

# FLASY 2022 | 9th Workshop on Flavour Symmetries and Consequences in Accelerators and Cosmology

June 27 - July 1, 2022

IST Congress Centre, Instituto Superior Técnico  
Lisbon, Portugal

Organised by Centro de Física Teórica de Partículas (CFTP)

## Neutrino phenomenology in the presence of light gauge bosons

Eduardo Peinado

Departamento de Física Teórica  
Instituto de Física UNAM

Based on:

- L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)
- L. Flores, et. al. SBC collaboration PRD (2021)
- LMG de la Vega, L. Flores, N. Nath, EP JHEP (2021)
- Pita, Flores, EP, Vazquez-Jauregui PRD (2022)
- L. M. G. de la Vega and R. Ferro, EP (In progress)



dgapaa

Dirección General de Asuntos  
del Personal Académico



# Outline

**Light vector bosons**

**Dark matter**

**Constraints from CEvNS**

**Conclusions**

# Motivations

Gauge extensions of the SM

$$E_6 \rightarrow SO(10) \times U(1)$$

$$SO(10) \rightarrow SU(5) \times U(1)$$

Erler and Rojas JHEP 2015

Impact on low and high energy experiments

$Z'$  production

$Z'$  effects at low energies

Different couplings

$$J_\mu Z'_\mu$$

$$\delta m^2 Z_\mu Z'_\mu$$

$$\epsilon B^{\mu\nu} F'_{\mu\nu}$$

Seabra's talk

## Light Vector Boson from $U(1)'$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{m_{Z'}^2}{2} Z'^{\mu} Z'_{\mu} + ig' Z'_{\mu} (Q_f \bar{f} \gamma^{\mu} f)$$

SSB

$$\langle \phi_i \rangle = \frac{v_i}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$m_{Z'}^2 = \sum_i g' Q_i^2 v_i^2$$

# Light Vector Boson from $U(1)'$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{m_{Z'}^2}{2} Z'^{\mu} Z'_{\mu} + ig' Z'_{\mu} (Q_f \bar{f} \gamma^{\mu} f)$$

SSB

$$\langle \phi_i \rangle = \frac{v_i}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$m_{Z'}^2 = \sum_i g' Q_i^2 v_i^2$$

Small

Low scale

# Light Vector Boson from $U(1)'$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{m_{Z'}^2}{2} Z'^\mu Z'_\mu + ig' Z'_\mu (Q_f \bar{f} \gamma^\mu f)$$

SSB

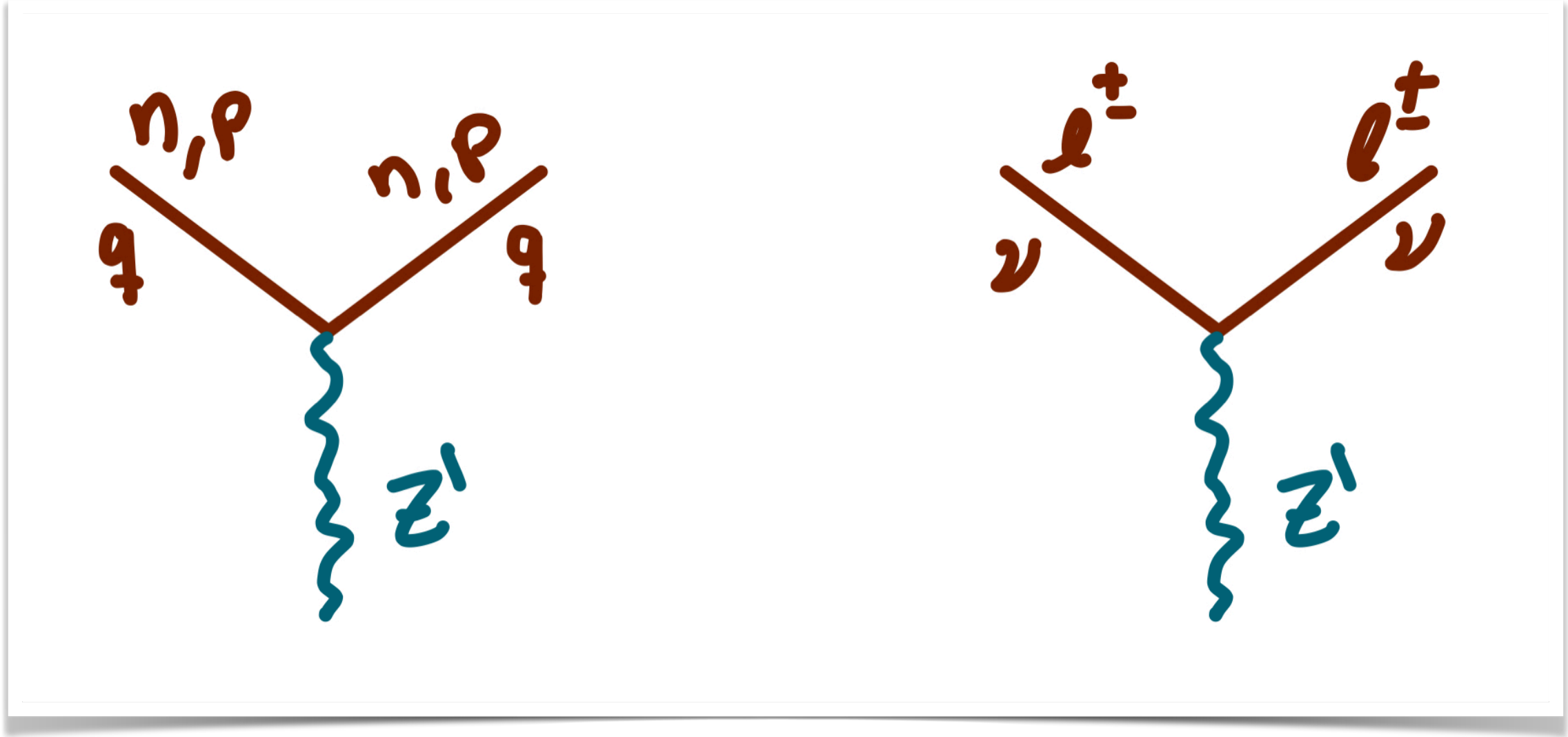
$$\langle \phi_i \rangle = \frac{v_i}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$m_{Z'}^2 = \sum_i g' Q_i^2 v_i^2$$

Small

Low scale

If  $Q_f \neq 0$  for quarks



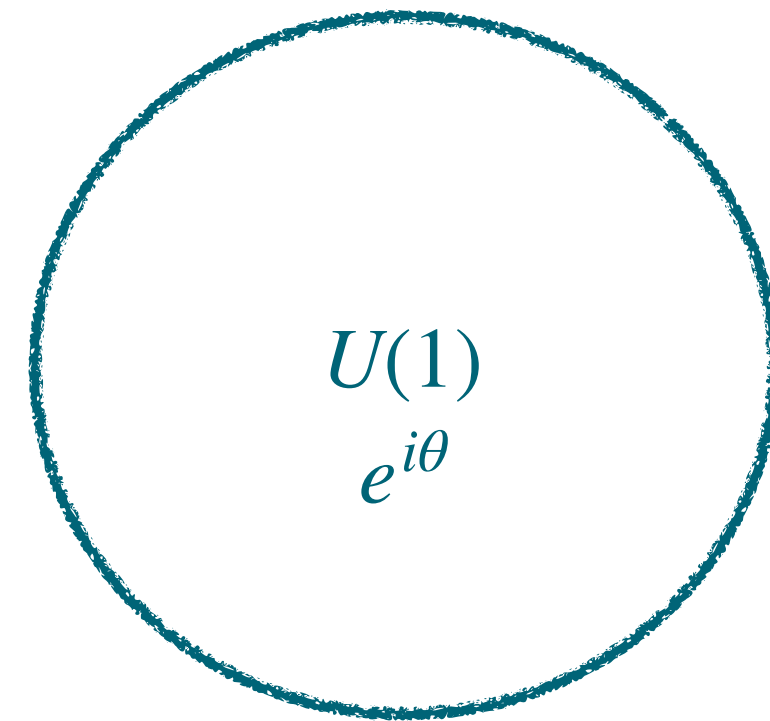
If  $Q_f \neq 0$  for leptons

# Dark Matter and neutrino nature $U(1)'$

Bonilla, Centelles-Chulia, Cepedello, EP, Srivastava (2018)



# Dark Matter and neutrino nature $U(1)'$

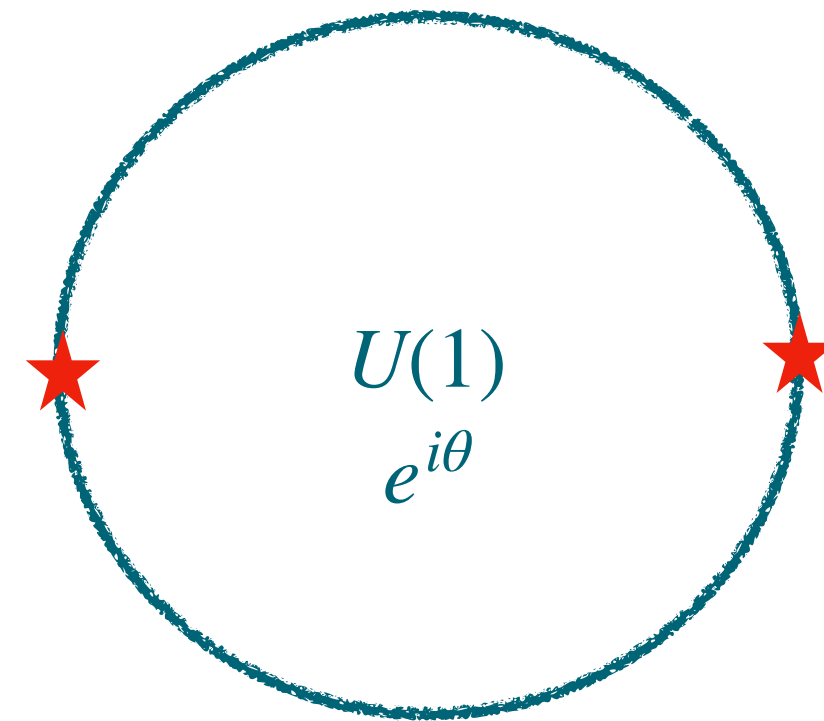


Bonilla, Centelles-Chulia, Cepedello, EP, Srivastava (2018)



# Dark Matter and neutrino nature $U(1)'$

$Z_2 \quad \pm 1$

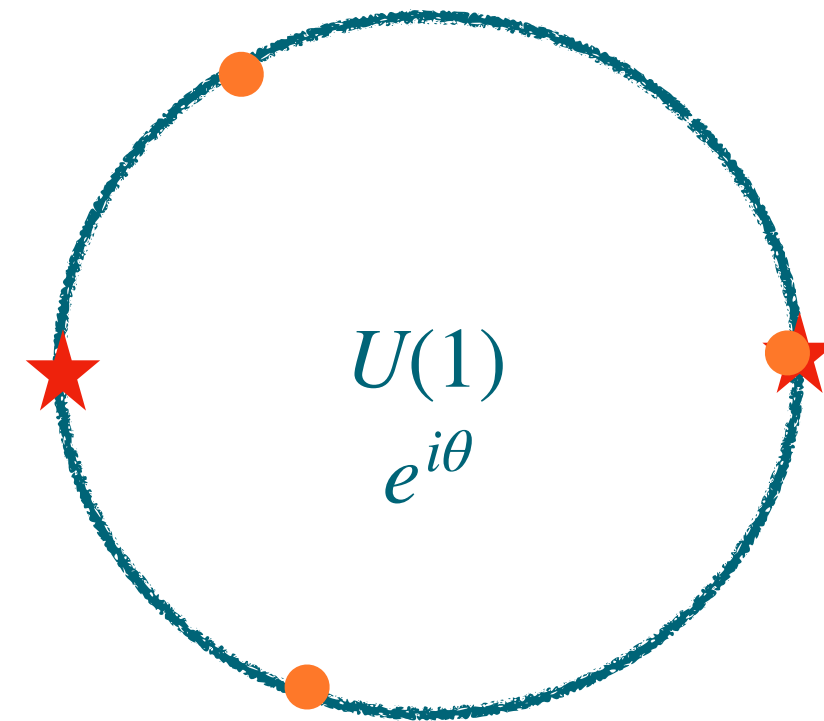


Bonilla, Centelles-Chulia, Cepedello, EP, Srivastava (2018)

# Dark Matter and neutrino nature $U(1)'$

$$Z_2 \quad \pm 1$$
$$Z_3 \quad \omega^n$$

$$\omega = e^{i2/3\pi}$$

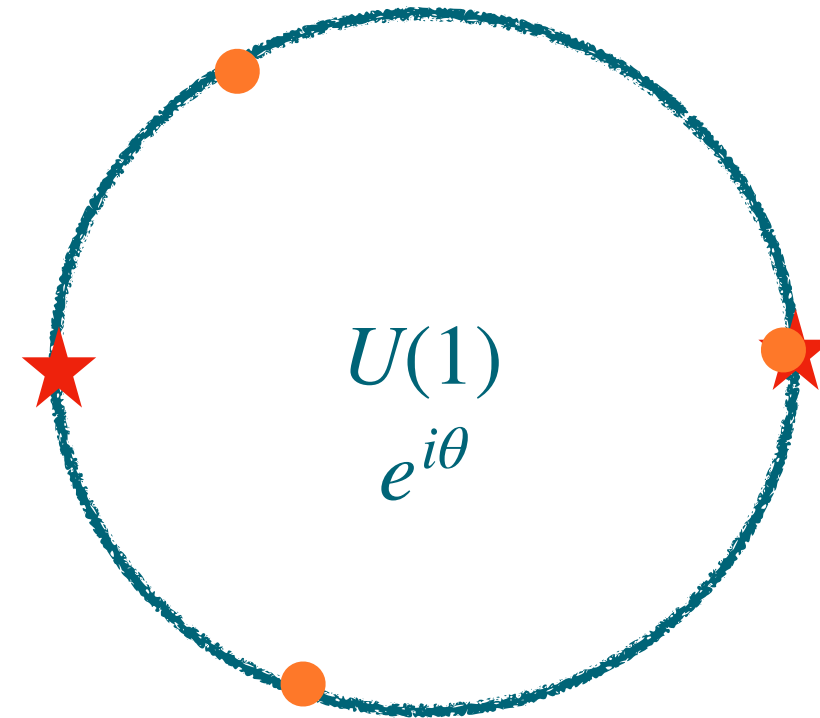


Bonilla, Centelles-Chulia, Cepedello, EP, Srivastava (2018)

# Dark Matter and neutrino nature $U(1)'$

$$Z_2 \quad \pm 1$$

$$Z_3 \quad \omega^n \quad \omega = e^{i2/3\pi}$$



**Can be used for  
DM stability**

$U(1)'$  global or local

Krauss and Wilczek (1988)

Toy example

$$\phi \rightarrow e^{im\theta} \phi$$

$$\chi \rightarrow e^{-in\theta} \chi$$

$$m < n$$

$$V \supset \phi^y \chi$$

SSB  $\langle \chi \rangle \neq 0$

$$V \supset \phi^y$$

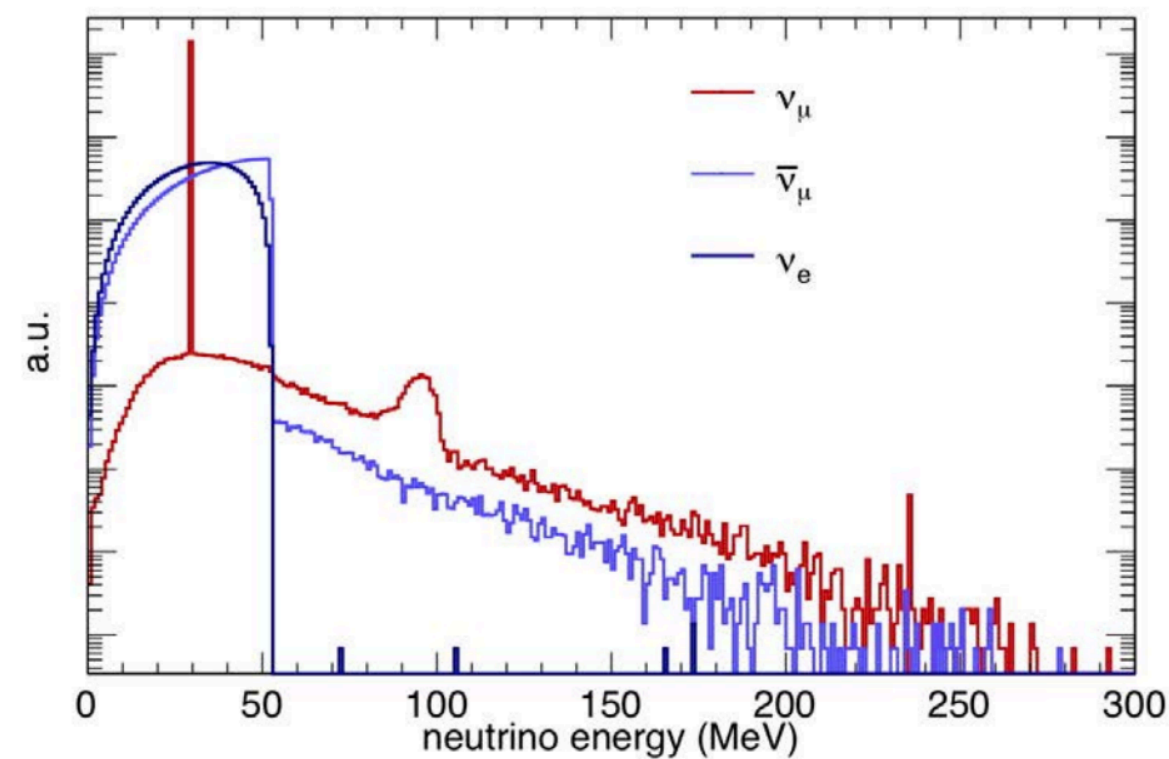
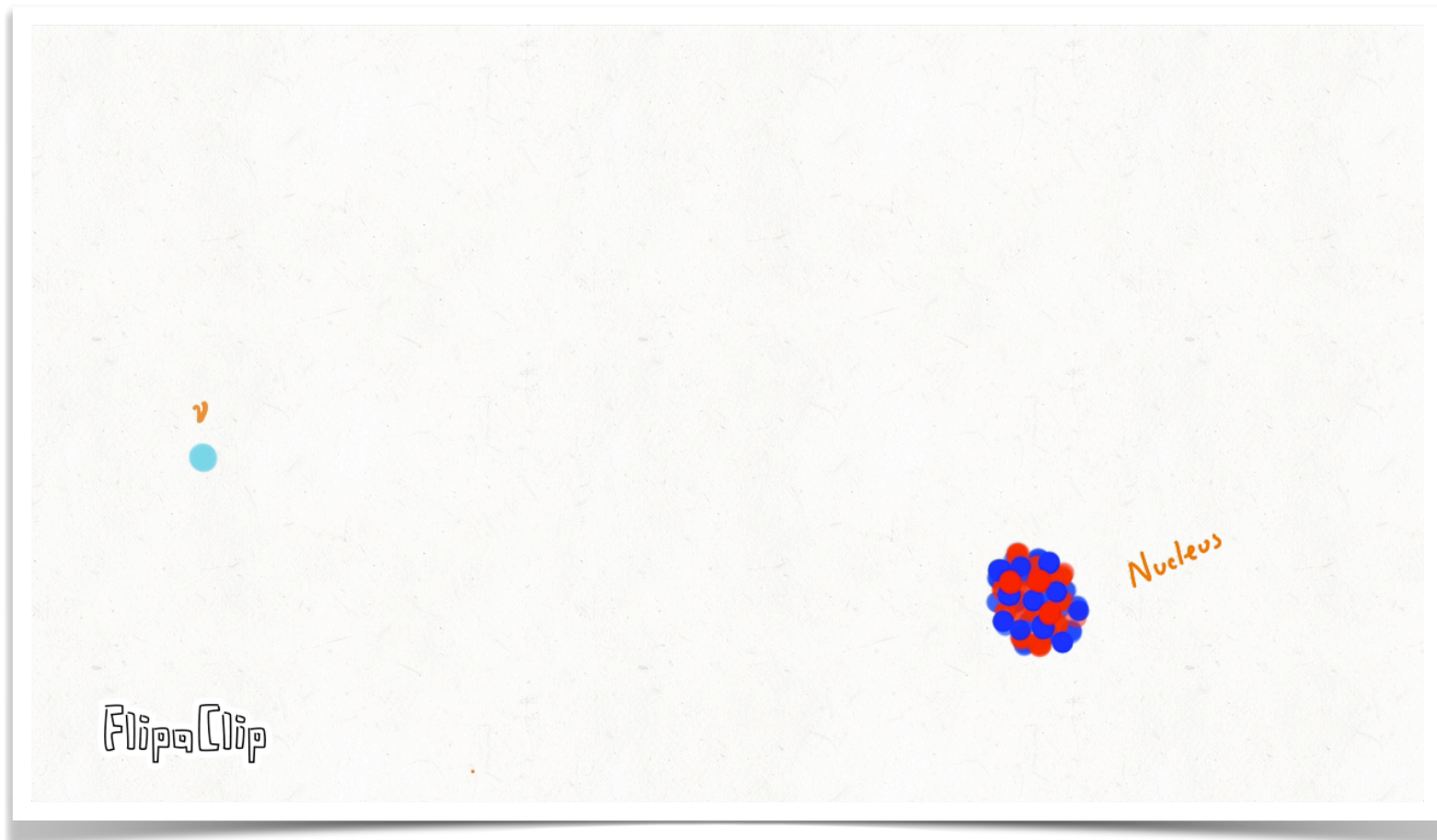
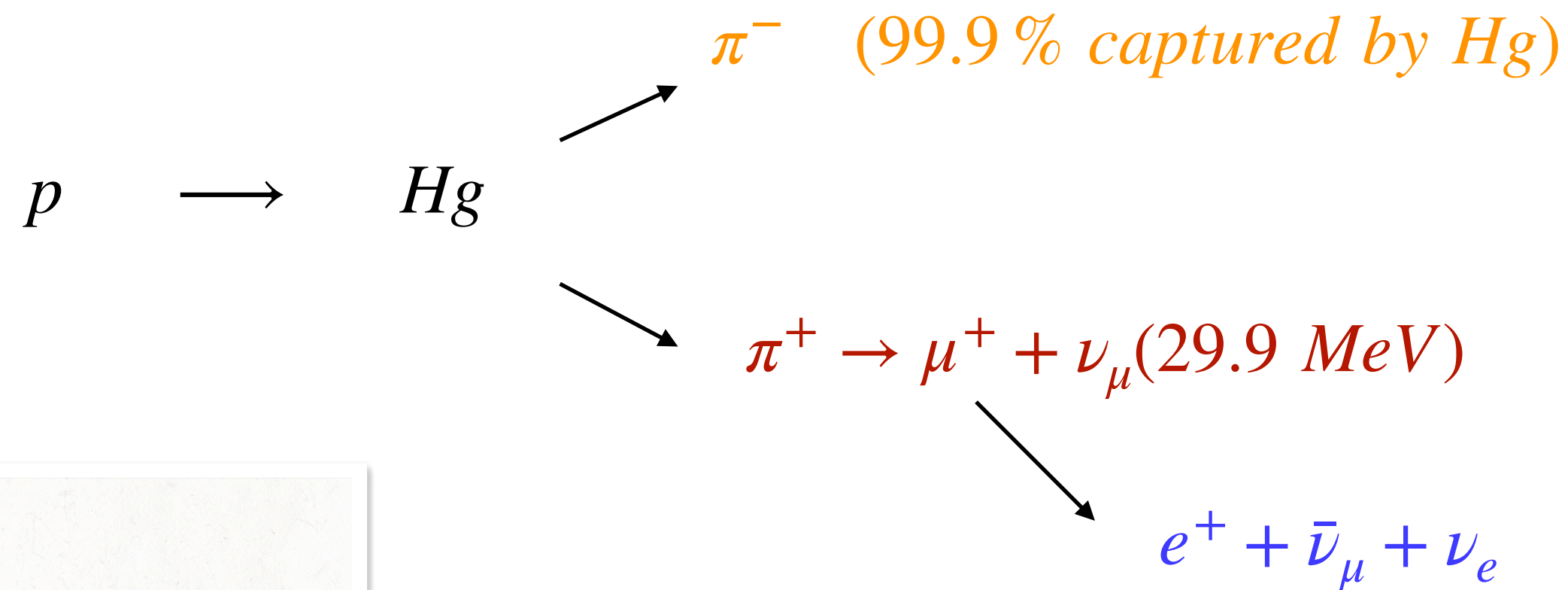
$$U(1)' \rightarrow Z_N$$

$$N = \frac{n}{m}$$

Bonilla, Centelles-Chulia, Cepedello, EP, Srivastava (2018)

Up to now only COHERENT SNS detected

De Romeri and Marfatia talks on Friday  
 Hati on Thursday

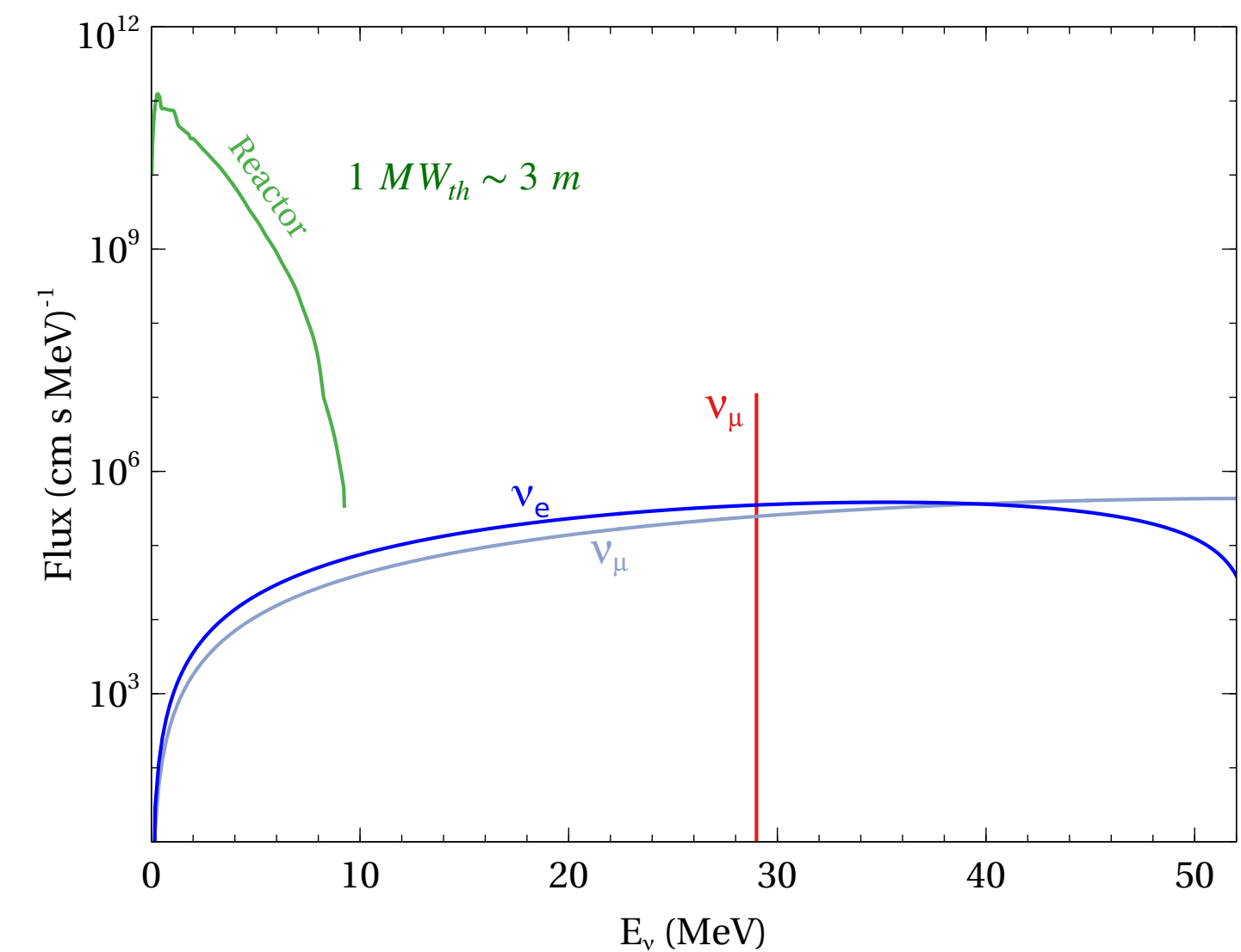


$$T_{max} = 2 \frac{E_\nu^2}{M}$$

14.6 Kg **CsI** 134 events (~300 day)

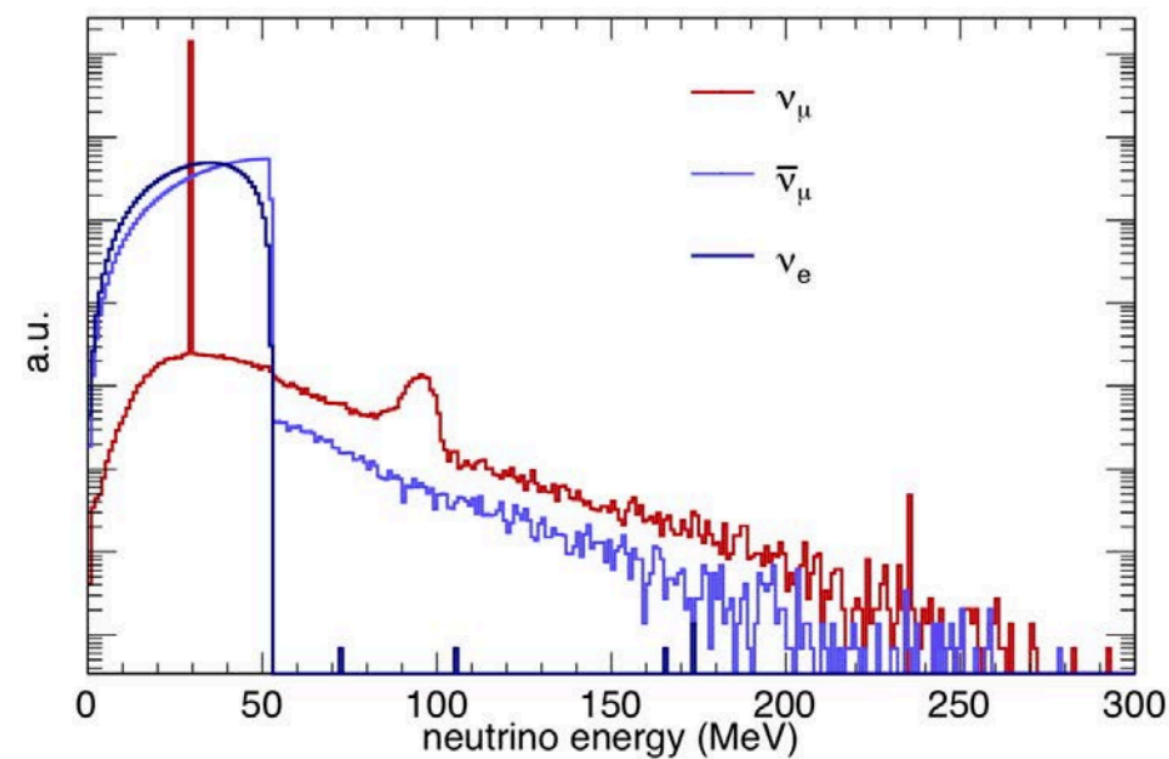
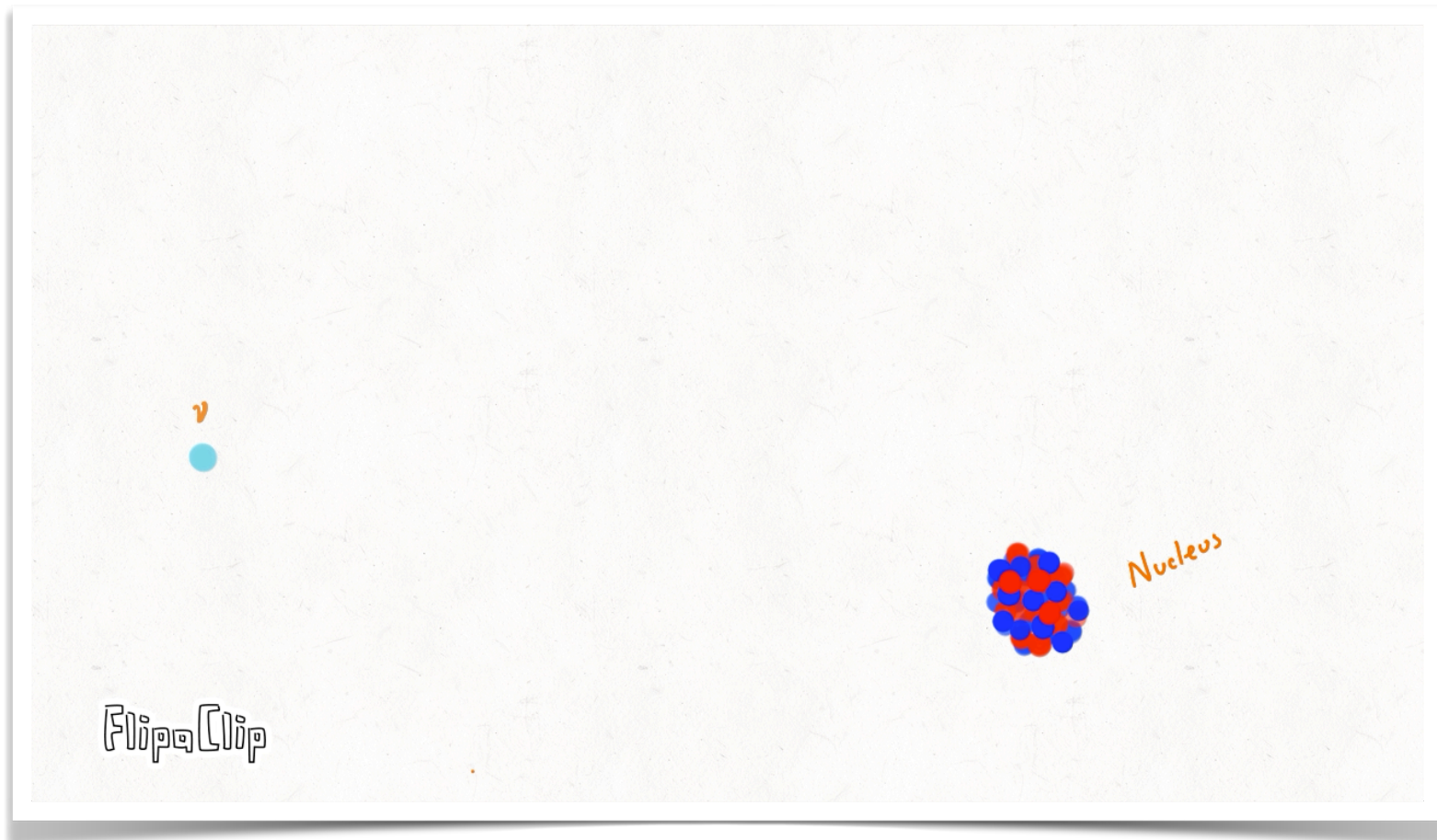
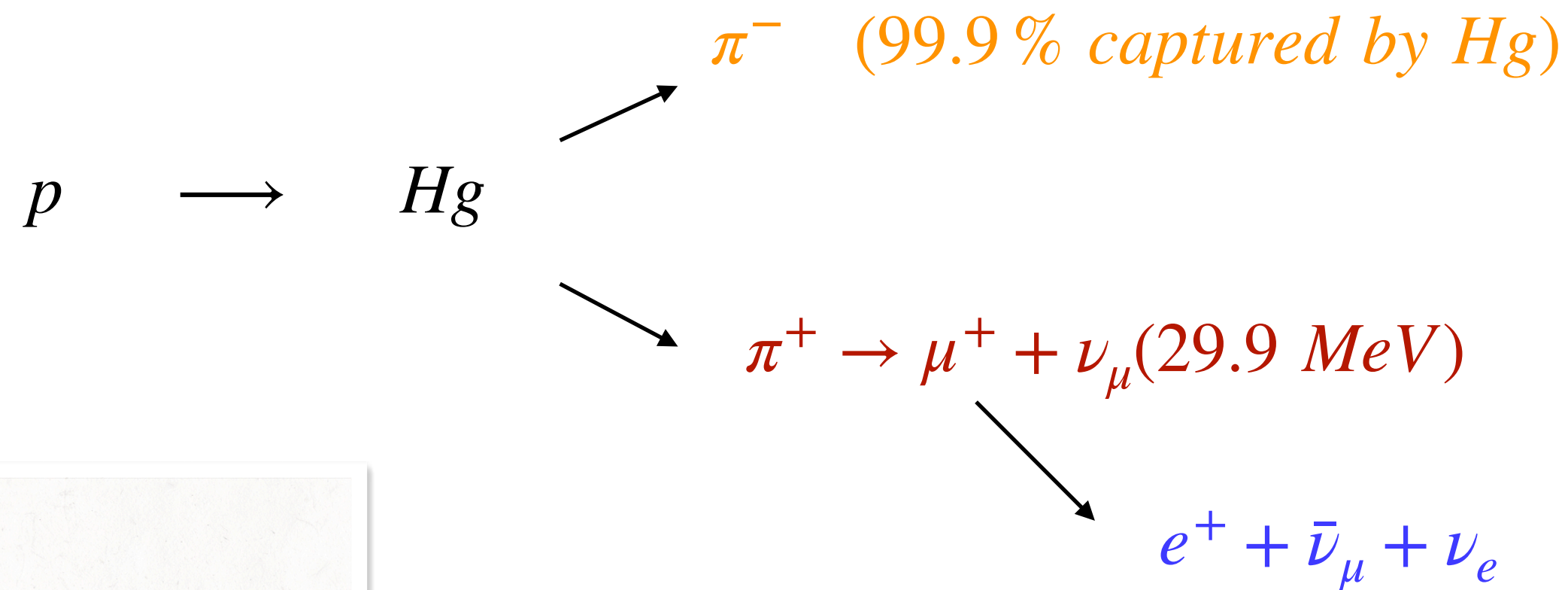
24 Kg **Ar** 159 events (~ 240 days)

**Ar** will continue ...



Up to now only COHERENT SNS detected

De Romeri and Marfatia talks on Friday  
 Hati on Thursday

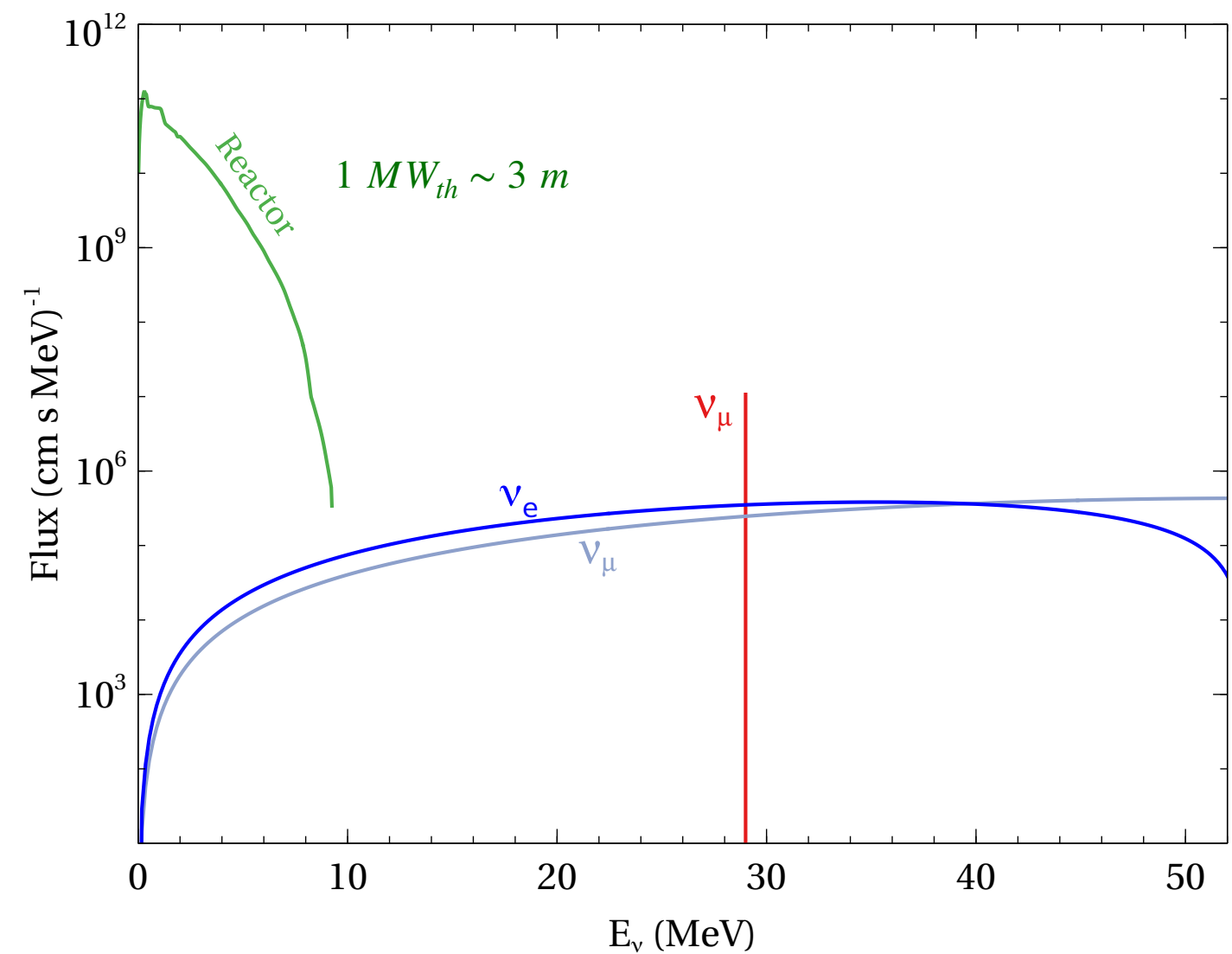


$$T_{max} = 2 \frac{E_\nu^2}{M}$$

14.6 Kg **CsI** 134 events (~300 day)

24 Kg **Ar** 159 events (~ 240 days)

**Ar** will continue ...

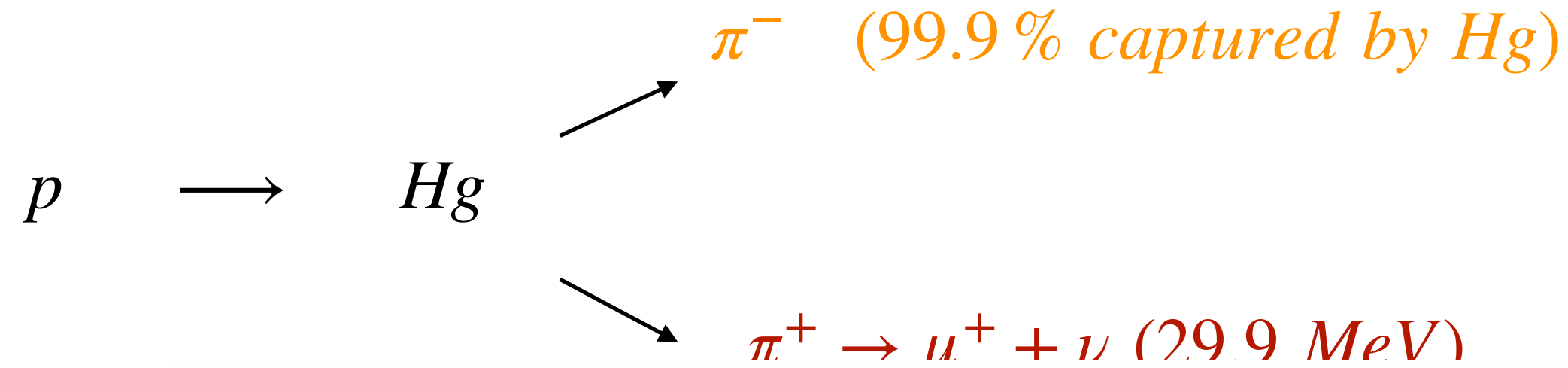


Up to now only COHERENT SNS detected

De Romeri and Marfatia talks on Friday  
Hati on Thursday

14.6 Kg **CsI** 134 events (~300 day)

24 Kg **Ar** 159 events (~ 240 days)



### Suggestive evidence for coherent elastic neutrino-nucleus scattering from reactor antineutrinos

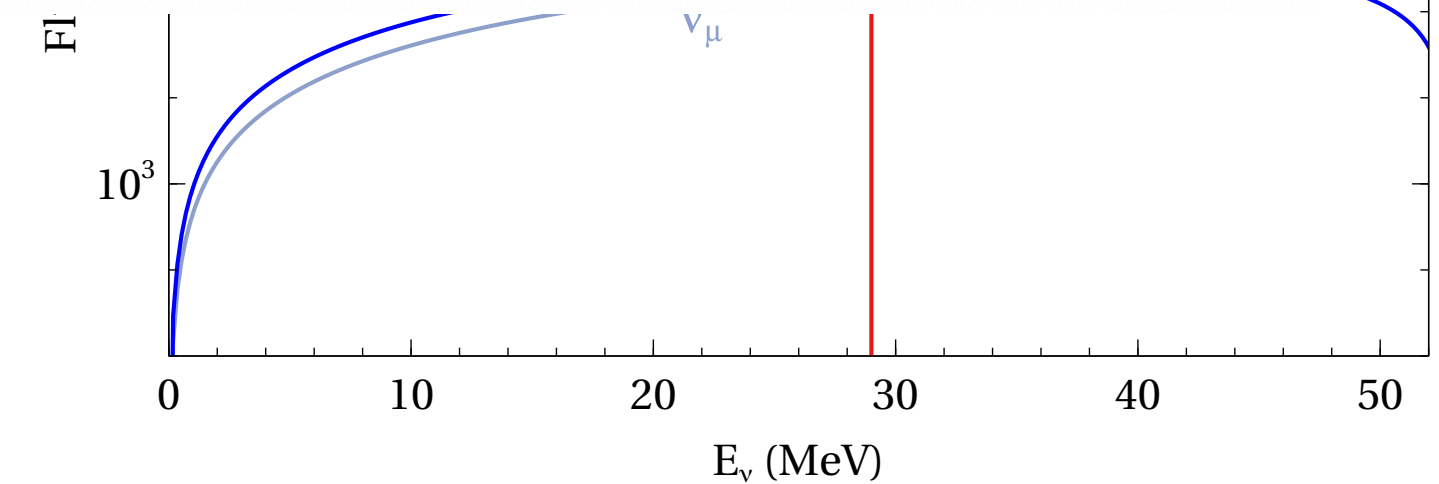
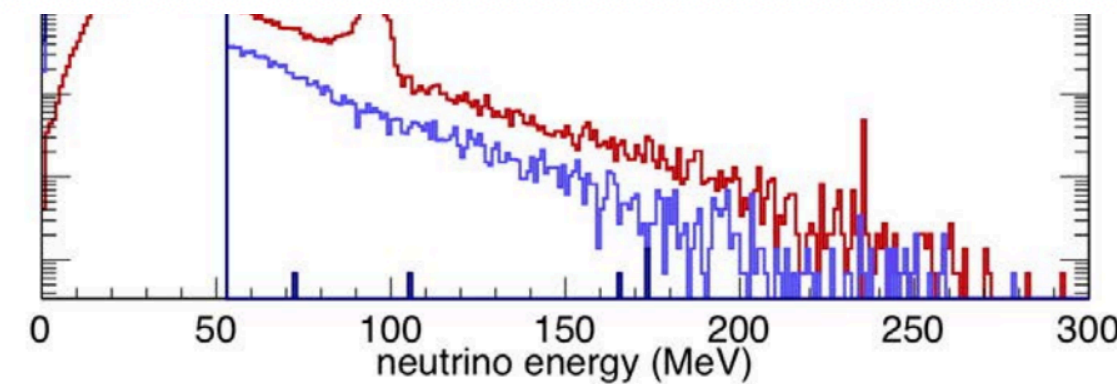
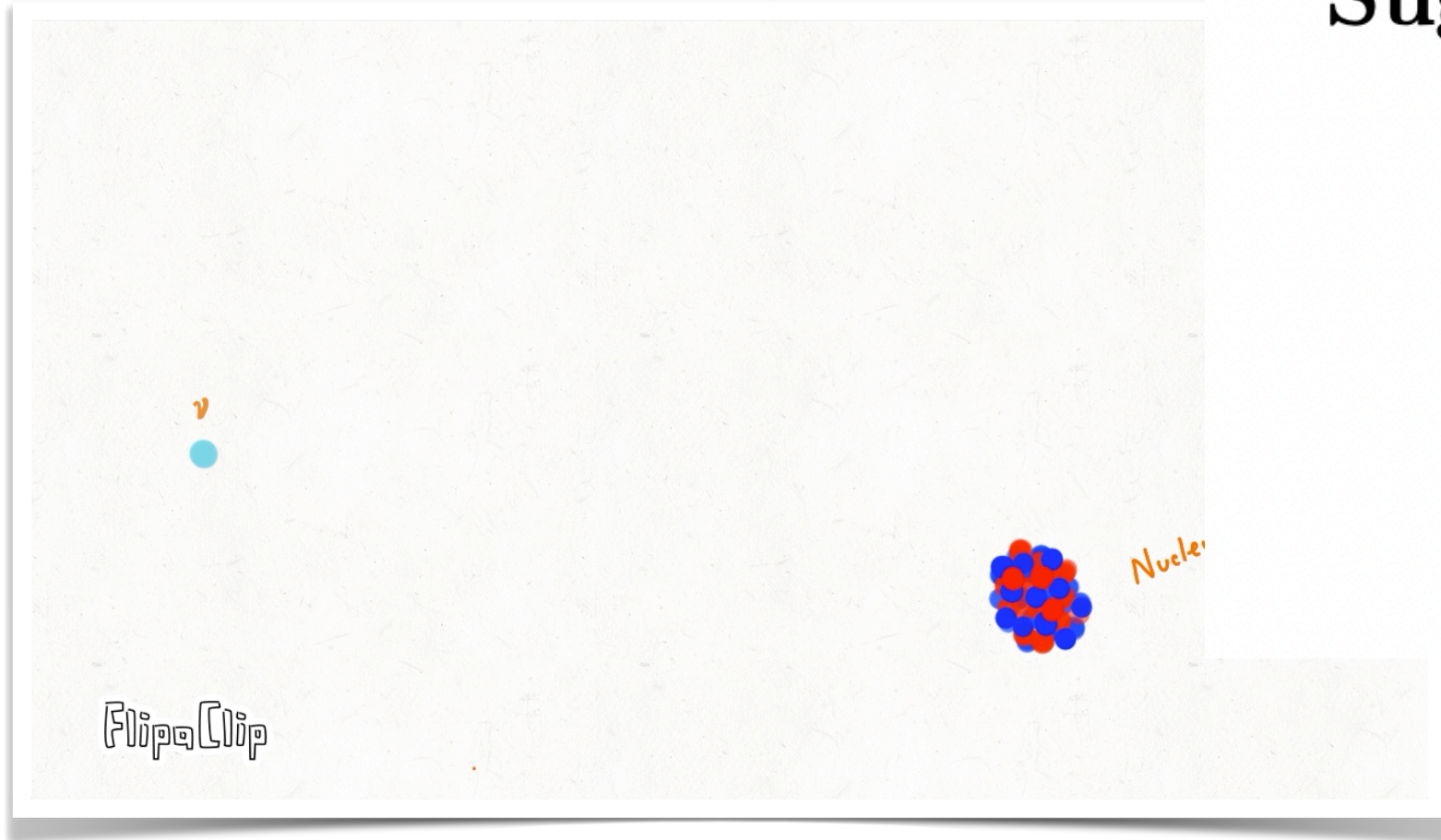
J. Colaresi<sup>1</sup>, J.I. Collar<sup>2,\*</sup>, T.W. Hossbach<sup>3</sup>, C.M. Lewis<sup>2</sup>, and K.M. Yocum<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Mirion Technologies Canberra, 800 Research Parkway, Meriden, CT, 06450, USA

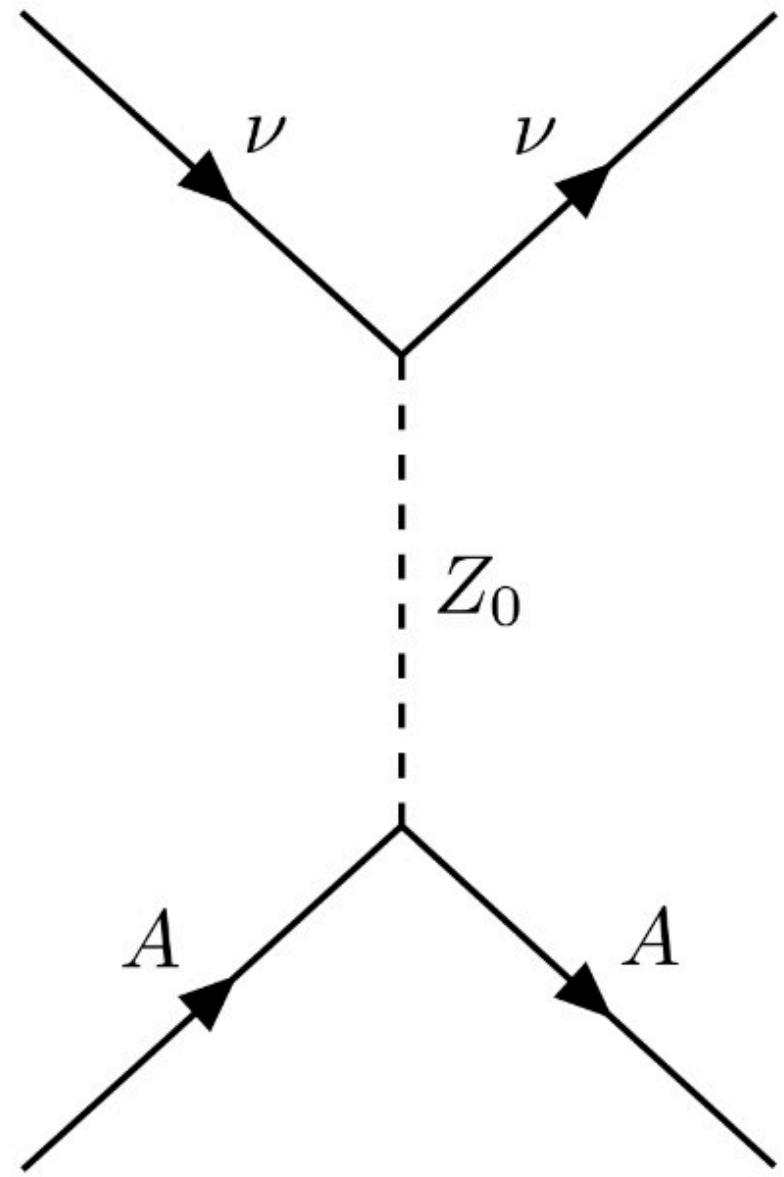
<sup>2</sup>Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois 60637, USA and

<sup>3</sup>Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, Washington 99354, USA

(Dated: February 22, 2022)



## CEvNS cross section



$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \frac{G_F^2}{2\pi} M_N Q_w^2 \left( 2 - \frac{M_N T}{E_\nu^2} \right)$$

Weak charge

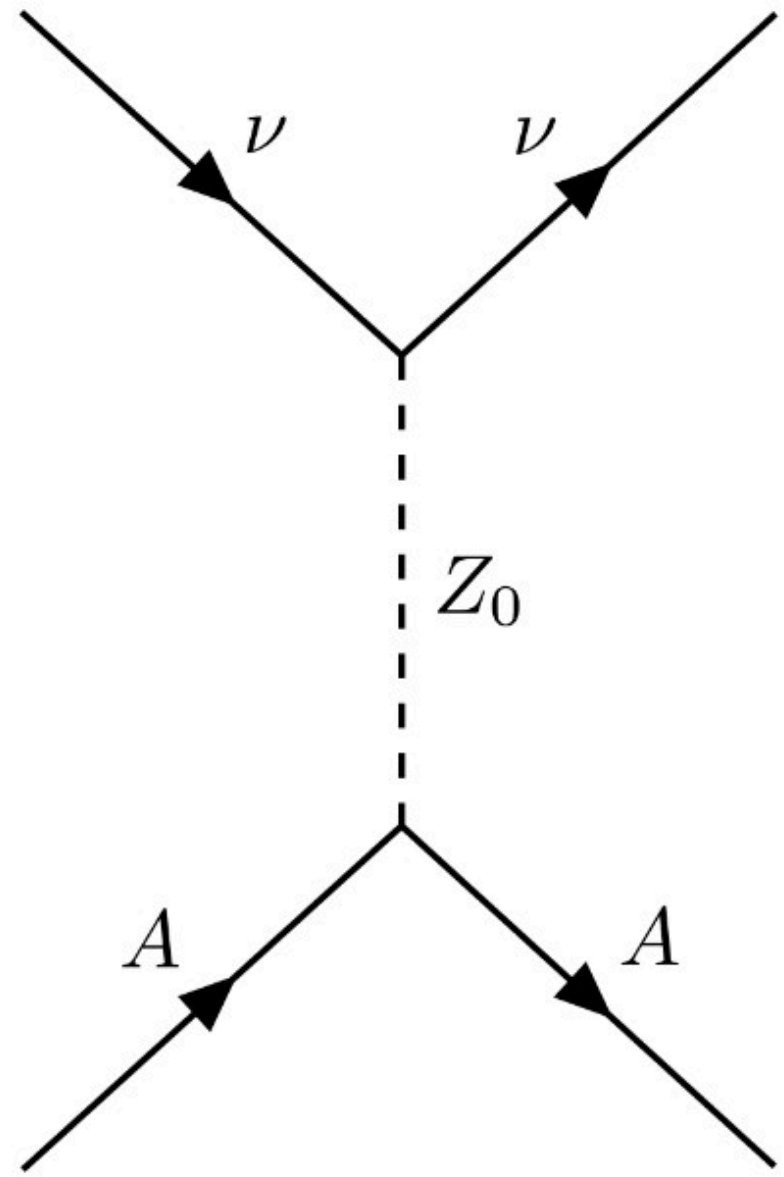
$$Q_w^2 = [Z g_p^V F_Z(q^2) + N g_n^V F_N(q^2)]^2$$

$$Q_{w\alpha}^2 = [Z(g_p^V + 2\epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{uV} + \epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{dV}) F_Z(q^2) + N(g_n^V + \epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{uV} + 2\epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{dV}) F_N(q^2)]^2$$

NSI

J. Barranco, O. G. Miranda, and T. I. Rashba JHEP, 12:021, 2005.  
A. Drukier and Leo Stodolsky Phys. Rev., D30:2295, 1984

## CEvNS cross section



$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \frac{G_F^2}{2\pi} M_N Q_w^2 \left( 2 - \frac{M_N T}{E_\nu^2} \right)$$

Weak charge

$$Q_w^2 = [Z g_p^V F_Z(q^2) + N g_n^V F_N(q^2)]^2$$

$$Q_{w\alpha}^2 = [Z(g_p^V + 2\epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{uV} + \epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{dV}) F_Z(q^2) + N(g_n^V + \epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{uV} + 2\epsilon_{\alpha\alpha}^{dV}) F_N(q^2)]^2$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} \propto N^2$$

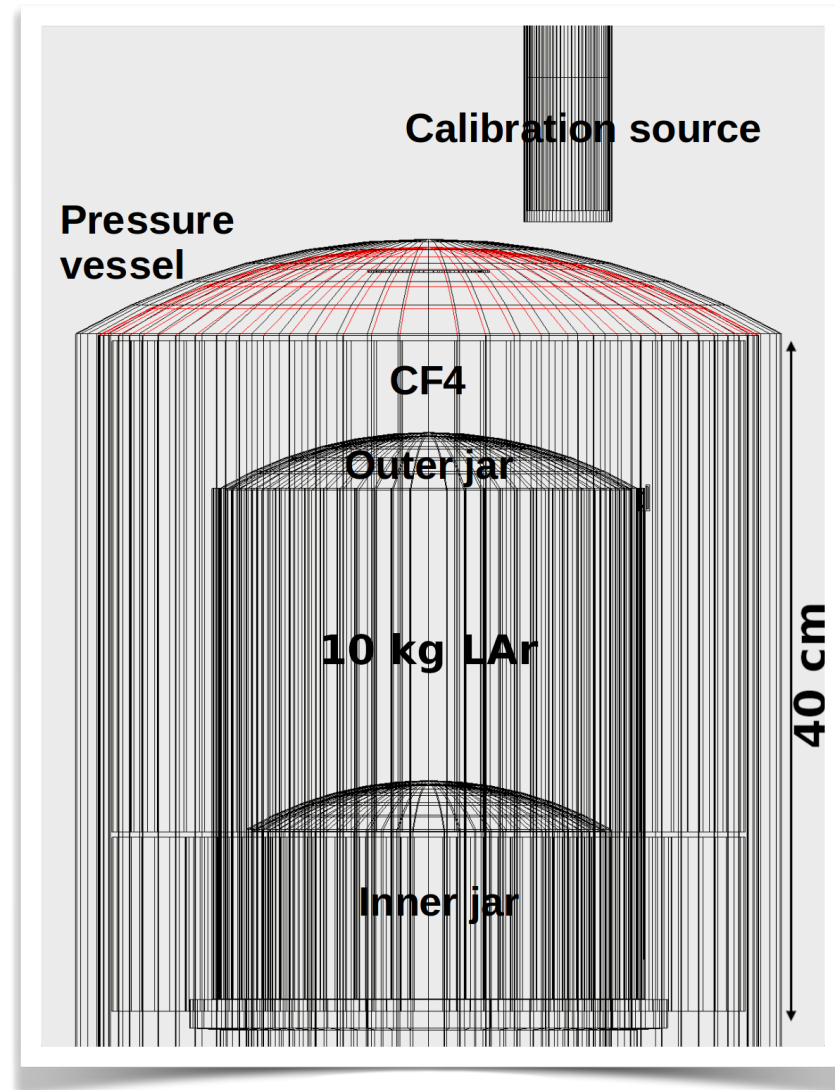
NSI

J. Barranco, O. G. Miranda, and T. I. Rashba JHEP, 12:021, 2005.  
A. Drukier and Leo Stodolsky Phys. Rev., D30:2295, 1984



SBC collaboration

L. Flores, et. al. SBC collaboration PRD (2021)



E. Alfonso-Pita

10 kg liquid Argon  
bubble chamber  
similar to PICO  
detector

T~90-130 °K  
P~2 atm

100 eV threshold

Currently under construction

10 kg at 3 m a 1- $MW_{th}$  reactor

A TRIGA Mark III research  
ININ

~8 neutrino events/day

~2,900 neutrino events in 1 year

~320 background events  
cosmogenic

~140 background events  
Neutrons from reactor

100 kg at 30 m from a 2000- $MW_{th}$  power reactor

Laguna Verde

~1570 neutrino events/day

~570 K neutrino events in 1 year

~68 K background events  
cosmogenic

# Light Vector Boson from $U(1)'$

L. Flores, et. al. SBC collaboration (2021)

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{m_{Z'}^2}{2} Z'^\mu Z'_\mu + ig' Z'_\mu (Q_f \bar{f} \gamma^\mu f)$$

SSB

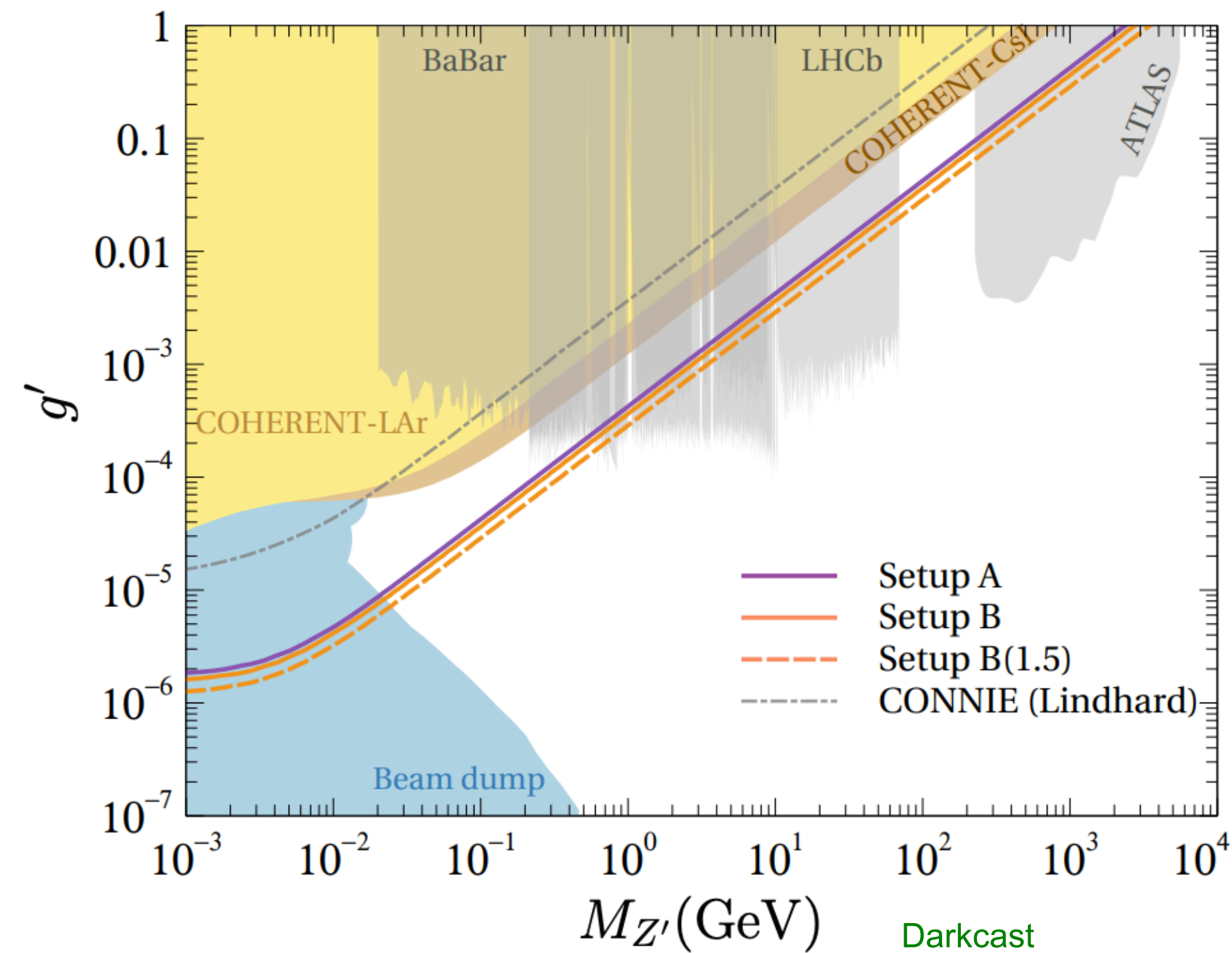
$$\langle \phi_i \rangle = \frac{v_i}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$m_{Z'}^2 = \sum_i g' Q_i^2 v_i^2$$

$U(1)_{B-L}$

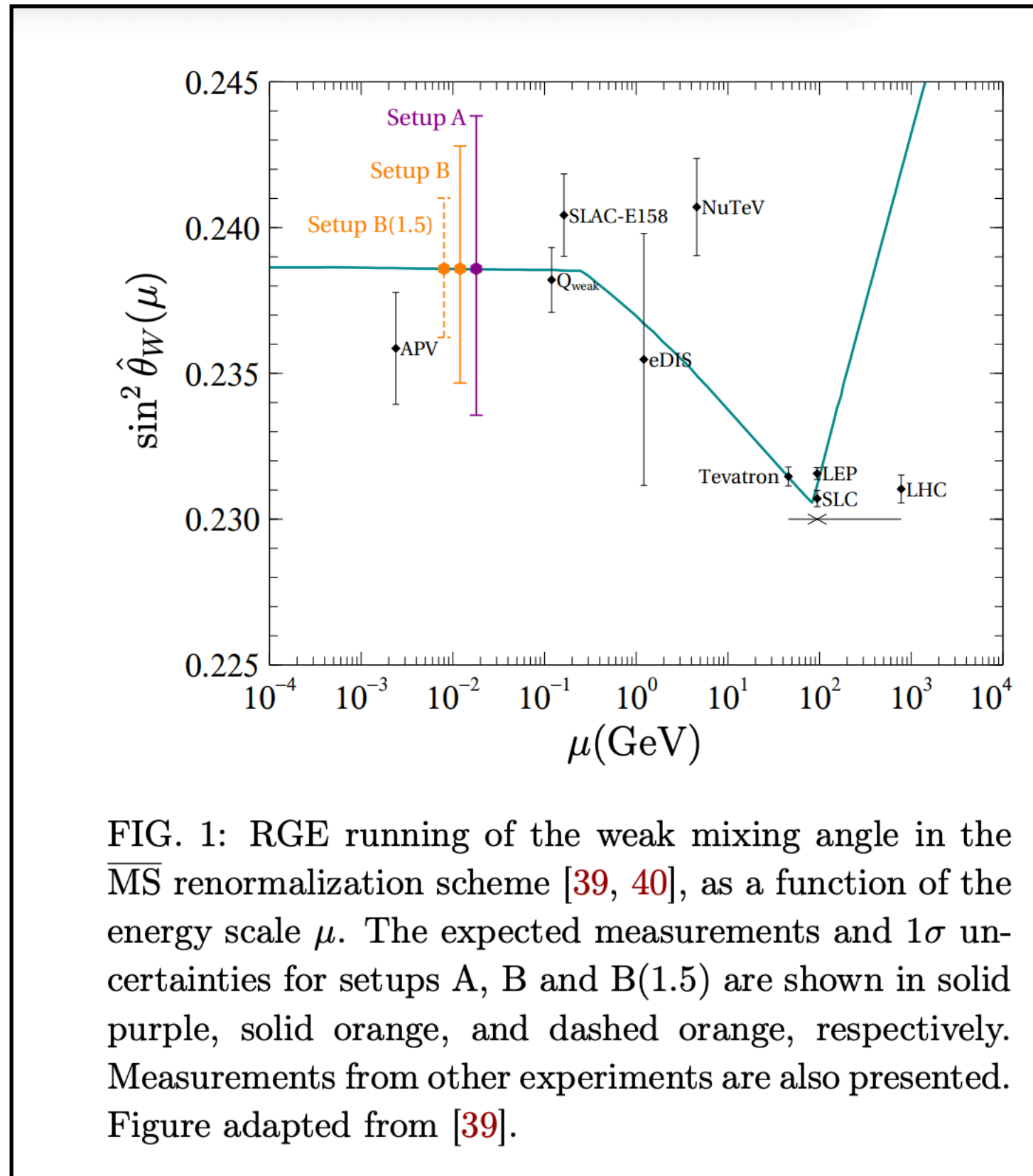
NSI

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = -\frac{g'^2 Q_l Q_q}{q^2 + M_{Z'}^2} \left[ \sum_\alpha \bar{\nu}_\alpha \gamma^\mu P_L \nu_\alpha \right] \left[ \sum_q \bar{q} \gamma_\mu q \right]$$



Darkcast  
Ilten, Soreq, Williams and Xue, JHEP (2018)

Weak mixing angle  $\sin^2 \theta_W$

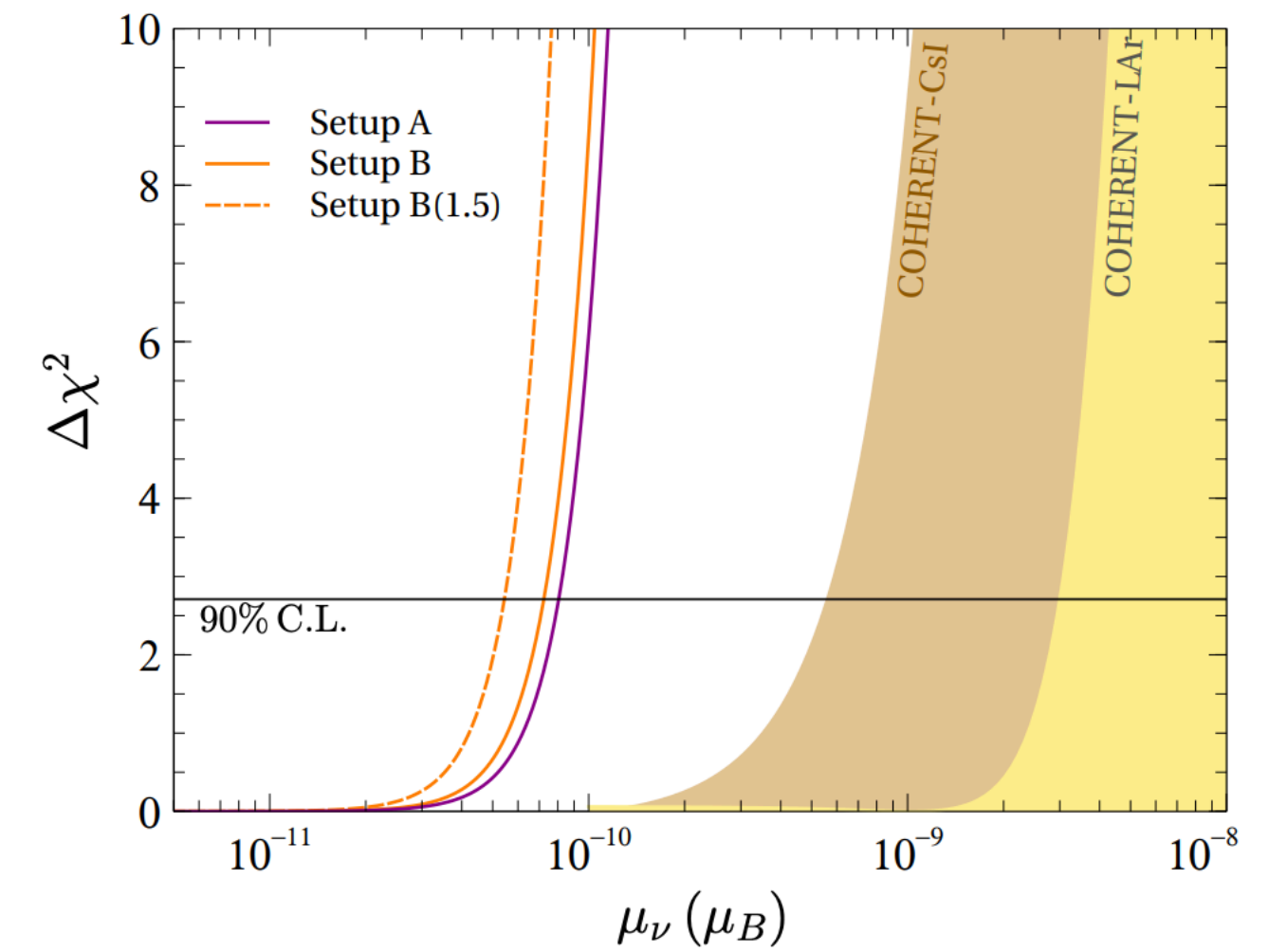


L. Flores, et. al. SBC collaboration (2021)

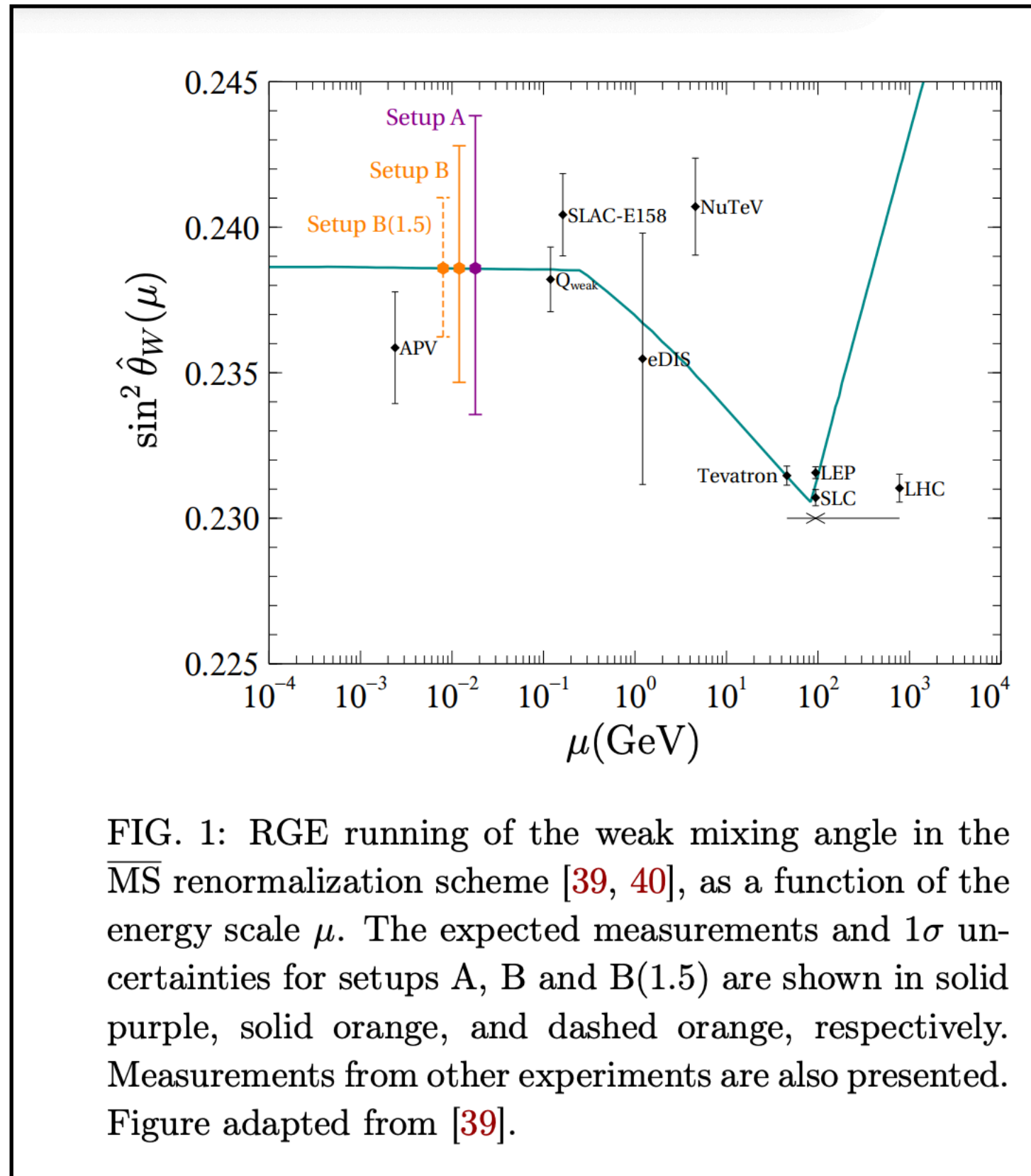


Neutrino magnetic moment

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \pi \frac{\alpha_{\text{EM}}^2 Z^2 \mu_\nu^2}{m_e^2} \left( \frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{E_\nu} + \frac{T}{4E_\nu^2} \right) F^2(q^2),$$



Weak mixing angle  $\sin^2 \theta_W$

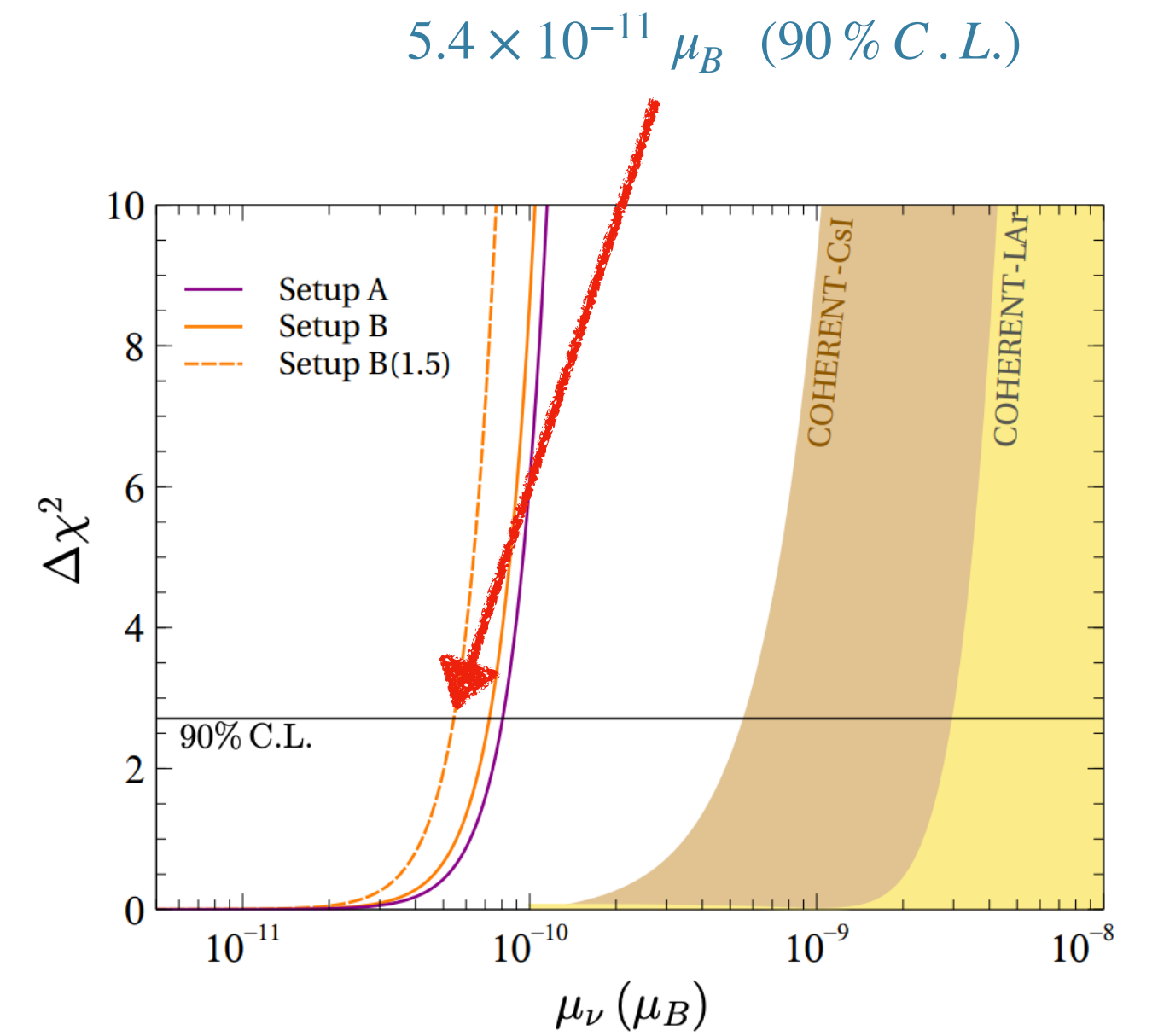


L. Flores, et. al. SBC collaboration (2021)



Neutrino magnetic moment

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \pi \frac{\alpha_{\text{EM}}^2 Z^2 \mu_\nu^2}{m_e^2} \left( \frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{E_\nu} + \frac{T}{4E_\nu^2} \right) F^2(q^2),$$



Weak mixing angle  $\sin^2 \theta_W$

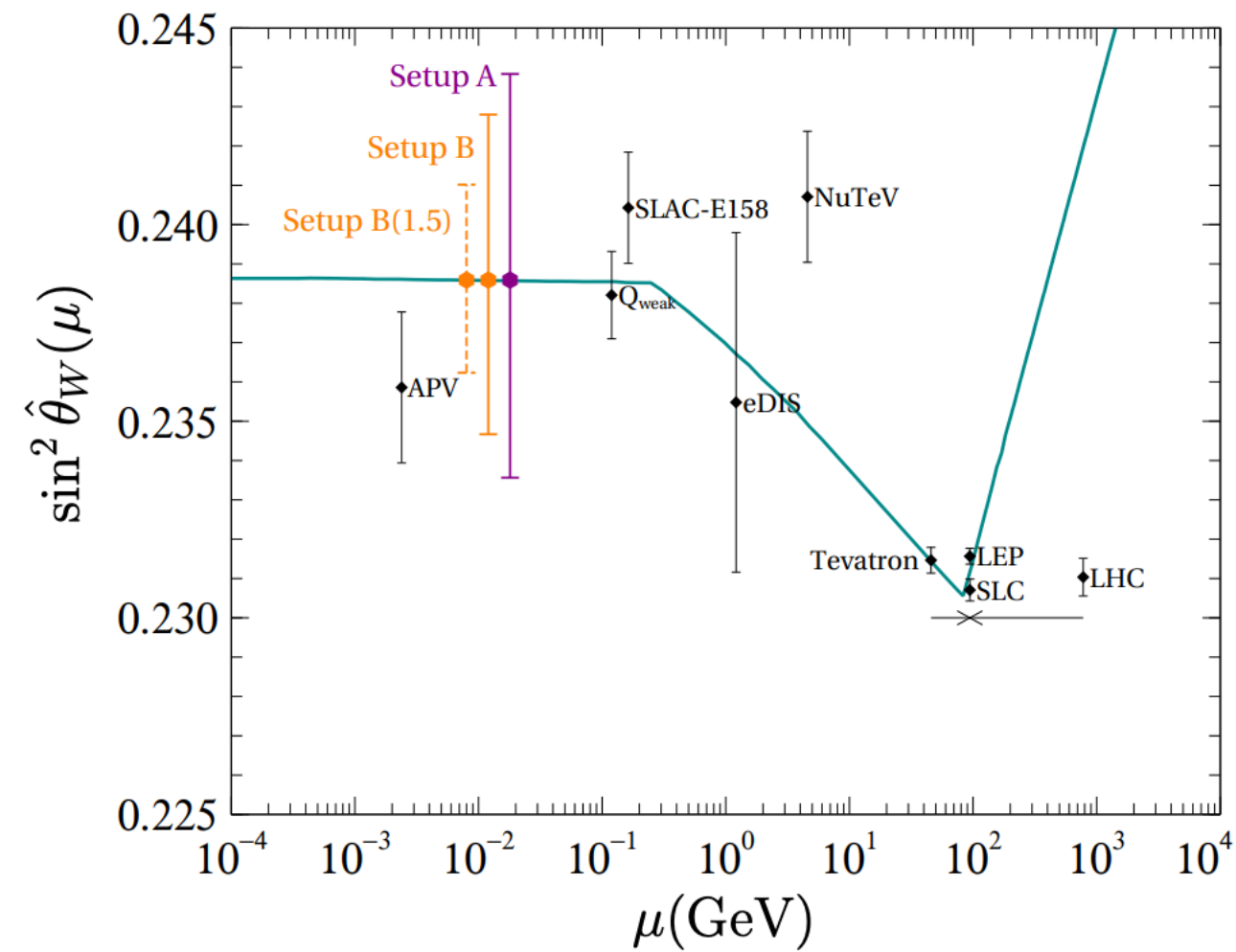


FIG. 1: RGE running of the weak mixing angle in the  $\overline{\text{MS}}$  renormalization scheme [39, 40], as a function of the energy scale  $\mu$ . The expected measurements and  $1\sigma$  uncertainties for setups A, B and B(1.5) are shown in solid purple, solid orange, and dashed orange, respectively. Measurements from other experiments are also presented. Figure adapted from [39].

L. Flores, et. al. SBC collaboration (2021)



Neutrino magnetic moment

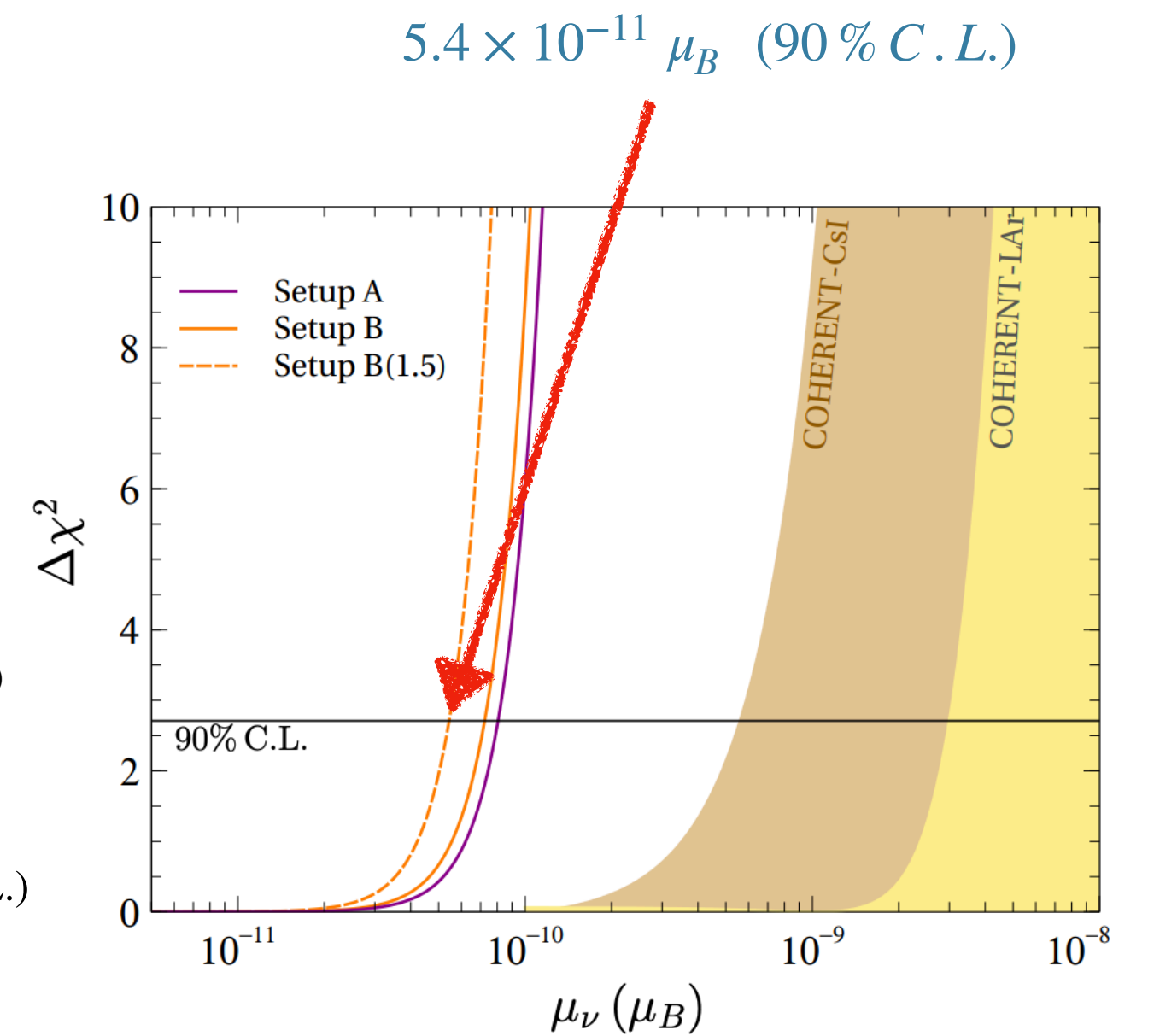
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dT} = \pi \frac{\alpha_{\text{EM}}^2 Z^2 \mu_\nu^2}{m_e^2} \left( \frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{E_\nu} + \frac{T}{4E_\nu^2} \right) F^2(q^2)$$

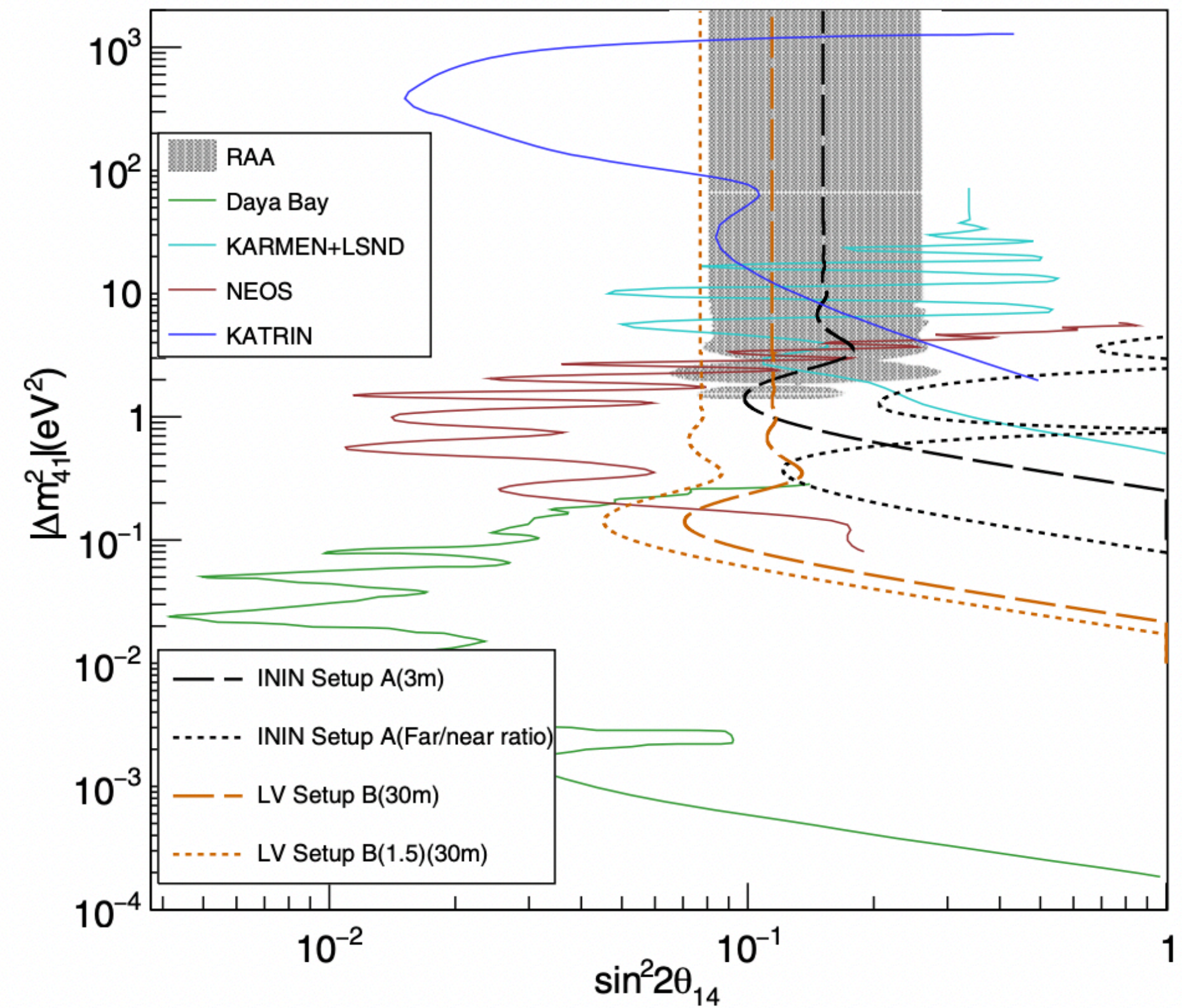
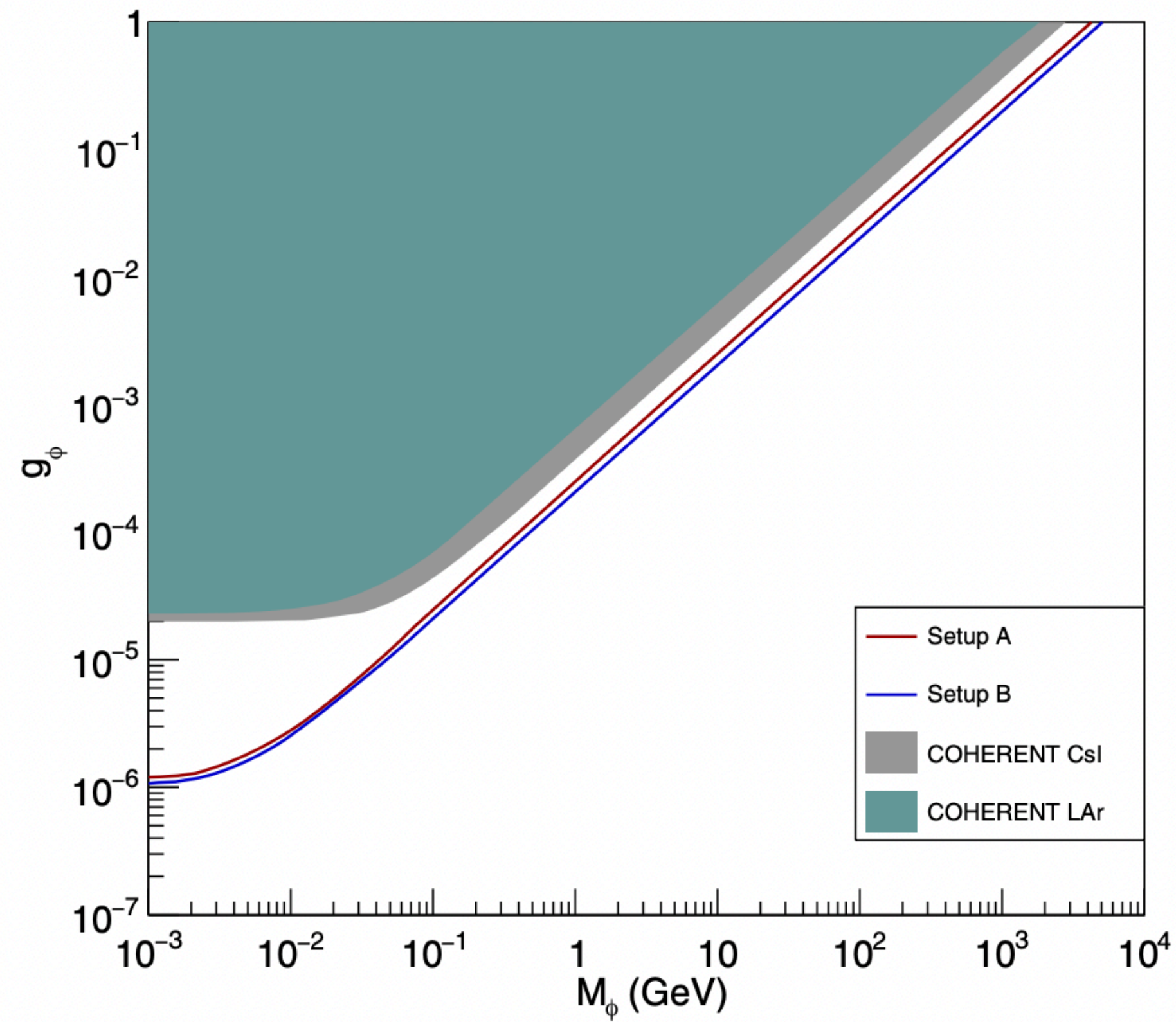
GEMMA

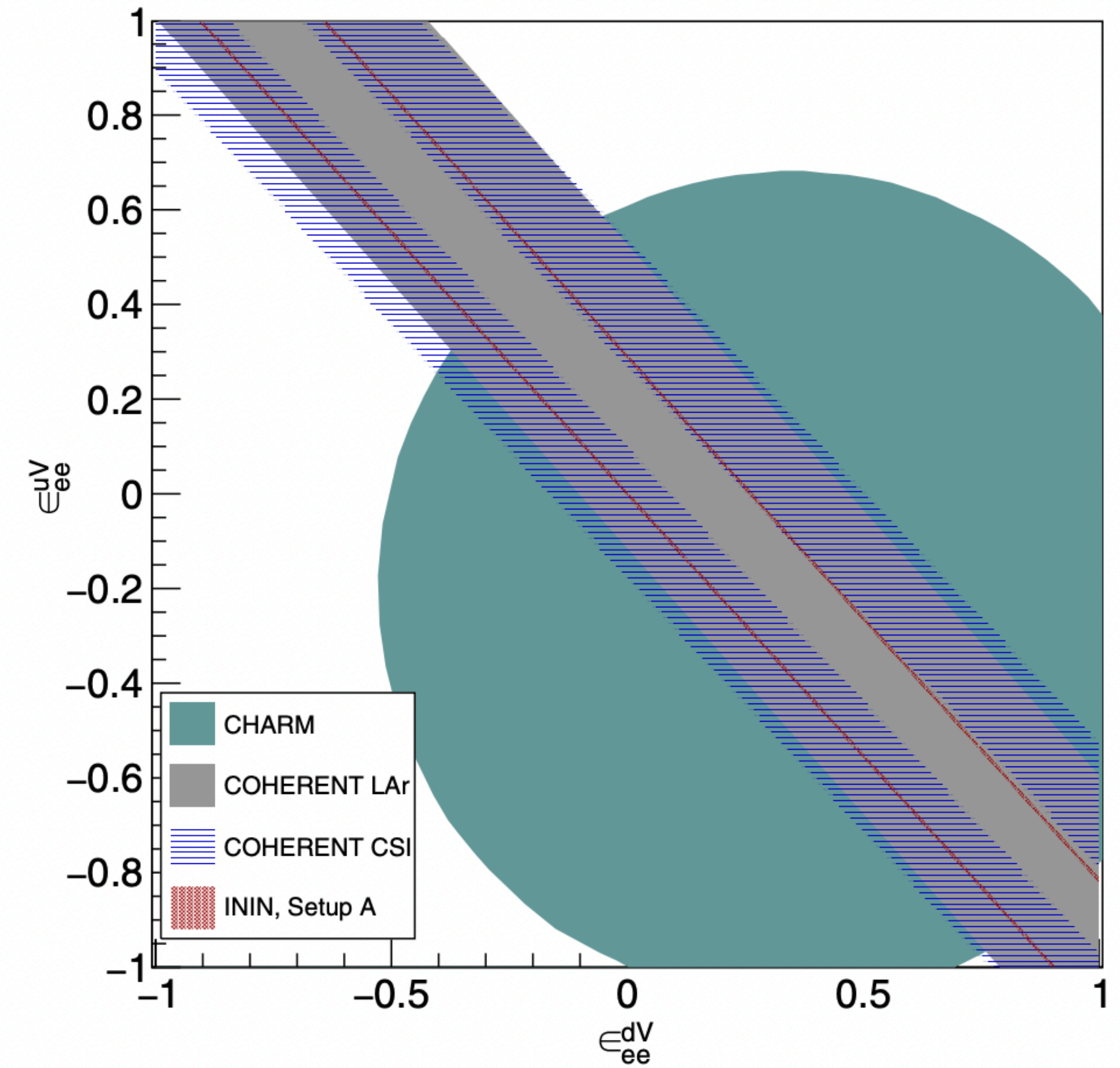
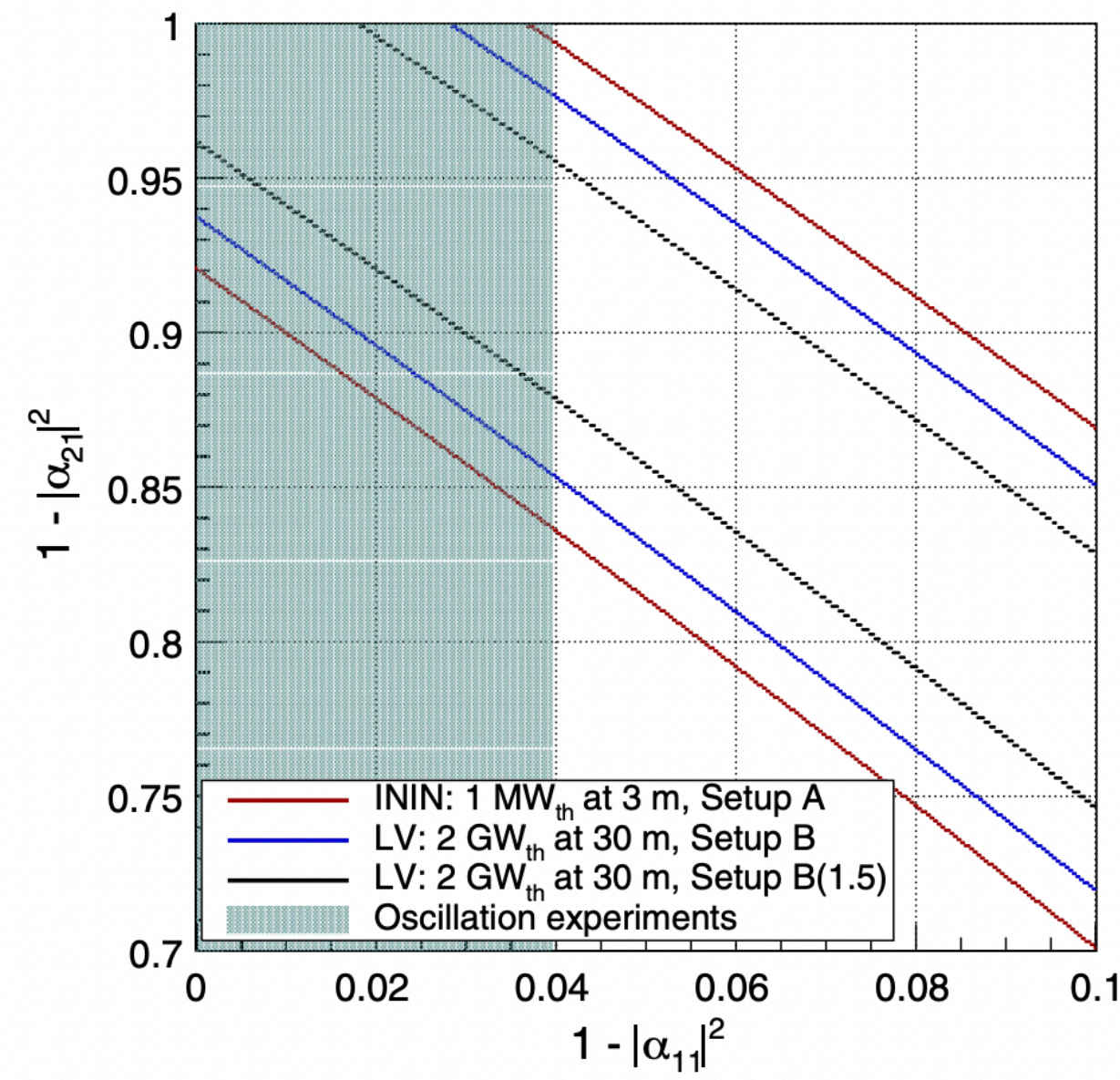
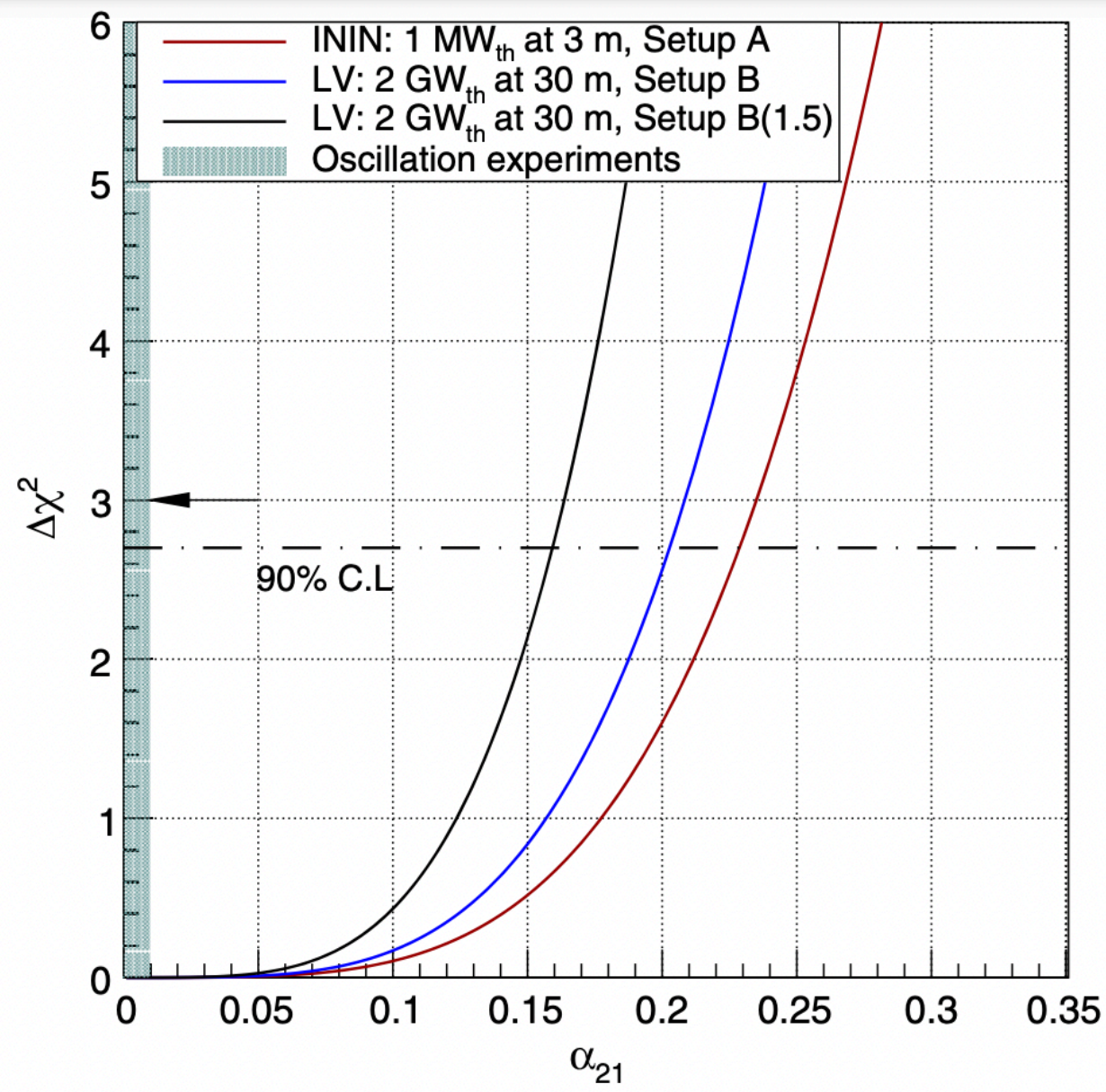
$2.9 \times 10^{-11} \mu_B$  (90% C.L.)

Borexino

$2.8 \times 10^{-11} \mu_B$  (90% C.L.)







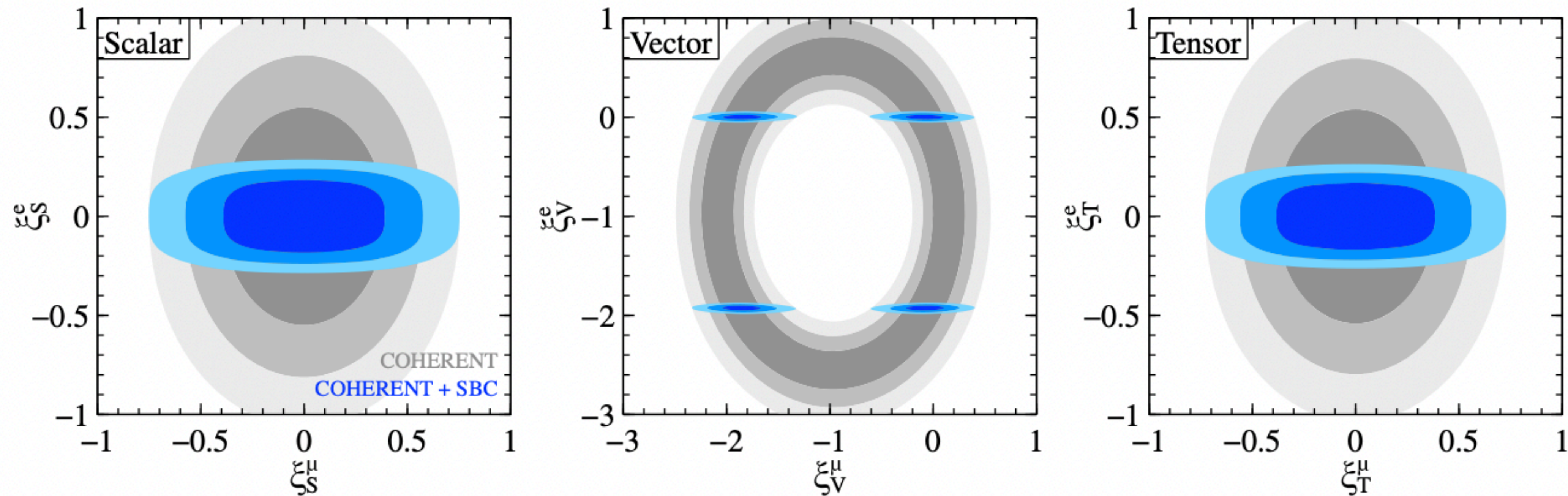
$$N = N^{UV} U_{3 \times 3}$$

$$N^{UV} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ \alpha_{21} & \alpha_{22} & 0 \\ \alpha_{31} & \alpha_{32} & \alpha_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

# GNI from CEvNS

Flores, Nath and EP PRD (2022)

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{a=S,P,V,A,T} \bar{\nu} \Gamma^a \nu [\bar{q} \Gamma^a (C_a^{(q)} + \bar{D}_a^{(q)} i\gamma^5) q],$$

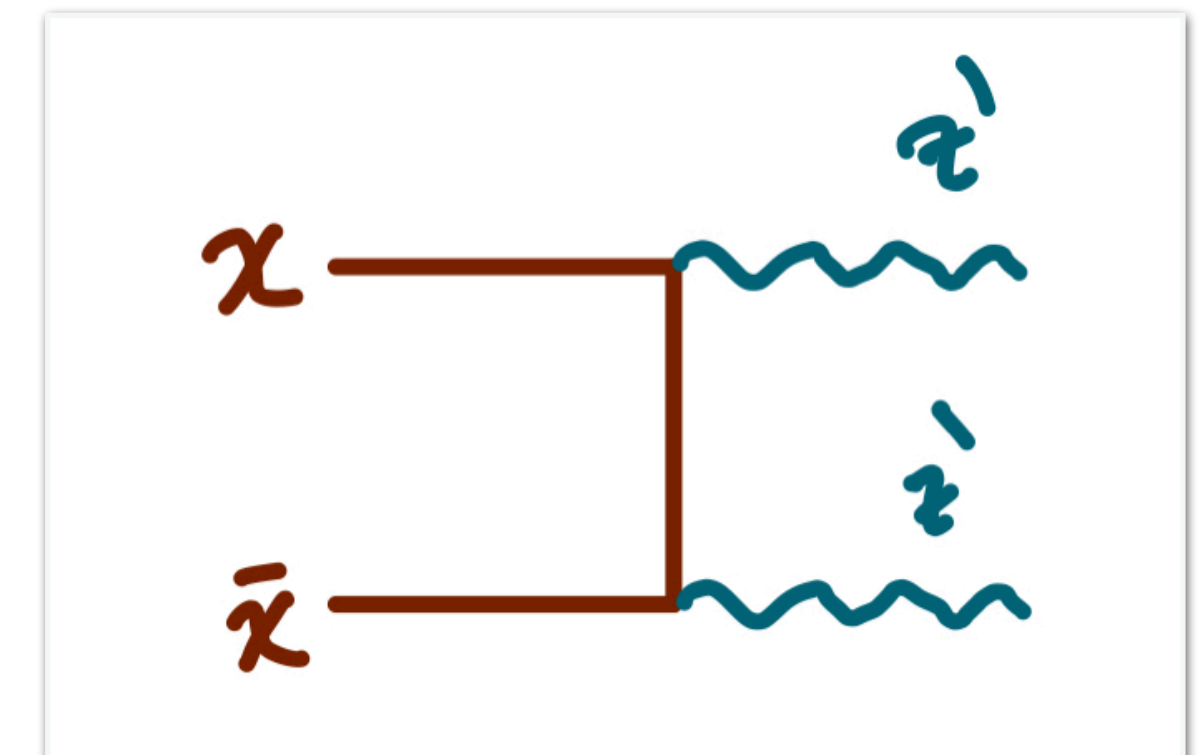
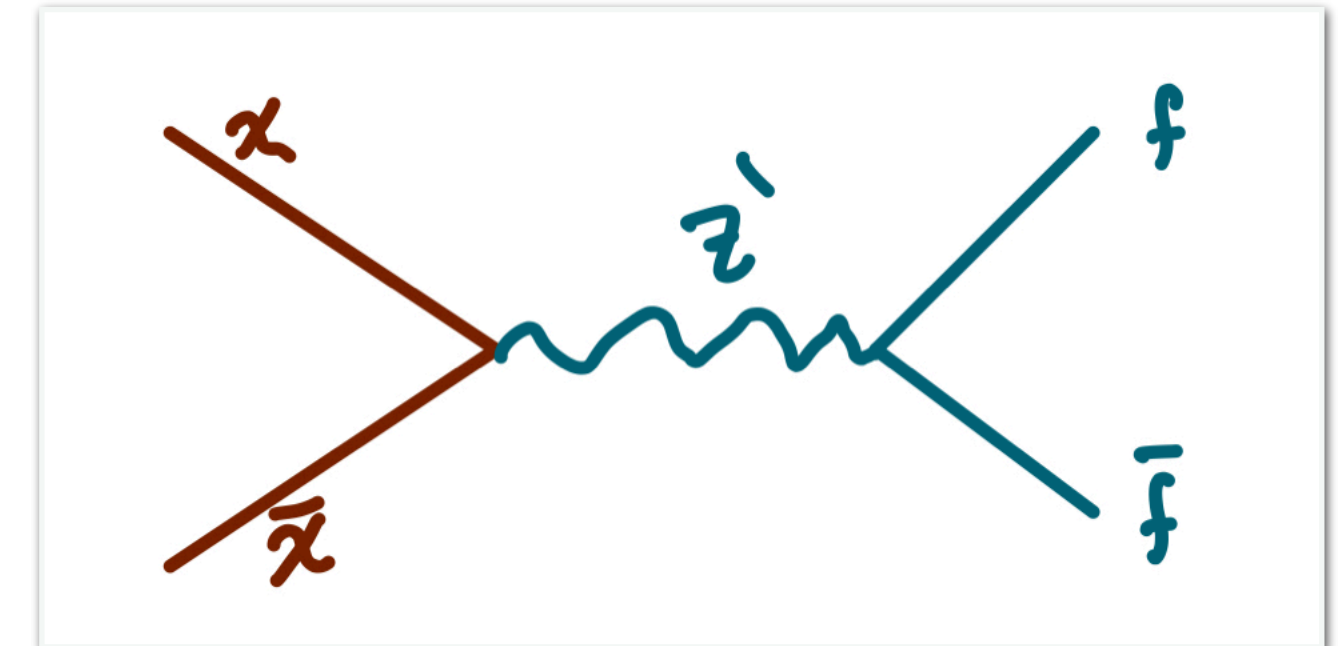
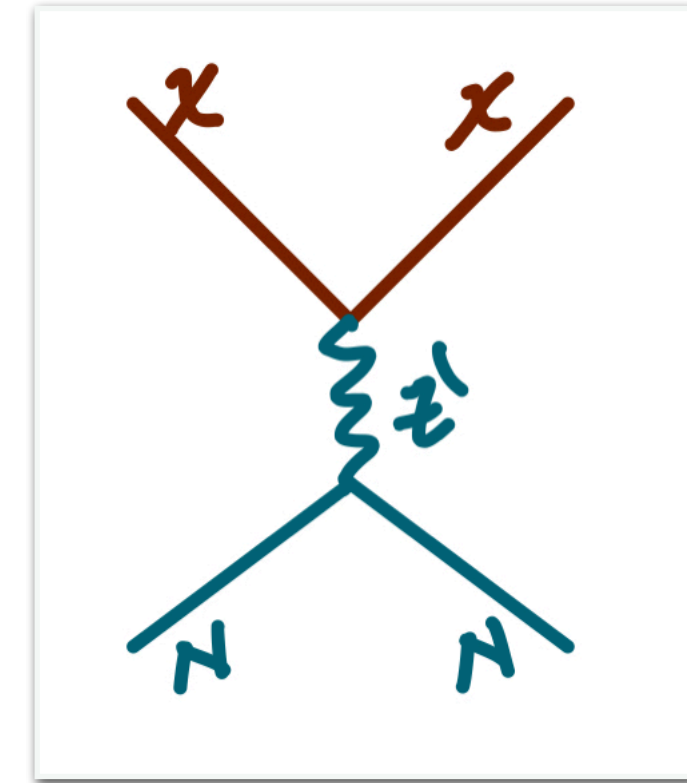




# Dark Matter from $U(1)_{B-L}$

Extend the SM with a Dirac fermion  $\chi$  with  $Q_\chi = 1/3$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset M_D \bar{\chi} \chi + \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu (\partial_\mu + ig' Q_\chi Z'_\mu) \chi$$

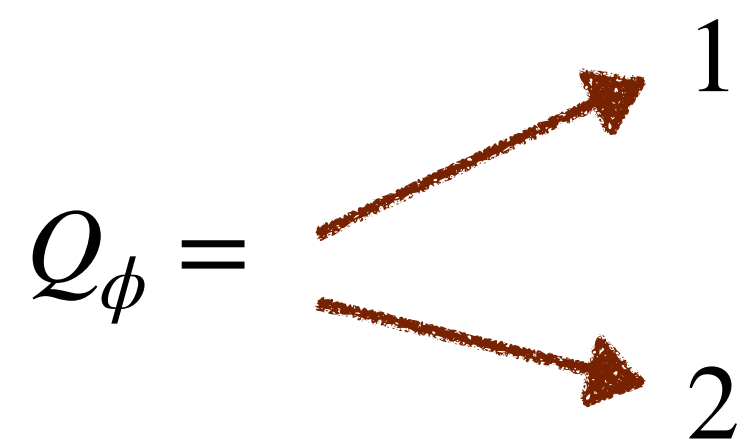


# Dark Matter from $U(1)_{B-L}$

Extend the SM with a Dirac fermion  $\chi$  with  $Q_\chi = 1/3$

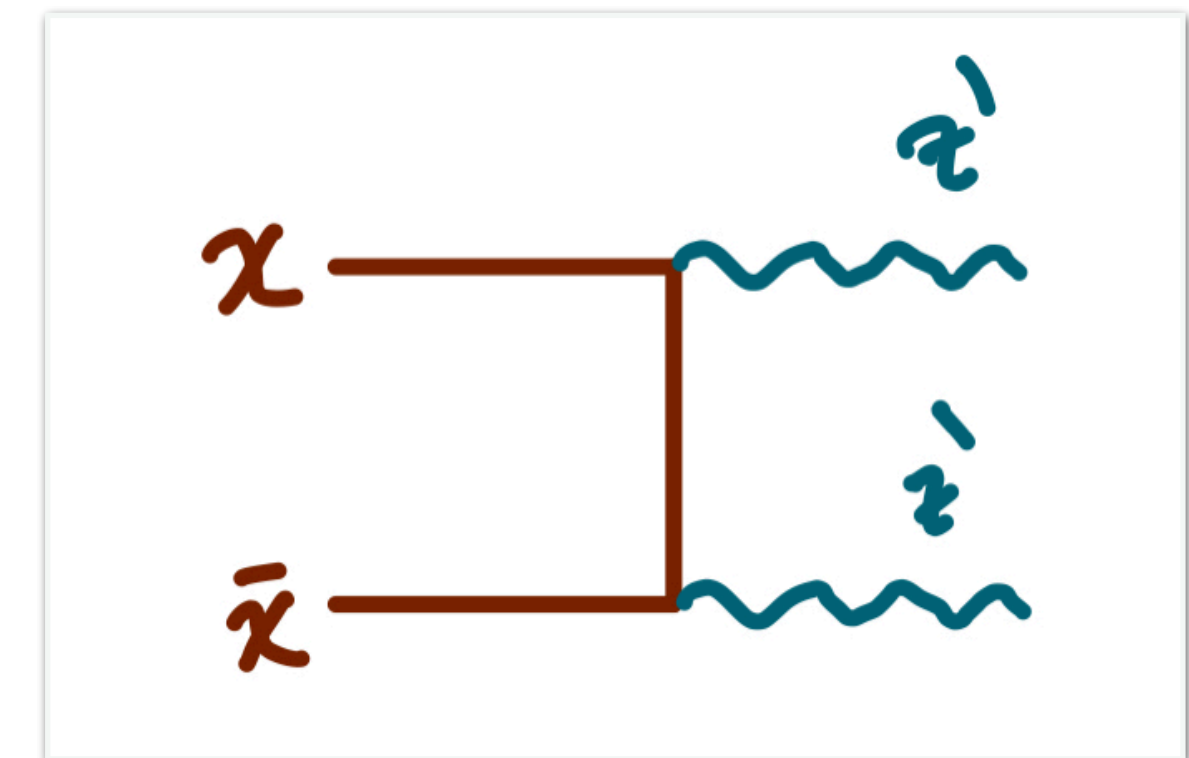
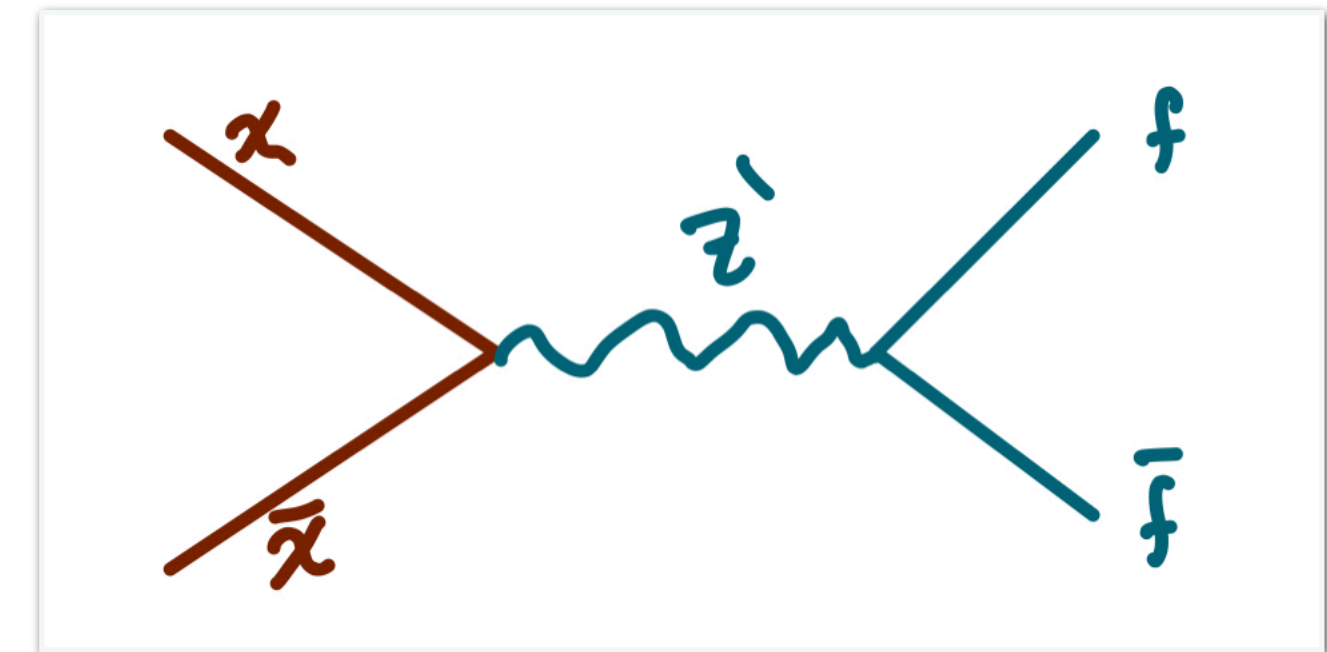
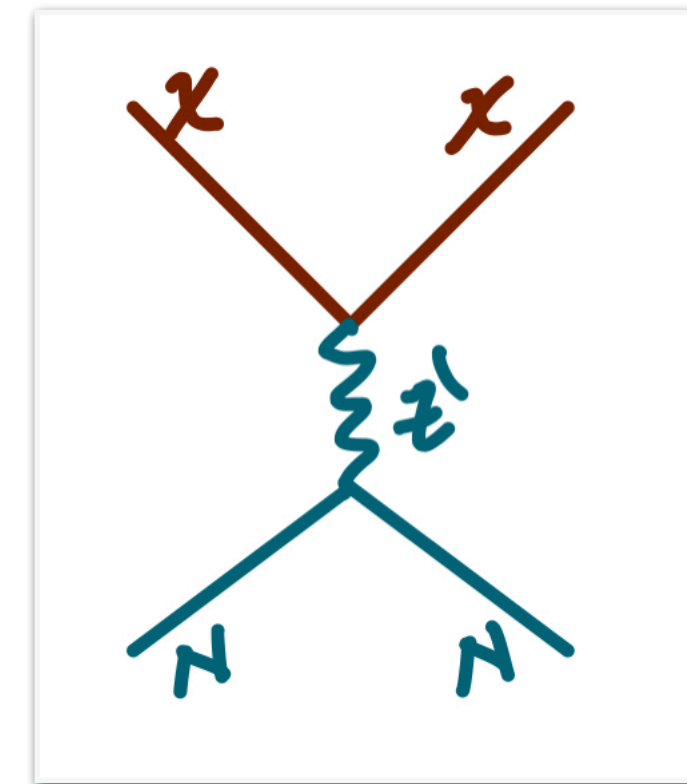
$$\mathcal{L} \supset M_D \bar{\chi} \chi + \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu (\partial_\mu + ig' Q_\chi Z'_\mu) \chi$$

Will need a scalar field  $\phi$  for SSB



Dirac neutrinos

Majorana neutrinos  $\phi \bar{N}^c N$

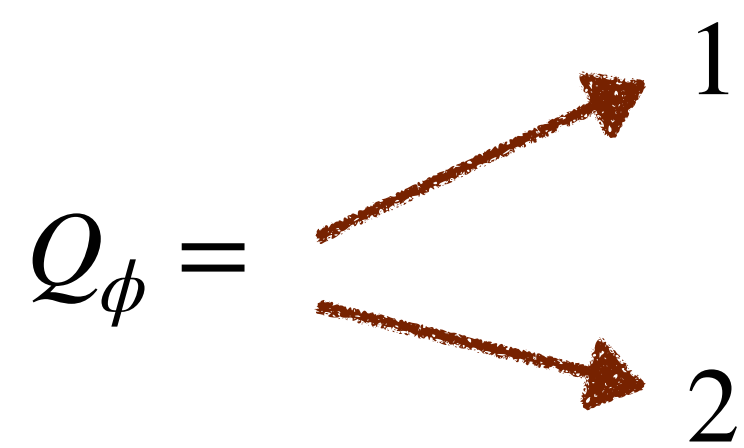


# Dark Matter from $U(1)_{B-L}$

Extend the SM with a Dirac fermion  $\chi$  with  $Q_\chi = 1/3$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset M_D \bar{\chi} \chi + \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu (\partial_\mu + ig' Q_\chi Z'_\mu) \chi$$

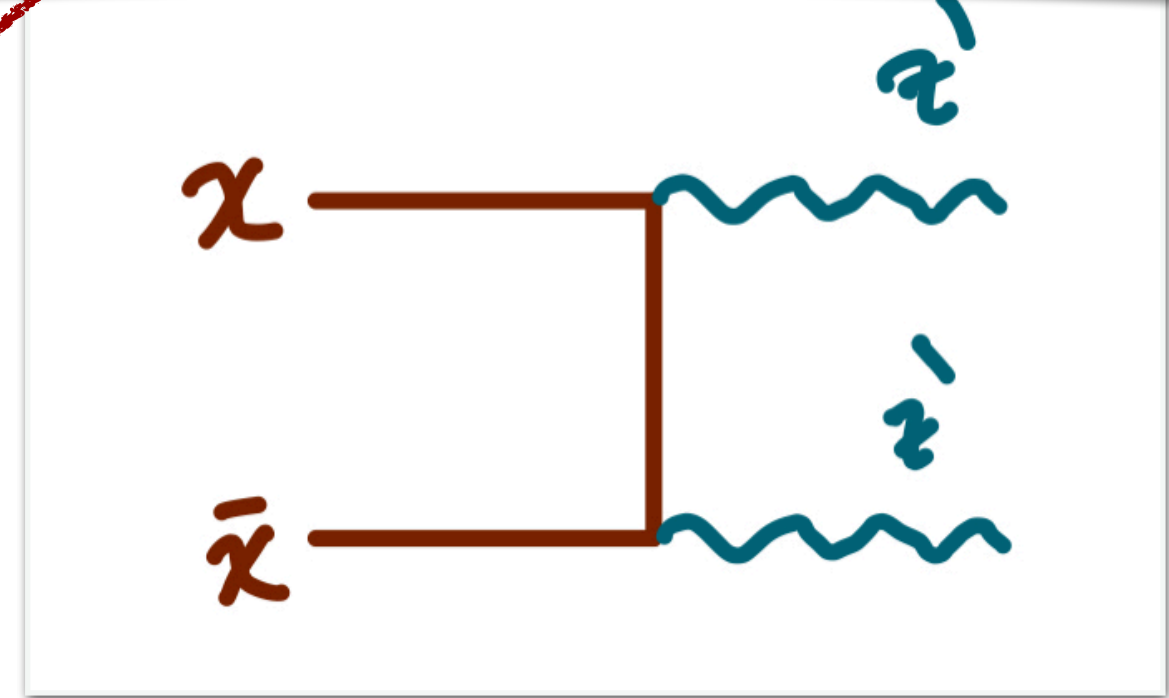
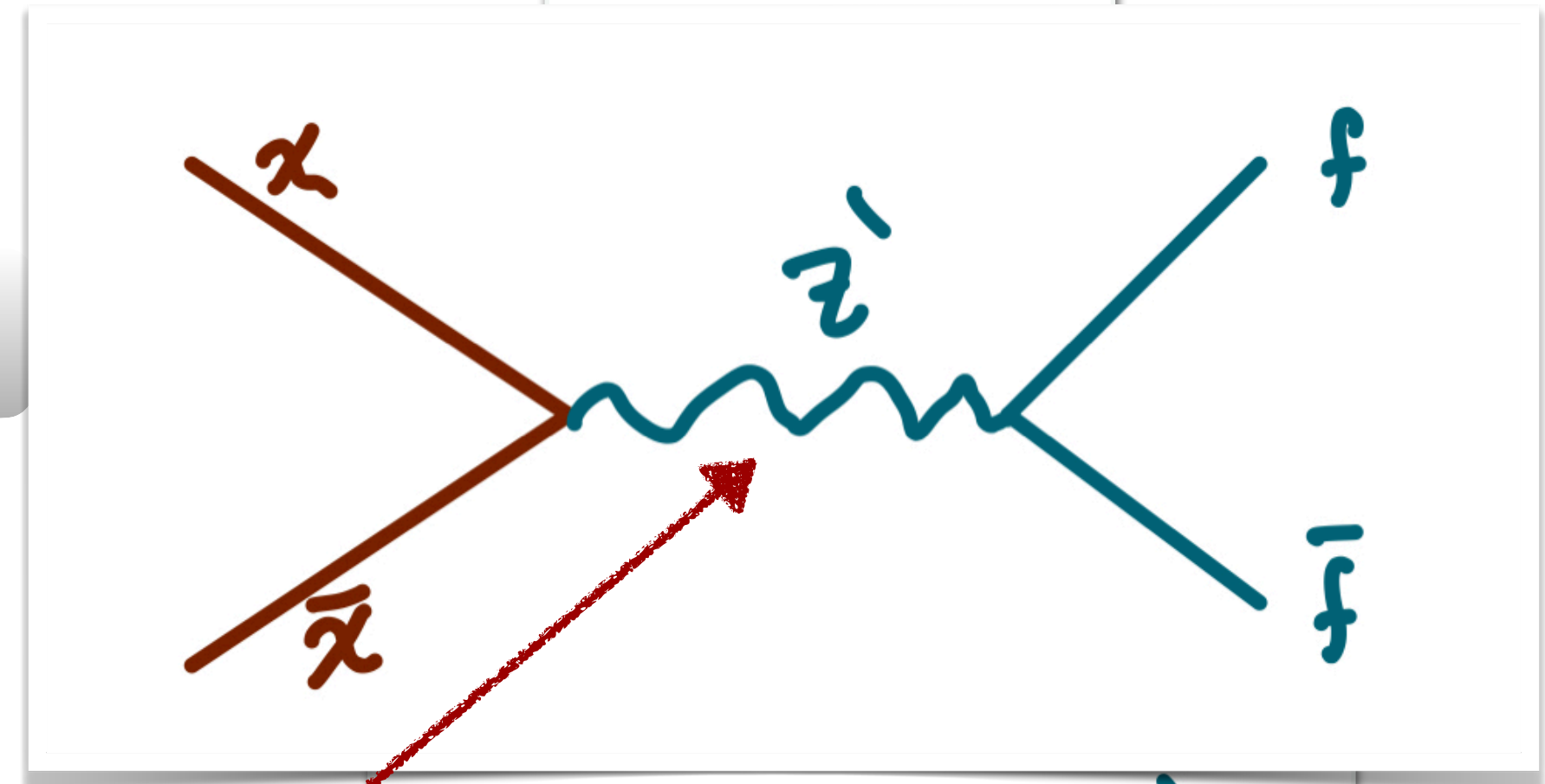
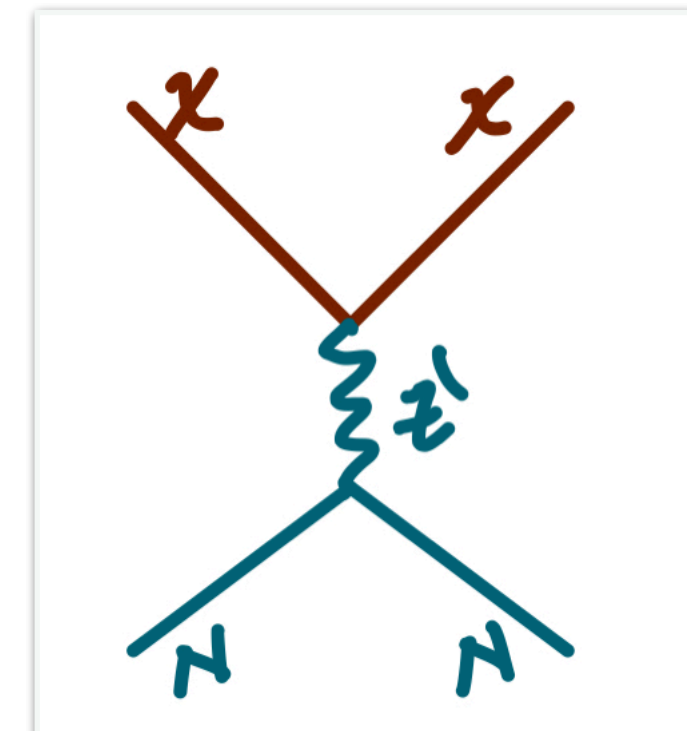
Will need a scalar field  $\phi$  for SSB



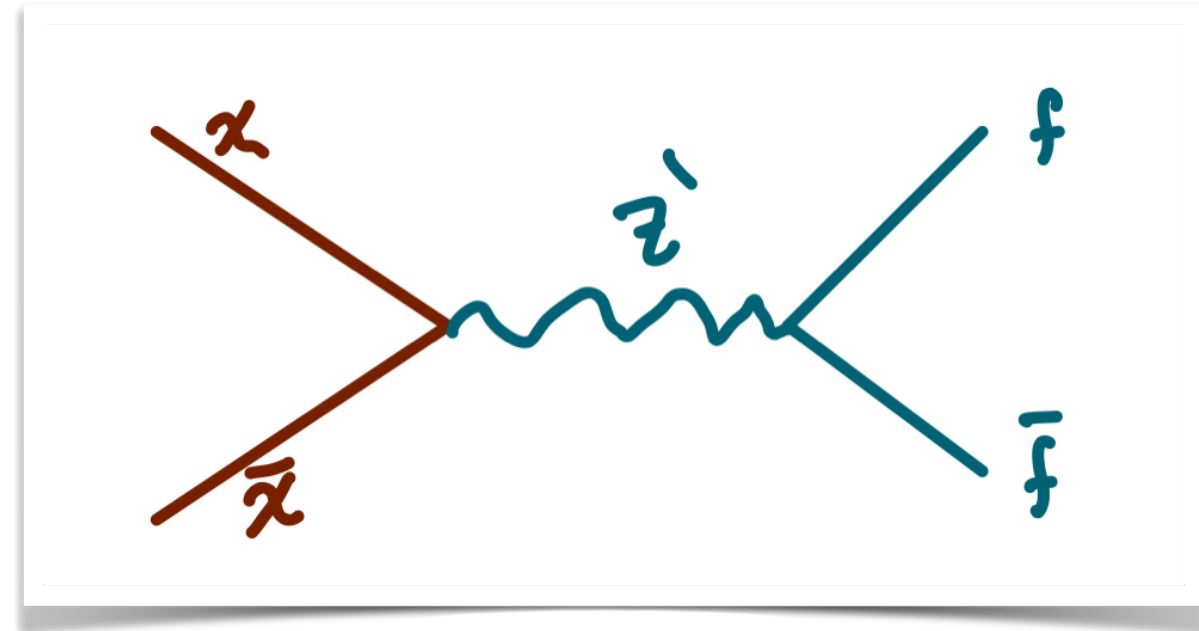
1 Dirac neutrinos

2 Majorana neutrinos  $\phi \bar{N}^c N$

Resonant annihilation  $M_\chi \simeq M_{Z'}/2$



# DM abundance

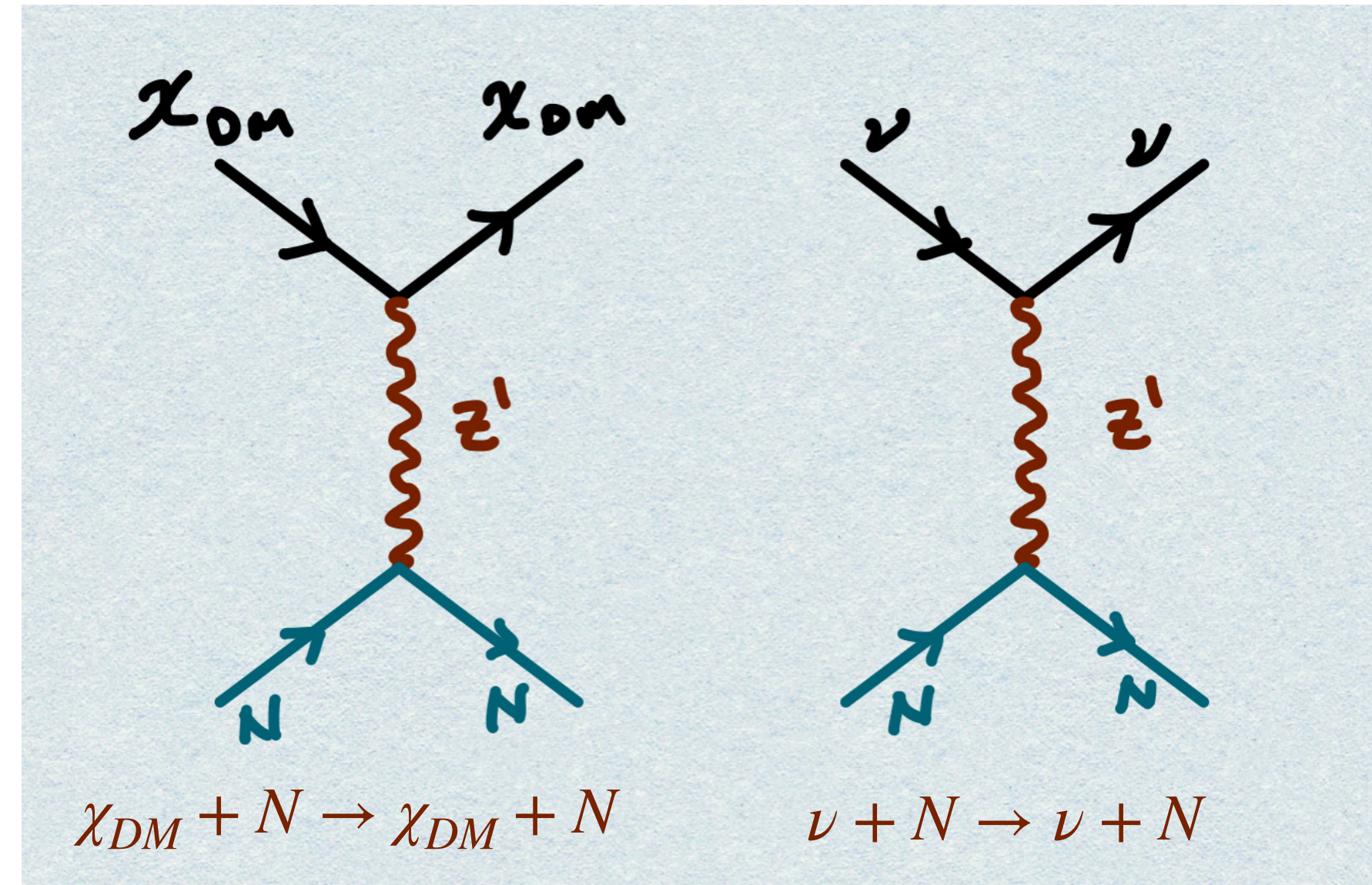


Resonant annihilation

$$M_\chi \simeq M_{Z'}/2$$

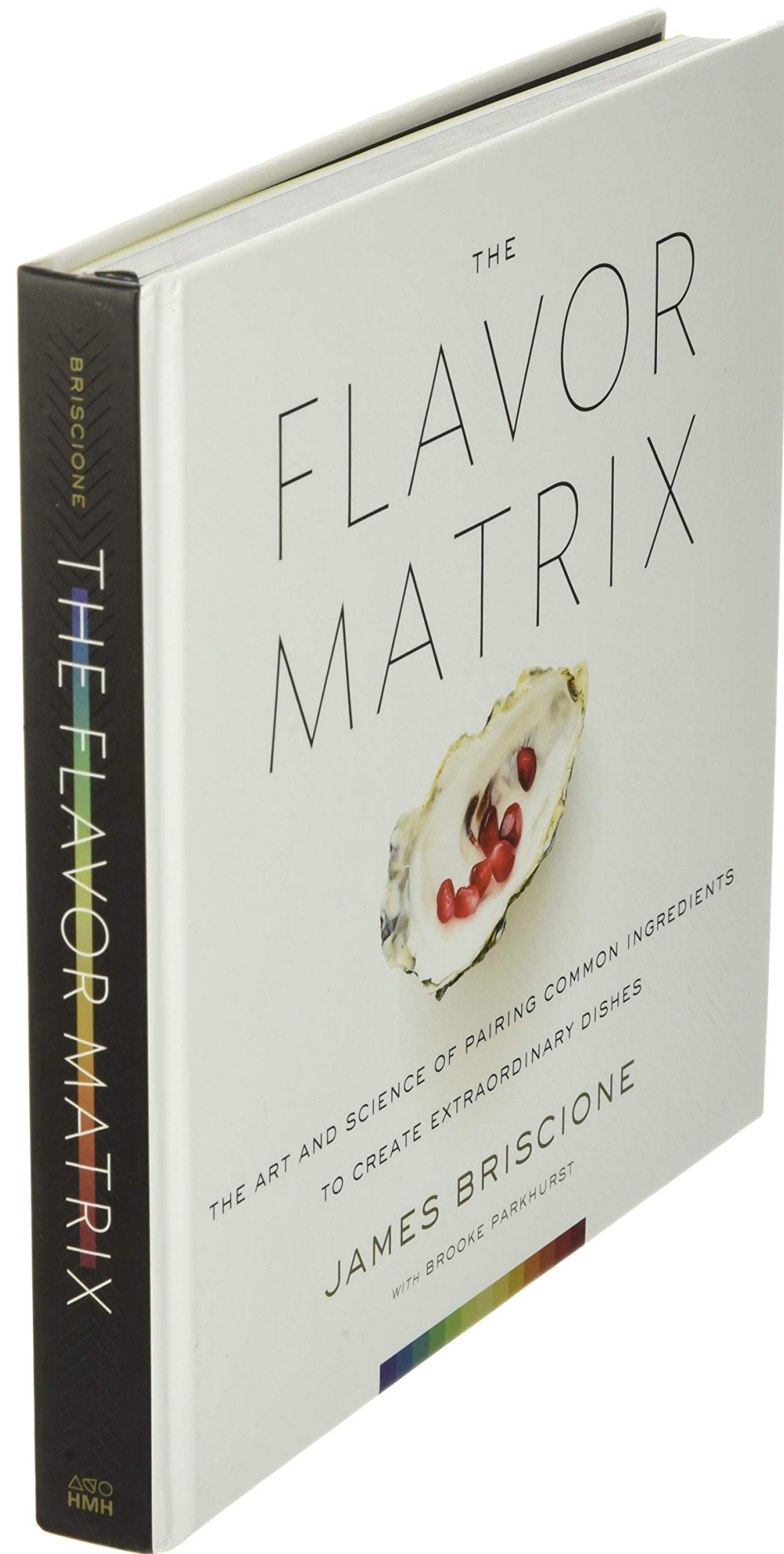
# DM Detection

# CE $\nu$ NS



LMG de la Vega, L. Flores, N. Nath JHEP (2021)

# Lepton flavored $U(1)' = U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$



L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

Gauge  $U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Anomaly free

3 RH neutrinos

2  $U(1)$  breaking scalar fields

$$\frac{1}{2}M_{Z'}^2 = g'^2 \frac{1}{2}(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$$

$\uparrow$   
 $\langle \phi_1 \rangle$

$\uparrow$   
 $\langle \phi_2 \rangle$

$$U(1) \begin{matrix} \phi_1 & \phi_2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

Neutrino phenomenology

# Lepton flavored $U(1)' = U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

**Gauge**  $U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Anomaly free

3 RH neutrinos

2 U(1) breaking scalar fields

$$\frac{1}{2}M_{Z'}^2 = g'^2 \frac{1}{2}(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$$

↑ ↑  
 $\langle \phi_1 \rangle$   $\langle \phi_2 \rangle$

$$U(1) \begin{matrix} \phi_1 & \phi_2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

Neutrino phenomenology

$$-\mathcal{L}_{Majorana} = \frac{1}{2}M_1 \bar{N}_1^c N_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_1^N \bar{N}_1^c N_2 \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_2^N \bar{N}_1^c N_3 \phi_2 + \frac{1}{2}y_3^N \bar{N}_2^c N_2 \phi_2$$

6 possible choices for  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$

$\alpha = \mu$  and  $\beta = \tau$

$$M_N = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & y_1^N \langle \phi_1 \rangle & y_2^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle \\ y_1^N \langle \phi_1 \rangle & y_3^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle & 0 \\ y_2^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Charged leptons diagonal

# Lepton flavored $U(1)' = U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Frampton, Glashow, Marfatia, PLB (2002)

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

Gauge  $U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Anomaly free

3 RH neutrinos

2 U(1) breaking scalar fields

$$\frac{1}{2}M_{Z'}^2 = g'^2 \frac{1}{2}(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$$

↑ ↑  
 $\langle \phi_1 \rangle$   $\langle \phi_2 \rangle$

$$U(1) \begin{matrix} \phi_1 & \phi_2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

Neutrino phenomenology

$$-\mathcal{L}_{Majorana} = \frac{1}{2}M_1 \overline{N_1^c} N_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_1^N \overline{N_1^c} N_2 \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_2^N \overline{N_1^c} N_3 \phi_2 + \frac{1}{2}y_3^N \overline{N_2^c} N_2 \phi_2$$

6 possible choices for  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$

$\alpha=\mu$  and  $\beta=\tau$

$$M_N = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & y_1^N \langle \phi_1 \rangle & y_2^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle \\ y_1^N \langle \phi_1 \rangle & y_3^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle & 0 \\ y_2^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Charged leptons diagonal

$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	Neutrino mass matrix	Type	NSI parameters
0	-1	-2	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$A_1$	$\varepsilon_{\mu\mu}$ & $\varepsilon_{\tau\tau}$
0	-2	-1	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$A_2$	$\varepsilon_{\mu\mu}$ & $\varepsilon_{\tau\tau}$
-1	0	-2	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & 0 & \times \\ 0 & 0 & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$B_3$	$\varepsilon_{ee}$ & $\varepsilon_{\tau\tau}$
-1	-2	0	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$B_4$	$\varepsilon_{ee}$ & $\varepsilon_{\mu\mu}$
-2	-1	0	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & 0 \\ \times & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\times$	$\varepsilon_{ee}$ & $\varepsilon_{\mu\mu}$
-2	0	-1	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & 0 & 0 \\ \times & 0 & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$\times$	$\varepsilon_{ee}$ & $\varepsilon_{\tau\tau}$

# Lepton flavored $U(1)' = U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Frampton, Glashow, Marfatia, PLB (2002)

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

Gauge  $U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Anomaly free

3 RH neutrinos

2 U(1) breaking scalar fields

$$\frac{1}{2}M_{Z'}^2 = g'^2 \frac{1}{2}(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$$

↑  $\langle \phi_1 \rangle$      ↑  $\langle \phi_2 \rangle$

$$U(1) \begin{matrix} \phi_1 & \phi_2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

Neutrino phenomenology

$$-\mathcal{L}_{Majorana} = \frac{1}{2}M_1 \overline{N_1^c} N_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_1^N \overline{N_1^c} N_2 \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_2^N \overline{N_1^c} N_3 \phi_2 + \frac{1}{2}y_3^N \overline{N_2^c} N_2 \phi_2$$

6 possible choices for  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$

$\alpha=\mu$  and  $\beta=\tau$

$$M_N = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & y_1^N \langle \phi_1 \rangle & y_2^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle \\ y_1^N \langle \phi_1 \rangle & y_3^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle & 0 \\ y_2^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Charged leptons diagonal

$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	Neutrino mass matrix	Type	NSI parameters
0	-1	-2	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$A_1$	$\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
0	-2	-1	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$A_2$	$\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
-1	0	-2	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & 0 & \times \\ 0 & 0 & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$B_3$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
-1	-2	0	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$B_4$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$
-2	-1	0	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & 0 \\ \times & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\times$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$
-2	0	-1	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & 0 & 0 \\ \times & 0 & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$\times$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$



Good pheno



# Lepton flavored $U(1)' = U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Frampton, Glashow, Marfatia, PLB (2002)

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

Gauge  $U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Anomaly free

3 RH neutrinos

2 U(1) breaking scalar fields

$$\frac{1}{2}M_{Z'}^2 = g'^2 \frac{1}{2}(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$$

↑  $\langle \phi_1 \rangle$      ↑  $\langle \phi_2 \rangle$

$$U(1) \begin{matrix} \phi_1 & \phi_2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

Neutrino phenomenology

$$-\mathcal{L}_{Majorana} = \frac{1}{2}M_1 \overline{N_1^c} N_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_1^N \overline{N_1^c} N_2 \phi_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_2^N \overline{N_1^c} N_3 \phi_2 + \frac{1}{2}y_3^N \overline{N_2^c} N_2 \phi_2$$

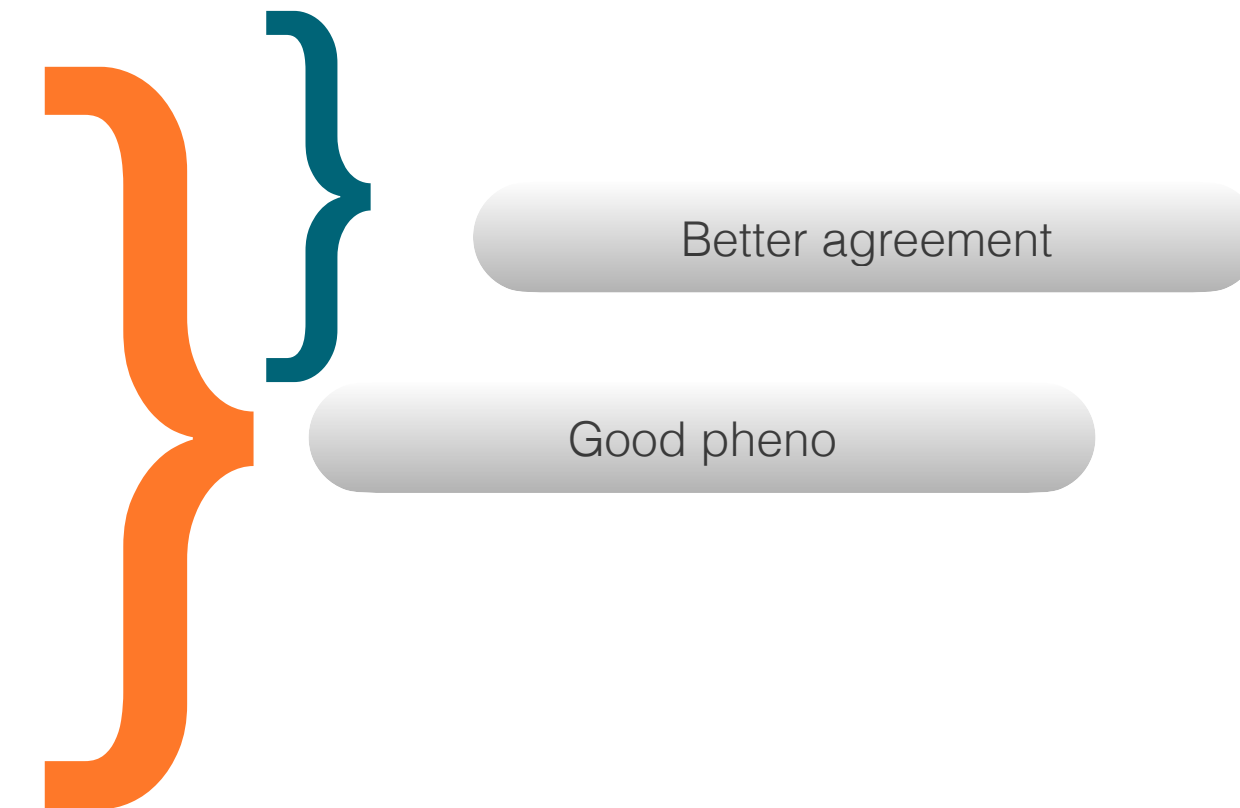
6 possible choices for  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$

$\alpha=\mu$  and  $\beta=\tau$

$$M_N = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & y_1^N \langle \phi_1 \rangle & y_2^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle \\ y_1^N \langle \phi_1 \rangle & y_3^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle & 0 \\ y_2^N \langle \phi_2 \rangle & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Charged leptons diagonal

$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	Neutrino mass matrix	Type	NSI parameters
0	-1	-2	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$A_1$	$\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
0	-2	-1	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$A_2$	$\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
-1	0	-2	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & 0 & \times \\ 0 & 0 & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$B_3$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
-1	-2	0	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$B_4$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$
-2	-1	0	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & 0 \\ \times & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\times$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$
-2	0	-1	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & 0 & 0 \\ \times & 0 & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$\times$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$



# Lepton flavored $U(1)' = U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

Frampton, Glashow, Marfatia, PLB (2002)

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

Gauge  $U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$

- Anomaly free
- 3 RH neutrinos
- 2 U(1) breaking scalar fields

$$\frac{1}{2}M_{Z'}^2 = g'^2 \frac{1}{2}(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$$

↑  $\langle\phi_1\rangle$      ↑  $\langle\phi_2\rangle$

$$U(1) \begin{matrix} \phi_1 & \phi_2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

Neutrino phenomenology

$$-\mathcal{L}_{Majorana} = \frac{1}{2}M_1\bar{N}_1^c N_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_1^N\bar{N}_1^c N_2\phi_1 + \frac{1}{2}y_2^N\bar{N}_1^c N_3\phi_2 + \frac{1}{2}y_3^N\bar{N}_2^c N_2$$

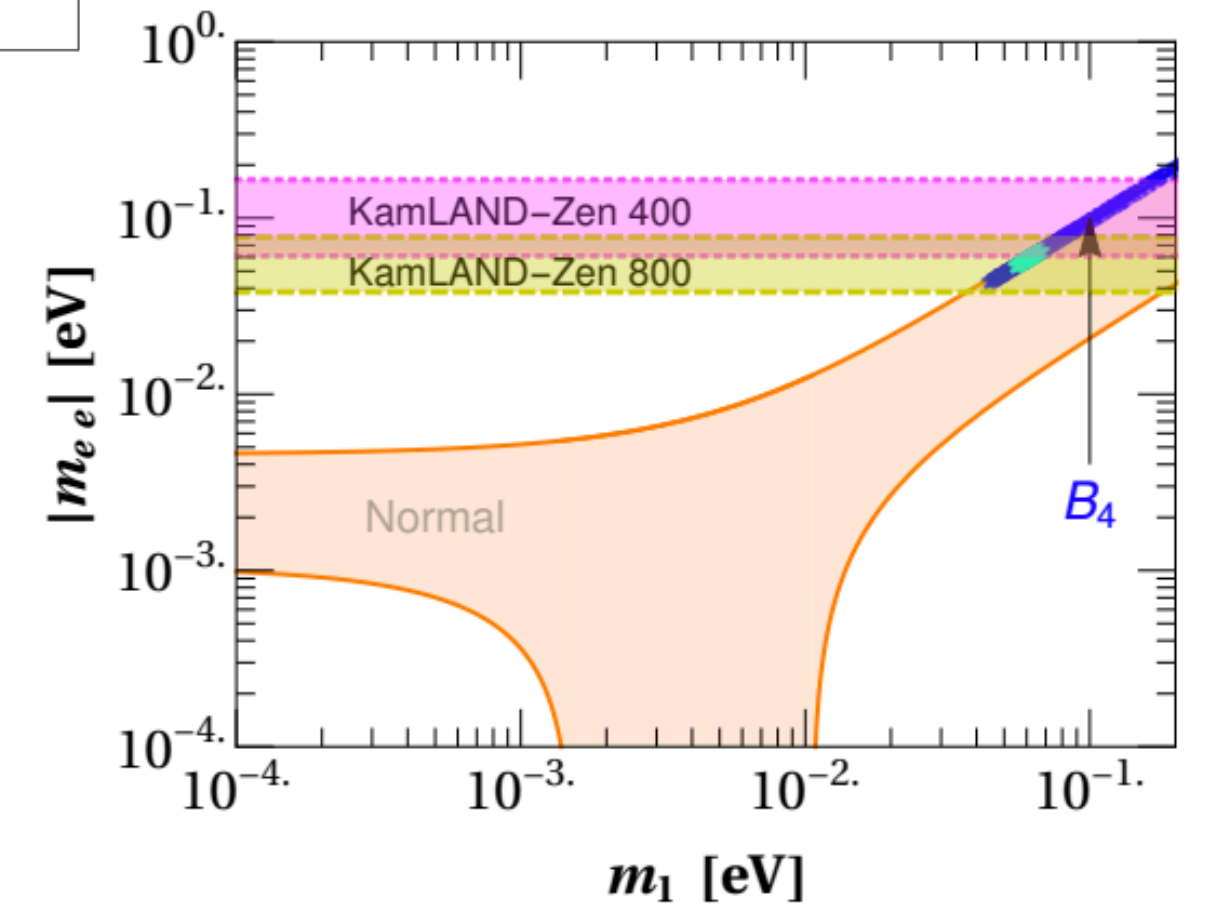
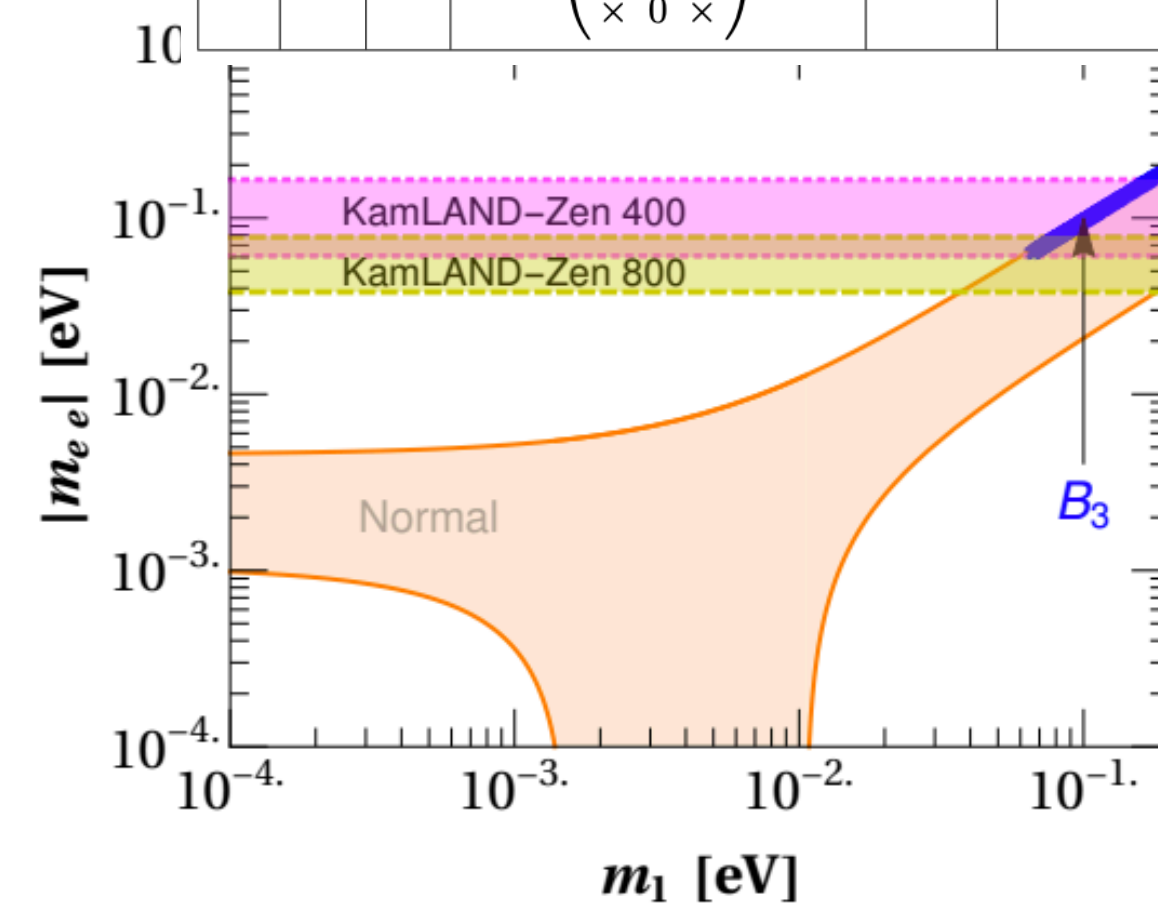
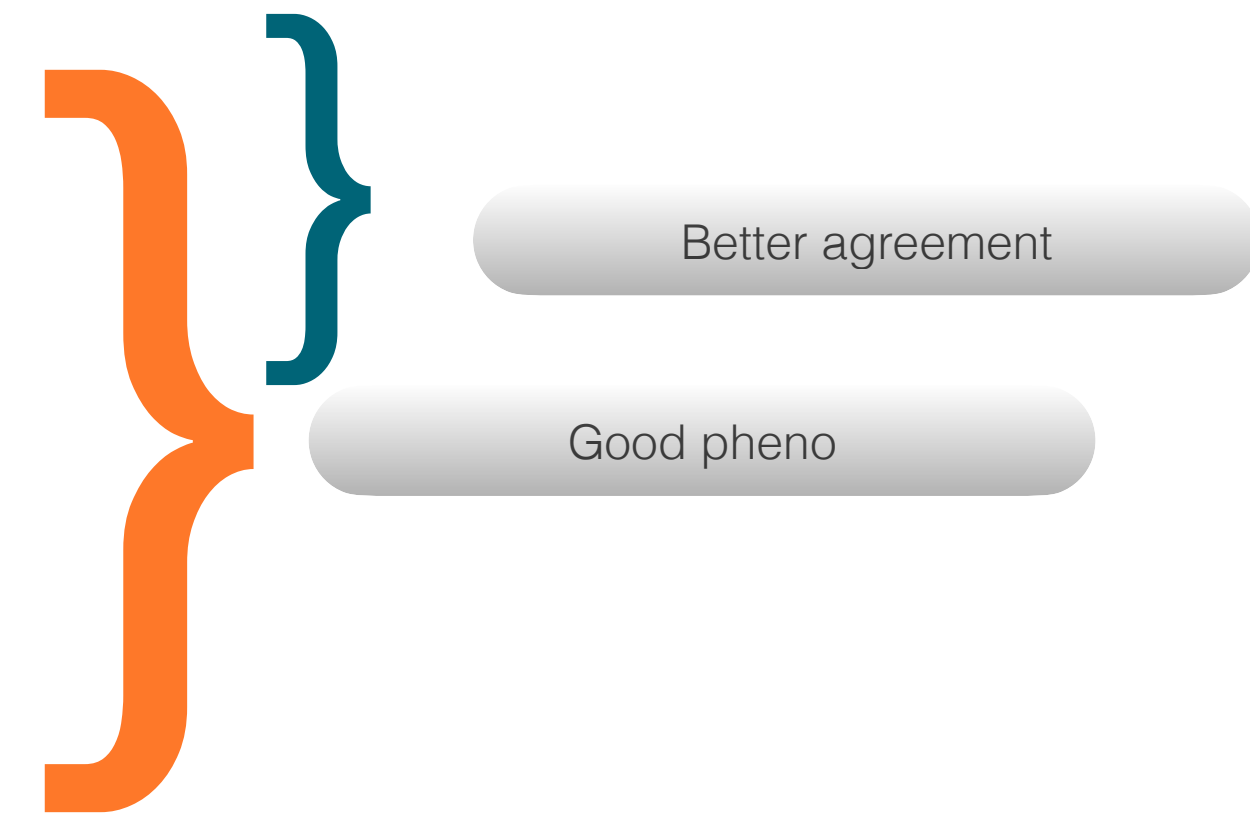
6 possible choices for  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$

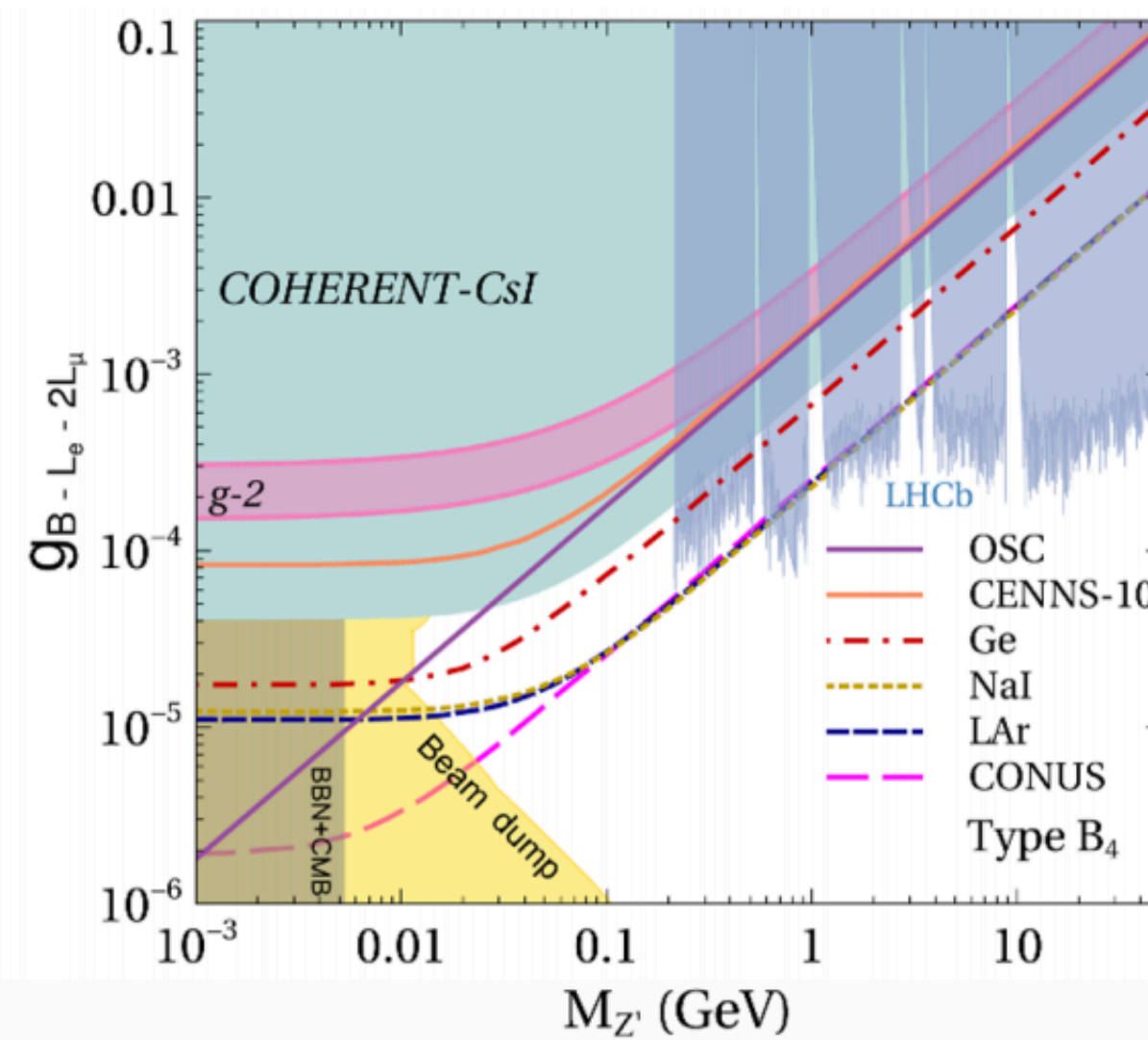
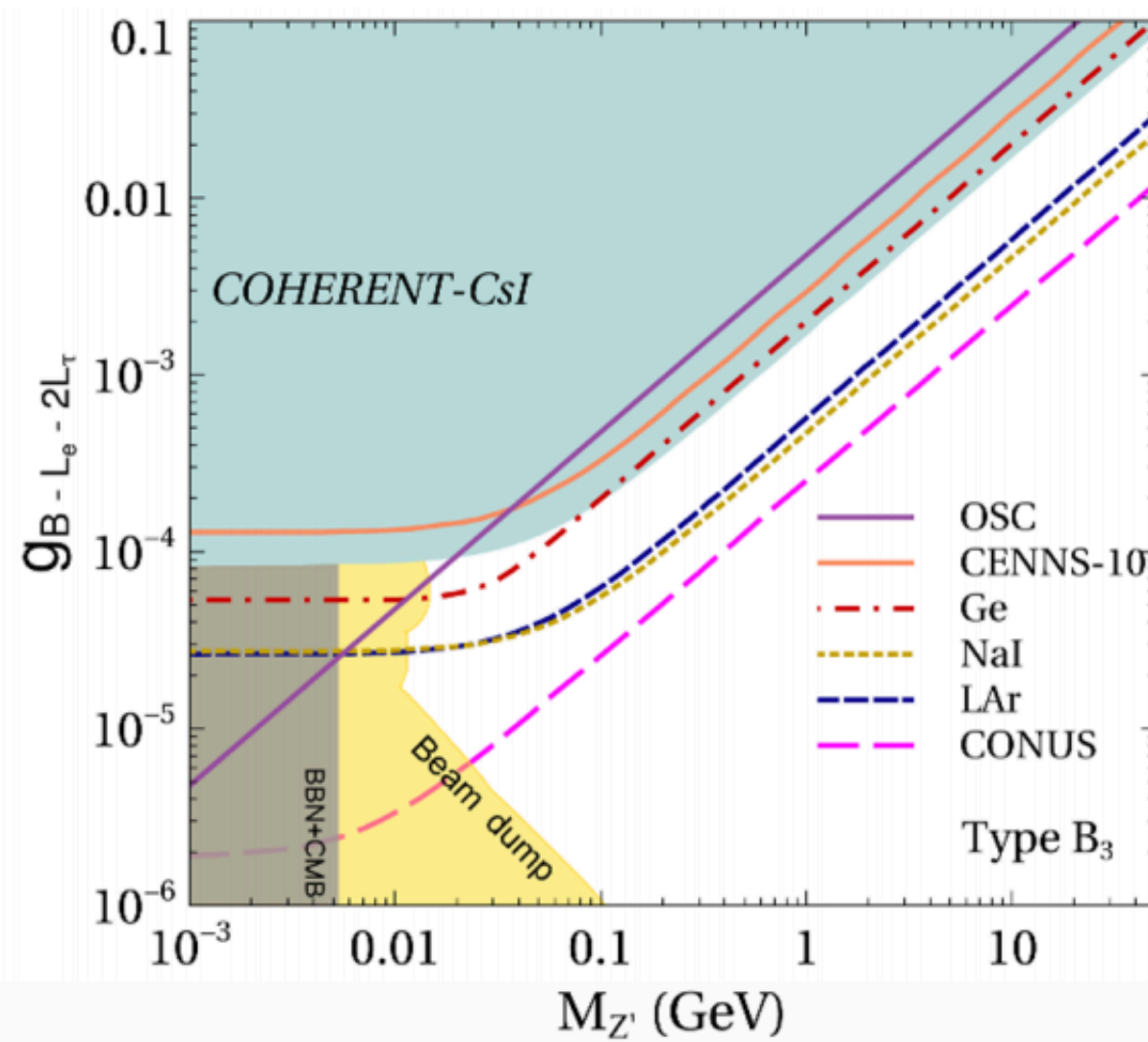
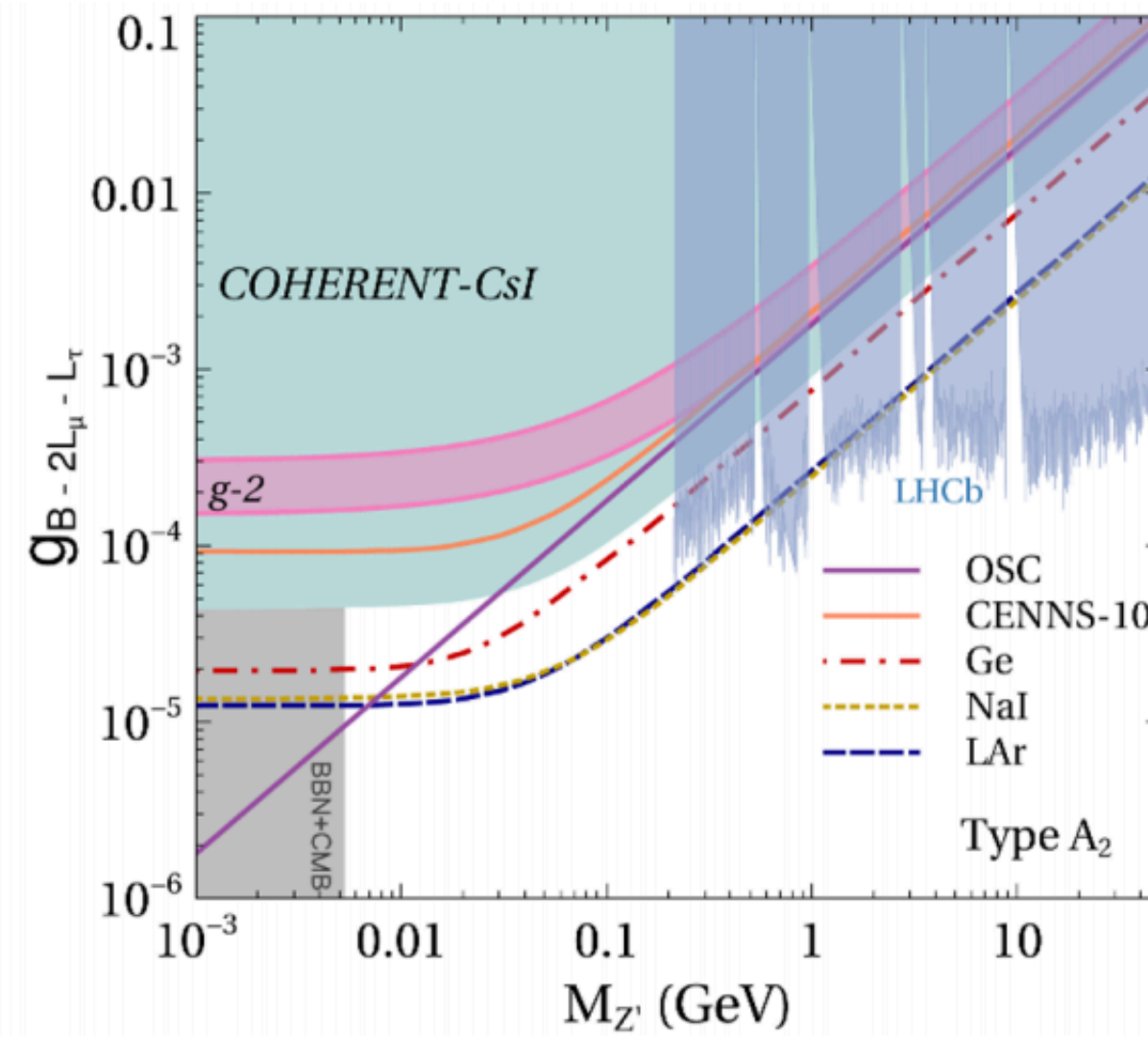
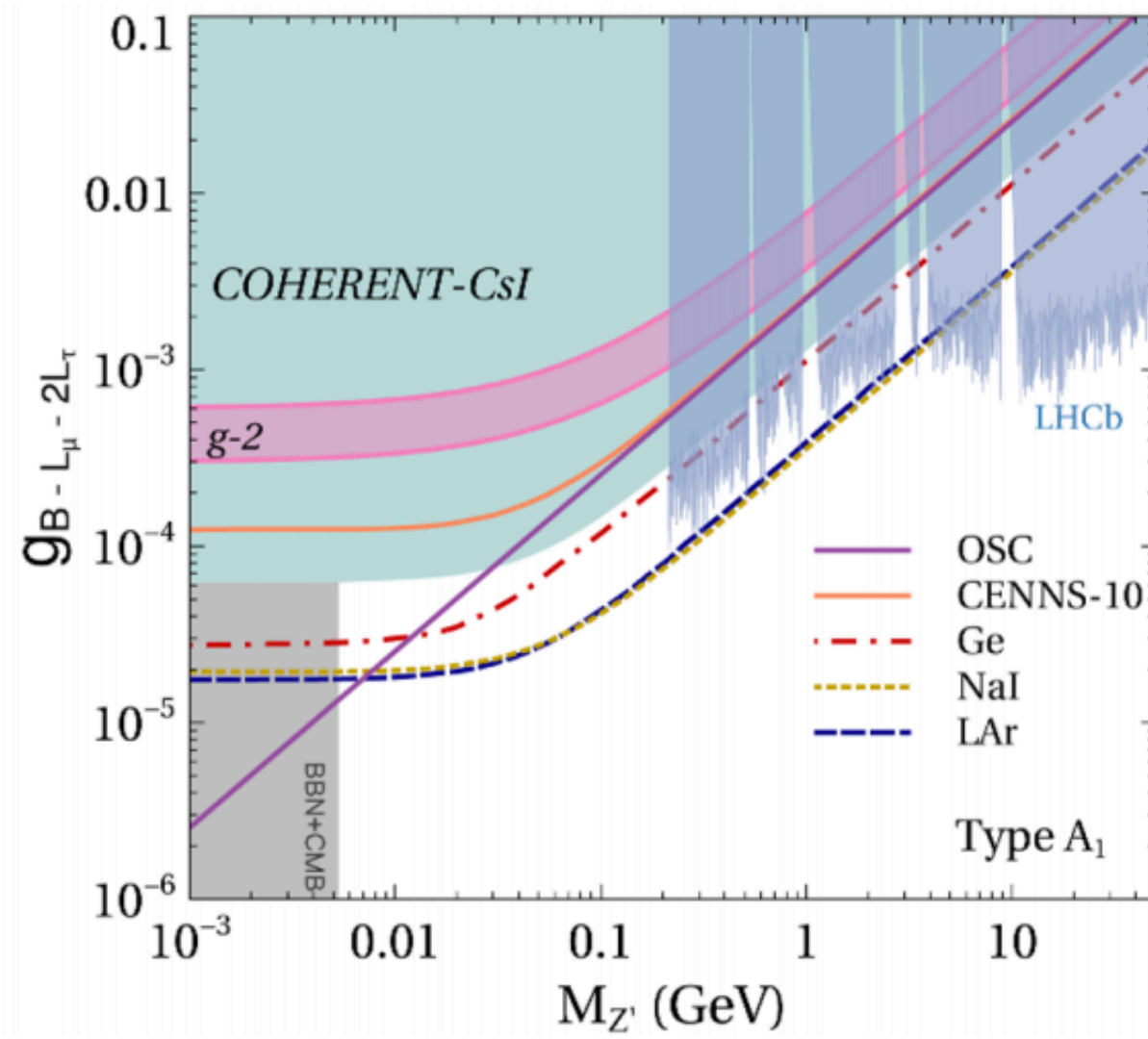
$\alpha=\mu$  and  $\beta=\tau$

$$M_N = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & y_1^N\langle\phi_1\rangle & y_2^N\langle\phi_2\rangle \\ y_1^N\langle\phi_1\rangle & y_3^N\langle\phi_2\rangle & 0 \\ y_2^N\langle\phi_2\rangle & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Charged leptons diagonal

$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	Neutrino mass matrix	Type	NSI parameters
0	-1	-2	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$A_1$	$\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
0	-2	-1	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$A_2$	$\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
-1	0	-2	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & 0 & \times \\ 0 & 0 & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$B_3$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$
-1	-2	0	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$B_4$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$
-2	-1	0	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & 0 \\ \times & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\times$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\mu\mu}$
-2	0	-1	$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & 0 & 0 \\ \times & 0 & \times \end{pmatrix}$	$\times$	$\epsilon_{ee}$ & $\epsilon_{\tau\tau}$





$$\frac{1}{2}M_{Z'}^2 = g'^2 \frac{1}{2}(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$$

$$M_{Z'} = 0.1 \text{ GeV}$$

$$g' = 2.8 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$v_1 \approx 3 \text{ TeV} \quad v_2 \approx 1 \text{ TeV}$$

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

Darkcast  
Ilten, Soreq, Williams and Xue, JHEP (2018)

Symmetry/Field	$Q$	$u$	$d$	$L_e$	$L_\mu$	$L_\tau$	$e_e$	$e_\mu$	$e_\tau$	$N_1$	$N_2$	$N_3$	$H$
$U(1)'$	1/3	1/3	1/3	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	0

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

Good  $\nu$  pheno



	$U(1)'$ models	Scalar Fields	Masses of $Z'$ ( $M_{Z'}^2$ )
<b>MI</b>	$U(1)_{B-L}$	$\phi_2$	$g'^2(4v_2^2)$
<b>MII</b>	$U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$
<b>MIII</b>	$U(1)'_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_4$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2 + 16v_4^2)$
<b>MIV</b>	$U(1)_{B-3L_\alpha}$	$\phi_3, \phi_6$	$g'^2(9v_3^2 + 36v_6^2)$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

Symmetry/Field	$Q$	$u$	$d$	$L_e$	$L_\mu$	$L_\tau$	$e_e$	$e_\mu$	$e_\tau$	$N_1$	$N_2$	$N_3$	$H$
$U(1)'$	1/3	1/3	1/3	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	0

Good  $\nu$  pheno



	$U(1)'$ models	Scalar Fields	Masses of $Z'$ ( $M_{Z'}^2$ )
<b>MI</b>	$U(1)_{B-L}$	$\phi_2$	$g'^2(4v_2^2)$
<b>MII</b>	$U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$
<b>MIII</b>	$U(1)'_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_4$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2 + 16v_4^2)$
<b>MIV</b>	$U(1)_{B-3L_\alpha}$	$\phi_3, \phi_6$	$g'^2(9v_3^2 + 36v_6^2)$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

4 different cases, two-zero textures, good pheno and predictions

Symmetry/Field	$Q$	$u$	$d$	$L_e$	$L_\mu$	$L_\tau$	$e_e$	$e_\mu$	$e_\tau$	$N_1$	$N_2$	$N_3$	$H$
$U(1)'$	1/3	1/3	1/3	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	0

Good  $\nu$  pheno



	$U(1)'$ models	Scalar Fields	Masses of $Z'$ ( $M_{Z'}^2$ )
<b>MI</b>	$U(1)_{B-L}$	$\phi_2$	$g'^2(4v_2^2)$
<b>MII</b>	$U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$
<b>MIII</b>	$U(1)'_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_4$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2 + 16v_4^2)$
<b>MIV</b>	$U(1)_{B-3L_\alpha}$	$\phi_3, \phi_6$	$g'^2(9v_3^2 + 36v_6^2)$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

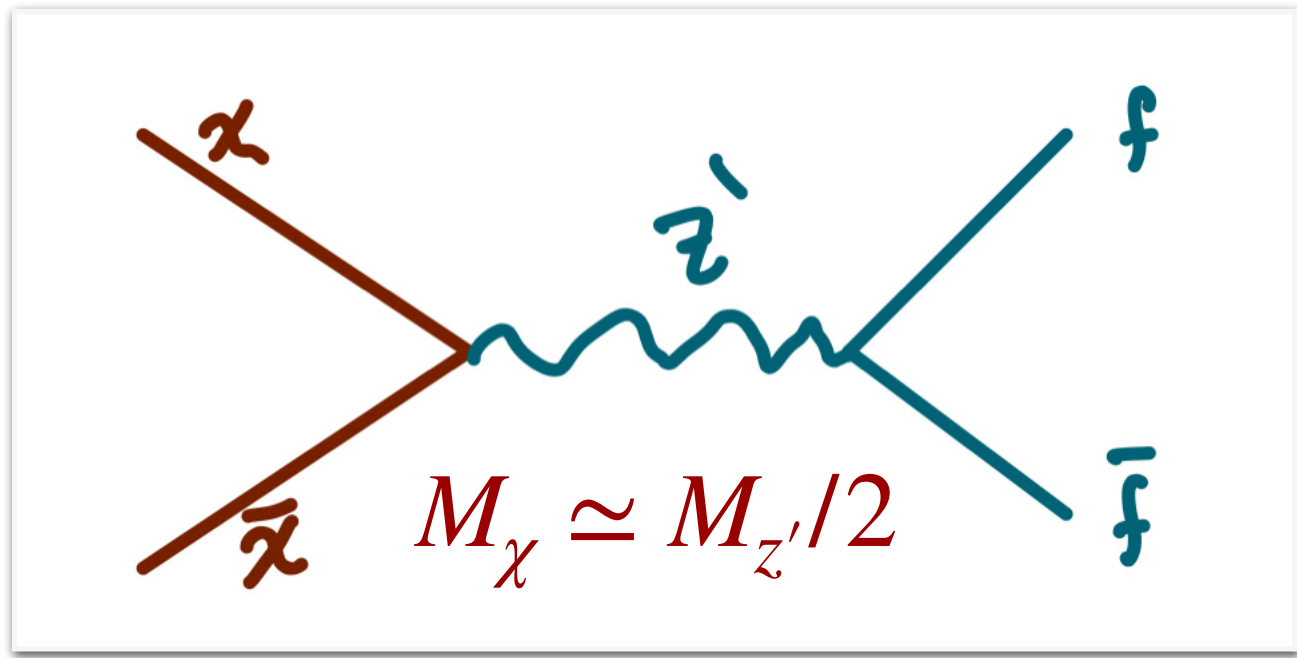
4 different cases, two-zero textures, good pheno and predictions

2 different cases, one-zero textures, good pheno and prediction

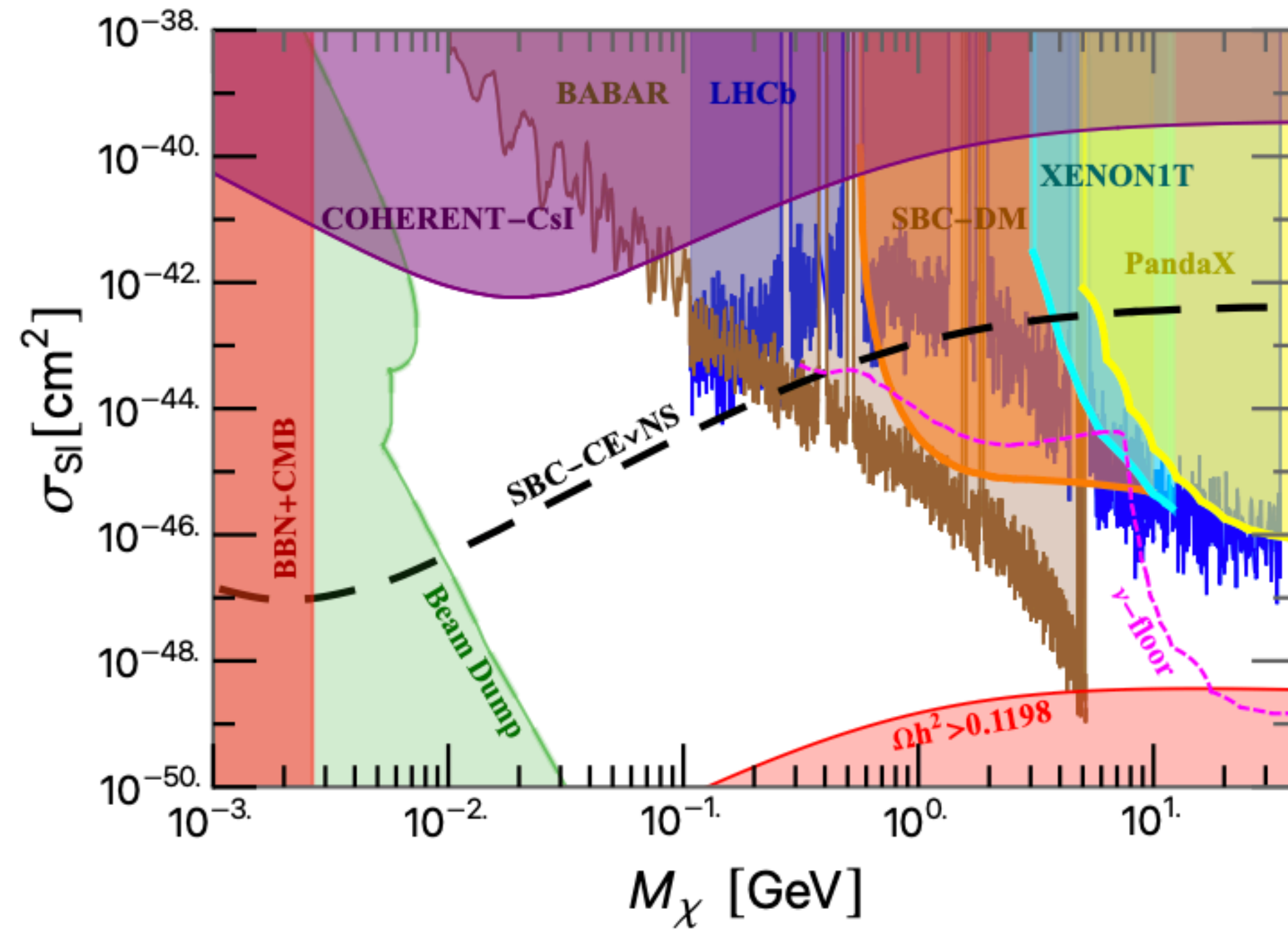
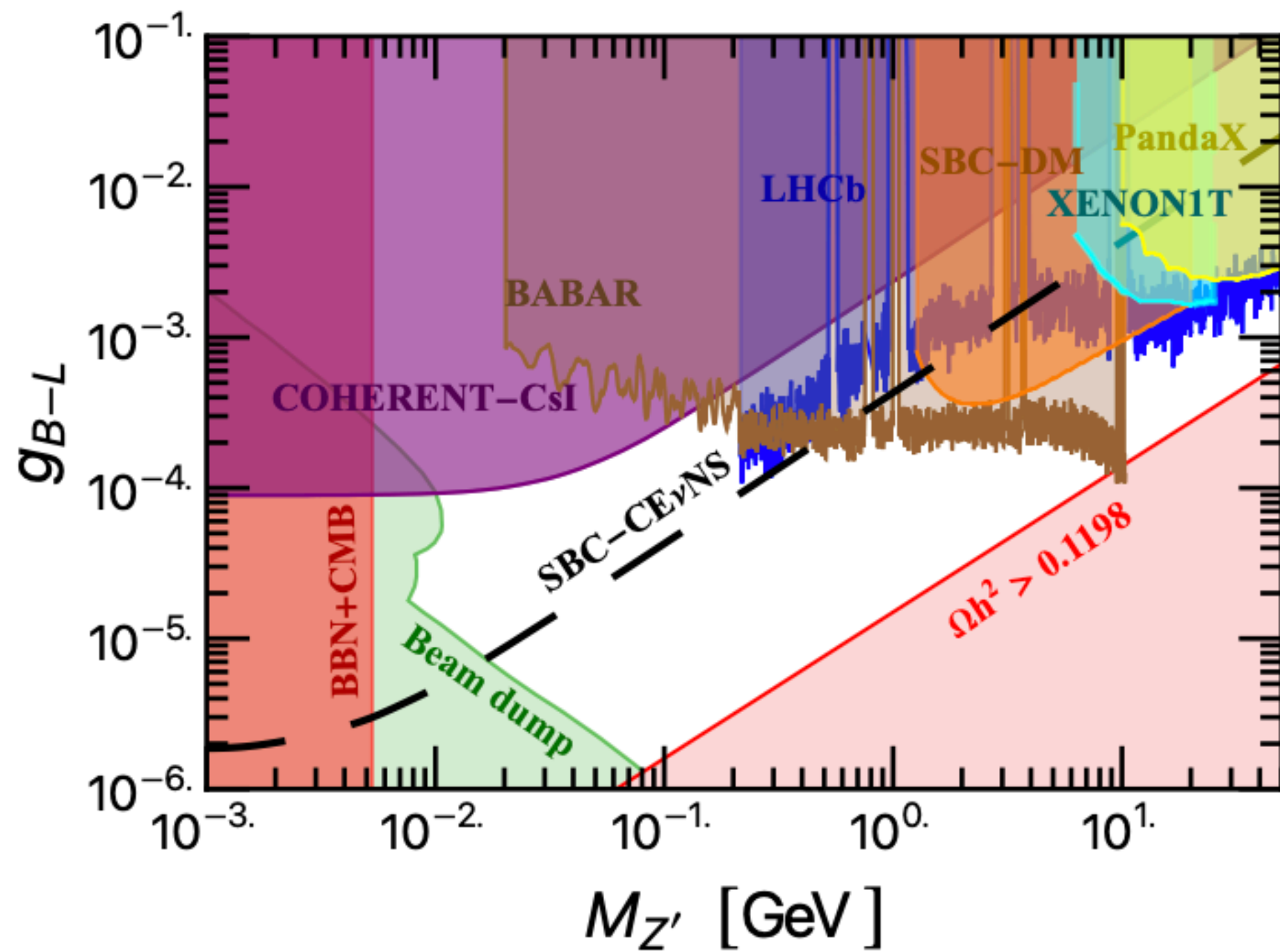
# CEvNS and DM searches complementarity

LMG de la Vega, L. Flores, N. Nath, EP JHEP (2021)

$$U(1)_{B-L}$$



$$Q_\chi = 1/3$$

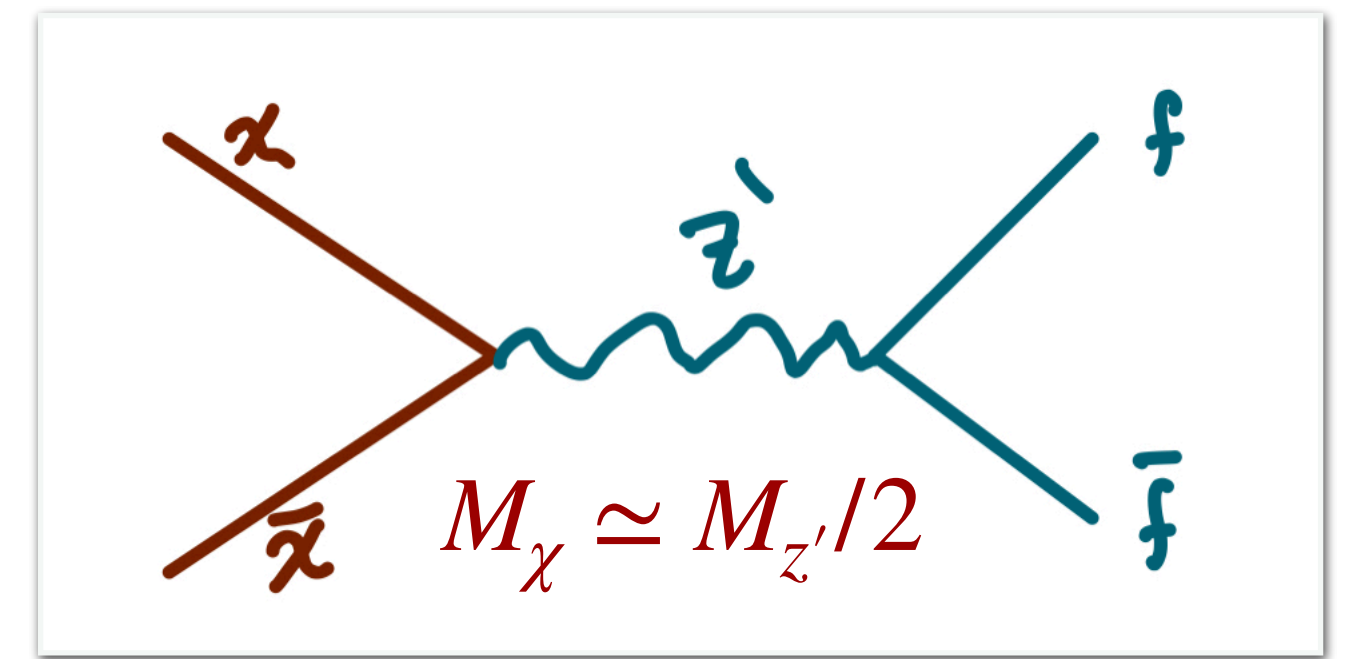


# CEvNS and DM searches complementarity

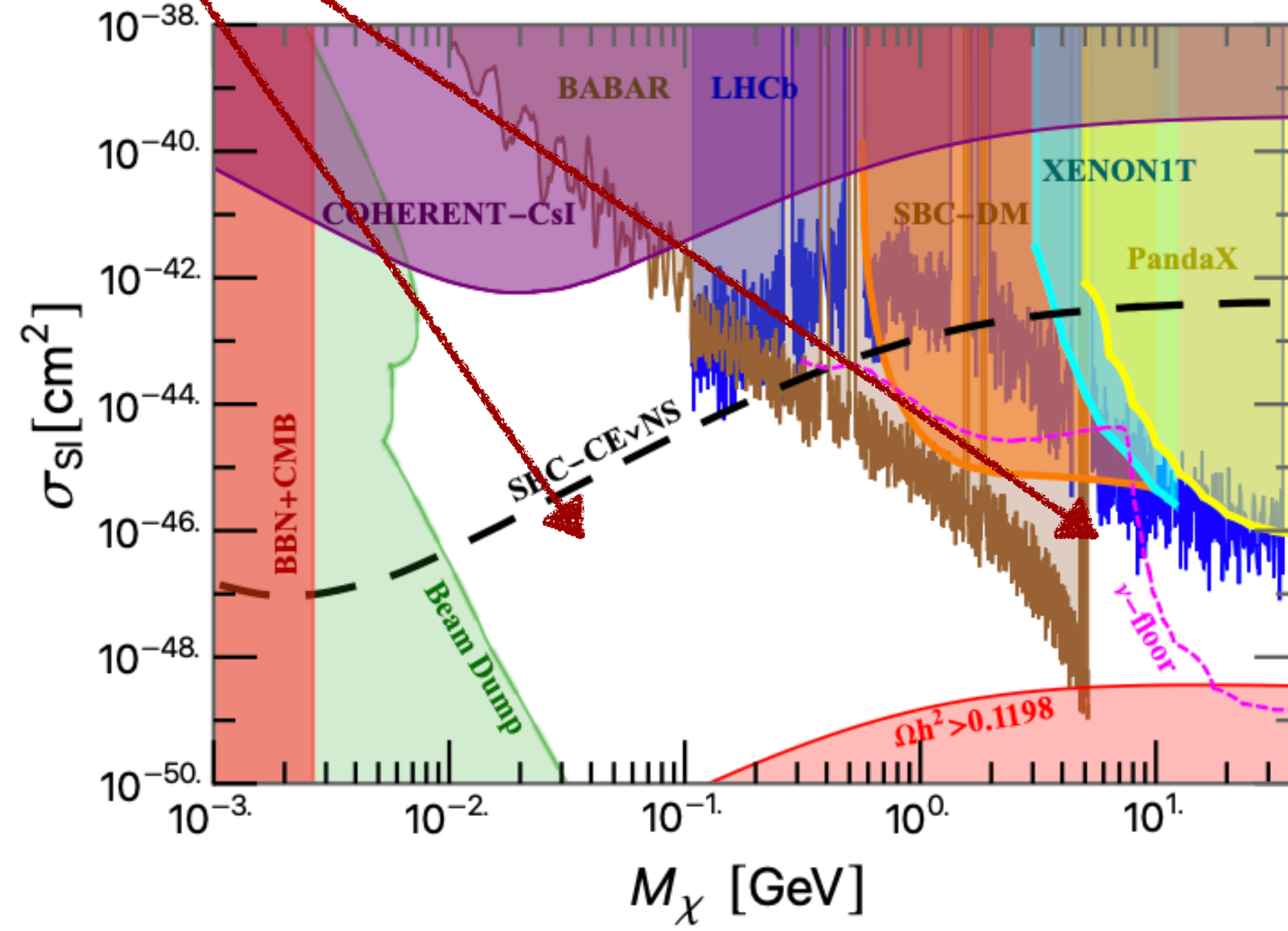
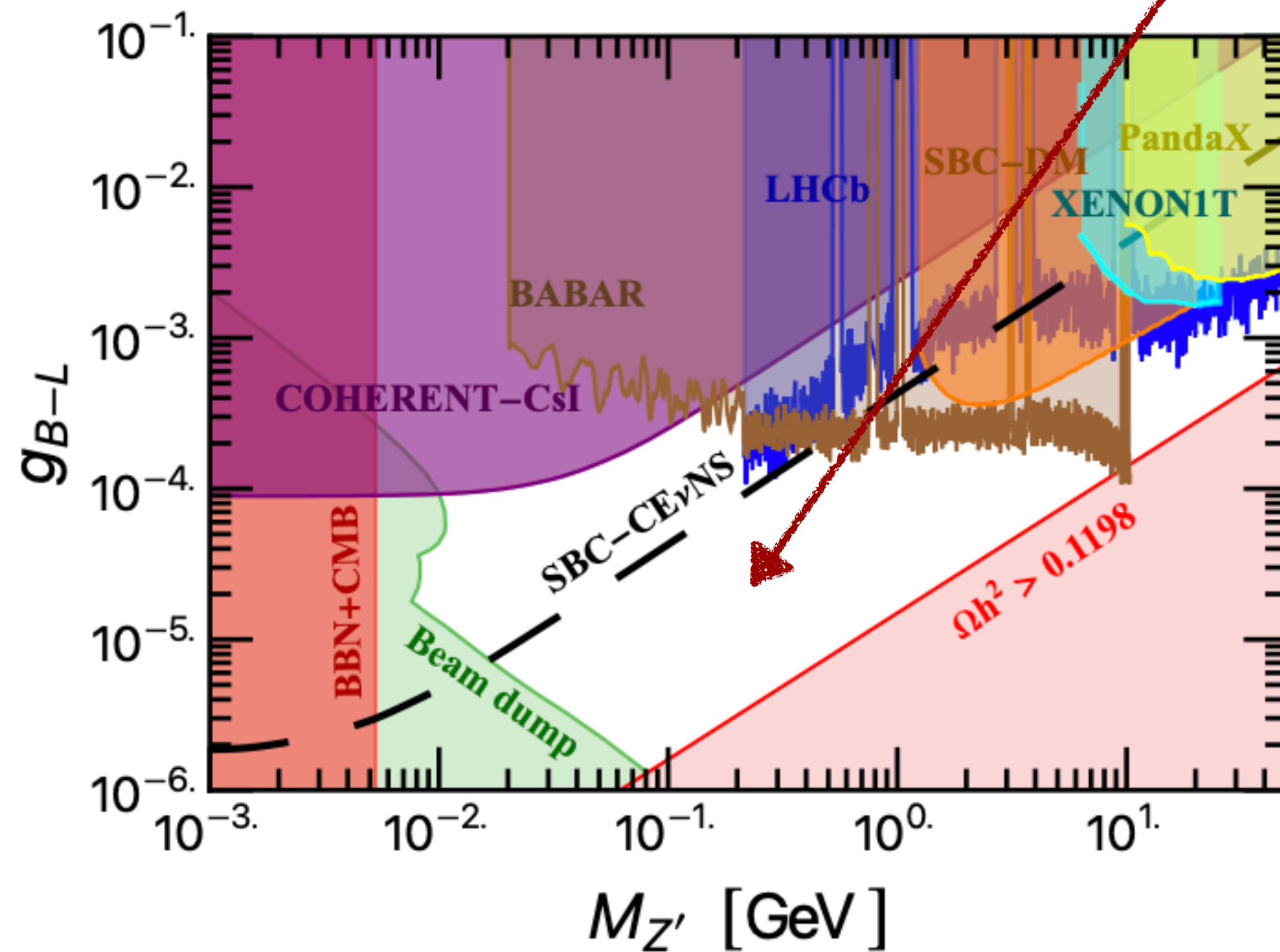
LMG de la Vega, L. Flores, N. Nath, EP JHEP (2021)

$$U(1)_{B-L}$$

$$Q_\chi = 1/3$$

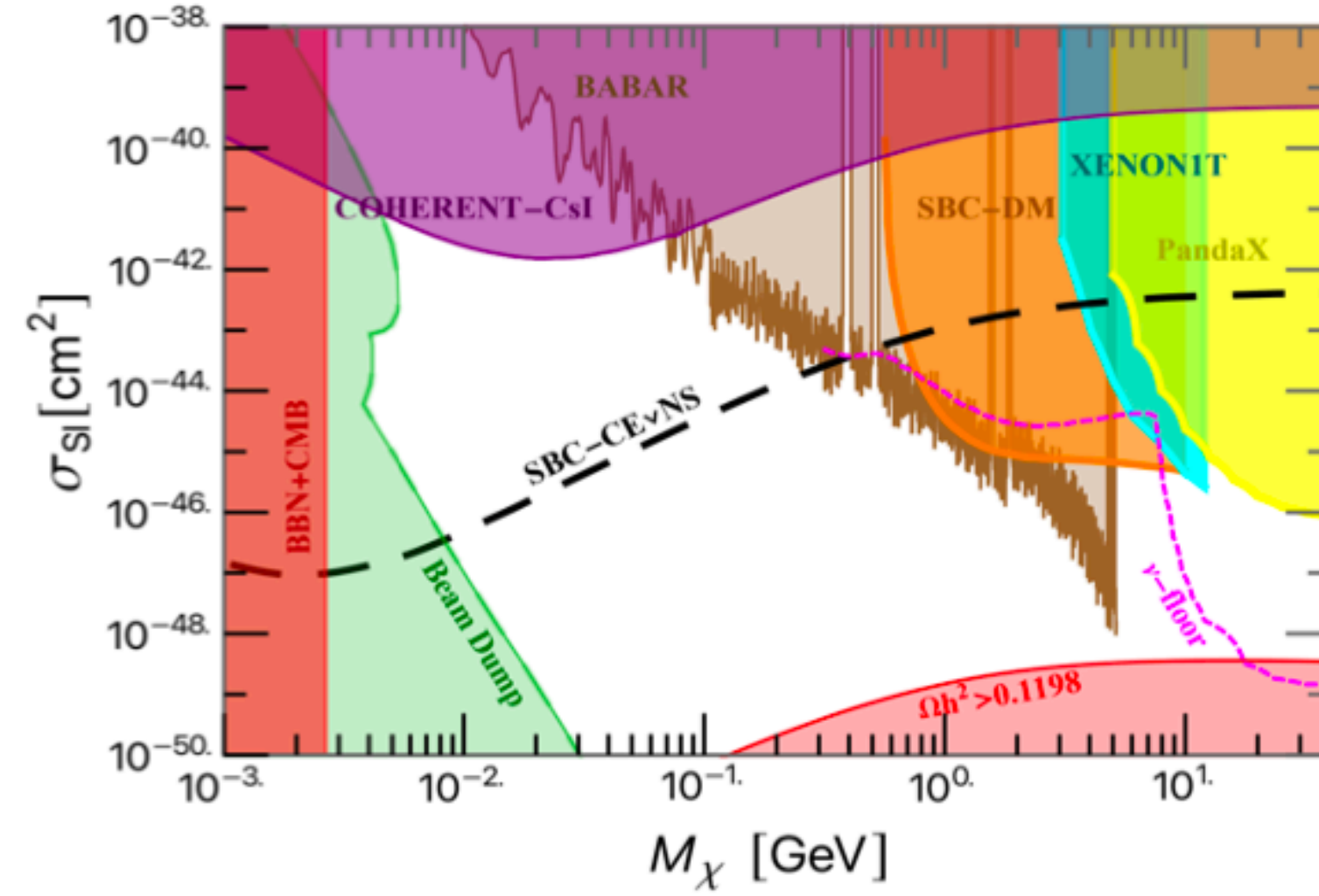
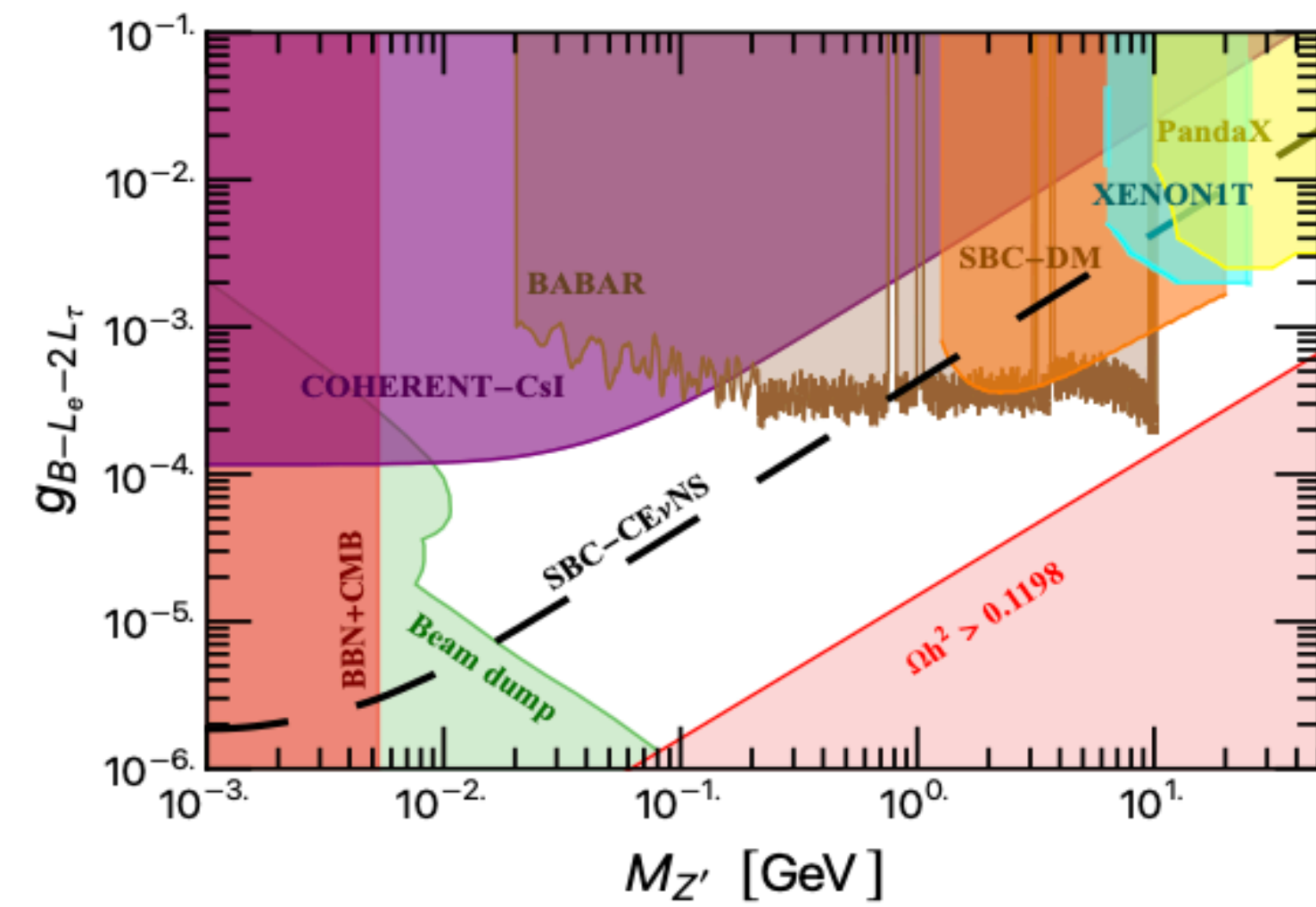
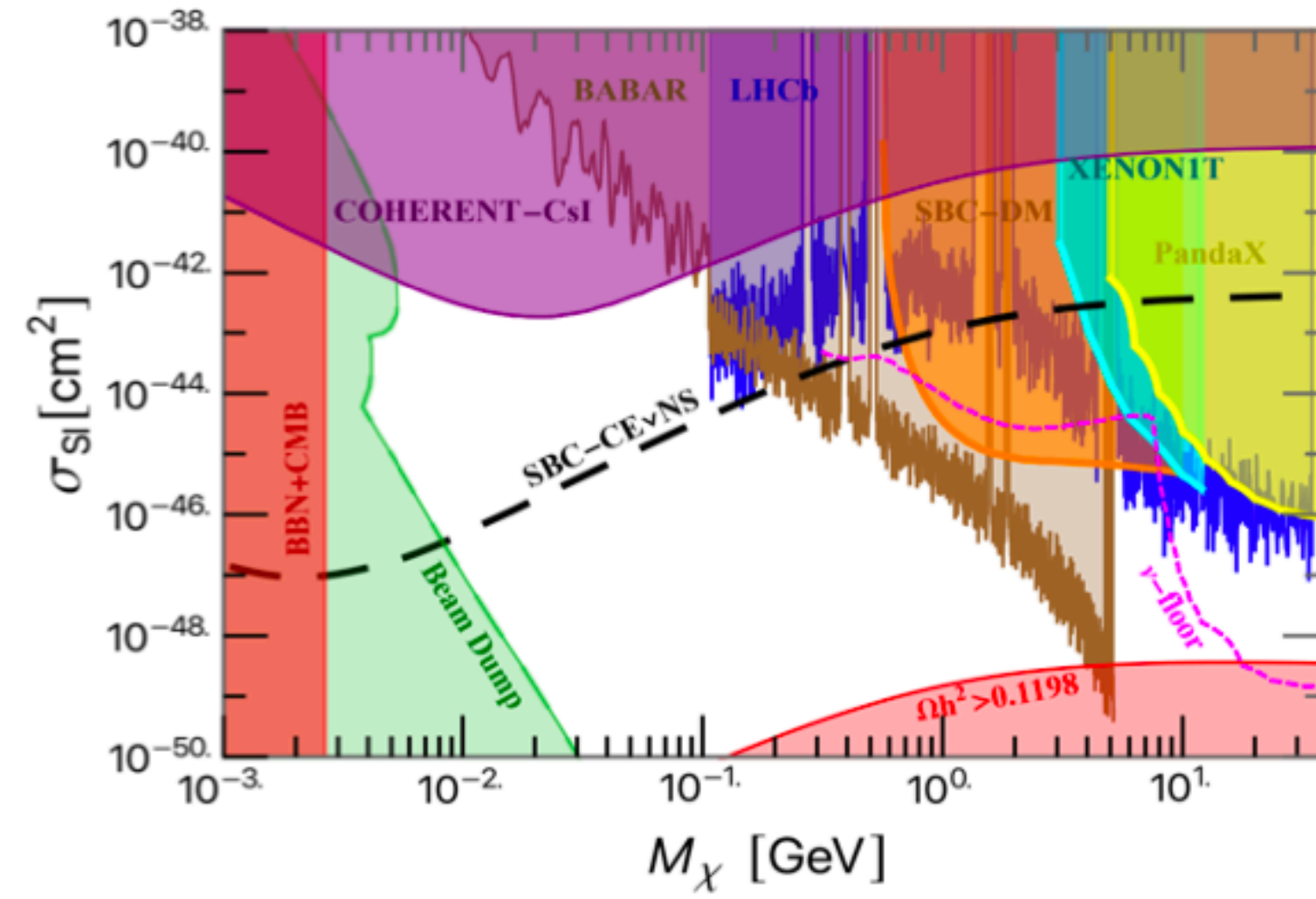
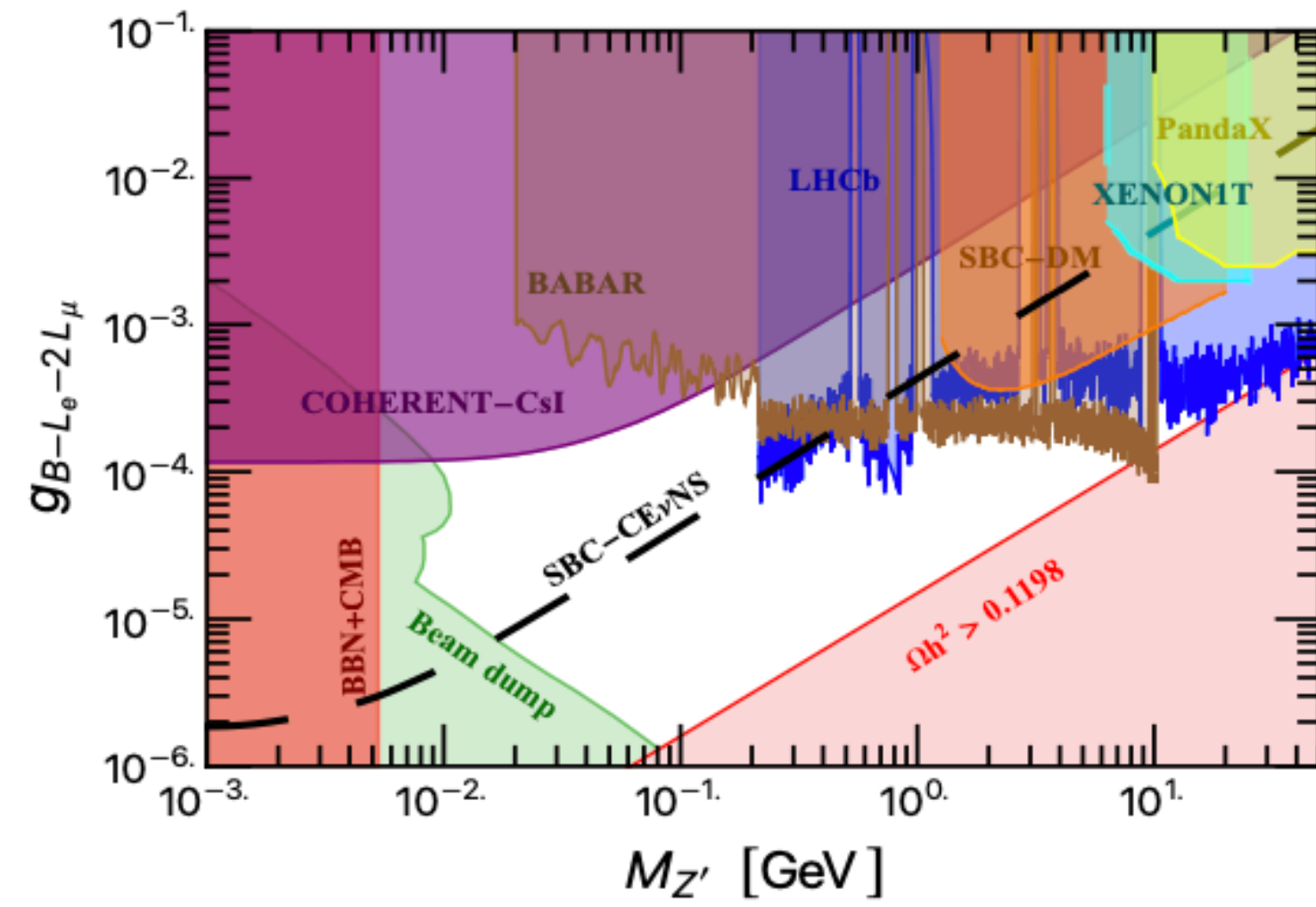


Allowed Region





LMG de la Vega, L. Flores, N. Nath JHEP (2021)

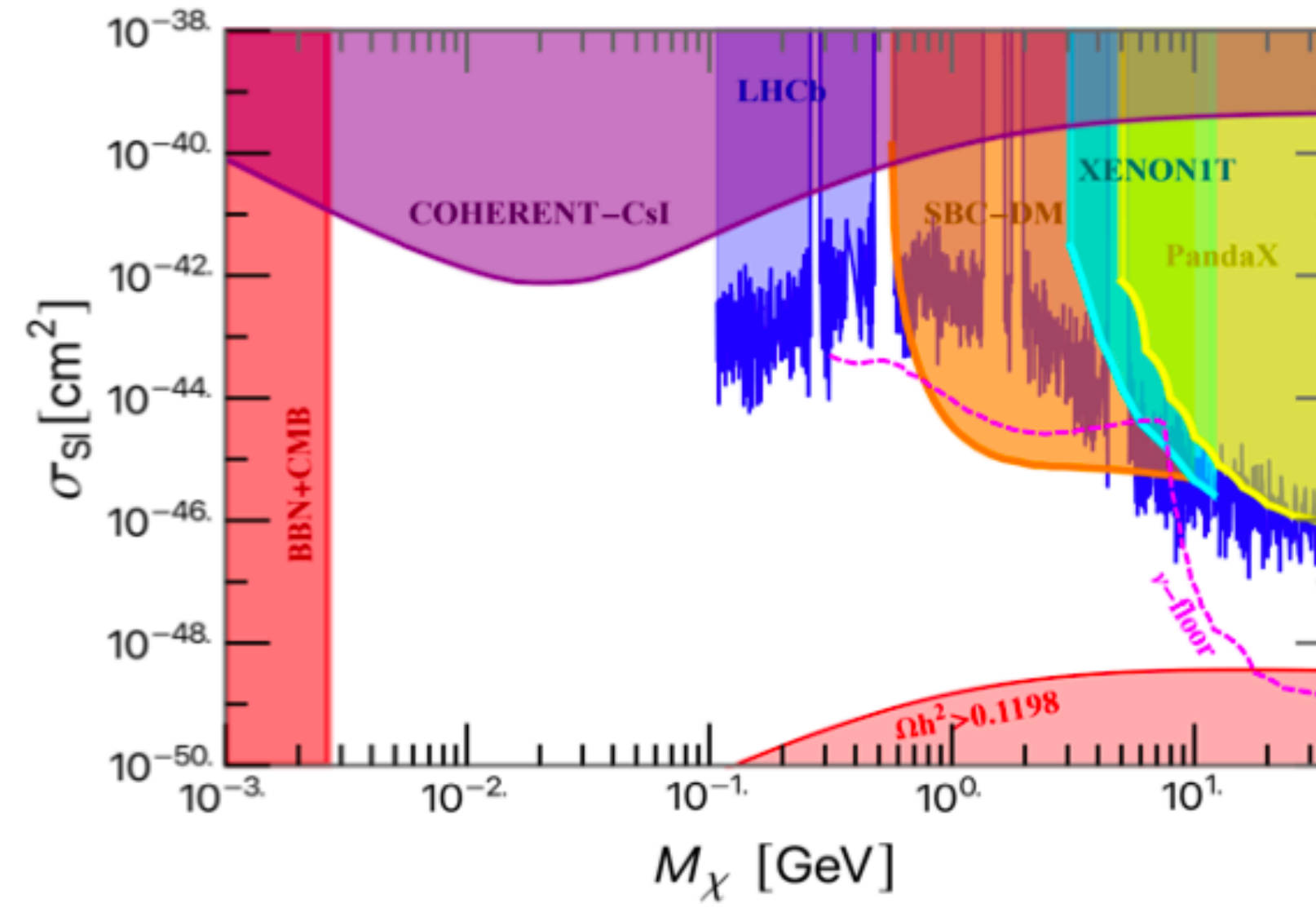
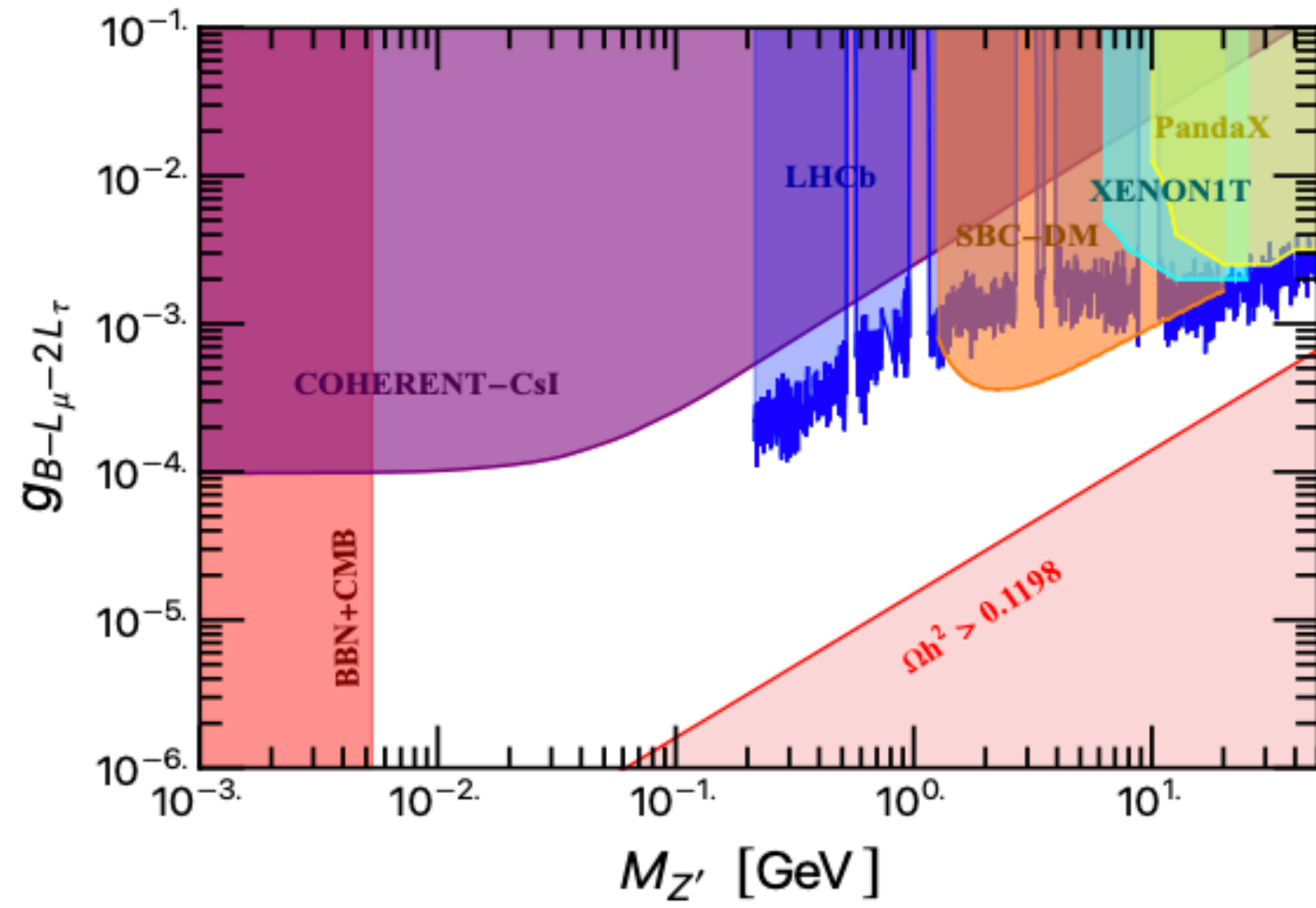


$$U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$$

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

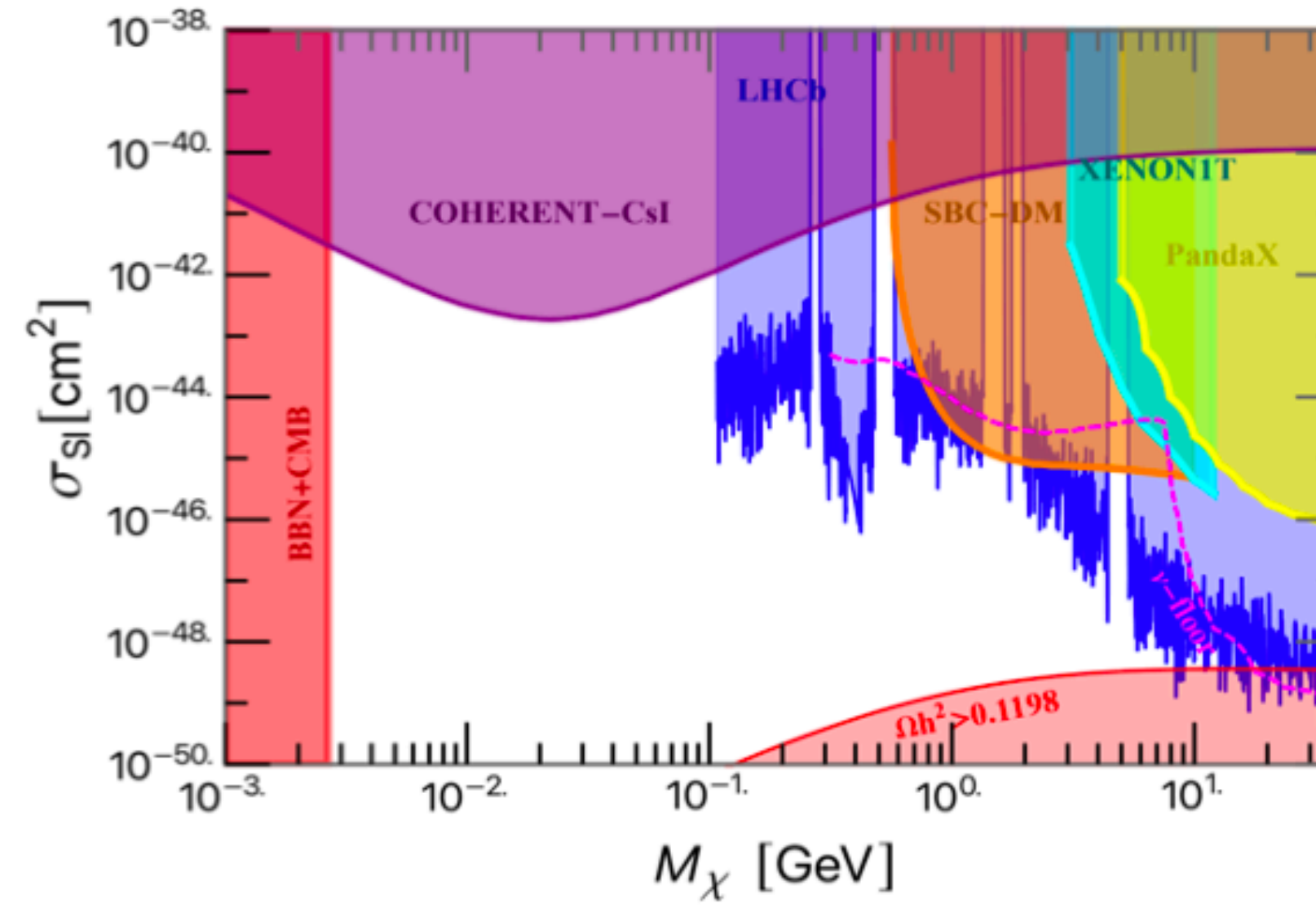
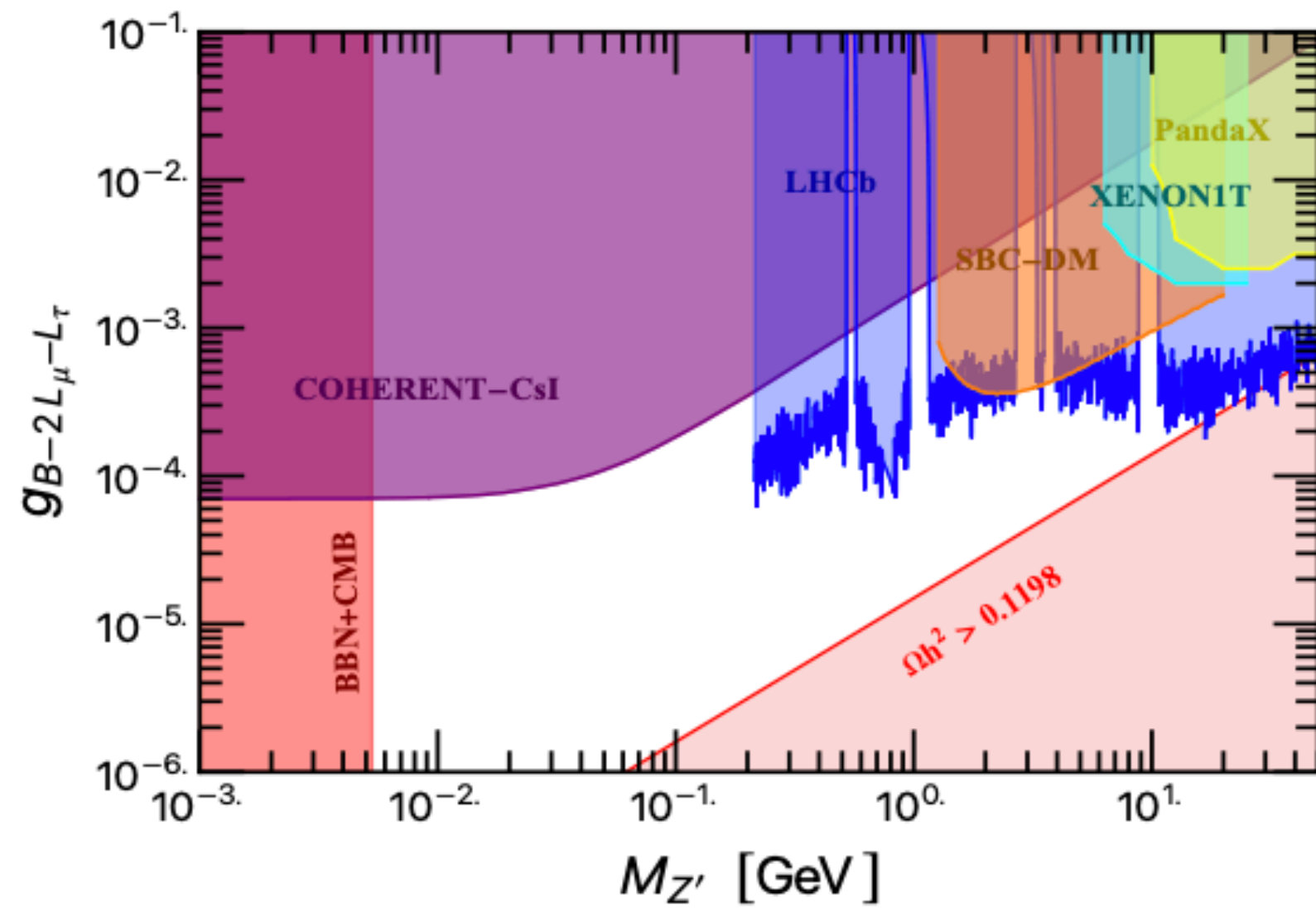
$B_4$

$B_3$

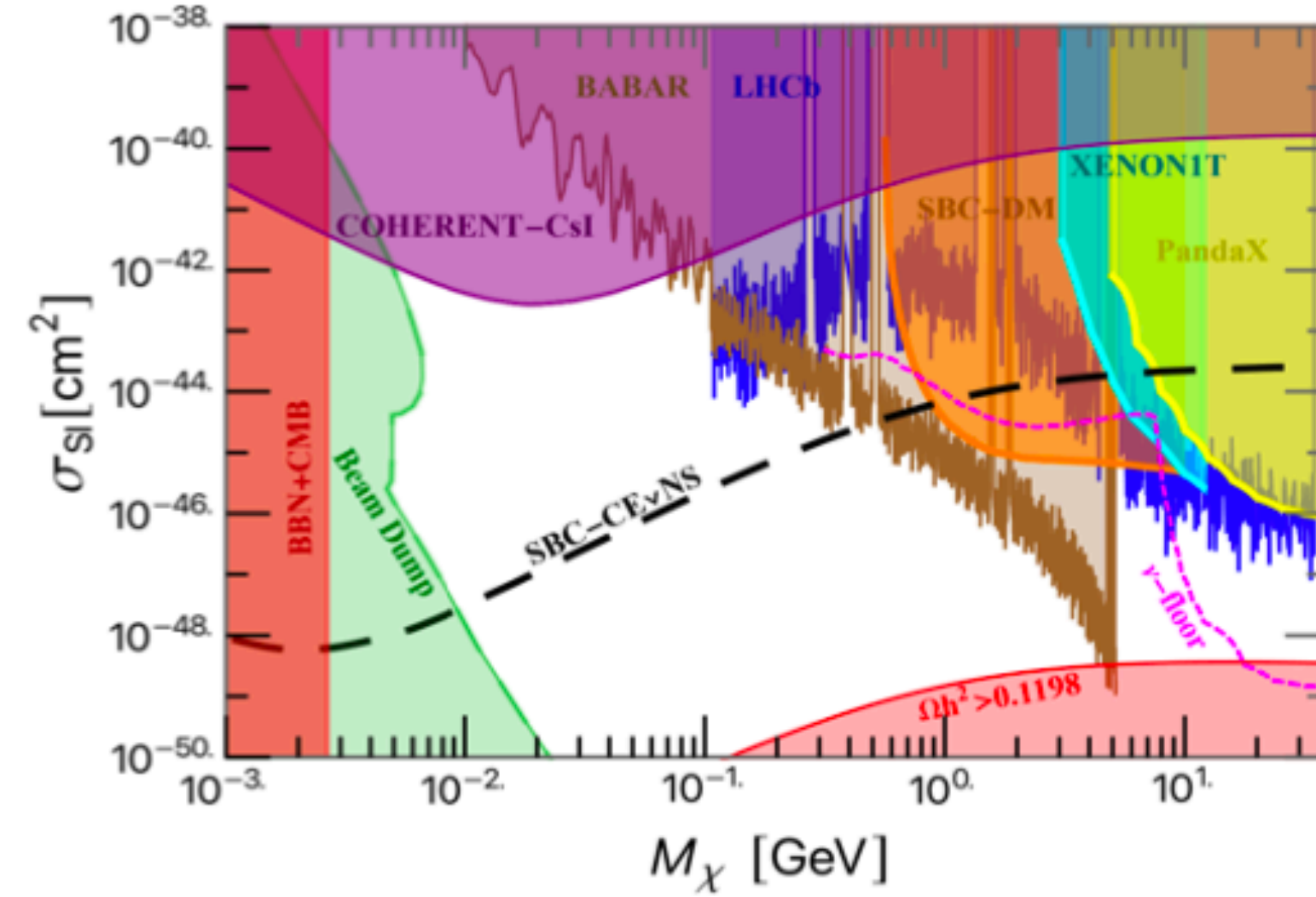
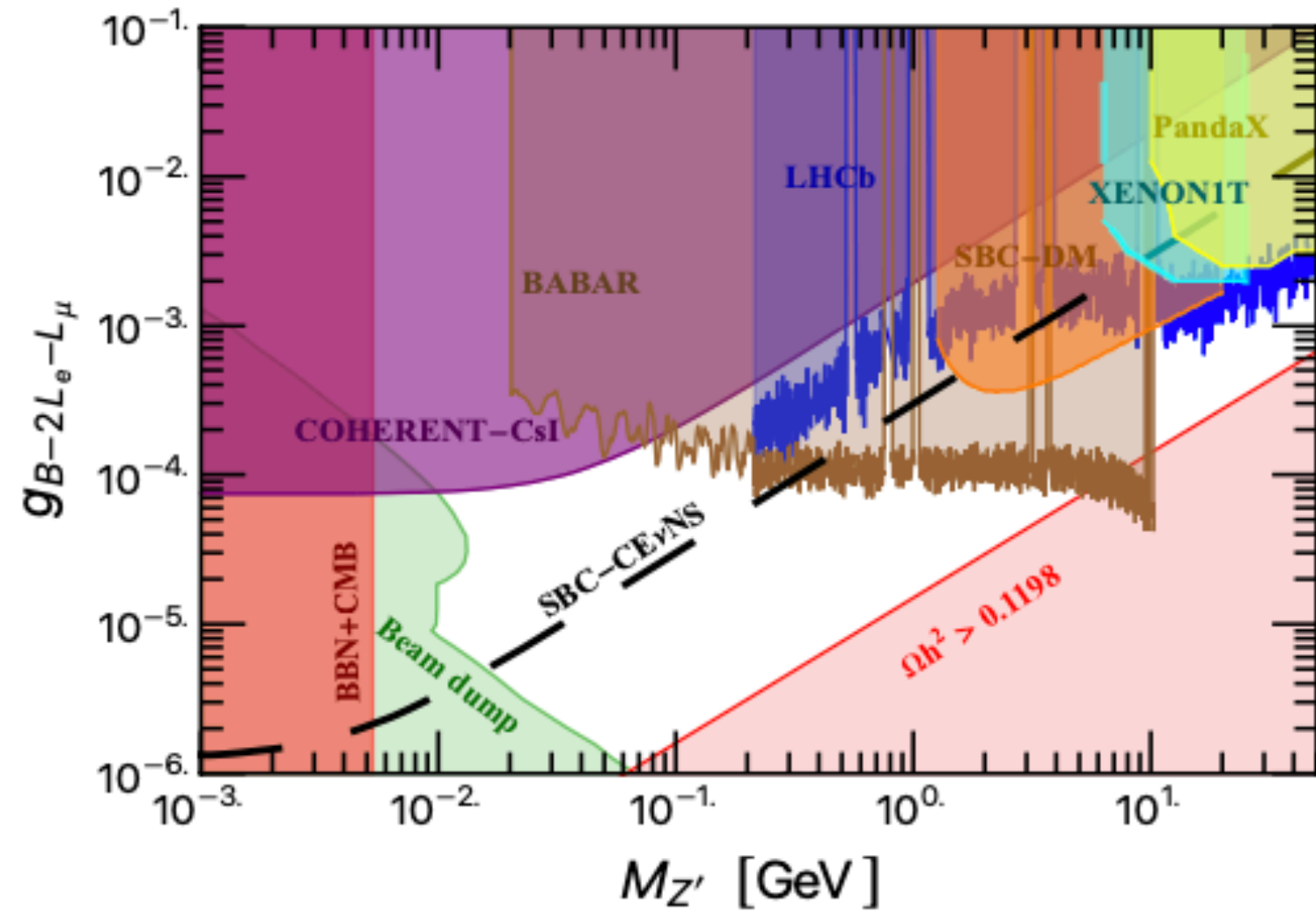


$A_1$

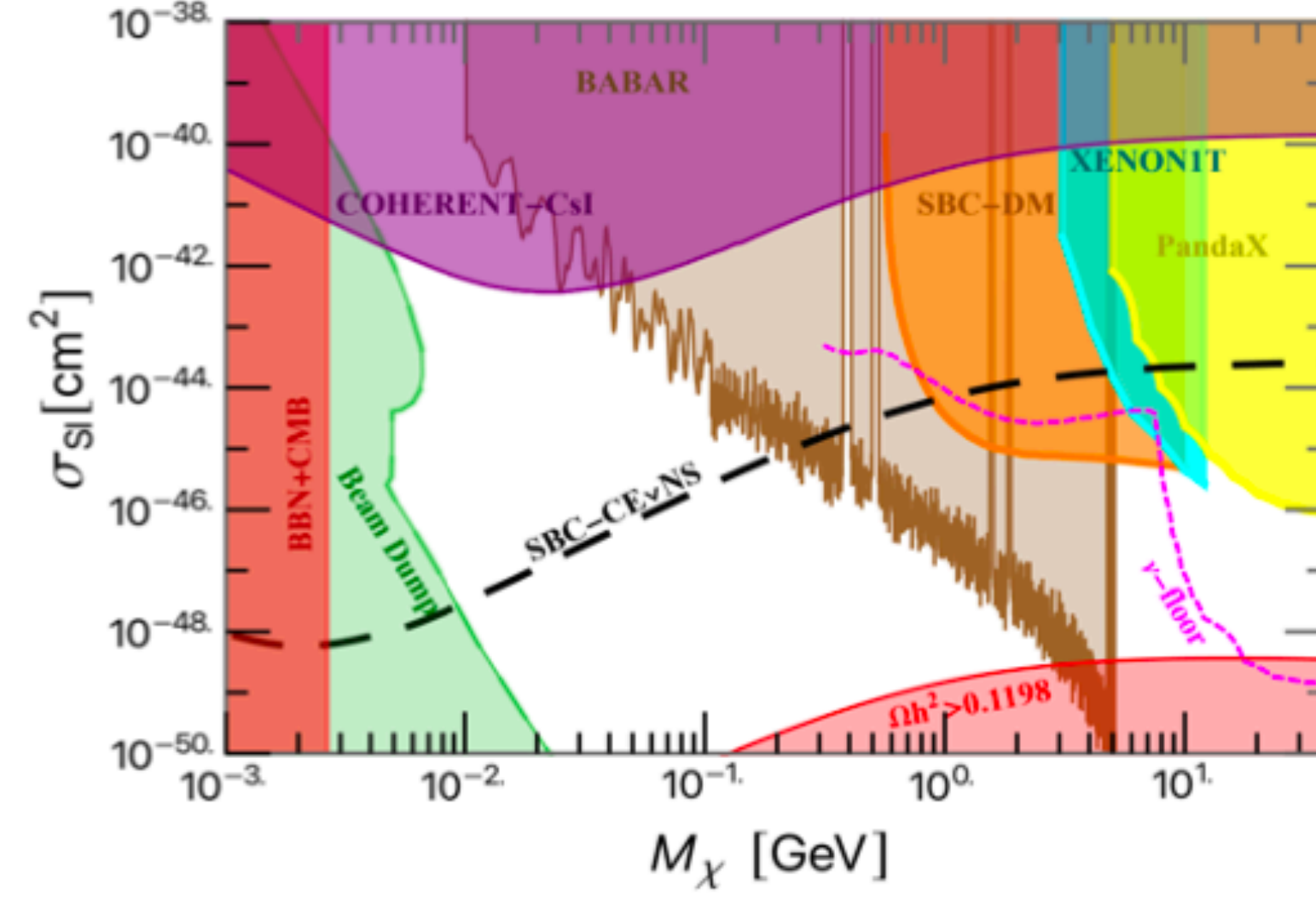
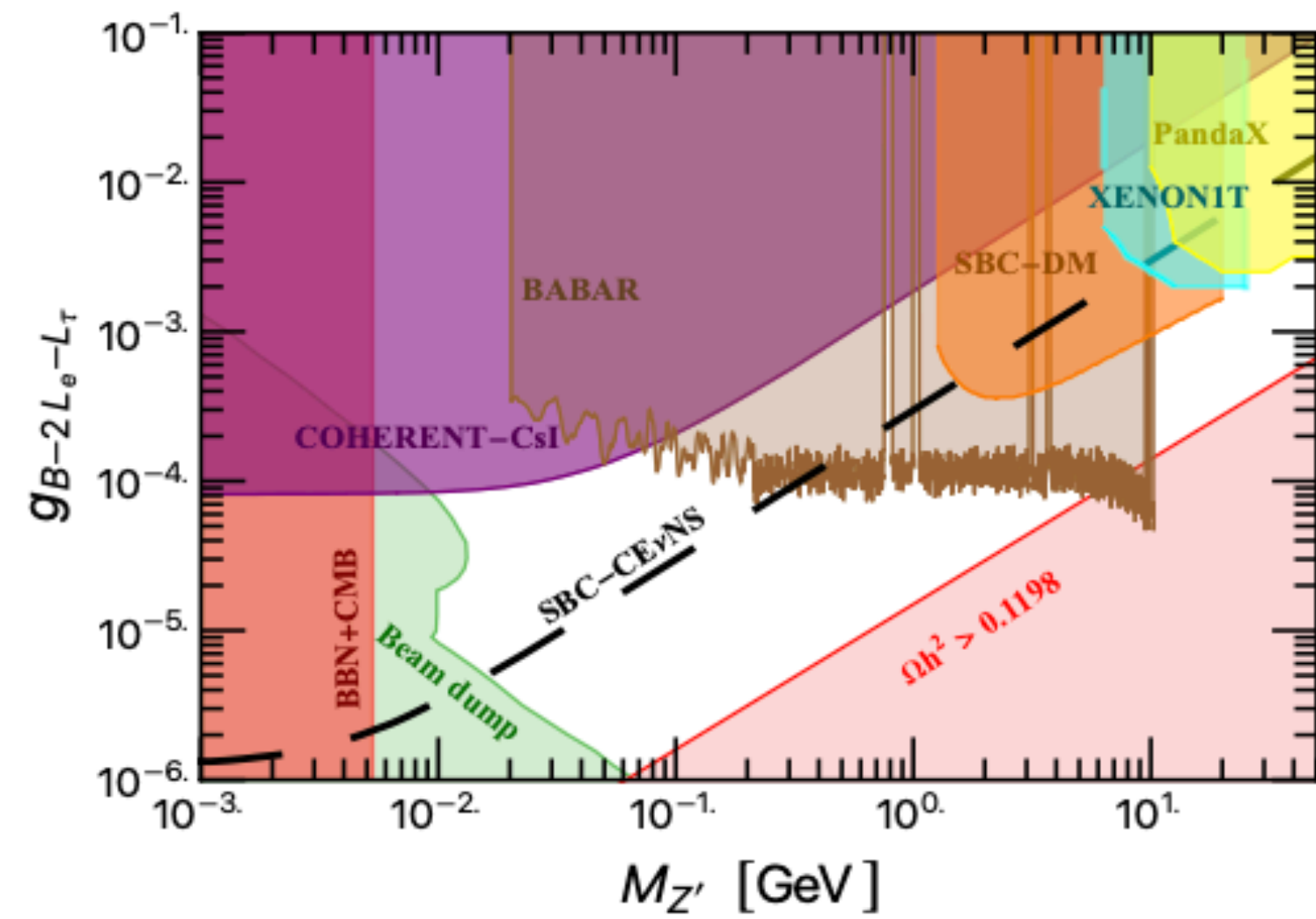
$m_{ee} = 0$



$A_2$

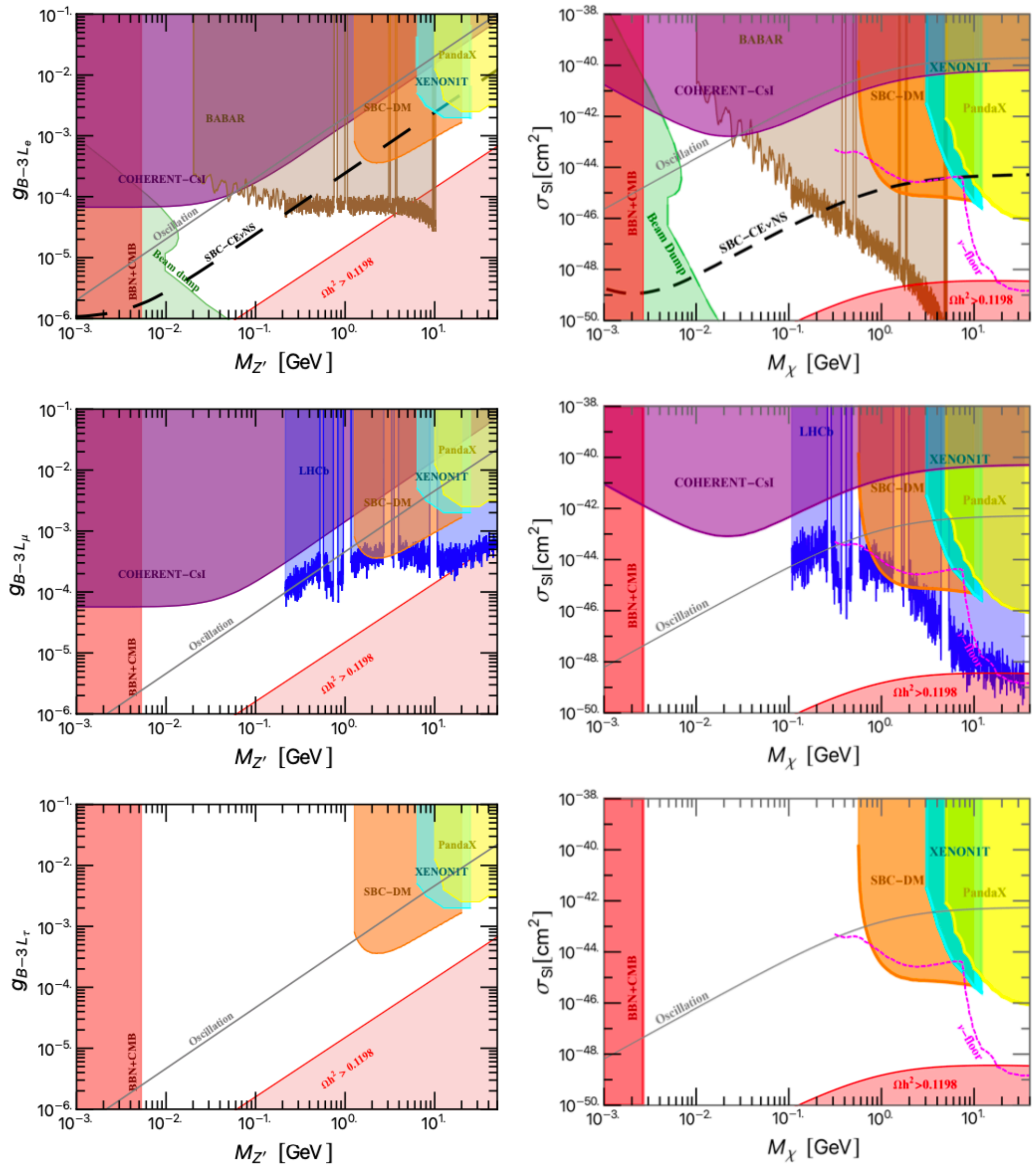


$$m_{12}m_{33} = m_{13}m_{23}$$



$$m_{12}m_{23} = m_{13}m_{22}$$

LMG de la Vega, L. Flores, N. Nath JHEP (2021)



Oscillation for  $U(1)_{B-3L_\alpha}$

P. Coloma, M. C. Gonzalez-Garcia, and M. Maltoni JHEP. (2021)

# Conclusions

- Light vector bosons can have a strong impact in low energy experiments
- CEvNS are competitive for light vector bosons with direct couplings to SM Fermions
- Complementarity between DM direct searches, collider and CEvNS experiments.

Symmetry/Field	$Q$	$u$	$d$	$L_e$	$L_\mu$	$L_\tau$	$e_e$	$e_\mu$	$e_\tau$	$N_1$	$N_2$	$N_3$	$H$
$U(1)'$	1/3	1/3	1/3	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	0

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

Good  $\nu$  pheno



	$U(1)'$ models	Scalar Fields	Masses of $Z'$ ( $M_{Z'}^2$ )
<b>MI</b>	$U(1)_{B-L}$	$\phi_2$	$g'^2(4v_2^2)$
<b>MII</b>	$U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$
<b>MIII</b>	$U(1)'_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_4$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2 + 16v_4^2)$
<b>MIV</b>	$U(1)_{B-3L_\alpha}$	$\phi_3, \phi_6$	$g'^2(9v_3^2 + 36v_6^2)$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

Symmetry/Field	$Q$	$u$	$d$	$L_e$	$L_\mu$	$L_\tau$	$e_e$	$e_\mu$	$e_\tau$	$N_1$	$N_2$	$N_3$	$H$
$U(1)'$	1/3	1/3	1/3	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	0

Good  $\nu$  pheno



	$U(1)'$ models	Scalar Fields	Masses of $Z'$ ( $M_{Z'}^2$ )
<b>MI</b>	$U(1)_{B-L}$	$\phi_2$	$g'^2(4v_2^2)$
<b>MII</b>	$U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$
<b>MIII</b>	$U(1)'_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_4$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2 + 16v_4^2)$
<b>MIV</b>	$U(1)_{B-3L_\alpha}$	$\phi_3, \phi_6$	$g'^2(9v_3^2 + 36v_6^2)$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

4 different cases, two-zero textures, good pheno and predictions

Symmetry/Field	$Q$	$u$	$d$	$L_e$	$L_\mu$	$L_\tau$	$e_e$	$e_\mu$	$e_\tau$	$N_1$	$N_2$	$N_3$	$H$
$U(1)'$	1/3	1/3	1/3	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	$x_e$	$x_\mu$	$x_\tau$	0

Good  $\nu$  pheno



	$U(1)'$ models	Scalar Fields	Masses of $Z'$ ( $M_{Z'}^2$ )
<b>MI</b>	$U(1)_{B-L}$	$\phi_2$	$g'^2(4v_2^2)$
<b>MII</b>	$U(1)_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2)$
<b>MIII</b>	$U(1)'_{B-2L_\alpha-L_\beta}$	$\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_4$	$g'^2(v_1^2 + 4v_2^2 + 16v_4^2)$
<b>MIV</b>	$U(1)_{B-3L_\alpha}$	$\phi_3, \phi_6$	$g'^2(9v_3^2 + 36v_6^2)$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

Singlet scalar fields  $\phi_i$  having charges  $i$  under  $U(1)'$

L. Flores, N. Nath, EP, JHEP (2020)

4 different cases, two-zero textures, good pheno and predictions

2 different cases, one-zero textures, good pheno and prediction



Extend the SM with a Dirac fermion  $\chi$   
with  $Q_\chi = 1/3$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset M_D \bar{\chi} \chi + \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu (\partial_\mu + ig' Q_\chi Z'_\mu) \chi$$

Only through gauge boson  
 $Z'$

LMG de la Vega, L. Flores, N. Nath JHEP (2021)

Extend the SM with a Majorana fermion  $\chi$   
with  $Q_\chi = 1/2$

$$\mathcal{L} \supset M_D \bar{\chi} \chi + \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu (\partial_\mu + ig' Q_\chi Z'_\mu) \chi + \lambda \phi_1 \bar{\chi}^c \chi$$

Annihilation and co-annihilation  
 $\phi_1$

See for instance Bonilla et al. New Journal of Physics (2020)