

$H \rightarrow \pi_\nu (\rightarrow b\bar{b}) \pi_\nu (\rightarrow b\bar{b})$  at 350 GeV

analysis summary

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**Mateusz Goncerz**

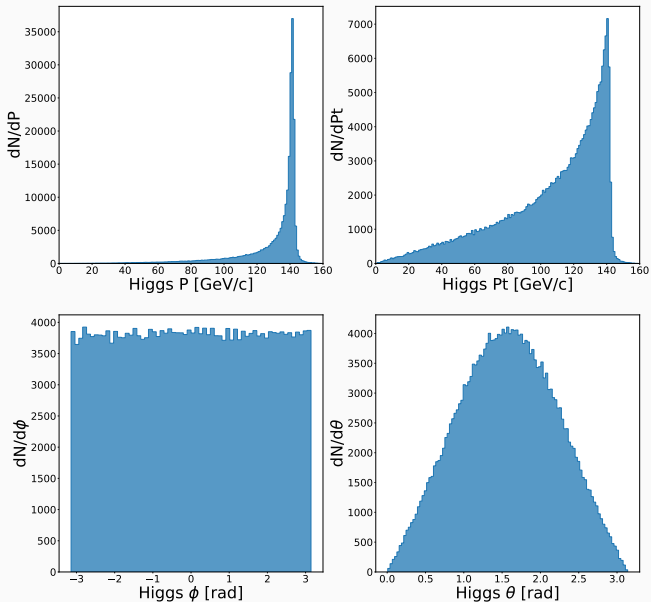
Marcin Kucharczyk

- previous presentations (latest first)
  - [https://indico.cern.ch/event/1069993/contributions/4508785/attachments/2303477/3918548/CLIC\\_HVHiggs\\_4.pdf](https://indico.cern.ch/event/1069993/contributions/4508785/attachments/2303477/3918548/CLIC_HVHiggs_4.pdf)
  - [https://indico.cern.ch/event/1027612/contributions/4323275/attachments/2228603/3775742/CLIC\\_HVHiggs\\_3.pdf](https://indico.cern.ch/event/1027612/contributions/4323275/attachments/2228603/3775742/CLIC_HVHiggs_3.pdf)
  - [https://indico.cern.ch/event/987017/contributions/4222769/attachments/2185726/3693068/CLIC\\_HVHiggs\\_2.pdf](https://indico.cern.ch/event/987017/contributions/4222769/attachments/2185726/3693068/CLIC_HVHiggs_2.pdf)
  - [https://indico.cern.ch/event/895818/contributions/3788995/attachments/2007112/3353099/CLIC\\_HVHiggs.pdf](https://indico.cern.ch/event/895818/contributions/3788995/attachments/2007112/3353099/CLIC_HVHiggs.pdf)
- updates:
  - TMVA redone with combined background and for each signal separately
    - weight of each background sample taken as  $\sigma \cdot \epsilon(>=2DV)/N_{events}$
    - even split for training and testing
  - switched to BDTG for best significance across all samples

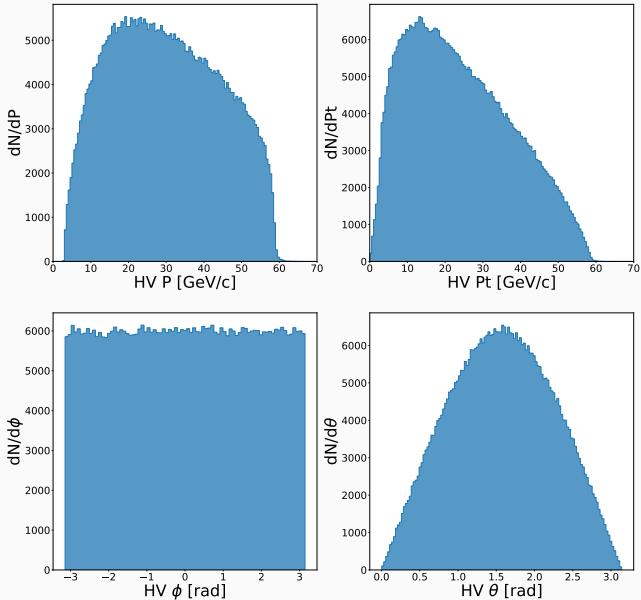
# samples

description	ID	$\sigma$ [fb]	# events	$\geq 2$ DV events [%]
25 GeV, 1 ps	10953	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	77
25 GeV, 10 ps	10944	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	93
25 GeV, 100 ps	10932	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	98
25 GeV, 300 ps	10962	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	96
35 GeV, 1 ps	10956	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	75
35 GeV, 10 ps	10947	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	92
35 GeV, 100 ps	10453	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	98
35 GeV, 300 ps	10965	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	98
50 GeV, 1 ps	10959	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	72
50 GeV, 10 ps	10950	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	89
50 GeV, 100 ps	10935	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	99
50 GeV, 300 ps	10968	93.44	$\sim 240$ K	99
qq	4698	24405.4	$\sim 2$ KK	12
qqqq	2871	5847	$\sim 1.44$ KK	8
qq $\nu\nu$	2862	324.6	$\sim 306$ K	12
WWZ	1439	10	$\sim 40$ K	13
$t\bar{t}$	1369+1434	450	$\sim(21+220)$ K	2

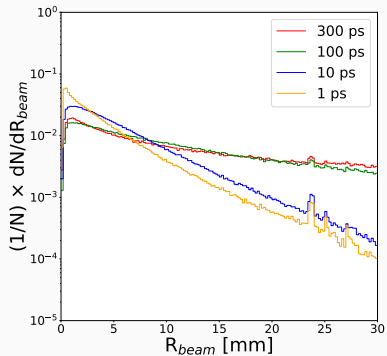
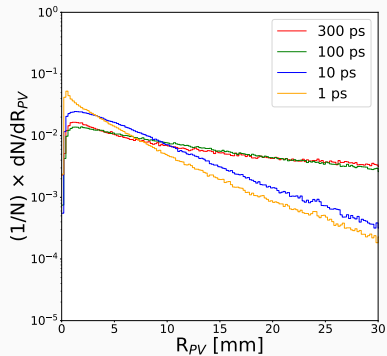
# Higgs



# Hidden Valley pions (35 GeV, 10 ps)

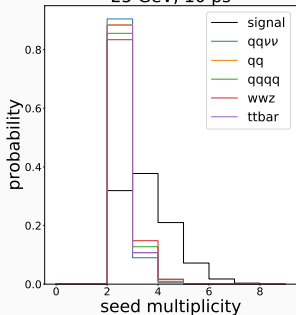


# displaced vertices (35 GeV)

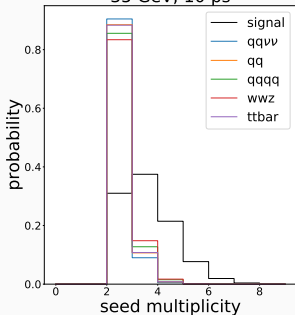


# TMVA – variables

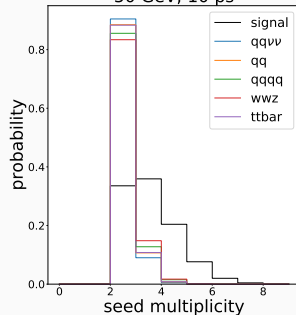
25 GeV, 10 ps



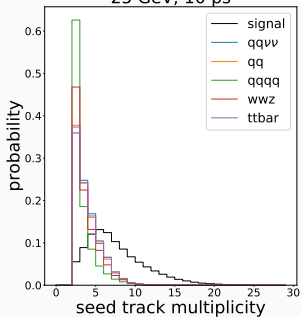
35 GeV, 10 ps



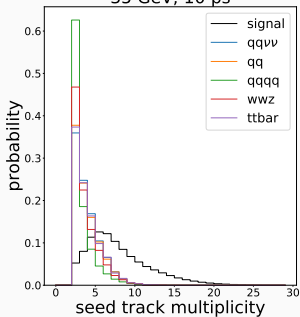
50 GeV, 10 ps



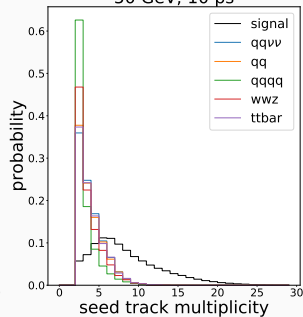
25 GeV, 10 ps



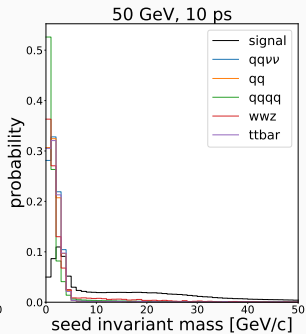
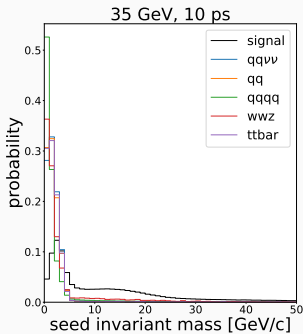
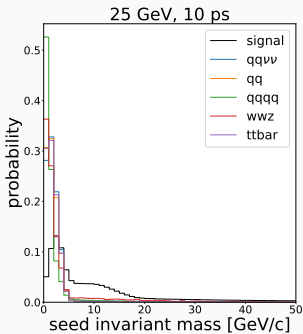
35 GeV, 10 ps

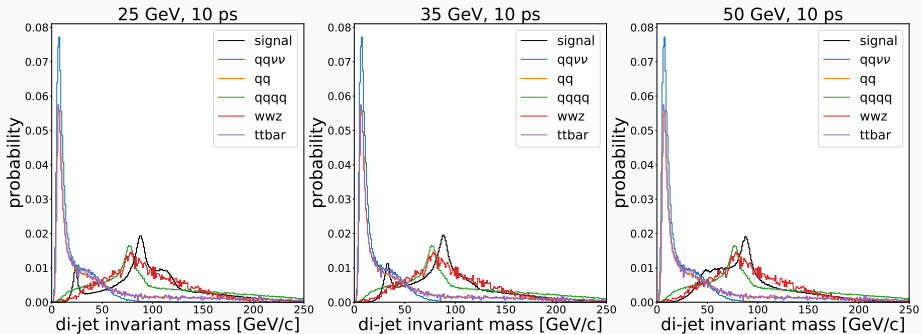


50 GeV, 10 ps

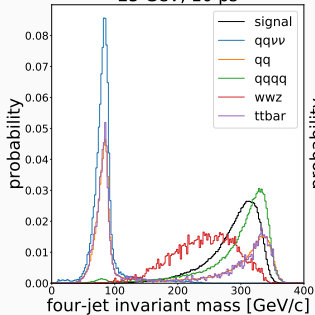




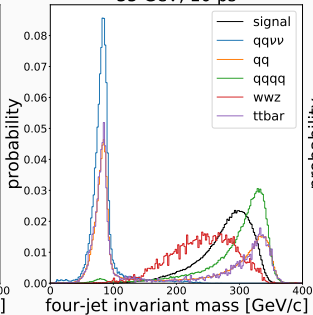




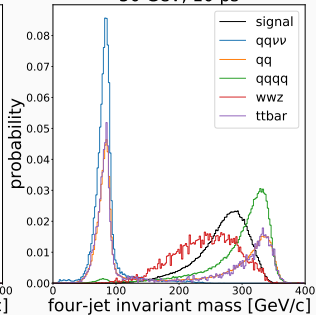
25 GeV, 10 ps

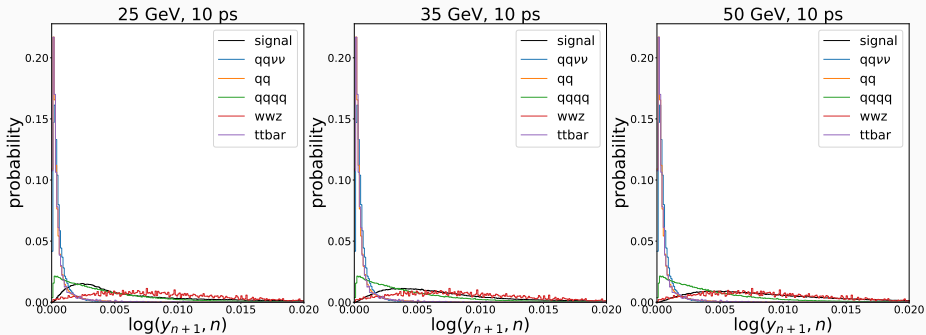


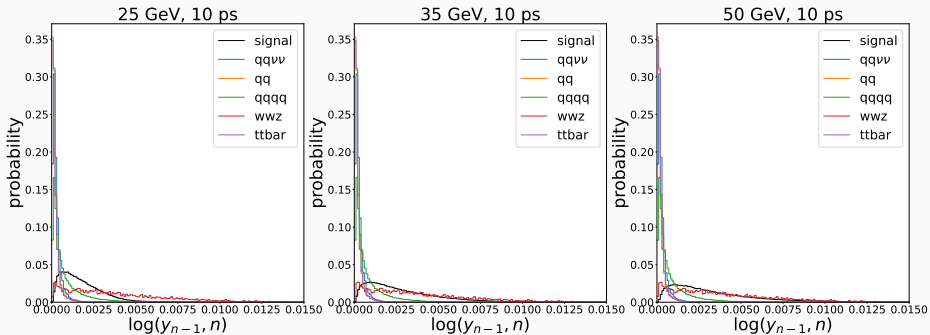
35 GeV, 10 ps



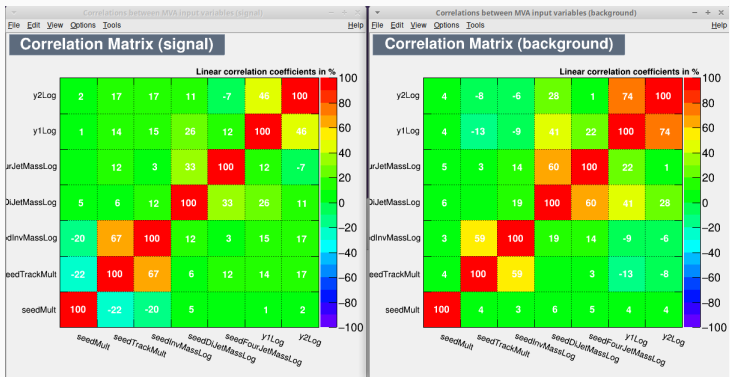
50 GeV, 10 ps





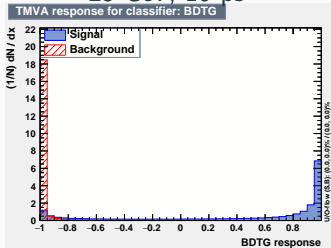


- 35 GeV, 10 ps signal and combined background

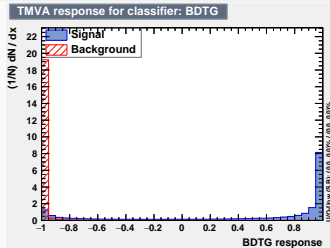
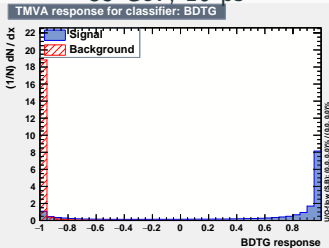


# TMVA – BDT response

25 GeV, 10 ps

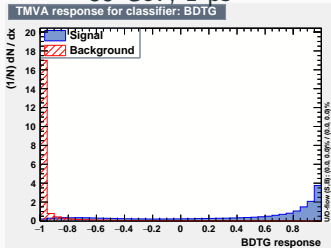


35 GeV, 10 ps

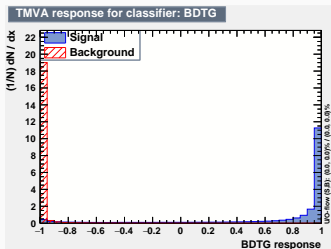
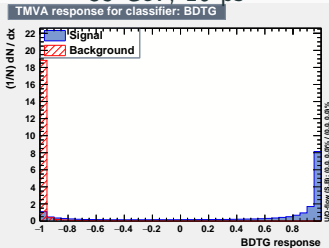


50 GeV, 10 ps

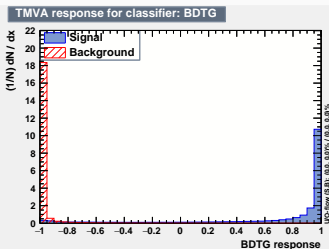
35 GeV, 1 ps



35 GeV, 10 ps



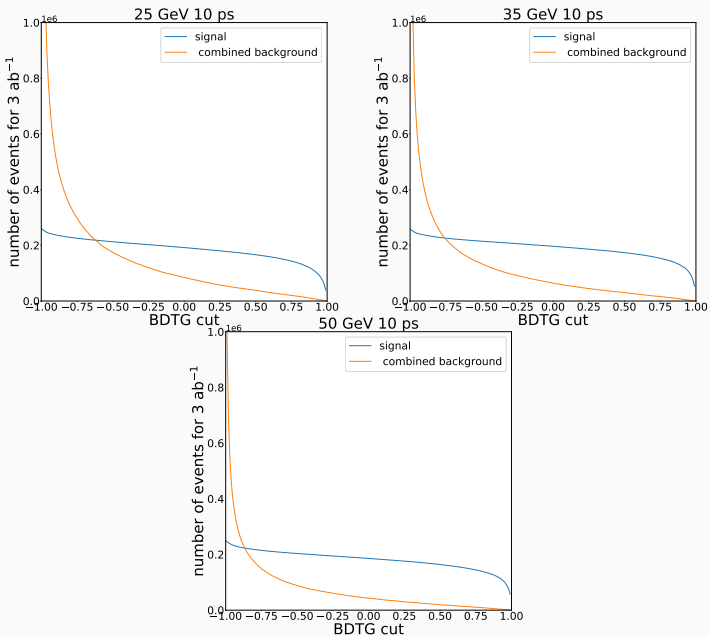
35 GeV, 100 ps

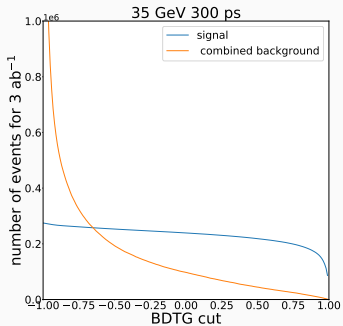
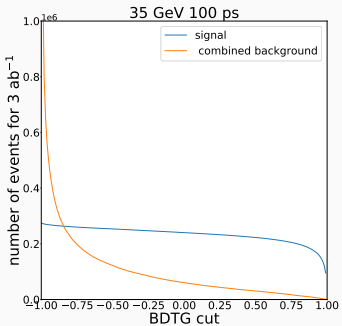
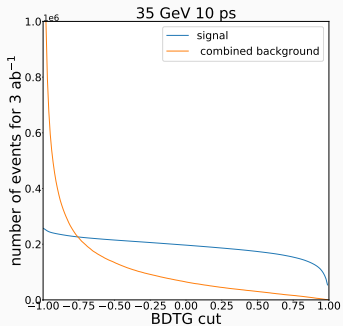
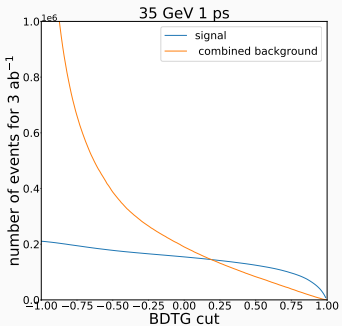


35 GeV, 300 ps

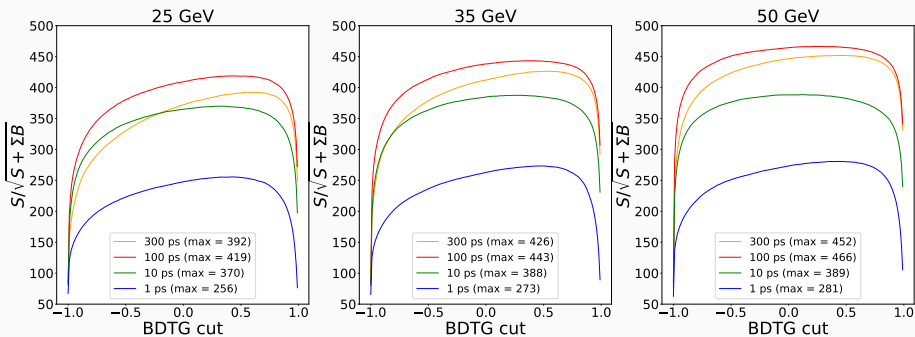


# TMVA – number of events





# TMVA – significance



# Summary

- this study is a follow-up to an analysis at 3 TeV
- it uses the same custom SV reconstruction algorithms
  - corrects SV track multiplicity
  - provides a variable with good signal/background separation
- all relevant backgrounds have been considered (including WWZ and  $t\bar{t}$ ) and are heavily suppressed by the requirement of at least 2 displaced vertices
- signal significance determined for each sample and combined background
  - 1 ps samples have significantly lower significance
  - significance grows with  $\pi_{HV}$  mass and with a given mass is highest for 100 ps lifetimes
- the last step (if we get a green light) is to calculate upper limits and write an analysis note