collimation efficiency



Conclusions

- Scintillators works well, and make very good trigger signal.
- TPC-GEM is able to see channeling and tracks reconstruction with good resolution (115 μ m). Useful for ions run.
- Planar GEM work well, but is not yet analyzed.
- Medipix is very handy device.
It's very useful for:
 - ✓ Fast search of the beam with crystal.
 - ✓ Fast angular scan for searching channeling angle.
 - ✓ Can also see the Volume Reflection effect.

